

# ANNUAL REPORT 2012









# East Energy Resources Limited ANNUAL REPORT 2012



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## Corporate Directory

#### DIRECTORS

Mark Basso-Brusa(MaRanko Matic(NoRex Littlewood(NoWilliam Randall(Alt

(Managing Director and Chairman) (Non-Executive Director) (Non-Executive Director) (Alternate Non-Executive Director)

### COMPANY SECRETARY

Ranko Matic

#### **REGISTERED OFFICE**

Level 7/16 St Georges Terrace PERTH WA 6000

#### CONTACTS

Ph: +61 8 9225 5833 Fax: +61 8 9225 7311 Web: <u>www.eastenergy.com.au</u> ASX Code: EER

#### SOLICITORS

Jackson McDonald Level 25, 140 St Georges Tce PERTH WA 6000 Ph: +61 8 9426 6611 Fax: +61 8 9321 2002

#### AUDITORS

BDO Audit (WA) Pty Ltd 38 Station Street SUBIACO WA 6008 Ph: +61 8 6382 4600 Fax: +61 8 6382 4601

### SHARE REGISTRY

Advanced Share Registry Limited 150 Stirling Highway NEDLANDS WA 6009

## Directors' Report

Your directors submit the financial accounts of East Energy Resources Limited ("the Company") for the financial year ended 30 June 2012.

#### Directors

The names of the directors in office at any time during or since the end of the year are:-

Mr Mark Basso-Brusa	(Managing Director and Chairman)
Mr Ranko Matic	(Non-Executive Director and Company Secretary)
Mr Rex Littlewood	(Non-Executive Director)
Mr Malcolm Castle	(Non-Executive Director, resigned 24 November 2011)
Mr William Randall	(Alternate Non-Executive Director)

#### **Principal Activities**

The principal activity of the Company for the financial year was mineral exploration. There were no significant changes in the nature of the economic entity's principal activities during the financial year.

#### **Operating Results**

The profit of the Company after income tax for the financial year ended 30 June 2012 amounted to \$442,787 (2011: loss \$509.024).

#### **Dividends Paid or Recommended**

The directors do not recommend the payment of a dividend and no amount has been paid or declared by way of a dividend to the date of this report.

#### **Review of Operations**

#### Exploration

The Company holds EPC1149 granted by Queensland's Department of Mines and Energy on 22 April 2008. The tenement is located in Central Western Queensland, 25km south of the township of Blackall in the eastern part of the Eromanga Basin. The total surface area of EPC1149 is approximately 900 sq km.

East Energy Resources Limited commenced exploration drilling in early June 2008 and has been continuously exploring since that time to prove up the coal resources within the tenement.

On the basis of early exploration work, the resource was divided into the southern "Carlow" field and the northern "Alambi" field, however it is now known that the coal deposit is continuous between the two areas and the distinction between the two areas is no longer applied.

#### Exploration Background:

Drilling completed in the southern part of EPC1149 between June and November 2008 provided a good basis for modelling of the geology and establishing the continuity of coal seams in this deposit.

In early 2009, SRK Consulting conducted an independent appraisal of the exploration results and reported an Inferred Raw Coal Resource of 1,222 Million tonnes (Mt) for this area.

Subsequently SRK completed a geostatistical analysis of the drilling data that were obtained during the 2008 campaign and provided advice to East Energy which was used in planning the next phase of drilling. This commenced in early October 2009 with the aim of defining an Indicated Resource over the potential open-cut part of the Carlow deposit.

In July 2009 Coffey Mining Pty Ltd completed a high level study into the potential development options for the Blackall Coal Deposit. Their report examined potential mining methods, coal treatment and transport options. Coffey reported that the coal quality appears to be suitable for thermal energy requirements such as in power stations and that the volume of coal available for open cut mining is large.

Coffey anticipated that, with further exploration, the resource is likely to increase in size to allow a potential open cut mine life of over 30 years at a rate progressively increasing to over 20 Mt/a washed product. This potential scale of operations suggests consideration should be given to different processes, products, transport systems and markets to optimise utilisation and value of the deposit. Possible options could include the following singularly or in combinations:

- Local power station (high ash coal),
- Domestic / export coal (standard or clean coal technology),
- Coal gasification (washed coal),
- Coal gasification (underground in-situ) and
- Hydrogenation, liquifaction (gas to liquid).

Between October 2009 and the end of June 2010 a further 47 core holes and 45 pilot chip holes were drilled and geophysically logged. Coal samples were sent to ALS's Emerald laboratory for coal quality assaying.

In the first half of the 2010/11 year the main focus of exploration was to complete sufficient drilling to support the calculation of an Indicated Resource over the potential open cut part of the deposit as it was then defined.

The required core holes in this program were completed early in 2011. This drilling comprised 49 core holes and 23 pilot chip holes. Coal samples for this work were analysed by HRL Technology's coal laboratory in Melbourne.

Xenith Consulting were commissioned to update the geological model and undertake an independent resource assessment incorporating the new exploration data. Xenith completed this work in April 2011 and based on the additional drilling results, were able to upgrade a total of 469Mt from Inferred to Indicated Resource.

The focus of exploration for the remainder of 2010/11 was in the northern half of the EPC, to complete sufficient drilling to expand the geological knowledge in that direction and to add to the total coal inventory.

Initial wide spaced exploratory RAB drilling in the north was followed up with a program of 26 core holes at roughly 3km centres. This program was completed during in July 2011.

#### Exploration Program 2011/12:

The aim of the final drilling program during 2011/12 was to complete additional core and chip drilling where necessary to close any gaps in the geological model and expand both the Inferred and Indicated Resources.

An exploration target of 2Bt was considered achievable and with this in mind drilling continued through to February 2012.

All the drilling and assay data was compiled, checked and provided to SRK who commenced work on an updated resource assessment in May/June 2012.

SRK's new resource report was completed in September 2012 with a summary of the report released to market on 17 September 2012.

The information in this review of operations that relates to exploration results at Blackall, is based on information compiled by Mr Peter Tighe, who is a member of the Australasian Institute of Mining and Metallurgy. Mr Tighe is a full time employee of East Energy Resources Limited. Mr Tighe has sufficient experience which is relevent to the style of mineralisation and and type of deposits under consideration and to the activity that he is undertaking to qualify as a Competent Person as defined in the 2004 edition of the 'Australian Code for Reporting Exploration results, Mineral Resources and Ore Reserves (the JORC code)'.

### Directors' Report continued

#### **Financial Position**

The net assets of the Company are \$19,648,477 (2011: \$19,205,690). Full details of the financial position of the Company can be found in the Financial Report section within this Annual Report.

The directors believe the Company is in a strong and stable financial position to pursue its current operations.

#### Matters Subsequent to the End of the Financial Year

On 17<sup>th</sup> September East Energy Resources Limited announced the release of an updated JORC report for its Blackall Coal Project (EPC 1149), which confirms a Total Resource of 1.74 billion tonnes of thermal coal. Inclusive in this total is 627 million tonnes classified as Indiciated and 1,113 classified as Inferred.

In September 2012, East Energy Resources Limited entered into a loan facility agreement with Idalia Coal Pty Ltd, (a subsidiary of the Noble Group) whereby Idalia Coal will provide up to \$5.5 million for a period of up to 4 years, with a staggered drawdown, the first of which occurring in late September 2012 for \$1.2m. The loan facility is provided on normal commercial terms and East Energy Resources has agreed to provide security for this loan facility by way of a personal property security interest over the Company's assets and a mortgage over the Company's tenements.

No other matters or circumstances have arisen since the end of the financial period which significantly affected or may significantly affect the operations of the Company, the results of those operations, or the state of affairs of the Company in future financial years.

#### Future Developments, Prospects and Business Strategies

The Company intends to continue to pursue its goals to acquire, explore, and exploit coal deposits and explore prospective coal tenements.

#### **Environmental Regulation**

The Company is subject to significant environmental regulation in respect of its exploration activities.

The Company aims to ensure the appropriate standard of environmental care is achieved, and in doing so, that it is aware of and is in compliance with all environmental legislation. The directors of the Company are not aware of any breach of environmental legislation for the year under review.

The directors have considered compliance with the National Greenhouse and Energy Reporting Act 2007 (the NGER Act) which introduces a single national reporting framework for the reporting and dissemination of information about the greenhouse gas emissions, greenhouse gas projects, and energy use and production of corporations. For the measurement period 1 July 2011 to 30 June 2012 the directors have assessed that there are no current reporting requirements, but may be required to do so in the future. The directors will reassess this position as and when the need arises.

#### **INFORMATION ON DIRECTORS**

## Mr Mark Basso-Brusa Managing Director and Chairman Qualifications: B.E. (Hons)

Mr Basso-Brusa has a Bachelor of Engineering degree completed in 1983 from the University of Western Australia. After graduating he was involved in the design and construction phases of various projects such as the Perth International Airport, LNG Storage Tanks on the Burrup, Iron Ore Ship Unloader Romania (commissioning), HV Substations Cape Lambert and Pannawonica, and CHLOR Alkaline Plant CSBP. In 1992 he formed a construction company with his two brothers which continues to prosper.

Mr Basso-Brusa has developed extensive business management skills over the last 18 years. Mr Basso-Brusa's engineering background provides him with the ability to liaise with consultants, thereby ensuring that projects proceed in a logical, cost effective and timely manner.

Over the past three years Mr Basso-Brusa has not held any other directorships of ASX Listed companies.

EAST ENERGY RESOURCES LIMITED ABN 66 126 371 828

#### **INFORMATION ON DIRECTORS continued**

Mr Ranko Matic Non-Executive Director and Company Secretary Qualifications: B.Bus, CA

Mr Matic is a Chartered Accountant with over 20 years experience in the areas of financial and executive management, accounting, audit, business and corporate advisory. Mr Matic has considerable experience in a range of industries with particular exposure to publicly listed companies and large private enterprises.

Mr Matic is a director of a Chartered Accounting firm and a Corporate Advisory company based in West Perth, and has specialist expertise and exposure in areas of audit, corporate services, due diligence, mergers and acquisitions, and valuations. Through these positions Mr Matic has been involved in an advisory capacity to a significant number of initial public offerings on the ASX in the last ten years.

Mr Matic has also acted as CFO and company secretary for companies in the publicly listed and private sectors and currently holds non-executive directorships and corporate secretarial roles for several private and publicly listed companies.

Mr Matic is a current director of Core Services Group Ltd (since 6 February 2012)

Mr Matic was also a director of View Resources Ltd (appointed 23 December 2010, resigned 1 April 2012).

Other than disclosed above, over the past three years Mr Matic has not held any other directorships of ASX Listed companies.

## Mr Rex Littlewood Non-Executive Director Qualifications: B.Sc, MAICD.

Mr Littlewood, under his company, Australian Carbon Assets, consults in most aspects of coal mine evaluation, coal technology and marketing and was formerly vice president of Noble Energy, a subsidiary of Noble Group. He was responsible for their Asian coal and coke platform, and for developing the Australian operations.

Mr Littlewood has more than 30 years experience in the international coal market, where he was involved in the development of mines as well as mining and export infrastructure. At Noble he designed and implemented a fully integrated, computerised coal management system from mine to customer, capturing all data in a "paperless" process.

Mr Littlewood is also a current director of Blackwood Corporation Limited (since 6 July 2011). Over the past three years Mr Littlewood has not held any other directorships of ASX listed companies .

## Mr William Randall Alternate Non-Executive Director Qualifications: B.Bus

Mr William Randall is Noble Group Head of the Energy Coal & Carbon Complex business unit. Mr. Randall holds a Bachelor degree in Business, major in International Marketing and Finance. He started his career at Noble in Australia, transferring to Asia in 1998 where he established Noble's coal operations, mining and supply chain management businesses.

Following his appointment as Director of Noble Energy Inc in 2001, Mr. Randall continued to build the global coal and coke marketing network and asset pipeline. He was appointed global head of Coal & Coke division in 2006 and became a member of the Noble Group Executive Board in 2008. He also sits on the capital investment, risk and management committees of Noble Group Limited.

Mr Randall is a Nominee of Noble Group Limited. Alternate Director since 20 July 2010.

Mr Randall is a current director of Gloucester Coal (since June 2009), Blackwood Corporation Limited (since 8 November 2010) and Yancoal Australia Limited (since 26 June 2012). He has had no other directorships of ASX listed companies.

