

**ROCKLANDS COPPER PROJECT (CDU 100%)**

**EXPLORATION UPDATE**

**HIGH-RESOLUTION SUB AUDIO MAGNETICS (SAM) GEOPHYSICS SURVEY  
HIGHLIGHTS PREVIOUSLY UNIDENTIFIED STRUCTURES THOUGHT TO BE  
ASSOCIATED WITH MINERALISATION AT WILGAR**

One of the most exciting prospects at Rocklands, in addition to the Company's world-class JORC compliant copper resources (currently being developed), is the Wilgar Prospect.

Wilgar is a unique and separate Polymetallic Prospect, for which a resource estimate has not yet been completed, located approximately 1.6km to the north-west of the flagship Las Minerale resource, and includes the following high-grade intersections;

**Gold; 9m @ 97.9 g/t Au** - Diamond Drill Hole DODH248 (from 5m)

**Silver; 10m @ 250 g/t Ag** - Diamond Drill Hole DODH285 (from 5m)

**Uranium; 9m @ 2500 ppm U** - Diamond Drill Hole DODH261 (from 13m)

**Tellurium; 9m @ 652 ppm Te** - Diamond Drill Hole DODH248 (from 5m)

**Molybdenum; 14m @ 2450 ppm Mo** - Diamond Drill Hole DODH346 (from 5m)

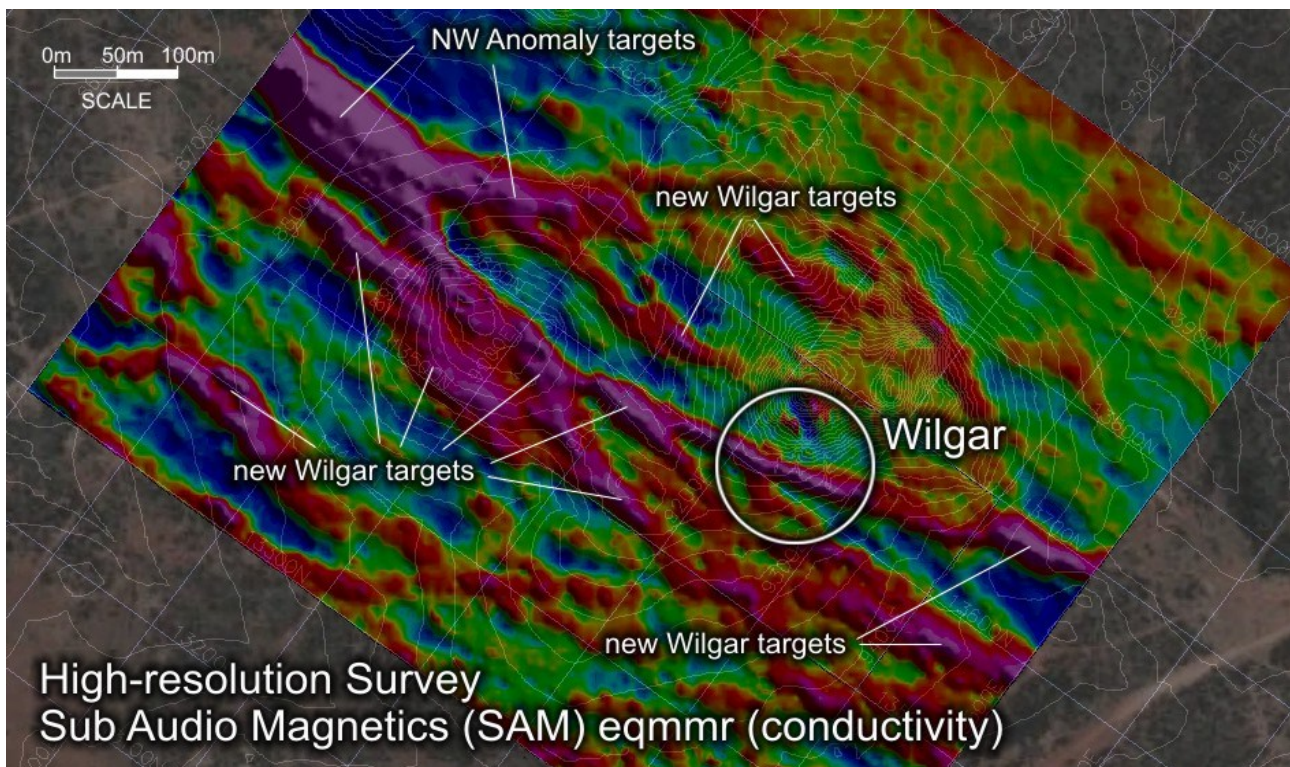


Figure 1: New high-resolution SAM survey (eqmmr - conductivity), at the Wilgar Prospect (Au, Ag, U, Te, Mo) and extending to the North-west Anomaly Prospect (Cu, Co, Au, Ag, Mo), most of which is hidden from surface beneath the Corella Formation



Figure 2: Wilgar Twin-hills, as viewed from the top of the nearby Breccia Hill, with indicative outline of currently identified Wilgar mineralisation (dark and light shading). The dark shaded area is the shallow mineralised outline identified to date from bedrock drilling. The light-red shaded area is the interpreted sub-cropping high-grade zone which is up to 15m wide. Mineralisation remains open along strike to the west, north, and at depth. Uranium mineralisation has not previously been targeted.

### **High-resolution Sub Audio Magnetics (SAM) Geophysics Survey Highlights Previously Unidentified Structures Thought to be Associated with Mineralisation at Wilgar**

A significant geophysics programme is currently underway over numerous locations across the Rocklands Project ML90177 and the Company's new EPM18054. Sub Audio Magnetics (SAM) has been an invaluable exploration tool with an amazing success rate for identifying mineralisation at Rocklands, particularly when incorporated with surface geochemical analysis.

Standard resolution grid (similar to that previously used at Rocklands to identify the Las Minerale orebody), is being applied to the new EPM18054 survey, and high-resolution close-spaced grids are being applied at the Wilgar and Fairfield Prospects.

Preliminary results for conductivity and magnetics have been received from the new high-resolution Wilgar survey, potentially identifying numerous previously unknown structures thought to be associated with mineralisation at Wilgar.

The current SAM Geophysics Survey includes the following data acquisition and processing;

- Entire coverage of EPM18054 (SAM and TMI/TFMMR (galvanic))
- High-resolution coverage of the area immediately surrounding Wilgar (SAM and TMI/TFMMR (galvanic))
- High-resolution coverage of the area immediately surrounding Fairfield (SAM and TMI/TFMMR (galvanic))
- Re-processing of existing and new data to generate 3D inversion models



Figure 3: Difficult topography makes drill-planning somewhat challenging at Wilgar

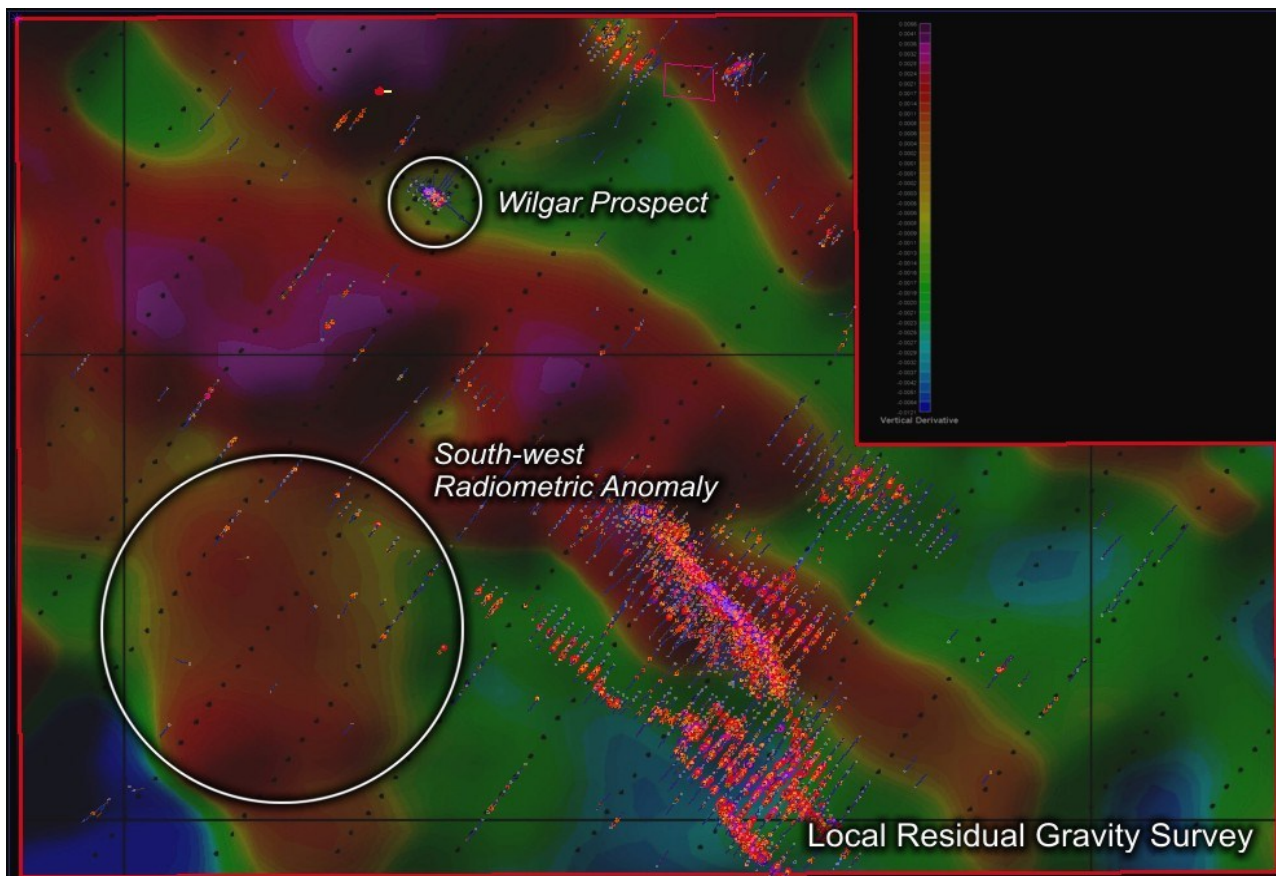


Figure 4: Local Residual Gravity Survey, showing the Wilgar Prospect area to the north-west of the Rocklands ML90177 (CDU 100%), and the much larger Radiometric Anomaly to the south-west.

