

Level 29, 101 Collins Street, Melbourne VIC 3000
Tel 03 9235 1700 • Fax 03 9235 1850 • www.globalmining.com.au
ACN 107 772 467

25 October 2011

The Manager Company Announcements Office Australian Stock Exchange Limited

Investment Manager Presentation

Evy Hambro and Catherine Raw from the Investment Manager of Global Mining Investments Limited (GMI), BlackRock Investment Management (UK) Limited, will be conducting presentations on GMI in Melbourne and Sydney this week.

A copy of the presentation is attached.

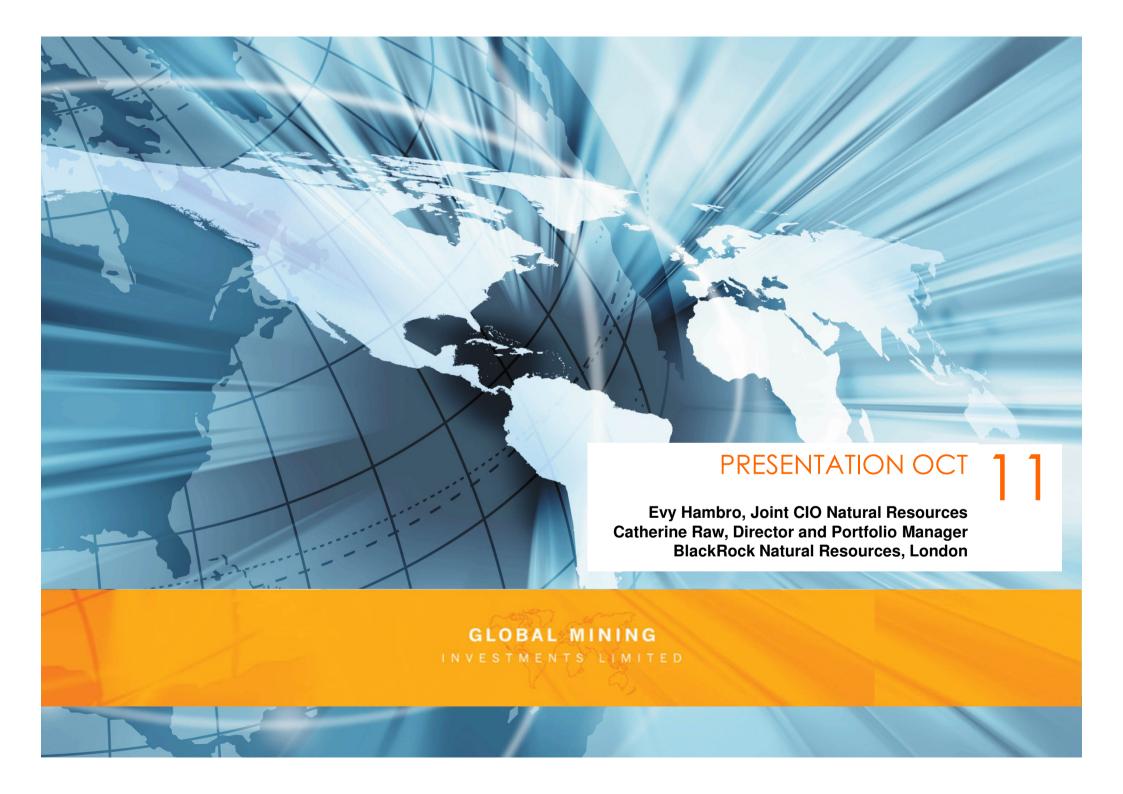
The presentation and a webcast recording will be made available tomorrow on the Company's website at www.globalmining.com.au.

