30 August 2011

Australian Securities Exchange Limited Company Announcements

Dear Sir

Preliminary Final Report (Appendix 4E) Year Ended 30 June 2011

The Directors of Strategic Pooled Development Limited (the "Company") announce the preliminary results of the Company for the year ended 30 June 2011 as follows:-

Results for announcement to the market

	% Change	\$A'000
Revenue from ordinary activities	Down 59.5%	478
Loss from ordinary activities after tax attributable to members	N/A	(738)
Net profit for the period attributable to members	N/A	(738)

Dividends

It is not proposed to pay a final dividend for the year.

Commentary on results for the year

The net loss of the Group for the year ended 30 June 2011 after provision for income tax was (\$738,702) (2010: Profit \$104,681.

A detailed commentary on the results for period are included in the attached report.

The basic and dilutive earnings per share for the year was (2.14) cents per share compared to .30 cents per share in the previous corresponding year.

Net tangible assets per share

Net Tangible Asset Backing per share before provision for deferred tax asset, based on the market value of listed investments and redemption value of unlisted investments of the consolidated group and excluding the value of "client book" is 9.43 cents per share (2010: 11.44 cents per share).

The investments on which the above is based are described at note 8 of the attached report.

Audit

The attached report is based on accounts which have been audited.

Other Information

The remainder of the information requiring disclosure to comply with listing rule 4.3A is contained in the attached report

Additional Information

The date of Annual General Meeting of the Company is yet to be determined

An announcement to shareholders will be made in due course.

Further information regarding Strategic Pooled Development Limited and its activities can be obtained by visiting the company's website at www.spd.com.au

Yours faithfully

J L Walker Secretary

Strategic Pooled Development Limited and its controlled entities

A.B.N. 71 062 187 893

CORPORATE INFORMATION

Board of Directors: Stephen John Sedgman (Managing Director)
John Lawson Walker (Executive Director)

Andrew John Kroger (Non-Executive Director)

Company Secretary: John Lawson Walker

Registered Office Level 1

& 139 Collins Street

Principal Place of Business: Melbourne, Victoria 3000

Telephone: +61 3 9639 1740
Facsimile: +61 3 9639 1861
Email: enquiries@spd.com.au
Website: http://www.spd.com.au

Country of Incorporation: Australia

Number of Employees: Three

(excluding Directors)

Solicitors: Minter Ellison

Rialto Towers 525 Collins Street

Melbourne, Victoria 3000

Auditors: PKF

Level 14

140 William Street

Melbourne, Victoria 3000

Bankers: National Australia Bank Limited

500 Bourke Street

Melbourne, Victoria 3000

Share Registry: Computershare Investor Services Pty Limited

Yarra Falls

452 Johnston Street

Abbotsford, Victoria 3067

Australian Securities Exchange Limited

("ASX"):

The Company's fully paid ordinary shares are quoted on

the Official List of the ASX. The ASX code is SPD and

the Company's Home Branch is Melbourne.

MANAGING DIRECTOR'S REPORT

Strategic Pooled Development Limited (SPD) has sold all listed investments as a result of the proposal to acquire Resolve Coal Pty Limited (Resolve) and Fisher Graham Wealth Pty Ltd (FGW) will also be sold subject to shareholder approval.

Resolve Coal Pty Limited - Proposed Transaction

The board considers the proposed transaction to be in the best interest of shareholders.

All directors have indicated that they will vote their shares in favour of the proposed acquisition of Resolve.

On 12 August 2011, the Company announced that due to "the recent volatility of Australian and global markets", the conditions required to satisfy completion of the proposed Resolve Coal transaction had been extended to 31 October 2011.

At the date of this report, the revised timetable for the proposed acquisition and capital raising has not been determined.

The Board thanks you for your continuing support.

STEPHEN J. SEDGMAN MANAGING DIRECTOR

Melbourne 30 August 2011

Strategic Pooled Development Limited and its controlled entities

A.B.N. 71 062 187 893

DIRECTORS' REPORT

The Directors present their report together with the financial statements of the Group, being the Company and its controlled entities, for the financial year ended 30 June 2011 and the auditor's report thereon.

DIRECTORS:

The names and particulars of the Directors of the Company in office at the date of this report are:

Name of Director	Qualifications, Experience and Special Responsibilities	Directors' meetings and circular resolutions attended by the Director	Directors' meetings and circular resolutions held during the period the person was a Director
Stephen John Sedgman	B.Comm. (Melbourne) Managing Director Appointed 24 September 2007 Mr. Sedgman has over 35 years experience in asset/wealth management business in Australia.	4	4
John Lawson Walker	C.A. Executive Director Appointed 12 October 2007 Mr. Walker has been a Chartered Accountant for over 20 years. He has substantial experience in accountancy and secretarial services to a range of public and private companies.	4	4
Andrew John Kroger	B.Ec. LLB (Monash) ASIA Non-Executive Director Appointed 1 November 1993 (Resigned as Managing Director 24 September 2007) Stockbroking, gold mining and finance experience. Director of various public Companies.	4	4
Company Secretary			
John Lawson Walker	C.A. Appointed 10 July 1997 Mr. Walker has been a Chartered Account in accountancy and secretarial services to		

DIRECTORS' REPORT (cont'd)

DIRECTORS: (cont'd)

Directorships of other listed entities held in the 3-year period to 30 June 2011

Director	Company Name	Date Appointed	Date Resigned
Stephen John Sedgman	N/A	N/A	N/A
John Lawson Walker	Process Wastewater Technologies Limited (delisted 19 October 2007)	31 Mar 2007	Continuing
Andrew John Kroger	Process Wastewater Technologies Limited (delisted 19 October 2007)	19 Apr 1996	Continuing
	CSG Limited	1 Mar 2007	24 Nov 2010

INTERESTS OF DIRECTORS IN SHARES IN THE COMPANY OR IN A RELATED BODY CORPORATE:

The particulars of shares held by the Directors of the Company in the Company or in any related body corporate as at the date of this report, and which are required to be declared in the register of Directors' shareholdings are set out below:

Name of Director	Shareholding
Stephen John Sedgman	6,900,000
John Lawson Walker	12,021,296 *
Andrew John Kroger	330,770

^{*} Mr. Walker is the Trustee of the Eunson Trust, the beneficial and ultimate owner of shares attributed to Mr. Sedgman.

PRINCIPAL ACTIVITIES:

The Group continued its principal activity of investing activities in listed investment and unlisted Australian owned and operated asset and wealth management companies.

REVIEW AND RESULTS OF OPERATIONS:

The Group incurred a loss for the financial year ended 30 June 2011 after provision for income tax of \$850,352 (2010: profit \$38,648).

The result included a decrease in the value of the Company's listed equity portfolio of \$332,479 (including Cryosite Limited \$168,000), and an impairment of \$95,329 in the value of Fisher Graham Wealth Pty Ltd (FGW) and legal costs of \$129,665 in respect of the proposed Resolve acquisition.

As noted elsewhere in this report (refer After Balance Day Events and Likely Future Developments) Strategic Pooled Development Limited (SPD) has agreed to acquire Resolve Coal Pty Ltd (Resolve). The proposed acquisition will be subject to SPD shareholder approval which if obtained, will result in SPD focusing on coal exploration, development and production.

DIVIDENDS:

No dividends have been paid during the year nor is a dividend recommended.

SIGNIFICANT CHANGES IN THE STATE OF AFFAIRS:

There were no significant changes in the state of affairs of the Group during the financial year ended 30 June 2011, other than those changes referred to above under "Review and Results of Operations".

DIRECTORS' REPORT (cont'd)

AFTER BALANCE DATE EVENTS:

On 5 July 2011, the Company announced to the market that the directors of Strategic Pooled Development Limited (SPD) (ASX:SPD) are pleased to announce that SPD has entered into a conditional share and option exchange agreement with Saul Geological Pty Limited (Saul Geo) and others to acquire all of the issued shares and employee options in Resolve Coal Pty Ltd (Resolve Coal). The assets of Resolve Coal are rights to acquire a portfolio of coal assets located in Queensland, Australia and British Columbia, Canada, along with one application for a Queensland coal exploration permit and four applications for Canadian coal licences.

The consideration for the proposed acquisition is \$95.5 million paid by the issue to Saul Geo of 111,302,007 fully paid ordinary shares in SPD and the issue of 47,864,658 employee options exercisable at a nil exercise price for fully paid ordinary shares in SPD. (Note the shares and options are post a proposed consolidation of existing share capital on a one for five basis.)

In conjunction with the proposed acquisition, SPD proposes to raise a minimum of \$20 million and up to \$25 million by the issue of fully paid ordinary shares pursuant to a public offer under a prospectus to be lodged with ASIC.

As the proposed acquisition constitutes a change in nature and scale of the activities of SPD, SPD is required to obtain shareholder approval for the acquisition and to re-comply with the admission requirements of Chapters 1 and 2 of the ASX Listing Rules.

Further, SPD is proposing to dispose of its interests in Fisher Graham Wealth Pty Ltd to Fisher Graham Group Pty Ltd for consideration of a cash payment of \$1.00 and a payment of \$620,000 by Fisher Graham Group Pty Ltd to SPD in full satisfaction of all debts owed by Fisher Graham Wealth Pty Ltd and its related bodies corporate to SPD.

The shareholders' meeting to vote on the above proposals was originally scheduled to be held in September 2011.

On 12 August 2011, the Company announced that due to "the recent volatility of Australian and global markets", the conditions required to satisfy completion of the proposed Resolve Coal transaction had been extended to 31 October 2011.

At the date of this report, the revised timetable for the proposed acquisition and capital raising has not been determined.

LIKELY FUTURE DEVELOPMENTS AND EXPECTED RESULTS:

Based on the announcement referred in the previous paragraphs, subject to shareholder approval and the Resolve transaction proceeding, the Company will change its nature and scale and become a coal explorer with an expected market capitalisation in excess of \$100million.

SHARE OPTIONS:

During the course of, and since the end of the financial year ended 30 June 2011, the Group has not granted any options, nor has it issued any shares by virtue of the exercise of any options. The Group has no unissued shares under option at the date of this report.

REMUNERATION REPORT (AUDITED):

Remuneration of the Directors and Secretary of the Group is referred to as compensation as defined in AASB 124. Compensation levels for the Directors and Secretary of the Group is determined having regard to industry practice and the need to obtain and retain appropriately qualified and experienced industry persons.

Given the size and nature of the Group's business the Board has not adopted a formal compensation policy.

The compensation is of a fixed nature. There are no performance based incentives in the current compensation.

DIRECTORS' REPORT (cont'd)

REMUNERATION REPORT (AUDITED): (cont'd)

The compensation of the Directors' consists of the following:-

- (i) Base fee of \$35,000 per annum
- (ii) Statutory superannuation on the base fee
- (iii) Mr. Walker as both Director and Company Secretary is paid a combined fee of \$45,000 per annum plus statutory superannuation

Set out below are the details of the compensation paid to the Directors and Secretary for the last two financial years.

		Short Term	Benefits			
		Base Fees and Allowances	Non- Monetary	Post Employment Superannuation	Other Benefits	Total
Directors			•	•		
Non-Executive						
Andrew John Kroger	2011	35,000	0	3,150	0	38,150
_	2010	35,000	0	3,150	0	38,150
Executive						
Stephen John Sedgman	2011	35,000	0	3,150	0	38,150
	2010	8,750	0	29,400	0	38,150
John Lawson Walker	2011	45,000	0	4,050	0	49,050
	2010	45,000	0	4,050	0	49,050
Total Compensation	2011	115,000	0	10,350	0	125,350
1	2010	88,750	0	36,600	0	125,350

The Company holds a 70% equity interest in Fisher Graham Wealth Pty Limited (FGW) and its wholly owned subsidiary Geelong Wealth Management Group Pty Limited (GWMG).

Set out below are details of the compensation paid to the Managing Directors of each Company. Details of contracts for both employees are as follows:

- No fixed period;
- Fixed salary reviewed annually;
- Termination is 4 weeks notice;
- Termination payments are statutory leave entitlements and maximum of 4 weeks pay in lieu of notice.

		Short Term	Benefits			
Fisher Graham		Base Fees and	Non-	Post Employment	Other	
Wealth Pty Limited		Allowances	Monetary	Superannuation	Benefits	Total
Managing Director						
Gary Levitt	2011	119,265	0	10,734	0	129,999
·	2010	119,265	0	10,734	0	129,999
Geelong Wealth						
Management Group						
Pty Limited						
Managing Director	_					
Andrew Carey	2011	19,099	0	1,719	0	20,818
(Commenced 6 July	2010	88,026	0	7,923	0	95,949
2009 – Terminated 30						
July 2010)						
Total Compensation	2011	138,364	0	12,453	0	150,817
1	2010	207,291	0	18,657	0	225,948
	2010	207,291	0	18,657	0	2

DIRECTORS' REPORT (cont'd)

REMUNERATION REPORT (AUDITED): (cont'd)

The Company has no other executives.

