# Steamships Trading Company Limited

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# **STATEMENTS OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME**

Steamships Trading Company Limited and Subsidiary Companies

		Conso	lidated	Parent	Entity
		Dec 09	Dec 08	Dec 09	Dec 08
	Note	K'000	K'000	K'000	K'000
Revenue from Continuing Operations	3(a)	499,415	465,750	55,494	20,472
Operating expenses	3(b)	(369,543)	(368,811)	(4,651)	(4,790)
OPERATING PROFIT		129,872	96,939	50,843	15,682
Finance costs - net	3(d)	(12,182)	(4,534)	-	-
Share of profit of associates and joint ventures	9(b)	23,677	16,837	-	-
PROFIT BEFORE INCOME TAX		141,367	109,242	50,843	15,682
Income tax expense	4(a)	(41,582)	(31,485)	(29)	(2)
GROUP PROFIT CONTINUING OPERATIONS		99,785	77,757	50,814	15,680
Profit on discontinued operations	20	2,912	17,887	-	-
NET PROFIT FOR THE YEAR		102,697	95,644	50,814	15,680
TOTAL COMPREHENSIVE INCOME FOR THE YEAR		102,697	95,644	50,814	15,680
Minority interests		(6,137)	(5,418)	-	-
NET PROFIT/TOTAL COMPREHENSIVE INCOME					
ATTRIBUTABLE TO SHAREHOLDERS		96,560	90,226	50,814	15,680
Basic and Diluted Earnings per share continuing (toea)	3(f)	302t	233t		
Basic and Diluted Earnings per share discontinuing (toea)	3(f)	9t	58t		

These statements of comprehensive income are to be read in conjunction with the accompanying notes.

# STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY

Steamships Trading Company Limited and Subsidiary Companies

	Share Capital	Revaluation Reserves	Proposed Dividend	Retained Earnings	Total Reserves	Minority Interests	Total Equity
	K'000	K'000	K'000	K'000	K'000	K'000	K'000
BALANCE AT 1 JANUARY 2008	24,200	159	23,256	230,815	278,430	13,684	292,114
Total Comprehensive Income for the period	-	-	-	90,226	90,226	5,418	95,644
Depreciation transfer	-	(159)	-	159	-	-	-
Dividends paid 2008	-	-	(41,861)	-	(41,861)	(766)	(42,627)
Dividends proposed 2008	-	-	45,272	(45,272)	-	-	-
BALANCE AT 31 DECEMBER 2008	24,200	-	26,667	275,928	326,795	18,336	345,131
Total Comprehensive Income for the period	-	-	-	96,560	96,560	6,137	102,697
Dividends paid 2009	-	-	(45,272)	-	(45,272)	(1,558)	(46,830)
Dividends proposed 2009	-	-	45,272	(45,272)	-	-	-
Minority Interest on Acquisition of Subsidiary	-	-	-	-	-	20,939	20,939
BALANCE AT 31 DECEMBER 2009	24,200	-	26,667	327,216	378,083	43,854	421,937

This statement of changes in equity to be read in conjunction with the accompanying notes.

No statement of changes in equity is presented for the Parent Entity as the only movement in equity is represented by the retained earnings as shown in the Income Statement.

# **STATEMENTS OF FINANCIAL POSITION**

Steamships Trading Company Limited and Subsidiary Companies

		Consc	olidated	Paren	t Entity
		Dec 09	Dec 08	Dec 09	Dec 08
	Note	K'000	K'000	K'000	K'000
EQUITY					
Issued capital	7	24,200	24,200	24,200	24,200
Retained earnings		327,216	275,928	(24,729)	(30,270)
Proposed final dividend	22	26,667	26,667	26,667	26,667
Capital and reserves attributable to the					
Company's shareholders		378,083	326,795	26,138	20,597
Minority shareholders interests		43,854	18,336	-	-
TOTAL EQUITY		421,937	345,131	26,138	20,597
Non-current assets					
Property, plant and equipment	8	664,196	353,261	42,983	44,712
Investment in subsidiaries, associates,					
and joint ventures	9(a)	17,939	33,337	42,142	42,142
Goodwill	10	17,183	7,578	-	-
Deferred tax asset	4(c)	7,305	4,150	1,238	1,405
		706,623	398,326	86,363	88,259
Current assets					
Inventories	11	34,251	24,951	-	-
Trade and other receivables	12(a)	117,528	76,557	1,327	163
Loans to associates and incorporated joint venture	es	189	11,626	17,854	-
Other financial assets	12(b)	48,822	40,614	-	-
Cash and cash equivalents		2,690	760	-	-
		203,480	154,508	19,181	163
TOTAL ASSETS		910,103	552,834	105,544	88,422
Current liabilities					
Trade payables		33,298	16,187	-	-
Other payables and accruals		61,493	41,360	-	-
Provisions for other liabilities and charges	13	17,447	8,063	-	-
Loans from associates and incorporated joint vent	ures	607	1,991	79,266	67,525
Loan from Shareholder	14	58,990	73	-	-
Borrowings	14	34,050	31,598	-	-
Income tax payable		30,962	23,290	140	300
		236,847	122,562	79,406	67,825
Non-current liabilities					
Deferred tax liability	4(d)	323	647	-	-
Borrowings	14	243,168	80,000	-	-
Provisions for other liabilities and charges	13	7,828	4,494	-	-
		251,319	85,141	-	-
TOTAL LIABILITIES		488,166	207,703	79,406	67,825
NET ASSETS		421,937	345,131	26,138	20,597

These statements of financial position are to be read in conjunction with the accompanying notes.

Chairman

For and on behalf of the Board: 31 March 2010

Within Will W. L. Rothery

D.H. Cox OL Managing Director Day Jul

# **STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS**

Steamships Trading Company Limited and Subsidiary Companies

		Consc	lidated	Parent	t Entity
		Dec 09	Dec 08	Dec 09	Dec 08
	Note	K'000	K'000	K'000	K'000
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES					
Receipts from customers		490,027	479,740	4,288	4,269
Payments to suppliers and employees		(327,936)	(323,317)	(362)	(222)
Interest received		72	120	-	-
Interest and other finance costs paid		(12,183)	(4,654)	-	-
Income tax paid		(29,269)	(9,386)	(22)	(710)
Net cash provided by operating activities	16	120,711	142,503	3,904	3,337
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES					
Purchase of property, plant & equipment		(195,397)	(133,657)	(2,559)	(6,391)
Proceeds from sales of property, plant & equipme	ent	7,549	9,569	2,570	1,695
Payment for purchase of other financial asset		(8,208)	(40,614)	-	-
Loans made (to)/repaid by associated companie	es	1,711	(8,597)	(10,577)	27,385
Dividends received		14,859	646	50,747	15,525
Payment for acquisition of subsidiaries (net of cas	h acquired)	(23,975)	-	-	-
Net cash used in investing activities		(203,461)	(172,653)	40,181	38,214
CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES					
Proceeds from borrowings		127,500	80,000	-	-
Repayments of borrowings		-	(15,000)	-	-
Dividends paid		(45,272)	(43,891)	(44,085)	(41,551)
Net cash provided by financing activities		82,228	21,109	(44,085)	(41,551)
NET INCREASE/(DECREASE) IN CASH HELD		(522)	(9,041)	_	
CASH AT BEGINNING OF THE YEAR		(30,838)	(21,797)	_	_
CASH AT END OF THE YEAR		(31,360)	(30,838)		
	:	(01,000)	(ບບ,ບວບ)	-	
CASH COMPRISES:					
Cash and cash equivalents		2,690	760	-	-
Bank overdrafts	14	(34,050)	(31,598)	-	-
		(31,360)	(30,838)	-	-

These Statements of Cash Flows are to be read in conjunction with the accompanying notes.

Steamships Trading Company Limited and Subsidiary Companies

# 1. Summary of significant accounting policies

The Company is a company limited by shares and is incorporated and domiciled in Papua New Guinea.

These group consolidated financial statements were authorised for issue by the Board of Directors on 31 March 2010.

The financial statements have been prepared in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards ("IFRS").

#### Changes in accounting policy and disclosures

New and amended standards adopted by the Group

The Group has adopted the following new and amended IFRSs as of 1 January 2009:

IFRS 7 'Financial instruments - Disclosures' (amendment) - effective 1 January 2009. The amendment requires enhanced disclosures about fair value measurement and liquidity risk. In particular, the amendment requires disclosure of fair value measurements by level of a fair value measurement hierarchy. As the change in accounting policy only results in additional disclosures, there is no impact on earnings per share.

IAS 1 (revised). 'Presentation of financial statements' effective 1 January 2009. The revised standard prohibits the presentation of items of income and expenses (that is, 'non-owner changes in equity') in the statement of changes in equity, requiring 'nonowner changes in equity' to be presented separately from owner changes in equity in a statement of comprehensive income. As a result the Group presents in the consolidated statement of changes in equity all owner changes in equity, whereas all non-owner changes in equity are presented in the consolidated statement of comprehensive income. Comparative information has been re-presented so that it also is in conformity with the revised standard. As the change in accounting policy only impacts presentation aspects, there is no impact on earnings per share.