Yours faithfully

Liesl Petterd

Company Secretary

L. Petter



Disclaimer

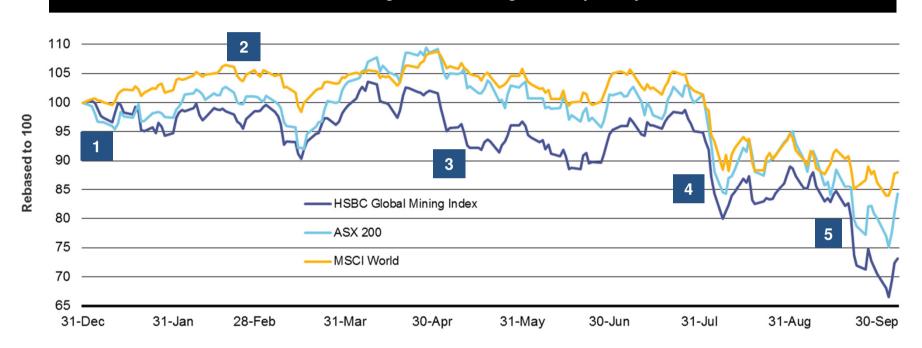


- 1. Issued by Global Mining Investments Limited, ABN 31 107 772 467
- 2. Past performance is not a guide to future performance. The value of investments and the income from them can fall as well as rise and is not guaranteed. You may not get back the amount originally invested. Changes in the rates of exchange between currencies may cause the value of investments to diminish or increase. Fluctuation may be particularly marked in the case of a higher volatility company and the value of an investment may fall suddenly and substantially. Levels and basis of taxation may change from time to time.
- 3. Any research in this document has been procured and may have been acted on by Global Mining Investments Limited for their own purpose. The results of such research are being made available only incidentally. The views expressed do not constitute investment or any other advice and are subject to change. They do not necessarily reflect the views of Global Mining Investments Limited.
- 4. This document is for information purposes only and does not constitute an offer or invitation to anyone to invest in Global Mining Investments Limited and has not been prepared in connection with any such offer.
- 5. Emerging markets are typically those of poorer or less developed countries. The prospects for economic growth in a number of these markets are considerable and equity returns have the potential to exceed those in mature markets as growth is achieved. However, there are risks to the Company from political, economic and market factors in emerging markets which are of particular significance. These include the possibility of various forms of punitive or confiscatory government intervention, reduced levels of regulation, higher brokerage and transaction commissions, less reliable settlement and custody practices, loss of registration of securities, lower market liquidity, higher market volatility (causing substantial increase in price and currency risks) and less reliable financial reporting.
- 6. Subject to the express requirements of any client-specific investment management agreement or provisions relating to the management of a company, we will not provide notice of any changes to our personnel, structure, policies, process, objectives or, without limitation, any other matter contained in this document.
- 7. Unless otherwise specified, all information contained in this document is current as at 30 September 2011.

Performance in context







1. Concerns over Chinese economy slowing

Source: DataStream to 14th October 2011, US\$ data rebased to 100.

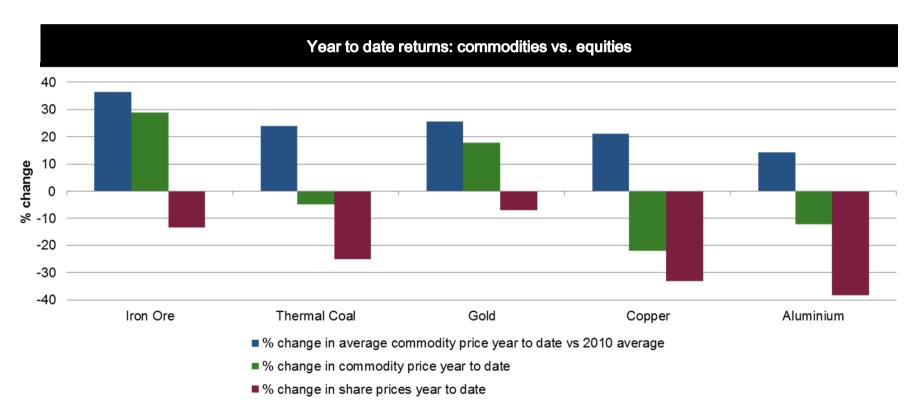
- 2. Japanese earthquake
- 3. European sovereign debt issues re-surface
- 4. Data suggesting slow-down in US economy
- Fear of "default contagion" in Europe
 US raise debt ceiling and S&P downgrade US debt
 Concerns re-emerge over Chinese "hard-landing"

A disconnect between commodity prices and equities



Mining equities have significantly underperformed commodity prices year-to-date Driven by "risk-off" sentiment in market as a result of:

- Eurozone debt crisis and its potential impact on global financial markets
- · Fears over slowing economic growth: USA and China in particular

