### HAWTHORN RESOURCES LIMITED

ABN 44 009 157 439

### **FINANCIAL REPORT 2012**

### Year Ended 30 June 2012

### Comprising:

Directors' Report including the Remuneration Report Auditors' Independence Declaration Corporate Governance Statement Statement of Comprehensive Income Statement of Financial Position Statement of Cash Flows Statement of Changes in Equity Notes to the Financial Statements Directors' Declaration Independent Auditors' Report



The Directors of Hawthorn Resources Limited, a Company listed on the Australian Stock Exchange, present their report for the year ended 30 June 2012.

### 1. Directors

The Directors of the Company in office since 1 July 2011 and up to the date of this Report are:

Mr Mark G Kerr - LL.B Chairman and Non-Executive Director Appointed 22 November 2007; Last re-elected 2010 AGM

Mr Mark Kerr is a director of Berkeley Consultants Pty Ltd which specializes in public relations and reputation management consultancy.

Mr Kerr was appointed as a director and as Chairman of the Board of Directors of Hawthorn Resources Limited in November 2007 which merged with Ellendale Resources in June 2008.

Mr Kerr is also a director of the ASX listed entity – Contango Microcap Limited.

Mr M E Elliott – LLB BCom FFin Managing Director & CEO Appointed 22 November 2007

Mr Mark Elliott is the Managing Director and CEO of the Hawthorn Resources Limited Group. Mr Elliott is a former partner of the international law firm Minter Ellison specializing in corporate and securities law and a former director of Spotless Group Limited, E\*trade Limited, Oakton Limited and Mineral Deposits Limited and a former director of legal counsel of Computershare Limited. With the increased exploration and corporate activities the Board of Directors appointed Mr Elliott as the Company's Managing Director /CEO effective 29 May 2009. In the 2011 review of director's performance the Board of Directors agreed to offer and Mr Elliott agreed to accept an extension of his Executive Service Agreement to 31 December 2014. Currently Mr Elliott is not a director of any other listed entities.

**Dr David S Tyrwhitt** - PhD(Geology) BSc(Hons) FSEG(USA) FAusIMM CPGeo Non-Executive Independent Director Appointed 11 November 1996; Last re-elected 2011 AGM

Dr Tyrwhitt has been a Director of the Company since 1996. He has more than 50 years experience in the mining industry. He is currently a Director of Quantum Resources Limited (November 1999 to current), Golden River Resources Corporation (November 1996 to current) and Legend International Holdings Inc., (March 2005 to current) and a former director of Bassari Resources Limited and of Astro Mines NL. He worked for over 20 years with Newmont Mining Corporation in Australia, South East Asia and the United States. During this time, he was responsible for the discovery of the Telfer Gold Mine in Western Australia. He was Chief Executive of Newmont Australia Limited between 1984 and 1988 and Chief Executive Officer of Ashton Mining Limited between 1988 and 1991. He established his own consultancy in 1991 and worked with Normandy Mining Limited on a number of mining projects in South East Asia.

### **Directorships**

Other than the directorships noted above there have been no other directorships of listed entities held in the past three years.

### 2. Principal Activities and Review and Results of Operations

Hawthorn Resources Limited ("Hawthorn") is an Australian diversified base metals and gold explorer with strategic and significant tenement holdings throughout the Central Yilgarn Iron Province and the South Laverton Gold Zone of Western Australia.

The principal activity of the Company during the financial year was mineral exploration. There has been no significant change in the nature of that activity during the financial year.

### Objective

The Company's objective is to increase shareholder wealth through successful exploration activities whilst providing a safe workplace and ensuring best practice in relation to its environmental obligations.

### Statement of Comprehensive Income

As an exploration company, the Company does not have an ongoing source of revenue. On a consolidated group basis its revenue stream is normally from ad-hoc tenement disposals and interest received on cash in bank. In the current year, finance revenue has decreased from \$131,904 in 2011 to \$45,687 in 2012. In both years the revenue has been interest received on surplus funding. Other Income in 2012 was \$9,170 (2011: nil).

Costs and expenses totalled \$1,806,988 in 2012 compared to \$1,817,585 in 2011 after allowing for the impairment in carrying value of exploration tenements – refer to Note 10 to the financial statements. Exploration expenditure written off in 2012 was \$684,538 compared to \$743,069 in 2011. A number of granted exploration licences and tenements were forfeited and re-applied for as mining leases, the applications are pending and accordingly the exploration expenditure has been written off. Administration expenses for 2012 were \$1,107,042 (2011: \$1,057,780).

The Company had cash in bank at 30 June 2012 of \$2,889,819 (2011:\$1,292,284), receivables of \$62,630 (2011:\$105,574), available for sale securities, following impairment testing of carrying values, of \$3,567 (2011:\$10,169) and current liabilities totalled \$211,977 (2010:\$277,352).

At 30 June 2012, the Company had working capital of \$2,747,176 (2011:\$1,122,755) and net assets of \$11,988,381 (2011:\$10,171,300) after the abovementioned impairment in carrying values.

### Cash Flow

During the year, the Company used \$1,079,249 (2011:\$1,344,516) in operating activities, paid \$892,428 (2010:\$1,698,576) for exploration activities and raised new equity capital of \$3,618,456 (2011:\$1,500,000). As a result, the Company has cash in bank at 30 June 2012 of \$2,889,819 (2010:\$1,292,284).

### 3. Significant Change in State of Affairs

The Directors are of the opinion that other than as disclosed in the Principal Activities section of the Directors' Report there has not been any significant change in the state of affairs of the Company during the year under review.

#### 4. Dividends

The Directors do not recommend the payment of a dividend and no amount has been paid or declared by way of dividend since the end of the previous financial year and up to the date of this Annual Report.

### 5. Events After The End Of The Financial Year

### **Exploration and Development**

In the interval between the end of the financial year and the date of this Report and as reported to the ASX the Company has continued its exploration activities, most noticeably in Western Australia in the Mount Bevan Iron Ore Project through the Mount Bevan Farm-in Joint Venture with Legacy Iron Ore Limited ("LCY") and the South Laverton Zone Gold tenements:

a) Iron Ore – Mount Bevan Iron Ore Project (40% Hawthorn; 60%Legacy Iron Ore Limited)

The October 2010 Farm-in Joint Venture with LCY provided for LCY to expend \$3.5 million on exploration to pre-feasibility stage on the Mount Bevan Iron Ore project areas in a 24 month period, October 2010 to October 2012, to earn a 60 per cent interest in the project. At the time of this report LCY is finalising the third drilling programme following on from the highly successful first and second programmes which resulted in LCY announcing in July, 2011 a maiden JORC compliant Inferred Resource of 617 mt at 32.1per cent Fe with the Davis Tube Recovery (DTR) metallurgical tests confirming the high grade magnetite mineralisation at Mount Bevan. This was followed in February 2012 by the results of the second programmes with LCY announcing an increase in the JORC compliant Inferred Resource to 1.6 bt at 30.2 per cent Fe (25% cut-off) or alternatively 2.26 bt at 27.6 per cent Fe (15% cut-off). These Inferred Resource data arising from the reports commissioned by LCY and produced by SKR Consulting (Australasia) Pty Ltd

The third programmes commenced in April 2012 and LCY in its capacity as Manager of the Joint Venture has announced that whilst the programme, as amended, has been completed the interpretation of the drilling results and independent experts reporting thereon will not now be available until late September / early October 2012.

In carrying out the above referred to programmes Hawthorn has accepted that LCY has expended as a minimum \$3.5 million as required under the Farm In and Joint Venture Agreement and has earned the 60 per cent participation in the Mount Bevan Iron Ore Project which is now proceeding as a jointly (50/50) managed programme through the JV Technical Committee. Subject to audit of final expenditures on the earn-in programmes as approved by the Joint Venture Technical Committee Hawthorn expects that there will be some expenditures in excess of the \$3.5 million minimum for which it will contribute a 40 per cent share. This contribution, subject to the validation against approved works programmes, is yet to be determined.

### b) Gold Project - South Laverton Zone

The Hawthorn South Laverton Gold Exploration Zone incorporates five project areas where the Company holds, solely or in joint venture, title to over 100 exploration, mining and prospecting licences. The tenement package is surrounded by major gold mines, deposits and resources including the Sunrise Dam, Wallaby, Red October, Carosue Dam, Safari Bore, Deep South, Porphyry and Butchers Well mines.

The gold endowment of the South Laverton Zone is substantial, with over 20 million ounces of gold resources identified to date.

The Company is currently reviewing and assessing the exploration development potential for the Zone incorporating the most recent data gathered in the drilling programmes in the June 2011 half year and the recent, post 30 June 2012, RC drilling programme at the Edjudina – Triumph Gold Project.

### Corporate Development

In the June 2012 Quarterly Activities Report to the ASX the Company advised that it had been holding discussions and negotiations with international investors about the overall development of the Company. In addition the Company advised that Legacy Iron Ore Limited had made approaches to the Company in relation to the interest held in the Mount Bevan Iron Ore Project.

As announced to the ASX on 24 August 2012 the Company had been in discussions and negotiations with a Consortium of Chinese Investors about a strategic equity investment in Hawthorn Resources Limited to enable an accelerated programme of development of the Company's Gold Projects whilst continuing to develop the Mount Bevan Iron Ore Project

On 31 August 2012 the Company was able to confirm that the Company and the Consortium of Chinese Investors through Feng Hua Mining Investment Holding (HK) Limited had concluded a Share Subscription Agreement for, subject to regulatory and shareholder approvals, the raising of approximately A\$15 million in new equity capital at issue prices at a premium to the market price for Hawthorn Resources Limited shares. Shareholders are referred to the market release to the ASX on 31 August 2012 for details of the proposed equity raisings. The new equity raising will be by way of two Tranches of new shares with the first Tranche 320,616,224 shares to be issued under the Directors' share placement power. The second Tranche of shares is subject to shareholder approval at an issue price based on a 20 day VWAP for the Company's ordinary shares as traded on the ASX. Under the Agreement Feng Hua Mining Investment (HK) Limited will have the right to nominate a total of three directors to the Hawthorn Resources Limited Board of Directors.

Other than as noted above there are no items, transactions or events of a material and unusual nature which in the opinion of the Directors of the Company, have significantly affected or may significantly affect

- the operations of the Company
- the results of those operations, or
- the state of affairs of the Company

in financial years subsequent to this financial year.

### 6. Future Developments and Results

As noted above and subject to the various shareholder approvals the Company will be undertaking an aggressive exploration / development programme over its Gold Projects Other than this there are no likely developments of which the Directors are aware of which could be expected to significantly affect the results of the Company's operations in subsequent financial years.

### 7. Issued Securities

### (a) Ordinary shares

At the date of this Report the Company has on issue a total of 2,137,441,493 ordinary fully paid shares (2011: 1,775,595,897 shares) which are quoted on the official lists of the ASX Limited under the security code of "HAW". During the year ended 30 June 2012 the Company issued an aggregate of 361,845,596 ordinary shares under a Share Purchase Plan offering to shareholders at an issue price of \$0.01 a share which raised new equity capital of \$3,618,456. There have been no issues of shares since the 30 June 2012 up to the date of this report.

### (b) Options

At the date of this Report the Company had on issue the following listed and unlisted options over fully paid ordinary shares.

### (i) Listed

Number	Maturity Date	Issue Price	Exercise Price	Exercise Period				
165,084,231	28 February 2013	No issue price	\$0.10	Anytime	on	or	before	28
				February 2013				

During the year and up to the date of this Report, none of these options have been exercised and no new options over fully paid ordinary shares were issued. Optionholders have no rights to participate in an issue of shares unless they exercise their options. The names of all the persons who currently hold options are entered on a register maintained for the Company, by Link Market Services. In accordance with the Corporations Act 2001, this register may be inspected free of charge.