High-grade gold results from Wilgar include;

<b>DODH223</b>		Width	Au g/t	Ag g/t	Te ppm	U ppm	Mo ppm	From	To
Intersection	1	<b>7m @</b>	<b>102</b>	71.7	720	731	0	<b>14m - 21m</b>	
including		<b>3m @</b>	<b>229</b>	38.6	1120	807	0	<b>16m - 19m</b>	

<b>DODH247</b>		Width	Au g/t	Ag g/t	Te ppm	U ppm	Mo ppm	From	To
Intersection	1	<b>10m @</b>	<b>10.0</b>	35.7	10.0	967	1.20	<b>2m - 11m</b>	
including		<b>3m @</b>	<b>13.4</b>	52.5	16.7	173	0	<b>6m - 9m</b>	
and		<b>3m @</b>	<b>17.1</b>	28.3	16.7	1320	2.00	<b>12m - 15m</b>	

<b>DODH264</b>		Width	Au g/t	Ag g/t	Te ppm	U ppm	Mo ppm	From	To
Intersection	1	<b>14m @</b>	<b>80.8</b>	109	209	646	0	<b>1m - 15m</b>	
including		<b>5m @</b>	<b>222</b>	221	482	730	0	<b>6m - 11m</b>	

<b>DODH395</b>		Width	Au g/t	Ag g/t	Te ppm	U ppm	Mo ppm	From	To
Intersection	1	<b>13m @</b>	<b>7.80</b>	71.5	111	91.4	65.1	<b>1m - 14m</b>	
including		<b>9m @</b>	<b>9.28</b>	83.6	138	33.9	79.6	<b>5m - 14m</b>	

Gold cut-off; 1g/t Au, with 3m allowance for internal waste

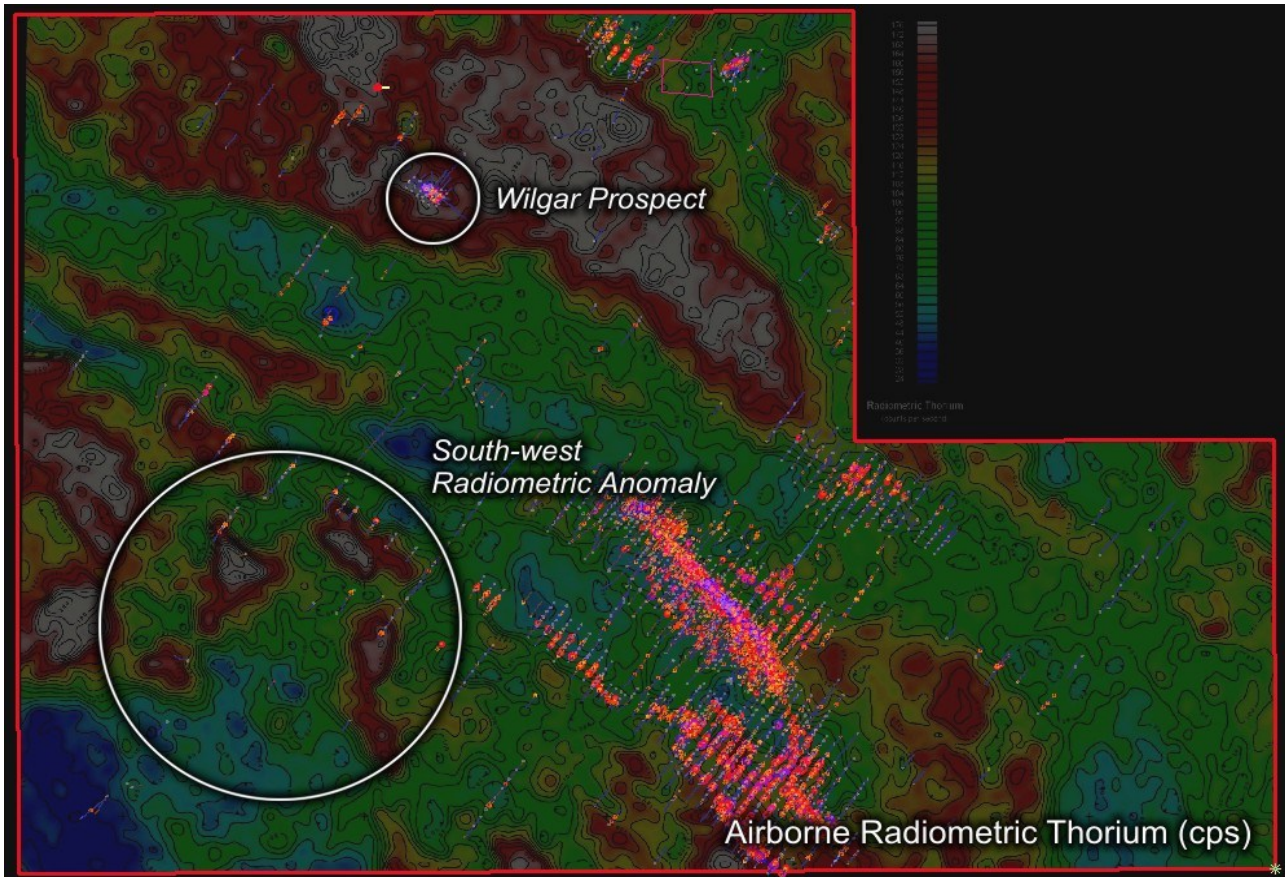


Figure 5: Airborne Radiometric Thorium Survey, showing the Wilgar Prospect area to the north-west of the Rocklands ML90177 (CDU 100%), and the much larger Radiometric Anomaly to the south-west.

High-grade Gold Equivalent results from Wilgar include;

<b>DODH248</b>		Width	AuEq g/t	Au g/t	Ag g/t	Te ppm	U ppm	Mo ppm	From	To
Intersection	1	<b>17m</b>	<b>@ 39.8</b>	43.4	40.2	356	894	1.65	<b>3m</b>	<b>- 20m</b>
<i>including</i>		<b>9m</b>	<b>@ 70.0</b>	79.9	51.8	652	559	0.67	<b>5m</b>	<b>- 14m</b>

<b>DODH330</b>		Width	AuEq g/t	Au g/t	Ag g/t	Te ppm	U ppm	Mo ppm	From	To
Intersection	1	<b>14m</b>	<b>@ 57.1</b>	62.0	117	350	1270	0	<b>17m</b>	<b>- 31m</b>
<i>including</i>		<b>11m</b>	<b>@ 72.3</b>	78.7	142	440	1610	0	<b>17m</b>	<b>- 28m</b>
<i>including</i>		<b>3m</b>	<b>@ 207</b>	237	378	1190	1260	0	<b>18m</b>	<b>- 21m</b>

<b>DODH403</b>		Width	AuEq g/t	Au g/t	Ag g/t	Te ppm	U ppm	Mo ppm	From	To
Intersection	1	<b>20m</b>	<b>@ 6.34</b>	5.40	68.5	96.4	28.8	44.6	<b>0m</b>	<b>- 20m</b>
<i>including</i>		<b>11m</b>	<b>@ 10.4</b>	9.53	87.0	159	34.6	49.9	<b>0m</b>	<b>- 11m</b>
<i>including</i>		<b>3m</b>	<b>@ 19.6</b>	19.0	116	359	26.4	25.3	<b>0m</b>	<b>- 3m</b>