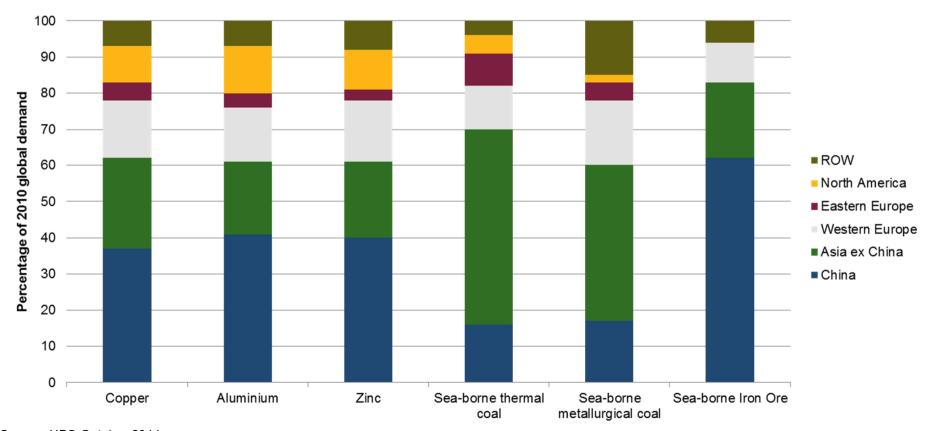


Source: DataStream, CLSA, Bloomberg. Equities represented by HSBC Global Mining sub-sectors except iron ore. Iron ore composite: Rio Tinto, Vale, Fortescue, Cliffs Natural Resources, Kumba, Atlas Iron. Data to 14th October 2011

Breakdown of Global Commodity Demand



- China is a major component of demand for all commodities but there is significant variation in demand across industrial commodities
- Emerging markets as a whole now make up largest component of global demand for industrial commodities
- · Outlook for consumption growth in these regions is a key driver of future commodity prices



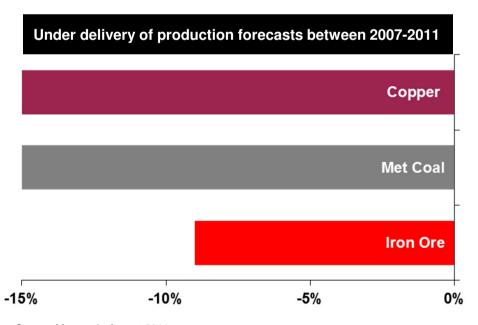
Source: UBS October 2011

Supply-side dynamics



Supply constrained by:

- Average mined grades falling
- Infrastructure challenges
- Discovery rates falling
- Shortage of skilled labour
- Long lead times on equipment
- Geopolitical challenges
- Production shortfalls



Challenges to forecast bulk commodity production:
Growth constrained by congestion on roads, rail and at ports

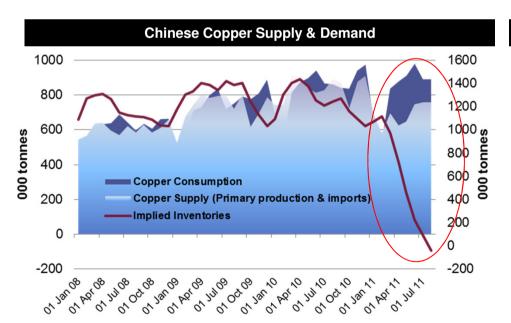


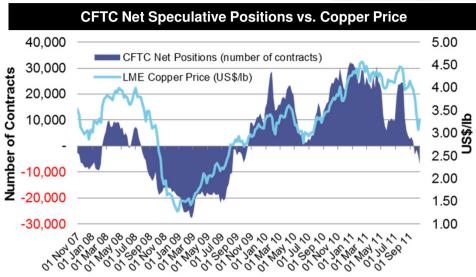
Copper: short termism obscuring robust fundamentals

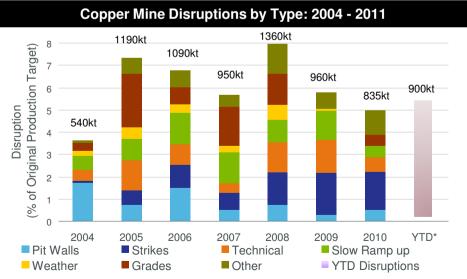


- Market volatility impacting exchange traded metal prices
- Copper price suffered as financial positions in the futures market were liquidated during September
- Underlying fundamentals for copper price remain robust
 - Destocking in China appears to have come to an end
 - Supply side disruptions are keeping the market tight

Source (clockwise from top right): UBS, Brook Hunt & Macquarie, UBS. October 2011. *Macquarie estimate as at end Sep 2011