Relationship between remuneration policy and Group performances.

The tables below sets out summary information about the Group's earnings and movements in shareholder wealth for the five years to June 2011.

	30 June 2011 \$	30 June 2010 \$	30 June 2009 \$	30 June 2008 \$	30 June 2007 \$
Revenue	477,680	1,180,825	305,277	386,802	8,901,815
Net (loss)/profit before tax	(738,702)	104,681	(954,584)	(582,898)	1,970,952
Net (loss)/profit after tax	(738,702)	104,681	(954,584)	(566,856)	1,422,529

As stated previously the key management are paid a fixed remuneration that is considered by the Directors to fairly reflect their contribution to the Company's performance.

	30 June 2011 cents	30 June 2010 cents	30 June 2009 cents	30 June 2008 cents	30 June 2007 cents
Share price at start of year	8.0	13.0	13.0	25.5	24.0
Share price at end of year	8.5	8.0	12.0	13.0	25.5
Dividends (1)	0	0	0	0	11.5
Returns of Capital	0	0	0	0	7.7
Basic earnings per share	(2.14)	0.30	(2.88)	(2.00)	5.69
Diluted earnings per share	(2.14)	0.30	(2.88)	(2.00)	5.69

(1) The dividend of 11.5 cents consisted of 9.7 cents unfranked and 1.8 cents franked at the rate of 30 cents.

End of audited remuneration report.

INDEMNIFICATION OF OFFICERS AND AUDITORS:

Other than for the payment of a premium for Directors & Officers liability insurance neither during nor since the end of the financial year ended 30 June 2011 has the Group:

- (a) indemnified or made a relevant agreement for indemnifying against a liability, a person who is or has been an officer or auditor of the Group or of a related body corporate; or
- (b) paid, or agreed to pay, a premium in respect of a contract insuring against a liability, a person who is or has been an officer or auditor the Group or of a related body corporate.

DIRECTORS' REPORT (cont'd)

AUDIT COMMITTEE:

The current Board members also form the Audit Committee.

There were two Audit Committee meetings during the year ended 30 June 2011. Messrs. Sedgman and Walker attended each meeting. Mr. Kroger attended one meeting.

The main responsibilities of the Audit Committee are set out in the Corporate Governance section of the Directors' Report.

ENVIRONMENTAL REGULATIONS:

The Group is not subject to any environmental regulations.

AUDITOR'S INDEPENDENCE DECLARATION:

The Auditor's independence declaration is set out on page 14 and forms part of this Directors' Report.

NON-AUDIT SERVICES:

The Auditor's did not provide any non-audit services for the year ended 30 June 2011.

PROCEEDINGS ON BEHALF OF THE GROUP:

No person has applied for leave of the court to bring proceedings on behalf of the company or intervene in any proceedings to which the company is a party for the purpose of taking responsibility on behalf of the company for all or part of those proceedings

The company was not part to any such proceedings during the year.

CORPORATE GOVERNANCE STATEMENT:

The Board of Directors are responsible for protecting the rights and interests of the Shareholders through the implementation of sound strategies and action plans and the development of an integrated framework of controls over the Company's resources, functions and assets. The Board's role is to govern the Company and not to manage it. It is the role of senior management (including Executive Directors) to manage the Company in accordance with the strategic goals set by the Board and under its direction. The Board does not have a management function.

Strategic supports the Corporate Governance Principles and Recommendations published by the ASX Corporate Governance Council in December 2007.

The Board, in supporting these principles and recommendations of corporate governance is mindful of its size and composition and, in some cases, the Company seeks to meet the "spirit" of the principles without being in full compliance with those principles.

The Company has an Audit Committee. The Directors consider that the Company is not of a size nor are its affairs of such a nature as to currently justify the formation of additional committees. The Board will form other committees should the need arises.

The Board as a whole, together with the appointed committee, is able to address the governance aspects of the Company's activities and ensure that it adheres to appropriate ethical standards.

Detailed below are the Corporate Governance Principles and Recommendations and how the Company has complied or seeks to comply with them.

DIRECTORS' REPORT (cont'd)

CORPORATE GOVERNANCE STATEMENT (cont'd):

Principle One - Lay solid foundations for management and oversight

1.1 Companies should establish the functions reserved to the board and those delegated to senior executives and disclose those functions.

The Board has adopted a formal charter setting out the obligations and responsibilities of the Board of Directors.

It is the responsibility of the Managing Director, the other Executive Director and other senior executive(s) of the Company to manage the affairs of the Company in accordance with the strategic goals set by the Board and under its direction. The Managing Director is primarily responsible for such management. His responsibilities include implementing and monitoring (together with the Board) the strategic and financial plans for the Company and being the primary channel of communication and point of contact between the executive management and the Board.

There are no letters of appointment for the Executive Directors, Messrs. Sedgman and Walker. In regard to the other senior executive(s) (in the subsidiaries), contracts of employment are in place setting out their term of office, duties, rights and responsibilities and entitlements on termination.

1.2 Companies should disclose the process for evaluating the performance of senior executives.

The Company has not conducted a performance evaluation of the members of the Board during the reporting period, however the performance of the directors and other senior executives is reviewed against the objectives of the Company.

1.3 Companies should provide the information indicated in the Guide to reporting on Principle 1.

The Board Charter can be viewed on the Company's website, www.spd.com.au.

Principle Two - Structure the Board to add value

2.1 A majority of the board should be independent directors.

The Company at present does not have any independent directors.

The Managing Director and Director/Company Secretary are the major shareholders in the Company.

The non –executive Director is the former Managing Director and major shareholder of the Company.

The Board does not consider this a disadvantage to the proper management of the Company, the enhancement of shareholder value nor their ability to carry out their responsibilities as set out in the Board Charter.

The Directors have been selected based upon a determination of the skills and experience considered necessary to achieve the objectives of the Company. Where deemed necessary the Company will seek additional Directors.

2.2 The chair should be an independent director.

As noted above, there are no independent directors, further due to its size the Board has elected not to appoint a permanent Chairman.

DIRECTORS' REPORT (cont'd)

CORPORATE GOVERNANCE STATEMENT (cont'd):

Principle Two - Structure the Board to add value (cont'd)

2.3 The roles of chair and chief executive officer should not be exercised by the same individual.

Refer comments in points 2.2 and 2.3 above.

2.4 The Board should establish a nomination committee.

The Board, given its size and straight forward structure of the Company, does not consider the establishment of a separate nomination committee to be necessary or cost effective at this time.

2.5 Companies should disclose the process for evaluating the performance of the board, its committees and individual directors.

The performance of the Board, Executive Directors and Senior Executives is evaluated in accordance with recommendation 1.2 above.

2.6 Companies should provide the information indicated in the Guide to Reporting on Principle 2.

The names of the Directors of the Company in office at the date of this report are set out elsewhere in the Directors' Report.

For the purposes of the proper performance of their duties, Directors are entitled to seek independent professional advice at the Company's expense, unless the Board determines otherwise.

The Directors stand for re-election by shareholders in accordance with the requirements of the constitution and the ASX Listing Rules (i.e. on a 3 year rotational basis).

The other matters required to be reported upon under this requirement are set out above.

Principle Three - Promote ethical and responsible decision-making

3.1 Companies should establish a code of conduct and disclose the code or a summary of the code.

The Company recognises the need for Directors and employees to observe the highest standards of behaviour and business ethics when engaging in corporate activity. The Company intends to maintain a reputation for integrity. This philosophy is set out in the company's code of ethics/(conduct).

3.2 Companies should establish a policy concerning trading in company securities by directors, senior executives and employees, and disclose the policy or a summary of the policy.

The Company has adopted a Securities Trading Policy which applies to directors, senior executives and other employees.

3.3 Companies should provide the information indicated in the Guide to reporting on Principle 3.

The Code of Ethics and Securities Trading Policy can be viewed on the Company's website.

DIRECTORS' REPORT (cont'd)

CORPORATE GOVERNANCE STATEMENT (cont'd):

Principle Four - Safeguard Integrity in Financial Reporting

4.1 The Board should establish an audit committee

The Board has established a separately constituted Audit Committee.

- 4.2 The audit committee should be structured so that it:
 - consists only of non-executive directors
 - consists of a majority of independent directors
 - is chaired by an independent chair, who is not the chair of the board
 - has at least 3 members

The current audit committee comprises the full Board of the Company. As noted in point 2.1 there are no independent Directors of the Company.

All members are financially literate and have had extensive experience in the preparation and presentation of annual financial reports. In addition, Mr. Walker is a Chartered Accountant with extensive "hands-on" experience in dealing with financial reporting matters.

The Board has approved Mr Walkers' appointment as Chairman of the Committee.

As the composition of the Board changes over time, the Board will review the size and composition of its Audit Committee.

4.3 The audit committee should have a formal charter

The Board has adopted a formal charter for its Audit Committee.

4.4 Companies should provide the information indicated in the Guide to reporting on Principle 4.

As noted above the full Board of the Company comprise the audit committee. The names of the Directors' in office at the date of this report and number of audit committee meetings attended by each are set out elsewhere in the Directors' report.

The audit partner is rotated as is statutorily required. The selection of the auditor is based upon experience, cost effectiveness and overall potential to provide pro-active assistance to the Company within the bounds of auditor independence.

The Charter of the Audit Committee can be viewed on the Company's website.

Principle Five - Make Timely and Balanced Disclosure

5.1 Companies should establish written policies designed to ensure compliance with ASX Listing Rule disclosure requirements and to ensure accountability at a senior executive level for that compliance and disclose those policies or a summary of those policies.

The Company has adopted a market disclosure and communications policy (Continuous Disclosure Policy). The Managing Director and Company Secretary are responsible for ensuring the Companys' continuous disclosure obligations are met.

5.2 Companies should provide the information indicated in the Guide to reporting on Principle 5.

The Continuous Disclosure Policy can be viewed on the Company's website.

DIRECTORS' REPORT (cont'd)

CORPORATE GOVERNANCE STATEMENT (cont'd):

Principle Six - Respect the rights of shareholders

6.1 Companies should design a communications policy for promoting effective communication with shareholders and encouraging their participation at general meetings and disclose their policy or a summary of that policy.

As noted above in relation to recommendation 5.1, the Company has established a market disclosure and communications policy.

It has a website which provides shareholders with ready access to Company information and any ASX announcements such as:

- Annual and Half-yearly financial reports
- Disclosure of monthly NTA's
- Any announcements released to ASX.

The Company invites the auditor to attend the Annual General Meeting of Shareholders.

The Chairman of the meeting will permit shareholders to ask questions of the auditor regarding the preparation and conduct of the audit.

6.2 Companies should provide the information indicated in the Guide to reporting on Principle 6.

The Continuous Disclosure Policy can be viewed on the Companys' website.

Principle Seven - Recognise and Manage Risk

7.1 Companies should establish policies for the oversight and management of material business risks and disclose a summary of those policies.

Although there is no stand alone risk management policy, the Company through its Board Charter and Audit Committee Charter has established policies to identify material financial and other business risks and for the review and management of those risks.

7.2 The board should require management to design and implement the risk management and internal control system to manage the company's material business risks and report to it on whether those risks are being managed effectively. The board should disclose that management has reported to it as to the effectiveness of the company's management of its material business risks.

The Board has charged management with the responsibility of designing and implementing an appropriate system of risk management and internal control. Until the Audit Committee consists of a majority of independent directors, the oversight of management's effectiveness in performing these duties will rest with the full Board.

Declarations as to effectiveness of this requirement are received as part of requirement 7.3 below.

DIRECTORS' REPORT (cont'd)

CORPORATE GOVERNANCE STATEMENT (cont'd):

Principle Seven - Recognise and Manage Risk (cont'd)

7.3 The board should disclose whether it has received assurance from the Chief Executive Officer (or equivalent) and the chief financial officer (or equivalent) that the declaration provided in accordance with section 295A of the Corporations Act is founded on a sound system of risk management and internal control and that the system is operating effectively in all material respects in relation to financial reporting risks.

The size and nature of the activities of the Company does not require the services of a Chief Financial Officer. The Managing Director and the Company Secretary are required to make declarations to the Board in accordance with the requirements of section 295A of the Corporations Act.

7.4 Companies should provide the information indicated in the Guide to reporting on Principle 7.

Except that there is no stand alone risk management policy which can be publicly disclosed, the Company considers it has complied with this recommendation.

Principle Eight - Remunerate Fairly and Responsibly

8.1 The board should establish a remuneration committee

The Board, given its size and the straight forward structure of the Company, does not consider the establishment of a separate remuneration committee to be necessary or cost effective at this time.