In respect of borrowing costs relating to qualifying assets for which the commencement date for

capitalisation is on or after 1 January 2009, the Group capitalises borrowing costs directly attributable to the acquisition, construction or production of a qualifying asset as part of the cost of that asset. The Group previously recognised all borrowing costs as an expense immediately. This change in accounting policy was due to the adoption of IAS 23, 'Borrowing costs' (2007) in accordance with the transition provisions of the standard; comparative figures have not been restated. The change in accounting policy had no material impact on earnings per share.

Standards, amendments and interpretations to existing standards that are not yet effective and have not been early adopted by the Group.

The following standards and amendments to existing standards have been published and are mandatory for the Group's accounting periods beginning on or after 1 January 2010 or later periods, but the Group has not early adopted them:

IAS 27 (revised), 'Consolidated and separate financial statements', - effective from 1 July 2009. The revised standard requires the effects of all transactions with non-controlling interests to be recorded in equity if there is no change in control and these transactions will no longer result in goodwill or gains and losses. The standard also specifies the accounting when control is lost. Any remaining interest in the entity is remeasured to fair value, and a gain or loss is recognised in profit or loss. The Group will apply IAS 27 (revised) prospectively to transactions with non-controlling interests from 1 January 2010.

IFRS 3 (revised), 'Business combinations' (effective from 1 July 2009). The revised standard continues to apply the acquisition method to business combinations, with some significant changes. For example, all payments to purchase a business are to be recorded at fair value at the acquisition date, with contingent payments classified as debt subsequently re-measured through the income statement. There is a choice on an acquisition-by-acquisition basis to measure the noncontrolling interest in the acquiree at fair vale or at the non-controlling interest's proportionate share of the acquiree's net assets. All acquisition-related costs should be expensed. The Group will apply IFRS 3 (revised) prospectively to all business combinations from 1 January 2010.

# Steamships Trading Company Limited and Subsidiary Companies

IFRS 5 (amendment), 'Measurement of non-current assets (or disposal groups) classified as held-for-sale'. The amendment is part of the IASB's annual improvements project published in April 2009. The amendment provides clarification that IFRS 5 specifies the disclosures required in respect of non-current assets (or disposal groups) classified as held for sale or discontinued operations. It also clarifies that the general requirements of IAS 1 still apply, particularly paragraph 15 (to achieve a fair presentation) and paragraph 125 (sources of estimation uncertainty) of IAS 1. The Group and company will apply IFRS 5 (amendment) from 1 January 2010. It is not expected to have a material impact on the Group or company's financial statements.

IAS 1 (amendment), 'Presentation of financial statements'. The amendment is part of the IASB's annual improvements project published in April 2009. The amendment provides clarification that the potential settlement of a liability by the issue of equity is not relevant to its classification as current or non current. By amending the definition of current liability, the amendment permits a liability to be classified as noncurrent (provided that the entity has an unconditional right to defer settlement by transfer of cash or other assets for at least 12 months after the accounting period) notwithstanding the fact that the entity could be required by the counterparty to settle in shares at any time. The Group and company will apply IAS 1 (amendment) from 1 January 2010. It is not expected to have a material impact on the Group or company's financial statements.

During the second half of 2009 Steamships Trading Company have changed their accounting policy in relation to the carrying value of ships. Ships were previously held under the revaluation model and are now to be held at cost. Previous revaluations were fully amortised during 2008 therefore the change in accounting policy has no impact on the 2008 or 2009 financial statements.

## (a) Basis of preparation

The accounts have been prepared under the historical cost convention.

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with IFRS requires the use of certain critical accounting estimates. It also requires management to exercise its judgement in the process of applying the Company's accounting policies.

### (b) Principles of consolidation

The consolidated accounts incorporate the assets and liabilities of all companies controlled by the Group as at the balance sheet date and the results of all controlled companies for the year then ended. All inter-group transactions and balances have been eliminated. Outside interests in controlled companies are shown separately in the consolidated balance sheet and income statement account respectively. Interests in joint ventures, and associated companies other than controlled companies, in which the Group holds 20% or more of the issued share capital, are accounted for under the equity method.

#### (c) Business combinations

The purchase method of accounting is used to account for all business combinations, including business combinations involving entities or business under common control, regardless of whether equity instruments or other assets are acquired. Costs is measured as the fair value of the assets given, equity instruments is their published market price as at the date of exchange plus costs directly attributable to the acquisition. Where equity instruments are issued in an acquisition, the fair value of the instruments is their published marked price at the date of exchange unless, in rare circumstances, it can be demonstrated that the published price at the date of exchange is an unreliable indicator of fair value and that other evidence and valuation methods provide a more reliable measure of fair value. Transaction costs arisina on the issue of equity instruments are recognized directly in equity.

Identifiable assets acquired and liabilities and contingent liabilities assumed in a business combination are measured initially at their fair values at the acquisition date, irrespective of the extent of any minority interest. The excess of the cost of acquisition over the fair value of the Group's share of the identifiable net assets acquired is recorded as goodwill (refer to note (i)). If the cost of acquisition is less than the Group's share of the fair value of the identifiable net assets of the subsidiary acquired, the difference is recognised directly in the income statement, but only after a reassessment of the identification and measurement of the net assets acquired.

Steamships Trading Company Limited and Subsidiary Companies

#### (d) Property, plant and equipment

All property, plant and equipment is initially recorded at cost. Depreciation is calculated on the straight-line method to write off the cost of each asset to their residual values over their estimated useful life as follows:

0 - 10%
5 - 10%
10 - 33%
20 - 33%

Where the carrying amount of an asset is greater than its estimated recoverable amount, it is written down immediately to its recoverable amount. Gains and losses on disposal of property, plant and equipment are determined by reference to their carrying amount and are taken into account in determining operating profit.

#### (e) Inventories

Inventories are valued at the lower of cost or net realisable value. In general, cost is determined on the weighted average basis and, where appropriate, includes a proportion of variable overhead expenditure. Net realisable value is the estimated selling price in the ordinary course of business, less applicable variable selling costs.

#### (f) Income tax

The income tax expense or revenue for the period is the tax payable on the current period's taxable income based on the notional income tax rate adjusted by changes in deferred tax assets and liabilities attributable to temporary differences between the tax bases of assets and liabilities and their carrying amounts in the financial statements, and to unused tax losses.

Deferred income tax is provided in full, using the liability method, on temporary differences arising between the tax bases of assets and liabilities and their carrying amounts in the financial statements. Currently enacted tax rates are used in the determination of deferred income tax. Deferred tax assets are recognised to the extent that it is probable that the future taxable profit will be available, against which the temporary differences can be utilised.

#### (g) Provisions

Provisions are recognised when the Group has a present legal or constructive obligation as a result of past events; it is probable that an outflow of resource embodying economic benefits will be required to settle the obligation; and a reliable estimate of the amount of the obligation can be made.

A liability for annual leave is recognised and measured at the amount of unpaid leave at amounts expected to be paid to settle the present entitlements. A liability for long service leave is recognised taking into consideration expected future wage and salary levels, experience of employee departures and periods of service, discounted to present values.

A provision for estimated ship dry docking costs is only recognised where the Group has a contractual obligation under a long-term charter agreement to a third party. Dry docking costs relating to ships not under third party long term charter agreements are only recognised as incurred, and are capitalised to the extent that the previously assessed economic benefits associated with the asset are restored.

#### (h) Foreign currency

The Company's functional and presentation currency is the Papua New Guinea Kina. Transactions in foreign currencies have been translated into the functional currency at rates ruling at the date of the transaction. Amounts payable to and by the Group in foreign currencies have been translated to the functional currency at rates of exchange ruling at the year end. Gains and losses arising from movements in foreign exchange rates are recognised in the statement of comprehensive income when they arise.

#### (i) Goodwill

Goodwill represents the excess of the cost of an acquisition over the fair value of the Group's share of the net identifiable assets of the acquired business at the date of acquisition.

Goodwill is capitalised and assessed for impairment annually or more frequently if events or changes in circumstances indicate that it might be impaired and is carried at cost less impairment losses.

Gains and losses on the disposal of an entity include the carrying amount of goodwill relating to the entity sold. Goodwill is allocated to cash-generating units for the purpose of impairment testing.

# NOTES TO AND FORMING PART OF THE ACCOUNTS

Steamships Trading Company Limited and Subsidiary Companies

#### (j) Cash and cash equivalents

For the purpose of the Statement of Cash Flows, cash includes deposits at call and Treasury bills with a maturity less than 90 days, net of outstanding bank overdrafts.

#### (k) Revenue recognition

Sales are recognised upon delivery of products and customer acceptance, if any, or performance of services, net of GST and discounts, and after eliminating sales within the Group. Other revenues earned by the Group are recognised on the following bases:

**Royalty income** - on an accrual basis in accordance with the substance of the relevant agreement.

**Interest income** - as it accrues (taking into account the effective yield on the asset) unless collectability is in doubt.