### (ii) Unlisted

<b>Number</b> 2,500,000	<b>Maturity Date</b> 30 June 2018	Issue Price nil	Exercise Price A\$0.10	Exercise Period Under Terms and Conditions of the employee share option plan
<b>Number</b> 10,000,000	<b>Maturity Date</b> 25 January 2018	Issue Price nil	Exercise Price A\$0.10	Exercise Period Under Terms and Conditions of the employee share option plan and a resolution of shareholders in the General Meeting held in January 2008

During the year and up to the date of this Report, the Company has not issued options over fully paid ordinary shares.

As at the date of this Report none of the Unlisted options have been exercised.

### 8. Directors' Interests in Shares and Options

The declared relevant interest of each Director in the number of fully paid ordinary shares and options over fully paid ordinary shares of the Company disclosed by that Director to the ASX Limited as at the date of this Report is:

Director	Relevant Interest				
	Ordinary	Unquoted	Quoted		
	Shares	Options	Options		
		(HAWAM)	(HAWOB)		
		25/01/2018	28/02/2013		
M G Kerr	53,187,572	5,000,000	9,428,000		
M E Elliott	21,500,000	5,000,000	-		
D S Tvrwhitt	-	-	-		

In October 2010 Messrs M Kerr and M Elliott, as announced to the ASX, entered into a Co-Operation Agreement ("Agreement") with Legacy Iron Ore Limited ("LCY") in relation to their respective entitlements to shares in Hawthorn Resources Limited. As a result of the Agreement and participation in the Company's Share Purchase Plan Offering each of the parties to the Agreement has a relevant interest in all of the ordinary Hawthorn Resources Limited shares in which each has a declared interest:

•	Mr M G Kerr	53,187,572
•	Mr M E Elliott	21,500,000
•	Legacy Iron Ore Limited	<u>251,500,000</u>
•	Total	326,187,572

The Agreement is for a period which commenced on the date of the Agreement (3 October 2010) and will end on the first to occur of the following:

- (i) the earliest date that neither Mr Kerr or Mr Elliott is a director of Hawthorn Resources Limited; and
- (ii) the second anniversary of the date of the Agreement

### 9. Meetings of Directors

The number of meetings of Directors held including meetings of Committees of the Board during the financial year including their attendance was as follows:

	Во	ARD *	AUDIT COMMITTEE **		
	ELIGIBLE ATTENDED		ELIGIBLE	ATTENDED	
	то		TO		
	ATTEND		ATTEND		
M G Kerr	7	7	2	2	
D S Tyrwhitt	7	7	2	2	
M E Elliott	7 7		2	2	

#### Note:

### 10. Company Secretary

Mr M Garbutt, appointed in May 2008, is the Company Secretary of the Company and its subsidiaries. Mr Garbutt is a Fellow of Chartered Secretaries Australia Ltd. and until recently a Justice of the Peace in Victoria. He has over 30 years commercial experience and currently conducts a corporate compliance and company secretarial company providing such services to a number of public and listed companies in Australia including Hawthorn Resources Limited group. As such, Mr Garbutt is not a direct employee of the Company and does not receive remuneration from the Company.

<sup>\*</sup> In between Board Meetings Directors passed a total of seven circulating resolutions which were then noted and ratified at the next occurring Board meeting

<sup>\*\*</sup> Audit, Compliance and Corporate Governance Committee considerations are, when required, held within Board Meetings and Chaired by Dr Tyrwhitt.

### 11. Directors and Officers' Indemnity and Auditor Indemnity

#### Directors:

The Company has entered into an Indemnity Deed with each of the Directors and with certain former Directors which will indemnify them against liability incurred to a third party (not being the Company or any related company) where the liability does not arise out of conduct including a breach of good faith. The Indemnity Deed will continue to apply for a period of 10 years after a Director ceases to hold office and a Director's Access and Insurance Deed with each of the Directors pursuant to which a Director can request access to copies of documents provided to the Director whilst serving the Company for a period of 10 years after the Director ceases to hold office. There will be certain restrictions on the Directors' entitlement to access under the deed.

#### Auditors:

The Company has not, during or since the end of the financial year, indemnified or agreed to indemnify an auditor of the Company or of any related body corporate against a liability incurred as an auditor

#### 12. Environment

The exploration activities of the Hawthorn group are conducted in accordance with and controlled principally by Australian state and territory government legislation. The group has extensive exploration land holdings in Australia. The Company employs a system for reporting environmental incidents, establishing and communicating accountability, and rating environmental performance. During the year data on environmental performance was reported as part of the monthly exploration reporting regime. In addition, as required under state legislation, procedures are in place to ensure that the relevant authorities are notified prior to the commencement of ground disturbing exploration activities.

The Company is committed to minimising the impact of its activities on the surrounding environment at the same time aiming to maximise the social, environmental and economic returns for the local community. To this end the environment is a key consideration in our exploration activities and during the rehabilitation of disturbed areas. Generally rehabilitation occurs immediately following the completion of a particular phase of exploration. In addition the Company continues to develop and maintain mutually beneficial relationships with the local communities affected by its activities.

### 13. Non- Audit Services

During the year, other than as noted below, BDO East Coast Partnership, the Company's auditor, has not performed other services in addition to their statutory duties.

Details of the amounts paid to the auditor of the Company, BDO East Coast Partnership, and its related practices for audit and non-audit services provided during the year are set out below.

	2012	2011
	\$	\$
Statutory audit		
Auditors of the Company - BDO		
- audit and review of financial reports	42,000	40,000
Other Services - BDO		
- other non-audit services (i)	0	7,500
Total fees	42,000	47,500

### (i) Non-Audit Services

For the current financial year there were no Non-Audit Services (2011: \$7,500). During the prior year (2011) BDO, the Company's auditor, discussed with and provided tax compliance services to the Company. For 2011 the directors were satisfied that the provision of such time and services were compatible with the general standard of independence for auditors imposed by the Corporations Act 2001 and did not undermine the general principles relating to auditor independence as set out in APES 110 Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants as they did not involve reviewing or auditing the auditor's own work, acting in a management or decision making capacity for the Company, acting as an advocate for the Company or jointly sharing risks and rewards.

### 14. Remuneration Report - Audited

### (i) Management Services – Berkeley Consultants Pty Ltd

The Company entered into a service arrangement with Berkeley Consultants Pty Ltd ("Berkeley Consultants") effective from 1 April 2008 to replace the AXIS Consultants Pty Ltd agreed services, on substantially the same terms and conditions.

Initially Berkeley Consultants, pursuant to the management agreement provided to all group companies the services previously provided by AXIS Consultants Pty Ltd. Such services included providing the Company with its registered corporate head office facilities in Melbourne, as well as staff to carry out management and administrative charges. The Company paid Berkeley a fixed fee of \$25,000 per month plus GST for executive serviced office facilities; and a 10 per cent management and administrative charge on expenditures managed on behalf of the Company – this management and administrative charge ceased on 1 July 2009.

In line with commercial practice, there was a 5 per cent increase in the service office facilities rental agreement for the year. The total fees for the provision of executive serviced office facilities paid or due during the 30 June 2012 financial year amounted to \$315,000 plus GST (2011: \$300,000).

This arrangement with Berkeley Consultants represented a related party transaction with both Mr Elliott and Mr M Kerr having a material personal interest in the transactions through their interests in Berkeley Consultants Pty Ltd.

Given the nature of the related party interest in this matter Dr D Tyrwhitt, as a non-related non-executive director, has conducted the annual review of the provision of serviced office facilities and executive functions offered to the Hawthorn Resources group of companies by Berkeley Consultants Pty Ltd noting the terms and procedures set out in Section 195 of the Corporations Act and has approved an extension to the term of the arrangement to 31 December 2014 and thereafter of a month to month basis.

In considering the extension of the Agreement to 31 December 2014 and the services to be provided by Berkeley Consultants Pty Ltd to the Hawthorn Resources group of companies Dr Tyrwhitt noted the following:

- (i) the terms proposed are similar to the previous arrangements being on arms length commercial terms;
- (ii) the proposal includes provision of serviced offices with reception, boardroom and other facilities as required payable quarterly in advance.

### (ii) Overview of Company Performance on Remuneration Structures

The Company's performance, during the current year and over the past four years, has been as follows:

	2012 2011 2010		2009	2008	
Revenue - \$	consolidated 54,857	consolidated 131,904	consolidated 687,885	consolidated 136,439	consolidated 509,354
Net profit / (loss) - \$	(1,752,131)	(1,685,681)	(2,546,634)	(17,175,078)	(386,037)
Basic earnings per share - cents	(0.092)	(0.099)	(0.176)	(1.483)	(0.057)
Diluted earnings per share - cents	(0.092)	(0.099)	(0.176)	(1.483)	(0.057)
Net assets - \$	11,988,381	10,171,300	10,362,681	10,393,299	27,325,730

The Directors do not believe the financial or share price performance of the Company is an accurate measure when considering remuneration structures as the Company is in the mineral exploration industry. Companies in this industry do not have an ongoing source of revenue, as revenue is normally from ad-hoc transactions.

The more appropriate measure is the identification of exploration targets, identification and/or increase of mineral resources and reserves and the ultimate conversion of the Company from explorer status to mining status.

### (iii) Non-Executive Directors

Total remuneration for all Non-Executive Directors, last voted upon by shareholders at the 1999 AGM, is not to exceed \$200,000 per annum. The aggregate of Non-Executive Directors' base fees including the Chairmanship of the Board of Directors, now total \$125,000 per annum. Non-Executive Directors do not receive performance related remuneration. Directors' fees cover all main board activities and membership of board committee. Non-Executive Directors do not receive any benefits on retirement.

However, and as permitted under the Company's Constitution Non-Executive Directors are entitled to receive payment for services provided which are over and above their normal directorial duties and which have been specifically requested by the Board of Directors. To this end the Company has entered into consultancy agreements with both Mr M G Kerr and Dr D S Tyrwhitt to secure their respective professional, consultancy services to 31 December 2014 at an hourly rate of \$300. Such additional service, consultancy fees are in addition to directors' fees and are outside of the shareholder approved aggregate for directors' fees.

### (iv) Executive Directors Remuneration

The consolidated entity seeks to reward executives with a level of remuneration based upon their position and responsibilities.

The Company's Executive Director, Mr M E Elliott, is remunerated under an Executive Service Agreement. The key elements of the Agreement are:

- (i) Term: to 31 December 2014;
- (ii) Remuneration: \$140,000 a year plus government superannuation levy
- (iii) Bonus: the Board of Directors may, in its absolute discretion, set performance criteria which if met will entitle a bonus of 50 per cent of the annual remuneration to be paid in respect of each Financial Year or pro rata Financial Year;
- (iv) Termination: either the Company or the Executive may give notice of termination. In addition the Service Agreement may be summarily terminated by the Company without notice or compensation in lieu of notice where certain events have occurred;
- (v) Termination Benefits: subject to an entitlement to a bonus there are no other amounts payable on Termination

No performance based remuneration was paid or is payable for the 30 June 2012 financial year (2011: NIL)

### (v) Performance-Linked Remuneration

Performance linked remuneration focuses on long-term incentives and is designed to reward key management personnel for meeting or exceeding their objectives.

Long-Term Incentive

2005 Employee Share Option Plan

At the Annual General Meeting of the Company held in November 2005, shareholders of the Company approved the introduction of the Hawthorn Resources Limited 2005 Share Option Plan ("the Plan) and the issue of options under the Plan to the Directors at the time.

The Plan was introduced to assist in the reward, retention and motivation of eligible persons.