## Directors' Report continued

#### Interests in the shares and options of the Company and related bodies corporate

As at the date of this report, the interests of the directors in the shares and options of East Energy Resources Limited were:

	Ordinary Shares	Options over Ordinary Shares
Mark Basso-Brusa	68,701,201	0
Ranko Matic	220,000	0
Rex Littlewood	0	0
William Randall	0	0

#### **REMUNERATION REPORT (AUDITED)**

The Remuneration Report is set out under the following main headings:

- A Principles used to determine the nature and amount of remuneration
- B Service agreements
- C Details of remuneration
- D Share-based compensation

The information provided in this remuneration report has been audited as required by section 308 (3C) of the Corporations Act 2001.

The remuneration arrangements detailed in this report relate to the following Directors and key management personnel as follows:

Mr Mark Basso-Brusa	(Managing Director and Chairman)
Mr Ranko Matic	(Non-Executive Director and Company Secretary)
Mr Rex Littlewood	(Non-Executive Director)
Mr Malcolm Caste	(Non-Executive Director, resigned 24 November 2011)
Mr William Randall	(Alternate Non-Executive Director)
Mr Peter Tighe	(Exploration Manager)
Mrs Andrea Betti	(Chief Financial Officer)

The following table shows the gross revenue, profits/losses and share price of the Company at the end of the respective financial period.

	30 June 2012 \$	30 June 2011 \$	30 June 2010 \$	30 June 2009 \$
Revenue from continuing operations	1,314,490	125,260	159,967	140,984
Net profit/(loss)	442,787	(509,024)	(896,320)	(730,776)
Share price	14 cents	35 cents	18.5 cents	8 cents

#### A. Principles used to determine the nature and amount of remuneration

In determining competitive remuneration rates, the Board, acting in its capacity as the remuneration committee, seeks independent advice on local and international trends among comparative companies and industry generally. It examines terms and conditions for employee incentive schemes benefit plans and share plans. Independent advice should be obtained to confirm that executive remuneration is in line with market practice and is reasonable in the context of Australian executive reward practices.

The Board recognises that East Energy Resources Limited operates in a global environment. To prosper in this environment we must attract, motivate and retain key executive staff.

#### **Market Comparisons**

Consistent with attracting and retaining talented executives, the board endorses the use of incentive and bonus payments. The board will continue to seek external advice to ensure reasonableness in remuneration scale and structure, and to compare the Company's position with the external market. The impact and high cost of replacing senior employees and the competition for talented executives requires the committee to reward key employees when they deliver consistently high performance.

#### **Board Remuneration**

Shareholders approve the maximum aggregate remuneration for non-executive directors currently \$220,000 per annum. The Board determines actual payments to directors and reviews their remuneration annually based, on independent external advice with regard to market practice, relativities, and the duties and accountabilities of directors. A review of directors' remuneration is conducted annually to benchmark overall remuneration including retirement benefits.

The employment conditions of the managing director, any executive director and executives are formalised in contracts of employment when such an arrangement is considered appropriate. Other than the managing director, the exploration manager, appointed in June 2008 and the Chief Financial Officer appointed December 2007, are permanent employees of East Energy Resources Limited. The managing director is employed under a fixed 3 year contract, which expired in December 2010. This agreement continues until a party terminates it by giving notice as mentioned in the service agreement.

#### Performance Based Remuneration

The Company currently has no performance based remuneration component built into director and executive remuneration packages.

#### Company Performance, Shareholder Wealth and Directors and Executives Remuneration

The remuneration policy has been tailored to increase the direct positive relationship between shareholders investment objectives and directors and executives performance. Currently, directors and executives are encouraged to hold shares in the Company to ensure the alignment of personal and shareholder interests. The Company currently does not offer performance based remuneration during the exploration phase of operations. This policy may change once the exploration phase is complete and the Company is generating revenue. At present, the existing policy is not impacted by the Company's performance, including earnings and changes in shareholder wealth.

#### **B. Service Agreements**

#### **Employment Contracts Of Directors And Senior Executives**

The employment conditions of the managing director, Mr Mark Basso-Brusa, are formalised in an executive service agreement. Mr Basso-Brusa's agreement is a fixed 36 month agreement from date of listing, which commenced in July 2007 and expired in December 2010. After the Initial Term, the agreement continues until a party terminates it by giving notice.

Any party may terminate the agreement after the Initial Term by providing 3 months notice. The Company can also terminate the agreement summarily, and without notice or compensation, in circumstances of serious misconduct or breach by the Executive.

Upon termination, the Executive is subject to a 12 month non-competition covenant, whereby the Executive must not: engage in, directly or indirectly, through any person in an enterprise, company or firm; or carry on a substantially similar activity to that of the Company's business. The Executive is also subject to covenants prohibiting the solicitation of Company personnel.

Mr Matic, Mr Littlewood and Mr Randall are not employed on a formal contract.

#### B. Service Agreements continued

Key Management Person	Term of Agreement	Base Salary including superannuation	Termination Benefit
Mark Basso-Brusa	No fixed term	\$145,250*	3 months
Ranko Matic	No fixed term	\$54,000	Nil
Rex Littlewood	No fixed term	\$38,150*	Nil
Peter Tighe	No fixed term	\$214,606	Nil
Andrea Betti	No fixed term	\$41,972	6 months
* As at 1 July 2012, Mr Basso-Brusa's	s salary was reduced to \$145,250 and Mr I	Litttlewood's salary was reduced to \$38,150 (in	ncluding superannuation)

#### C. Details of remuneration

The remuneration for each director and each executive officer of the Company during the year was as follows:

#### 2012

Key Management Person	s	hort-tern	n Benefits			Post- employment Benefits	Other Long-term Benefits	Share I Paym				
	Cash, salary & Commissions	Cash Profit Share	Non-Cas Benefit		Other	Super- annuation	Other	Equity	Options	Total	Performance Related	Remuneration Consisting of Options
	\$	\$	\$		\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	%	%
Mark Basso-Brusa	245,250		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	245,250	-	-
Malcolm Castle	18,750		-	-	-	1,688	-	-	-	20 438	-	-
Ranko Matic (i)	-		-	-	54,000	-	-	-	-	54,000	-	-
Rex Littlewood	45,000		-	-	-	4,050	-	-	-	49,050	-	-
Peter Tighe	196,886		-	-	-	17,720	-	-	-	214,606	-	-
Andrea Betti	41,961		-	-	-	3,776	-	-		45,737	-	-
	547,847		-	-	54,000	27,234	-	-	-	629,081	-	-

(i) Ranko Matic is a director and shareholder of Capital & Corporate Advisors Pty Ltd (CCA). CCA was paid \$54,000 in relation to directorship, corporate secretarial and accounting services performed.

#### 2011

Key Management Person		Short-teri	m Benefits		Post- employment Benefits	Other Long-term Benefits	Share Payn				
	Cash, salary & Commissions	Cash Profit Share	Non-Cash Benefit	Other	Super- annuation	Other	Equity	Options	Total	Performanc e Related	Remuneration Consisting of Options
	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	%	%
Mark Basso-Brusa	245,250					-	-	-	245,250	-	-
Malcolm Castle	45,000				- 4,050	-	-	-	49,050	-	-
Ranko Matic (i)	-			54,000	- 0	-	-	-	54,000	-	-
Rex Littlewood	45,000				- 4,050	-	-	-	49,050		
Peter Tighe	185,719				- 16,715	-	-	-	202,434	-	-
Andrea Betti	35,952				- 3,236		-	-	39,188		-
	556.921			54.000	28.051	-	-	-	638.972	-	-

(i) Ranko Matic is a director and shareholder of Capital & Corporate Advisors Pty Ltd (CCA). CCA was paid \$54,000 in relation to directorship, corporate secretarial and accounting services performed.

#### D. Share-based compensation

#### Shares Issued on Exercise of Compensation Options

No options granted as compensation in prior periods were exercised, forfeited or lapsed through the year.

Options issued as part of remuneration for the year ended 30 June 2012.

No options were issued in the year ended 30 June 2012.

There is not currently a formal Employee Share Option Plan in place.

Options may be issued to directors and executives as part of their remuneration. The options are not issued based on performance criteria, but are issued to the majority of directors and executives of East Energy Resources Limited to increase goal congruence between executives, directors and shareholders.

#### **Remuneration Consultants**

Remuneration Consultants were not used by East Energy Resources in the current year or prior years.

#### Voting of Remuneration Report at 2011 Annual General Meeting

The 2011 Remuneration Report was voted for, without any commentary or discussion, at the 2011 Annual General Meeting with 52,108,232 votes for (99.77%) and 120,000 votes against (0.23%).

#### END OF AUDITED REMUNERATION REPORT.

#### **Meetings of Directors**

During the financial year, seven meetings of directors (including committees of directors) were held. Attendances by each director during the year were as follows:

	Directors' M	leetings
Directors	Number eligible to attend	Number Attended
Mark Basso-Brusa	4	4
Ranko Matic	4	4
Malcolm Castle	2	1
Rex Littlewood	4	4
William Randall (alternate to Rex Littlewood)	0	0

The full board fulfils the role of remuneration, nomination and audit committees.

#### Indemnifying Officers or Auditor

In accordance with the constitution, except as may be prohibited by the Corporations Act 2001, every Officer of the Company shall be indemnified out of the property of the Company against any liability incurred by him in his capacity as Officer, auditor or agent of the Company or any related corporation in respect of any act or omission whatsoever and howsoever occurring or in defending any proceedings, whether civil or criminal. The total amount of insurance contract premiums paid is \$16,044.

#### Options

At the date of this report, the unissued ordinary shares of East Energy Limited under option are as follows:

Grant Date	Date of Expiry	Exercise Price	Number Under Option
N/A	N/A	N/A	0
			0

During the financial year ended 30 June 2012 there were no options granted, exercised or lapsed.

No options granted under the Company's Employee Option Plan have been exercised.

No person entitled to exercise the option had or has any right by virtue of the option to participate in any share issue of any other body corporate.

## Directors' Report continued

#### Proceedings on Behalf of Company

No person has applied for leave of Court to bring proceedings on behalf of the Company or intervene in any proceedings to which the Company is a party for the purpose of taking responsibility on behalf of the Company for all or any part of these proceedings.

The Company was not a party to any such proceedings during the year.

#### Non-audit Services

The board of directors, in accordance with advice from the audit committee, is satisfied that the provision of non-audit services during the year is compatible with the general standard of independence for auditors imposed by the Corporations Act 2001. The directors are satisfied that the services disclosed below did not compromise the external auditor's independence for the following reasons:

- all non-audit services are reviewed and approved by the audit committee prior to commencement to ensure they do not
  adversely affect the integrity and objectivity of the auditor; and
- the nature of the services provided do not compromise the general principles relating to auditor independence as set out in APES 110 Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants.

No fees for non-audit services were paid/payable to the external auditors during the financial year ended 30 June 2012 (2011: nil).

#### Auditor's Independence Declaration

The lead auditor's independence declaration under section 307C of the Corporations Act 2001 is set out on page 17 for the period ended 30 June 2012.

Signed in accordance with a resolution of the Board of Directors.

ah have been

MARK BASSO-BRUSA Director

DATED at PERTH this 28<sup>th</sup> day of September 2012

## Corporate Governance Statement

As an integral part of its preparations to list on the Australian Securities Exchange ("**ASX**"), the Company has considered and set up a framework for embracing the ASX Corporate Governance Principles and Recommendations with 2010 amendments ("**Recommendations**"). The Company has followed each of the Recommendations where the Board has considered the practices appropriate, taking into account factors such as size of the Company and the Board, the resources available to the Company and the activities of the Company. Where, after due consideration the Company's corporate governance policies depart from the Recommendations, the Board has outlined the nature of, and reason for, the adoption of its own practice.

Further information about the Company's corporate governance practices is available on the Company's web site at www.eastenergy.com.au.

The Board sets out below its "if not why not" report in relation to those matters of corporate governance where the Company's practices depart from the Recommendations. As the Company's activities develop in size, nature and scope, further consideration will be given by the Board to the implementation of additional corporate governance structures.