**Dividend income** - when the shareholder's right to receive payment is established.

#### (I) Receivables

Trade receivables are recognised initially at fair value and subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method, less provision for any uncollectable debts. A provision for doubtful receivables is established when there is objective evidence that the Group will not be able to collect all amounts due according to the original terms of receivables.

#### (m) Borrowings

Borrowings are recognised initially at fair value, net of any transaction costs incurred, and are subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method. Borrowings are classified as current liabilities unless the Group has an unconditional right to defer settlement of the liability for at least 12 months after the balance sheet date.

#### (n) Changes in accounting policies and comparatives

Where necessary, comparative figures have been adjusted to conform with changes in presentation and accounting policies in the current year.

#### (o) Impairment of assets

Assets that have an indefinite useful life are not subject to amortisation and are tested annually for impairment. Assets that are subject to amortisation are reviewed for impairment whenever events or changes in circumstances indicate that the carrying amount may not be recoverable. An impairment loss is recognised for the amount by which the asset's carrying value exceeds its fair value less costs to sell. For the purpose of assessing impairment, assets are grouped at the lowest levels for which there are separately identifiable cash flow (cash generating units).

# (p) Borrowing cost

Borrowing cost incurred for the construction of any qualifying asset are capitalised during the period of time that is required to complete and prepare the asset for its intended use or sale. Other borrowing costs are expensed.

The capitalisation rate used to determine the amount of borrowing costs to be capitalised is the weighted average interest rate applicable to the entity's outstanding borrowings during the year, in this case 8.2% (2008 - 6.4%).

#### (q) Segment reporting

Operating segments are reported in a manner consistent with the internal reporting provided to the chief operating decision-maker. The chief operating decision-maker, who is responsible for allocating resources and assessing performance of the operating segments, has been identified as the Managing Director.

#### (r) Dividends

Provision is made for the amount of any dividend declared on or before the end of the financial year but not distributed at balance date. The Group creates a separate category within equity to recognise amounts set aside for payment of dividends that are declared post-year end but before the issue of the Annual Report.

#### (s) Earnings per share

Basic earning per share is calculated by dividing the profit attributable to equity holders of the Group, by the weighted average number of ordinary shares outstanding during the financial year. There are no potential ordinary shares on issue and hence the diluted earning per share is equal to the basic earnings per share.

Steamships Trading Company Limited and Subsidiary Companies

# (t) Critical judgments in applying the entity's accounting policies

Judgements are continually evaluated and are based on historical experience and other factors, including expectations of future events that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances.

#### (u) Critical accounting estimates and assumptions

The Group makes estimates and assumptions concerning the future. The resulting accounting estimates will, by definition, seldom equal the related actual results. The estimates and assumptions that have a significant risk of causing a material adjustment to the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities within the next financial year are discussed below.

#### Provision for Dry Docking

For vessels on long term charter contracts, the cost of future dry docking is provided. The cost of dry docking is not accurately known until the vessels are surveyed and assessed at the commencement of docking. Management have made estimates based on the dry docking interval (ie Special or Interim), repairs identified at balance, its age, and docking history. Docking intervals are assumed to be 30 month periods.

Docking costs are often incurred in either AUD, USD or SGD currencies. The costings are updated monthly for the foreign exchange rate.

#### (v) Trade and other payables

These amounts represent liabilities for goods and services provided to the Group prior to the end of financial year which are unpaid. The amounts are unsecured and are usually paid within 30 days of recognition.

#### (w) Goods and services tax (GST)

Revenues, expenses and assets are recognised net of the amount of associated GST. Receivables and payables are stated inclusive of GST. The amount of GST recoverable from, or payable to, the Taxation authority is included with other receivables or payables in the balance sheet.

## (x) Financial assets Classification

The Group classifies its financial assets in the following categories: at fair value through profit or loss and loans and receivables. The classification depends on the purpose for which the financial assets were acquired. Management determines the classification of its financial assets at initial recognition.

#### (i) Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss

Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss are financial assets held for trading. A financial asset is classified in this category if acquired principally for the purpose of selling in the shortterm. Derivatives are also categorized as held for trading unless they are designated as hedges. Assets in this category are classified as current assets.

## (ii) Loans and receivables

Loans and receivables are non-derivative financial assets with fixed or determinable payments that are not quoted in an active market. They are included in current assets, except for maturities greater than 12 months after the balance sheet date. These are classified as non-current assets. The Group's loans and receivables comprise 'trade and other receivables' and cash and cash equivalents in the balance sheet.

#### **Recognition and measurement**

Regular purchases and sales of financial assets are recognised on the trade date - the date on which the Group commits to purchase or sell the asset.

Financial assets carried at fair value through profit or loss are initially recognised at fair value, and transaction costs are expensed in the income statement. Financial assets are derecognised when the rights to receive cash flows from the investments have expired or have been transferred and the Group has transferred

substantially all risks and rewards of ownership. Loans and receivables are carried at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

Gains or losses arising from changes in the fair value of the 'financial assets at fair value through profit or loss' category are presented in the income statement within 'other (losses)/gains - net' in the period in which they

# NOTES TO AND FORMING PART OF THE ACCOUNTS

# Steamships Trading Company Limited and Subsidiary Companies

arise. Dividend income from financial assets at fair value through profit or loss is recognized in the income statement as part of other income when the Group's right to receive payments is established.

The Group assesses at each balance sheet date whether there is objective evidence that a financial asset or a group of financial assets is impaired. Impairment testing of trade receivables is described in note 1(1).

### 2. Financial risk management

The Group's activities expose it to a variety of financial risks including market risk (including currency, and cash flow interest rate risk), credit risk, liquidity risk and capital risk. The Group's overall risk management program focuses on the unpredictability of financial markets and seeks to minimise potential adverse effects on the financial performance of the Group. Risk management is carried out under policies approved by the Board of Directors.

#### (a) Market risk

#### (i) Foreign exchange risk

The Group engages in international purchase transactions and is exposed to foreign exchange risk arising from various currency exposures, primarily with respect to the Australian dollar. Foreign exchange risk arises from recognised assets and liabilities.

The Group's foreign currency purchases do not represent a significant proportion of the Group's costs and as such exposure to foreign currency risk is minimal. It is not the Group's policy to hedge foreign currency risk. As the foreign currency exposure is minimal no sensitivity analysis is provided.

#### (ii) Price risk

The Group is not significantly exposed to equity securities or commodities price risk.

#### (iii) Cash flow interest rate risk

The Group's interest rate risk arises from long-term borrowings. Borrowings issued at variable rates expose the Group to cash flow interest rate risk. Borrowings issued at fixed rates expose the Group to fair value interest rate risk. Long term borrowings are at a fixed rate of interest. It is not the Group's policy to hedge cash flow and interest rate risk.

At 31 December 2009, if interest rates on PNG kinadenominated borrowings had been 0.1% higher/lower with all other variables held constant, post-tax profit for the year would have been 34 thousand kina (2008: 0) lower/higher, mainly as a result of higher/lower interest expense on floating rate borrowings. At 31 December 2009, if interest rates on PNG kina-denominated borrowings at that date had been 0.5% higher/lower with all other variables held constant, post-tax profit for the year would have been 168 thousand kina (2008: 0) lower/higher, mainly as a result of higher/lower interest expense on floating rate borrowings.

### (b) Credit risk

The Group has no significant concentration of credit risk and it is not the Group's policy to hedge credit risk. The Group has policies in place to ensure that sales of products and services are made to customers with an appropriate credit history and has policies that limit the amount of credit exposure to any one customer. No credit limits were exceeded during the reporting period and management does not expect any losses from non-performance by counterparties.

### (c) Liquidity risk

Prudent liquidity risk management implies maintaining sufficient cash and the availability of funding through an adequate amount of committed credit facilities. The Group manages liquidity risk by maintaining sufficient bank balances to fund its operations and the availability of funding through committed credit facilities.

Management monitors rolling forecasts of the Group's liquidity reserve on the basis of expected cash flows.

# Steamships Trading Company Limited and Subsidiary Companies

Undrawn finance facilities as of 31 December 2009 is as follows:

	2009	2008
	K'000	K'000
Undrawn Facilities	163,871	91,316

The table below analyses the Group's financial liabilities which will be settled on a net basis into relevant maturity groupings based on the remaining period at the balance sheet date to the contractual maturity date. The amounts disclosed in the table are the contractual undiscounted cash flows.

	Less than 1 year	Between 1 & 2 years	Between 2 & 5 years	Over 5years
	K'000	K'000	K'000	K'000
At 31 December 2009 Borrowings Trade & other payables	(34,050)		(243,168) -	-
At 31 December 2008 Borrowings Trade & other payables	(31,598)		(80,000) -	-

The Group does not hold derivative financial instruments.

#### (d) Capital risk management

The Group's objectives when managing capital are to safeguard the Group's ability to continue as a going concern in order to provide returns to shareholders and benefits for other stakeholders and to maintain an optimal capital structure to reduce the cost of capital.

In order to maintain or adjust the capital structure, the Group may adjust the amount of dividends paid to shareholders, return capital to shareholders, issue new shares or sell assets to reduce debt.