The key components of the Plan and conditions imposed by the Board for the initial issue of options were that the options will have no issue price; the exercise price of the options will be an amount as determined by the Board and will be not less than the market price for one share on the date the Board decides to invite a participant to apply for options; the Board can determine the exercise conditions (if any) to apply prior to a participant being able to exercise the options; if the exercise condition is met, the participant (subject to continuing to be an eligible participant) is able to exercise the options at any time for a period of 3 years after the vesting period; the number of options that can be on issue under the Plan is 5% of the issued number of shares in the Company at the date of an invitation or grant of an option (for this purpose, the 5% is calculated as the number of shares the subject of options the Board proposes to issue an invitation or proposes to grant: the number of shares which would be issued if all offers or options to acquire unissued shares pursuant to this Plan or any other employee share option plan were accepted or exercised; the number of shares issued pursuant to the Plan in the last 5 years; and the number of shares issued during the last 5 years pursuant to any other employee share scheme of the Company); if the employment of a participant is terminated before the end of the vesting period, the options held by that participant will lapse, except where a participant has ceased to be employed due to death or mental incapacity (in such circumstances the Board has the ability to allow the legal personal representative of the participant to exercise the option on the terms set by the Board at the time). In the case of termination after the vesting period, the participant has one month to exercise the option otherwise it lapses; the Board will also have the discretion to have the options expire if it determines that a participant has acted fraudulently, dishonestly or in a manner which is in breach of his or her obligations to the Company or a subsidiary of the Company; participants will have their entitlements in respect of options held adjusted to take account of capital reconstructions and bonus issues as if the option has been exercised before the determination of entitlement in respect of these issues. If the Company makes a pro rata rights issue to shareholders, the exercise price of an option will be reduced according to the formula specified in the Australian Securities Exchange ("ASX") Listing Rules; and in the case of a change of control, options are immediately exercisable notwithstanding exercise conditions or the vesting period.

The following table discusses options that have been issued to key management personnel under the Plan.

M G Kerr – Chairman	2012	2011
Appointed 22 November 2007		
Date of issue	25 January 2008	25 January 2008
Number of options	5,000,000	5,000,000
Issue price	Nil	Nil
Exercise price	\$0.10	\$0.10
Value of options	\$126,000	\$126,000
Expiry date	25 January 2018	25 January 2018
Number of options vested during the year	Nil	Nil
% vested in year	0%	0%
% forfeited in year	0%	0%
Value yet to vest (unaudited)		
- minimum	Nil	Nil
- maximum	Nil	Nil
Number of options on issue		
- at 1 July	5,000,000	5,000,000
- at 30 June	5,000,000	5,000,000
	-,,	, ,
M E Elliott- Non-Executive Director	2012	2011
M E Elliott- Non-Executive Director Appointed 22 November 2007		
Appointed 22 November 2007	2012	2011
Appointed 22 November 2007  Date of issue	2012 25 January 2008	2011 25 January 2008
Appointed 22 November 2007  Date of issue  Number of options	2012 25 January 2008 5,000,000	2011 25 January 2008 5,000,000
Appointed 22 November 2007  Date of issue  Number of options  Issue price	2012 25 January 2008 5,000,000 Nil	2011 25 January 2008 5,000,000 Nil
Appointed 22 November 2007  Date of issue  Number of options  Issue price  Exercise price	2012 25 January 2008 5,000,000 Nil \$0.10	2011 25 January 2008 5,000,000 Nil \$0.10
Appointed 22 November 2007  Date of issue  Number of options  Issue price  Exercise price  Value of options	2012 25 January 2008 5,000,000 Nil \$0.10 \$126,000	2011 25 January 2008 5,000,000 Nil \$0.10 \$126,000
Appointed 22 November 2007  Date of issue  Number of options  Issue price  Exercise price  Value of options  Expiry date  Number of options vested during the	2012 25 January 2008 5,000,000 Nil \$0.10 \$126,000 25 January 2018	2011 25 January 2008 5,000,000 Nil \$0.10 \$126,000 25 January 2018
Appointed 22 November 2007  Date of issue  Number of options  Issue price  Exercise price  Value of options  Expiry date  Number of options vested during the year	2012  25 January 2008  5,000,000  Nil  \$0.10  \$126,000  25 January 2018  Nil	2011 25 January 2008 5,000,000 Nil \$0.10 \$126,000 25 January 2018 Nil
Appointed 22 November 2007  Date of issue  Number of options  Issue price  Exercise price  Value of options  Expiry date  Number of options vested during the year  % vested in year	2012  25 January 2008 5,000,000 Nil \$0.10 \$126,000 25 January 2018 Nil 0%	2011  25 January 2008
Appointed 22 November 2007  Date of issue  Number of options  Issue price  Exercise price  Value of options  Expiry date  Number of options vested during the year  % vested in year	2012  25 January 2008 5,000,000 Nil \$0.10 \$126,000 25 January 2018 Nil 0%	2011  25 January 2008
Appointed 22 November 2007  Date of issue  Number of options  Issue price  Exercise price  Value of options  Expiry date  Number of options vested during the year  % vested in year  % forfeited in year  Value yet to vest (unaudited)	2012  25 January 2008 5,000,000 Nil \$0.10 \$126,000 25 January 2018 Nil  0% 0%	2011  25 January 2008
Appointed 22 November 2007  Date of issue  Number of options  Issue price  Exercise price  Value of options  Expiry date  Number of options vested during the year  % vested in year  % forfeited in year  Value yet to vest (unaudited)  - minimum	2012  25 January 2008	2011  25 January 2008
Appointed 22 November 2007  Date of issue  Number of options  Issue price  Exercise price  Value of options  Expiry date  Number of options vested during the year  % vested in year  % forfeited in year  Value yet to vest (unaudited)  - minimum  - maximum	2012  25 January 2008	2011  25 January 2008

- 1. Details concerning the valuation methodology and key assumptions made in the option valuations are set out on the preceding pages.
- 2. All of the above options vested upon grant pursuant to the resolution of shareholders in General Meeting in January 2008.
- 3. Unless otherwise disclosed, no options were exercised and no options lapsed in the year.
- 4. Number of options granted in the 30 June 2012 financial year NIL (2011: Nil)

### (vi) Details of Directors, Executives and Remuneration

The names of the Directors and Executives in office during the year are as follows:-

### (a) Directors

M G Kerr – Chairman and Non-Executive Directors (appointed 22 November 2007)

M E Elliott – Managing Director / CEO (appointed 22 November 2007)

D S Tyrwhitt – Non Executive Director (appointed 14 November 1996)

### (b) Executives

M Garbutt - Company Secretary (appointed 5 May 2008)

Details of the nature and amount of each major element of remuneration of each Director of the Company and of each Executive of the Company are:

		Prin	nary	Post- employment	Equity compensation	Total	s300A (1)(e)(i) Proportion of remuneration performance related %	s300A (1)(e)(vi) Value of options as proportion of remuneration %
		Salary & fees \$	Non- monetar y benefits	Super- annuation \$	Value of options			
Directors <b>Executive</b>								
M E Elliott (i)	2012 2011	140,000 120,000	-	12,600 -	-	152,600 120,000	nil <i>nil</i>	n.a. <i>n.a.</i>
Non- Executive								
M G Kerr (ii)	2012	135,000	-	6,750	-	141,750	nil	n.a.
	2011	80,000	-	-	-	80,000	nil	n.a.
D S Tyrwhitt (iii)	2012	100,950	-	4,500	-	105,450	nil	n.a.
	2011	51,000	-	-	-	51,000	nil	n.a.
Total all	2012	375,950	-	23,850	-	399,800	-	-
Directors	2011	251,000	-		-		-	
Executives								

M Garbutt (iv)	2012 2011	-	-	-	-	-	- -	-
Total, all Executives	2012 2011	-	-				-	-
Total all Directors	2012	375,950 251,000	-	23,850	-	399,800 251,000	-	-

- (i) In May 2009 and as announced to the ASX Mr Elliott was appointed to the position of Managing Director and CEO. Following the annual review by directors the service agreement with Mr Elliott has been extended to 31 December 2014 on the same terms and conditions
- (ii) In addition to directors duties Mr Kerr undertook additional duties at the request of the Board of Directors and received \$60,000 (2011: \$nil.) in consulting fees; In addition to the above disclosed remuneration, \$315,000 (2011: \$300,000) was paid to Berkeley Consultants Pty Ltd during the year for serviced office facilities;
- (iii) In addition to directors duties Dr Tyrwhitt undertook additional exploration 'field' duties at the request of the Board of Directors and received \$50,950 (2011: \$11,000) in consulting fees; and
- (iv) During the year K R Corporate Compliance Pty Ltd, a firm of which Mr Garbutt is a director, provided secretarial and corporate governance services to the Company. Such time based professional fees as charged by K R Corporate Compliance Pty Ltd amounted to \$60,275 (2011 \$42,477). In addition, K R Corporate Compliance Pty Ltd was reimbursed at cost a total of \$8,661 (2011 \$4,389) for expenditures incurred on behalf of and at the request of the Company

There were no short term cash bonuses, post employment prescribed benefits, termination benefits or insurance premiums paid during the 30 June 2012 financial year (2011: Nil).

### **Auditor's Independence Declaration:**

Mark Kerv.

The auditor's independence declaration as required under Section 307 C of the Corporations Act 2001 is set out on page 13.

Signed in accordance with a resolution of the Board of Directors at Melbourne this 3rd day of September 2012.

Mark Kerr Chairman



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### DECLARATION OF INDEPENDENCE BY DAVID GARVEY TO THE DIRECTORS OF HAWTHORN RESOURCES LIMITED

As lead auditor of Hawthorn Resources Limited for the year ended 30 June 2012, I declare that, to the best of my knowledge and belief, there have been no contraventions of:

- the auditor independence requirements of the Corporations Act 2001 in relation to the audit;
   and
- any applicable code of professional conduct in relation to the audit.

This declaration is in respect Hawthorn Resources Limited and the entities it controlled during the year.

David Garvey Partner

**BDO East Coast Partnership** 

Melbourne, 3 September 2012

### **Corporate Governance Statement**

### **Corporate Governance Practices and Conduct**

The board of directors of Hawthorn Resources Limited is responsible for establishing the corporate governance framework of the Group having regard to the ASX Corporate Governance Council (CGC) published guidelines as well as its corporate governance principles and recommendations. The board guides and monitors the business and affairs of Hawthorn Resources Limited on behalf of the shareholders by whom they are elected and to whom they are accountable.

The table below summarises the Company's compliance with the CGS's recommendations.

	Recommendation	Comply	ASX Listing Rule/
		Yes/No	Recommendation
	Principle 1 - Lay solid foundations for management and oversight		
1.1	Companies should establish the functions reserved to the board and those delegated to senior executives and disclose those functions.	Yes	ASX LR 1.1
1.2	Companies should disclose the process for evaluating the performance of senior executives.	Yes	ASX LR 1.2
1.3	Companies should provide the information indicated in the guide to reporting on Principle 1.	Yes	ASX LR 1.3
	Principle 2 - Structure the board to add value		
2.1	A majority of the board should be independent directors.	No	ASX LR 2.1
2.2	The chair should be an independent director.	No	ASX LR 2.2
2.3	The roles of chair and chief executive officer should not be exercised by the same individual.	Yes	ASX LR 2.3
2.4	The board should establish a nomination committee.	No	ASX LR 2.4
2.5	Companies should disclose the process for evaluating the performance of the board, its committees and individual directors.	Yes	ASX LR 2.5
2.6	Companies should provide the information indicated in the guide to reporting on Principle 2.	Yes	ASX LR 2.6
	Principle 3 - Promote ethical and responsible decision-making		
3.1	Companies should establish a code of conduct and disclose the code or a summary of the code as to:	Yes	ASX LR 3.1
	_ The practices necessary to maintain confidence in the company's integrity.		
	_ The practices necessary to take into account their legal obligations and the reasonable expectations of their stakeholders.		
	_ The responsibility and accountability of individuals for reporting and investigating reports of unethical practices.		
3.2	Companies should establish a policy concerning trading in company securities by directors, senior executives and employees,	Yes	ASX LR 3.2