Gold equivalent cut-off; 0.4g/t AuEq, with 3m allowance for internal waste

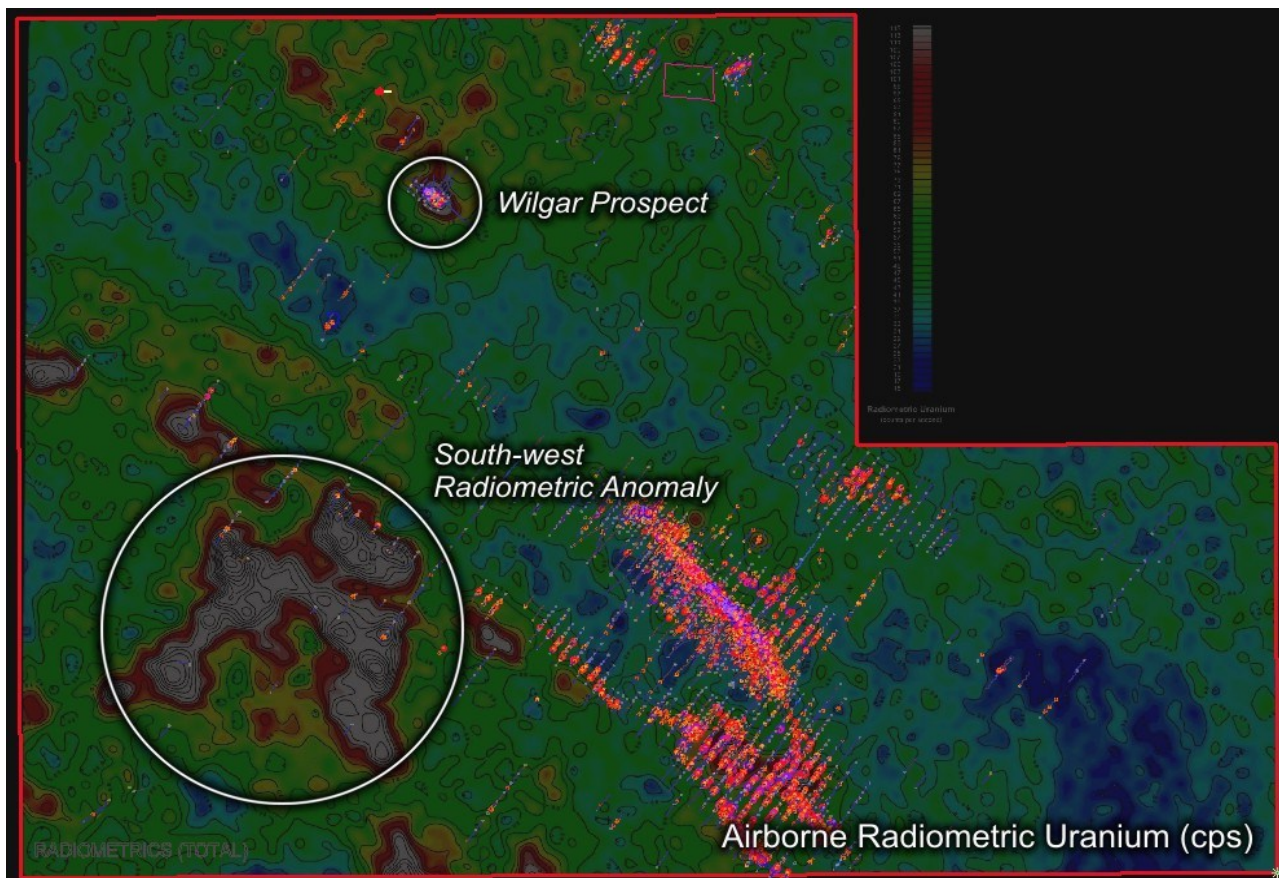


Figure 6: Airborne Radiometric Uranium Survey, showing the Wilgar Prospect area to the north-west of the Rocklands ML90177 (CDU 100%), and the much larger Radiometric Anomaly to the south-west.

### **Queensland State Government Gives Green Light to Uranium Mining**

The Company welcomes news the Queensland Government has announced its intention to lift the current ban on uranium mining in the State of Queensland.

The Company has identified numerous areas where elevated radiometric signatures exist across the Rocklands ML90177, based on airborne radiometric surveys and the results of surface geochemical sampling.

Two particular prospects considered to be prospective for uranium are the Wilgar Polymetallic Prospect and the South-west Radiometric Anomaly.

### **CuDeco to Specifically Target Uranium for the First Time in New Exploration Programmes Planned at Wilgar and South-west Radiometric Anomaly**

The Rocklands Group Copper Project has an extensive geophysics database acquired over many years, including airborne radiometric and surface geochemical analysis, both of which have highlighted elevated radiometric anomalies of potential importance.

Drilling at Wilgar targeting gold and silver mineralisation identified numerous zones of high-grade uranium, however due to the previous ban on uranium mining in the state of Queensland, and other areas of immediate focus for the Company, the exact nature of the uranium mineralisation, and potential impact on the Wilgar or other prospects, has never been fully investigated.

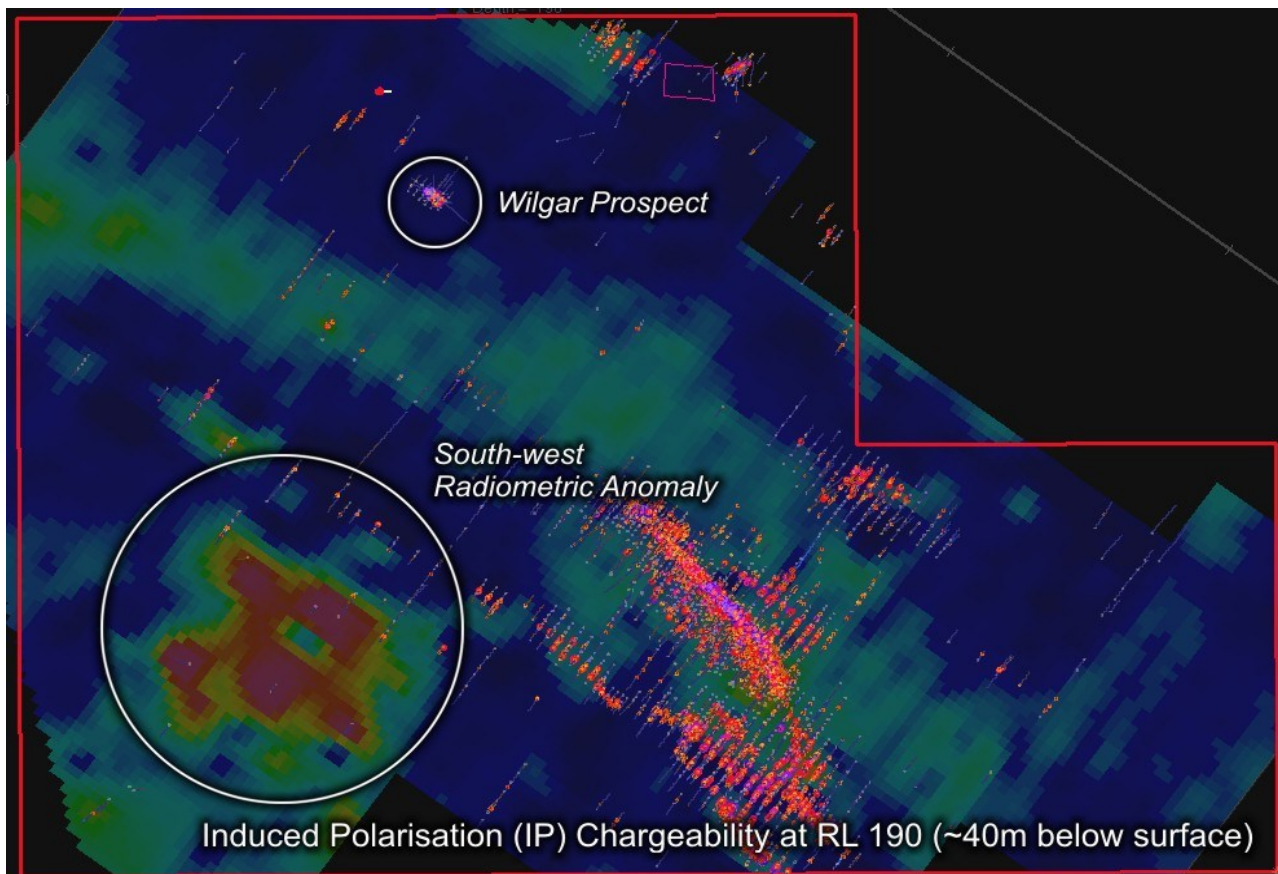


Figure 7: Induced Polarisation (IP) Chargeability Survey, showing the Wilgar Prospect area to the north-west of the Rocklands ML90177 (CDU 100%), and the much larger Radiometric Anomaly to the south-west.

High-grade uranium results from Wilgar include;

<b>DODH240</b>		Width	U ppm	Au g/t	Ag g/t	Te ppm	Mo ppm	From	To
Intersection	1	<b>9m @</b>	<b>2250</b>	41.8	37.9	392	6.44	<b>10m - 19m</b>	
including		<b>6m @</b>	<b>2980</b>	4.19	48.1	77.1	9.67	<b>13m - 19m</b>	

<b>DODH251</b>		Width	U ppm	Au g/t	Ag g/t	Te ppm	Mo ppm	From	To
Intersection	1	<b>8m @</b>	<b>2260</b>	6.63	160	77.5	0	<b>11m - 19m</b>	
including		<b>3m @</b>	<b>4260</b>	6.67	138.6	66.7	0	<b>16m - 19m</b>	

<b>DODH258</b>		Width	U ppm	Au g/t	Ag g/t	Te ppm	Mo ppm	From	To
Intersection	1	<b>7m @</b>	<b>2060</b>	4.30	90.3	150	1.57	<b>13m - 20m</b>	
including		<b>3m @</b>	<b>2920</b>	4.42	188	107	3.67	<b>16m - 19m</b>	

<b>DODH261</b>		Width	U ppm	Au g/t	Ag g/t	Te ppm	Mo ppm	From	To
Intersection	1	<b>11m @</b>	<b>2240</b>	11.2	133	102.7	8.54	<b>11m - 22m</b>	
including		<b>9m @</b>	<b>2500</b>	8.12	98.0	78.8	9.67	<b>13m - 22m</b>	