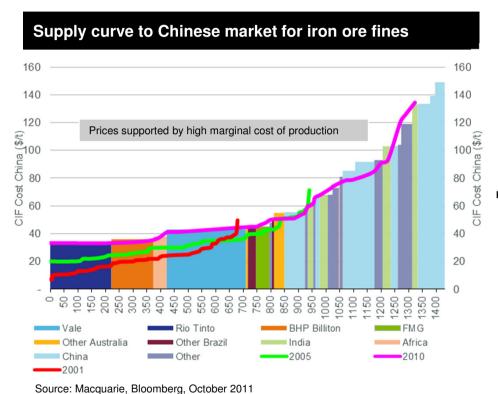


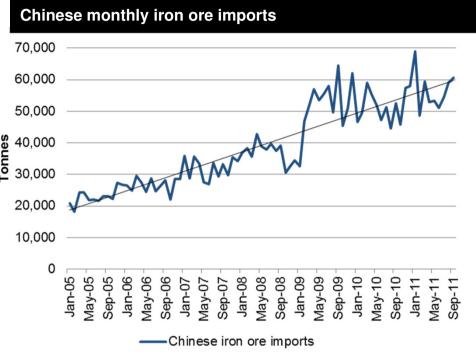




Iron ore price supported by cost curve





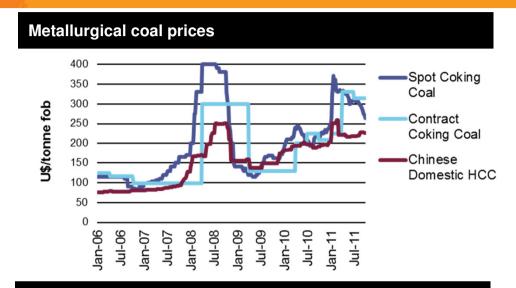


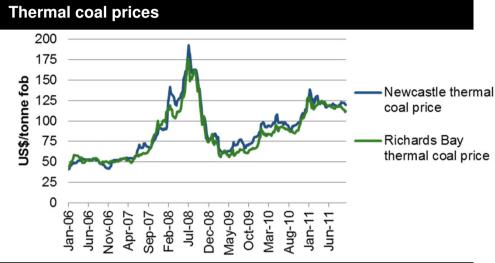
Source: UBS, October 2011

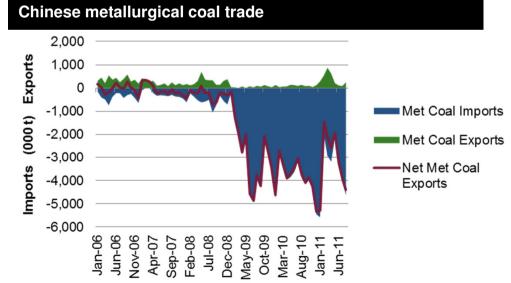
- Estimated marginal cost of production for iron ore have increased by over US\$20 yoy to US\$150/t in 2011
- Provides price support: past experience tells us steels mills switch to higher quality imported ore as price falls below domestic marginal cost of production
- Chinese iron ore imports have actually increased in August and September

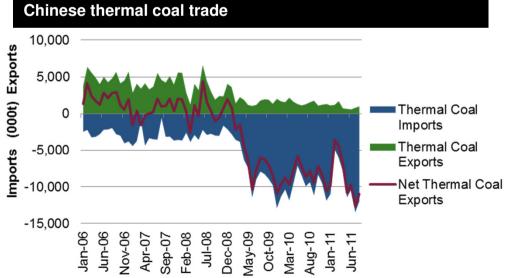
Coal markets: China moves from net exporter to net importer







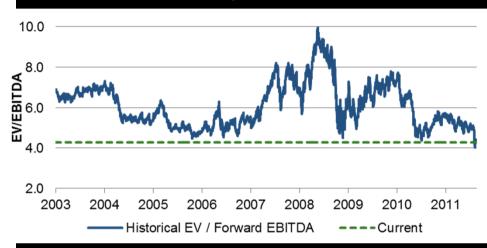




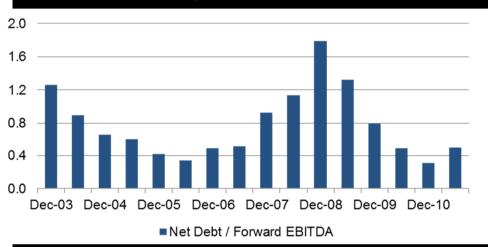
Compelling sector valuations, underpinned by healthy balance sheets