	and disclose the policy or a summary of that policy.		
3.3	Companies should provide the information indicated in the guide to reporting on Principle 3	Yes	ASX LR 3.3
	Principle 4 - Safeguard integrity in financial reporting		
4.1	The board should establish an audit committee.	Yes	ASX LR 4.1
4.2	The audit committee should be structured so that it:	No	ASX LR 4.2 ASX LR 12.7
	Consists only of non-executive directors	No Yes	
	Has at least three members	No Yes	
	_ Consists of a majority of independent directors	163	
	$\_$ Is chaired by an independent chair, who is not chair of the board		
4.3	The audit committee should have a formal charter.	No	ASX LR 4.3
4.4	Companies should provide the information indicated in the Guide to reporting on Principle 4.	No	ASX LR 4.4
	Principle 5 - Make timely and balanced disclosure		
5.1	Companies should establish written policies designed to ensure compliance with ASX listing rule disclosure requirements and to ensure accountability at a senior executive level for that compliance and disclose those policies or a summary of those policies.	Yes	ASX LR 5.1
5.2	Companies should provide the information indicated in the guide to reporting on Principle 5.	No	ASX LR 5.2
	Principle 6 - Respect the rights of shareholders		
6.1	Companies should design a communications policy for promoting effective communication with shareholders and encouraging their participation at general meetings and disclose their policy or a summary of that policy.	Yes	ASX LR 6.1
6.2	Companies should provide the information indicated in the guide to reporting on Principle 6.	Yes	ASX LR 6.2
	Principle 7 - Recognise and manage risk		
7.1	Companies should establish policies for the oversight and management of material business risks and disclose a summary of those policies.	Yes	ASX LR 7.1
7.2	The board should require management to design and implement the risk management and internal control system to manage the company's material business risks and report to it on whether those risks are being managed effectively. The board should disclose that management has reported to it as to the effectiveness of the company's management of its material business risks	Yes	ASX LR 7.2
7.3	The board should disclose whether it has received assurance from the chief executive officer [or equivalent) and the chief financial officer [or equivalent] that the declaration provided in accordance with section 295A of	Yes	ASX LR 7.3

control and that the system is operating effectively in all material respects in relation to financial reporting risks. ASX LR 7.4 7.4 Companies should provide the information indicated in the guide to reporting on Principle 8 - Remunerate fairly and responsibly ASX LR 8.1 8.1 The board should establish a remuneration committee. 8.2 Companies should clearly distinguish the ASX LR 8.2

structure of nonexecutive directors' remuneration from that of executive directors and senior executives.

the Corporations Act is founded on a sound system of risk management and internal

Companies should provide the information 8.3 indicated in the Guide to reporting on Principle 8.

ASX LR 8.3 Yes

Hawthorn Resources Limited's corporate governance practices were in place throughout the year ended 30 June 2012.

#### **Board Functions**

The board seeks to identify the expectations of the shareholders, as well as other regulatory and ethical expectations and obligations. In addition, the board is responsible for identifying areas of significant business risk and ensuring arrangements are in place to adequately manage those risks. To ensure that the board is well equipped to discharge its responsibilities it has established guidelines for the nomination and selection of directors and for the operation of the board. The responsibility for the operation and administration of the Group is delegated, by the board, to the Managing Director and the executive management team.

The board ensures that this team is appropriately qualified and experienced to discharge their responsibilities and has in place procedures to assess the performance of the executive management team. Whilst at all times the board retains full responsibility for guiding and monitoring the Group, in discharging its stewardship it makes use of sub-committees. Specialist committees are able to focus on a particular responsibility and provide informed feedback to the board. To this end the board has established a Share Allotment Committee and an Audit, Compliance and Corporate Governance Committee ("Audit Committee"). Given that the board has and at the date of this report comprises three directors the functions and considerations of the Committees are dealt with within the Board Meetings and chaired by the chairman of such committees. The Chairman of the Board of Directors does not chair any meetings or considerations of the Committees,

The Directors in office at the date of this statement, their skills, experience, expertise and period of directorship are detailed in the Directors' Report. In respect of the attendance at Board and Committee Meetings, shareholders are referred to the table of Meeting Attendance contained on page [ ].

### Structure of the Board

The skills, experience and expertise relevant to the position of director held by each director in office at the date of the annual report are included in the directors' report. Directors of Hawthorn Resources Limited are considered to be independent when they are independent of management and free from any business or other relationship that could materially interfere with, or could reasonably be perceived to materially interfere with, the exercise of their unfettered and independent judgement.

In the context of director independence, "materiality" is considered from both the Group and individual director perspective. The determination of materiality requires consideration of both quantitative and qualitative elements. An item is presumed to be quantitatively immaterial if it is equal to or less than 5% of the appropriate base amount. It is presumed to be material (unless there is qualitative evidence to the contrary) if it is equal to or greater than 10% of the appropriate base amount. Qualitative factors considered include whether a relationship is strategically important, the competitive landscape, the nature of the relationship and the contractual or other arrangements governing it and other factors that point to the actual ability of the director in question to shape the direction of the Group's loyalty.

In accordance with the definition of independence above, and the materiality thresholds set, the following directors of Hawthorn Resources Limited are considered to have the following status:

Name	Position and status	Term in Office	
Non-executive directors Mr Mark G Kerr Dr David S Tyrwhitt	Chairman and Non-Executive Director Independent Director Chairman – Audit, Compliance & Corporate Governance Committee	5.7 years 16.6 years	
Executive directors Mr Mark E Elliott	Managing Director/ CEO	5.7 years	

The board recognises the Corporate Governance Council's recommendation that the Chairman should be an independent director.

### **Composition of the Board**

The Company's Constitution provides for the appointment of a minimum of three Directors and up to a maximum of twelve. At the date of this report, the Company has three Directors comprising one Executive and two Non-Executive Directors. The Chairman of the Board and the Chairman of the Board's Committees' are Non-Executive Directors.

In June 2012 the Board of Directors undertook its annual review of the status of each Director and reached the opinion that each Director, apart from Mr Elliott, could be classified as a Non-Executive Director. In addition, this assessment has concluded Dr Tyrwhitt qualified as an Independent Director. Mr Kerr, whilst considered to be a Non-Executive Director, is not regarded as an Independent Director due to the level of entitlement to the Company's ordinary shares and the ongoing contractual serviced office arrangements with Berkeley Consultants Pty Ltd – a company in which Mr Kerr has a prescribed interest.

### **Board Responsibilities**

The responsibility for the operation and administration of the Company is delegated by the Board to the specifically identified outsourced service providers. The Board ensures that this team of service providers is appropriately qualified and experienced to discharge their responsibilities and has in place procedures to assess their performance.

The Board is responsible for ensuring that management's objectives and activities are aligned with the expectations and risks identified by the Board. The Board has a number of mechanisms in place to ensure this is achieved. In addition to the establishment of specific committees referred in this statement, these mechanisms include the following:

- Implementation of operating plans and budgets by management and Board monitoring of progress against budget this includes the establishment and monitoring of key performance indicators (both financial and non-financial) for all significant business processes;
- Procedures to allow Directors, in the furtherance of their duties, to seek independent professional advice at the company's expense;

- The review and approval of acquisitions and disposals of businesses and assets, and the approval of contracts and financing arrangements within defined limits; and
- The appointment of an outsourced service provider, which is responsible for managing the Company's public image and communication with shareholders.

In conjunction with an ongoing review of the Board Charter, the Board will consider its responsibilities and delegated authorities to ensure they comply with best practice corporate governance.

### **Nomination and Membership**

Subject to the provisions of the Company's Constitution, Board composition and selection criteria for Directors are addressed by the full Board. Accordingly, a Nomination Committee has not been established.

The Constitution provides for events whereby Directors may be removed from the Board. Similarly shareholders have the ability to nominate, appoint and remove Directors. The Constitution also provides for the regular rotation of Directors, which ensures that Directors seek re-election by shareholders at least once every three years.

### **Independent Professional Advice**

Directors, in carrying out their duties as Directors or as members of Board Committees, may, after prior consultation with the Chairman, seek independent professional advice at the expense of the Company. If appropriate, such advice will be available to all Directors.

### **Timely and Balanced Disclosure**

The Board of Directors has established written policies and procedures designed to ensure compliance and at each meeting of the Board of Directors and specifically monitors the Company's activities and disclosures. On average there are between five and nine Board meetings a year. The Board of Directors has endorsed the principles of best corporate governance practice as set out by the Council.

### **Performance**

The performance of the board and key executives is reviewed periodically against both measurable and qualitative indicators. The performance criteria against which directors and executives are assessed are aligned with the financial and non-financial objectives of Hawthorn Resources Limited.

### **Trading Policy**

The Company in December 2011 in accordance with the requirements of the ASX adopted a Share Trading Policy which was released to the ASX and which can be viewed on the Company's website under the section dealing with "...Corporate Governance..."

Under the Policy, an executive or director must not trade in any securities of the Company at any time when the Company is in a designated 'Blackout Period' being the ten business days immediately preceding the release of the half-year or the full year trading results to the ASX OR for the two consecutive business days following the release of a material announcement to the ASX OR when they are in possession of unpublished, price-sensitive information in relation to those securities.

As required by the ASX listing rules, the Company notifies the ASX of any transaction conducted by directors in the securities of the Company. The Company has in place with each director an agreement in the form required under Listing Rule 3.19B.

### **Board of Directors and its Committees**

The Board of Directors is responsible for the overall governance of the Company inclusive of its strategic development and the direction and the control of operations of the Company. Whilst the Board retains overall responsibility, it has established certain committees to assist in carrying out its responsibilities. Such committees include the Audit, Compliance and Corporate Governance Committee and the Share Allotment Committee.

### Audit, Compliance and Corporate Governance Committee ("Audit Committee")

It is the board's responsibility to ensure that an effective internal control framework exists within the entity. This includes internal controls to deal with both the effectiveness and efficiency of significant business processes, the safeguarding of assets, the maintenance of proper accounting records, and the reliability of

financial information as well as non-financial considerations such as the benchmarking of operational key performance indicators.

The board has delegated responsibility for establishing and maintaining a framework of internal control and ethical standards to the Committee. However, as the Board of Directors comprises three only directors the functions of the committee are carried out within the structure and conduct of Board Meetings but under the Chairmanship of Dr Tyrwhitt. A charter is being prepared for approval by the board.

The committee, as at the date of this statement, comprises:

Chairman Dr D S Trywhitt (Independent Director)

Member Mr M G Kerr (Non-Executive Director)

Member Mr M E Elliott (Managing Director/ CEO)

The Company's Auditors are invited to attend meetings and to participate in committee discussions. The Group Financial Officer attends committee meetings.

The duties of the Committee have been established as and include:

- The review of the Audit Programme and all matters relevant to the financial affairs of the Company's activities together with the production of Statutory Financial Reports inclusive of the Reports and Declarations by Directors.
- To review and advise on procedures in place to record the Company's activities and to ensure the safety of the Company's records and assets.
- To review Internal Control Procedures and the Auditor's Management letter.
- To review the half-yearly and yearly reports to the ASX Limited together with a review of the scope and quality of the annual statutory audit and the half-year audit review.
- To monitor Compliance with the provisions of the Corporations Act 2001, Australian Securities and Investment Commission guidelines and practice notes, ASX Listing Rules, taxation requirements and all regulatory bodies.
- Carry out the functions of the Remuneration Committee.
- Group Risk management
- To review the performance of the external auditor and the level of fees charged for audit services

### Nomination Committee

The Company does not have a Nomination Committee. The Board believes that with only three Directors on the Board, the Board itself is the appropriate forum to deal with this function.

### **Share Allotment Committee**

Any two Directors will constitute a quorum for this committee, which deals with the allotment of new securities in accordance with the general guidelines and principles as authorised by the Board of Directors.

### **Internal Control Framework and Ethical Standards**

The Board of Directors seeks to identify the expectations of shareholders as well as other regulatory and ethical expectations and obligations.

These matters are undertaken by the full Board together with the audit, compliance and corporate governance committee. In respect of the ethical standards, the full Board regularly discusses the maintenance by the Company of appropriate ethical standards in line with the Council's recommendations.

#### Risk

The board acknowledges the Revised Supplementary Guidance to Principle 7 issued by the ASX in June 2008 and has continued its proactive approach to risk management. The identification and effective management of risk, including calculated risk-taking is viewed as an essential part of the company's approach to creating long-term shareholder value.

In recognition of this, the board determines the company's risk profile and is responsible for overseeing and approving risk management strategy. The audit, compliance and corporate governance committee reviews policies, internal compliance and internal control.