Uranium cut-off; 1000ppm U, with 3m allowance for internal waste

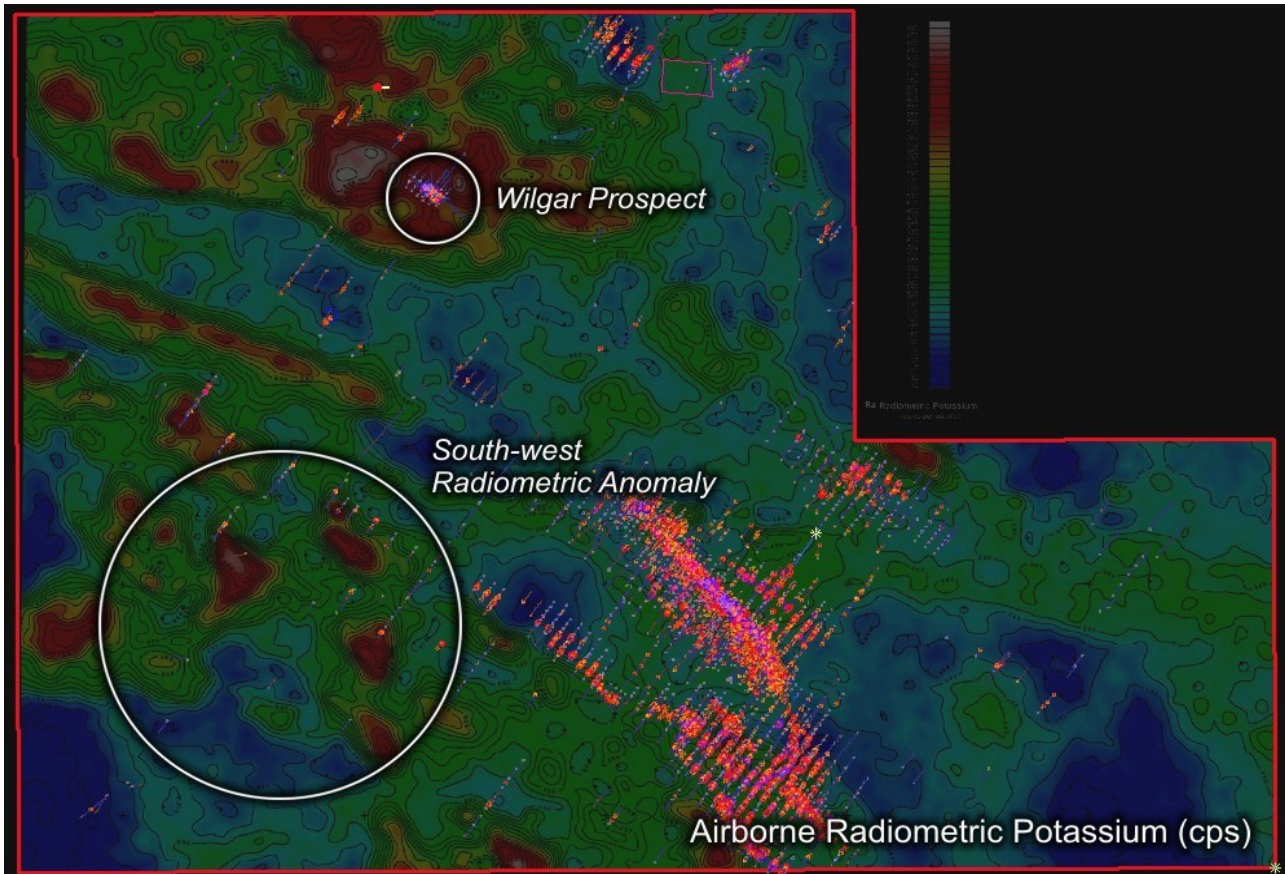


Figure 8: Airborne Radiometric Potassium Survey, showing the Wilgar Prospect area to the north-west of the Rocklands ML90177 (CDU 100%), and the much larger Radiometric Anomaly to the south-west.

### Wilgar Polymetallic Prospect

One of the most exciting prospects at the Rocklands Project, for which a resource estimate has not yet been completed, is the Wilgar Prospect.

The Wilgar prospect was initially indentified as a potential uranium prospect by CRA in 1972, after regional-scale radiometric surveys highlighted the Wilgar Twin-Hills area. Subsequent ground reconnaissance identified high-grade uranium (up to 39% U) in rock-chip samples.

It appears from historic records that gold was never tested for.

Some 35 years later, CuDeco conducted a first-pass, wide-spaced reconnaissance soil sampling programme over the area and identified anomalous base metals. Follow-up soil sampling programmes and a limited bedrock drilling programme subsequently identified an area at the south-west of the Wilgar Twin-hills as a potential area of high-grade gold mineralisation.

The Wilgar Prospect was first drilled by CuDeco in July 2007, however due to the low-grade nature of the copper results were not initially tested for gold (only results over 0.2% Cu at Rocklands are automatically tested for gold). During a routine results audit towards the end of 2007, it was determined Wilgar drill core should also be analysed for gold. Assay results (1m sample length) identified gold up to 63.2g/t Au and silver up to 822g/t Ag.

The Wilgar Prospect is located in the north of the Rocklands ML90177 approximately 2.1km to the north-

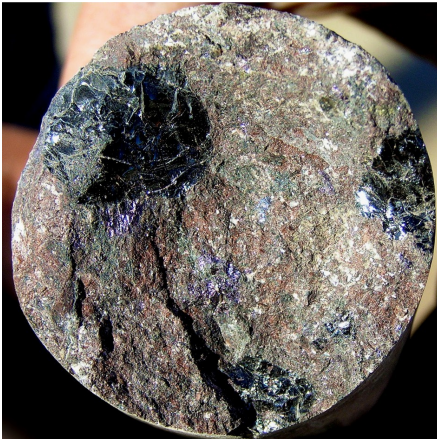


Figure 9: Pitchblende (uranium mineral), in diamond drill hole WUDH002.

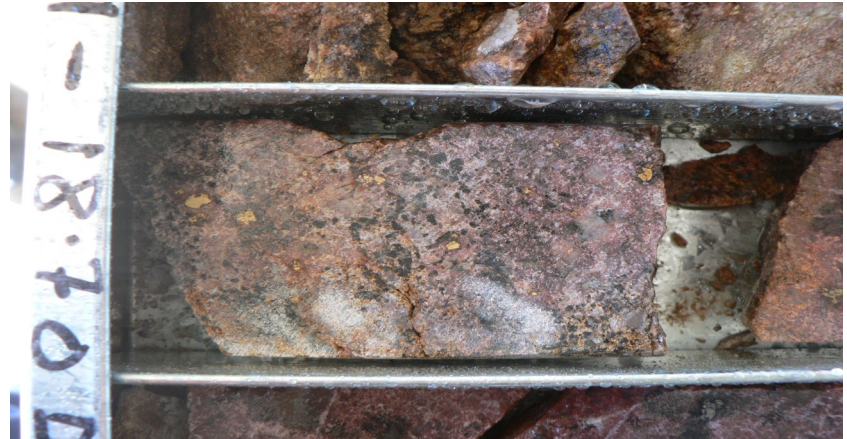


Figure 10: Carnotite (yellow uranium mineral), in diamond drill hole DODH248.

west of the Company's flagship Las Minerale ore-body.

Wilgar is the only advanced prospect identified to date, within the Rocklands ML90177, that is hosted by the Corella formation and has unique geochemical characteristics, including significant enrichment in gold (Au), tellurium (Te), silver (Ag), uranium (U), selenium (Se), molybdenum (Mo), copper (Cu), lead (Pb), and various rare-earth elements (REE). These characteristics clearly differentiate Wilgar-style mineralisation from that of the Rocklands-style copper-cobalt-gold ore-bodies.

The distinctive geochemical suite of elements present at Wilgar have not been observed elsewhere on the Rocklands ML and represents a discrete style of mineralisation at Rocklands and possibly for the eastern fold belt of the Mt Isa Inlier.

Drysdallite, a rare molybdenum-selenide mineral that appears to have been identified at only one other location in the world (in the oxidation zone of a uranium deposit in Zambia), has been identified at Wilgar.

The size of the high-grade mineralised zone, which includes uranium, gold, silver, tellurium and Rare Earth Oxides (TREO), is yet to be determined and remains open in several directions.



Figure 11: Diamond drill hole DODH251 with uranium minerals carnotite and pitchblende (approximately 14 - 18.5m shown).



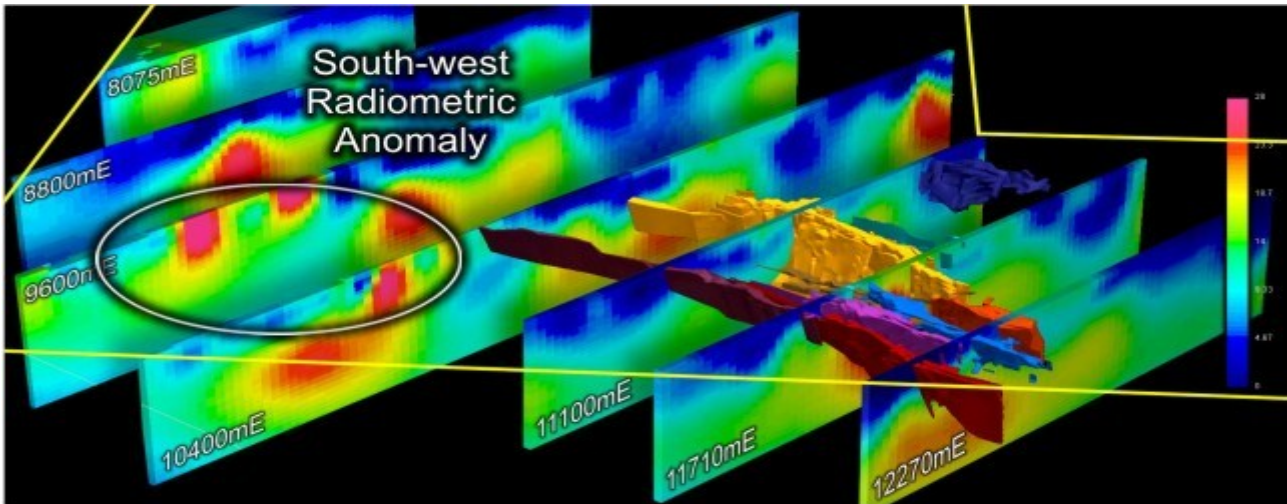


Figure 12: Induced Polarisation (IP) chargeability survey cross sections, with approximate position of current resource model

Due to the previous ban on Uranium mining in Queensland, uranium has never been specifically targeted at Wilgar or elsewhere throughout the Rocklands ML90177...but will be in future exploration programmes.

### South-west Radiometric Anomaly

The south-west area of the Rocklands ML90177 remains relatively underexplored and has long been an area of interest due to numerous geophysical and geochemical anomalies, including radiometric anomalies, and potentially prospective geology.

A substantial geophysical database has been compiled for the area, including geochemical (soil sampling), programmes.

A Senior Geophysicist was engaged to aid in target generation across the Rocklands Tenement, with particular emphasis placed on the South-west Corner Prospect. Numerous forms of geophysics were analysed and a detailed and comprehensive analysis prepared. Three-D inversion modelling was also completed using existing Induced Polarisation array data.