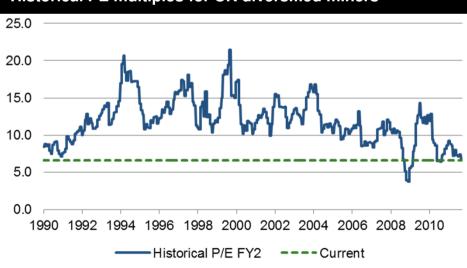
Historical EV/EBITDA multiples for UK diversified miners



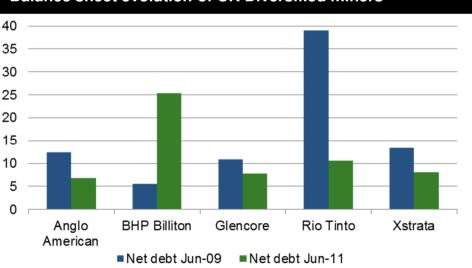
Net Debt/EBITDA multiples for UK Diversified miners



Historical PE multiples for UK diversified miners



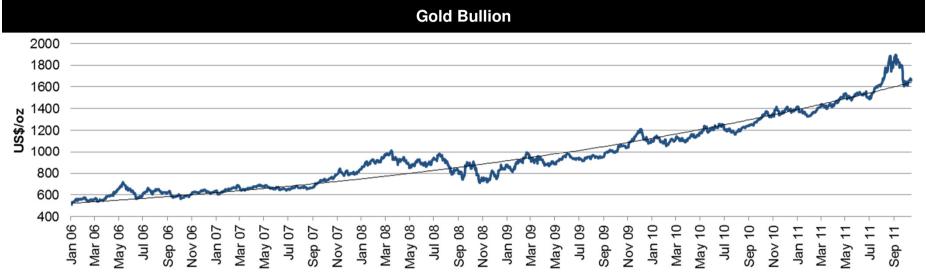
Balance sheet evolution of UK Diversified miners