The Audit Committee, pursuant to the mandate by the Board of Directors, oversees the assessment of the effectiveness of risk management and internal compliance and control. The tasks of undertaking and assessing risk management and internal control effectiveness are delegated to management through the Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer, including responsibility for the day to day design and implementation of the company's risk management and internal control system.

Management reports to the Audit Committee on the company's key risks and the extent to which it believes these risks are being adequately managed. The reporting on risk by management is a standing agenda items at board meetings.

#### Business Risk

The main areas of business risk, which are considered on an ongoing basis by the Board are:

- Failure to develop commercial products from the company's research and development
- Ability to raise capital or generate free cash flow to fund future research and development activities
- Failure to market the company's products
- General economic factors including those affecting interest and exchange rates
- Changes in Corporations and Taxation Laws

#### **Occupational Health and Safety**

The Company is committed to providing a safe and healthy working environment for all staff. It considers that safety is a collective responsibility and ensures that regular training in safe working methods is undertaken and encourages participation and involvement in the development of workplace safety programs. Individual employees and employees of contractors are required to practice safe working habits, to take all reasonable care to prevent injury to themselves and their colleagues and to report all hazards and accidents.

New staff and contractors (where appropriate) are required to undergo an induction program to familiarise themselves with policies, procedures and work practices prior to commencing work. All staff are covered against injury under the various Workers' Compensation Acts.

### **CEO and CFO Certification**

In accordance with section 295A of the Corporations Act, the chief executive officer and chief financial officer have provided a written statement to the board that:

- Their view provided on the Company's financial report is founded on a sound system of risk management and internal compliance and control which implements the financial policies adopted by the board
- The Company's risk management and internal compliance and control system is operating effectively in all material respects

The board agrees with the views of the ASX on this matter and notes that due to its nature, internal control assurance from the Managing Director/CEO and Chief Financial Officer can only be reasonable rather than absolute. This is due to such factors as the need for judgement, the use of testing on a sample basis, the inherent limitations in internal control and because much of the evidence available is persuasive rather than conclusive and therefore is not and cannot be designed to detect all weaknesses in control procedures. In response to this, internal control questions are required to be completed by the key management personnel of all significant business units, including finance managers, in support of these written statements.

### Remuneration

The board is responsible for determining and reviewing compensation arrangements for the directors themselves, the chief executive officer and executive team. A Remuneration Committee has not been separately established, rather the function is performed within the Board Meetings given that the Company at this time has a Board comprising three members.

It is the Company's objective to provide maximum stakeholder benefit from the retention of a high quality board and executive team by remunerating directors and key executives fairly and appropriately with reference to relevant employment market conditions. Where applicable, total remuneration for the Executive Director includes an annual salary and other entitlements. Attendance at and participation in Board and Committee meetings are considered among the duties of the Executive Director. Non-Executive Directors receive fees for attending Board and Committee meetings. Pro-rata fees are paid to Non-Executive Directors who serve for less than a full year. Other than the Managing Director none of the Directors or the Company Secretary have letters of appointment.

For a full discussion of the Company's remuneration philosophy and framework and the remuneration received by directors and executives in the current period please refer to the Remuneration Report, which is contained within the directors' report.

### **Shareholder Communication Policy**

Hawthorn's objective is to promote effective communication with its shareholders at all times. Hawthorn Resources Limited is committed to:

- Ensuring that shareholders and the financial markets are provided with full and timely information about Hawthorn's activities in a balanced and understandable way.
- Complying with continuous disclosure obligations contained in applicable the ASX listing rules and the Corporations Act in Australia.
- Communicating effectively with its shareholders and making it easier for shareholders to communicate with Hawthorn Resources Limited.

To promote effective communication with share holders and encourage effective participation at general meetings, information is communicated to shareholders:

- Through the release of information to the market via the ASX
- Through the distribution of the annual report and Notices of Annual General Meeting
- Through shareholder meetings and investor relations presentations
- Through letters and other forms of communications directly to shareholders
- By posting relevant information on the Hawthorn website www.hawthornresources.com.

The Company's website www.hawthornreseources.com has a dedicated Investor Relations section for the purpose of publishing all important company information and relevant announcements made to the market. The Company has also established an e-mail directory for the direct distribution of announcements made to the ASX.

The external auditors are required to attend the Annual General Meeting and are available to answer any shareholder questions about the conduction of the audit and preparation of the audit report.

Annual Reports are provided to all shareholders who have elected to receive the Report. In addition the Company has established an electronic advice directory in which shareholders may register to receive by email copy announcements.

At the meetings of shareholders, Directors are subject to questioning by shareholders about the Directors' stewardship of the Company's affairs and it is shareholders who ultimately vote upon the financial statements and reports, the election of Directors, appointment of Auditors and any matters of Special Business.

The Company does not web-cast shareholder meetings and does not believe that at this stage the costbenefit of web casting is worthwhile to a Company of its size

The main corporate governance practices that the Board of Hawthorn Resources Limited had in place during the year were:

### 1. Board of Directors

### i. Board Responsibilities

The Board's role is to maximize wealth creation and shareholder value in the Company. It assumes responsibility for overseeing the affairs of the Company by ensuring that they are carried out in a professional and ethical manner and that business risks are effectively managed. The primary responsibilities of the Board include the following:

- To oversee the Company, including its control and accountability systems
- To appoint and remove the Chief Executive Officer (or equivalent)
- To ratifying the appointment and, where appropriate, the removal of the Chief Financial Officer (or equivalent) and the Company Secretary
- To have input into and final approval of management's development of corporate strategy and performance objectives
- To review and ratify systems of risk management and internal compliance and control, codes of conduct, legal compliance and any other regulatory compliance
- To monitoring senior management's performance and implementation of strategy, and ensuring appropriate resources are available
- To approve and monitor the progress of major capital expenditure, capital management, and acquisitions and divestitures
- To approve and monitor financial and other reporting to shareholders and the market
- To monitor the Board composition, Director selection, Board processes and performance and ensure Directors have an understanding of the Company's business
- To monitor and influence the key standards of the Company including ethical standards, reputation and culture
- To review and approve executive remuneration
- To approve annual budgets

### ii. Board Composition

While the Company's Constitution fixes the maximum number of Directors at twelve, the Board currently comprises one Executive Director and two Non-Executive Directors.

The Company does not have a majority of Independent Directors.

The Chairman of the Board, Mr M Kerr, is not considered as independent in accordance with the ASX Corporate Governance Council definitions and recommendations due to the level of entitlement to the Company's ordinary shares and the ongoing contractual serviced office arrangements with Berkeley Consultants Pty Ltd – a company in which Mr Kerr has a prescribed interest.

To ensure that it has the right mix of management skills and technical expertise to meet the challenges of its business, the Board regularly reviews its composition. The Board believes that at the current stage of the Company's development, the composition is adequate. However, it continues to assess the need to enhance the membership of the Board and is cognisant of the ASX Corporate Governance Council definitions and recommendations.

### iii. Appointment/retirement of Directors

The Company's Constitution requires that all Directors other than the Managing Director submit themselves for re-election every three years with not less than one third of the Board retiring by rotation. Directors appointed during the period since the last Annual General Meeting of the Company must submit themselves for election at the next Annual General Meeting.

### iv. Board Meetings

The full Board meets formally to conduct appropriate business. The Board uses circulating resolutions in writing signed by all Directors to deal with matters requiring decisions between meetings. Such resolutions are then ratified at the next Board meeting.

#### v. Directors' Remuneration

Where applicable, total remuneration for the Executive Director includes an annual salary and other entitlements. Attendance at and participation in Board and Committee meetings are considered among the duties of the Executive Director. Non-Executive Directors receive fees for attending Board and Committee meetings. Pro-rata fees are paid to Non-Executive Directors who serve for less than a full year. As noted, other than the Managing Director none of the Directors or the Company Secretary have letters of appointment. However, the Company is in the process of considering appropriate letters of appointment.

#### vi. External Advice to Directors

The Company recognises that in the exercise of their responsibilities there may be occasions when Directors may wish to seek independent professional advice. With the prior consent of the Chairman, advice can be obtained at the Company's expense and is to be made available to the whole Board.

### 2. Board Committees

The Board has Committees to address the areas of remuneration and audit.

#### i. Remuneration Committee

The Company does not have a Remuneration Committee. All matters relevant to remuneration are considered within the workings and considerations of the Board of Directors meetings.

### ii. Audit, Compliance and Corporate Governance Committee ("Audit Committee")

The Audit Committee comprises two non-executive Directors and one Executive Director and has an independent Chairperson, who is not Chairperson of the Board. It does not have at least three members all of whom are independent, for the reasons set out above. The Company currently only has one independent Director and he is a Chairman of the Audit Committee.

The Audit Committee meets to plan and review annual and half-yearly financial statements and reports prior to their release to the ASX. The Committee also monitors the performance of the Company's Auditors and for evaluation of the adequacy and effectiveness of internal controls. The external Auditor is invited to attend and speak at these meetings. The Audit Committee has a formal charter.

### iii. Nomination Committee

The Company does not have a Nomination Committee. The Board believes that with only three Directors on the Board, the Board itself is the appropriate forum to deal with this function.

### 3. Role of Management

Day to day management of the Company's activities and the implementation of Board strategy, policy and decisions is delegated to management. This includes the following:

- To develop and recommend internal control and accountability systems for the Company and if approved, ensure compliance with such systems.
- To prepare mission systems, corporate strategy and performance objectives for approval by the Board of Directors.
- To prepare systems of risk management and internal compliance and controls, codes of conduct, legal compliance and any other regulatory compliance and if approved, ensure compliance with such systems.

- To monitor employees' performance, recommend appropriate resources and review and approve remuneration.
- To prepare all required financial reports, tax returns, budgets and any other appropriate financial reports, meet all statutory deadlines, monitor performance against budgets.
- Prepare recommendations on acquisitions and divestments of assets.
- To implement decisions of the Board of Directors on key standards of the Company covering such areas as ethical standards, reputation and culture of the Company and influence and provide guidance for employees on these areas.
- To protect the assets of the Company.

### 4. Risk Management

The Company continues to monitor its operations to identify the greatest areas of potential risk to minimise any adverse effects on the Company's strategic, operational and financial activities.

#### i. Environment

Details of the environmental policy and other related matters are provided in the Environment section of the Directors' Report.

### ii. Occupational Health and Safety

The Company is committed to providing a safe and healthy working environment for all staff. It considers that safety is a collective responsibility and ensures that regular training in safe working methods is undertaken and encourages participation and involvement in the development of workplace safety programs. Individual employees and employees of contractors are required to practice safe working habits, to take all reasonable care to prevent injury to themselves and their colleagues and to report all hazards and accidents.

New staff and contractors (where appropriate) are required to undergo an induction program to familiarise themselves with policies, procedures and work practices prior to commencing work. All staff are covered against injury under the various Workers' Compensation Acts.

### iii. Financial Reporting

The Chairman and Company Secretary sign off to the Board of Directors in respect to the annual financial statements and risk management policies as required by law and the ASX Corporate Governance Council "Principles of Good Corporate Governance and Best Practice Recommendations".

### 5. Code of Conduct

### i. Ethical Standards

The Company operates under a code of conduct that sets out the ethical standards under which the Company operates when dealing with internal and external parties. This code requires parties to act with integrity, fairness and honesty in all dealings and to treat other parties with dignity at all times. They are required to:

- not discriminate against any staff member or potential employee;
- carry out their duties in respect to the law at all times;
- to use the Company's assets responsibly;
- to respect the confidentiality of the Company's business dealings; and
- take responsibility for their own actions and for the consequences surrounding their own actions.

### ii. Share Trading

The Company in December 2011 in accordance with the requirements of the ASX adopted a Share Trading Policy which was released to the ASX and which can be viewed on the Company's website under the section dealing with "...Corporate Governance..."

### 6. Continuous Disclosure Compliance

The Company's continuous disclosure compliance procedure enables it to meet its obligations and to ensure that all matters, which may require announcement to the Australian Securities Exchange, are brought to the attention of and discussed with Directors immediately.