	PRINCIPLE 1 – LAY SOLID FOUNDATIONS	
	Recommendation	East Energy Resources Limited Current Practice
1.1	Companies should establish the functions reserved for the board and those delegated to senior executives and disclose those functions	Satisfied. The Directors have adopted a Board Charter which outlines the role of the Board. Executive Director Consultancy Agreements outline functions of the executive directors. Non-executive Director appointment letters outline the terms and conditions of non-executive director appointments. As the Company recruits additional management, the roles and responsibilities of these persons will be considered and documented
1.2	Companies should disclose the process for evaluating the performance of senior executives	Not currently applicable. Other than the Directors the Company does not currently employ any senior executives. The full Board will be responsible for the appointment and will regularly review the performance of senior executives having regard to the Nomination and Remuneration Charters
1.3	Companies should provide the information indicated in the Guide to reporting on Principle 1 outlined in the Recommendations	Satisfied. Board Charter available at <u>www.eastenergy.com.au</u>
	PRINCIPLE 2 – STRUCTURE THE BOARD	TO ADD VALUE
	Recommendation	East Energy Resources Limited Current Practice
2.1	A majority of the board should be independent directors	Not satisfied. Currently there is one independent director and two non-independent directors. The Board has been structured such that its composition and size will enable it to effectively discharge its responsibilities and duties. Each Director has the relevant industry experience and specific expertise relevant to the Company's business and level of operations. The Board considers that its structure is, and will continue to be, appropriate in the context of the Company's recent history. The Company considers that the non independent directors possess the skills and experience suitable for building the Company. Furthermore, the Board considers that in the current phase of the Company's operations, the Company's shareholders are better served by directors who have a vested interest in the Company. The Board intends to reconsider its composition as the Company's operations evolve, and may appoint additional independent directors as it deems appropriate
2.2	The chair should be an independent director	Not satisfied. While the Board recognises the importance of independence in decision making, it does not comply with Recommendation 2.2. Given the size and the limited resources of the Company there would be no value to shareholders or the Company in having an independent Chariman at this point in time. This will be revisited should the nature or size of the operations change substantially. The Board believes that Mr Basso- Brusa is the most appropriate person for the position as Chairman because of his experience and knowledge of the Company's operations and mineral projects.

## Corporate Governance Statement continued

	Recommendation	East Energy Resources Limited Current Practice	
2.3	Roles of chair and chief executive officer should not be exercised by same individual	Not Satisfied. The role of chairperson of the Board and the CEO (Managing Dir are exercised by the same person with Mr Basso-Brusa being app as Chairman by the Board of Directors in 2009. Whilst the Cor recognises the benefit in these roles being undertaken by two sel individuals, the size of the Company and its limited resources do warrant the appointment of an independent individual as Chairman position will be revisited by the Board should the nature or the size operations substantially change.	ointe npar barat es no Th
2.4	The board should establish a nomination committee	Not satisfied. The Company does not have a separate Nomination Committee an full Board will consider the matters and issues arising that would u fall to the nomination committee in accordance with the Nomi Committee Charter. The Company has adopted a Nomination Com Charter setting out the board processes to raise the issues that otherwise be considered by the Nomination Committee. The considers that at this stage, no efficiencies or other benefits wou gained by establishing a separate nomination committee	sual natic mitte wou Boa
2.5	Companies should disclose the process for evaluating the performance of its board, its committees and individual directors	Not satisfied. The Company has not yet established formal performance in measures or induction procedures for key executives nor h established a separate nomination committee given the size and sta the Company's operations. The full Board will review the performan Directors and key executives on a regular basis	nas age
2.6	Companies should provide the information indicated in the Guide to reporting on Principle 2 outlined in the Recommendations	The skills and experience of directors are set out in the Comp Annual Report and on its website.	any
	PRINCIPLE 3 – PROMOTE ETHICAL AND F		
3.1	Recommendation Companies should establish a code of	East Energy Resources Limited Current Practice Satisfied.	
3.1	conduct and disclose the code or a summary of the code.	Code of conduct and Trading in securties policy available at www.eastenergy.com.au	
3.2	Companies should establish a policy concerning diversity and disclose the policy or a summary of that policy. The policy should include requirements for the board	Not Satisfied. After discussing the possibility of adopting a div policy at Board level it was determined that due to the nature and s the current operation this would be of no value to the organis Currently there are only three board members and two other perm	ize
	to establish measurable objectives for achieveing gender diversity for the board to assess annually both the objectives and progress in achieving them.	members of staff. There are no immediate plans to increase the board size or staff in the organisation or to replace current employed directors.	ane ie tł
3.3	to establish measurable objectives for achieveing gender diversity for the board to assess annually both the objectives and	members of staff. There are no immediate plans to increase the board size or staff in the organisation or to replace current employed directors.	ane le th ees
3.3	to establish measurable objectives for achieveing gender diversity for the board to assess annually both the objectives and progress in achieving them. Companies should disclose in each annual report the measurable objectives for achieving gender diversity set by the board in accordance with the diversity policy and progress towards achieving them. Companies should disclose in each annual	members of staff. There are no immediate plans to increase the board size or staff in the organisation or to replace current employed directors.         Not Satisfied. These have not been set as per above, due to the size nature of the Company.         2011       2012	ane le th ees
	to establish measurable objectives for achieveing gender diversity for the board to assess annually both the objectives and progress in achieving them. Companies should disclose in each annual report the measurable objectives for achieving gender diversity set by the board in accordance with the diversity policy and progress towards achieving them.	members of staff. There are no immediate plans to increase the board size or staff in the organisation or to replace current employed directors. Not Satisfied. These have not been set as per above, due to the size nature of the Company.	ane le th ees

## Corporate Governance Statement continued

	PRINCIPLE 4 – SAFEGUARD INTEGRITY IN F Recommendation	East Energy Resources Limited Current Practice
4.1	The board should establish an audit committee	Satisfied.
		An audit committee has been established
4.2	<ul> <li>The audit committee should be structured such that it:</li> <li>Consists only of non-executive directors;</li> <li>Consists of a majority of independent directors;</li> <li>Is chaired by an independent chair, who is not the chair of the board;</li> </ul>	Not satisfied. The audit committee currently consists of the full board with two bein non-executive directors. The Chairman of the Board is not the Chairman of the Audit Committee. The Board notes that AS2 Corporate Governance Council recommends the audit committee have at least three members with the majority being independent non executive directors however considering the current size of the
	•Has at least three members	Company and composition of the Board, the Board considers the current audit committee size and composition is sufficient at this stage
4.3	The audit committee should have a formal charter	Satisfied. Available at <u>www.eastenergy.com.au</u>
4.4	Companies should provide the information indicated in the Guide to reporting on Principle 4 outlined in the Recommendations.	Satisfied. The Company's Audit Committee Charter is available a <u>www.eastenergy.com.au</u>
	PRINCIPLE 5 – MAKE TIMELY AND BALANCE Recommendation	
5.1	Companies should establish written policies designed to ensure compliance with ASX Listing Rule disclosure requirements and to ensure accountability at senior executive level for that compliance and disclose those policies or a summary of those policies.	East Energy Resources Limited Current Practice Satisfied. Continuous disclosure policy and Securities trading policy available a www.eastenergy.com.au
5.2	Companies should provide the information indicated in the Guide to reporting on Principle 5 outlined in the Recommendations	Satisfied. Refer 5.1
	PRINCIPLE 6 – RESPECT THE RIGHTS OF SH	IAREHOLDERS
	Recommendation	East Energy Resources Limited Current Practice
6.1	Companies should design a communications policy for promoting effective communication with shareholders and encouraging their participation at general meetings and disclose their policy or a summary of that policy.	Satisfied. Communications with shareholders policy available a <u>www.eastenergy.com.au</u>
6.2	Companies should provide the information indicated in the Guide to reporting on Principle 6 outlined in the Recommendations	Satisfied. Refer 6.1
	PRINCIPLE 7 - RECOGNISE AND MANAGE R	
7 1	Recommendation	East Energy Resources Limited Current Practice
7.1	Companies should establish policies for the oversight and management of material business risks and disclose a summary of those policies	Satisfied. Risk management program available at <u>www.eastenergy.com.au</u> The Board has considered the material risks impacting the Compan and its Shares. Key risks impacting the Company will be reviewed an considered by management and the Board on a regular basis
7.2	The board should require management to design and implement the risk management and internal control system to manage the Company's material business risks and report to it on whether those risks are being managed effectively. The board should disclose that management has reported to it as to the effectiveness of the Company's management of its material business risks	Satisfied. The Board including the Managing Director routinely consider ris management matters.

## Corporate Governance Statement continued

	Recommendation	East Energy Resources Limited Current Practice			
7.3	The board should disclose whether it has received assurance from the Chief Executive Officer (or equivalent) and the Chief Financial Officer (or equivalent) that the declaration in accordance with section 295A of the Corporations Act is founded on a sound system of risk management and internal control and that the management system is operating effectively in all material aspects in relation to financial reporting	Satisfied. The Board has received a Section 295A declaration pursuant to the 2012 financial period.			
7.4	Companies should provide the information indicated in the Guide to reporting on Principle 7.	Satisfied. Refer above			
	PRINCIPLE 8 – REMUNERATE FARILY AND R	ESPONSIBLY			
	Recommendation	East Energy Resources Limited Current Practice			
8.1	The board should establish a remuneration committee	Not satisfied. The Company does not have a separate Remuneration Committee and the full Board will consider matters of remuneration, in accordance with the Remuneration Committee Charter. The Company has adopted a Remuneration Committee Charter setting out the board processes to raise the issues that would otherwise be considered by the remuneration committee. Due to the structure of the Board, a separate remuneration committee is not considered to add any efficiency to the process of determining the levels of remuneration for the Directors and key executives. The Board considers that it is more appropriate that it set aside time at Board meetings to address matter that would normally fall to the remuneration committee. In addition all matter of remuneration will continue to be determined in accordance with the Corporations Act requirements, especially in relation to related party transactions. That is no director will participate in any deliberations regarding their own remuneration or related issues.			
8.2	<ul> <li>The remuneration committee should be structured so that it:</li> <li>Consists of a majority of independent directors</li> <li>Is chaired by an independent chair</li> <li>Has at least three members</li> </ul>	Not applicable – there is no remuneration committee. Refer 8.1 above.			
8.3	Companies should clearly distinguish the structure of non-executive directors' remuneration from that of executive directors and senior executives.	Satisfied. The structure of directors remuneration is disclosed in the remuneration report of the Annual Report.			
8.4	Companies should provide the information indicated in the Guide to reporting on Principle 8 outlined in the Recommendations	Refer to the Remuneration Report in the Company's Annual Report. The Remuneration Committee Charter is available at www.eastenergy.com.au			



Tel: +8 6382 4600 Fax: +8 6382 4601 www.bdo.com.au 38 Station Street Subiaco, WA 6008 PO Box 700 West Perth WA 6872 Australia

28 September 2012

The Directors East Energy Resources Limited Level 7, 16 St Georges Terrace PERTH WA 6000

Dear Sirs,

## DECLARATION OF INDEPENDENCE BY PHILLIP MURDOCH TO THE DIRECTORS OF EAST ENERGY RESOURCES LIMITED

As lead auditor of East Energy Resources Limited for the year ended 30 June 2012, I declare that, to the best of my knowledge and belief, there have been no contraventions of:

- the auditor independence requirements of the Corporations Act 2001 in relation to the audit; and
- any applicable code of professional conduct in relation to the audit.

This declaration is in respect of East Energy Resources Limited.