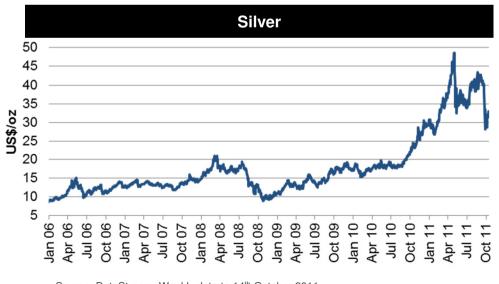


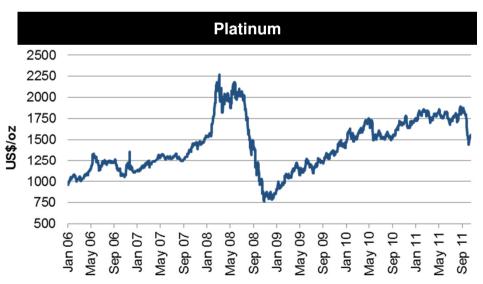
Source: Jefferies, October 2011

Precious metal prices







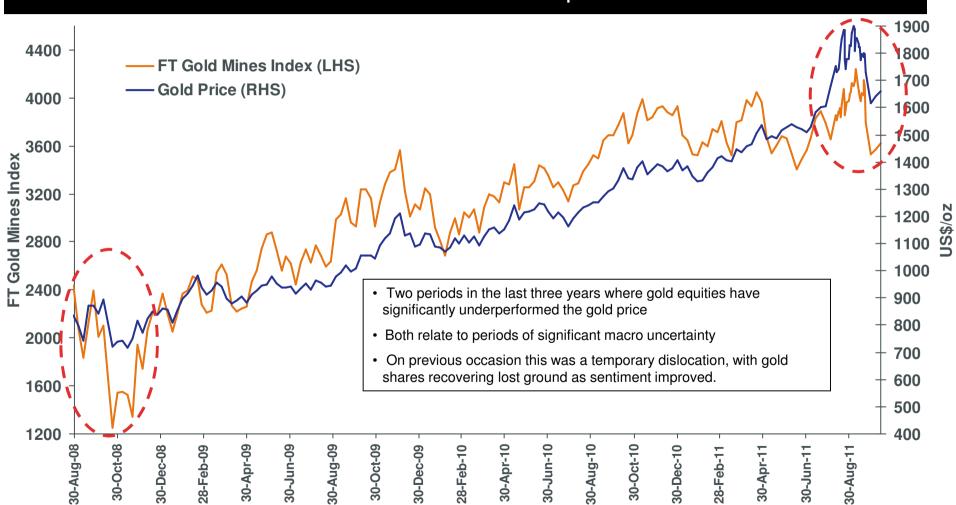


Source: DataStream. Weekly data to 14th October 2011

Gold equities vs. gold price







Source: DataStream, 13th October 2011

Gold mining cash generation



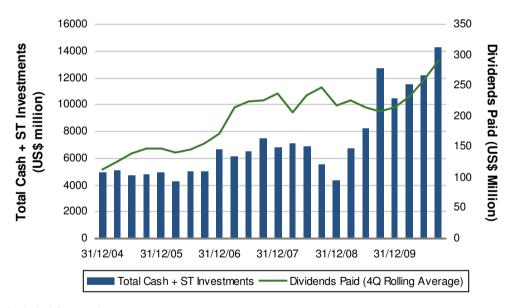
- Operating leverage has returned to the gold sector
- Mining companies delivering on margin growth in rising gold price environment

Margin expansion has returned in the gold mining industry



Source: CIBC August 2011 2011e gold price as at 14th October 2011

Cash and Short Term Investments & Dividends Paid by Gold Producers



Included Companies:

Agnico-Eagle mines Ltd /AngloGold Ashanti Ltd / Barrick / Gold Corp / Eldorado Gold Corp / Gold Fuelds Ltd / Goldcorp inc / IAMGOLD Corp / Kinross Gold Corp / Newcrest mining Ltd / Newmont Mining Corp / Randgold Resources Itd / Yamana Gold Inc



GMI PORTFOLIO

GMI Portfolio Strategy



A portfolio of high calibre companies

- High quality producing assets
- Optionality within existing asset base
- Strong management
- Robust balance sheets

Focus on long life, low cost assets

- Most of capex already spent
- Less prone to capex inflation

Low emphasis on "blue-sky" explorers

Closed-end structure provides ability to:

- Take advantage of opportunities not available to general investor
- Ability to take on gearing

A diversified portfolio providing exposure to the global mining industry

GMI Portfolio Activity



- Successful listing of Glencore in May 2011
- Takeover bids for a number of portfolio's holdings:
 - Barrick takeover of Equinox
 - Banpu bid for Hunnu Coal
 - Rio Tinto/Mitsubishi bid for Coal & Allied
 - China Minmetals bid for Anvil Mining
- Increased exposure to thermal coal and gold
- Rotated exposure to iron ore and copper developers
- Reduced exposure to platinum

GMI Portfolio Update



As at October, 13.8% portfolio in fixed income securities with running yield of 5.5%

- 10.8% in convertible bonds
- 3.0% in corporate bonds

As at October, 7.3% of portfolio in unquoted securities:

· 4 investments of which GV Gold and African Minerals bonds make up the bulk of exposure

Increasing focus on overall income generation although not at the expense of potential for capital appreciation

Favoured commodities iron ore, thermal coal, coking coal and copper

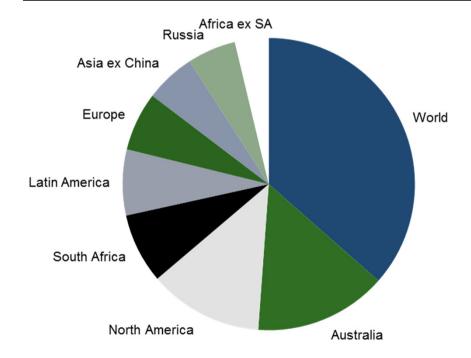
Underweight aluminium, zinc and nickel

GMI portfolio summary

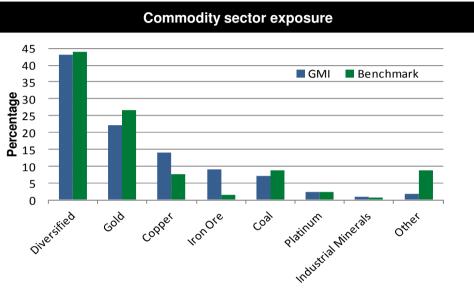


Number of holdings	67		
Cash Level	-4.7%		
Dividend yield (not including fixed income)	2.7%		