8.2 Companies should clearly distinguish the structure of non – executive directors' remuneration from that of executive directors and senior executives.

At this point of time the Board does not consider it necessary to adopt a formal remuneration policy for its Directors. Currently, the Company's three Directors each draw fees of \$35,000 per annum plus superannuation.

In addition, Mr. Walker received a further amount of \$10,000 per annum in his role of Company Secretary.

Senior executives of the subsidiary companies are paid in accordance with the experience and expertise that is required of their position.

As a general rule Directors will be remunerated only by the payment of a fixed annual fee.

An explanation of the basis and quantum of Directors and Executives compensation is set out on pages 5 to 7.

8.3 Companies should provide the information required in the Guide to reporting on Principle 8.

Except to the extent that it relates to a separate remuneration committee, the Company considers it has met complied with this recommendation as required.

Signed in accordance with a resolution of the Board of Directors.

John L. Walker Director

Melbourne 30 August 2011



AUDITOR'S INDEPENDENCE DECLARATION

As lead auditor for the audit of Strategic Pooled Development Limited and its controlled entities for the year ended 30 June 2011, I declare that, to the best of my knowledge and belief, there have been:

- a) no contraventions of the auditor independence requirements as set out in the *Corporations Act 2001* in relation to the audit, and
- b) no contraventions of any applicable code of professional conduct in relation to the audit.

This declaration is in respect of Strategic Pooled Development Limited and the entities it controlled during the year.

J A Mooney Partner PKF

30 August 2011 Melbourne

Tel: 61 3 9603 1700 | Fax: 61 3 9602 3870 | www.pkf.com.au PKF | ABN 83 236 985 726
Level 14, 140 William Street | Melbourne | Victoria 3000 | Australia GPO Box 5099 | Melbourne | Victoria 3001

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT TO THE MEMBERS OF STRATEGIC POOLED DEVELOPMENT LIMITED

Report on the Financial Report

We have audited the accompanying financial report of Strategic Pooled Development Limited, which comprises the statement of financial position as at 30 June 2011, and the statement of comprehensive income, statement of changes in equity and statement of cash flows for the year ended on that date, a summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory notes and the directors' declaration of Strategic Pooled Development Limited (the company) and the consolidated entity. The consolidated entity comprises the company and the entities it controlled at the year's end or from time to time during the financial year.

Directors' Responsibility for the Financial Report

The directors of the company are responsible for the preparation of the financial report that gives a true and fair view in accordance with Australian Accounting Standards and the *Corporations Act 2001* and for such internal control as the directors determine is necessary to enable the preparation of the financial report that is free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error. In Note 1(b), the directors also state, in accordance with Accounting Standard AASB 101 Presentation of Financial Statements, that the financial statements comply with International Financial Reporting Standards.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the financial report based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with Australian Auditing Standards. These Auditing Standards require that we comply with relevant ethical requirements relating to audit engagements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance whether the financial report is free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial report. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgement, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial report, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation of the financial report that gives a true and fair view in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates made by the directors, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial report.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

Independence

In conducting our audit, we have complied with the independence requirements of the *Corporations Act* 2001.

Auditor's Opinion

In our opinion:

- (a) the financial report of Strategic Pooled Development Limited is in accordance with the *Corporations Act 2001*, including:
 - (i) giving a true and fair view of the consolidated entity's financial position as at 30 June 2011 and its performance for the year ended on that date; and
 - (ii) complying with Australian Accounting Standards (including the Australian Accounting Interpretations) and the *Corporations Regulations 2001*, and
- (b) the financial report also complies with International Financial Reporting Standards as disclosed in Note 1(b).

Tel: 61 3 9603 1700 | Fax: 61 3 9602 3870 | www.pkf.com.au PKF | ABN 83 236 985 726 Level 14, 140 William Street | Melbourne | Victoria 3000 | Australia GPO Box 5099 | Melbourne | Victoria 3001

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT (CONT'D) TO THE MEMBERS OF STRATEGIC POOLED DEVELOPMENT LIMITED

Report on the Remuneration Report

We have audited the Remuneration Report included in pages 5 to 7 of the directors' report for the year ended 30 June 2011. The directors of the company are responsible for the preparation and presentation of the Remuneration Report in accordance with section 300A of the *Corporations Act 2001*. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the Remuneration Report, based on our audit conducted in accordance with Australian Auditing Standards.

Opinion

In our opinion, the Remuneration Report of Strategic Pooled Development Limited for the year ended 30 June 2011 complies with section 300A of the *Corporations Act 2001*.

PKF

30 August 2011 Melbourne **J A Mooney** Partner

Strategic Pooled Development Limited and its controlled entities

A.B.N. 71 062 187 893

DIRECTORS' DECLARATION

The Directors of Strategic Pooled Development Limited ('the Company') declare that:

- 1. the financial statements and notes, as set out on pages 18 to 55 and in the remuneration report in the Directors' Report set out on pages 5 to 7, are in accordance with the Corporations Act 2001 and in their opinion;
 - (a) give a true and fair view of the Company's and the consolidated entity's financial position as at 30 June 2011 and of the performance, for the financial year ended on that date; and
 - (b) complying with Australian Accounting Standards (including the Australian Accounting Interpretations) and Corporations Regulations 2001.
- 2. the financial report also complies with International Financial Reporting Standards issued by the International Accounting Standards Board as disclosed in note 1; and
- there are reasonable grounds to believe that the Company and the consolidated entity will be able to pay its debts as and when they become due and payable.

The Directors have been given the declarations by the Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer for the financial year ended 30 June 2011 required by Section 295A of the Corporations Act 2001.

This declaration is made in accordance with a resolution of the Board of Directors.

John L. Walker Director

Melbourne 30 August 2011

STATEMENT OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2011

		CONSOLI	DATED
	Note	2011	2010
		\$	\$
Revenue	2	477,680	1,180,825
Depreciation and amortisation expenses	3	(4,421)	(6,100)
Employee benefits expenses		(468,934)	(496,661)
Office and occupancy expenses		(84,692)	(70,258)
Administration expenses		(94,195)	(84,903)
Adjustment to fair value of investments through the profit of	or		
loss		(332,479)	0
Impairment of goodwill	11	0	(56,238)
Amortisation of client book	11	(76,300)	(81,750)
Impairment of client book	11	(95,329)	(246,600)
Interest expense		0	(955)
Other expenses		(171,682)	(98,712)
(Loss)/profit before income tax		(850,352)	38,648
Income tax credit/(expense)	4	0	0
(Loss)/profit for the year		(850,352)	38,648
Other comprehensive income for the year net of tax		0	0
Total comprehensive income for the year		(850,352)	38,648
(Loss)/profit attributable to:			
Owners of the parent entity		(738,702)	104,681
Non-controlling interest		(111,650)	(66,033)
		(850,352)	38,648
Total comprehensive income attributable to:			·
Owners of the parent entity		(738,702)	104,681
Non-controlling interest		(111,650)	(66,033)
		(850,352)	38,648

	2011	2010
	cents	Cents
Earnings per share for (loss)/profit attributable to the ordinary		
equity holders of the Company:		
Basic Earnings per Share (cents per share) 19	(2.14	0.30
Diluted Earnings per Share (cents per share) 19	(2.14	0.30

 ${\it The\ accompanying\ notes\ form\ part\ of\ these\ financial\ statements}.$

STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2011

	CONSOL	IDATED
Note	2011	2010
	\$	\$
Accumulated (Losses)		
Opening balance	(688,296)	(792,977)
Total comprehensive income attributable to members of the	(333, 33,	(11)
entity	(738,702)	104,681
Closing Balance	(1,426,998)	(688,296)
Issued Capital		
34,500,158 (2010: 34,500,158) fully paid ordinary shares		
Opening balance	5,471,876	5,471,876
Closing balance	5,471,876	5,471,876
Non-Controlling Interest		
Opening balance	(61,135)	4,894
Interest on acquisition of controlled entity	0	4
Total comprehensive income attributable to non-controlling		
interest	(111,650)	(66,033)
Closing balance	(172,785)	(61,135)

 ${\it The\ accompanying\ notes\ form\ part\ of\ these\ financial\ statements}.$

STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION

AS AT 30 JUNE 2011

Note 2011 2010 \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$
CURRENT ASSETS Cash and cash equivalent 21 2,213,596 1,593,482 Trade and other receivables 6 14,767 16,017 Investments 8 1,277,874 1,563,900 Other current assets 7 17,182 6,864 TOTAL CURRENT ASSETS 3,523,419 3,180,263 NON-CURRENT ASSETS 8 0 1,038,773 Property, plant and equipment 9 4,676 5,783 Intangible assets 10 620,000 774,654 TOTAL NON-CURRENT ASSETS 624,676 1,819,210 TOTAL ASSETS 4,148,095 4,999,473 LIABILITIES CURRENT LIABILITIES 12 207,297 87,741 Employee provisions 13 60,705 59,326 Borrowings 14 8,000 129,961 TOTAL CURRENT LIABILITIES 276,002 277,028
CURRENT ASSETS Cash and cash equivalent 21 2,213,596 1,593,482 Trade and other receivables 6 14,767 16,017 Investments 8 1,277,874 1,563,900 Other current assets 7 17,182 6,864 TOTAL CURRENT ASSETS 3,523,419 3,180,263 NON-CURRENT ASSETS 8 0 1,038,773 Property, plant and equipment 9 4,676 5,783 Intangible assets 10 620,000 774,654 TOTAL NON-CURRENT ASSETS 624,676 1,819,210 TOTAL ASSETS 4,148,095 4,999,473 LIABILITIES CURRENT LIABILITIES 12 207,297 87,741 Employee provisions 13 60,705 59,326 Borrowings 14 8,000 129,961 TOTAL CURRENT LIABILITIES 276,002 277,028
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Other current assets 7 17,182 6,864 TOTAL CURRENT ASSETS 3,523,419 3,180,263 NON-CURRENT ASSETS 8 0 1,038,773 Property, plant and equipment 9 4,676 5,783 Intangible assets 10 620,000 774,654 TOTAL NON-CURRENT ASSETS 624,676 1,819,210 TOTAL ASSETS 4,148,095 4,999,473 LIABILITIES CURRENT LIABILITIES Trade and other payables 12 207,297 87,741 Employee provisions 13 60,705 59,326 Borrowings 14 8,000 129,961 TOTAL CURRENT LIABILITIES 276,002 277,028
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NON-CURRENT ASSETS 8 0 1,038,773 Property, plant and equipment 9 4,676 5,783 Intangible assets 10 620,000 774,654 TOTAL NON-CURRENT ASSETS 624,676 1,819,210 TOTAL ASSETS 4,148,095 4,999,473 LIABILITIES Trade and other payables 12 207,297 87,741 Employee provisions 13 60,705 59,326 Borrowings 14 8,000 129,961 TOTAL CURRENT LIABILITIES 276,002 277,028
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Intangible assets
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Borrowings 14 8,000 129,961 TOTAL CURRENT LIABILITIES 276,002 277,028
TOTAL CURRENT LIABILITIES 276,002 277,028
TOTAL LIABILITIES 276 002 277 028
270,002 277,020
NET ASSETS 3,872,093 4,722,445
EQUITY
Issued capital 15 5,471,876 5,471,876
Accumulated (loss) (1,426,998) (688,296)
Parent interest 4,044,878 4,783,580
Non-controlling interest (172,785) (61,135)
TOTAL EQUITY 3,872,093 4,722,445

 ${\it The\ accompanying\ notes\ form\ part\ of\ these\ financial\ statements}.$

STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2011

		CONSOLIDATED		
	Note	2011	2010	
		\$	\$	
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES				
Receipts from operations		332,437	334,530	
Payments to suppliers and employees		(704,481)	(731,674)	
Dividends received		82,915	42,435	
Interest received		59,173	106,647	
NET CASH (USED IN) OPERATING ACTIVITIES	21(b)	(229,956)	(248,062)	
			_	
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES				
Sale of listed investments designated as being at fair value				
through profit or loss		2,843,266	557,648	
Purchase of listed investments designated as being at fair value		(1.950.046)	(1.752.192)	
through profit or loss		(1,850,946)	(1,753,183)	
Purchase of property, plant and equipment Purchase of intangible assets		(3,314)	(4,152)	
Payment for subsidiary, net of cash acquired		(16,975)	(487,843)	
Repayment of borrowings		(121.061)	(14,398)	
Return of capital – listed investments designated as being at fair		(121,961)	0	
value through profit or loss		0	16,000	
NET CASH PROVIDED BY/(USED IN) INVESTING		U	10,000	
ACTIVITIES		850,070	(1,685,928)	
CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES				
Advance from non-controlling interest		0	8,000	
NET CASH PROVIDED BY FINANCING ACTIVITIES		0	8,000	
NET INCREASE/(DECREASE) IN CASH HELD		620,114	(1,925,990)	
Cash and cash equivalent at the beginning of the financial year		1,593,482	3,519,472	
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENT AT THE END OF THE				
FINANCIAL YEAR	21(a)	2,213,596	1,593,482	

 ${\it The\ accompanying\ notes\ form\ part\ of\ these\ financial\ statements}.$

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2011

1. STATEMENT OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

(a) Reporting Entity

Strategic Pooled Development Limited (the "Company") is a publicly listed company domiciled in Australia. The address of the Company's registered office is Level 1, 139 Collins Street, Melbourne, Victoria. The consolidated financial statements of the Company as at and for the year ended 30 June 2011 comprises the Company and its subsidiaries (together referred as to as the "Group" and individually as "Group entities").

