

MAp

Disclaimer

General Securities Warning

This presentation is not an offer or invitation for subscription or purchase of or a recommendation of securities. It does not take into account the investment objectives, financial situation and particular needs of the investor. Before making an investment in MAp, the investor or prospective investor should consider whether such an investment is appropriate to their particular investment needs, objectives and financial circumstances and consult an investment adviser if necessary.

Information, including forecast financial information, in this presentation should not be considered as a recommendation in relation to holding purchasing or selling shares, securities or other instruments in MAp. Due care and attention has been used in the preparation of forecast information. However, actual results may vary from forecasts and any variation may be materially positive or negative. Forecasts by their very nature, are subject to uncertainty and contingencies many of which are outside the control of MAp. Past performance is not a reliable indication of future performance.

Foreign Ownership

MAp advises that its foreign ownership is 39.1%.

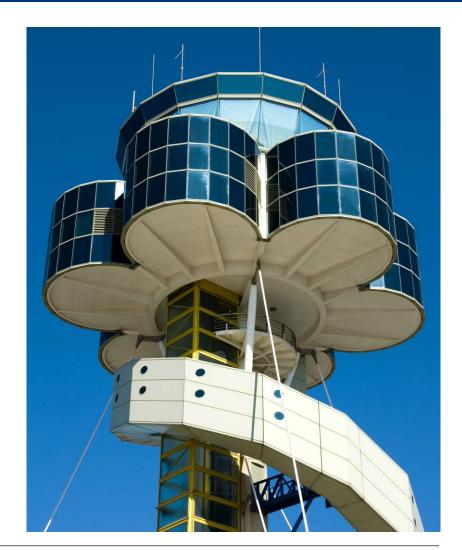
MAp is not a "Foreign Person" under the Airports Act 1996 for so long as foreign ownership of MAp remains below 40%. As such, MAp is not currently a Foreign Person.

The MAp constitutions set out the process for disposal of securities to prevent MAp from becoming a Foreign Person or to cure the situation where MAp becomes a Foreign Person (Foreign Ownership Situation). Where a Foreign Ownership Situation occurs or is likely to occur, MAp can require a foreign security holder (on a last in first out basis) to dispose of MAp stapled securities. MAp has the power to commence procedures to divest foreign security holders once the foreign ownership of MAp reaches 39.5% under the Foreign Ownership Divestment Rules that it has adopted. If the foreign security holder fails to dispose of its MAp stapled securities, MAp may sell those securities at the best price reasonably obtainable at the time.



Agenda

- 1. FY09 Performance
- 2. Airport Results
- **3.** Financials
- 4. Airport Outlook
- **5.** MAp Outlook
- **6.** Appendix







FY09 Performance summary

Traffic Recovery Well Established

Highly resilient airport performance in 2009

- Proportionate EBITDA up 2.0% vs traffic down 5.0% for FY09
- Sydney (67% of the portfolio) proving highly resilient FY09 EBITDA up 5.6%, 4Q09 up 11.7%
- European traffic & EBITDA recovery well established
- Financial position remains very strong with ~A\$775m in cash on hand

Full year outlook

- Airline capacity returning, particularly in Europe
- Costs continue to be well-controlled, capex programs have been right-sized
- Growth prospects for the aviation sector remain strong





FY09 & 4Q09 Performance

MAp Continues to Deliver EBITDA Outperformance

EBITDA has outperformed traffic

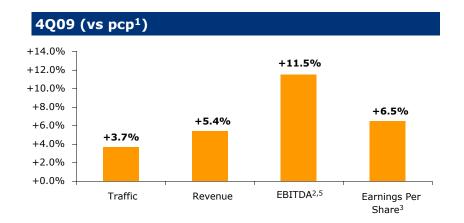
- Despite tough 1H09 in Europe, revenue, EBITDA & earnings outperformed traffic for FY09
- H1N1 had significant impact on ASUR traffic in 2Q09 & 3Q09

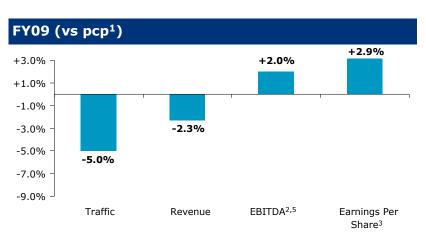
Improved performance in 3Q09 & 4Q09

- Primarily due to strong performance at Sydney
- Aided by agreed increases in aeronautical charges at Brussels & Copenhagen, solid retail performances & ongoing cost control

EBITDA margin⁴ increased

- 60.8% for FY09 vs 58.2% for FY08⁵
- 1. pcp results restated for constant ownership and constant foreign exchange rates (excluding Earnings Per Share)
- 2. Excluding specific items, post corporate expenses
- 3. Excluding concession asset net debt amortisation & non-recurring items
- 4. EBITDA post corporate expenses/revenue
- 5. Post corporate expenses







Internalisation

Internalisation Creates Greater Leverage into Recovery

Investors voted overwhelmingly in favour of the internalisation of the management of MAp

The transaction was completed on 15 October 2009 and was funded by an entitlement offer which was heavily oversubscribed

As a consequence of the internalisation, MAp has become a stand-alone entity, directly employing the MAp management team, with their unique knowledge & expertise

MAp will no longer incur base management & performance fees, which have been replaced by less volatile & significantly lower operating expenses

As a stand alone entity, MAp is better positioned to implement its future direction & strategy on its own terms & capitalise on accelerated growth from recovery & aviation market developments



Proactive Portfolio Actions

MAp Has Taken Advantage of Opportunities to Maximise Value & Deleverage

Divestment of non-core businesses (ACSA, HMA, JAT)