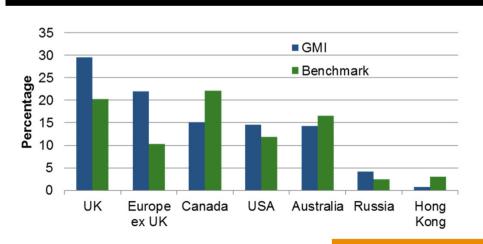
Risk country (by assets)



Source: Internal, end September 2011



Listing country exposure



GMI Top Ten



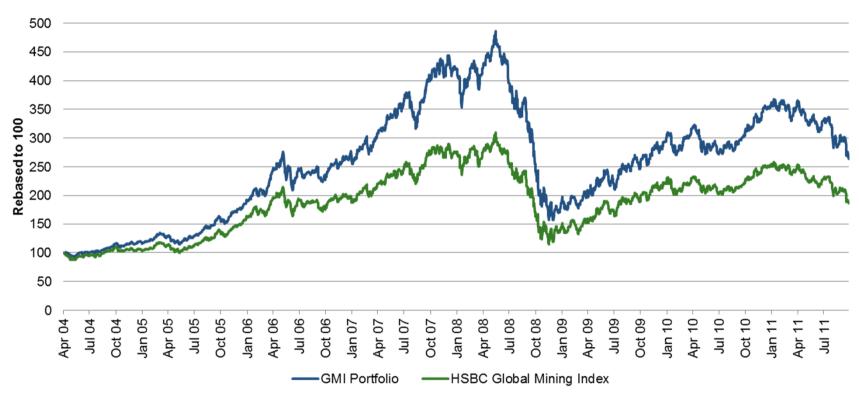
Company	% of Fund	Geography	Commodity	
Glencore	8.8	Global	Diversified	
Rio Tinto	8.5	Global	Diversified	
BHP Billiton	7.8 Global		Diversified	
Vale	6.5	Latin America	Diversified	
GV Gold	4.4	Russia	Gold	
Teck Resources	4.2	North America	Diversified	
Newcrest	4.0	Australia/PNG	Gold	
Freeport McMoran	3.8	Global	Copper	
Anglo American	3.2	Global	Diversified	
Buenaventura	3.1	Latin America	Gold	
Total	54.3%			

Number of Holdings: 67

Source: Internal as at end September 2011. Indicative only and subject to change.

GMI Portfolio Performance (net of management fees)





A\$	1m	3m	6m	1 Yr	3 Yrs (p.a.)	5 Yrs (p.a.)
GMI	-13.3%	-19.5%	-13.7%	-12.5%	-1.7%	2.6%
HSBC Global Mining Index	-12.8%	-17.9%	-14.1%	-14.9%	0.1%	0.8%

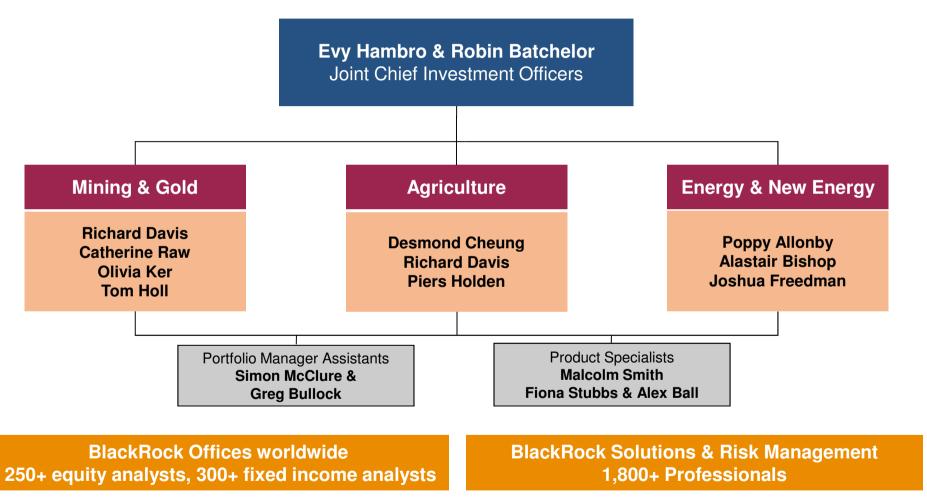
Source: Internal. Performance as at end September 2011. Launched April 2004. Returns over one year are annualised



Appendix

BlackRock's Natural Resources team, London





As at October 2011.