Phillip Murdoch Director

**BDO Audit (WA) Pty Ltd** Perth, Western Australia

# Statement of Comprehensive Income For the year ended 30 June 2012

	Notes	2012 \$	2011 \$
Revenue from continuing operations	4	100,091	125,260
Other Income – Research & Development Tax Concession	4	1,214,399	-
Audit Fees	3	(31,322)	(19,708)
Depreciation		(6,296)	(10,305)
Insurance		(16,044)	(17,761)
Printing and Stationery		(1,015)	(2,322)
Public Relations		(65,567)	(18,716)
Rent		(54,734)	(50,819)
Share Registry Costs		(6,090)	(13,490)
Directors & Employee Benefits		(414,475)	(434,122)
Impairment of Exploration Asset		(14,516)	(1,564)
Professional Fees for lodgement of R&D Return		(191,268)	-
Other Expenses	-	(70,376)	(65,477)
Profit/(Loss) before income tax		442,787	(509,024)
Income tax expense	5	-	
Net profit/(loss) attributable to members of the entity		442,787	(509,024)
Other comprehensive income		-	-
Other comprehensive income for the year, net of tax	-	-	
Total Comprehensive income/(loss) for the year attributable to the members of the entity		442,787	(509,024)
Basic and diluted earnings/(loss) per share (cents per share) for profit/(loss) attributable to ordinary equity holders of the Company	6	0.27	(0.35)

# Statement of Financial Position As at 30 June 2012

CURRENT ASSETS         7         1,514,039         2,798,075           Trade and other receivables         8         281,447         255,616           TOTAL CURRENT ASSETS         1,795,486         3,053,691           NON CURRENT ASSETS         1         1,795,486         3,053,691           Property, plant and equipment         9         180,417         241,352           Exploration, evaluation and development expenditure         10         19,723,617         16,683,937           TOTAL NON-CURRENT ASSETS         19,904,034         16,925,289         21,699,520         19,978,980           CURRENT LIABILITIES         11         2,051,043         773,290         2,051,043         773,290           TOTAL CURRENT LIABILITIES         2,051,043         773,290         2,051,043         773,290           TOTAL CURRENT LIABILITIES         2,051,043         773,290         2,051,043         773,290           TOTAL LIABILITIES         19,648,477         19,205,690         19,648,477         19,205,690           EQUITY         Issued capital         12         21,906,032         21,906,032         21,906,032         21,906,032         21,906,032         21,906,032         21,906,032         21,906,032         21,906,032         21,906,032         21,906,032		Notes	2012 \$	2011 \$
Trade and other receivables       8       281,447       255,616         TOTAL CURRENT ASSETS       1,795,486       3,053,691         NON CURRENT ASSETS       9       180,417       241,352         Exploration, evaluation and development expenditure       10       19,723,617       16,683,937         TOTAL NON-CURRENT ASSETS       19,904,034       16,925,289       21,699,520       19,978,980         CURRENT LIABILITIES       11       2,051,043       773,290       20,51,043       773,290         TOTAL CURRENT LIABILITIES       2,051,043       773,290       2,051,043       773,290         TOTAL CURRENT LIABILITIES       11       2,051,043       773,290       2,051,043       773,290         TOTAL LIABILITIES       19,648,477       19,205,690       19,648,477       19,205,690         EQUITY       Issued capital       12       21,906,032       21,906,032       21,906,032         Accumulated losses       12       21,906,032       21,906,032       21,906,032       21,906,032	CURRENT ASSETS			
TOTAL CURRENT ASSETS       1,795,486       3,053,691         NON CURRENT ASSETS       9       180,417       241,352         Property, plant and equipment       9       19,723,617       16,683,937         TOTAL NON-CURRENT ASSETS       19,904,034       16,925,289         TOTAL ASSETS       21,699,520       19,978,980         CURRENT LIABILITIES       11       2,051,043       773,290         TOTAL LOURRENT LIABILITIES       2,051,043       773,290         TOTAL LIABILITIES       2,051,043       773,290         TOTAL LIABILITIES       19,648,477       19,205,690         NET ASSETS       19,648,477       19,205,690         EQUITY       Issued capital       12       21,906,032       21,906,032       21,906,032         Accumulated losses       12       21,906,032       21,906,032       21,906,032	Cash and cash equivalents	7	1,514,039	2,798,075
NON CURRENT ASSETS         Property, plant and equipment       9       180,417       241,352         Exploration, evaluation and development expenditure       10       19,723,617       16,683,937         TOTAL NON-CURRENT ASSETS       19,904,034       16,925,289       21,699,520       19,978,980         CURRENT LIABILITIES       11       2,051,043       773,290       773,290         TOTAL LUABILITIES       2,051,043       773,290       2,051,043       773,290         TOTAL LIABILITIES       11       2,051,043       773,290         TOTAL LIABILITIES       19,648,477       19,205,690         EQUITY       Issued capital       12       21,906,032       21,906,032         Accumulated losses       12       21,906,032       21,906,032	Trade and other receivables	8	281,447	255,616
Property, plant and equipment       9       180,417       241,352         Exploration, evaluation and development expenditure       10       19,723,617       16,683,937         TOTAL NON-CURRENT ASSETS       19,904,034       16,925,289         TOTAL ASSETS       21,699,520       19,978,980         CURRENT LIABILITIES         Trade and other payables       11       2,051,043       773,290         TOTAL CURRENT LIABILITIES       2,051,043       773,290         TOTAL CURRENT LIABILITIES       2,051,043       773,290         TOTAL LIABILITIES       19,648,477       19,205,690         EQUITY       19,648,477       19,205,690         Issued capital       12       21,906,032       21,906,032         Accumulated losses       12       21,906,032       21,906,032	TOTAL CURRENT ASSETS	-	1,795,486	3,053,691
Exploration, evaluation and development expenditure       10       19,723,617       16,683,937         TOTAL NON-CURRENT ASSETS       19,904,034       16,925,289         TOTAL ASSETS       21,699,520       19,978,980         CURRENT LIABILITIES       11       2,051,043       773,290         TOTAL CURRENT LIABILITIES       2,051,043       773,290         TOTAL CURRENT LIABILITIES       2,051,043       773,290         TOTAL LIABILITIES       19,648,477       19,205,690         EQUITY       Issued capital       12       21,906,032       21,906,032         Accumulated losses       12       21,906,032       21,906,032       (2,700,342)	NON CURRENT ASSETS			
TOTAL NON-CURRENT ASSETS       19,904,034       16,925,289         TOTAL ASSETS       21,699,520       19,978,980         CURRENT LIABILITIES       11       2,051,043       773,290         TOTAL CURRENT LIABILITIES       2,051,043       773,290         TOTAL LIABILITIES       2,051,043       773,290         TOTAL LIABILITIES       2,051,043       773,290         NET ASSETS       19,648,477       19,205,690         EQUITY       12       21,906,032       21,906,032         Issued capital       12       21,906,032       21,906,032         Accumulated losses       (2,257,555)       (2,700,342)	Property, plant and equipment	9	180,417	241,352
TOTAL ASSETS       21,699,520       19,978,980         CURRENT LIABILITIES       11       2,051,043       773,290         TOTAL CURRENT LIABILITIES       2,051,043       773,290         TOTAL LIABILITIES       2,051,043       773,290         TOTAL LIABILITIES       2,051,043       773,290         NET ASSETS       19,648,477       19,205,690         EQUITY       12       21,906,032       21,906,032         Accumulated losses       12       21,906,032       21,906,032	Exploration, evaluation and development expenditure	10	19,723,617	16,683,937
CURRENT LIABILITIES         Trade and other payables       11       2,051,043       773,290         TOTAL CURRENT LIABILITIES       2,051,043       773,290         TOTAL LIABILITIES       2,051,043       773,290         NET ASSETS       19,648,477       19,205,690         EQUITY       12       21,906,032       21,906,032         Accumulated losses       12       21,906,032       (2,257,555)       (2,700,342)	TOTAL NON-CURRENT ASSETS		19,904,034	16,925,289
Trade and other payables       11       2,051,043       773,290         TOTAL CURRENT LIABILITIES       2,051,043       773,290         TOTAL LIABILITIES       2,051,043       773,290         NET ASSETS       19,648,477       19,205,690         EQUITY       12       21,906,032       21,906,032         Accumulated losses       (2,257,555)       (2,700,342)	TOTAL ASSETS	-	21,699,520	19,978,980
TOTAL CURRENT LIABILITIES       2,051,043       773,290         TOTAL LIABILITIES       2,051,043       773,290         NET ASSETS       19,648,477       19,205,690         EQUITY       Issued capital       12       21,906,032       21,906,032         Accumulated losses       (2,257,555)       (2,700,342)	CURRENT LIABILITIES			
TOTAL LIABILITIES       2,051,043       773,290         NET ASSETS       19,648,477       19,205,690         EQUITY       Issued capital       12       21,906,032       21,906,032         Accumulated losses       (2,257,555)       (2,700,342)	Trade and other payables	11	2,051,043	773,290
NET ASSETS       19,648,477       19,205,690         EQUITY       Issued capital       12       21,906,032       21,906,032         Accumulated losses       (2,257,555)       (2,700,342)	TOTAL CURRENT LIABILITIES	_	2,051,043	773,290
EQUITY         12         21,906,032	TOTAL LIABILITIES	-	2,051,043	773,290
Issued capital         12         21,906,032         21,906,032           Accumulated losses         (2,257,555)         (2,700,342)	NET ASSETS	-	19,648,477	19,205,690
Accumulated losses (2,257,555) (2,700,342)	EQUITY			
	Issued capital	12	21,906,032	21,906,032
<b>TOTAL EQUITY</b> 19,648,477 19,205,690	Accumulated losses	_	(2,257,555)	(2,700,342)
	TOTAL EQUITY	_	19,648,477	19,205,690

# Statement of Changes in Equity For the year ended 30 June 2012

Balance as at 1 July 2010	<b>Issued Capital</b> \$ 14,512,196	Accumulated Losses \$ (2,191,318)	Total Equity \$ 12,320,878
Total comprehensive income/(loss) for the year Contribution of Equity, net of transaction costs	- 7,393,836 -	(509,024)	(509,024) 7,393,836
Balance at 30 June 2011	21,906,032	(2,700,342)	19,205,690
Balance as at 1 July 2011	21,906,032	(2,700,342)	19,205,690
Total comprehensive income/(loss) for the year Contribution of Equity net of transaction costs Balance at 30 June 2012	21,906,032	442,787 - (2,257,555)	442,787

## Statement of Cash Flow For the year ended 30 June 2012

	Notes	2012 \$	2011 \$
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES			
Interest and Income received Research & Development Tax Concession received Payments to suppliers & other expenses Payments for exploration, evaluation and development		141,615 1,214,399 (704,413) (1,921,605)	83,310 (688,038) (5,003,265)
Net Cash outflows from Operating Activities	17(b)	(1,270,004)	(5,607,993)
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES			
Payments for property, plant & equipment Proceeds from sale of property, plant and equipment		(18,577) 4,545	(139,225)
Net Cash outflows from Investing Activities		(14,032)	(139,225)
CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES			
Proceeds from issue of shares Share issue costs		-	7,449,391 (55,555)
Net Cash inflows from Financing Activities			7,393,836
Net Increase/(Decrease) in cash and cash equivalents Cash and cash equivalents at 1 July		(1,284,036) 2,798,075	1,646,618 1,151,457
Cash and cash equivalents at 30 June	17(a)	1,514,039	2,798,075

For the year ended 30 June 2012

#### NOTE 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

This financial report includes the financial statements and notes of East Energy Resources Limited. These principal accounting policies have been consistently applied to all years presented, unless otherwise stated.

It is recommended that this financial report be read in conjunction with any public announcements made by East Energy Resources Limited during the period in accordance with continuous disclosure requirements arising under the Corporations Act 2001, and the Company's prospectus.

#### a. Basis of Preparation

The financial statements is a general purpose financial statement that has been prepared in accordance with Australian Accounting Standards, other authoritative pronouncements of the Australian Accounting Standards Board and the Corporations Act 2001.

The financial statements of East Energy Resources Limited also comply with International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRS) as issued by the International Accounting Standards Boards (ISAB). East Energy Resources Limited is a for-profit entity for the purposes of preparing the financial statements.

The financial report was authorised for issue in accordance with a resolution of the Directors on 28 September 2012.

#### b. Going Concern

The financial report has been prepared on a going concern basis, which contemplates the continuity of normal business activity and the realisation of assets and the settlement of liabilities in the ordinary course of business.

The Company produced a profit for the year of \$442,787 and net cash outflows of \$1,284,036.

As at 30 June 2012, the Company had a working capital deficit of \$255,557.

The ability of the Company to continue as a going concern is principally dependent upon the ability of the Company to secure funds by raising capital and managing cashflow in line with available funds. During September 2012, East Energy Resources Limited entered into a loan facility agreement with Idalia Coal Pty Ltd, (a subsidiary of the Noble Group) whereby Idalia Coal will provide up to \$5.5 million in funding for a period of up to 4 years, with a staggered drawdown, the first of which occurred on 28<sup>th</sup> September 2012 for \$1.2m. The loan facility is provided on normal commercial terms and East Energy Resources has agreed to provide security for this loan facility by way of a personal property security interest over the Company's assets and a mortgage over the Company's tenements.

Although shareholder approval was not required for East Energy Resources Limited to enter into this transaction, shareholder approval is required to give effect to the security deed as signed by the company. This approval will be sought at the Company's Annual General Meeting in November 2012. The directors believe that approval will be obtained.

The above requirement indicates an uncertainty that may cast doubt about the ability of the Company to continue as a going concern. In the event the above approval is not obtained, the Company will be required to raise funds for working capital from alternative sources or capital markets. Based on the factors referred to above, the directors are satisfied that the going concern basis of preparation is appropriate. In particular, given the Company's strong relationship with the Noble Group, the directors are confident of the Company's ability to overcome any issues which may arise should shareholder approval not be forthcoming.