MAp has realised value by divesting airport interests at excellent prices

- Divestment of Rome & Birmingham airports (at substantial premia)
- Divestment of partial interests in Brussels & Copenhagen airports to validate valuations & position balance sheet ahead of GFC maintained joint control
- Divestment of Bristol at an EV/EBITDA multiple in excess of 20x

MAp has deleveraged all airports

- Eliminated all corporate debt (A\$900m)
- Reduced term debt at Sydney (A\$870m)
- Operational deleveraging & other initiatives
- Invested for growth Sydney T1 redevelopment & incremental acquisitions of existing assets

No further debt maturities until September 2011, ~A\$775m cash on hand

Aligned distributions with proportionate earnings

FY09 proportionate earnings exceeded FY09 distribution



MAp's Place in the World

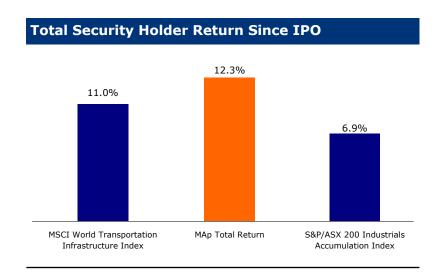
MAp Has Delivered Superior Returns for Investors

MAp has a well developed model for the acquisition, development & management of airports, aimed at delivering consistent value to investors over the medium to long term

MAp has a proven track record in delivering investor value with a 12.3% annual return from IPO in April 2002

5.4% outperformance of S&P/ASX 200
 Industrials Accumulation Index

MAp remains a 'growth stock' – long term traffic growth of 4%–5% pa & sustainable EBITDA outperformance



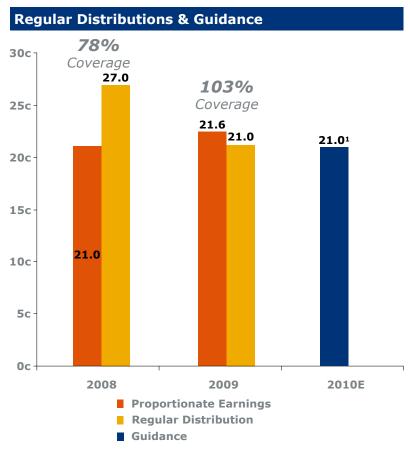
1. As at 31 December 2009



MAp Regular Distributions

2009 Distribution of 21c per Stapled Security 103% Covered by Proportionate Earnings

- MAp has adopted distribution policy with the intent that future distributions should not exceed operating cash flow
- Given MAp's robust balance sheet, present coverage levels & substantial cash reserves, it is intended that this alignment be achieved over 2-3 years
- Capable of absorbing temporary fluctuations in cash flow (eg Copenhagen holdco cash sweep)
- Consequently, intend to maintain the distribution at 21 cents per stapled security for CY 2010
- Distribution policy & guidance are subject to external shocks to the aviation industry or material changes in forecast assumptions



1. Subject to external shocks to the aviation industry or material changes in forecast assumptions

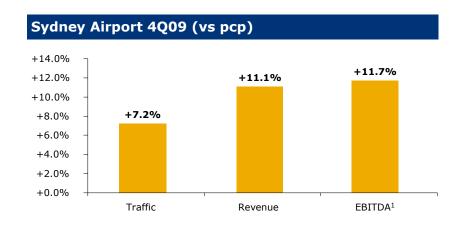


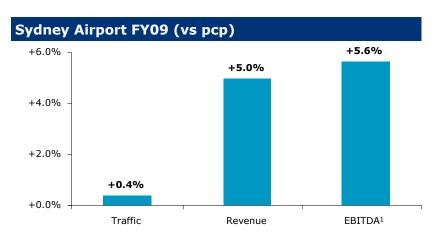


Sydney

Strong & Resilient Performance

- Outstanding performance for FY09 & 4Q09 traffic growth of 0.4% & 7.2% respectively
- Strong cost control and operational leverage resulted in EBITDA growth of 5.6% & 11.7% respectively
- End of 2009 marked the final phase of the 2 year capital investment program with excellent progress made on the T1 redevelopment & the Runway End Safety Area
- T1 leasing program comprising 118 tenancies is now complete
- During 2009 Sydney Airport welcomed a record number of new international carriers as well as Tiger Airways on domestic routes





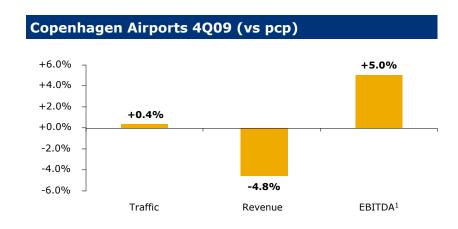
1. Before specific items

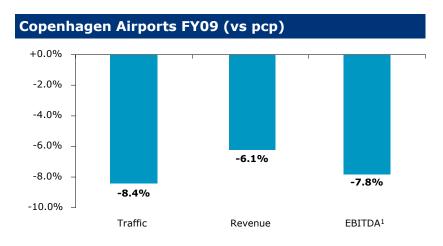


Copenhagen

Leverage to Recovery from Locked in Yield Improvements & New Initiatives

- 2009's challenges created some important opportunities for Copenhagen Airports
- Post the bankruptcy of Sterling in late 2008, Copenhagen has attracted several financially sound airlines to replace the lost capacity – Norwegian, easyJet, Cimber Sterling, transavia
- Long haul capacity also being restored, CPH-SWIFT will drive further LCC growth
- Regulatory settlement provides certainty until April 2015 with CPI+1 increases from April 2011 onwards
- Progress on cost control with a 4% reduction in headcount implemented in April 2009 & costs down 4.1% for the full year increased operational gearing