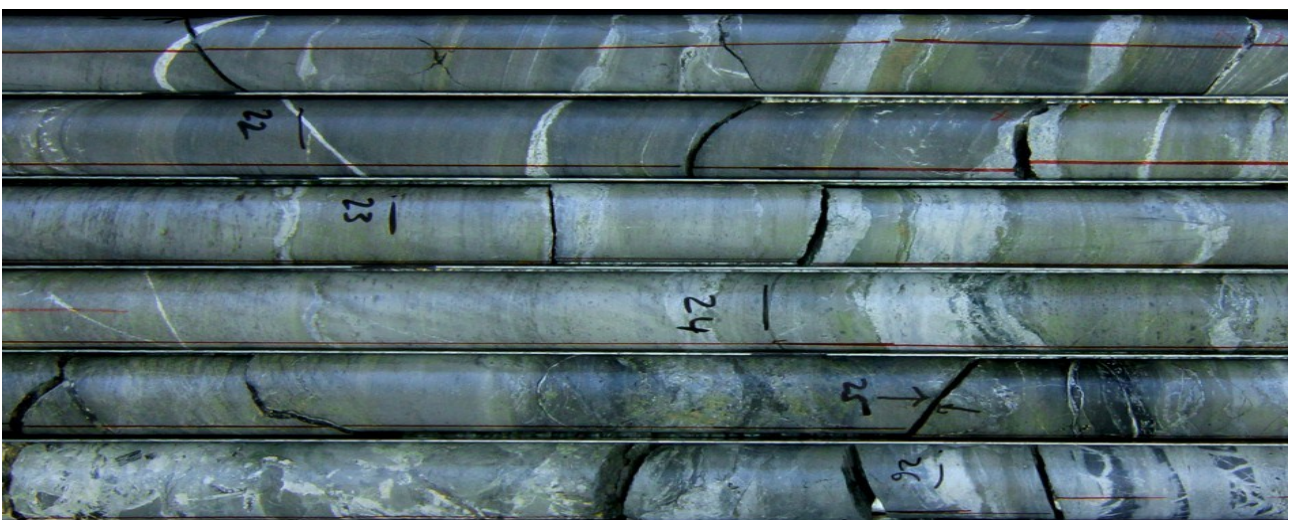


Figure 13: Diamond drill hole DODH372 - one of seven short (approximately 100m) reconnaissance diamond drill holes completed in 2011 primarily targeting shallow IP anomalies at the South-west Radiometric Anomaly. Minor pyrite and pyrrhotite intersected in calcite rich sedimentary unit, but not in sufficient quantities to explain high-intensity of anomalies - additional drilling required.

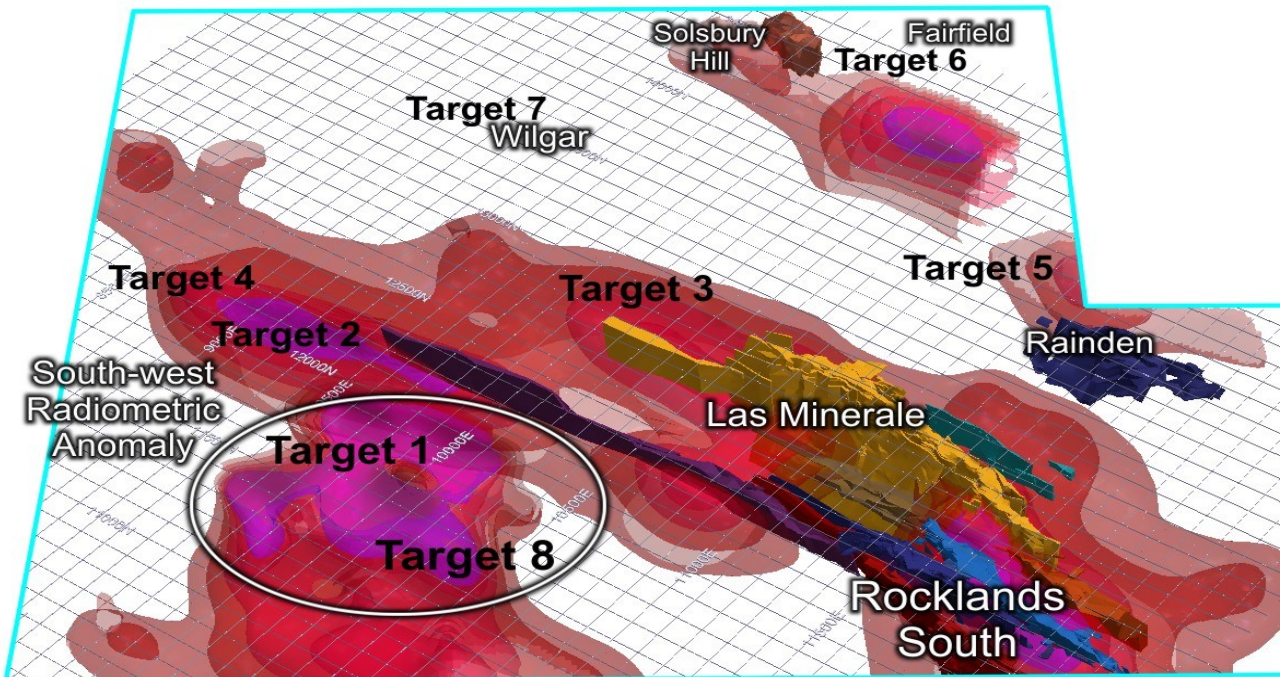


Figure 14: Induced Polarisation (IP), 3D inversion model (chargeability), showing priority target areas as identified by consultant geophysicist

Of note, hand-held XRF geochemistry of surface (soil) samples, subsequent to the geophysicist's visit, indicate elevated copper, molybdenum, zinc, lead and uranium is coincident with the geophysical anomalies.

### Geophysics

The south-western area is characterised by a number of geochemical and geophysical anomalies.

Prospective characteristics include;

- A >25msec IP chargeability anomaly over a large swathe of the south-west region.
- IP conductivity high anomalies internal to the chargeability anomaly.
- Morphology and size (approximately 1.2km<sup>2</sup>), suggests anomalies are of a size not likely to be primarily stratigraphically controlled (ie, probably not caused by typically larger stratigraphic units such as black-shales).
- Co-incident radiometric uranium anomaly; though radiometric/chargeability anomalies are more commonly associated with porphyry copper alteration systems, the presence of elevated radiometric response over the South-west Prospect, suggests the rocks in this area may be associated with an alteration system.
- Sub-audio Magnetics (SAM) EQMMR high anomaly in the south of the area.

Comments of note from the GroundProbe Advisory Notes include the following;

*“Rocklands is a tenement endowed with an unusually large number of good geophysical anomalies.”*

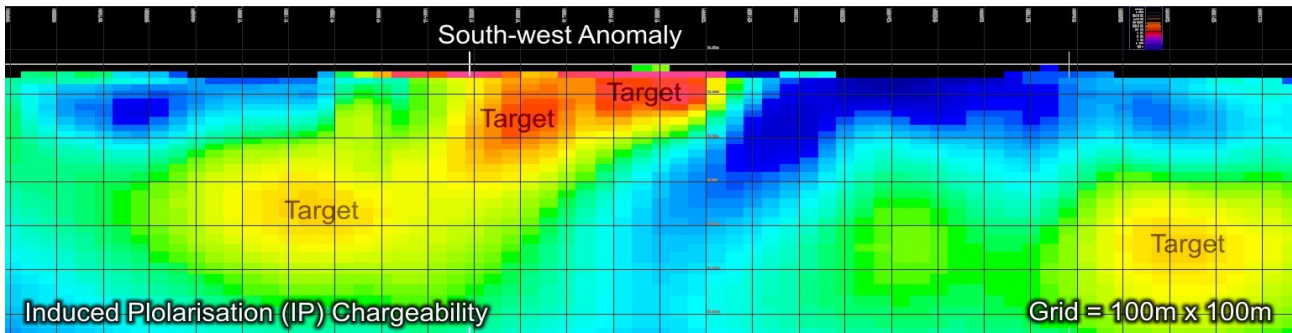


Figure 15: Section 10150mE - IP Chargeability anomaly, showing several targets associated with "Target 1"...see Figure 14.

*"The most outstanding feature of the IP data is a very strong chargeable zone directly under an area better known as the South-west Radiometric Anomaly. This anomaly is in fact stronger than any of those mapped near the known mineralisation, and by any standards is considered to be an excellent target that should be tested at the earliest convenience. It is highly likely that this chargeability anomaly is caused by disseminated sulphides, of some description, whether they be barren or economic, and this is further supported by the slightly anomalous uranium levels"*

A series of short (approximately 100m) reconnaissance diamond drill holes were completed towards the end of 2011, primarily targeting shallow IP anomalies. Minor pyrite and pyrrhotite was intersected in calcite rich sedimentary unit, but not in sufficient quantities to explain the high-intensity of the anomalies.

### Geology

The South-west Prospect area sits astride a north, north-easterly striking interpreted fault, to the east of which is the southern flank of a north-west plunging antiform, consisting of a deformed sequence of alternating silicified sandstone and sandy limestone beds. To the west of this fault is an easterly plunging antiform of silicified sandstone, sandy limestones, scapolitic siltstone and quartzite. Localised dolerite intrusions are observed within the area, appearing to post-date folding and faulting, and are more dominant to the north and west. A unit of massive amphibolite has been observed to the far south of the region, throughout which anomalous disseminated copper mineralisation has been observed.

### Geochemistry

Subsequent to the studies conducted by the consultant geophysicist, a soil based geochemical sampling programme was conducted over part of the South-west prospect area coinciding with the radiometric anomaly, confirming a relationship with elevated zones of anomalous base metals, including copper, cobalt, lead and zinc. Elevated uranium and molybdenum were also identified. Trends appear to cross-cut interpreted stratigraphic contacts, suggesting stratigraphic units do not control the observed base metal geochemistry. Trends in soil geochemistry are distinct between metals, similar in this aspect to those observed in early soil geochemistry samples from the Wilgar prospect, however occur over a significantly larger area.

Yours faithfully,



Wayne McCrae,  
 Chairman

## Competent Person Statement

The information in this report that relates to Exploration Results is based on information compiled by Mr Andrew Day. Mr Day is employed by GeoDay Pty Ltd, an entity engaged, by CuDeco Ltd to provide independent consulting services. Mr Day has a BAppSc (Hons) in geology and he is a Member of the Australasian Institute of Mining and Metallurgy (Member #303598). Mr Day has sufficient experience which is relevant to the style of mineralisation and type of deposits under consideration and to the activity which he is undertaking to qualify as a Competent Person as defined in the 2004 Edition of the "Australasian Code for Reporting of Exploration Results, Mineral Resources and Ores Reserves". Mr Day consents to the inclusion in this report of the information in the form and context in which it appears.