The principal activity of the Group is investment. However, subject to shareholder approval, it is intended to focus activity on coal exploration, development and production.

The financial report was authorised for issue by the Board of Directors of the Company on the date shown on the Declaration by the Board of Directors attached to the financial statements.

(b) Basis of Preparation

The financial statements are a general purpose financial statements that has been prepared in accordance with Australian Accounting Standards, Australian Accounting Interpretations, other authoritative pronouncements of the Australian Accounting Standards Board and the Corporations Act 2001.

Australian Accounting Standards set out accounting policies that the AASB has concluded would result in a financial report containing relevant and reliable information about transactions, events and conditions. Compliance with Australian Accounting Standards ensures that the financial statements and notes also comply with International Financial Reporting Standards as issued by the IASB. Material accounting policies adopted in the preparation of this financial report are presented below and have been consistently applied unless otherwise stated.

The separate financial statements of the parent entity, Strategic Pooled Development Limited, have not been presented within this financial report as permitted by the Corporations Act 2001.

The financial statements have been prepared on an accruals basis and is based on historical costs, modified, where applicable by the measurement at fair value of selected non-current assets, financial assets and financial liabilities.

(c) Principles of Consolidation

A controlled entity is any entity over which the Company has the power to govern the financial and operating policies so as to obtain benefits from its activities. In assessing the power to govern, the existence and effect of holdings of actual and potential voting rights are considered.

A list of controlled entities is contained in note 8(b) to the financial statements.

As at reporting date, the assets and liabilities of all controlled entities have been incorporated into the consolidated financial statements as well as their results for the year then ended. Where controlled entities have entered (left) the consolidated group during the year, their operating results have been included (excluded) from the date control was obtained (ceased).

All inter-group balances and transactions between entities in the consolidated group, including any unrealised profits or losses, have been eliminated on consolidation. Accounting policies of subsidiaries have been changed where necessary to ensure consistency with those adopted by the parent entity.

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (cont'd)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2011

1. STATEMENT OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (cont'd)

(c) Principles of Consolidation (cont'd)

Non- controlling interests, being the equity in a subsidiary not attributable, directly or indirectly, to a parent, are shown separately within the Equity section of the consolidated Statement of Financial Position and Statement of Comprehensive Income. The non-controlling interests in the net assets comprise their interests at the date of the original business combination and their share of changes in equity since that date.

Business combinations

Business combinations occur where an acquirer obtains control over one or more businesses.

A business combination is accounted for by applying the acquisition method, unless it is a combination involving entities or businesses under common control. The business combination will be accounted for from the date that control is attained, whereby the fair value of the identifiable assets acquired and liabilities (including contingent liabilities) assumed is recognised (subject to certain limited exemptions).

When measuring the consideration transferred in the business combination, any asset or liability resulting from a contingent consideration arrangement is also included. Subsequent to initial recognition, contingent consideration classified as equity is not remeasured and its subsequent settlement is accounted for within equity. Contingent consideration classified as an asset or liability remeasured each reporting period to fair value, recognising any change to fair value in profit or loss, unless the change in value can be identified as existing at acquisition date.

All transaction costs incurred in relation to the business combination are expensed to the statement of comprehensive income.

The acquisition of a business may result in the recognition of goodwill or a gain from a bargain purchase.

Goodwill

Goodwill is carried at cost less accumulated impairment losses. Goodwill is calculated as the excess of the sum of:

- the consideration transferred;
- any non-controlling interest; and
- the acquisition date fair value of any previously held equity interest.

over the acquisition date fair value of net identifiable assets acquired.

The acquisition date fair value of the consideration transferred for a business combination plus the acquisition date fair value of any previously held interest shall form the cost of the investment in the separate financial statements.

Fair value uplifts in the value of pre-existing equity holdings are taken to the statement of comprehensive income. Where changes in the value of such equity holdings had previously been recognised in other comprehensive income, such amounts are recycled to profit or loss.

The amount of goodwill recognised on acquisition of each subsidiary in which the Group holds less than a 100% interest will depend on the method adopted in measuring the non-controlling interest. The Group can elect in most circumstances to measure the non-controlling interest in the acquire either at fair value (full goodwill method) or at the non-controlling interest's proportionate share of the subsidiary's identifiable net assets (proportionate interest method). In such circumstances, the Group determines which method to adopt for each acquisition and this is stated in the respective notes to these financial statements disclosing the business combination.

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (cont'd)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2011

1. STATEMENT OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (cont'd)

(c) Principles of Consolidation (cont'd)

Under the full goodwill method, the fair value of the non-controlling interest is determined using valuation techniques which make the maximum use of market information where available. Under this method, goodwill attributable to the non-controlling interests is recognised in the consolidated financial statements.

Goodwill on acquisitions of subsidiaries is included in intangible assets. Goodwill on acquisitions of associates is included in investments in associates.

Goodwill is tested for impairment annually and is allocated to the Group's cash-generating units or groups of cash-generating units, representing the lowest level at which goodwill is monitored not larger than an operating segment. Gains and losses on the disposal of an entity include the carrying amount of goodwill related to the entity disposed of.

Changes in the ownership interests in a subsidiary are accounted for as entity transactions and do not affect the carrying values of goodwill.

(d) Functional and Presentation Currency

These consolidated financial statements are presented in Australian dollars, which is the Company's functional currency.

(e) Income Tax

The income tax expense (revenue) for the year comprises current income tax expense (income) and deferred tax expenses (income).

Current income tax expense charged to the profit or loss is the tax payable income calculated using applicable income tax rates enacted, or substantially enacted, as at reporting date. Current tax liabilities (assets) are therefore measured at the amounts expected to be paid to (recovered from) the relevant taxation authority.

Deferred income tax expense reflects movements in deferred tax assets and tax liability balances during the year as well unused tax losses.

Current and deferred income tax expense (income) is charged or credited directly to equity instead of the profit or loss when the tax relates to items that are credited or charged directly to equity.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are ascertained based on temporary differences arising between the tax bases of assets and liabilities and their carrying amounts in the financial statements. Deferred tax assets also result where amounts have been fully expenses but future tax deductions are available. No deferred income tax will be recognised from the initial recognition of an asset or liability, excluding a business combination, where there is no effect on accounting or taxable profit or loss.

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (cont'd)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2011

1. STATEMENT OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (cont'd)

(e) Income Tax (cont'd)

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are calculated at the tax rates that are expected to apply to the period when the asset is realised or the liability is settled, based on tax rates enacted or substantially enacted at reporting date. Their measurement also reflects the manner in which management expects to recover or settle the carrying amount of the related asset or liability.

Deferred tax assets relating to temporary differences and unused tax losses are recognised only to the extent that it is probable that future taxable profit will be available against which the benefits of the deferred tax asset can be utilised.

Where temporary differences exist in relation to investments in subsidiaries, branches, associates, and joint ventures, deferred tax assets and liabilities are not recognised where the timing of the reversal of the temporary difference can be controlled and it is not probable that the reversal will occur in the foreseeable future.

Current tax assets and liabilities are offset where a legally enforceable right of set-off exists and it is intended that net settlement or simultaneous realisation and settlement of the respective asset and liability will occur. Deferred tax assets and liabilities are offset where a legally enforceable right of set-off exists, the deferred tax assets and liabilities related to income taxes levied by the same taxation authority on either the same taxable entity or different taxable entities where it is intended that net settlement or simultaneous realisation and settlement of the respective asset and liability will occur in future periods in which significant amounts of deferred tax assets or liabilities are expected to be recovered or settled.

(f) Financial Instruments

Recognition and initial measurement

Financial instruments, incorporating financial assets and financial liabilities, are recognised when the entity becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the instrument. Trade date accounting is adopted for financial assets that are delivered within timeframes established by marketplace convention.

Financial instruments are initially measured at fair value plus transactions costs where the instrument is not classified as at fair value through profit or loss. Transaction costs related to instruments classified as at fair value through profit or loss are expensed to profit or loss immediately. Financial instruments are classified and measured as set out below.

Derecognition

Financial assets are derecognised where the contractual right to receipt of cash flows expires or the asset is transferred to another party whereby the entity no longer has any significant continuing involvement in the risks and benefits associated with the asset. Financial liabilities are derecognised where the related obligations are either discharged, cancelled or expire. The difference between the carrying value of the financial liability extinguished or transferred to another party and the fair value of consideration paid, including the transfer of non-cash assets or liabilities, is recognised in profit or loss.

Strategic Pooled Development Limited and its controlled entities

A.B.N. 71 062 187 893

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (cont'd)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2011

1. STATEMENT OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (cont'd)

(f) Financial Instruments (cont'd)

Classification and Subsequent Measurement

(i) Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss

Financial assets are classified at fair value through profit or loss when they are held for trading for the purpose of short term profit taking, where they are derivatives not held for hedging purposes, or designated as such to avoid an accounting mismatch or to enable performance evaluation where a group of financial assets is managed by key management personnel on a fair value basis in accordance with a documented risk management or investment strategy. Such assets are subsequently measured at fair value with changes in carrying value being included in profit or loss.

(ii) Loans and receivables

Loans and receivables are non-derivative financial assets with fixed or determinable payments that are not quoted in an active market and are subsequently measured at amortised cost.

(iii) Financial liabilities

Non-derivative financial liabilities (excluding financial guarantees) are subsequently measured at amortised cost.

(iv) Investment in subsidiaries

Investment in subsidiaries are accounted for at cost in the individual financial statements of the parent entity less provision for impairment.

(g) Property, Plant and Equipment

Items of property, plant and equipment are stated at cost less accumulated depreciation.

The carrying amount of property, plant and equipment is reviewed for impairment when events or changes in circumstances indicate that carrying value may not be recoverable. If any such indication exists and where the carrying amount exceeds the estimated recoverable amount the assets are written down to the recoverable amounts.

The depreciable amount of all fixed assets is depreciated on both a straight line basis and diminishing balance basis over their useful lives to the Company commencing from the time the asset is held ready for use. The depreciation rates used for each class of depreciable assets are:

Class of Fixed Asset	Depreciation Rate
Office furniture and equipment	13-40%

Strategic Pooled Development Limited and its controlled entities

A.B.N. 71 062 187 893

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (cont'd)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2011

1. STATEMENT OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (cont'd)

(h) Employee Benefits

Provision is made for employee benefits accumulated as a result of employees rendering services up to the reporting date. These benefits include wages and salaries, annual leave and long service leave.

Liabilities arising in respect of wages and salaries, annual leave and any other employee benefits expected to be settled within twelve months of the reporting date are measured at their nominal amounts based on remuneration rates which are expected to be paid when the liability is settled. All other employee benefit liabilities are measured at the present value of the estimated future cash outflow to be made in respect of services provided by employees up to the reporting date. In determining the present value of future outflows, the market yield as at the reporting date on national government bonds, which have terms to maturity approximately the same as the related liability, are used.

Employee benefits expenses and revenues arising in respect of the following categories:

- wages and salaries, non-monetary benefits, annual leave, long service leave, sick leave and other leave benefits, and
- other types of employee benefits

are recognised against profits on a net basis in their respective categories.

Contributions are made by the Company to employee superannuation funds and are charged as expenses when incurred.

(i) Dividend Imputation

Franked dividends paid are franked at the prevailing general corporate tax rate.

The franking credits available to the Company are disclosed in note 5 to the accounts.

(j) Cash and cash equivalents

For the purpose of the statement of cash flows, cash includes cash on hand and at call deposits with banks or financial institutions, net of bank overdrafts.

(k) Trade and other receivables

Trade and other receivables are stated at their cost less impairment losses.

(l) Revenue

Interest revenue is recognised on an accrual basis taking into account the interest rates applicable to the financial assets.

Dividend revenue is recognised when the right to receive a dividend has been established.

Revenue from commission income is recognised in the accounting period in which the services are rendered.

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (cont'd)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2011

1. STATEMENT OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (cont'd)

(m) Leases

Leases are classified at their inception as either operating or finance leases based on the economic substance of the agreement so as to reflect the risks and benefits incidental to ownership.