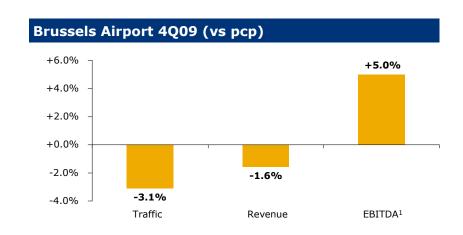
1. Before specific items

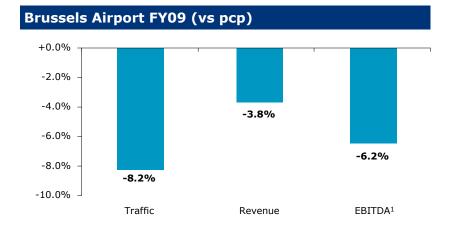


Brussels

Significant Operating Leverage Created via Excellent Cost Control & New Initiatives

- Moderation in traffic decline in 4Q09, down
 3.1% with significant outperformance in
 EBITDA growing by 5.0%
- Significant improvement in traffic through the year reflected the gradual restoration of airline capacity and continued delivery on new routes: traffic growth re-established in January 2010 despite weather disruption
- Retail revenues have performed well for both FY09 & 4Q09, growing by 10.4% & 13.3% on a per passenger basis respectively
- Costs have been tightly controlled throughout the year, down 0.7%, & particularly since the Financial Performance Improvement Plan was initiated in September 2009 under MAp's stewardship (costs down 8.4% in 4Q09)





1. Before specific items





Proportionate Earnings Statement

Earnings Growth Achieved Despite Challenging External Environment in 2009

FY09 (A\$m)	FY09	vs Proforma¹ FY08	Proforma¹ FY08	Actual FY08
Passenger Traffic (m)	44.8	-5.0%	47.1	57.6
Airport Investments Revenue	1,262	-2.3%	1,291	1,613
Airport Investments Operating Expenses	(456)	-6.4%	(487)	(657)
Airport Investments EBITDA (pre airport specific gains/losses)	805	+0.1%	804	956
Corporate Operating Expenses	(38)	-27.0%	(52)	(52)
Total EBITDA (pre airport specific gains/losses)	767	+2.0%	<i>752</i>	904
Airport specific gains/(losses)	(11)	-	(4)	(6)
Total EBITDA	757	+1.1%	748	898
Airport Investments Economic Depreciation	(35)			(51)
Airport Investments Net Interest Expense	(347)			(429)
Corporate Net Interest Income ²	34			83
Hybrid Capital Interest Expense ²	-			(49)
Net Tax Expense	(35)			(90)
Proportionate Earnings ³	374			362
Proportionate EPS c ³	21.6			21.0
Concession Asset Net Debt Amortisation	(1)			(1)
Non-Recurring Items ⁴	(351)			(76)

^{1.} Proforma results are derived by restating prior period results with current period ownership interests and foreign exchange rates

^{2.} Hybrid capital interest expense & associated TDT interest income are excluded from the date of the TICkETS defeasance

^{3.} Excludes net debt amortisation & non-recurring items

^{4. 2009:} Internalisation payment of A\$345m & related transaction costs of A\$6m; 2008 MAG/BABL termination fee

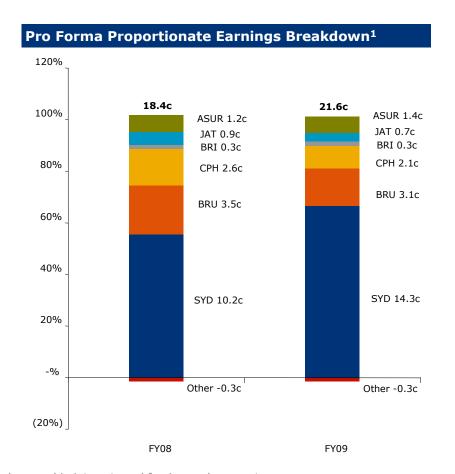


Proportionate Earnings by Airport

Pro Forma Proportionate Earnings Breakdown¹

FY09 (A\$m)	SYD	СРН	BRU	ASUR
EBITDA (before specific items)	507	99	127	30
Specific gains/(losses)	(1)	(3)	(7)	-
EBITDA	506	96	120	30
Economic Depreciation	(8)	(8)	(9)	(3)
Net Interest Expense	(251)	(44)	(39)	1
Net Tax Expense	-	(8)	(19)	(4)
Proportionate Earnings	247	36	53	23

Pro Forma FY08 (A\$m)1	SYD	СРН	BRU	ASUR
EBITDA (before specific items)	480	108	136	30
Specific gains/(losses)	(3)	(4)	4	-
EBITDA	477	104	140	30
Economic Depreciation	(11)	(8)	(10)	(4)
Net Interest Expense	(290)	(36)	(39)	2
Net Tax Expense	-	(14)	(31)	(8)
Proportionate Earnings	177	45	61	21



^{1.} Proforma results are derived by restating prior period results with current period ownership interests and foreign exchange rates



Statutory Income Statement

Significantly Impacted by Revaluations, Deconsolidations & Internalisation Expenses

12mths to 31 Dec (A\$m)	FY09	FY08
Revenue from Continuing Operations	946	2,148
Revaluation of Investments	103	1,318
Other income	164	1,551
Total Revenue	1,213	5,017
Finance Costs	(583)	(795)
Administration Expenses	(83)	(176)
Revaluation of Investments	(500)	(339)
Other Operating Expenses	(448)	(1,472)
Internalisation Expenses ¹	(351)	-
Operating Expenses	(1,966)	(2,782)
(Loss)/Profit Before Tax	(753)	2,235
Income Tax (Expense)/Benefit	138	5
(Loss)/Profit After Tax	(615)	2,240
Minority Interest	(42)	169
Net (Loss)/Profit Attributable to MAp Security Holders	(573)	2,071