The Group monitors capital on the basis of the gearing ratio. This ratio is calculated as net debt divided by total capital. Net debt is calculated as external borrowings less cash and cash equivalents net of bank overdrafts. Total capital is calculated as "equity" as shown in the balance sheet plus net debt. The gearing ratios at each balance date were as follows:

	2009 K'000	2008 K'000
Total external borrowing	277,218	111,671
Less: cash & cash equivalents	2,690	760
Net debt	274,528	110,911
Total equity	378,083	326,795
Total capital	24,200	24,200
Gearing ratio	73%	34%

The higher gearing ratio in 2009 resulted primarily from additional debt to fund the capital works being undertaken.

#### (e) Fair value estimation

Effective 1 January 2009, the Group adopted the amendment to IFRS 7 for financial instruments that are measured in the balance sheet at fair value, this requires disclosure of fair value measurements by level of the following fair value measurement hierarchy:

Quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities (level 1).

Inputs other than quoted prices included within level 1 that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly (that is, as prices) or indirectly (that is, derived from prices) (level 2).

Inputs for the asset or liability that are not based on observable market data (that is, unobservable inputs) (level 3).

The following table presents the Group's assets and liabilities that are measured at fair value at 31 December 2009.

	Level 1 K'000	Level 2 K'000	Level 3 K'000
Assets			
Financial Assets at fair			
value through profit & loss:			
- Other Financial Asset:	-	-	48,822
Total Assets:	-	-	48,822

If one or more of the significant inputs is not based on observable market data, the instrument is included in level 3.

# NOTES TO AND FORMING PART OF THE ACCOUNTS

Steamships Trading Company Limited and Subsidiary Companies

		Conso	lidated	Paren	Enilly
		Dec 09	Dec 08	Dec 09	Dec 08
		К'000	K'000	K'000	K'000
Op	perating results				
(a)	Revenue comprises:				
()	Revenue from sale of goods	135,763	179,044	-	-
	Revenue from provision of service	360,213	283,928	-	-
	Other income	3,439	2,778	55,494	20,472
	Total Revenue	499,415	465,750	55,494	20,472
(p)	Operating expenses comprise:				
()	Cost of Goods Sold	116,588	134,950	-	
	Staff costs	93,681	91,139	-	
	Depreciation and amortization	47,889	39,316	4,288	4,492
	Electricity and fuel	24,766	10,015	-,200	-,-,2
	Insurance	11,855	14,515		
	Motor Vehicle expenses	12,811	26,918		
	Shipping and Survey costs	3,304	2,283		
	Repairs & Maintenance	17,039	16,039	_	
				363	298
	Other operating expenses Total operating expenses	<u>41,610</u> 369,543	<u>33,636</u> 368,811	4,651	4,790
(c)	The operating profit before income tax is an charging and crediting the following specifie Charges:	c items:			
(c)	charging and crediting the following specific Charges: Audit fees	c items: 659	698 340	9	10
(c)	charging and crediting the following specific Charges: Audit fees Other fees to the Auditors	c items: 659 624	349	9 -	10
(c)	charging and crediting the following specific Charges: Audit fees	c items: 659		9 - - -	10
(c)	charging and crediting the following specific Charges: Audit fees Other fees to the Auditors Bad and doubtful debts Donations	c items: 659 624 (50)	349 2,355	9 - - -	1C - -
(c)	charging and crediting the following specific Charges: Audit fees Other fees to the Auditors Bad and doubtful debts Donations Credits:	c items: 659 624 (50)	349 2,355	- -	
(c)	charging and crediting the following specific Charges: Audit fees Other fees to the Auditors Bad and doubtful debts Donations Credits: Subsidiary companies' dividends	c items: 659 624 (50) 1,104	349 2,355 450	9 - - 50,747	
(c)	charging and crediting the following specific Charges: Audit fees Other fees to the Auditors Bad and doubtful debts Donations Credits: Subsidiary companies' dividends Rental property income	c items: 659 624 (50)	349 2,355	- -	
(c)	charging and crediting the following specific Charges: Audit fees Other fees to the Auditors Bad and doubtful debts Donations Credits: Subsidiary companies' dividends	c items: 659 624 (50) 1,104 - 36,374	349 2,355 450 - 26,548	- -	
(c) (d)	charging and crediting the following specific Charges: Audit fees Other fees to the Auditors Bad and doubtful debts Donations Credits: Subsidiary companies' dividends Rental property income Net foreign exchange transaction gains	659 624 (50) 1,104	349 2,355 450 - 26,548 671	- -	
	charging and crediting the following specific Charges: Audit fees Other fees to the Auditors Bad and doubtful debts Donations Credits: Subsidiary companies' dividends Rental property income Net foreign exchange transaction gains Profit (loss) on sale of properties	659 624 (50) 1,104	349 2,355 450 - 26,548 671	- -	
	charging and crediting the following specific Charges: Audit fees Other fees to the Auditors Bad and doubtful debts Donations Credits: Subsidiary companies' dividends Rental property income Net foreign exchange transaction gains Profit (loss) on sale of properties <b>Finance costs - net</b>	c items: 659 624 (50) 1,104 - 36,374 394 1,714 12,254	349 2,355 450 26,548 671 5,213 4,654	- -	10 - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -
	charging and crediting the following specific Charges: Audit fees Other fees to the Auditors Bad and doubtful debts Donations Credits: Subsidiary companies' dividends Rental property income Net foreign exchange transaction gains Profit (loss) on sale of properties <b>Finance costs - net</b> Interest expense	659 624 (50) 1,104 - 36,374 394 1,714	349 2,355 450 - 26,548 671 5,213	- -	
	charging and crediting the following specific Charges: Audit fees Other fees to the Auditors Bad and doubtful debts Donations Credits: Subsidiary companies' dividends Rental property income Net foreign exchange transaction gains Profit (loss) on sale of properties Finance costs - net Interest expense Interest income Net finance costs	c items: 659 624 (50) 1,104 - 36,374 394 1,714 12,254 (72)	349 2,355 450 26,548 671 5,213 4,654 (120)	- - - 50,747 - - - - -	
(d)	charging and crediting the following specific Charges: Audit fees Other fees to the Auditors Bad and doubtful debts Donations Credits: Subsidiary companies' dividends Rental property income Net foreign exchange transaction gains Profit (loss) on sale of properties Finance costs - net Interest expense Interest income Net finance costs Staff costs:	c items: 659 624 (50) 1,104 - 36,374 394 1,714 12,254 (72)	349 2,355 450 26,548 671 5,213 4,654 (120)	- - - 50,747 - - - - -	
(d)	<ul> <li>charging and crediting the following specific</li> <li>Charges:         <ul> <li>Audit fees</li> <li>Other fees to the Auditors</li> <li>Bad and doubtful debts</li> <li>Donations</li> </ul> </li> <li>Credits:         <ul> <li>Subsidiary companies' dividends</li> <li>Rental property income</li> <li>Net foreign exchange transaction gains</li> <li>Profit (loss) on sale of properties</li> </ul> </li> <li>Finance costs - net         <ul> <li>Interest expense</li> <li>Interest income</li> <li>Net finance costs</li> </ul> </li> <li>Staff costs:         <ul> <li>Wages and salaries</li> </ul> </li> </ul>	659 624 (50) 1,104 - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -	349 2,355 450 - 26,548 671 5,213 4,654 (120) 4,534 62,420	- - - 50,747 - - - - -	
(d)	charging and crediting the following specific Charges: Audit fees Other fees to the Auditors Bad and doubtful debts Donations Credits: Subsidiary companies' dividends Rental property income Net foreign exchange transaction gains Profit (loss) on sale of properties Finance costs - net Interest expense Interest income Net finance costs Staff costs: Wages and salaries Retirement benefit contributions	659 624 (50) 1,104 	349 2,355 450 26,548 671 5,213 4,654 (120) 4,534 62,420 7,206	- - - 50,747 - - - - -	
(d)	<ul> <li>charging and crediting the following specific</li> <li>Charges:         <ul> <li>Audit fees</li> <li>Other fees to the Auditors</li> <li>Bad and doubtful debts</li> <li>Donations</li> </ul> </li> <li>Credits:         <ul> <li>Subsidiary companies' dividends</li> <li>Rental property income</li> <li>Net foreign exchange transaction gains</li> <li>Profit (loss) on sale of properties</li> </ul> </li> <li>Finance costs - net         <ul> <li>Interest expense</li> <li>Interest income</li> <li>Net finance costs</li> </ul> </li> <li>Staff costs:         <ul> <li>Wages and salaries</li> </ul> </li> </ul>	659 624 (50) 1,104 - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -	349 2,355 450 - 26,548 671 5,213 4,654 (120) 4,534 62,420	- - - 50,747 - - - - -	
(d) (e)	charging and crediting the following specific Charges: Audit fees Other fees to the Auditors Bad and doubtful debts Donations Credits: Subsidiary companies' dividends Rental property income Net foreign exchange transaction gains Profit (loss) on sale of properties Finance costs - net Interest expense Interest income Net finance costs Staff costs: Wages and salaries Retirement benefit contributions	659 624 (50) 1,104 36,374 394 1,714 12,254 (72) 12,182 60,377 5,229 28,075	349 2,355 450 - 26,548 671 5,213 4,654 (120) 4,534 62,420 7,206 21,513	- - - 50,747 - - - - -	

# NOTES TO AND FORMING PART OF THE ACCOUNTS

Steamships Trading Company Limited and Subsidiary Companies

Parent Entity	idated	Consol
<b>Dec 09</b> Dec 08	Dec 08	Dec 09
<b>K'000</b> K'000	K'000	K'000

## (f) Earnings per share

Basic earnings per share are calculated by dividing the net profit attributable to shareholders by the weighted average number of ordinary shares on issue during the year. There is no difference between the basic and diluted earnings per share.