Operating Leases:

The minimum lease payments of operating leases, where the lessor effectively retains substantially all of the risks and benefits of the leased item, are recognised as an expense on a straight-line basis.

(n) Trade and other payables

Liabilities for trade payables and other amounts are carried at cost, which is the fair value of the consideration to be paid in the future for goods and services received, whether or not billed to the Company.

(o) Share Capital

Ordinary share capital is recognised at the fair value of the consideration received by the Company. Any transaction costs arising on the issue of ordinary shares are recognised directly in equity as a reduction of the share proceeds received.

(p) Earnings Per Share

Basis earnings per share is determined by dividing the profit after related income tax expense by the weighted average number of ordinary shares outstanding during the financial year.

Diluted earnings per share is determined by dividing the profit after related income tax expense adjusted for the effect of earnings on potential ordinary shares, by the weighted average number of shares both issued and potentially dilutive outstanding during the financial year.

(q) Goods and Services Tax (GST)

Revenues, expenses and assets are recognised net of the amount of GST, except where the GST incurred is not recoverable from the Australian Tax Office. In these circumstances the GST is recognised as part of the cost of acquisition of the asset or as part of an item of the expense. Receivables and payables in the balance sheet are shown inclusive of GST.

Cash flows are presented in the cash flow statement on a gross basis, except for the GST component of investing and financing activities, which are disclosed as operating cash flows.

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (cont'd)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2011

1. STATEMENT OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (cont'd)

(r) Intangibles

Goodwill

Goodwill is carried at cost less accumulated impairment losses. Goodwill is calculated as the excess of the sum of:

- the consideration transferred;
- any non-controlling interest; and
- the acquisition date fair value of any previously held interest,

over the acquisition date fair value of net identifiable assets acquired.

The value of goodwill recognised on acquisition of each subsidiary in which the Group holds less than 100% interest will depend on the method adopted in measuring the aforementioned non-controlling interest. The Group has elected to measure the non-controlling interest's proportionate share of the identifiable net assets (proportionate interest method).

Goodwill on acquisitions of subsidiaries is included in intangible assets. Goodwill is tested for impairment annually and is allocated at subsidiary level, and carried at cost less accumulated impairment losses.

Other Intangible Assets - Client Book

Client Book(s) that are acquired by the Group are initially recorded at cost. They have a finite life which is considered to be between 12 - 15 years.

Clients Book(s) will be carried at cost less accumulated amortisation. Amortisation will be calculated using the straight line method.

(s) Critical Accounting Estimates and Judgements

The Directors evaluate estimates and judgments incorporated into the financial report based on historical knowledge and best available current information. Estimates assume a reasonable expectation of future events and are based on current trends and economic data, obtained both externally and within the Group.

Key estimates

(i) Impairment

The Group assesses impairment at each reporting date by evaluating conditions and events specific to the Group that may be indicative of impairment triggers.

In the previous year the following estimates were used regarding Goodwill:

Goodwill on acquisition of sub-subsidiary: Goodwill is associated with the Australian Financial Services Licence held by the sub-subsidiary. The nature of the licence is such that Goodwill was written-off in the year of acquisition.

Goodwill on acquisition of subsidiary: Goodwill is associated with the purchase of Fisher Graham Wealth Pty Limited in the second half of the year ended 30 June 2009. The Goodwill was written-off in the previous financial year.

In the current year the following estimate was used regarding "client books":

Based on the proposed sale of FGW, the "client books" were written-down to the effective realisable value (refer Note 11).

Strategic Pooled Development Limited and its controlled entities

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NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (cont'd)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2011

1. STATEMENT OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (cont'd)

(t) Changes in accounting policy

There were no changes in accounting policies in the current year.

(u) New Accounting Standards for Application in Future Periods

The Australian Accounting Standards Board has issued new and amended Accounting Standards and Interpretations that have mandatory application dates for future reporting periods and which the Group has decided not to early adopt. A discussion of those future requirements and their impact on the Group is as follows:

 AASB 9: Financial instruments (December 2010) (applicable for annual reporting periods commencing on or after 1 January 2013).

This Standard is applicable retrospectively and includes revised requirements for the classification and measurement of financial assets, as well as recognition and derecognition requirements for financial instruments. The Group has not yet determined any potential impact on the financial statements.

The key changes made to accounting requirements include:

- simplifying the classifications of financial assets into those carried at amortised cost and those carried at fair value;
- simplifying the requirements of embedded derivatives;
- removing the tainting rules associated with held-to-maturity assets;
- removing the requirements to separate and fair value embedded derivatives for financial assets carried at amortised cost;
- allowing an irrevocable election on initial recognition to present gains and losses on investments in equity instruments that are not held for trading in other comprehensive income. Dividends in respect of these investments that are a return on investments can be recognised in profit or loss and there is no impairment or recycling on disposal of the instrument;
- requiring financial assets to be reclassified where there is a change in an entity's business model as they are initially classified based on: (a) the objective of the entity's business model for managing the financial assets; and (b) the characteristics of the contractual cash flows; and
- requiring an entity that chooses to measure a financial liability at fair value to present the portion of the change in its fair value due to changes in the entity's own credit risk in other comprehensive income, except when that would create an accounting mismatch. If such a mismatch would be created or enlarged, the entity is required to present all changes in fair value (including the effects of changes in the credit risk of the liability) in profit or loss.

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (cont'd)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2011

1. STATEMENT OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (cont'd)

- (u) New Accounting Standards for Application in Future Periods (cont'd)
 - AASB 2009-12: Amendments to Australian Accounting Standards [AASBs 5, 8, 108,110, 112, 119, 133, 137 139, 1023 & 1032 and Interpretations 2, 4, 16, 1039 & 1052] (applicable for annual reporting periods on or after 1 January 2011).

This Standard makes a number of editorial amendments to a range of Australian Accounting Standards and Interpretations, including amendments to reflect changes made to the text of IFRSs by the IASB. The Standard also amends AASB 8 to require entities to exercise judgment in assessing whether a government and entities known to be under the control of that government are considered a single customer for the purposes of certain operating segment disclosures. The amendments are not expected to impact the Group.

 AASB 2010-4: Further Amendments to Australian Accounting Standards arising from Annual Improvements Project [AASB 1, AASB 7, AASB 101 & AASB 134 and Interpretation 13] (applicable for annual reporting periods commencing on or after 1 January 2011).

This Standard details numerous non-urgent but necessary changes to Accounting Standards arising from the IASB's annual improvements project. Key charges include:

- clarifying the application of AASB 108 prior to an entity's first Australian Accounting Standards financial statements;
- adding an explicit statement to AASB 7 that qualitative disclosures should be made in the context of the quantitative disclosures to better enable users to evaluate an entity's exposure to risks arising from financial instruments;
- amending AASB 101 to the effect that disaggregation of changes in each component of equity arising from transactions recognised in other comprehensive income is required to be presented, but is permitted to be presented in the statement of changes in equity or in the notes;
- adding a number of examples to the list of events or transactions that require disclosure under AASB 134; and
- making sundry editorial amendments to various Standards and Interpretations.

This Standard is not expected to impact the Group.

• AASB 2010-5: Amendments to Australian Accounting Standards [AASB 1, 3, 4, 5, 101, 107, 112, 118, 119, 121, 132, 133, 134, 137, 139, 140, 1023 & 1038 and Interpretations 112, 115, 127, 132 & 1042] (applicable for annual reporting periods beginning on or after 1 January 2011).

This Standard makes numerous editorial amendments to a range of Australian Accounting Standards and Interpretations, including amendments to reflect changes made to the text of IFRSs by the IASB. However, these editorial amendments have no major impact on the requirements of the respective amended pronouncements.

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (cont'd)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2011

1. STATEMENT OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (cont'd)

(u) New Accounting Standards for Application in Future Periods (cont'd)

 AASB 2010-6: Amendments to Australian Accounting Standards – Disclosures on Transfer of Financial Assets [AASB 1 & AASB 7] (applicable for annual reporting periods beginning on or after 1 July 2011).

This Standard adds and amends disclosure requirements about transfers of financial assets, especially those in respect of the nature of the financial assets involved and the risks associated with them. Accordingly, this Standard makes amendments to AASB 1: First-time Adoption of Australian Accounting Standards and AASB 7: Financial Instruments: Disclosures, establishing additional disclosure requirements in relation of transfer of financial assets.

This Standard is not expected to impact the Group.

AASB 2010-7: Amendments to Australian Accounting Standards arising from AASB 9 (December 2010) [AASB 1, 3, 4, 5, 7, 101, 102, 108, 112, 118, 120, 121, 127, 128, 131, 132, 136, 137, 139, 1023 & 1038 and Interpretations 2, 5, 10, 12, 19 & 127] (applies for periods beginning on or after 1 January 2013).

This Standard makes amendments to a range of Australian Accounting Standards and Interpretations as a consequence of the issuance of AASB 9: Financial Instruments in December 2010. Accordingly, these amendments will only apply when the entity adopts AASB 9.

As noted above, the Group has not yet determined any potential impact on the financial statements from adopting AASB 9.

 AASB 2010-8: Amendments to Australian Accounting Standards – Deferred Tax: Recovery of Underlying Assets [AASB 112] (applies to periods beginning on or after 1 January 2012).

This Standard makes amendments to AASB 112: Income Taxes.

The amendments brought in by this Standard introduce a more practical approach for measuring deferred tax liabilities and deferred tax assets when investment property is measured using the fair value model under AASB 140: Investment Property.

Under the current AASB 112, the measurement of deferred tax liabilities and deferred tax assets depends on whether an entity expects to recover an asset by using it or by selling it. The amendments introduce a presumption that an investment property is recovered entirely through sale. This presumption is rebutted if the investment property is held within a business model whose objective is to consume substantially all of the economic benefits embodied in the investment property over time, rather than through sale.

The amendments brought in by this Standard also incorporate Interpretation 121 into AASB 112.

These amendments are not expected to impact the Group.

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (cont'd)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2011

1. STATEMENT OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (cont'd)

(u) New Accounting Standards for Application in Future Periods (cont'd)

 AASB 2011-1 Amendments to Australian Accounting Standards arising from the Trans-Tasman Convergence Project [AASB 1, AASB 5, AASB 101, AASB 107, AASB 108, AASB 121, AASB 128, AASB 132 & AASB 134 and Interpretations 2, 112 & 113].

These amendments are a consequence of Phase 1 of the joint Trans-Tasman Convergence project of the AASB and the FRSB. Phase 1 has addressed the harmonisation of financial reporting requirements across the Tasman in relation to for-profit entities that assert compliance with International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRSs). The Boards were keen to first address differences from IFRSs and between Australian and New Zealand Standards as they apply to for-profit entities, on the basis that such entities are the most likely to claim compliance with IFRSs and trade across the Tasman.

This Standard makes amendments to a range of Australian Accounting Standards and Interpretations for the purpose of closer alignment to IFRSs and harmonisation between Australian and New Zealand Standards. In some instances, the AASB has removed guidance and definitions from Australian Accounting Standards for conformity of drafting with IFRSs but without any intention to change requirements. These include the following deletions:

- definition of 'entity' (paragraph Aus7.1 of AASB 101 Presentation of Financial Statements);
- guidance relating to true and fair view (paragraph Aus15.1 of AASB 101); and
- footnote (attached to paragraphs 33 and 34 of AASB 132 Financial Instruments: Presentation) and guidance (paragraph Aus15C.1 of Interpretation 112 Consolidation Special Purpose Entities) relating to the prohibition of a company acquiring shares in itself.

The table below sets out Australian Accounting Standards and Interpretations affected by this Standard and outlines the corresponding amendment. The table provides the subject of the amendments, identifying whether an amendment is a deletion from a Standard/Interpretation, an addition to a Standard or a relocation from a Standard to AASB 1054

 AASB 2011-2 Amendments to Australian Accounting Standards arising from the Trans-Tasman Convergence Project – Reduced Disclosure Requirements [AASB 101 & AASB 1054].

AASB 1054 contains the Australian-specific disclosures that are in addition to International Financial Reporting Standards. AASB 2011-1 contains the related amendments to other Australian Accounting Standards. For example, some of the disclosure requirements previously in paragraphs Aus15.1-Aus15.3 and other paragraphs of AASB 101 are now included in AASB 1054 instead.

This Standard makes amendments to AASB 1054 to introduce reduced disclosure requirements to that Standard for entities preparing general purpose financial statements under Australian Accounting Standards – Reduced Disclosure Requirements. These reflect the reduced disclosure requirements originally specified in AASB 2010-2 for AASB 101 disclosures that are now in AASB 1054.

The Group does not anticipate early adoption of any of the above Australian Accounting Standards.