The information in this report insofar as it relates to Metallurgical Test Results and Recoveries, is based on information compiled by Mr Peter Hutchison, MRACI Ch Chem, MAusIMM, a full-time executive director of CuDeco Ltd. Mr Hutchison has sufficient experience in hydrometallurgical and metallurgical techniques which are relevant to the results under consideration and to the activity which he is undertaking to qualify as a Competent Person for the purposes of this report. Mr Hutchison consents to the inclusion in this report of the information, in the form and context in which it appears.

### Wilgar style mineralisation

Polymetallic and rare element hosting prospect, which includes mineralisation of Au, Mo, Ag, Te, ±U. The high-grade gold, silver and tellurium may be present as tellurides and mineralisation may be related to an IRGS (Intrusion-Related Gold System).

### Notes on Assay Results

All analyses are carried out at internationally recognised, independent, assay laboratories. Quality Assurance (QA) for the analyses is provided by continual analysis of known standards, blanks and duplicate samples as well as the internal QA procedures of the respective independent laboratories.

Reported intersections are down-hole widths.

Au = Gold  
Ag = Silver  
Te = Tellurium  
Mo = Molybdenum  
U = Uranium  
AuEq = Gold Equivalent

### Gold (Au) Equivalent Calculation (AuEq)

The formula is based on metal prices of;

Gold \$1200.00 USD/ounce (80% recovery)

Silver \$30.00 USD/ounce (80% recovery)

Tellurium \$300.00 USD/kg (70% recovery)

Molybdenum \$25.00 USD/lb (80% recovery)

U<sub>3</sub>O<sub>8</sub> \$45.00 USD/lb (85% recovery)

$$\text{AuEq} = \text{Au ppm} \times 0.80 + \text{Ag ppm} \times 0.020 + \text{Te ppm} \times 0.005443 + \text{Mo ppm} \times 0.001143 + \text{U ppm} \times 0.002577$$

Wilgar drill gold equivalent (AuEq) intersections reported have been calculated on the basis of a gold cut-off grade of 0.4g/t AuEq with 3m allowance for internal waste. Uranium intersections reported are using a cut-off of 1000ppm U with 3m allowance for internal waste. Gold intersections reported are using a cut-off of 1g/t Au with 3m allowance for internal waste. Silver and Tellurium intersections report are using a cut-off of 100ppm with 3m allowance for internal waste. Molybdenum report are using a cut-off of 200ppm Mo with 3m allowance for internal waste.

Gold is the most economically important metal present at the Wilgar prospect. The Company believes is it appropriate

to represent the value of the unique suite of additional metals also found at Wilgar, as a single, easy to understand, gold-equivalent grade (AuEq).

AuEq results are calculated to 2 decimal places and reported in mineralised intercepts to 3 significant figures. Uranium results are converted to  $U_3O_8$  for calculation purposes; Uranium (ppm) results are multiplied by a conversion factor of 1.1792 to account for the oxide form of the uranium compound.

The recoveries used above in the AuEq calculation are based on the mineralogical analysis of the metals in this deposit and possible extraction methods. It is the Company's opinion that all the elements that form part of the Gold-equivalent (AuEq) calculation have a reasonable potential to be recovered.

### Disclaimer and Forward-looking Statements

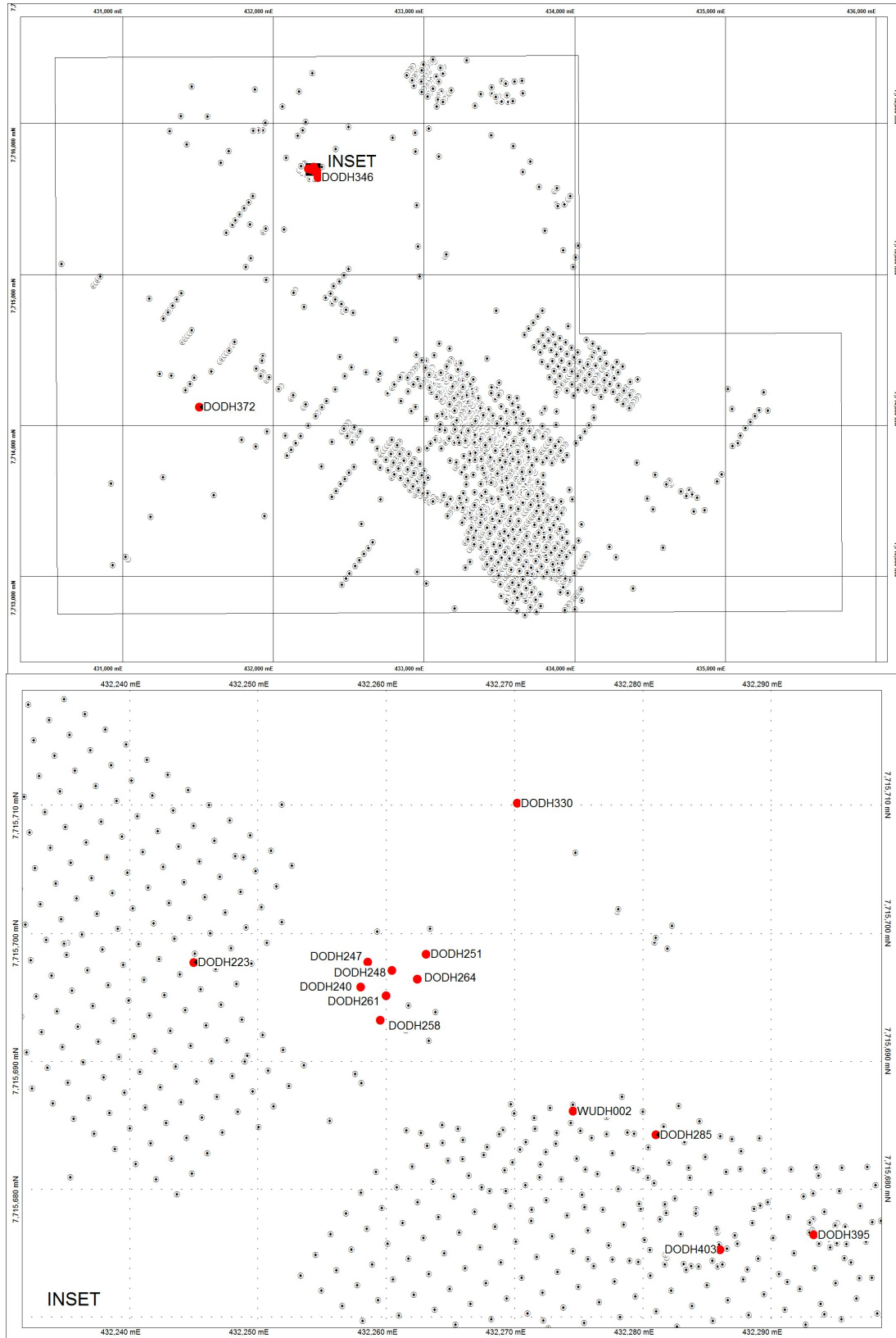
This report contains forward-looking statements that are subject to risk factors associated with resources businesses. It is believed that the expectations reflected in these statements are reasonable, but they may be affected by a variety of variables and changes in underlying assumptions which could cause actual results or trends to differ materially, including, but not limited to: price fluctuations, actual demand, currency fluctuations, drilling and production results, reserve estimates, loss of market, industry competition, environmental risks, physical risks, legislative, fiscal and regulatory developments, economic and financial market conditions in various countries and regions, political risks, project delays or advancements, approvals and cost estimates.

### Hole Location Table:

Hole ID	Easting	Northing	RL (m)	Azi (°)	Dip (°)	Hole Depth (m)
DODH223	432244.6	7715697.8	238.5	090	-30	110.1
DODH240	432257.6	7715695.9	240.4	000	-90	38.6
DODH247	432258.2	7715697.8	240.4	000	-90	41.6
DODH248	432260.0	7715697.2	240.5	000	-90	41.6
DODH251	432262.8	7715698.5	240.4	000	-90	29.1
DODH258	432259.2	7715693.3	240.5	000	-90	41.5
DODH261	432259.6	7715695.2	240.5	000	-90	41.6
DODH264	432262.0	7715696.5	240.5	000	-90	41.6
DODH285	432280.6	7715684.4	237.4	000	-90	50.5
DODH330	432269.8	7715710.3	243.7	210	-40	40.9
DODH346	432296.2	7715642.4	232.9	000	-90	50.5
DODH372	431509.3	7714121.6	240.3	250	-65	101.5
DODH395	432293.0	7715676.5	237.1	340	-50	29.6
DODH403	432285.6	7715675.4	237.1	340	-55	29.6
WUDH002	432274.2	7715686.2	238.0	000	-90	50.8

Datum: AGD66 Project: UTM54 surveyed with Differential GPS (1 decimal place, 10cm accuracy) and/or handheld GPS (no decimal places, 4m accuracy).