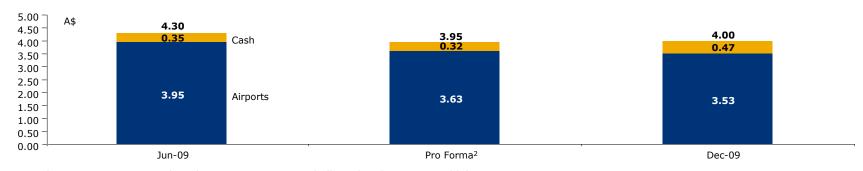
^{1.} Internalisation payment of A\$345m & related transaction costs of A\$6m

Asset Backing per Security at A\$4.00 as at December 2009



Modest Increase from 30 Jun 2009 Level of A\$3.95 (Pro Forma Entitlement Offer)

A\$m	MAp Economic Interest	Valuation	31-Dec-2009 Discount Rate	30-Jun-09 Discount Rate
Sydney Airport	74.0%	4,371	15.1%	15.1%
Copenhagen Airports	30.8%	972	13.0%	13.4%
Brussels Airport	36.0%	947	12.2%	12.2%
ASUR	16.0%	275	Market Price	
Total Airport Assets		6,565		
Corporate Cash/(Net Debt)		875		
Airport Assets' Equity Value Attributable to MAp Se	7,441			
Asset Backing Attributable to Investments per Sta	4.00			



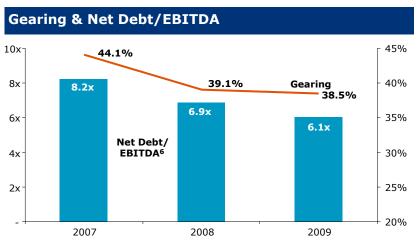
- 1. Total airport investment value plus MAp corporate cash (less distributions payable)
- 2. Adjusted for impact of entitlement offer & internalisation payment

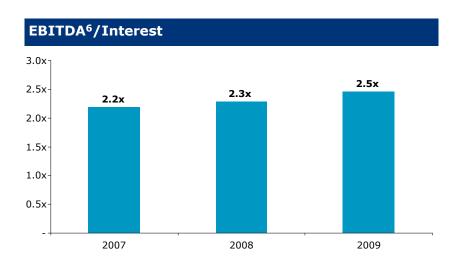


Key Airport Debt Metrics

All Map's Airports Remain Comfortably Within Their Debt Covenants

MAp	DSCR ¹	DSCR Default Covenant	Next Maturity	FY09 Interest Rate ²	Net Debt	Undrawn Facilities³
Sydney ⁴	2.1x ⁴	1.1x ⁴	Sep-11	6.0%4	A\$4.9bn ⁴	A\$572m
Copenhagen ⁵	2.2x	1.1x	Mar-12	5.1%	DKK7.9bn	DKK1.2bn
Brussels	2.7x	1.1x	Jun-15	4.9%	EUR1.2bn	EUR280m
MAp	2.5x	n.a.				





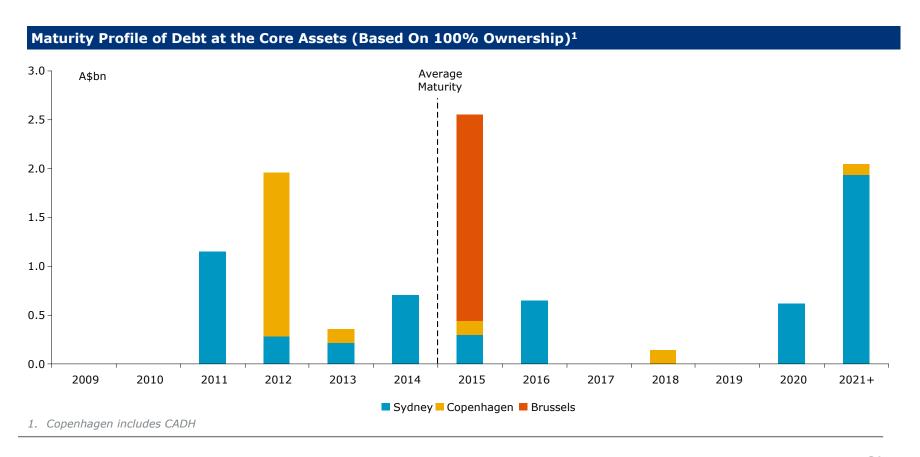
- 1. Per last compliance certificate
- 2. Estimated effective interest rate
- 3. Includes undrawn capex facilities, as at 31 December 2009
- 4. Senior debt only, excludes SKIES
- 5. Copenhagen & CADH combined
- 6. Post corporate expenses



Debt Maturity Profile

No Debt Maturities for 2yrs

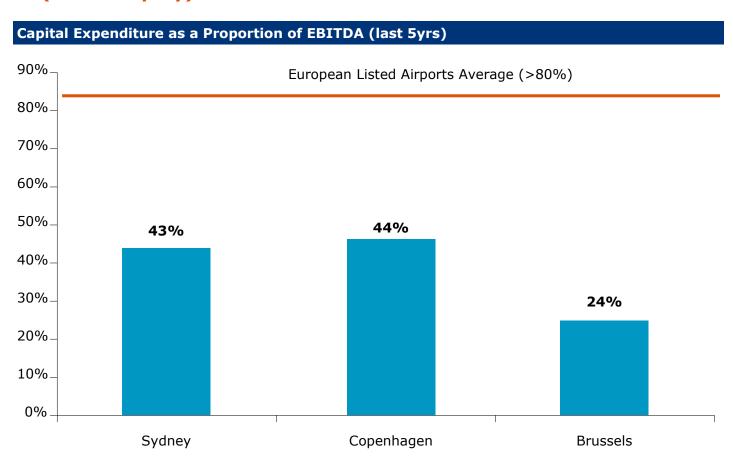
Deleveraging at Sydney & refinancing at Copenhagen means no maturities until 2011 Net debt substantially hedged until 2012, average maturity 5yrs