### 7. Communicating with Shareholders

The Board ensures that shareholders are kept informed of all major developments that affect their shareholding or the Company's state of affairs through periodical, half-yearly, annual and ad hoc reports. All shareholders are encouraged to attend the Annual General Meeting to meet the Chairman and Directors and to receive the most updated report on Company activities. The auditors of the Company attend the annual general meeting for the purpose of answering any questions on the annual financial statements and audit thereof, properly brought before the meeting.

The Company maintains a website at www.hawthornresources.com which provides shareholders with up to date information on the Company's activities. Shareholders may also communicate with the Company through its e-mail address info@hawthornresources.com

The Company does not web-cast shareholder meetings and does not believe that at this stage the cost-benefit of web casting is worthwhile to a Company of its size. The Company has established an 'email alert' directory which is open to shareholders and interested parties – this service circulates a copy of the announcements made by the Company to the ASX. Interested parties can join this directory by using the form shown on the Company's website.

### 8. Diversity

Whilst Hawthorn Resources Limited as a small exploration entity seeks to restrict the size of its staffing by the outsourcing of such functions as accounts preparation; secretarial and exploration services; mining tenement management and share registry services to experienced professionals it recognises the value contributed to an organisation by employing or engaging people with varying skills, cultural backgrounds, ethnicity and experience. Hawthorn Resources believes that the quality of the workforce is the key to its continued growth, improved productivity and performance. As at the date of this report apart from the members of the Board of Directors the Company has one direct employee.

The Company actively values and embraces the diversity of our employees/ out-sourced consultants and are committed to creating an inclusive workplace where everyone is treated equally and fairly, and where discrimination, harassment and inequity are not tolerated. While Hawthorn Resources is committed to fostering diversity at all levels, the professional industry experience and quality of performance has been and continues to be a priority for the Company in engaging services to carry out the Company's works programme..

To this end, the Company supports and complies with the recommendations contained in the ASX *Corporate Governance Principles and Recommendations*. The Company has established a diversity policy outlining the board's measurable objectives for achieving diversity. This is assessed annually to measure the progress towards achieving those objectives. The diversity policy is available in the corporate governance section on the Company's website.

Broadly, the Company's measurable objectives are as follows:

- Hawthorn Resources' state and re-state where necessary that there are no forms of discrimination / bias in considering anyone for a position with the Company either as an employee or service provider, i.e. on grounds of gender; age; physical appearance; origins; race; religion; marital status; sexual preference; pregnancy or likely pregnancy; political leanings; disabilities;
- All new appointments or promotion / career enhancement and remuneration be on the basis of merit and ability to carry out the work responsibilities;
- Within the broad ambit of ensuring that the Company's activities are best developed and to ensure harmony of working within the Company that there be flexibility in working hours to enable domestic / private lives to allow for a balance between career and family obligations;
- Consideration be given to job sharing in such circumstances that would permit sharing

The table below outlines the diversity within Hawthorn Resources Limited.

Level	Male		Female		Total
	Number	%	Number	%	
Board	3	100%	0	0%	3
Key Management personnel	0	0%	0	0%	0
Other staff	0	0%	1	100%	1
Total	3	100%	1	100%	4

The Hawthorn Board of Directors adopted a policy on diversity in July 2011.

The Company's Diversity Statement can be viewed on the website at <a href="https://www.hawthornresources.com/investors/governance">www.hawthornresources.com/investors/governance</a>

# Hawthorn Resources Limited

ABN 44 009 157 439

# FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND NOTES YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2012

### Comprising:

Statement of Comprehensive Income Statement of Financial Position Statement of Cash Flows Statement of Changes in Equity Notes to the Financial Statements

### Hawthorn Resources Limited Statement of Comprehensive Income for the Year Ended 30 June 2012

		Consolidated		
	Note	2012 \$	2011 \$	
Revenue from Continuing Operations	Note	Φ	Φ	
Finance income Sundry income	3 3	45,687 9,170	131,904	
		54,857	131,904	
Exploration expenditure impaired Administration expenses Depreciation expense Impairment of available-for-sale investments	10	(684,538) (1,107,042) (8,806) (6,602)	(743,069) (1,057,780) (9,920) (6,816)	
Loss before income tax		(1,752,131)	(1,685,681)	
Income tax expense	4	-	-	
Loss for the year after tax from continuing operations		(1,752,131)	(1,685,681)	
Other comprehensive income			-	
Total other comprehensive income for the year, net of tax			-	
Total comprehensive loss for the year		(1,752,131)	(1,685,681)	
Loss attributable to members		(1,752,131)	(1,685,681)	
Earnings per share		Cents	Cents	
Basic loss per share for the year attributable to ordinary equity holders	5	(0.092)	(0.099)	
Diluted loss per share for the year attributable to ordinary equity holders	5	(0.092)	(0.099)	

The Statement of Comprehensive Income is to be read in conjunction with the accompanying notes to the attached financial statements.

### Hawthorn Resources Limited Statement of Financial Position as at 30 June 2012

		Consolidated		
		2012	2011	
	Note	\$	\$	
ASSETS				
Current Assets				
Cash and cash equivalents Trade and other receivables Other current assets	6 7 8	2,889,819 62,630 6,704	1,292,284 105,574 2,249	
Total Current Assets		2,959,153	1,400,107	
Non-Current Assets				
Other financial assets Exploration expenditure Plant and equipment	9 10 11	3,567 9,230,653 6,985	10,169 9,022,585 15,791	
Total Non-Current Assets		9,241,205	9,048,545	
TOTAL ASSETS		12,200,358	10,448,652	
LIABILITIES				
Current Liabilities				
Trade and other payables Employee benefits	12	208,330 3,647	270,462 6,890	
Total Current Liabilities		211,977	277,352	
TOTAL LIABILITIES		211,977	277,352	
NET ASSETS		11,988,381	10,171,300	
EQUITY				
Contributed equity Reserves Accumulated losses	13 14	41,632,552 1,667,974 (31,312,145)	38,063,340 1,667,974 (29,560,014)	
TOTAL EQUITY		11,988,381	10,171,300	

The Statement of Financial Position is to be read in conjunction with the accompanying notes to the attached financial statements

### Hawthorn Resources Limited Statement of Cash Flows for the Year Ended 30 June 2012

		Consolidated		
	Nata	2011	2011	
	<u>Note</u>	\$	\$	
Cash flows from operating activities				
Payments in the course of operations Receipts from other revenue		(1,134,106) 9,170	(1,476,420)	
Interest received		45,687	131,904	
Net cash used in operating activities	17 (a)	(1,079,249)	(1,344,516)	
Cash flows from investing activities		_		
Payments for exploration expenditure		(892,428)	(1,698,576)	
Net cash used in investing activities		(892,428)	(1,698,576)	
		-		
Cash flows from financing activities				
Proceeds from issue of share capital Payment of fees in relation to issue of share capital		3,618,456 (49,244)	1,500,000 (5,700)	
Net cash provided by financing activities		3,569,212	1,494,300	
Net increase/(decrease) in cash and cash equivalents	;	1,597,535	(1,548,792)	
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of year		1,292,284	2,841,076	
Cash and cash equivalents at end of year	6	2,889,819	1,292,284	

The Statement of Cash Flows is to be read in conjunction with the accompanying notes to the attached financial statements.

### Hawthorn Resources Limited Statement of Changes in Equity for the Year Ended 30 June 2012

		Contributed Equity	Accumulated Losses	Available For Sale Reserve	Employee Equity Benefit Reserve	Total Equity
		\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
CONSOLIDATED	<u>Note</u>					
At 1 July 2010		36,569,040	(27,874,333)	-	1,667,974	10,362,687
Loss for the year		-	(1,685,681)	-	-	(1,685,681)
Other comprehensive incomprehensive incomprehe	me	-	-	-	-	-
Total comprehensive incomprehensive incompre		-	(1,685,681)	-	-	(1,685,681)
capacity as owners:						
Issue of share capital	13	1,500,000	-	-	-	1,500,000
Share issue costs	13	(5,700)	-	-	-	(5,700)
At 30 June 2011		38,063,340	(29,560,014)	-	1,667,974	10,171,300
Loss for the year		-	(1,752,131)	-	-	(1,752,131)
Other comprehensive incomprehensive incomprehe	me	-	-	-	-	
Total comprehensive incomprehensive incomprehe	ome/(loss)	-	(1,752,131)	-	-	(1,752,131)
Transactions with owner capacity as owners:	s in their					
Issue of share capital	13	3,618,456	-	-	-	3,618,456
Share issue costs	13	(49,244)	-	-	-	(49,244)
At 30 June 2012		41,632,552	(31,312,145)	-	1,667,974	11,988,381

The Statement of Changes in Equity is to be read in conjunction with the accompanying notes to the attached financial statements.

### Hawthorn Resources Limited Notes to the Financial Statements for the Year Ended 30 June 2012

### 1. BASIS OF PREPARATION OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

### (a) Reporting Entity

Hawthorn Resources Limited (the "Company") is a public company incorporated and domiciled in Australia. The principal activity of the Company during the financial year was mineral exploration. There has been no significant change in the nature of that activity during the financial year.

The consolidated financial report of the Company as at and for the year ended 30 June 2012 comprises the Company and its subsidiaries. The financial report was authorised for issue by the Directors on the date of this report.

The registered office and principal place of business of the entity is Level 2, 90 William Street, Melbourne, Victoria, 3000.

### (b) Basis of Preparation

The financial report is presented in Australian dollars. The financial report has been prepared on a historical cost basis, except for the revaluation of available-for-sale financial assets and financial assets at fair value through the profit and loss that have been measured at fair value in accordance with Australian Accounting Standards.

The preparation of a financial report in conformity with Australian Accounting Standards requires management to make significant judgements, estimates and assumptions that affect the application of policies and reported amounts of assets and liabilities, income and expenses. The estimates and associated assumptions are based on historical experience and various other factors that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances, the results of which form the basis of making the judgements about carrying values of assets and liabilities that are not readily apparent from other sources. Actual results may differ from these estimates.

Separate financial statements for Hawthorn Resources Limited as an individual entity are no longer presented as a consequence of a change in the Corporations Act 2001, however limited information for Hawthorn Resources Limited as an individual entity is presented at Note 24.

The estimates and underlying assumptions are reviewed on an ongoing basis. Revisions to accounting estimates are recognised in the period in which the estimate is revised if the revision affects only that period, or in the period of the revision and future periods if the revision affects both current and future periods.

Judgements made by management in the application of Australian Accounting Standards that have a significant effect on the financial report and estimates with a significant risk of material adjustment in the next year are discussed in note 1(d)(xix).

The accounting policies set out below have been applied consistently to all periods presented in the financial report.

### **GOING CONCERN**

The financial statements have been prepared on a going concern basis.

The Group incurred a net consolidated loss for the year of \$1,752,131 (2011: \$1,685,681) and had a net cash consolidated outflow from operations of \$1,079,249 (2011: \$1,344,516). At 30 June 2012, the company has net current assets of \$2,747,176 (2011: \$1,122,755). The Group has sufficient cash to meet its operating costs for at least the next 12 months.

The Company has a history of successfully raising funds and during the 30 June 2012 financial year, raised capital in the amount of \$3,618,456 (2011: \$1,500,000). It is the Company's intention to raise further capital in the next twelve months. The Group also has the ability to downscale its operations and discontinue programmes should the need arise.

### Hawthorn Resources Limited Notes to the Financial Statements for the Year Ended 30 June 2012

### 1. BASIS OF PREPARATION OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONT'D)

### (b) Basis of Preparation (Cont'd)

### **GOING CONCERN (Cont'd)**

Cash flow forecasts prepared by management demonstrate that the Group has sufficient funds to meet commitments over the next twelve months. For this reason the financial statements have been prepared on the basis that the Group is a going concern, which contemplates normal business activity, realisation of assets and the settlement of liabilities in the normal course of business.