Should the Company be unable to continue as a going concern it may be required to realise its assets and extinguish its liabilities other than in the normal course of business and at amounts different to those stated in the financial statements. The financial statements do not include any adjustments relating to the recoverability and classification of asset carrying amounts or to the amount and classification of liabilities that might result should the Company be unable to continue as a going concern and meet its debts as and when they fall due.

#### c. Income Tax

The charge for current income tax expense is based on the profit for the year adjusted for any non-assessable or disallowed items. It is calculated using the tax rates that have been enacted or are substantially enacted by the Statement of Financial Position date.

Deferred tax is accounted for using the liability method in respect of temporary differences arising between the tax bases of assets and liabilities and their carrying amounts in the financial statements. No deferred income tax will be recognised from the initial recognition of an asset or liability, excluding a business combination, where there is no effect on accounting or taxable profit or loss.

Deferred tax is calculated at the tax rates that are expected to apply to the period when the asset is realised or liability is settled. Deferred tax is credited in the Statement of Comprehensive Income except where it relates to items that may be credited directly to equity, in which case the deferred tax is adjusted directly against equity.

Deferred income tax assets are recognised to the extent that it is probable that future tax profits will be available against which deductible temporary differences can be utilised.

The amount of benefits brought to account or which may be realised in the future is based on the assumption that no adverse change will occur in income taxation legislation and the anticipation that the economic entity will derive sufficient future assessable income to enable the benefit to be realised and comply with the conditions of deductibility imposed by the law.

#### **Minerals Resource Rent Tax**

On 19 March 2012, the Australian Government passed through the Senate, the Minerals Resource Rent Tax Act 2012, with application to certain profits arising from the iron ore and coal extracted in Australia. In broad terms, the tax is imposed on a project-by-project basis. This tax applies to upstream mining operations only, and the effective rate of Minerals Resource Rent Tax is 22.5%. This tax is considered to be an "income tax" for the purposes of AASB 112. Certain transition measures are contained in the legislation which can give rise to deductions in future years, for Minerals Resource Rent Tax purposes. Any modelling and/or valuations performed on behalf of the Company may give rise to an increase in the balance of deferred tax assets at 30 June 2012. However, given the nature of the Company's operations (i.e.: primarily exploration), the Company has not recognised such amounts as at 30 June 2012 under Deferred Tax Assets (refer to Note (5): Income Tax Expense).

#### d. Exploration, Evaluation and Development Expenditure

Exploration, evaluation and development expenditure incurred is accumulated in respect of each identifiable area of interest. These costs are only carried forward where the right of tenure of the area of interest is current and they are expected to be recouped through successful development on the area or where activities in the area have not yet reached a stage which permits reasonable assessment of the existence of economically recoverable reserves. The ulitmate recoupment of capitalised exploration, evaluation and development expenditure is dependant upon the final approval of exploration permits.

Accumulated costs in relation to an abandoned area are written off in full against profit in the year in which the decision to abandon the area is made.

When production commences, the accumulated costs for the relevant area of interest are amortised over the life of the area according to the rate of depletion of the economically recoverable reserves. A regular review is undertaken of each area of interest to determine the appropriateness of continuing to carry forward costs in relation to that area of interest.

#### e. Leases

Leases of fixed assets where substantially all the risks and benefits incidental to the ownership of the asset, but not the legal ownership that is transferred to entities in the economic entity, are classified as finance leases.

Finance leases are capitalised by recording an asset and a liability at the lower of the amounts equal to the fair value of the leased property or the present value of the minimum lease payments, including any guaranteed residual values. Lease payments are allocated between the reduction of the lease liability and the lease interest expense for the period.

Leased assets are depreciated on a straight-line basis over the shorter of their estimated useful lives or the lease term.

Lease payments for operating leases, where substantially all the risks and benefits remain with the lessor, are charged as expenses in the periods in which they are incurred.

Lease incentives under operating leases are recognised as a liability and amortised on a straight-line basis over the life of the lease term.

#### f. Financial Instruments

#### Recognition

Financial instruments are initially measured at cost on trade date, which includes transaction costs, when the related contractual rights or obligations exist. Subsequent to initial recognition these instruments are measured as set out below.

#### Loans and receivables

Loans and receivables are non-derivative financial assets with fixed or determinable payments that are not quoted in an active market and are stated at amortised cost using the effective interest rate method.

#### Financial liabilities

Non-derivative financial liabilities are recognised at amortised cost, comprising original debt less principal payments and amortisation.

#### Fair value

Fair value is determined based on current bid prices for all quoted investments. Valuation techniques are applied to determine the fair value for all unlisted securities, including recent arm's length transactions, reference to similar instruments and option pricing models.

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#### Impairment

At each reporting date, the Company assesses whether there is objective evidence that a financial instrument has been impaired. In the case of available-for-sale financial instruments, a prolonged decline in the value of the instrument is considered to determine whether an impairment has arisen. Impairment losses are recognised in the statement of comprehensive income.

#### g. Impairment of Assets

At each reporting date, the Company reviews the carrying values of its tangible and intangible assets to determine whether there is any indication that those assets have been impaired. If such an indication exists, the recoverable amount of the asset, being the higher of the asset's fair value less costs to sell and value in use, is compared to the asset's carrying value. Any excess of the asset's carrying value over its recoverable amount is expensed to the statement of comprehensive income.

Where it is not possible to estimate the recoverable amount of an individual asset, the Company estimates the recoverable amount of the cash-generating unit to which the asset belongs.

#### h. Provisions

Provisions are recognised when the Company has a legal or constructive obligation, as a result of past events, for which it is probable that an outflow of economic benefits will result and that outflow can be reliably measured.

#### i. Cash and Cash Equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents include cash on hand, deposits held at call with banks, other short-term highly liquid investments with original maturities of 12 months or less, and bank overdrafts. Bank overdrafts are shown within short-term borrowings in current liabilities on the statement of financial position.

#### j. Revenue

Interest revenue is recognised on a proportional basis taking into account the interest rates applicable to the financial assets.

#### k. Borrowing Costs

Borrowing costs directly attributable to the acquisition, construction or production of assets that necessarily take a substantial period of time to prepare for their intended use or sale, are added to the cost of those assets, until such time as the assets are substantially ready for their intended use or sale.

All other borrowing costs are recognised in income in the period in which they are incurred.

#### I. Goods and Services Tax ("GST")

Revenues, expenses and assets are recognised net of the amount of GST, except where the amount of GST incurred is not recoverable from the Australian Tax Office ("ATO"). In these circumstances the GST is recognised as part of the cost of acquisition of the asset or as part of an item of the expense. Receivables and payables in the statement of financial position are shown inclusive of GST.

The net amount of GST recoverable from, or payable to, the ATO is included as a current asset or liability in the statement of financial position.

Cash flows are included in the statement of cash flows on a gross basis. The GST components of cash flows arising from investing and financing activities which are recoverable from, or payable to, the ATO are classified as operating cash flows.

#### m. **Comparative Figures**

When required by accounting standards, comparative figures have been adjusted to conform to changes in presentation for the current financial year.

#### n. **Share-based Payment Transactions**

The fair value of options granted by East Energy Resources Limited is recognised as an expense with a corresponding increase in equity. The fair value is measured at grant date and recognised over the period during which the option holder becomes unconditionally entitled to the options. The fair value at grant date is independently determined using a Black-Scholes option pricing model that takes into account the exercise price, the term of the option, the vesting and performance criteria, the impact of dilution, the non-tradable nature of the option, the share price at grant date and the expected volatility of the underlying share, the expected dividend yield and the risk free rate for the term of the option.

#### **Property, Plant and Equipment** о.

Plant and equipment are stated at cost less accumulated depreciation and any impairment in value.

Depreciation is calculated on both a prime cost and a reducing balance basis to write off the net cost of each item of plant and equipment over its expected useful life, being 3 to 20 years. The current depreciation rates are as follows:

Motor Vehicles	25%
Office Equipment	10% – 25%
Computer Equipment	20% - 33.33%
Plant and Equipment	13.33% - 25%

#### **Trade and Other Payables** p.

Trade payables and other payables are carried at cost and represent liabilities for goods and services provided to the Company prior to the end of the financial year that are unpaid and arise when the Company becomes obliged to make future payments in respect of the purchase of these goods and services. The amounts are unsecured and usually paid within 30 days of recognition.

#### **Trade and Other Receivables** a.

Receivables are initially recognised at fair value and subsequently measured at amortised cost, less provision for doubtful debts. Current receivables for GST are due for settlement within 30 days and other current receivables within 12 months.

#### **Issued Capital**

Issued and paid up capital is recognised at the fair value of the consideration received by the Company. Any transaction costs arising on the issue of ordinary shares are recognised directly in equity as a reduction of the share proceeds received.

#### s. Segment Reporting

Operating segments are reported in a manner consistent with the internal reporting provided to the chief operating decision maker. The chief operating decision maker, has been identified as the Board of Directors.

#### t. Earnings Per Share

#### (i) Basic earnings per share

Basic earnings per share is calculated by dividing the profit attributable to equity holders of the Company, excluding any costs of servicing equity other than ordinary shares, by the weighted average number of ordinary shares outstanding during the financial year, adjusted for bonus elements in ordinary shares issued during the year.

#### (ii) Diluted earnings per share

Diluted earnings per share adjusts the figures used in the determination of basic earnings per share to take into account the after income tax effect of interest and other financing costs associated with dilutive potential ordinary shares and the weighted average number of shares assumed to have been issued for no consideration in relation to dilutive potential ordinary shares.

#### u. Critical Accounting Estimates And Judgements

In preparing this Financial Report the Company has been required to make certain estimates and assumptions concerning future occurrences. There is an inherent risk that the resulting accounting estimates will not equate exactly with actual events and results.

#### v. Significant Accounting Judgements

In the process of applying the Company's accounting policies, management has the following judgements, apart from those involving estimations, which have the most significant effect on the amounts recognised in the financial statements:

#### Capitalisation of Exploration and Evaluation Expenditure

The Company has capitalised significant exploration and evaluation expenditure on the basis either that this is expected to be recouped through future successful development (or alternatively sale) of the areas of interest concerned or on the basis that it is not yet possible to assess whether it will be recouped.

#### **Deferred Tax Assets**

The Company expects to have carried forward tax losses which have not been recognised as deferred tax assets as it is not considered sufficiently probable that these losses will be recouped by means of future profits taxable in the relevant jurisdictions.

#### w. Significant Accounting Estimates And Assumptions

The carrying amount of certain assets and liabilities are often determined based on estimates and assumptions of future events. The key estimates and assumptions that have a significant risk of causing a material adjustment to the carrying amounts of certain assets and liabilities within the next annual reporting period are:

#### Impairment of Capitalised Exploration and Evaluation Expenditure

The future recoverability of capitalised exploration and evaluation expenditure is dependent on a number of factors, including whether the Company decides to exploit the related lease itself or, if not, whether it successfully recovers the related exploration and evaluation asset through sale.

Factors that could impact the future recoverability include the level of reserves and resources, future technological changes, costs of drilling and production, production rates, future legal changes (including changes to environmental restoration obligations) and changes to commodity prices.

#### NOTE 2. KEY MANAGEMENT PERSONNEL COMPENSATION

a. Names and positions held of entity key management personnel in office at any time during the financial year are:

Mark Basso-Brusa	Managing Director and Chairman
Rex Littlewood	Non-Executive Director
Malcolm Castle	Non-Executive Director (resigned 24 November 2011)
Ranko Matic	Non-Executive Director and Company Secretary
Peter Tighe	Exploration Manager
Andrea Betti	Chief Financial Officer

Key management personnel remuneration has been included in the Remuneration Report section of the Directors Report.