Capital Expenditure Comparisons

MAp's High Quality Airport Facilities Ensure More EBITDA is Available to Capital Providers (Debt & Equity)





Capital Expenditure

Capex Programs Set at Appropriate Levels with Substantial Flexibility

Sydney

- International Terminal baggage handling system
- —International Terminal redevelopment
- —T2 Pier A expansion
- —Central Terrace Building (international precinct office tower)
- —Car parking

Copenhagen	Co	pen	ha	gen
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- —CPH-SWIFT
- —Upgrade of IT systems
- —Loading bridges & baggage system
- —SAS partnership initiatives

Brussels

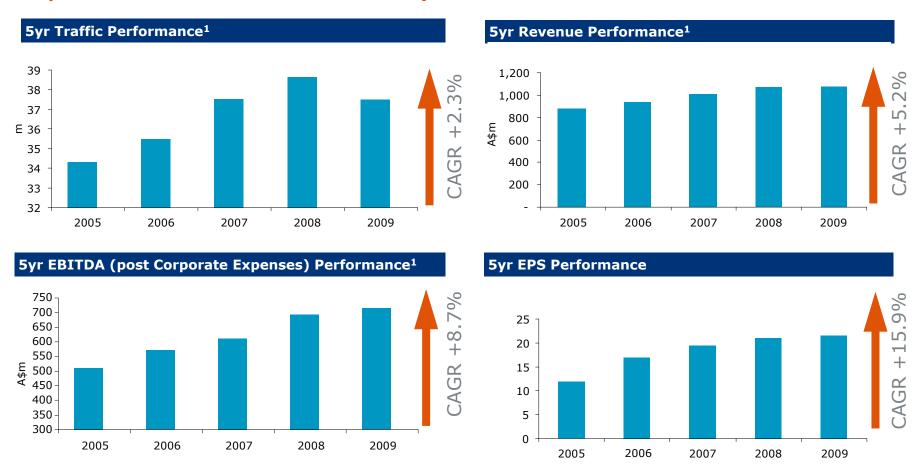
- —LCC terminal
- —Pier B security expansion & post security retail
- —Pier A baggage expansion
- —BRUcargo-West infrastructure

Capital Expenditure						
Local currency (m)	SYD	СРН	BRU			
2005-2009	1,313	3,549	239			
% Actual EBITDA	43%	44%	24%			
2010-2014	995	3,380	242			
% 2009 EBITDA	29%	40%	24%			



5 Year Performance

MAp's Track Record of Consistent Delivery



^{1.} Proforma results are derived by restating prior period results with current period ownership interests and foreign exchange rates & exclude ASUR



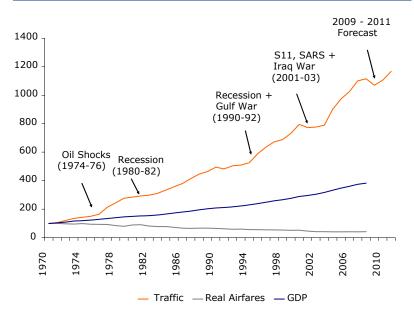


Leveraged to Recovery & Aviation Trends

Key Trends Accelerating Growth - NLAs, LCCs & Liberalisation of Air Rights

- Traffic has historically recovered to the trend line, regardless of the cause of the downturn
- Sydney exposed to combined benefit of economic recovery (including strong A\$) & Asian market growth
- New aircraft technology (A380, B787, A350) increasing seats on capacity constrained routes & expanding range of destinations
- Low cost carrier growth GFC has accelerated market share gain (expected to be 50% of European short haul market by 2015)
- Liberalisation of air rights Sydney underserved by airlines & destinations, recent expansions of China & Middle East rights important

Long Term Traffic Growth vs Real Air Fares







Uniquely Placed to Benefit from Economic Environment, Record Capacity & Leverage to Market Trends

Low cost carrier growth

- Tiger, Jetstar, V Australia,
 Pacific Blue
- T2 is Australia's busiest terminal with average growth of approximately 15% pa since acquisition

Continued liberalisation

- Capacity restricted by bilaterals
- Relaxation of US in 2009, China in 2010
- Significant scope for liberalisation remains

New aircraft technology

- A380s, B787s
- More destinations, at a lower cost & more passengers per movement

	Airline	Route	Start Date	Freq	Est Seat Impact (000s)	Comment
Domestic	tigerairways	Melbourne Adelaide Gold Coast	Jul 2009 Jul 2009 Dec 2009	49/7 14/7 14/7	917 262 262	New airline
	V australia	Fiji	Dec 2009	7/7	263	New route
	Jet≭	Darwin Fiji	Oct 2009 Apr 2010	10/7 4/7	187 84	Up from 5/7 New route
itional	<u></u> DELTA	Los Angeles	Jul 2009	7/7	201	New airline
International	Emirates	Dubai	Dec 2009 Jan 2010	18/7 21/7	194	New 3 rd service
	FIR CHINH 中国国際航空公司	Beijing	Nov 2009	11/7	108	Up from 7/7
	AIR NEW ZEALAND	Rotorua Rarotonga	Dec 2009 Jul 2010	2/7 1/7	32 23	New route New route
	air mauritius	Melbourne- Mauritius	Jul 2010	1/7	31	New route
	中国南方航空 CHINA SOUTHERN	Guangzhou	Jan 2010	7/7	31	Up from 5/7

Sydney Airport Active Management Driving Yields



Aeronautical & Commercial Business Underpinned by Investment

Aeronautical

- Yield growth a function of investment recovery
- Significant airfield & terminal capital program nearing completion
- RESA, T1 Redevelopment, airfield lighting, taxiway resheets