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (cont'd)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2011

1. STATEMENT OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (cont'd)

(u) New Accounting Standards for Application in Future Periods (cont'd)

• Consolidated Financial Statements

IFRS 10: "Consolidated Financial Statements" was issued by the IASB in May 2011 and replaces both the existing IAS 27: "Consolidated and Separate Financial Statements" and SIC 12: "Consolidation - special Purpose entities". This new standard revises the definition of control and related application guidance so that a single control model can be applied to all entities. This standard will apply to the Group from 1 July 2013 and we are currently assessing the impact on the Group. Early adoption is permitted.

There have also been consequential amendments to IAS 27: "Consolidated and Separate Financial Statements" resulting from the issuance of IFRS 10. These amendments are applicable from 1 July 2013 and will have no impact on the Group as we already comply with the amendments.

Joint Arrangements

IFRS 11: "Joint Arrangements" was also issued by the IASB in May 2011 and provides for a more realistic reflection of joint arrangements by focusing on the rights and obligations of the arrangement, rather than its legal form. The standard addresses inconsistencies in the reporting of joint arrangements by requiring a single method to account for interests in jointly controlled entities. This standard is applicable from 1 July 2013, with early adoption permitted. Management is assessing the impact on the Group.

Disclosure of Interests in Other Entities

IFRS 12: "Disclosure of Interests in other Entities" was issued by IASB in May 2011 and is a new and comprehensive standard on disclosure requirements for all forms of interests in other entities, including subsidiaries, joint arrangements, associates, special purpose vehicles and other off balance sheet vehicles. This standard is applicable from 1 July 2013 and management is currently assessing the impacts of the standard, which will be limited to disclosure impacts only.

There have also been consequential amendments to IAS 28: "Investment in Associates" as a result of the above new standard. These amendments are applicable from 1 July 2013 and will have no impact on the Group as we already comply with the amendments.

• Fair Value Measurement

IFRS 13: "Fair Value Measurement" was issued by IASB in May 2011 and provides a precise definition of a fair value, is a single source of fair value measurement and prescribes disclosure requirements for use across IFRSs. The requirements do not extend the use of fair value accounting, but provide guidance on how it should be applied where its use is already required or permitted by other standards within IFRS. The standard will apply to the Group from 1 July 2013, although early adoption is permitted. We are currently assessing the impacts of this standard on the Group.

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NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (cont'd)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2011

1. STATEMENT OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (cont'd)

(u) New Accounting Standards for Application in Future Periods (cont'd)

• Presentation of Items of Other Comprehensive Income (OCI)

IAS 1: "Presentation of Financial Statements" was amended by the IASB in June 2011 and provides improvements to the presentation of items of OCI. The main change is the requirement to group items within OCI that will be reclassified to the profit or loss in subsequent periods separately, from items of OCI that will not. The amendments also reaffirm existing requirements that items of OCI and profit or loss can be presented as either a single statement or two consecutive statements. The revised IAS 1 will apply to Strategic from 1 July 2012 however, early adoption is permitted. These amendments will have no financial impact on Strategic as these changes impact disclosure requirements only.

• Employee Benefits

IAS 19: "Employee Benefits" was issued by the IASB in June 2011 to replace the existing employee benefits standard. The key changes are as follows:

- Actuarial gains and losses have been renamed to 'remeasurements' and will be recognised immediately in OCI. Actuarial gains or losses will no longer be deferred using the corridor approach or recognised in profit or loss;
- Measurement of defined benefit expense will include net interest income or expense, calculated by applying a discount rate to the net defined benefit asset or liability. The discount rate used is based on either a corporate or government bond rate. This will remove the requirement to include an expected return on plan assets as part of the measurement of the defined benefit expense;
- Presentation of defined benefit cost has been disaggregated into three components; service
 cost to be presented in profit or loss, net interest on the net defined benefit asset or liability in
 the profit or loss as part of finance costs and remeasurements to be presented in OCI; and
- Additional disclosures are required about the characteristics of benefit plans, the amounts recognised in the financial statements and the risks arising from defined benefit plans.

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NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (cont'd)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2011

	CONSOLIDATED	
	2011	2010
	\$	\$
2. (a) REVENUE		
Revenue from operating activities		
Adjustment to fair value of listed investments designated as		
being at fair value through profit or loss	0	455,720
Commissions received	244,319	222,702
Dividends received on financial assets designated at fair	,	,
value through profit or loss	87,116	42,435
Interest received on bank deposits	58,127	101,540
Total revenues from operating activities	389,562	822,397
Revenue from non-operating activities		
Write-back of amount due on purchase of client book	0	246,600
Office costs reimbursed	88,118	111,828
Total revenues from non-operating activities	88,118	358,428
Total revenues	477,680	1,180,825

2. (b) SEGMENT INFORMATION

The groups financial performance is viewed as Investment income of SPD "the company" and the fee income generated by the FGW Group.

Unless otherwise stated all amounts are determined in accordance with accounting policies that are consistent to those adopted in the annual financial statements.

Inter-segment adjustments are accounted for in accordance with note 1(c) to the financial statements.

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (cont'd)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2011

2. (b) SEGMENT INFORMATION (cont'd)

Year ended 30 June 2011	FGW Group	Investment Income	Inter-Segment Adjustment	Total
Revenue			<u> </u>	
External Revenue	256,095	163,458	0	419,553
Interest Revenue	875	57,252	0	58,127
Interest Revenue:				
- FGW Group	0	113,568	(113,568)	0
Total Segment Revenue	256,970	334,278	(113,568)	477,680
Expenses				
Interest Expense	113,568	0	(113,568)	0
Depreciation	800	3,621	0	4,421
Amortisation				
- Client Books	76,300	0	0	76,300
Impairment				
- Client Books	95,329	0	0	95,329
 Advance to subsidiary 	0	484,804	(484,804)	0
Adjustment to fair value of				
investments through the profit				
and loss	0	332,479	0	332,479
Other Segment Expenses	334,199	482,622	2,682	819,503
Total Segment Expenses	620,196	1,303,526	(595,690)	1,328,032
Net (loss)/profit before income tax	(363,226)	(969,248)	482,122	(850,352)

Year ended 30 June 2010	FGW Group	Investment Income	Inter-Segment Adjustment	Total
Revenue		meome	Tajustinent	
External Revenue	222,702	598,466	0	821,168
Interest Revenue	841	100,699	0	101,540
Interest Revenue:				
- FGW Group	0	65,757	(65,757)	0
- Write-back of amount due on	246,600	0	0	246,600
purchase of client book				
Other inter-segment:				
- Adjustment	0	0	11,517	11,517
Total Segment Revenue	470,143	764,922	(54,240)	1,180,825
Expenses				
Interest Expense	66,712	0	(65,757)	955
Depreciation	100	6,000	0	6,100
Amortisation				
- Client Books	81,750	0	0	81,750
- Goodwill	14,398	41,840	0	56,238
Impairment				
- Client Books	246,600	0	0	246,600
- Advance to subsidiary	0	235,000	(235,000)	0
Other Segment Expenses	380,333	371,250	(1,049)	750,534
Total Segment Expenses	789,893	654,090	(301,806)	1,142,177
Net (loss)/profit before income tax	(319,750)	110,832	247,566	38,648

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (cont'd)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2011

2. (b) SEGMENT INFORMATION (cont'd)

Year ended 30 June 2011	FGW Group	Investment Income	Inter-Segment Adjustment	Total
Segment assets	723,093	4,045,002	(620,000)	4,148,095
Increases for the period - capital expenditure - acquisitions	1,570 16,975	1,744 0	0 0	3,314 16,975
Segment Liabilities	1,393,250	223,178	(1,340,426)	276,002

The inter-segment adjustments to assets and liabilities are predominantly related to intercompany advances.

Year ended 30 June 2010	FGW Group	Investment Income	Inter-Segment Adjustment	Total
Segment assets	871,885	4,885,430	(757,842)	4,999,473
Increases for the period - capital expenditure - acquisitions	4,006 624,204	146 0	0 0	4,152 624,204
Segment Liabilities	1,175,512	94,358	(992,842)	277,028

The inter-segment adjustments to assets and liabilities are predominantly related to intercompany advances.

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NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (cont'd)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2011

	CONSOLIDATED	
	2011 \$	2010 \$
3. PROFIT/(LOSS) FOR THE YEAR	Ψ	Ψ
Loss has been arrived at after charging (crediting) the following items:		
(a) Expenses		
Depreciation of property, plant and equipment	4,421	6,100
Amounts paid to superannuation plans	39,809	71,057
Rental expenses on operating leases - minimum lease payment	48,622	36,977
4. INCOME TAX		
(a) The components of tax expense comprise:		
Current tax payable	0	0
Income tax (credit)/expense	0	0
(b) The prima facie tax on (loss)/profit from ordinary activities before income tax is reconciled to the income tax as follows: Prima facie tax payable on (loss)/profit before income tax at 30% (2010: 30%)		
- consolidated group	(255,106)	11,594
Add/(Less): Tax effect of:	(255,100)	11,374
- Non-deductible amortisation and impairment	51,489	115,376
- Other non-allowable items	(87,186)	(64,282)
- Deferred tax asset not recognised	290,803	(62,688)
Income tax (credit)/expense attributable to entity	0	0
(c) Tax rates	0%	0%

The reduced effective tax rate is due to the deferred tax not recognised.

(d) Unrecognised deferred tax assets

A deferred tax asset for the consolidated entity of \$960,035 (2010: \$849,608) has not been recognised. The asset arises largely from realised and unrealised losses on the adjustment to fair value of investments designated at fair value through the profit and loss. A deferred tax asset has not been recognised in respect of this item because the Directors do not currently consider it probable that future taxable profits will be available against which the company can utilise the benefits therefrom.

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NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (cont'd)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2011

5. DIVIDENDS PAID OR PROPOSED

There has been no dividend paid or declared during the current or previous financial year nor is it proposed to declare a dividend for the year ended 30 June 2011.

At 30 June 2011, the Company's franking account stood at \$1,769,891 at 30% (2010: \$1,728,245 at 30%).

No income tax is expected to be paid in respect of the 2011 financial year subsequent to the financial year, therefore the franking credits available for the subsequent financial year is \$1,769,891 (2010: \$1,728,245).

	CONSOLIDATED	
	2011	2010
	\$	\$
6. RECEIVABLES (CURRENT)		
Interest receivable	14,767	11,612
Non-trade debts receivable – others	0	4,405
	14,767	16,017

There are no balances within receivables that contain assets that are not impaired and are past due. It is expected these balances will be received when due. There are no impaired assets.

7. OTHER CURRENT ASSETS

A.B.N. 71 062 187 893

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (cont'd)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2011

	CONSOLIDATED	
	2011	2010
	\$	\$
8. INVESTMENTS		
Total Investments		
Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss		
- Current investments listed	377,751	1,563,900
- Current investments unlisted	900,123	0
- Non-current investments listed	0	1,038,773
	1,277,874	2,602,673

(a) Financial assets designated at their value through profit and loss:

		Consolidated			
Name of Entity and		Percentage of Issued Shares Carrying held: Amount:			
Principal Activity		2011	2010	2011	2010
		%	%	\$	\$
<u>Listed Investments</u> Cryosite Limited (biologicals storage system)	(at fair value) ⁽¹⁾ Interest held in 0 (2010: 8,656,443) Ordinary Shares Bid Price: 2011: N/A (2010: \$0.012)	0%	18.56%	0	1,038,773
Mineral Resources Limited	Interest held in 20,000 (2010: 40,000) Ordinary shares Bid Price: 2011: \$11.50 (2010: \$8.08)	N/A	N/A	230,000	323,200
Customers Limited	Interest held in 0 (2010: 100,000) Ordinary shares Bid Price: 2011: N/A (2010: \$2.75)	N/A	N/A	0	275,000
CSG Limited	Interest held in 150,000 (2010: 300,000) Ordinary shares Bid Price: 2011: \$0.99 (2010: \$1.81)	N/A	N/A	147,751	541,500
Westpac Banking Corp	Interest held in 0 (2010: 20,000) Ordinary shares Bid Price: 2011: N/A (2010: \$21.21)	N/A	N/A	0	424,200
Current Investments Non-Current Investments				377,751 0	1,563,900 1,038,773
<u>Unlisted Investments</u> OC Concentrated Fund	(at fair value)(2) Interest held in 653,210 (2010: 0) Units Redemption Price \$1.378 (2010: N/A)	N/A	N/A	900,123	0

⁽¹⁾ Fair value of listed investments on the Australian Securities Exchange is determined by reference to the 'bid price' is represented by the "bid price" as per published price quotations (refer note 1(f)).

⁽²⁾ Fair value of unlisted investments is determined by reference to the quoted redemption price as published by the Fund Manager – "OC Funds Management Limited".