	Net profit attributable to shareholders Weighted average number of ordinary shares	96,560	90,226	-	-
	on issue (thousands)	31,008	31,008	-	-
	Basic earnings per share Split between:	311t	291†	-	-
	Continuing operations	302t	233t	-	-
	Discontinued operations	9†	58†	-	-
4.	Income tax				
	(a) Current tax	34,934	26,895	29	2
	Deferred tax	(297)	(489)	-	-
	Share of associates' tax	6,945	5,079	-	-
		41,582	31,485	29	2

(b) The income tax in the Income Statement is determined in accordance with the policy set out in note 1(f).

The effective rate of tax charged differs from the statutory rate of 30% for the following reasons.

Prima facie income tax payable on operating profit Tax effect of rebateable dividends Exempt income Permanent differences Prior year over/under provisions	42,410 (2,920) 1,638 <u>454</u> 41,582	32,773 - (1,741) 1,257 (804) 31,485	15,253 (15,224) - - - 29	4,705 (4,658) (45) - -
= ) The deferred tax asset comprises:			27	2
Provisions Prepayments Tax depreciable assets Tax losses	7,099 (2,038) 2,090 <u>154</u> 7,305	6,672 (1,089) (1,554) <u>121</u> 4,150	- 104 1,134 - 1.238	67 - 1,338 - - 1,405

Unused tax losses for which no deferred tax asset has been recognised total K 1,598,502 (2008: K1,598,502) in a subsidiary company.

(d) The deferred tax liability comprises:

Revaluation of ships	323	647	-	-

(C)

# NOTES TO AND FORMING PART OF THE ACCOUNTS

Steamships Trading Company Limited and Subsidiary Companies

# 5. Segmental reporting

#### (a) Divisional segments

Management has determined the operating segments based on the reports reviewed by the Managing Director that are used to make strategic decisions.

The segment information provided to the Managing Director for the reportable segments for the year ended 31 December 2009 is as follows:

	Retail & IT Services	Hotels	Manufacturing	Shipping & Transport	Property & Investment	Total
	K'000	K'000	K'000	K'000	K'000	K'000
2009						
External Revenue	55,898	86,446	103,042	209,280	41,310	495,976
Segment Results	8,005	35,620	8,156	42,293	26,528	120,602
Share of Associate Profit	1,257	-	2,843	19,590	(12)	23,677
Income Tax Expense	(2,660)	(10,686)	(2,986)	(18,522)	(6,729)	(41,582)
Group Profit	6,602	24,934	8,013	43,360	19,787	102,697
Compost quests	20.745	05 027	(7.705	224 004	240.880	010 102
Segment assets	39,765	95,837	67,795	336,826	369,880	910,103
Segment liabilities	21,719	9,648	14,283	155,201	287,315	488,166
Net Assets	18,046	86,189	53,512	181,625	82,565	421,937
Capital expenditure	8,710	28,153	6,971	40,952	110,611	195,397
Depreciation	3,621	5,682	3,721	23,277	11,588	47,889
2008						
External revenue	64,152	74,998	114,892	182,382	26,548	462,972
Segment Results	4,410	28,069	13,375	38,730	27,031	111,615
Share of Associate Profit	4,392		2,661	9,973	(188)	16,837
Income Tax Expense	(2,603)	(8,420)	(4,811)	(14,621)	(2,353)	(32,808)
Group Profit	6,199	19,649	11,225	34,082	24,489	95,644
Segment assets	-	72,187	68,077	142,529	269,878	552,671
Segment liabilities	-	8,247	12,024	25,429	161,840	207,540
Net Assets	-	63,940	56,053	117,100	108,038	345,131
Capital expenditure	334	22,447	7,462	26,299	77,115	133,657
Depreciation	526	4,994	3,208	21,061	9,527	39,316

These figures include minorities' share of operating profit and assets.

(b) Geography

The Group operates wholly in Papua New Guinea. It is not practical to provide a segment analysis by geographical region within Papua New Guinea.

Steamships Trading Company Limited and Subsidiary Companies

## 6. Related party disclosures

The Group is controlled by John Swire & Sons (PNG) Limited, which owns 72.12% of the Company's shares. Related parties comprise other companies within the John Swire & Sons (PNG) Group, including Collins & Leahy Holdings Limited, together with associate and joint venture entities.

vviii		Consol	Consolidated		t Entity
		Dec 09	Dec 08	Dec 09	Dec 08
		K'000	K'000	K'000	K'000
(a)	Material transactions:				
	Sales of goods and services				
	Associates & Joint Venture	19,509	7,850	-	-
	Collins & Leahy Group	-	591	-	-
	Other Shareholders	14	1,228	-	-
	Shareholders of Assoc Coys	79	2,269	-	-
	Lease and rental income	-	349	-	-
	Dividends received	18,841	3,548	50,747	15,525
	Management fees received	38	418	-	-
	Royalty/License Income	1,051	-	-	-
	Purchase of goods and services				
	Associates & Joint Venture	(12,282)	(16,229)	-	-
	Collins & Leahy Group	(121)	(648)	-	-
	Other Shareholders	(50)	(472)	-	-
	Shareholders of Assoc Coys	(88)	(255)	-	-
	Purchase of assets				
	Associates and Joint Venture	-	(63)	-	-
	Management fees paid	(695)	-	-	-
	Intercompany Loan				
	Equity instrument in associate	(8,208)	(40,614)	-	-
	Associates & Joint Venture	(1,454)	(8,192)	-	-
	Other Shareholders	52,500	-	-	-
	Shareholders of Assoc Coys	6,490	-	-	-

All transactions with related parties are made on normal commercial terms and conditions.

(b) **Directors:** G.J. Dunlop and W.L. Rothery are Directors of John Swire & Sons (PNG) Limited and Collins & Leahy Holdings Limited. C.R. Kendall is a Director of John Swire & Sons (PNG) Limited.

Dividends were received by those Directors holding an interest in the company as set out in the Directors' report.

(c) **Remuneration:** Income received or due and receivable both by Directors and senior managers in connection with the management of the Group companies is shown in the report of the Directors.

The Group paid K7,449,142 (2008: K9,235,218) to SCL Nominees Limited for management services.

(d) Holding company: The ultimate holding company is John Swire & Sons Limited, incorporated in England.

# 7. Capital

	Dec 09	Dec 08	Dec 09	Dec 08
	K'000	K'000	K'000	K'000
(a) Issued and fully paid: 31,008,237 shares	24,200	24,200	24,200	24,200

In accordance with the Papua New Guinea Companies Act 1997 the Group has no authorised share capital and shares have no par value.

# NOTES TO AND FORMING PART OF THE ACCOUNTS

Steamships Trading Company Limited and Subsidiary Companies

		Consolidated		Parent Entity	
		Dec 09	Dec 08	Dec 09	Dec 08
	Note	K'000	K'000	K'000	K'000
8. Property, Plant & Equipment					
Property					
Opening net book amount		209,464	121,235	42,179	42,459
Building under construction		96,064	85,757	-	-
Additions		39,781	13,476	3,084	4,552
Business Combinations	21	15,422	-	-	-
Disposals Cost		(2,374)	(3,422)	(1,451)	(1,156)
Disposals Accumulated Depreciation		1,752	553	183	39
Depreciation charge		(10,108)	(8,135)	(3,517)	(3,715)
Closing net book amount		350,001	209,464	40,478	42,179
Cost or valuation		443,693	294,800	77,753	76,120
Accumulated depreciation		(93,692)	(85,336)	(37,275)	(33,941)
Net book amount		350,001	209,464	40,478	42,179
Ships					
Opening net book amount		46,219	52,883	-	-
Additions		17,592	2,123	-	-
Business Combinations	21	131,995	-	-	-
Disposals Cost		-	(2,775)	-	-
Disposals Accumulated Depreciation		-	2,775	-	-
Depreciation charge		(8,758)	(8,787)	-	-
Closing net book amount		187,048	46,219	-	-
Cost or valuation		275,370	125,783	6,474	6,474
Accumulated depreciation		(88,322)	(79,564)	(6,474)	(6,474)
Net book amount		187,048	46,219	-	-
Plant & vehicles					
Opening net book amount		97,578	89,158	2,533	2,048
Additions		41,961	32,301	823	1,839
Business Combinations	21	21,423	-	-	-
Disposals Cost		(7,987)	(4,055)	(183)	(1,539)
Disposals Accumulated Depreciation		3,195	2,568	103	961
Depreciation charge		(29,023)	(22,394)	(771)	(776)
Closing net book amount		127,147	97,578	2,505	2,533
Cost or valuation		256,057	200,660	4,781	4,141
Accumulated depreciation		(128,910)	(103,082)	(2,276)	(1,608)
Net book amount		127,147	97,578	2,505	2,533
Total property, plant and equipment		664,196	353,261	42,983	44,712

Included in the 'Property' classification at 31 December 2009 are buildings under construction of K96.1M (2008: K85.7M). The cost of additions in 2009 includes capitalised borrowing costs of K4.3M (2008: K1.1) in relation to qualifying assets.