Should the Group not be able to continue as a going concern, it may be required to realise its assets and discharge its liabilities other than in the ordinary course of business, and at amounts that differ from those stated in the financial statements. The financial report does not include any adjustments relating to the recoverability and classification of recorded asset amounts or liabilities that might be necessary should the Group not continue as a going concern.

### (c) Statement of Compliance

The financial report is a general purpose financial report which has been prepared in accordance with Australian Accounting Standards ('AASBs') (including Australian Accounting Interpretations) adopted by the Australian Accounting Standards Board ('AASB') and the Corporations Act 2001, as appropriate for profit orientated entities.

The financial report complies with International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRSs) issued by the International Accounting Standards Board.

### (d) Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

### (i) Foreign Currency Translation

Transactions in foreign currencies are initially recorded in the functional currency at the exchange rates ruling at the date of the transaction. Monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies are retranslated at the rate of exchange ruling at balance date.

All differences in the financial report are taken to the statement of comprehensive income.

Non-monetary items that are measured in terms of historical cost in a foreign currency are translated using the exchange rate as at the date of the initial transaction.

Non-monetary items that are measured at fair value in a foreign currency are translated using the exchange rates at the date when the fair value was determined.

### (ii) Revenue

Revenue is recognised to the extent that it is probable that the economic benefits will flow to the Company and the revenue can be reliably measured.

### Interest

Interest revenue is recognised as the interest accrues.

### (iii)Finance Costs

Financing costs comprise interest payable on other payables and borrowings. Interest is recognised as an expense when incurred. Hawthorn Resources Limited does not currently hold qualifying assets but, if it did, the borrowings costs directly associated with the asset would be capitalised.

### (iv)Leases

Operating lease payments are recognised as an expense in the statement of comprehensive income on a straight-line basis over the lease term.

### 1. BASIS OF PREPARATION OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONT'D)

#### (d) Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Cont'd)

## (v) Cash and Cash Equivalents

Cash and short-term deposits in the statement of financial position comprise cash at bank and in hand and short-term deposits with an original maturity of three months or less, net of bank overdrafts.

#### (vi)Receivables

Receivables are recognised and carried at original invoice amount less an allowance for any uncollectible amounts. An estimate for doubtful debts is made when collection of the full amount is no longer probable. Bad debts are written off when identified.

#### (vii) Impairment of Assets

The Company assesses at each reporting date whether there is an indication that an asset may be impaired. If any such indication exists, or when annual impairment testing for an asset is required, the Company makes an estimate of the asset's recoverable amount. An asset's recoverable amount is the higher of its fair value less costs to sell and its value in use and is determined for an individual asset, unless the asset does not generate cash inflows that are largely independent of those from other assets or groups of assets and the asset's value in use cannot be estimated to be close to its fair value. In such cases the asset is tested for impairment as part of the cash-generating unit to which it belongs.

When the carrying amount of an asset or a cash-generating unit exceeds its recoverable amount, the asset or cash generating unit is impaired and is written down to its recoverable amount.

In assessing value in use, the estimated future cash flows are discounted to their present value using a pre-tax discount rate that reflects current market assessments of the time value of money and the risks specific to the asset. Impairment losses relating to continuing operations are recognised in those expense categories consistent with the function of the impaired asset unless the asset is carried at revalued amount (in which case the impairment loss is treated as a revaluation decrease).

An assessment is also made at each reporting date as to whether there is an indication that previously recognised impairment losses may no longer exist or may have decreased. If such indication exists, the recoverable amount is estimated. A previously recognised impairment loss is reversed only if there has been a change in the estimates used to determine the asset's recoverable amount since the last impairment loss was recognised. If that is the case the carrying amount of the asset is increased to its recoverable amount. That increased amount cannot exceed the carrying amount that would have been determined, net of depreciation, had no impairment loss been recognised for the asset in prior years. Such reversal is recognised in the statement of comprehensive income unless the asset is carried at revalued amount, in which case the reversal is treated as a revaluation increase. After such a reversal the depreciation charge is adjusted in future periods to allocate the asset's revised carrying amount, less any residual value, on a systematic basis over its remaining useful life. Impairment losses on goodwill are not reversed.

#### 1. BASIS OF PREPARATION OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONT'D)

## (d) Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Cont'd)

#### (viii) Income Tax

Current tax assets and liabilities for the current and prior periods are measured at the amount expected to be recovered from or paid to the taxation authorities. The tax rates and tax laws used to compute the amount are those that are enacted or substantively enacted by balance date.

Current tax is the expected tax payable on the taxable income for the period. The Company has not derived taxable income in either the current or previous period.

Deferred income tax is determined using the balance sheet method which calculates temporary differences on the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities for financial reporting purposes and the amounts used for taxation purposes.

Unrecognised deferred income tax assets are reassessed at each balance date and are recognised to the extent that it has become probable that future taxable profit will allow the deferred asset to be recovered.

Deferred income tax assets and liabilities are measured at the tax rates that are expected to apply to the year when the asset is realised or the liability is settled, based on tax rates (and laws) that have been enacted or substantively enacted at the balance sheet date.

Income taxes relating to items recognised directly in equity are recognised in equity and not in the statement of comprehensive income.

Deferred tax assets and deferred tax liabilities are offset only if a legally enforceable right exists to set off current tax assets against current tax liabilities and the deferred tax assets and deferred tax liabilities relate to the same taxable entity and the same taxation authority.

Hawthorn Resources Limited (the 'head entity') and its wholly-owned Australian controlled entities have formed an income tax consolidated group under the tax consolidation regime. The head entity and the controlled entities in the tax consolidated group continue to account for their own current and deferred tax amounts. The tax consolidated group has applied the group allocation approach in determining the appropriate amount of taxes to allocate to members of the tax consolidated group.

#### (ix) Other Taxes

Revenues, expenses and assets are recognised net of the amount of GST except:

- where the GST incurred on a purchase of goods and services is not recoverable from the taxation authority, in which case the GST is recognised as part of the cost of acquisition of the asset or as part of the expense item as applicable; and
- receivables and payables are stated with the amount of GST included.

The net amount of GST recoverable from, or payable to, the taxation authority is included as part of receivables or payables in the statement of financial position.

Cash flows are included in the statement of cash flows on a gross basis and the GST component of cash flows arising from investing and financing activities, which is recoverable from, or payable to, the taxation authority are classified as operating cash flows.

Commitments and contingencies are disclosed net of the amount of GST recoverable from, or payable to the taxation authority.

#### 1. BASIS OF PREPARATION OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONT'D)

#### (d) Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Cont'd)

#### (x) Other Financial Assets

All investments are initially recognised at cost, being the fair value of the consideration given and including acquisition charges associated with the investment.

Held for trading financial assets are those non-derivative financial assets, principally equity securities that are designated as held for trading. After initial recognition, held for trading financial assets are measured at fair value with gains or losses being recognised in the statement of comprehensive income.

Available for sale financial assets are those non-derivative financial assets, principally equity securities that are designated as available-for-sale.

After initial recognition, available-for-sale financial assets, are measured at fair value with gains or losses being recognised as a separate component of equity until the investment is sold, collected or otherwise disposed of, or until the investment is determined to be impaired, at which time the cumulative gain or loss previously reported in equity is included in the statement of comprehensive income.

For investments that are actively traded in organised financial markets, fair value is determined by reference to Securities Exchange quoted market bid prices at the close of business on the balance date.

For investments where there is no quoted market price, fair value is determined by reference to the current market value of another instrument which is substantially the same or is calculated based on the expected cash flows of the underlying net asset base of the investment.

Purchases and sales of financial assets that require delivery of assets within the time frame generally established by regulation or convention in the market place are recognised on the trade date i.e. the date that the Company commits to purchase the asset.

#### (xi) Plant and Equipment

Plant and equipment is stated at cost less accumulated depreciation and any accumulated impairment losses [see accounting policy (vii)].

Depreciation is charged to the statement of comprehensive income on a straight line basis over the estimated useful life of the assets. The estimated useful life of motor vehicles and plant and equipment is between 3 and 5 years.

The asset's residual values, useful lives and depreciation methods are reviewed and adjusted if appropriate, at each financial year end.

When an asset's carrying value is increased as a result of a revaluation, the increase is, except to the extent that it reverses a revaluation decrease of the same asset previously recognised in the statement of comprehensive income, credited directly to revaluation reserve.

When an asset's carrying amount is decreased as a result of a revaluation, the decrease is, except to the extent of any credit balance existing in the revaluation reserve in respect of that asset, recognised in the statement of comprehensive income.

The revaluation surplus is transferred directly to retained earnings when the asset is derecognised.

### (xii) Exploration

Exploration expenditure is capitalised for each separate area of interest where rights to tenure are current and:

- (a) such costs are expected to be recovered through successful development and exploitation or by sale; or
- (b) where activities in the area of interest have not yet reached a stage which permits reasonable assessment of the existence or otherwise of economically recoverable reserves and active and significant operations in relation to the area are continuing.

Ultimate recoupment of exploration expenditure carried forward is dependent on successful development and commercial exploitation, or alternatively, sale of the respective areas.

#### 1. BASIS OF PREPARATION OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONT'D)

#### (d) Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Cont'd)

#### (xii) Exploration (Cont'd)

The carrying values of expenditures carried forward are reviewed for impairment at each reporting date when the facts, events or changes in circumstances indicate that the carrying value may be impaired. Accumulated expenditures are written off to the statement of comprehensive income to the extent to which they are considered to be impaired.

The key points that are considered in this review include:

- planned drilling programs and data evaluation;
- environmental issues that may impact the underlying tenements; and
- the estimated market value of assets at the review date.

Information used in the review process is rigorously tested to externally available information as appropriate.

## (xiii) Joint Venture Operations

The interest of the Company in unincorporated joint ventures are brought to account by recognising in its financial statements the assets it controls, the liabilities it incurs and the expenses it incurs in relation to the joint venture.

### (xiv) Trade and Other Payables

Trade and other payables are stated at cost. Payables due to other entities are recognised at cost. Interest incurred is taken up as a finance cost.

#### (xv) Interest-Bearing Borrowings

Interest-bearing borrowings are recognised at cost. After initial recognition interest-bearing borrowings are stated at amortised cost with any difference between cost and redemption value being recognised in the statement of comprehensive income over the period of the borrowings on an effective interest basis.

### (xvi) Provisions

Provisions are recognised when the Company has a present obligation (legal or constructive) as a result of a past event, it is probable that an outflow of resources embodying economic benefits will be required to settle the obligation and a reliable estimate can be made of the amount of the obligation. If the effect of the time value of money is material, provisions are determined by discounting the expected future cash flows at a pre-tax rate that reflects the risks specific to the liability.

#### (xvii) Share-Based Payments

Share-based compensation benefits are provided to employees, Directors, officers or consultants of the Company or an associated body corporate and such other persons nominated by the Directors under the Hawthorn Resources Limited 2005 Share Option Plan which allows participants to acquire shares of the Company.

The fair value of options granted is recognised as an expense with a corresponding increase in equity. The fair value is measured at grant date and spread over the period during which the participants become unconditionally entitled to the options. The fair value of the options granted is measured using the black scholes option pricing model, taking into account the terms and conditions upon which the options were granted. The amount recognised as an expense is adjusted to reflect the actual number of share options that are expected to vest at each balance date.

#### (xviii) Contributed Equity

Ordinary shares are classified as equity. Incremental costs directly attributable to the issue of new shares and options are shown in equity as a deduction, net of tax, from the proceeds.

#### 1. BASIS OF PREPARATION OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONT'D)

### (d) Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Cont'd)

#### (xix) Critical Accounting Estimates and Judgments

The directors evaluate estimates and judgments incorporated into the financial report based on historical knowledge and best available current information. Estimates assume a reasonable expectation of future events and are based on current trends and economic data, obtained both externally and within the Group.