Property

- Revenue driven by market based rent reviews
- Buildings close to 100% let
- Central Terrace Building proposed for international terminal precinct as government agency accommodation

T1 Redevelopment

- New walk though duty free now open
- Additional premium retail space
- All 118 new specialty retail tenancies & F&B outlets leased
- Revenues heavily underpinned by minimum guarantees







Copenhagen Airport Airline Capacity Increases



Many Airlines Planning to Grow in 2010 via Extra Routes/Frequencies, Higher Loads

2009 created opportunities

- Weak airline (Sterling) replaced by stronger, more efficient operators
- Long haul capacity back to 2007 levels from July 2010

SAS adding routes

 3 new routes announced for 2010 plus some increased frequencies

LCC growth

CPH-SWIFT will drive LCC development

	Airline	Route	Start	Frequency	Comment
Norwegian & Cimber	norwegian <mark>-no</mark>	13 new routes, 3 domestic and 10 international	Rolling basis since Jan 2010	Various (2/7 to 28/7)	41 direct routes. # of based aircraft at CPH increases from 7 to 9, market share >10%
Nor.	CIMBER STERLING	Various; increase in capacity by 30%	Spring 2010	Various	30% capacity development on both domestic & international routes
	easyJet	Various	Late 2009	6/7	Launch of Manchester, Geneva (& increased Berlin) in November 2009
rcc	(NIK)	Vienna	Spring 2010	6/7	New low cost airline for CPH Airbus A320s seating 180
	germanwings	Cologne	Spring 2010	6/7	New low cost airline. Airbus A319 seating 150
	▲ DELTA 🖗	New York JFK	June 2010	7/7	Daily 757 to JFK Jun-10 Increasing to 767 Apr-11
aul	TÜRK HAVA YOLLARI	Istanbul	April 2010	7/7	Additional daily 737-800 to Istanbul from Apr-10
Long Haul	AIR CANADA 🏵	Toronto	June 2010	7/7	Daily direct service; 767-300 ERs seating 211; only non stop from Scandinavia to Canada
	QATAR ARRIVAYS A JALLAN	Doha	March 2010	4/7	4 weekly frequencies to Doha, increased connections to Middle East, Asia & Australia

Copenhagen Airport Active Management Driving Yields



Locked in Yield Improvements

Aeronautical developments

- New regulatory agreement annual CPI+1% increases from April 2011-2015, increased proportion of pax based charges
- Full recovery of any significant new security requirements
- Traffic increased in 4Q09 as lost capacity has been replaced; higher yielding O&D traffic outperforming transfer traffic

Copenhagen Monthly Traffic Development

Jan-09

Oct-08

-25%

+15% +10%-+5%---10%--15%--20%-

■ O&D ■ Transfer

Jul-09

Jan-10

Operating leverage increased

- Repositioning of commercial activities (retail & car parking)
- Continuation of strict cost control implemented in 2009
- Operational gearing should lead to strong EBITDA growth as traffic recovers



Brussels Airport Airline Capacity Increases



Recent Route Development Driven by Star Alliance Hub Initiatives & LCC Growth

Star Alliance hub development

- Brussels Airlines entered Star Alliance in December 2009, following Lufthansa acquisition
- Other Star Alliance carriers commencing long haul routes

LCC growth

- Attractive catchment area
- LCC infrastructure should accelerate LCC market share gain post 2011

	Airline	Route	Start	Frequency	Comment
	brussels airlines	Various African routes	June 2010	Various	5 th Long Haul daily Africa service
e	AIR CANADA 🏶	Montreal	June 2010	7/7	Daily to Montreal. Supports hub development
Star Alliance	/// UNITED	Chicago	March 2010	7/7	Daily to Chicago. Supports hub development
Sta	Blue	Helsinki	March 2010	11/7	Daily to Helsinki. Supports hub development
	AEGEAN	Athens	April 2009	7/7	Daily service to Athens. Supports hub development
רככ	easyJet	Various	December 2009	56/7	Commenced services to Lyon, added additional services to Geneva & Milan in 2009
er	SET IHAD	Abu Dhabi	April 2009	5/7	Commenced additional weekly services increasing from 3 to 5
Other	MONA, DRIBNIAN RESPUBLICABLE	Amman	April 2009	2/7	Commenced direct service to Amman in April 2009

Brussels Airport Active Management Driving Yields



Active MAp Involvement has Driven Much Improved Performance in H209

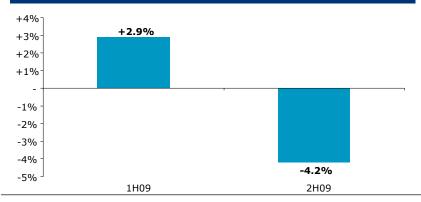
Operating expense control

- Following rating downgrade, MAp worked with airport to produce Financial Performance Improvement Plan to increase efficiency
- Organisational review reduced FY09 staff expenses by 1.5% vs pcp despite 6% mandatory salary indexation in April 2008
- Operating expenses 4.2% below pcp in 2H09 vs 2.9% above pcp in 1H09 – significantly increased operating leverage

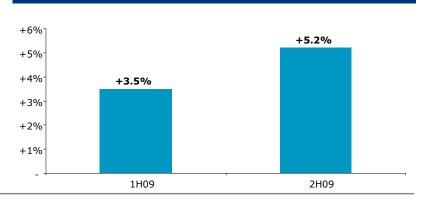
Strong commercial revenues

- FY09 commercial revenues up 1.0% despite 8.2% traffic decline
- End 2008 initiatives still delivering redevelopment of Pier A F&B, mid-Pier B retail development, new contracts on improved terms
- Increasing proportion of higher spending non-EU pax, recognisable branding has aided spend per pax
- Strong property performance letting of underutilised terminal areas