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NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (cont'd)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2011

8. INVESTMENTS (cont'd)

(b) Controlled entity:

	INCORPORATION	OWNERSHII	P INTEREST
		2011	2010
Controlled entities consolidated			
Subsidiaries of Strategic Pooled Development Limited			
- Fisher Graham Wealth Pty Limited (FGW) and its wholly			
owned subsidiary Geelong Wealth Management Group Pty			
Limited (GWMG).	Australia	70%	70%
- Fisher Graham Wealth Private Pty Limited 60% owned by			
(FGW).			

Controlled entity disclosure information

On 16 October 2009, FGW acquired 60% in Fisher Graham Wealth Private Pty Limited for a purchase consideration of \$14,400 representing 12 ordinary fully paid shares. There is no additional consideration payable. This acquisition represents the Group's further investment in asset and wealth management based businesses. The goodwill is attributable to the Australian Financial Services Licence (AFSL) held by FGWP. The goodwill is not deductible for tax purposes. Included within other expenses in the statement of comprehensive income are acquisition related costs totalling \$8,600 for legal advice.

As noted below the fair value of the shares is based upon the value ascribed to the AFSL owned by FGWP. Consideration was for cash, based on 60% of the fair value.

The non-controlling interests 40% has been determined on the same basis.

The assets and liabilities arising from the acquisition are as follows:

	Acquiree's carrying amount	Fair Value
Consisting of:		
Cash	4	4
Goodwill on consolidation	0	23,996
	4	24,000
Less: minority interests		(9,600)
Net assets acquired		14,400

The revenue of FGWP Pty Limited included in the consolidated revenue of the Group since acquisition was \$16,618 and the profit included in the consolidated profit of the Group was \$1,573. Had the results relating to FGWP Pty Limited been consolidated from 1 July 2009, revenue would have been \$1,180,825 and a consolidated profit of \$38,648 for the year ended 30 June 2010.

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (cont'd)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2011

		CONSOLII	DATED
		2011	2010
		\$	\$
9.	PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT		
Office and	l computer equipment – at cost	114,003	110,689
Accumula	ted depreciation	(109,327)	(104,906)
Net carryin	ng amount of property, plant and equipment	4,676	5,783
Reconcilia	ation		
Carrying a	amount at beginning	5,783	7,731
	for the year	3,314	4,152
Depreciati	on expense	(4,421)	(6,100)
Carrying a	amount at end	4,676	5,783
10.	INTANGIBLE ASSETS		
Goodwill -	- at cost	0	56,238
Less: imp	airment	0	(56,238)
		0	0
Client boo	ok – at acquisition cost	1,119,979	1,103,004
	airment of client book	(341,929)	(246,600)
Less: amo		(158,050)	(81,750)
		620,000	774,654
		620,000	774,654
11.	RECONCILIATION OF MOVEMENTS IN INTANG	IBLE ASSETS	
Goodwill			
	beginning of the year	0	41,840
_	ns through business combinations	0	14,398
Less: imp	airment charges	0	(56,238)
		0	0
The impa	irment of Goodwill has been determined in accordance wi	ith estimates desc	cribed in note 1(
Client boo	ok		
Balance at	beginning of the year	774,654	493,200

Acquisitions

Less: amortisation

Less: impairment of client book

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16,975

(95,329)

(76,300)

620,000

609,804

(246,600)

(81,750)

774,654

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (cont'd)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2011

11. RECONCILIATION OF MOVEMENTS IN INTANGIBLE ASSETS (cont'd)

As stated in the Directors' Report on the 5 July 2011 the Company announced proposals regarding the acquisition of various coal assets and the sale of FGW. As a result of the proposal to sell FGW, the Directors have determined the carrying value of client books to be \$620,000 thereby requiring an impairment of \$95,329.

The Impairment of the client book in the previous year was as a result of the determination of the final purchase price based on the recurring revenue for the 12 month period since acquisition date (June 2009), as determined by the contract of purchase.

As a result of the Impairment of \$246,600 there was an amount of \$246,600 included in Comprehensive income in the previous year, being the write back of amount due on purchase of client book.

Client books have a finite life. Amortisation has been determined as described in note 1(r). The Group has used an amortisation period of 12 years. The remaining amortisation period of Client book is 10 years.

All amounts of impairment and amortisation are disclosed in the statement of comprehensive income.

On 12 August 2011, the Company announced that due to "the recent volatility of Australian and global markets", the conditions required to satisfy completion of the proposed Resolve Coal transaction had been extended to 31 October 2011.

At the date of this report, the revised timetable for the proposed acquisition and capital raising has not been determined.

	CONSOLIDATED	
	2011	2010
	\$	\$
12. TRADE AND OTHER PAYABLES		
Sundry payables and accrued expenses	207,297	87,741
13. EMPLOYEE PROVISIONS		
Current employee benefits		
- Annual leave	37,815	37,766
- Long service leave	22,890	21,560
Aggregated employee benefits	60,705	59,326
14. BORROWINGS		
Due to non-controlling interest	8,000	8,000
Amount due pursuant to contract of purchase - secured	0	121,961
	8,000	129,961

The secured borrowings outstanding at 30 June 2010 were extinguished during the financial year. The amount was secured by a floating charge over the "client book". The carrying amount of the security at cost was \$609,804.

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (cont'd)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2011

CONSOLIDATED

	2011	2010
	\$	\$
15. ISSUED CAPITAL		
Issued and paid up capital 34,500,158 ordinary shares fully paid (2010: 34,500,158		
ordinary shares)	5,471,876	5,471,876
Movements during the year		_
Balance at beginning of year		
34,500,158 (2010: 34,500,158) shares	5,471,876	5,471,876
	5,471,876	5,471,876

The Company has no preference shares or unissued shares for which options are outstanding. The Company does not have any restricted securities on issue.

Ordinary shares have the right to receive dividends as declared and, in the event of winding up the Company, to participate in the proceeds from the sale of all surplus assets in proportion to the number of and amounts paid up on shares held.

Ordinary shares entitle their holder to one vote, either in person or by proxy, at a meeting of the Company.

The Company has unlimited authorised capital with no par value.

An objective of the Board is to maximise returns to shareholders. Since inception the Company has managed its capital and returns to shareholders via returns of capital and payment of dividends.

The Group's debt and capital includes ordinary shares and financial liabilities supported by financial assets.

In recent years the Company has made strategic placements of shares in order to assist in the replenishment of the asset base of the Company.

This enhanced capital base affords the Company greater opportunities for investment in asset and wealth management businesses while mitigating risk through diversification.

In the previous year the Company took on a limited level of debt associated with the acquisition of the 'Client Book' by Geelong Wealth Management Group Pty Limited. This has now been repaid.

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NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (cont'd)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2011

CONSOLIDATED

2011 2010
\$ \$

16. AUDITORS' REMUNERATION

Total of all remuneration received, or due and receivable by the auditors, in connection with:
- Audit and review services

41,450 27,052

17. KEY MANAGEMENT PERSONNEL AND RELATED PARTY DISCLOSURES

The following persons are key management personnel of the Group pursuant to AASB 124 at any time during the reporting period and unless otherwise indicated were key management personnel for the entire period.

Executive Directors & Officers

S.J. Sedgman - Managing Director

J.L. Walker - Company Secretary and Director

G. Levitt - Managing Director - Fisher Graham Wealth Pty Limited

A. Carey - Managing Director - Geelong Wealth Management Group Pty Limited - resigned 30 July 2010.

Non-Executive Directors

A.J. Kroger

During the financial year ended 30 June 2011, the following transactions took place with related parties:

- (a) The Group received \$30,744 (2010: \$58,367) from S.H.R. Pty Limited ("SHR"), for the provision of administration services at commercial rates. SHR is a Company associated with Mr. Kroger.
- (b) The Group received \$57,374 (2010: \$53,461) from Process Wastewater Technologies Limited ("PWT") for the provision of administration services at commercial rates. PWT is a company of which Messrs. Kroger and Walker are Directors.
- (c) The Group paid \$1,200 (2010: \$6,510) being reimbursement of car parking costs to Fisher Graham Group Pty Limited (FGG). FGG is a wholly owned subsidiary of BTI (refer note (d) below.)
- (d) The Group Paid \$16,688 (2010: \$Nil) to Beautess Investments Pty Limited (BTI) being reimbursement of office rental.
 - Mr. Walker is the Trustee of the Eunson Trust.
 - BTI of which Mr. Sedgman is a Director, is a wholly owned by the Eunson Trust.
 - FGG, of which Messrs. Sedgman and Walker are Directors, is a wholly owned subsidiary of BTI.
- (e) The Company owns a 70% interest in Fisher Graham Wealth Pty Limited (FGW). Mr. Levitt is a Director of FGW and holds a 15% interest in FGW.
 - Messrs. Sedgman and Walker are Directors of FGW in their capacity as representatives of SPD.

All transactions with Director related entities are on a commercial basis no more favourable than those available, or which might reasonably be expected to be available, on similar transactions to non-Director related entities on an arm's length basis.

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (cont'd)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2011

17. KEY MANAGEMENT PERSONNEL AND RELATED PARTY DISCLOSURES (cont'd)

(f) During the current and previous years, the Company made advances to various subsidiaries as detailed below. The balance of these advances at balance date net of write-off of bad debt and impairment are as follows:

Fisher Graham Wealth Pty Limited
Geelong Wealth Management Group Pty Limited
Interest received by Company for the year
Fisher Graham Wealth Pty Limited
Geelong Wealth Management Group Pty Limited

2011	2010
\$	\$
0	20,000
620,000	737,843
31,526	10,860
82,042	54,897

Mr. Levitt is a Director of both FGW and GWMG.

Mr. Carey is a Director of GWMG.

(f) Key Management Personnel's shareholdings – 2011

	Balance	Received as	Options	Net Change	Balance
Directors	1-Jul-10	Remuneration	Exercised	Other	30-Jun-11
Stephen John Sedgman*	6,450,000	0	0	450,000	6,900,000
John Lawson Walker*	11,059,395	0	0	961,901	12,021,296
Andrew John Kroger	330,770	0	0	0	330,770
Gary Levitt	0	0	0	0	0
Andrew Carey	0	0	0	0	0

^{*} Mr. Walker is a Trustee of the Eunson Trust, the beneficial and ultimate owner of shares attributed to Mr. Sedgman.

Key Management Personnel's shareholdings - 2010

	Balance	Received as	Options	Net Change	Balance
Directors	1-Jul-09	Remuneration	Exercised	Other	30-Jun-10
Stephen John Sedgman*	5,750,000	0	0	700,000	6,450,000
John Lawson Walker*	10,015,359	0	0	1,044,036	11,059,395
Andrew John Kroger	330,770	0	0	0	330,770
Gary Levitt	0	0	0	0	0
Andrew Carey	0	0	0	0	0

^{*} Mr. Walker is a Trustee of the Eunson Trust, the beneficial and ultimate owner of shares attributed to Mr. Sedgman.

2010	2011
\$	\$
296,041	253,365
55,257	22,803
351 298	276 168

Short term employee benefits Post employment benefits

18. CONTINGENT LIABILITIES

There were no contingent liabilities outstanding against the Group at the end of the current or previous financial year. No contingent liabilities in respect of, termination benefits under service agreements with Directors, or any other persons involved in the management of the Group existed at the end of the current or previous financial year.

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NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (cont'd)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2011

19. EARNINGS PER SHARE

The following reflects the profit/(loss) and share data used in the calculations of basic and diluted earnings per share.

(Loss)/earnings used in the calculation of basic and diluted earnings per share

Weighed average number of ordinary shares of the Group outstanding during the financial year, used in the calculations of basic and diluted earnings per share

2011 \$	2010 \$
(738,702)	104,681
34,500,158	34,500,158

20. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT

Financial Risk Management Policies

The Group's financial instruments consist mainly of deposits with banks, listed share investments, accounts receivable, accounts payable and borrowings.

The risk management of net cash balances and listed investments is by the Board as a whole.

Being a small Board, discussions are held on an informal but regular basis to ensure adverse effects on financial performances are kept to a minimum given the market conditions.

(i) Financial Risk Exposures and Management

The main risks the Group is exposed to through its financial instruments are interest rate risk, liquidity risk, credit risk and price risk.

Interest Rate Risk

Interest rate risk is currently on short-term deposits with bank. These are managed according to cash requirements.

Liquidity Risk

The Group manages liquidity risk by monitoring forecast cash flows and ensuring that cash resources are adequately maintained. Borrowings, when they occur, are likely to be associated with acquisition of intangible assets.

Credit Risk

The maximum exposure to credit risk, excluding the value of any collateral or other security, at balance date to recognised financial assets, is the carrying amount, net of any provisions for impairment of those assets, as disclosed in the balance sheet and notes to the financial statements.

As at balance date, acquired intangible assets have been provided as security against borrowings.