## NOTES TO AND FORMING PART OF THE ACCOUNTS

Steamships Trading Company Limited and Subsidiary Companies

## 8. Property, Plant & Equipment (continued)

Properties include commercial properties occupied by Group businesses together with commercial and residential investment property which is available for external lease. An analysis of the carrying amount and estimated range of fair values for each category of property is shown below. Fair values have been estimated internally, based on market evidence of property values, supported by independent professional valuations as at December 2007 for a selected sample of representative properties.

Included in Properties are the following:

		Valuation	Rango
	NBV	Lower	Higher
	K'000	K'000	K'000
Commercial Internal	34,348	74,388	92,985
Commercial External	289,009	766,522	951,528
Residential	26,644	184,328	216,703
Total	350,001	1,025,238	1,261,216

# 9. Investments in subsidiaries, associates and joint ventures

		Consolidated		Parent Entity	
		Dec 09	Dec 08	Dec 09	Dec 08
		K'000	K'000	K'000	K'000
(a)	Investments are accounted for in accordance with the policy set out in Note 1(b) and relate to:				
	Investments in subsidiary companies	-	-	42,003	42,003
	Investments in associates and joint ventures	17,939	33,337	139	139
		17,939	33,337	42,142	42,142
(b)	Movement in carrying amounts				
	Carrying amount at the beginning of the year	33,337	22,225	-	-
	Share of Profits	23,677	16,837	-	-
	Income Tax Expense	(6,945)	(5,079)		
	Dividends Received/receivable	(14,859)	(644)	-	-
	Transfers/Sales	(17,271)		-	-
	Carrying amount at the end of the year	17,939	33,337	-	-

#### (c) Summarised financial information of associates

The group's share of the results of its principal associates and its aggregated assets (including goodwill) and liabilities are as follows:

	Ownership			Carrying		
	Interest %	Assets K'000	Liabilities K'000	Value K'000	Revenues K'000	Profit K'000
2009						
Consort Express Lines *	33.33	-	-	-	37,095	1,791
Datec PNG *	50.00	-	-	-	14,407	999
Pacific Towing	50.00	23,663	16,798	6,866	30,057	10,702
New Britain Shipping	50.00	2,277	936	1,342	2,041	1,220
Kiunga Stevedores	24.50	361	118	243	476	42
Colgate	50.00	9,324	3,473	5,851	21,493	1,990
Pacific Rumana	50.00	-	-	-	-	(12)
Others (held in Consort -						
carrying value only)		3,638	-	3,638	-	-
		39,263	21,324	17,939	105,568	16,732

Valuation

Ranae

## NOTES TO AND FORMING PART OF THE ACCOUNTS

Steamships Trading Company Limited and Subsidiary Companies

## 9. Investments in subsidiaries, associates and joint ventures (continued)

### (c) Summarised financial information of associates (continued)

	Ownership			Carrying		
	Interest %	Assests K'000	Liabilities K'000	Value K'000	Revenues K'000	Profit K'000
2008						
Consort Express Lines	33.33	59,658	47,325	12,333	54,372	4,332
Datec PNG	50.00	15,786	9,231	6,555	47,230	3,112
Pacific Towing	50.00	13,694	5,535	8,159	9,834	2,348
New Britain Shipping	50.00	472	10	462	593	239
Kiunga Stevedores	24.50	342	140	202	431	79
Colgate	50.00	8,782	3,391	5,392	21,295	1,862
Pacific Rumana	50.00	25,176	24,941	235	1,148	(214)
		123,909	90,572	33,337	134,902	11,758

\* Consort Express Lines and Datec PNG were transferred from Associates to Subsidiaries during the year. The percentage ownerships above relates to the period prior to transfer.

(d) Shares in subsidiary companies have been stated at cost or valuation less dividends received from pre-acquisition profits. Subsidiary companies are shown in note 20.

### 10. Goodwill

	Conso	Consolidated		it Entity
	Dec 09	Dec 08	Dec 09	Dec 08
	K'000	K'000	K'000	K'000
Opening net book amount	7,578	3,568	-	-
Additions Impairment	9,605	4,010	-	-
Closing net book amount	17,183	7,578	-	-

#### Impairment tests for goodwill

Goodwill is allocated to the Group's cash-generating units (CGUs) identified according to operating segment. The goodwill balance of K17.2M (2008: K7.5M) is attributable to Datec (K9.115m), Consort (K0.489k) and the Manufacturing division (K 7.5m). The recoverable amount of a CGU is determined based on value-in-use calculations. These calculations use pre-tax cash flow projections based on financial budgets approved by management covering a five-year period. Growth beyond year five for the purpose of the impairment testing is set at 0%. The discount rates used are pre-tax and reflect specific risks relating to the operating segment. No goodwill is considered to be impaired as at 31 December 2009.

### **11. Inventories**

	Conso	Consolidated		t Entity
	Dec 09	Dec 08	Dec 09	Dec 08
	K'000	K'000	K'000	K'000
Raw materials	8,709	2,759	-	-
Work in progress	239	572	-	-
Finished goods	28,956	22,355	-	-
Provision for obsolescence	(3,653)	(735)	-	-
	34,251	24,951	-	

# NOTES TO AND FORMING PART OF THE ACCOUNTS

Steamships Trading Company Limited and Subsidiary Companies

## 12. (a) Trade and other receivables

	Consol	Consolidated		t Entity
	Dec 09	Dec 08	Dec 09	Dec 08
	K'000	K'000	K'000	K'000
Trade receivables	72,336	48,293	-	-
Provision for impairment	(2,861)	(3,048)	-	-
	69,475	45,245	-	-
Other receivables & prepayments	48,363	29,467	1,327	163
External loans	1,844	1,845	-	-
	117,528	76,557	1,327	163

As at 31 December 2009, trade receivables of K2.9 million (2008: K3.0 million) relating to trade debtors were considered impaired and were provided for by management. The ageing of these receivables is as follows:

3 to 6 months	1,121	1,904	-	-
Over 6 months	1,740	1,144	-	-
Total	2,861	3,048	-	-

Movement in the provision for impairment of trade receivables is as follows:

Opening balance	3,048	2,153	-	-
Provision for receivables impaired	(187)	895	-	-
Total	2,861	3,048	-	-

The creating and releasing of provision for impaired receivables is included in administration costs in the income statement. Amounts charged to the allowance account are generally written off when there is no expectation of recovering additional cash.

The other classes within trade and other receivables do not contain impaired assets.

# 12. (b) Other financial asset

Opening balance	40,614	-	-	-
Additional investment	8,208	40,614	-	-
Closing Balance	48,822	40,614	-	-

The financial asset is an equity investment in Pacific Rumana Limited.

# NOTES TO AND FORMING PART OF THE ACCOUNTS

Steamships Trading Company Limited and Subsidiary Companies

# 13. Provisions for other liabilities and charges

	Employee	Dry Dock	Other	2009 Total	2008 Total
_	K'000	K'000	K'000	K'000	K'000
At 31 December 2008	9,188	2,997	372	12,557	15,570
Transfer in on acquisition (Note 21(c))	5,080	11,897	416	17,393	-
Charged to profit & loss	3,068	3,366	159	6,593	2,432
Utilised during the year	(2,977)	(7,970)	(320)	(11,267)	(5,445)
-	14,359	10,289	627	25,275	12,557
Short-term provisions at 31 December 2009	6,531	10,289	627	17,447	8,063
Long-term provisions at 31 December 2009	7,828	-	-	7,828	4,494
	14,359	10,289	627	25,275	12,557

Other provisions comprise benefits under the home ownership scheme, and provisions for cargo claims.

# 14. Borrowings

	Conso	Consolidated		t Entity
	Dec 09	Dec 08	Dec 09	Dec 08
	K'000	K'000	K'000	K'000
Current:				
Bank overdrafts (secured)	34,050	31,598	-	-
Bank loans (secured)	-	-	-	-
Other loans (unsecured)	58,990	73	-	-
	93,040	31,671	-	-
Non-current:				
Bank loans (secured)	243,168	80,000	-	-
Total borrowings	336,208	111,671	-	-

Mortgages over certain of the Group's properties and a registered equitable mortgage over the remainder of the Group's assets, undertakings and uncalled capital are held by the Group's bankers as security for the bank overdrafts and secured loans.

Interest is paid on all loans at variable commercial rates at a discount to ILR. The effective interest rate on bank facilities at the balance sheet date was 8.75% (2008: 6.45%). Bank overdrafts are interest-only with no agreed repayment schedule. Bank loans are secured loans payable in five years time.