Brussels Airport Operating Expenses (vs pcp)



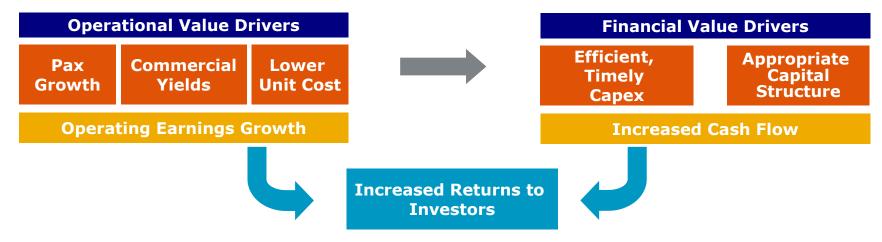
Retail Sales per Pax (vs pcp)

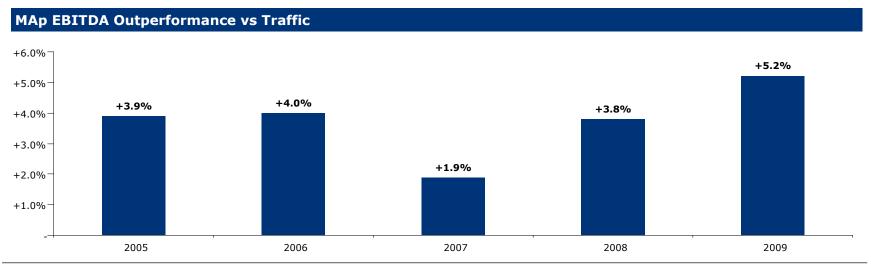




MAp Model Delivers Outperformance

MAp Has Driven Consistent EBITDA Outperformance Over Traffic Growth







Airport Outlook

Near Term Growth Prospects for MAp's Airports are Strong

High quality portfolio of gateway airports – strong growth potential

Traffic recovery well-established

 Supporting home-based carriers (Qantas, SAS, Brussels Airlines/Lufthansa) & new route development (with Middle East, Asia & LCCs)

Continuous improvement in efficiency, operational effectiveness & operating costs

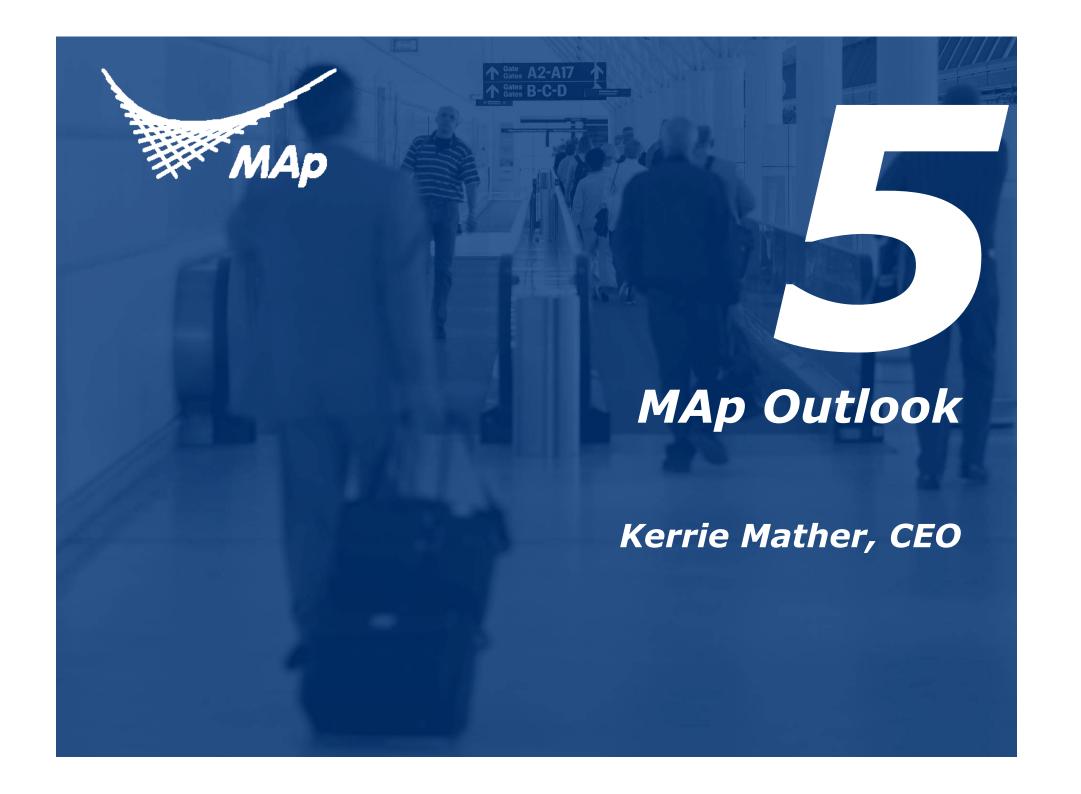
— 2009 initiatives ensure maximum operating leverage into recovery

Commercial yields will reflect recent investment & expansion

- T1 redevelopment at Sydney should deliver increased revenue per pax
- Late 2008 European initiatives still delivering
- New initiatives across the portfolio