#### b. Key management personnel compensation

	2012	2011
	\$	\$
Short-term employee benefits	601,847	610,921
Post-employment benefits	27,234	28,051
Long-term benefits	-	-
Termination benefits	-	-
Share-based payments	-	-
	629,081	638,972

#### c. Number of Options Held by Key Management Personnel

Key Management Person	Balance 1.7.2011	Granted as compensation	Options Exercised	Net Change Other	Balance 30.6.2012	Total Vested 30.6.2012	Total Exercisable 30.6.2012	Total Unexercisable 30.6.2012
Mark Basso-Brusa	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Rex Littlewood	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Malcolm Castle	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Ranko Matic	-	-		-	-	-	-	-
Peter Tighe	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Andrea Betti	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

Key Management Person	Balance 1.7.2010	Granted as compensation	Options Exercised	Net Change Other	Balance 30.6.2011	Total Vested 30.6.2011	Total Exercisable 30.6.2011	Total Unexercisable 30.6.2011
Mark Basso-Brusa	63,868,002	-	(5,000,000)	(58,868,002)	-	-	-	-
Clive Triplett	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Malcolm Castle	50,000	-	-	(50,000)	-	-	-	-
Ranko Matic	110,000	-	(60,000)	(50,000)	-	-	-	-
Peter Tighe	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Andrea Betti	40,000	-	(40,000)	-	-	-	-	-
	64,068,002	-	(5,100,000)	(58,968,002)	-	-	-	-

#### NOTE 2. KEY MANAGEMENT PERSONNEL COMPENSATION - continued

#### d. Number of Shares Held by Key Management Personnel

Key Management Person	Balance 1.7.2011	Received as Compensation	Options Exercised	Net Change Other	Balance 30.6.2012	Balance Nominally Held
Mark Basso-Brusa	68,701,201	-	-	-	68,701,201	68,701,201
Rex Littlewood	-	-	-	-	-	-
Malcolm Castle*	40,000	-	-	-	40,000	-
Ranko Matic	220,000	-	-	-	220,000	220,000
Peter Tighe	-	-	-	-	-	-
Andrea Betti	46,000	-	-	-	46,000	-
-	69,007,201	-	-	-	69,007,201	68,921,201

\* Resigned 24 November 2011

Key Management Person	Balance 1.7.2010	Received as Compensation	Options Exercised	Net Change Other	Balance 30.6.2011	Balance Nominally Held
Mark Basso-Brusa	63,701,201	-	5,000,000	-	68,651,201	68,651,201
Rex Littlewood	-	-	-	-	-	-
Malcolm Castle	40,000	-	-	-	40,000	-
Ranko Matic	160,000	-	60,000	-	220,000	220,000
Peter Tighe		-	-	-	-	-
Andrea Betti	40,000	-	40,000	(34,000)	46,000	-
	63,941,201	-	5,100,000	(34,000)	69,007,201	68,921,201

### e. Other transactions with key management personnel

Mark Basso-Brusa is a director and shareholder of MCPBB Pty Ltd trading as Evolution Exploration, the drilling company engaged to undertake the drilling program for East Energy Resources Limited. All transactions with Evolution Exploration are on normal commercial terms and conditions.

	2012 \$	2011 \$
Drilling and Associated Costs	2,029,760	3,691,750
Outstanding balance at year end	1,792,479	652,712

## Notes to the Financial Statements continued For the year ended 30 June 2012

NOTE 3. AUDITORS' REMUNERATION
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Remuneration of the auditor for:

<ul> <li>Auditing or reviewing the financial report</li> </ul>	31,322	19,708
	31,322	19,708
	2042	2014
NOTE 4. REVENUE	2012 \$	2011 \$
Interest Received	100,042	121,548
Profit made on sale of fixed asset – motor vehicle	49	3,712
Other Income – Research and Development Tax Concession	1,214,399	-
	1,224,490	125,260
NOTE 5. INCOME TAX	2012	2011
	\$	\$
(a) Income tax expense		
Current tax	-	-
Deferred tax	-	-
	-	-
Deferred income tax expense included in income tax expense comprises:		
- (Increase) in deferred tax assets	(5,964,517)	(5,080,232)
- Increase in deferred tax liabilities	5,964,517	5,080,232
	-	-
(b) Reconciliation of income tax expense to prima facie tax payable The prima facie tax payable on profit from ordinary activities before income tax is reconciled to the income tax expense as follows:		
Profit/(Loss) before income tax	442,787	(509,024)
Prima facie tax on operating profit/(loss) at 30%	132,836	(152,707)
Add / (Less)		
Tax effect of exploration expenditure	(911,904)	(1,625,837)
Tax effect – other	(374,173)	(49,652)
Tax effect of:		
Deferred tax asset not brought to account	1,153,241	1,828,195
Income tax attributable to operating loss		
The applicable weighted average effective tax rates are as follows:		-
Balance of franking account at year end	nil%	nil%
Dalance of franking account at year end	nil	nil
(c) Deferred tax assets		
Tax Losses Other	6,039,983	6,039,983
Other	<u>18,728</u> 6,058,711	49,548 6,089,531
Set-off deferred tax liabilities	(5,964,517)	(5,080,232)
Net deferred tax assets	94,194	1,009,298
Less deferred tax assets not recognised	(94,194)	(1,009,298)
Net Tax assets		-

#### NOTE 5. INCOME TAX - continued

(d) Deferred tax liabilities		= 00= 101
Exploration expenditure	5,917,085	5,005,181
Other	47,432	75,051
	5,964,517	5,080,232
Set-off deferred tax assets	(5,964,517)	(5,080,232)
Net deferred tax liabilities		-
(e) Tax losses		
Unused tax losses for which no deferred tax asset has been recognised	313,980	3,364,328

Potential deferred tax assets attributable to tax losses and exploration expenditure carried forward have not been brought to account at 30 June 2012 because the directors do not believe it is appropriate to regard realisation of the deferred tax assets as probable at this point in time. These benefits will only be obtained if:

- i. the Company derives future assessable income of a nature and of an amount sufficient to enable the benefit from the deductions for the loss and exploration expenditure to be realised;
- ii. the Company continues to comply with conditions for deductibility imposed by law; and
- iii. no changes in tax legislation adversely affect the Company in realising the benefit from the deductions for the loss and exploration expenditure.

	2012	2011
NOTE 6. EARNINGS PER SHARE	\$	\$
(a) Earnings/(loss) used to calculate basic and diluted EPS	442,787	(509,024)
	Number of Shares	Number of Shares
(b) Weighted average number of ordinary shares outstanding during the year used in calculating basic and diluted EPS	166,449,305	144,075,321
	2012	2011
	\$	\$
(c) Earnings/(loss) per share	0.27	(0.35)
	2012	2011
NOTE 7. CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS	\$	\$
	1,514,039	2,798,075

Cash at bank and in hand earns interest at floating rates based on daily bank deposit rates

NOTE 8. TRADE AND OTHER RECEIVABLES		
Other Receivables	281,447	255, <mark>616</mark>

#### (a) Other receivables

These transactions generally arise from transactions outside the usual operating activities of the entity. The balance consists of receivables relating to refunds expected in relation to good and services tax and operating expense prepayments.

(b) Ageing of receivables past due not impaired

As at 30 June 2012 there were no receivables past due not impaired.

### NOTE 8: TRADE AND OTHER RECEIVABLES - continued

### (c) Ageing of impaired trade receivables

As at 30 June 2012 there were no receivables impaired.

NOTE 9. PROPERTY, PLANT & EQUIPMENT	2012 \$	2011 \$
Plant and equipment – at cost	63,388	46,419
Accumulated depreciation	(22,696)	(11,991)
	40,692	34,428
Office equipment – at cost	120,445	118,886
Accumulated depreciation	(64,773)	(42,302)
	55,672	76,584
Motor Vehicle – at cost	218,797	223,293
Accumulated depreciation	(134,744)	(92,953)
	84,053	130,340
Total property, plant and equipment	180,417	241,352

#### (a) Movements in Carrying Amounts

Movement in the carrying amounts for each class of property, plant and equipment between the beginning and the end of the current financial year

	Plant and equipment \$	Office equipment \$	Motor Vehicle \$	Total \$
Opening balance at 1 July 2010	15,098	34,627	112,158	161,883
Additions	25,756	55,561	57,908	139,225
Depreciation expense	(6,426)	(13,604)	(39,726)	(59,756)
Balance at 30 June 2011	34,428	76,584	130,340	241,352
	\$	\$	\$	\$
Opening balance at 1 July 2011	34,428	76,584	130,340	241,352
Additions	16,969	1,560	(4,496)	14,033
Depreciation expense	(10,705)	(22,472)	(41,791)	(74,968)
Balance at 30 June 2012	40,692	55,672	84,053	180,417

### Notes to the Financial Statements continued

For the year ended 30 June 2012

	2012	2011
NOTE 10. EXPLORATION EXPENDITURE	\$	\$
Carrying amount at the beginning of the period	16,683,937	11,266,046
Deferred exploration expenditure incurred during the period	3,054,196	5,419,455
Impairment of tenement	(14,516)	(1,564)
Carrying Value at 30 June	19,723,617	16,683,937

The Company has included \$68,671 (2011: 49,451) of depreciation of property, plant and equipment in exploration expenditure for the period.

The value of the Company's interest in exploration expenditure is dependent upon the:

continuance of the economic entity rights to tenure of the areas of interest;

results of future exploration; and

recoupment of costs through successful development and exploitation of the areas of interest, or alternatively, by their sale.

The economic entity exploration properties may be subjected to claim(s) under native title, or contain sacred sites, or sites of significance to Aboriginal people. As a result, exploration properties or areas within the tenements may be subject to exploration restrictions, mining restrictions and/or claims for compensation. At this time, it is not possible to quantify whether such claims exist, or the quantum of such claims.

NOTE 11. TRADE AND OTHER PAYABLES	2012	2011	
	\$	\$	
Trade payables	2,019,706	752,900	
Other payables	31,337	20,390	
	2,051,043	773,290	
		-	

#### NOTE 12. ISSUED CAPITAL

		2012 Number	2011 Number	2012 \$	2011 \$
(a) Share capital Ordinary shares Fully paid	(b)	166,449,305	166,449,305	21,906,032	21,906,032
Total Issued Capital		166,449,305	166,449,305	21,906,032	21,906,032
(b) Movements in Ordinary Shares					
Details		Number of	Number of	Issue	price
Charge at the beginning of the reporting period		Shares	Shares	\$	\$
Shares at the beginning of the reporting period Option Conversions		166,449,305	129,202,349 37.246.956	21,906,032	14,512,196 7.449.391
Less: Transaction costs					(55,555)
Balance at end of year		166,449,305	166,449,305	21,906,032	21,906,032

#### (c) Capital Risk Management

The Company's objectives when managing capital are to safeguard their ability to continue as a going concern, so that they may continue to provide returns for shareholders and benefits for other stakeholders.

#### NOTE 12: ISSUED CAPITAL - continued

Due to the nature of the Company's activities, being mineral exploration, the Company does not have ready access to credit facilities, with the primary source of funding being equity raisings. Therefore, the focus of the Company's capital risk management is the current working capital position against the requirements of the Company to meet exploration programmes and corporate overheads. The Company's strategy is to ensure appropriate liquidity is maintained to meet anticipated operating requirements, with a view to initiating appropriate capital raisings as required. The working capital position of the Company at 30 June is as follows:

	2012 \$	2011 \$
Cash and cash equivalents	1,514,039	2,798,075
Trade and other receivables	281,447	255,616
Trade and other payables	(2,051,043)	(773,290)
Working capital position	(255,557)	2,280,401

#### NOTE 13. RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

#### (a) Key management personnel

Transactions relating to key management personnel are set out in Note 2.

#### (b) Transactions with related parties

During the period there have been no other transactions with related parties other than those set out in Note 2.

#### NOTE 14. SEGMENT INFORMATION

Management has determined that the Company has one reportable segment, being coal exploration in Queensland. As the Company is focused on coal exploration, the Board monitors the Company based on actual versus budgeted exploration expenditure incurred. This internal reporting framework is the most relevant to assist the Board with making decision regard the Company and its ongoing exploration activities while also taking into consideration the results of exploration work that has been performed to date.

	2012 \$	2011 \$
Revenue from external sources	-	-
Reportable segment profit (loss)	(224,483)	(172,279)
Reportable segment assets	18,509,218	16,683,937
Reportable segment liabilities	-	-
Reconciliation of reporting segment profit or loss		
Reportable segment profit/(loss)	(224,483)	(172,279)
Other profit/(loss)	1,314,490	125,260
Unallocated:		
- Corporate Expenses	(647,220)	(462,005)
Profit Before Tax	442,787	(509,024)
Reconciliation of reporting segment assets		
Reportable segment assets	19,723,617	16,683,937
Unallocated:		
- Cash & Receivables	1,795,486	3,053,691
- Property, Plant & Equipment	180,417	241,352

NOTE 14. SEGMENT INFORMATION - continued

	2012 \$	2011 \$
Total Assets	21,699,520	19,978,980
Reconciliation of reporting segment liabilities		
Reportable segment liabilities	-	-
Unallocated:		
- Trade and other payables	2,051,043	773,290
Total Liabilities	2,051,043	773,290

### NOTE 15. COMMITMENTS

Tenement Expenditure Commitments.