The Group holds large cash balances with a major Australian bank. The Group does not consider this to be an exposure to a material credit risk. The Group does not have a significant exposure to material credit risk in its other financial instruments. All financial instruments are neither past due nor impaired.

Price Risk

The Group holds significant investments which are listed on the Australian Securities Exchange. The Group has exposure to price risk via movements in the share price of its investments.

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (cont'd)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2011

20. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT (cont'd)

(ii) Financial Instrument composition and maturity analysis

Consolidated

The tables below reflect the undiscounted contractual settlement terms for financial instruments, as well as management's expectations of the settlement period.

2011	Floating interest rate \$	Non-interest bearing \$	Total \$
Financial Assets:	-	<u>т</u>	-
Cash and cash equivalents	2,213,596	0	2,213,596
Receivables	0	14,767	14,767
Investments	0	1,277,874	1,277,874
Total	2,213,596	1,292,641	3,506,237
Financial Liabilities:			
Trade and other payables	0	207,297	207,297
Employee entitlements	0	60,705	60,705
Borrowings	0	8,000	8,000
Total	0	276,002	276,002
	Floating interest rate	Non-interest bearing	Total
2010	\$	\$	\$

2010	Floating interest rate	Non-interest bearing	Total
2010	\$	\$	\$
Financial Assets:			
Cash and cash equivalents	1,593,482	0	1,593,482
Receivables	0	22,881	22,881
Investments	0	2,602,673	2,602,673
Total	1,593,482	2,625,554	4,219,036
Financial Liabilities:			
Trade and other payables	0	87,741	87,741
Employee entitlements	0	59,326	59,326
Borrowings	0	129,961	129,961
Total	0	277,028	277,028

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (cont'd)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2010

20. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT (cont'd)

(ii) Financial Instrument composition and maturity analysis (cont'd)

All financial assets and financial liabilities fall due within 1-year. At the end of the reporting period there are no financial assets that are impaired (2010: nil).

CONSOLIDATED

2010

Trade and other payables are expected to be paid as follows:

	2011	2010
	\$	\$
Trade and other payables – less than 2 months	60,705	87,741
Borrowings – greater than 3 months and less than 6 months	8,000	121,961
Borrowings – greater than 6 months and less than 12 months	0	8,000
	68,705	217,702

Net fair values

Net fair values of financial assets and liabilities are determined on the following basis:

Cash, cash equivalents: the carrying amount approximates fair value because of their short-term to maturity.

Account receivable and payable: the carrying amount approximates fair value.

Borrowings: the carrying amount approximates fair value.

Employee entitlements: the carrying amount approximates fair value.

Investments: for financial investments traded in organised financial markets, fair value is the current quoted market bid price for an asset.

The carrying amount and net fair values of financial assets and financial liabilities are as follows:

Consolidated	Note	Carrying Amount		Net Fair Value		
		2011	2010	2011	2010	
		\$	\$	\$	\$	
Financial Assets						
Cash and cash equivalent	21	2,213,596	1,593,482	2,213,596	1,593,482	
Receivables	6 & 7	14,767	22,881	14,767	22,881	
Investments	8	1,277,874	2,602,673	1,277,874	2,602,673	
		3,506,237	4,219,036	3,506,237	4,219,036	
Financial Liabilities					_	
Trade and other payables	12	207,297	87,741	207,297	87,741	
Employee entitlements	13	60,705	59,326	60,705	59,326	
Borrowings	14	8,000	129,961	8,000	129,961	
		276,002	277,028	276,002	277,028	

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NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (cont'd)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2011

20. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT (cont'd)

(ii) Financial Instrument composition and maturity analysis (cont'd)

Net fair values (cont'd)

The table below analyses financial instruments carried at fair value, by valuation method. The different levels have been defined as follows:

Level	Valuation Method
Level 1	Quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities
Level 2	Inputs other than quoted prices included within Level 1 that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly (i.e. as prices) or indirectly (i.e. derived from prices).
Level 3	Inputs for the asset or liability that are not based on observable market data (unobservable inputs).

The following methods and assumptions are used to determine the net fair values of financial assets and liabilities.

Financial asset or liability	Fair value method
Cash, cash equivalents and short-term deposits	The carrying amount approximates fair value because of
	their short-term to maturity (Level: n/a).
Receivables and payables	The carrying amounts approximate fair value (Level: n/a).
Investments (listed securities)	The fair value is calculated using quoted prices in active markets (Level 1).
Other investments (term deposits)	The carrying amount approximates fair value because of
	their term to maturity is only 12 months (Level: n/a).

Financial Assets

Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss:

- Investments (listed securities)
- Investments (unlisted securities)

Total – Level 1 and Level 2

201	11	2010)
\$	\$	\$	\$
Level 1	Level 2	Level 1	Level 2
377,751		2,602,673	
	900,123		0
	1,277,874		2,602,673

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NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (cont'd)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2011

20. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT (cont'd)

(iii) Sensitivity Analysis

Interest Rate Risk and Price Risk

The following tables illustrate sensitivities to the Group's exposure to interest rate risk and price risk. The table indicates the impact on how profit and equity values reported at balance date would have been affected by changes in the relevant risk variable that management assesses to be in a range that is not unreasonably possible.

Interest Rate Sensitivity Analysis (cash and cash equivalents)

At 30 June, the effect on profit and equity as a result of changes in the interest rate with all other variables remaining constant would be as follows (bp = basis points):

CONSOLIDATED

	CONSULIDATED	
	2011	2010
	\$	\$
Change in profits		
- increase in interest rate by 75bp (75bp)	11,951	11,951
- (decrease) in interest rate by 75bp (75bp)	(11,951)	(11,951)
Change in equity		
- increase in interest rate by 75bp (75bp)	11,951	11,951
- (decrease) in interest rate by 75bp (75bp)	(11,951)	(11,951)

Price Risk Sensitivity Analysis

As a result of the "Resolve Coal" transaction, both listed and unlisted investments were disposed of subsequent to balance date.

These disposals were at a value slightly in excess of their values at balance date.

Therefore no price sensitivity analysis has been presented for the current year.

At 30 June, the effect on profit and equity as a result of changes in the price risk, with all other variables remaining constant would be as follows:

	CONSOLIDATED	
	2011	2010
	\$	\$
Change in profits		
- increase in share price by Nil (15%)	0	390,401
- (decrease) in share price by Nil (15%)	0	(390,401)
Change in equity		
- increase in share price by Nil (15%)	0	390,401
- (decrease) in share price by Nil (15%)	0	(390,401)

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (cont'd)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2011

	CONSOLIDATED	
	2011	2010
A1 NOTES TO THE CASH EN ON STATEMENT	\$	\$
21. NOTES TO THE CASH FLOW STATEMENT		
(a) Reconciliation of cash and cash equivalent		
For the purposes of the cash flow statement, cash includes cash on hand and in banks and on short term deposit for less than 30 days. Cash at the end of the financial year as shown in the statement of cash flows is reconciled to the related items in the balance sheet as follows:		
Cash at bank and in hand	222,529	155,457
Short term bank deposits	1,991,067	1,438,025
Cash	2,213,596	1,593,482
		<u> </u>
(b) Reconciliation of operating (loss) after income tax to net cash (used in) operating activities		
(Loss)/profit after income tax	(850,352)	38,648
Adjustment for non cash income and expense items		
(Profit) on the sale of investments	(442,176)	(22,767)
Depreciation of property, plant and equipment	4,421	6,100
Adjustment to fair value investments	774,655	(432,949)
Amortisation of Client Book and intangibles	76,300	137,988
Impairment of Client Book and intangibles	95,329	0
Changes in assets and liabilities		
Decrease/(increase) in receivables and other debtors	(9,068)	4,465
(Decrease)/increase in accounts payable	119,556	23,762
Increase/(decrease) in provision for employee entitlements	1,379	(3,309)
NET CASH (USED IN) OPERATING ACTIVITIES	(229,956)	(248,062)
(c) (i) Acquisition of Entity - 2010		
During the year ended 30 June 2010 the Group acquired a 60% interest in the controlled entity – Fisher Graham Wealth Private Pty Limited (FGWP). Details of the transactions are:		
Purchase consideration (being cash)		14,400
Consisting of:		
Assets and liabilities held at acquisition date:		
Cash Coadwill on consolidation		4
Goodwill on consolidation		14,398
Less non-controlling interests in acquisition		(2)
Cash outflow on acquisition	=	14,400

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NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (cont'd)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2011

CONSOLIDATED

	CONSOLIDATED	
	2011	2010
	\$	\$
22. OPERATING LEASE COMMITMENTS		
Non-cancellable operating leases contracted for but not capitalised in the financial statements: Payable – minimum lease payments:		
- not later than 12 months	26,207	25,520
- between 12 months and 5-years	9,987	43,947
	36 194	69 467

The Company operates on a monthly tenancy only. Including in the rental amount is outgoings calculated or a proportion of costs based on lettable area of tenancy.

The lack of a lease does not impose any restrictions which are considered detrimental to the operations of the Company.

A subsidiary, GWMG, holds a non-cancellable lease for a 3-year term to 28 February 2013, with an option to renew the lease at the end of the 3 years for 2 further terms of 3-years.

GWMG has provided an irrevocable bank guarantee in favour of the landlord to the sum of \$12,100. The bank guarantee is supported by a term deposit of \$12,100.

Rent is payable monthly in advance. Rent is reviewed annually to CPI increase and to market if the option to renew is exercised.

23. **EMPLOYEE BENEFITS**

Aggregate liability for employee benefits including costs:		
Current		
Other creditors and accruals	16,080	16,932
Provision for employee entitlements	60,705	59,326
	76,785	76,258

The Group contributes to the individual superannuation of its full-time employees at the rate of 9% of salary. The fund is a fully-vested accumulated contribution type plan.

24. EVENTS AFTER THE BALANCE SHEET DATE

On 5 July 2011, the Company announced to the market that the directors of Strategic Pooled Development Limited (SPD) (ASX:SPD) are pleased to announce that SPD has entered into a conditional share and option exchange agreement with Saul Geological Pty Limited (Saul Geo) and others to acquire all of the issued shares and employee options in Resolve Coal Pty Ltd (Resolve Coal). The assets of Resolve Coal are rights to acquire a portfolio of coal assets located in Queensland, Australia and British Columbia, Canada, along with one application for a Queensland coal exploration permit and four applications for Canadian coal licences.

The consideration for the proposed acquisition is \$95.5 million paid by the issue to Saul Geo of 111,302,007 fully paid ordinary shares in SPD and the issue of 47,864,658 employee options exercisable at a nil exercise price for fully paid ordinary shares in SPD. (Note the shares and options are post a proposed consolidation of existing share capital on a one for five basis.)

In conjunction with the proposed acquisition, SPD proposes to raise a minimum of \$20 million and up to \$25 million by the issue of fully paid ordinary shares pursuant to a public offer under a prospectus to be lodged with ASIC.

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (cont'd)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2011

24. EVENTS AFTER THE BALANCE SHEET DATE (cont'd)

As the proposed acquisition constitutes a change in nature and scale of the activities of SPD, SPD is required to obtain shareholder approval for the acquisition and to re-comply with the admission requirements of Chapters 1 and 2 of the ASX Listing Rules.

Further, SPD is proposing to dispose of its interests in Fisher Graham Wealth Pty Ltd to Fisher Graham Group Pty Ltd for consideration of a cash payment of \$1.00 and a payment of \$620,000 by Fisher Graham Group Pty Ltd to SPD in full satisfaction of all debts owed by Fisher Graham Wealth Pty Ltd and its related bodies corporate to SPD.

The shareholders' meeting to vote on the above proposals was scheduled to be held in September 2011.

On 12 August 2011, the Company announced that due to "the recent volatility of Australian and global markets", the conditions required to satisfy completion of the proposed Resolve Coal transaction had been extended to 31 October 2011.

At the date of this report, the revised timetable for the proposed acquisition and capital raising has not been determined.

25. SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION ON THE PARENT ENTITY

As a result of the passing of the Corporate Reporting Reform Bill 2010, the requirement to provide parent entity financial statements has been removed.

However the following information on the parent entity is required to be disclosed:-

	2011	2010
	\$	\$
Current Assets	4,045,002	3,086,937
Non Current Assets	0	1,798,493
Total Assets	4,045,002	4,885,430
Current Liabilities	223,178	94,358
Non Current Liabilities	0	0
Total Liabilities	223,178	94,358
Issued Capital	5,471,876	5,471,876
Accumulated Losses	(1,650,052)	(680,804)
Total Equity	3,821,824	1,791,072
(Loss)/profit for the year	(969,248)	152,674
Total Comprehensive (loss)/income for the year	(969,248)	152,674
Guarantees	0	0
Contingent Liabilities	0	0
Capital Commitments	0	0