Maintain appropriate capital structures

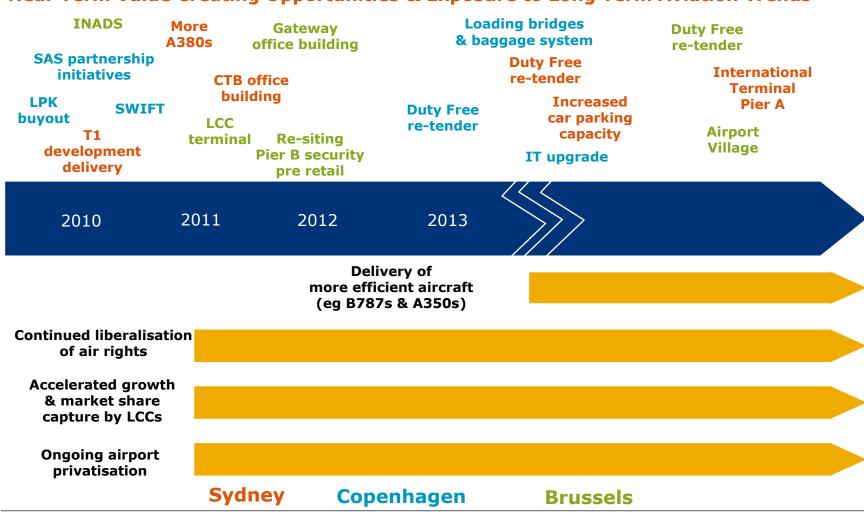
- Deleveraged to prudent levels
- Operational growth delivers further deleveraging





Timing of Initiatives

Near Term Value Creating Opportunities & Exposure to Long Term Aviation Trends





Positive Outlook

A Stand-alone MAp is Uniquely Placed to Benefit from Acceleration Impact of Aviation Trends on Top of Recovery

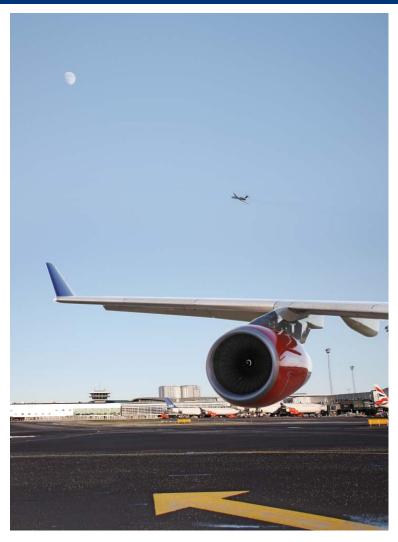
Come through extremely challenging period in excellent shape

Cash reserves of ~A\$775m & substantial deleveraging has strengthened balance sheets

Disciplined management delivered EBITDA growth in 4Q09 at all airports & distribution fully covered by earnings

Management enthusiastic about prospects for stand-alone MAp – a strong foundation & greater leverage to recovery

Commercial expansion & operating leverage will capitalise on accelerated impact of recovery & aviation market changes







Aggregated Cash Flow Statement

12mths to 31 Dec (A\$m)	2009	2008
Sydney Airport	222	<i>337</i>
Copenhagen Airports	-	91
Brussels Airport	29	117
BABL	-	165
ASUR	28	-
Other Income	42	88
Distribution, Interest & Other Income Received	321	<i>797</i>
Operating Expenses	(19)	(17)
Management Fees	(34)	(55)
Internalisation Payment	(360)	-
Net Tax	(12)	2
Operating Cash Outflow	(424)	(71)
Net Operating Cash Flows	(101)	727
Net Cash Flows from Investing Activities	(422)	1,282
Net Cash Flows from Financing Activities	339	(1,021)
Net Cash Flows Before Distribution to MAp Security Holders	(185)	988
Distributions to MAp Security Holders	(462)	(533)
Net Cash Flows	(646)	454

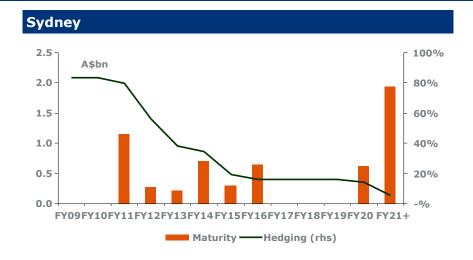


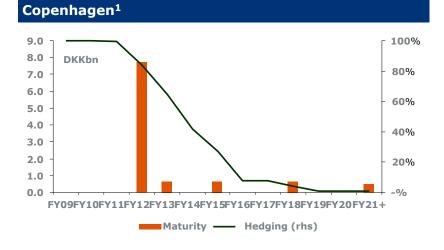
Valuation Stepdown Analysis

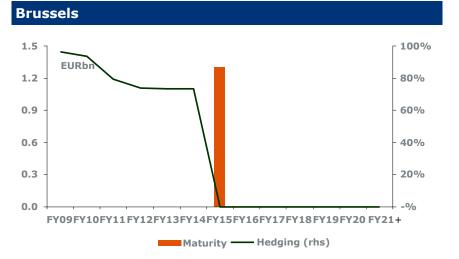
MAp Core Portfolio		A\$m	2008
Valuation as at 30 June 2009		6,020.2	
Add	Model structural changes	87.3	+1.4%
Add	Net investment	-	-%
Add	Roll forward	406.0	+6.7%
Less	Distributions	(139.3)	-2.3%
Less	Actuals	(16.1)	-0.3%
Less	Operation forecasts	(24.6)	-0.4%
Less	Financial forecasts	(119.8)	2.0%
Subtotal – asset specific assumptions		193.4	+3.2%
Add	Interest rates	27.9	+0.5%
Add	Inflation	48.5	+0.8%
Less	Risk free rate	(93.2)	-1.5%
Add	Risk premium	115.9	+1.9%
Less	Exchange rates	(162.2)	-2.7%
Subtotal – economic assumptions		(63.1)	-1.0%
Total increase in valuation		130.3	+2.2%
Valuation as at 31 December 2009		6,150.4	



Asset Debt Maturity & Hedging







1. Copenhagen includes CADH, excludes car park finance lease