The Company is required to maintain current rights of tenure to tenements, which require outlays of expenditure. A tenement will be liable to forfeiture if the expenditure conditions, specified within the terms of the grant are not complied with. Commitments are detailed below.

The Company has a 100% share of tenements rental and expenditure commitments of:

	2012 \$	2011 \$
Payable:		
<ul> <li>not later than 12 months</li> </ul>	-	310,000
<ul> <li>between 12 months and 5 years</li> </ul>	-	232,500
– greater than 5 years	-	-
	-	542,500

Operating Lease Commitments.

The Company currently has operating leases in place upon its Perth office, 1x car bay and a small commercial shed in Blackall (Qld) to house commercial tools and equipment. Commitments are detailed below. These leases have all recently expired and are continuing on a month by month basis with a 30 day notice period, as negotiated.

Payable:		2012	2011
<ul> <li>not later than 12 months</li> </ul>		-	63,774
<ul> <li>between 12 months and 5 years</li> </ul>		-	12,049
<ul> <li>greater than 5 years</li> </ul>		-	-
		-	75,823

Executive Service Agreement Commitments.

The Company had an executive service agreement in place for Mark Basso-Brusa, which has now expired (2011: nil). Refer to the remuneration report within the directors report for full details. Commitments are detailed below.

### **NOTE 16. DIVIDENDS**

The Company has not declared nor paid a dividend for the period.

## Notes to the Financial Statements continued

For the year ended 30 June 2012

NOTE 17. CASH FLOW INFORMATION	2012 \$	2011 \$
(a) Reconciliation of Cash		
Cash at the end of the financial year as shown in the statement of cash flows is reconciled to the related items in the statement of financial position as follows:		
Cash	1,514,039	2,798,075
(b) Reconciliation of Cash Flow from Operations with Operating Profit/(Loss) after Income Tax		
Operating profit/(loss) after income tax	442,787	(509,024)
Depreciation and amortisation	74,967	59,756
Changes in assets and liabilities		
(Increase)/decrease in receivables	(25,831)	(109,055)
(Increase)/decrease in other assets	(3,039,680)	(5,417,891)
Increase/(decrease) in trade and other payables	1,277,753	368,221
Net Cash Flow from/(used in) Operating Activities	(1,270,004)	(5,607,993)

## NOTE 18. EVENTS AFTER THE REPORTING PERIOD

On 17<sup>th</sup> September East Energy Resources Limited announced the release of an updated JORC report for its Blackall Coal Project (EPC 1149), which confirms a Total Resource of 1.74 billion tonnes of thermal coal. Inclusive in this total is 627 million tonnes classified as Indiciated and 1,113 classified as Inferred.

In September 2012, East Energy Resources Limited entered into a loan facility agreement with Idalia Coal Pty Ltd, (a subsidiary of the Noble Group) whereby Idalia Coal will provide up to \$5.5 million for a period of up to 4 years, with a staggered drawdown, the first of which occurring in late September 2012 for \$1.2m. The loan facility is provided on normal commercial terms and East Energy Resources has agreed to provide security for this loan facility by way of a personal property security interest over the Company's assets and a mortgage over the Company's tenements.

No matters or circumstances have arisen since the end of the financial year which significantly affected or may significantly affect the operations of the Company, the results of those operations, or the state of affairs of the Company in future financial years.

### NOTE 19. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT

The Company's principal financial instruments comprise cash and short-term deposits. The Company has various other financial assets and liabilities such as other receivables and payables, which arise directly from its operations.

The Company's activities expose it to a variety of financial risks, including, credit risk, liquidity risk and cash flow interest rate risk. The Company is not exposed to foreign exchange or price risk.

Risk management is carried out by the Board of Directors, who evaluate and agree upon risk management and objectives.

### NOTE 19: FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT - continued

### (a) Market Risk

(i) Interest rate risk

The Company's exposure to interest rate risk, which is the risk that a financial instrument's value will fluctuate as a result of changes in market interest rates and the effective weighted average interest rate for each class of financial assets and financial liabilities comprises:

	Floating Interest	Fixed Inte	erest Rate	Non Interest	Total Weight Effectiv		
	Rate	1 Year or Less	1 to 5 Years	Bearing	Total	Interest Rate	
	2012 \$	2012 \$	2012 \$	2012 \$	2012 \$	2012 %	
Financial Assets							
Cash	6,589	246,100	-	1,261,350	1,514,039	8.58%	
Trade and other receivables	-	-	-	281,447	281,447		
Total Financial Assets	6,589	246,100	-	1,542,797	1,795,486	8.58%	
Financial Liabilities							
Trade and other payables	-	-	-	2,051,043	2,051,043		
Total Financial Liabilities	-	-	-	2,051,043	2,051,043		

	Floating Interest	Fixed Inte	rest Rate	Non Interest	Total	Weight Effective	
	Rate	1 Year or Less	1 to 5 Years	Bearing	Total	Interest Rate	
	2011 \$	2011 \$	2011 \$	2011 \$	2011 \$	2011 %	
Financial Assets							
Cash	96,295	2,681,635	-	20,145	2,798,075	3.80%	
Trade and other receivables	-	-	-	255,616	255,616		
Total Financial Assets	96,295	2,681,635	-	275,761	3,053,691	3.80%	
Financial Liabilities							
Trade and other payables	-	-	-	773,290	773,290		
Total Financial Liabilities	-	-	-	773,290	773,290		

The Company policy is to monitor the interest rate yield curve out to six months to ensure a balance is maintained between the liquidity of cash assets and the interest rate return. Cash at bank and in hand earns interest at floating rates based on daily bank deposit rates. The Company does not have any receivables or payables that may be affected by interest rate risk.

### Sensitivity analysis

At 30 June 2012, if interest rates had changed by -/+100 basis points from the weighted average rate for the year with all other variables held constant, post-tax loss would have been \$11,659 (2011: \$31,979) lower/higher as a result of lower/higher interest income from cash and cash equivalents. Management have deemed a movement of 100 basis points to be an appropriate measure for this sensitivity analysis.

### (b) Credit risk

The Company does not have any significant concentrations of credit risk. Credit risk is managed by the Board and arises from cash and cash equivalents as well as credit exposure including outstanding receivables.

All cash balances held at banks are held at internationally recognised institutions. The majority of receivables are immaterial to the Company. Given this the credit quality of financial assets that are neither past due or impaired can be assessed by reference to historical information about default rates.

### NOTE 19: FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT - continued

The maximum exposure to credit risk at reporting date is the carrying amount of the financial assets disclosed within the financial report.

The credit quality of financial assets that are neither past due nor impaired can be assessed by reference to external credit ratings (if available) or to historical information about default rates.

Financial assets that are neither past due and not impaired are as follows:-

	2012	2011
	\$	\$
Financial assets - counterparties without external credit rating		
Financial assets with no defaults in the past	281,447	255,616
Cash and cash equivalents		
'AA-' S&P rating	1,487,951	2,771,987
Bank guarantees	26,088	26,088
	1,514,039	2,798,075

### (c) Liquidity risk

Prudent liquidity risk management implies maintaining sufficient cash balances and access to equity funding.

The Company's exposure to the risk of changes in market interest rates relate primarily to cash assets.

The directors monitor the cash-burn rate of the Company on an on-going basis against budget and the maturity profiles of financial assets and liabilities to manage its liquidity risk.

As at reporting date the Company had sufficient cash reserves to meet its requirements. The Company has no access to credit standby facilities or arrangements for further funding or borrowings in place.

The financial liabilities the Company had at reporting date were other payables incurred in the normal course of the business. These were non interest bearing and were due within the normal 30-60 days terms of creditor payments.

#### Maturities of financial liabilities

The table below analyses the Company's financial liabilities into relevant maturity groupings based on the remaining period at the reporting date to the contractual maturity date. The amounts disclosed in the table are the contractual undiscounted cash flows.

	Less than 6 months	6-12 months	1-2 years	2-5 years	Over 5 years	Total contractual cash flows	Carrying amount (assets)/ liabilities
As at 30 June 2012	Φ	φ	Φ	Φ	φ	Φ	\$
Trade and other payables	2,051,043	-	-	-	-	2,051,043	2,051,043
As at 30 June 2011							
Trade and other payables	773,290	-	-	-	-	773,290	773,290
				/			

#### NOTE 19: FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT - continued

### (d) Fair value estimation

The fair value of financial assets and financial liabilities must be estimated for recognition and measurement or for disclosure purposes. All financial assets and financial liabilities of the Company at the reporting date are recorded at amounts approximating their carrying amount.

The fair value of financial instruments traded in active markets is based on quoted market prices at the reporting date. The quoted market price used for financial assets held by the Company is the current bid price.

The carrying value less impairment provision of trade receivables and payables are assumed to approximate their fair values due to their short-term nature.

### NOTE 20. COMPANY DETAILS

The registered office and principal place of business of the Company is: Level 7/16 St Georges Terrace PERTH WA 6000

### NOTE 21. CONTINGENT ASSETS AND LIABILITIES

	2012 \$	2011 \$
There are no contingent assets.		
The Company has provided a bank guarantee, which covers six months rent in the event	26,088	26,088
of a default. At reporting date the Company is in a sound financial position and unlikely to		
default		

### NOTE 22. NEW ACCOUNTING STANDARDS AND INTERPRETATIONS

The AASB has issued a number of new and amended Accounting Standards and Interpretations that have mandatory application dates for future reporting periods, some of which are relevant to the Company. The Company has decided not to early adopt any of the new and amended pronouncements. The Company's assessment of the new and amended pronouncements that are relevant to the Company but applicable in future reporting periods is set out below:

AASB 9: Financial Instruments (December 2010) and AASB 2010–7: Amendments to Australian Accounting Standards arising from AASB 9 (December 2010) [AASB 1, 3, 4, 5, 7, 101, 102, 108, 112, 118, 120, 121, 127, 128, 131, 132, 136, 137, 139, 1023 & 1038 and Interpretations 2, 5, 10, 12, 19 & 127] (applicable for annual reporting periods commencing on or after 1 January 2015).

These Standards are applicable retrospectively and include revised requirements for the classification and measurement of financial instruments, as well as recognition and derecognition requirements for financial instruments.

The key changes made to accounting requirements include:

- simplifying the classifications of financial assets into those carried at amortised cost and those carried at fair value;
- simplifying the requirements for embedded derivatives;
- removing the tainting rules associated with held-to-maturity assets;
- removing the requirements to separate and fair value embedded derivatives for financial assets carried at amortised cost;
- allowing an irrevocable election on initial recognition to present gains and losses on investments in equity instruments that are not held for trading in other comprehensive income. Dividends in respect of these investments that are a return on investment can be recognised in profit or loss and there is no impairment or recycling on disposal of the instrument;

### NOTE 22: NEW ACCOUNTING STANDARDS AND INTERPRETATIONS - continued

- requiring financial assets to be reclassified where there is a change in an entity's business model as they are initially classified based on: (a) the objective of the entity's business model for managing the financial assets; and (b) the characteristics of the contractual cash flows; and
- requiring an entity that chooses to measure a financial liability at fair value to present the portion of the change in its fair value due to changes in the entity's own credit risk in other comprehensive income, except when that would create an accounting mismatch. If such a mismatch would be created or enlarged, the entity is required to present all changes in fair value (including the effects of changes in the credit risk of the liability) in profit or loss.

The Company has not yet been able to reasonably estimate the impact of these pronouncements on its financial statements.

AASB 2010–8: Amendments to Australian Accounting Standards – Deferred Tax: Recovery of Underlying Assets [AASB 112] (applies to periods beginning on or after 1 January 2012).

This Standard makes amendments to AASB 112: Income Taxes and incorporates Interpretation 121: Income Taxes – Recovery of Revalued Non-Depreciable Assets into AASB 112.

Under the current AASB 112, the measurement of deferred tax liabilities and deferred tax assets depends on whether an entity expects to recover an asset by using it or by selling it. The amendments introduce a presumption that an investment property is recovered entirely through sale. This presumption is rebutted if the investment property is held within a business model whose objective is to consume substantially all of the economic benefits embodied in the investment property over time, rather than through sale.

The amendments are not expected to significantly impact the Company.