## 15. Capital expenditure commitments

Contracts outstanding for capital expenditure: - less than 12 months - 1 - 5 years	136,882 34,048	135,845 39,500	-	-
	170,930	175,345	-	-

## NOTES TO AND FORMING PART OF THE ACCOUNTS

Steamships Trading Company Limited and Subsidiary Companies

# 16. Reconciliation of profit after income tax to net cash inflow from operating activities

	Consolidated		Paren	t Entity
	Dec 09	Dec 08	Dec 09	Dec 08
-	K'000	K'000	K'000	K'000
Profit for the year	96,560	90,226	50,814	15,680
Depreciation	47,889	39,316	4,288	4,492
Dividend and Interest income	(14,931)	(766)	(50,747)	(15,525)
Net gain on sale of non-current asset	(2,136)	(4,356)	(1,348)	(1,695)
Share of profit of associates	(23,677)	(16,837)	-	-
Change in operating assets and liabilities, net of effects from purchase of controlled entity				
Decrease in trade debtors	699	20,976	(1,164)	4,043
Decrease in inventory	3,367	13,011	-	-
Decrease in deferred tax asset	625	1,208	167	(349)
Decrease in trade creditors	(3,775)	(3,092)	2,054	(2,542)
Increase in other operating liabilities	8,742	(14,318)	-	(153)
Increase in provision for income tax payable	7,672	17,135	(160)	(614)
Decrease in deferred tax liability	(324)	-	-	-
Net cash inflow from operating activities	120,711	142,503	3,904	3,337

## 17. Retirement benefit plans

The total cost of retirement benefits of the Group in 2009 was K5,229,000 (2008: K7,206,000). The Group participates in the National Superannuation Fund of Papua New Guinea, a multi-employer defined contribution fund, on behalf of all citizen employees with minimum employer and employee contribution rates established by legislation.

The Group also contributes to a defined contribution superannuation plan on behalf of senior management. The defined contribution superannuation plan was established in 2002.

The holding company does not employ staff directly; consequently there was no charge during the year.

## NOTES TO AND FORMING PART OF THE ACCOUNTS

Steamships Trading Company Limited and Subsidiary Companies

## 18. Contingent assets and liabilities

### **Contingent Liabilities**

There were contingent liabilities at the Balance Sheet date as follows:

- (a) The Holding Company has given a secured guarantee in respect of the bank overdrafts of certain subsidiaries.
- (b) Minor guarantees given in the ordinary course of business.
- (c) The Holding Company has given letters of continuing financial support in respect of certain subsidiaries, associates and joint ventures.

No losses are anticipated in respect of these guarantees.

# **19. Subsidiary companies**

The consolidated financial statements incorporate the assets, liabilities and results of the following subsidiaries in accordance with the accounting policy described in Note 1 (b):

Name of entity	Country of Incorporation	Class of Shares	Equity Holding * 2009 %	Equity Holding * 2008 %
Consort Express Lines Limited	Papua New Guinea	Ordinary	51	33
Datec (PNG) Limited	Papua New Guinea	Ordinary	100	50
Kavieng Port Services Limited	Papua New Guinea	Ordinary	60	60
Lae Port Services Limited	Papua New Guinea	Ordinary	51	51
Laga Industries Ltd	Papua New Guinea	Ordinary	68	68
Laurabada Shipping Services Limited	Papua New Guinea	Ordinary	100	100
Laurabada Property Limited	Papua New Guinea	Ordinary	100	100
Madang Port Services Limited	Papua New Guinea	Ordinary	60	60
Pacific Rumana Limited	Papua New Guinea	Ordinary	50	50
Pacific Rumana Investments Limited	Papua New Guinea	Ordinary	100	0
Port Services PNG Limited	Papua New Guinea	Ordinary	54	54
Progressive Traders Limited	Papua New Guinea	Ordinary	100	100
Steamships Limited	Papua New Guinea	Ordinary	100	100
Tanubada Food Processors Limited	Papua New Guinea	Ordinary	88	88
Windward Apartments Limited	Papua New Guinea	Ordinary	100	100

\* The proportion of ownership is equal to the proportion of voting power held.

## NOTES TO AND FORMING PART OF THE ACCOUNTS

Steamships Trading Company Limited and Subsidiary Companies

### 20. Discontinued operations

On 16th November 2008, the Group sold its Hardware operations to Harware Haus Ltd. The sale included stock, fixtures, fittings and goodwill.

	Dec 09 K'000	Dec 08 K'000
Operating Results Revenue		64,852
Operating costs	- (2,912)	60,442
Profit from operations	2,912	4,410
Earnings per Share	9†	14†
Goodwill on disposal	-	14,800
Net Profit (loss)	-	19,210
Tax	-	(1,323)
Profit (loss) after tax	-	17,887
Cash Flows		
Operating cash flows	2,912	4,407
Investing cash flows	-	1,387
Total cash flows	2,912	5,794
Net Assets		
Total assets	-	3,487
Total liabilities	-	(5,569)
Net assets	-	(2,082)

The total disposal consideration for the sale of the Hardware operation was K37,000,000. The carrying amounts of assets and liabilities sold was K22,200,000.

Profit from operations in 2009 represents a recovery of accounts receivable fully provided for in prior years.

### **21. Business Combinations**

### (a) Summary of acquisitions

On 27th April 2009, the Group concluded a share purchase transaction that saw the Company attain 100% control of the share capital of Datec (PNG) Limited (previously 50%). On the 16th of November 2009, the Group increased its shareholding in Consort Express Lines Limited to 51% (previously 33%). The total purchase price of K24,928,000 was settled in cash on acquisition.

Datec contributed revenues of K54,873,292 and net profit of K6,288,440 to the Group for the period 1 May 2009 to 31 December 2009. Consort attributed revenues of K3,324,678 and profit of K234,354 to the Group for the period 1 December 2009 to 31 December 2009. If both acquisitions had occurred on 1 January 2009, consolidated revenue and profit would have been K86,445,661 and K8,005,118 for Datec and K63,556,251 and K9,469,066 for Consort before minority interests respectively.

Details of the fair value of the assets and liabilities acquired and goodwill are as follows:

	Datec K'000	Consort K'000	Total K'000
Purchase consideration (refer to (b) below):			
Cash paid	16,928	8,000	24,928
Direct costs relating to acquisition	313	80	393
Total Purchase Consideration	17,241	8,080	25,321
Fair value of net identifiable assets acquired (refer (c) below)	8,125	7,591	15,716
Goodwill	9,116	489	9,605

# NOTES TO AND FORMING PART OF THE ACCOUNTS

Steamships Trading Company Limited and Subsidiary Companies

# 21. Business Combinations (continued)

### (b) Purchase consideration

	Consol	Consolidated		Parent Entity	
	Dec 09	Dec 08	Dec 09	Dec 08	
	K'000	K'000	K'000	K'000	
Outflow of cash to acquire subsidiary, net of cash acqui					
Cash consideration less: Balances acquired	25,321	-	-	-	
Cash	1,032	-	-	-	
Bank Overdraft	(15,804)	-	-	-	
	(14,772)	-	-	-	
Outflow of cash	40,093	-	-	-	

#### (c) Assets and liabilities acquired

	Datec K'000	Consort K'000	Total K'000
Preliminary fair value of assets acquired			
Cash	39	993	1,032
Trade Receivables	15,244	26,426	41,670
Inventories	10,370	2,297	12,667
Plant & Equipment	7,653	152,493	160,146
Investments	-	4,163	4,163
Deferred Tax Asset	2,833	947	3,780
Trade Payables	(8,416)	(23,717)	(32,133)
Bank Overdraft	(5,247)	(10,557)	(15,804)
Provision for employee benefits	(2,986)	(2,094)	(5,080)
Borrowings	-	(94,088)	(94,088)
Other creditors/provisions	(4,752)	(14,277)	(19,029)
Net Assets	14,738	42,586	57,324
Minority Interests	-	(20,939)	(20,939)
Net identifiable assets	14,738	21,647	36,385
Transfer from Associates	(6,613)	(14,056)	(20,669)
Net identifiable assets acquired	8,125	7,591	15,716

The goodwill of Datec is attributable to the customer base and business presence the company maintains in its market as well as the service agreements the company fulfills on an ongoing basis.

The goodwill of Consort is attributable to the customer base, the asset base and the strategic complement to the Steamships shipping and transport business in Papua New Guinea.

The fair value of the assets and liabilities acquired are based on the carrying values at the time of acquisition.

## 22. Subsequent events

On 25 February 2010 the Directors declared a final dividend of 86 toea per share to be payable immediately after the Annual General Meeting on 25 May 2010. The gross dividend of K26.6M has been recognised as a separate component of equity at 31 December 2009.

# INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT TO THE SHAREHOLDERS OF STEAMSHIPS TRADING COMPANY LIMITED

Steamships Trading Company Limited and Subsidiary Companies

#### **Report on the financial statements**

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of Steamships Trading Company Limited (the company), which comprise the statement of financial position as at 31 December 2009, the statement of comprehensive income, statement of changes in equity and statement of cash flow for the year ended on that date, a summary of significant accounting policies, and other explanatory notes for both Steamships Trading Company Limited and the Steamships Group (the consolidated entity). The consolidated entity comprises the company and the entities it controlled at the year's end or from time to time during the financial year.