**Hole Location Plan:**



### Assay Results Gold Equivalent:

Colour Ranges for Gold Equivalent (AuEq) values, used in the following Assay Results Tables;

AuEq	From	To
	0	<0.5
	0.5	<1
	1	<2
	2	<5
	5	<10
	10	<15
	15+	

Note: 1ppm = 1g/t

### Assay Results Legend

- "nn" Negatives values indicated result below lower detection limit ("nn"= lower detection limit)

LNR Lab Not Receive (ie, sample not received at Assay Lab)

I/S Insufficient Sample available to perform analysis

DIP sample Destroyed In Preparation

X result below detection

- sample not assayed

Hole ID	Depth Fm	Depth To	AuEq (g/t)	Au (ppm)	Ag (ppm)	Te (ppm)	U (ppm)	Mo (ppm)
DODH248	0	1	0.25	0.29	1.1	X	X	X
DODH248	1	2	0.05	0.03	1.3	X	X	X
DODH248	2	3	0.28	0.16	6.2	X	10	X
DODH248	3	4	0.58	0.38	7.2	X	50	X
DODH248	4	5	2.05	1.67	25.6	X	80	X
DODH248	5	6	471.16	556	220	3500	1130	X
DODH248	6	7	12.75	12.4	47	210	290	X
DODH248	7	8	2.91	2.31	36	30	70	X
DODH248	8	9	17.47	17.03	22.1	550	160	X
DODH248	9	10	20.79	20.8	19.4	460	490	X
DODH248	10	11	55.98	64.99	32	450	350	X
DODH248	11	12	16.01	14.3	25.9	460	600	X
DODH248	12	13	15.36	15.66	25.3	110	670	X
DODH248	13	14	17.38	15.98	38.7	100	1270	6
DODH248	14	15	9.41	5.8	29	50	1520	X
DODH248	15	16	9.55	5.91	28.5	70	1500	X
DODH248	16	17	4.78	0.67	19	X	1500	X
DODH248	17	18	8.27	1.76	46.9	40	2210	7
DODH248	18	19	8.87	1.74	41.4	20	2530	15
DODH248	19	20	2.86	0.6	20	X	770	X
DODH248	20	21	0.15	0.07	0.7	X	30	X
DODH248	21	22	0.05	0.03	X	X	10	X
DODH248	22	23	0.07	0.03	0.9	X	10	X
DODH330	14	15	0.02	X	X	0.4	5.92	X
DODH330	15	16	0.02	X	X	0.3	7.05	X

Hole ID	Depth Fm	Depth To	AuEq (g/t)	Au (ppm)	Ag (ppm)	Te (ppm)	U (ppm)	Mo (ppm)
DODH330	16	17	0.07	0.04	0.6	0.6	7.34	X
DODH330	17	18	18.96	19.2	101	79.6	444	X
DODH330	18	19	203.69	217	940	1520	1170	X
DODH330	19	20	339.11	402	159	1620	2140	X
DODH330	20	21	77.98	92.4	27.5	424	466	X
DODH330	21	22	12.77	14	21.7	81.6	269	X
DODH330	22	23	3.29	2.81	15	63.5	154	X
DODH330	23	24	1.53	0.55	10	4.9	334	X
DODH330	24	25	5.02	3.84	10.2	41.8	590	X
DODH330	25	26	68.49	60.7	22	517	6470	X
DODH330	26	27	43.09	38	8.6	334	4150	X
DODH330	27	28	21.77	15.1	250	157	1490	X
DODH330	28	29	2.98	1.52	59.8	57.4	97.6	X
DODH330	29	30	0.55	0.19	16.1	4.3	19.7	X
DODH330	30	31	0.40	0.26	2.2	4.2	49.6	X
DODH330	31	32	0.16	0.07	1.7	1	24.2	X
DODH330	32	33	0.12	0.05	1.8	1	14.8	X
DODH403	0	1	13.67	14.8	45.7	157	15.5	16
DODH403	1	2	34.43	31.9	230	769	29.8	43
DODH403	2	3	10.56	10.2	73.3	152	34	17
DODH403	3	4	1.63	0.66	45.8	16.9	28.5	15
DODH403	4	5	8.54	7.97	82.9	73.2	31.6	25
DODH403	5	6	4.62	3.42	70.3	65	37.5	24
DODH403	6	7	10.29	9.73	79.8	131	42.4	79
DODH403	7	8	9.18	9.73	60.5	20	20	19
DODH403	8	9	2.15	1.13	50.7	23.5	31.9	19
DODH403	9	10	9.28	8.57	62.8	171	75	38
DODH403	10	11	9.86	6.8	155	173	33.9	254
DODH403	11	12	3.25	1.65	71.7	53.6	31.8	106
DODH403	12	13	1.15	0.14	41.4	6.9	16.2	111
DODH403	13	14	0.92	0.14	36.7	5.2	14.4	9
DODH403	14	15	1.59	0.36	55.2	28.6	14.1	9
DODH403	15	16	1.70	0.24	64.3	20	21.3	52
DODH403	16	17	1.72	0.13	68.3	37.4	15.1	10
DODH403	17	18	0.97	0.08	39.2	9.5	18.8	19
DODH403	18	19	0.38	0.07	9.9	3	35.9	14
DODH403	19	20	0.87	0.26	25.7	12.6	27.4	12
DODH403	20	21	0.19	0.05	6.5	1.9	3.64	X
DODH403	21	22	0.04	X	0.8	0.2	8.65	X
DODH403	22	23	0.01	X	X	0.1	4.08	X



### Assay Results Gold:

Colour Ranges for Gold Equivalent (AuEq) values, used in the following Assay Results Tables;

Au	From	To
	0	<0.5
	0.5	<1
	1	<2
	2	<5
	5	<10
	10	<15
	15+	

Note: 1ppm = 1g/t

### Assay Results Legend

- "nn" Negatives values indicated result below lower detection limit ("nn"= lower detection limit)
- LNR Lab Not Receive (ie, sample not received at Assay Lab)
- I/S Insufficient Sample available to perform analysis
- DIP sample Destroyed In Preparation
- X result below detection
- sample not assayed

Hole ID	Depth Fm	Depth To	Au (ppm)	Ag (ppm)	Te (ppm)	U (ppm)	Mo (ppm)
DODH223	9	10	0.52	X	X	X	X
DODH223	10	11	0.02	0.5	0.3	X	X
DODH223	11	12	0.02	0.6	0.2	X	X
DODH223	12	13	0.07	3.5	11.6	20	X
DODH223	13	14	0.02	3.4	0.3	X	X
DODH223	14	15	12.30	86.7	923	460	X
DODH223	15	16	7.70	21	202	290	X
DODH223	16	17	655.00	6.1	2670	1530	X
DODH223	17	18	6.68	25.2	88.7	200	X
DODH223	18	19	26.00	84.5	615	690	X
DODH223	19	20	4.85	78.3	337	410	X
DODH223	20	21	1.74	200	209	1540	X
DODH223	21	22	0.75	130	46.8	1800	X
DODH223	22	23	0.69	78.1	58.5	340	X
DODH223	23	24	0.40	45.7	17.9	50	X
DODH223	24	25	0.82	75.5	20.3	230	X
DODH223	25	26	0.57	34.6	8	50	X
DODH223	26	27	1.78	65	9.5	150	X
DODH223	27	28	0.22	28	2.4	1110	X
DODH223	28	29	0.12	32.6	2.7	1250	X
DODH223	29	30	0.63	16.9	9	1320	6
DODH223	30	31	0.45	21.8	5.3	600	X
DODH223	31	32	0.28	9.2	4.3	520	5
DODH223	32	33	7.84	120	109	2950	26
DODH223	33	34	1.31	27.5	40.7	200	7
DODH223	34	35	0.17	3.8	1.4	40	6
DODH223	35	36	0.21	2.7	1.2	110	X
DODH223	36	37	0.37	2.7	1.4	330	X
DODH223	37	38	0.45	13.5	6.3	120	X

Hole ID	Depth Fm	Depth To	Au (ppm)	Ag (ppm)	Te (ppm)	U (ppm)	Mo (ppm)
DODH223	38	39	0.05	X	0.6	10	X
DODH247	3	4	0.03	0.9	X	X	X
DODH247	4	5	0.02	1	X	X	X
DODH247	5	6	0.05	2.5	X	X	X
DODH247	6	7	15.12	16.4	10	40	X
DODH247	7	8	23.99	132	40	200	X
DODH247	8	9	1.07	9.2	X	280	X
DODH247	9	10	1.65	14.2	X	1530	X
DODH247	10	11	2.12	18.9	X	1650	X
DODH247	11	12	0.73	14.3	X	630	X
DODH247	12	13	8.40	26.7	10	590	X
DODH247	13	14	39.44	17.5	40	130	X
DODH247	14	15	3.36	40.7	X	3250	6
DODH247	15	16	4.21	67.2	X	1370	6
DODH247	16	17	0.28	1.9	X	130	X
DODH247	17	18	0.05	1.5	X	190	X
DODH247	18	19	X	0.7	X	X	X
DODH264	0	1	0.18	2.5	X	X	X
DODH264	1	2	2.72	20.7	40	30	X
DODH264	2	3	8.56	43.9	210	40	X
DODH264	3	4	2.40	43.1	60	30	X
DODH264	4	5	1.04	26.4	X	50	X
DODH264	5	6	1.55	35.7	X	40	X
DODH264	6	7	2.49	55.7	30	30	X
DODH264	7	8	1090	800	2190	2170	X
DODH264	8	9	1.46	79.5	70	90	X
DODH264	9	10	6.66	83.9	50	470	X
DODH264	10	11	8.29	84	70	890	X
DODH264	11	12	0.79	54.3	90	710	X
DODH264	12	13	1.15	73.4	20	3140	X
DODH264	13	14	0.57	36	20	1160	X
DODH264	14	15	3.00	82.6	80	190	X
DODH264	15	16	0.67	48.2	10	1070	9
DODH264	16	17	0.71	25.1	X	1280	X
DODH264	17	18	0.24	5.1	X	2590	7
DODH264	18	19	0.12	8.4	X	1940	5
DODH264	19	20	0.19	6.3	X	690	X
DODH264	20	21	0.32	10.8	X	160	X
DODH264	21	22	0.20	2.5	X	160	X
DODH264	22	23	1.32	46.4	20	370	X