AASB 10: Consolidated Financial Statements, AASB 11: Joint Arrangements, AASB 12: Disclosure of Interests in Other Entities, AASB 127: Separate Financial Statements (August 2011), AASB 128: Investments in Associates and Joint Ventures (August 2011) and AASB 2011–7: Amendments to Australian Accounting Standards arising from the Consolidation and Joint Arrangements Standards [AASB 1, 2, 3, 5, 7, 9, 2009–11, 101, 107, 112, 118, 121, 124, 132, 133, 136, 138, 139, 1023 & 1038 and Interpretations 5, 9, 16 & 17] (applicable for annual reporting periods commencing on or after 1 January 2013).

AASB 10 replaces parts of AASB 127: Consolidated and Separate Financial Statements (March 2008, as amended) and Interpretation 112: Consolidation – Special Purpose Entities. AASB 10 provides a revised definition of control and additional application guidance so that a single control model will apply to all investees. The Company has not yet been able to reasonably estimate the impact of this Standard on its financial statements.

AASB 11 replaces AASB 131: Interests in Joint Ventures (July 2004, as amended). AASB 11 requires joint arrangements to be classified as either "joint operations" (where the parties that have joint control of the arrangement have rights to the assets and obligations for the liabilities) or "joint ventures" (where the parties that have joint control of the arrangement have rights to the net assets of the arrangement). Joint ventures are required to adopt the equity method of accounting (proportionate consolidation is no longer allowed).

AASB 12 contains the disclosure requirements applicable to entities that hold an interest in a subsidiary, joint venture, joint operation or associate. AASB 12 also introduces the concept of a "structured entity", replacing the "special purpose entity" concept currently used in Interpretation 112, and requires specific disclosures in respect of any investments in unconsolidated structured entities. This Standard will affect disclosures only and is not expected to significantly impact the Company.

To facilitate the application of AASBs 10, 11 and 12, revised versions of AASB 127 and AASB 128 have also been issued. These Standards are not expected to significantly impact the Company.

## NOTE 22: NEW ACCOUNTING STANDARDS AND INTERPRETATIONS - continued

AASB 13: Fair Value Measurement and AASB 2011–8: Amendments to Australian Accounting Standards arising from AASB 13 [AASB 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 7, 9, 2009–11, 2010–7, 101, 102, 108, 110, 116, 17, 118, 119, 120, 121, 128, 131, 132, 133, 134, 136, 138, 139, 140, 141, 1004, 1023 & 1038 and Interpretations 2, 4, 12, 13, 14, 17, 19, 131 & 132] (applicable for annual reporting periods commencing on or after 1 January 2013).

AASB 13 defines fair value, sets out in a single Standard a framework for measuring fair value, and requires disclosures about fair value measurement.

AASB 13 requires:

- inputs to all fair value measurements to be categorised in accordance with a fair value hierarchy; and
- enhanced disclosures regarding all assets and liabilities (including, but not limited to, financial assets and financial liabilities) to be measured at fair value.

These Standards are not expected to significantly impact the Company.

AASB 2011–9: Amendments to Australian Accounting Standards – Presentation of Items of Other Comprehensive Income [AASB 1, 5, 7, 101, 112, 120, 121, 132, 133, 134, 1039 & 1049] (applicable for annual reporting periods commencing on or after 1 July 2012).

The main change arising from this Standard is the requirement for entities to Company items presented in other comprehensive income (OCI) on the basis of whether they are potentially reclassifiable to profit or loss subsequently.

This Standard affects presentation only and is therefore not expected to significantly impact the Company.

AASB 119: Employee Benefits (September 2011) and AASB 2011–10: Amendments to Australian Accounting Standards arising from AASB 119 (September 2011) [AASB 1, AASB 8, AASB101, AASB124, AASB134, AASB1049 & AASB 2011–8 and Interpretation 14] (applicable for annual reporting periods commencing on or after 1 January 2013).

These Standards introduce a number of changes to accounting and presentation of defined benefit plans. The Company does not have any defined benefit plans and so is not impacted by the amendment.

AASB 119 (September 2011) also includes changes to the accounting for termination benefits that require an entity to recognise an obligation for such benefits at the earlier of:

- (i) for an offer that may be withdrawn when the employee accepts;
- (ii) for an offer that cannot be withdrawn when the offer is communicated to affected employees; and
- (iii) where the termination is associated with a restructuring of activities under AASB 137: Provisions, Contingent Liabilities and Contingent Assets, and if earlier than the first two conditions – when the related restructuring costs are recognised.

The Company has not yet been able to reasonably estimate the impact of these changes to AASB 119.

## Directors' Declaration

The Directors of the Company declare that:

- the financial statements, notes and audited remuneration disclosures included in the Directors' report of the Company 1. are in accordance with the Corporations Act 2001, including:
  - complying with Accounting Standards and Corporations Regulations 2001; and a.
  - giving a true and fair view of the Company's financial position at 30 June 2012 and of its performance for the b. year ended on that date; and
- 2 In accordance with Section 295A of the Corporations Act the Chief Executive Officer and the Chief Financial Officer have provided the directors with declarations that:
  - the financial records of the Company for the financial year have been properly maintained in accordance with a. section 286 of the Corporations Act 2001;
  - the financial statements and notes for the financial year comply with the Accounting Standards; and b.
  - the financial statements and notes for the financial year give a true and fair view; c.
- 3. in the Directors' opinion there are reasonable grounds to believe that the Company will be able to pay its debts as and when they become due and payable.
- The Company has included in the notes to the financial statement an explicit and unreserved statement of compliance 4. with International Financial Reporting Standards.

This declaration is made in accordance with a resolution of the Board of Directors.

ah have been

MARK BASSO-BRUSA **Managing Director** 

DATED at PERTH this 28<sup>th</sup> day of September 2012



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## INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT TO THE MEMBERS OF EAST ENERGY RESOURCES LIMITED

## Report on the Financial Report

We have audited the accompanying financial report of East Energy Resources Limited, which comprises the statement of financial position as at 30 June 2012, the statement of comprehensive income, statement of changes in equity and statement of cash flows for the year then ended, notes comprising a summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information, and the directors' declaration.

## Directors' Responsibility for the Financial Report

The directors of the company are responsible for the preparation of the financial report that gives a true and fair view in accordance with Australian Accounting Standards and the *Corporations Act 2001* and for such internal control as the directors determine is necessary to enable the preparation of the financial report that gives a true and fair view and is free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error. In Note 1(a), the directors also state, in accordance with Accounting Standard AASB 101 *Presentation of Financial Statements*, that the financial statements comply with *International Financial Reporting Standards*.

## Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the financial report based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with Australian Auditing Standards. Those standards require that we comply with relevant ethical requirements relating to audit engagements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial report is free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial report. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgement, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial report, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the company's preparation of the financial report that gives a true and fair view in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the company's internal control. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates made by the directors, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial report.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

## Independence

In conducting our audit, we have complied with the independence requirements of the *Corporations Act 2001*. We confirm that the independence declaration required by the *Corporations Act 2001*, which has been given to the directors of East Energy Resources Limited, would be in the same terms if given to the directors as at the time of this auditor's report.

BDO Audit (WA) Pty Ltd ABN 79 112 284 787 is a member of a national association of independent entities which are all members of BDO (Australia) Ltd ABN 77 050 110 275, an Australian company limited by guarantee. BDO Audit (WA) Pty Ltd and BDO (Australia) Ltd are members of BDO International Ltd, a UK company limited by guarantee, and form part of the international BDO network of independent member firms. Liability limited by a scheme approved under Professional Standards Legislation (other than for the acts or omissions of financial services licensees) in each State or Territory other than Tasmania.



## Opinion

In our opinion:

- (a) the financial report of East Energy Resources Limited is in accordance with the *Corporations Act 2001*, including:
  - (i) giving a true and fair view of the company's financial position as at 30 June 2012 and of its performance for the year ended on that date; and
  - (ii) complying with Australian Accounting Standards and the *Corporations Regulations 2001*; and
- (b) the financial report also complies *with International Financial Reporting Standards* as disclosed in Note 1(a).

## **Emphasis of Matter**

Without modifying our opinion, we draw attention to Note 1(b) in the financial report which indicates that the ability of East Energy Resources Limited to continue as a going concern and to pay its debts as and when they fall due is dependent on the ability to secure further funding. East Energy Resources Limited has entered into a loan facility agreement with Idalia Coal Pty Ltd which will provide up to \$5.5 million for a period of up to 4 years with a staggered drawdown. This loan facility is on normal commercial terms however we note the requirement to provide security for this loan facility and that shareholder approval is required at a general meeting to be held in November 2012 to give effect to the security deed.

Should the transaction not be approved by shareholders, it indicates the existence of a material uncertainty that may cast significant doubt about the company's ability to continue as a going concern, therefore whether it will be able to realise its assets and extinguish its liabilities in the ordinary course of business at values stated in this financial report.

## Report on the Remuneration Report

We have audited the Remuneration Report included in the directors' report for the year ended 30 June 2012. The directors of the company are responsible for the preparation and presentation of the Remuneration Report in accordance with section 300A of the *Corporations Act 2001*. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the Remuneration Report, based on our audit conducted in accordance with Australian Auditing Standards.

### Opinion

In our opinion, the Remuneration Report of East Energy Resources Limited for the year ended 30 June 2012 complies with section 300A of the *Corporations Act 2001*.

BDO Audit (WA) Pty Ltd

BDO

Phillip Murdoch Director

Perth, Western Australia Dated this 28<sup>th</sup> day of September 2012 Additional information required by the Australian Securities Exchange Limited Listing Rules, and not disclosed elsewhere in this report.

### **Class Of Shares And Voting Rights**

The voting rights attached to the Fully Paid Ordinary shares of the Company are:

at a meeting of members or classes of members each member entitled to vote may vote in person or by proxy or by attorney; and

on a show of hands every person present who is a member has one vote, and on a poll every person present in person or by proxy or attorney has one vote for each ordinary share held.

There are no voting rights attached to any Options on issue.

### Substantial Shareholders

The names of the substantial shareholders in the Company's register as at 23 August 2012 are:

		Number
1.	Majicyl Pty Ltd <basso a="" c="" investment=""></basso>	68,701,201
2.	Onglory Pty Ltd	50,707,609

### Distribution Of Shareholders (as at 23 September 2012)

SPREAD OF HOLDINGS	NUMBER OF HOLDERS	Units	% OF ISSUED CAPITAL
1 – 1,000	34	6,479	0.00%
1,001 – 5,000	153	462,305	0.28%
5,001 – 10,000	148	1,265,346	0.76%
10,001 – 100,000	461	17,981,451	10.80%
100,001 – over	83	146,733,724	88.16%
	879	166,449,305	100.00

There were 34 shareholders holding less than a marketable parcel at 23 August 2012. The percentage of shares held by 20 largest shareholders is 81.392%. There is no current on-market buy back taking place.

### **Distribution of Listed Optionholders**

There are currently no listed options.

### **Unlisted Options**

There are currently no unlisted options.

# Shareholder Information continued

## TWENTY LARGEST SHAREHOLDERS (as at 23 August 2012)

Nаме	NUMBER OF ORDINARY SHARES HELD	PERCENTAGE OF CAPITAL HELD
Majicyl Pty Ltd <basso a="" c="" investment=""></basso>	68,701,201	41.275%
Onglory Pty Ltd	50,707,609	30.464%
Altius Investment Holdings	2,987,892	1.741%
Benison Holdings Pty Ltd	2,225,994	1.337%
DBS Vickers Securities (Singapore) Pte Ltd <client account=""></client>	1,403,000	0.843%
Jersey Investments (WA) Pty Ltd	1,205,000	0.724%
JP Morgan Nominees	1,145,000	0.688%
Dr Peter Poon	795,000	0.478%
Citicorp Nominees Pty Limited	725,027	0.436%
Gentry Investments Pty Ltd	700,000	0.421%
Gary Bruce Alcorn & Jenny Leigh Alcorn	600,000	0.360%
Mr Brian Henry McCubbing & Mrs Adriana Maria McCubbing <b McCubbing Super Fund A/C&gt;</b 	600,000	0.360%
Ms Kim Claudette Parry	568,000	0.341%
Bradley Rowan Pollard	547,276	0.329%
Merbeau Pty Ltd <york a="" c="" investment=""></york>	500,000	0.300%
Siska Drilling Pty Ltd <siska a="" c="" drilling="" f="" l="" p="" s=""></siska>	475,000	0.285%
Steven Davis Bland	450,000	0.270%
Matthew James Maxwell Telling	450,000	0.270%
Aussie Hoist Pty Ltd	353,962	0.213%
Matthew James Maxwell Telling <the a="" c="" maxwell="" telling=""></the>	336,000	0.202%
Total	135,475,961	81.392%







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