#### Directors' responsibility for the financial statements

The directors of the company are responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with Generally Accepted Accounting Standards in Papua New Guinea and the Companies Act 1997. This responsibility includes establishing and maintaining internal controls relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements that is free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error; selecting and applying appropriate accounting policies; and making accounting estimates that are reasonable in the circumstances.

#### Auditor's responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing. These Auditing Standards require that we comply with relevant ethical requirements relating to audit engagements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgement, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates made by the directors, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

Our procedures include reading the other information in the Annual Report to determine whether it contains any material inconsistencies with the financial report.

Our audit did not involve an analysis of the prudence of business decisions made by directors or management.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

#### Auditor's opinion

In our opinion the financial statements of Steamships Trading Company Limited is in accordance with the Companies Act 1997, including giving a true and fair view of the company's and consolidated entity's financial position as at 31 December 2009 and of their performance for the year ended on that date; and complying with International Financial Reporting Standards and other generally accepted accounting practice in Papua New Guinea.

#### Report on other legal and regulatory requirements

The Papua New Guinea Companies Act 1997 requires that in carrying out our audit we consider and report to you on the following matters. We confirm that:

a) in our opinion proper accounting records have been kept by the company, so far as appears from our examination of those records;

- b) we have obtained all the information and explanations we have required; and
- c) in conducting our audit we followed applicable independence requirements of Certified Practising Accountants Papua New Guinea.

#### **Other Matters**

This report, including the opinion, has been prepared for and only for the company's shareholders as a body in accordance with the PNG Companies Act 1997 and for no other purpose. We do not, in giving this opinion, accept or assume responsibility for any other purpose or to any other person to whom this report is shown or into whose hands it may come save where expressly agreed by our prior consent in writing.

Vicensterburnlospers

**PricewaterhouseCoopers** 

By: Brett Entwistle Partner Registered under the Accountants Act 1996 Port Moresby 31 March 2010

### **DIRECTORS' REPORT**

Steamships Trading Company Limited and Subsidiary Companies

The Directors submit their Annual Report for the year ended 31 December 2009 for the Company and its subsidiaries.

#### **Principal Activities and Review of Operations**

Full details of the Group's activities are given in the Directors' Review on page 6. The Group continues to operate in the fields of Hotels, Manufacturing, IT Services, Property, Shipping and Transport.

The Directors believe that there will be no significant changes in the Group's activities for the foreseeable future.

#### **Changes in Accounting Policies**

During the second half of 2009 Steamships Trading Company have changed their accounting policy in relation to the carrying value of ships. Ships were previously held under the revaluation model and are now to be held at cost. Previous revaluations were fully amortised during 2008 therefore the change in accounting policy has no impact on the 2008 or 2009 financial statements.

#### Result

The Group operating profit for the year attributable to shareholders was K96,560,000 (2008: K90,226,000).

#### Dividend

The Directors advise that a final dividend of 86 toea per share will be paid immediately after the Annual General Meeting on 25th May 2010. The exchange rate Kina to Australian Dollar applying on 11th May 2010 will be used to calculate the dividends to shareholders resident outside Papua New Guinea.

#### **Rounding Off**

Amounts in the Directors' Report and accounts have been rounded off to the nearest thousand kina.

# **DIRECTORS' REPORT**

Steamships Trading Company Limited and Subsidiary Companies

### **Interests Register**

Directors have disclosed the following interests in shares in the Company and provided general disclosure of companies in which the director is to be regarded as interested as set out below:

Particulars of Directors	Relevant Interests	Beneficial Shares Held
W.L. Rothery Director since 1997 Chairman since 2006	Executive and Director, John Swire & Sons Pty Ltd and group companies, Director, John Swire & Sons (PNG) Ltd and group companies.	Nil
G. Aopi, CBE Director since 1997	Chairman; Telikom (PNG) Ltd, Chairman IPBC Ltd, Director: Oil Search Ltd; Bank of South Pacific; Marsh Ltd, Kumul Hotels Ltd; PomSoX Ltd, F.M. Morobe Ltd; Hirad Ltd; CDI Foundation and various other private companies.	Nil
Sir Michael Bromley, KBE Member Audit Committee Director, 1986 to 1996 Director since 2000	Chairman Heli Niugini Ltd; Chairman New Guinea Energy Ltd; Director, Chemica Ltd; Maps Tuna Ltd; Sonway Ltd and various other private companies.	Nil
David H. Cox OL Managing Director 2004 Director since 2003	Director: BeMobile PNG Ltd, Capital Way PNG Ltd and GEMS PNG Ltd.	Nil
G.J. Dunlop Managing Director 2000 to 2003 Company Secretary 1987 to 2003 Director since 1995	Director, John Swire & Sons (PNG) Ltd and group companies. Director John Swire & Sons Pty Ltd; City Pharmacy Group Ltd; Hardware Haus Pty Ltd; Credit Corporation (PNG) Limited. Member Audit Committee	Nil
C.R. Kendall Director since 2007	Director: The China Navigation Company Ltd; John Swire & Sons (PNG) Ltd and various other companies in the Swire Group	Nil
Lady W.T. Kamit, CBE Chairperson of the Audit Committee Director since 2005	Director & Secretary; Bunowen Services Ltd, Gadens Administration Services Ltd, Senior Partner Gadens Lawyers, Director; New Britain Palm Oil Ltd, South Pacific Post Ltd, Post Courier Ltd, Allied Press Ltd, Nautilus Minerals Niugini Limited, Lihir Gold Limited	Nil
E. H. Ruha Finance Director & Company Secretary since Aug 2008	Director: Capital Way PNG Ltd and GEMS PNG Ltd.	Nil

## **DIRECTORS' REPORT**

Steamships Trading Company Limited and Subsidiary Companies

#### **Remuneration of Directors**

Directors' remuneration, including the value of other benefits, received or receivable from the Company during the year, is as follows: 2000 2008

	2009	2008
	K'000	K'000
Rothery	58	25
. Dunlop	48	41
Aopi, CBE	30	25
Michael Bromley, KBE	54	41
I. Cox OL	664	628
A. Lawrence, OBE (resigned 19th May 2008)	-	65
dy W. T. Kamit, CBE	48	31
V. Raper (resigned 20th August 2008)	-	187
R. Kendall	30	25
H. Ruha (appointed 20th August 2008)	335	105

#### **Remuneration of Employees**

The number of employees other than directors, whose remuneration and other benefits was within the specified bands are as follows:

	Dec 09	Dec 08		Dec 09	Dec 08
K100,000 - K109,999	3	3	K410,000 - K419,999	2	2
K110,000 - K119,999	3	-	K420,000 - K429,999	1	2
K120,000 - K129,999	1	2	K430,000 - K439,999	1	-
K130,000 - K139,999	1	1	K440,000 - K449,999	3	2
K140,000 - K149,999	6	-	K450,000 - K459,999	-	1
K150,000 - K159,999	4	-	K460,000 - K469,999	1	1
K160,000 - K169,999	3	3	K470,000 - K479,999	1	1
K180,000 - K189,999	1	1	K480,000 - K489,999	1	2
K190,000 - K199,999	3	-	K500,000 - K509,999	2	1
K200,000 - K209,999	4	-	K510,000 - K519,999	-	1
K210,000 - K219,999	1	4	K530,000 - K539,999	1	-
K220,000 - K229,999	-	1	K550,000 - K559,999	1	-
K230,000 - K239,999	-	1	K560,000 - K569,999	2	-
K240,000 - K249,999	-	1	K570,000 - K579,999	-	3
K260,000 - K269,999	1	2	K580,000 - K589,999	1	-
K270,000 - K279,999	-	1	K590,000 - K599,999	2	-
K280,000 - K289,999	3	1	K600,000 - K609,999	1	-
K290,000 - K299,999	1	-	K630,000 - K639,999	-	2
K310,000 - K319,999	-	1	K610,000 - K619,999	1	-
K320,000 - K329,999	3	1	K640,000 - K649,999	1	-
K330,000 - K339,999	1	2	K650,000 - K669,999	1	2
K340,000 - K349,999	1	2	K670,000 - K679,999	-	1
K350,000 - K359,999	1	2	K680,000 - K689,999	1	1
K360,000 - K369,999	-	1	K690,000 - K699,999	3	-
K370,000 - K379,999	2	1	K700,000 - K749,999	-	1
K390,000 - K399,999	3	1	K750,000 - K829,999	1	1
K400,000 - K409,999	3	1	K830,000 - K839,999	-	1

In addition, an amount of K7,449,142 (2008: K9,235,218) was paid to SCL Nominees Limited for management services. Details of auditors' remuneration and donations are shown in Note 3 to the accounts.

For and on behalf of the Board:

Port Moresby 31st March 2010

W. L Rothery Chairman

Within Will D.H. Cox OL Managing Director Daw ful