Hole ID	Depth Fm	Depth To	Au (ppm)	Ag (ppm)	Te (ppm)	U (ppm)	Mo (ppm)
DODH264	23	24	18.10	660	360	1390	X
DODH264	24	25	0.30	21.7	X	300	X
DODH264	25	26	0.05	0.6	X	90	X
DODH395	0	1	0.38	12.8	7.3	6.28	8
DODH395	1	2	16.10	81.4	154	35.8	183
DODH395	2	3	0.87	25.5	17.3	13.8	28
DODH395	3	4	0.38	24.3	8.2	16.2	65
DODH395	4	5	0.56	46.6	16.6	15.6	125
DODH395	5	6	35.70	163	355	106	43
DODH395	6	7	15.70	170	206	46.9	214
DODH395	7	8	3.45	41	107	43	25
DODH395	8	9	1.68	88.2	53.5	21.5	65
DODH395	9	10	0.65	52.7	24	7.89	15
DODH395	10	11	0.17	13.4	3.8	5.94	6
DODH395	11	12	1.09	50.2	38.3	12.9	17
DODH395	12	13	13.60	86.8	214	33.9	16
DODH395	13	14	11.50	87	240	49.2	44
DODH395	14	15	0.25	17.3	9.6	11.8	351
DODH395	15	16	0.06	1.8	1.1	23.9	7
DODH395	16	17	0.04	3.9	1	6.76	5

### Assay Results Uranium:

Colour Ranges for Uranium (U) values, used in the following Assay Results Tables;

U	From	To
	0	500
	500	1000
	1000	1500
	1500	2000
	2000	2500
	2500	3000
	3000+	

Note: U ppm

### Assay Results Legend

- "nn" Negatives values indicated result below lower detection limit ("nn"= lower detection limit)
- LNR Lab Not Receive (ie, sample not received at Assay Lab)
- I/S Insufficient Sample available to perform analysis
- DIP sample Destroyed In Preparation
- X result below detection
- sample not assayed

Hole ID	Depth Fm	Depth To	U (ppm)	Au (ppm)	Ag (ppm)	Te (ppm)	Mo (ppm)
DODH240	6	7	X	0.16	5.5	3.9	X
DODH240	7	8	50	0.45	6.8	6.1	X
DODH240	8	9	30	0.52	8.1	34.9	X
DODH240	9	10	870	99.5	21.5	830	X
DODH240	10	11	1210	348	17.7	3000	X
DODH240	11	12	880	2.02	20.7	45.4	X
DODH240	12	13	290	0.77	14.5	15.6	X
DODH240	13	14	3470	2.19	14.9	62	X
DODH240	14	15	3140	16.9	91.1	320	X
DODH240	15	16	2830	2.33	48.3	1.1	29
DODH240	16	17	2420	0.3	15.4	5.9	23
DODH240	17	18	3690	2.13	64.7	45	6
DODH240	18	19	2310	1.33	53.9	28.7	X
DODH240	19	20	70	0.03	2	0.8	X
DODH240	20	21	10	0.02	1.4	0.5	X
DODH240	21	22	60	0.04	1	1	X
DODH240	22	23	80	0.05	1.8	1.1	X
DODH240	23	24	X	X	X	0.3	X
DODH251	2	3	X	1.1	4.6	X	X
DODH251	3	4	130	20.28	61.2	80	X
DODH251	4	5	460	6.06	28.1	20	X
DODH251	5	6	1100	4.51	33.5	20	X
DODH251	6	7	120	1.29	19.5	X	X
DODH251	7	8	680	9.22	67.1	70	X
DODH251	8	9	80	4.28	51.1	40	X
DODH251	9	10	30	2.47	33.6	20	X
DODH251	10	11	480	3.08	65.9	30	X
DODH251	11	12	1940	1.72	37.9	X	X
DODH251	12	13	800	0.93	43.5	X	X
DODH251	13	14	270	0.88	38	X	X

Hole ID	Depth Fm	Depth To	U (ppm)	Au (ppm)	Ag (ppm)	Te (ppm)	Mo (ppm)
DODH251	14	15	590	0.36	13	X	X
DODH251	15	16	1710	29.12	730	420	X
DODH251	16	17	3160	3.72	44.2	30	X
DODH251	17	18	3990	10.9	290	120	X
DODH251	18	19	5640	5.41	81.7	50	X
DODH251	19	20	50	0.03	0.7	X	X
DODH251	20	21	50	0.09	1.6	X	X
DODH251	21	22	X	0.02	X	X	X
DODH251	22	23	30	0.04	0.7	X	X
DODH251	23	24	20	0.02	0.8	X	X
DODH251	24	25	10	0.04	0.5	X	X
DODH251	25	26	3100	0.02	190	80	X
DODH251	26	27	10	X	X	X	X
DODH251	27	28	20	X	X	X	X
DODH251	28	29	30	0.02	0.5	X	X
DODH258	7	8	12.6	0.22	3.3	15.4	X
DODH258	8	9	140	0.86	18	69	X
DODH258	9	10	462	5.59	37.4	379	X
DODH258	10	11	717	40.4	53.6	1090	X
DODH258	11	12	85.8	2.33	26.1	105	X
DODH258	12	13	694	6.22	17	308	X
DODH258	13	14	1250	1.72	6.6	197	X
DODH258	14	15	1970	4.65	9.2	426	X
DODH258	15	16	890	6.14	15.8	360	X
DODH258	16	17	2570	5.48	140	195	X
DODH258	17	18	3150	0.65	33.8	20.4	11
DODH258	18	19	3040	7.15	390	182	X
DODH258	19	20	1540	1.56	37	39.5	X
DODH258	20	21	880	0.32	21.8	8.8	X
DODH258	21	22	237	0.69	31	15.4	X
DODH258	22	23	83.2	0.25	13.5	5.7	X
DODH258	23	24	14.7	0.08	8.6	1.9	X
DODH261	7	8	180	3.55	44.2	1460	X
DODH261	8	9	30	8.47	29.5	130	X
DODH261	9	10	230	10.4	83.5	180	X
DODH261	10	11	540	23	131	380	X
DODH261	11	12	1030	15	240	150	X
DODH261	12	13	1160	34.6	340	350	7
DODH261	13	14	3230	54.5	510	470	6
DODH261	14	15	2530	8.2	128	100	6
DODH261	15	16	2070	6.26	115	50	15

Hole ID	Depth Fm	Depth To	U (ppm)	Au (ppm)	Ag (ppm)	Te (ppm)	Mo (ppm)
DODH261	16	17	2590	1	22.4	X	24
DODH261	17	18	1850	1.05	42.4	X	9
DODH261	18	19	1940	0.26	11	X	9
DODH261	19	20	2050	0.28	10.7	X	12
DODH261	20	21	2810	1.09	28.4	10	6
DODH261	21	22	3430	0.41	14	X	X
DODH261	22	23	220	0.2	5.8	X	X
DODH261	23	24	X	0.02	0.9	X	X
DODH261	24	25	40	0.03	0.6	X	X

### Assay Results Molybdenum:

Colour Ranges for Molybdenum (Mo) values, used in the following Assay Results Tables;

Mo	From	To
	0	500
	200	1000
	1000	1500
	1500	2000
	2000	2500
	2500	3000
	3000+	

### Assay Results Legend

- "nn" Negatives values indicated result below lower detection limit ("nn"= lower detection limit)
- LNR Lab Not Receive (ie, sample not received at Assay Lab)
- I/S Insufficient Sample available to perform analysis
- DIP sample Destroyed In Preparation
- X result below detection
- sample not assayed

Note: Mo ppm

Hole ID	Depth Fm	Depth To	Mo (ppm)	Au (ppm)	Ag (ppm)	Te (ppm)	U (ppm)
DODH346	4	5	70	0.11	23.6	6.3	30.6
DODH346	5	6	217	0.37	44.8	66.3	53.1
DODH346	6	7	95	0.39	29.7	30.6	45.5
DODH346	7	8	196	0.29	30.3	17.2	21.9
DODH346	8	9	124	0.71	27.9	35.9	19.3
DODH346	9	10	254	0.12	27.4	11.3	15
DODH346	10	11	5460	1.89	37.1	108	55.9
DODH346	11	12	19100	4.79	135	172	35.4
DODH346	12	13	3640	0.59	20.6	19.8	14.5
DODH346	13	14	111	0.05	6	2.4	10.6
DODH346	14	15	1630	0.14	9.8	6	8
DODH346	15	16	50	0.02	1	0.7	9.38
DODH346	16	17	8	0.01	0.8	0.4	3.13
DODH346	17	18	7	X	X	X	2.67
DODH346	18	19	3390	1.11	76.8	52.7	12.2
DODH346	19	20	86	0.02	3	1.7	45.1
DODH346	20	21	8	0.02	1.9	1	11.9
DODH346	21	22	6	X	X	0.2	1.5
DODH346	22	23	15	0.01	X	0.4	1.6

### Assay Results Silver:

Colour Ranges for Silver (Ag) values, used in the following Assay Results Tables;

Ag	From	To
	0	<5
	5	<10
	20	<30
	30	<40
	50	<75
	75	<100
	100+	

Note: Ag ppm

### Assay Results Legend

- "nn" Negatives values indicated result below lower detection limit ("nn"= lower detection limit)
- LNR Lab Not Receive (ie, sample not received at Assay Lab)
- I/S Insufficient Sample available to perform analysis
- DIP sample Destroyed In Preparation
- X result below detection
- sample not assayed

Hole ID	Depth Fm	Depth To	Ag (ppm)	Au (ppm)	Te (ppm)	U (ppm)	Mo (ppm)
DODH285	3	4	62.8	2.15	25	40.9	7
DODH285	4	5	87.9	11.2	83	44.2	22
DODH285	5	6	166	12.5	150	31.5	28
DODH285	6	7	67.4	3.15	66.2	34.7	10
DODH285	7	8	43.9	0.64	14.9	17.1	9
DODH285	8	9	136	1.76	65.3	15.3	7
DODH285	9	10	59.9	0.46	10.3	12.4	5
DODH285	10	11	90.2	0.32	31	27.2	9
DODH285	11	12	128	1.3	59.5	35	9
DODH285	12	13	61.3	1.96	58.6	59.2	56
DODH285	13	14	85.6	1	38.9	27.9	17
DODH285	14	15	590	8.71	511	237	545
DODH285	15	16	50.3	0.3	24.2	14.5	214
DODH285	16	17	157	1.02	57.1	188	238
DODH285	17	18	1610	8.75	856	417	1740
DODH285	18	19	5.0	0.05	2.3	49	34
DODH285	19	20	15.6	0.11	4.8	16.9	65
DODH285	20	21	13.2	0.06	2.1	23.2	60