Management discussed with the Board the development, selection and disclosure of the Company's critical accounting policies and estimates. The estimates and judgements that have a significant risk of causing a material adjustment to the carrying amount of assets and liabilities within the next financial year are discussed below:

## **Key Estimates**

#### (i) Impairment

The Company assesses impairment of non-current assets (other financial assets, exploration expenditure and plant and equipment) at each reporting date by evaluating conditions and events specific to the Group that may be indicative of impairment triggers. Where indicators of impairment exist, recoverable amounts of relevant assets are reassessed using value-in-use calculations which incorporate various key assumptions or fair value less costs to sell.

## **Key Judgments**

## (ii) Exploration and Evaluation Expenditure

The application of the Group's accounting policy for exploration and evaluation expenditure requires judgement in determining whether it is likely that future economic benefits are likely, which may be based on assumptions about future events or circumstances. Estimates and assumptions made may change if new information becomes available. If, after expenditure is capitalised, information becomes available suggesting that the recovery of expenditure is unlikely, the amount capitalised is written off in the statement of comprehensive income in the period when the new information becomes available.

#### (iii) Key sources of estimation uncertainty

Note 1(d)(xii) contains information about the key points/assumptions that relate to the company's evaluation of exploration expenditure impairment.

## (xx) Principles of Consolidation

Subsidiaries

The consolidated financial statements comprise those of the Company, and the entities it controlled at the end of, or during, the financial year. The company and its controlled entities together are referred to in this financial report as the consolidated entity.

The balances and effects of transactions between entities in the consolidated entity included in the financial statements have been eliminated. Where an entity either began or ceased to be controlled during the year, the results are included only from the date control commenced or up to the date control ceased. The accounting policies adopted in preparing the financial statements have been consistently applied by the entities in the consolidated entity.

The acquisition of Ellendale Resources NL ("Ellendale") on 10 June 2008 was treated as a reverse acquisition in accordance with AASB 3 "Business Combinations" whereby Ellendale is considered the accounting acquirer on the basis that Ellendale is the controlling entity in the transaction. As a result, Ellendale is the continuing entity for consolidated accounting purposes and the legal parent Hawthorn Resources Limited is the accounting subsidiary.

Investments in subsidiaries are accounted for at cost in the individual financial statements of Hawthorn Resources Limited.

#### 1. BASIS OF PREPARATION OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONT'D)

## (e) Financial Risk Management

The Company's principal financial instruments comprise receivables, payables and cash. These instruments expose the Company to a variety of financial risks: market risk (including interest rate risk, foreign currency risk and price risk), credit risk and liquidity risk.

Although the Company does not have documented policies and procedures, Management manages the different types of risks to which it is exposed by considering risk and monitoring levels of exposure to interest rate and foreign exchange risk and by being aware of market forecasts for interest rate, foreign exchange and commodity prices. Ageing analyses and monitoring of specific credit allowances are undertaken to manage credit risk, and liquidity risk is monitored through general business budgets and forecasts.

Further detail on Financial Risk Management is set out in Note 21.

## (f) Capital Management

The Company's policy in relation to capital management is for management to regularly and consistently monitor future cash flows against expected expenditures. The Board determines the Company's need for additional funding by way of either share placements or loan funds depending on market conditions at the time. Management defines working capital in such circumstances as its excess liquid funds over liabilities, and defines capital as being the ordinary share capital of the Company.

There were no changes in the Company's approach to capital management during the year.

## (g) Impact of Adopting New Accounting Standards and Accounting Standards Not Yet Effective

The following new accounting standards applicable to the Group have been adopted:

- AASB 2010-4 Further Amendments to Australian Accounting Standards arising from the Annual Improvements Project being principally terminology and editorial changes; and
- AASB 2010-5 Amendments to Australian Accounting Standards being principally editorial changes.

The adoption of the above did not have a material impact on the Group and are unlikely to have a material impact on future periods.

## New Accounting Standards and Interpretations not yet mandatory or early adopted

Australian Accounting Standards and Interpretations that have recently been issued or amended but are not yet mandatory, have not been early adopted by the consolidated entity for the annual reporting period ended 30 June 2012. The consolidated entity's assessment of the impact of these new or amended Accounting Standards and Interpretations, most relevant to the consolidated entity, are set out below.

## 1. BASIS OF PREPARATION OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONT'D)

## (g) Impact of Adopting New Accounting Standards and Accounting Standards Not Yet Effective (Cont'd)

- AASB 9 Financial Instruments includes requirements for the classification and measurement of financial assets resulting from the first part of Phase 1 of the project to replace AASB 139 Financial Instruments: Recognition and Measurement, which becomes mandatory for the consolidated entity's 30 June 2016 financial statements.
- AASB 10 Consolidated Financial Statements introduces a new definition of control in regards to consolidation, which becomes mandatory for the consolidated entity's 30 June 2014

financial statements.

- AASB 11 Joint Arrangements addresses joint operations and joint ventures, which becomes mandatory for the consolidated entity's 30 June 2014 financial statements.
- AASB 12 Disclosure of Interests in Other Entities addresses the disclosure requirements for all forms of interests in other entities, which becomes mandatory for the consolidated entity's 30 June 2014 financial statements.
- AASB 13 Fair Value Measurement consolidates the measurement and disclosure requirements in respect of fair values into one standard, which becomes mandatory for the consolidated entity's 30 June 2014 financial statements.
- Interpretation 20 Stripping Costs provides guidance on stripping costs during the production phase of a surface mine, which becomes mandatory for the consolidated entity's 30 June 2014 financial statements.

The consolidated entity has not yet determined the eventual effect of the above standards, amendments to standards and interpretations, however at this stage it is not thought to be material.

#### 2. SEGMENT INFORMATION

The principal business and geographical segment of the Company is mineral exploration within Australia.

### **Business and Geographical Segments**

Segment information is presented using a "management approach", i.e. segment information is provided on the same basis as information used for internal reporting purposes by the board of directors. At regular intervals, the board is provided management information at a group level for the group's cash position, the carrying values of exploration permits and a group cash forecast for the next twelve months of operation. On this basis, no segment information is included in these financial statements.

#### 3. REVENUE AND EXPENSES

Loss before income tax expense includes the following revenues and expenses whose disclosure is relevant in explaining the performance of the Consolidated Entity:

	Conso	Consolidated		
	2012	2011		
_N	ote \$	\$		
(i) Finance income Interest	45,687	131,904		
Total finance income	45,687	131,904		
(ii) Other income	9,170	-		
(iii) Director expenses Salaries Superannuation Consulting fees	265,000 23,850 110,950	240,000 - 11,000		
Total Director expenses	399,800	251,000		
(iv) Unrealised gain on foreign exchange	179	(1,002)		

## 4. TAXATION

#### (a) Income tax recognised in profit or loss

### Tax expense comprises:

Current tax expense	(604,931)	(803,769)
Deferred tax expense relating to the origination and reversal of temporary differences	79,238	298,364
Tax losses not recognised	525,693	505,404
Income tax expense		_

The prima facie income tax expense on pre-tax accounting profit from operations reconciles to the income tax expense in the financial statements as follows:

Loss from operations	(1,752,131)	(1,685,681)
Income tax expense calculated at 30% (2010: 30%)	(525,639)	(505,704)
Tax effect of foreign account translations	(54)	300
Tax losses not recognised	525,693	505,404
Income tax expense	-	-

### **Income Tax Rate**

The tax rate used in the above reconciliation is the corporate tax rate of 30% payable by the Australian corporate entities on taxable profits under the Australian tax law. There has been no change in the corporate tax rate when compared with the previous year.

## 4. TAXATION (Cont'd)

## (b) Deferred tax asset liability balances not recognised

	Consolidated		
	2012 \$	2011 \$	
Non-current deferred tax liability comprises: Exploration costs Amounts not recognised due to offset of deferred tax assets (detailed below)	(2,769,196) 2,769,196	(2,706,775) 2,706,775	
		-	
Non-current deferred tax asset offsetting Deferred tax liabilities comprises: Investments Share issue costs Accruals and payables Employee entitlements Tax Losses utilised to offset DTL – (potential tax benefit at 30%)*	579,074 11,818 12,472 1,094 2,164,738	577,093 15,170 12,172 2,067 2,100,273	
Tay Long amounts where herefit not recognized	2,769,196	2,706,775	
Tax Loss amounts where benefit not recognised (potential benefit of 30%) **	20,332,286	19,793,864	

<sup>\*</sup> Unused tax losses for which a benefit has been recognised through offset against deferred tax liability on exploration costs.

#### 5. EARNINGS PER SHARE

#### Basic earnings per share

The calculations of basic earnings per share is calculated as follows:

Loss for the year	(1,752,131)	(1,685,681)
	Conso	lidated
	2012	2011
	Number of	Number of
	shares	shares
Weighted average number of ordinary shares at the end of the financial year	1,913,018,132	1,699,920,520
Earnings Per Share (cents)	(0.092)	(0.099)

#### Diluted earnings per share

177,584,231 (30 June 2011: 191,153,653) options at reporting date were not dilutive as the conversion would result in a reduced loss per share.

<sup>\*\*</sup> At 10 June 2008, the consolidated entity formed a tax consolidated group. These losses relate predominately to transferred losses incurred pre-tax consolidation. These losses are subject to further review by the consolidated entity to determine if they satisfy the necessary legislative requirements under the income tax legislation for the carry forward and recoupment of tax losses. Additionally, a deferred tax asset has not been recognised in respect of these items because it is not probable that future taxable profit will be available against which the Company can utilise the benefits.

		Conso 2012 \$	lidated 2011 \$
6.	CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS		ı
	Cash at bank Term deposits	378,008 2,511,811	532,284 760,000
	Total Cash and Cash Equivalents	2,889,819	1,292,284
7.	TRADE AND OTHER RECEIVABLES		
	CURRENT Other (i) (i) Other relates to GST receivable. Amounts are current, not past due and not considered impaired.	62,630	105,574
8.	OTHER CURRENT ASSETS		
	CURRENT Prepayments	6,704	2,249
9.	OTHER FINANCIAL ASSETS		
	Available for sale investments at fair value	2,955	8,080
	Investments at fair value through the profit and loss	612	2,089
		3,567	10,169
10.	EXPLORATION EXPENDITURE		
	Areas in the exploration phase		
	At cost	9,230,653	9,022,585

## 10. EXPLORATION EXPENDITURE (cont'd)

Movement in the carrying value of exploration expenditure during the year was:

		Consoli	Consolidated	
		2012	2011	
		\$	\$	
	Opening balance at 1 July	9,022,585	8,067,078	
	Costs incurred during the year	892,606	1,759,357	
	Exploration expenditure impaired during the year	(684,538)	(743,069)	
	Balance at 30 June	9,230,653	9,022,585	
11.	PLANT AND EQUIPMENT			
	Plant, equipment and motor vehicles			
	Cost balance at 1 July	68,692	68,692	
	Acquisitions	-	-	
	Balance at 30 June	68,692	68,692	
	Accumulated depreciation			
	Balance at 1 July	52,901	42,981	
	Depreciation charge for the year	8,806	9,920	
	Balance at 30 June	61,707	52,901	
	Commission announts	_		
	Carrying amounts At 1 July	15,791	25,711	
	At 30 June	6,985	15,791	
12.	TRADE AND OTHER PAYABLES			
	Payables and accrued expenses	208,330	270,462	
		208,330	270,462	

	Conso	Consolidated		
	2012	2011		
<u>Note</u>	\$	\$		
13. CONTRIBUTED EQUITY				
Opening Balance	38,063,340	36,569,040		
Issued October 2010 for cash pursuant to share placement (0.60c per share)		1,500,000		
Transaction costs on share issue		(5,700)		
Issued February 2012 for cash pursuant to Share Purchase Plan (1.0c per share)	3,618,456			
Transaction costs on share issue	(49,244)			
Balance at Year End	41,632,552	38,063,340		

	2012 No. of Shares	2011 No. of Shares
Opening Balance	1,775,595,897	1,525,595,897
Issued October 2010 for cash pursuant to share placement (0.60c per share)		250,000,000
Issued February 2012 for cash pursuant to Share Purchase Plan (1.0c per share)	361,845,596	
Balance at Year End	2,137,441,493	1,775,595,897

## **Terms and Conditions of Issued Capital**

Ordinary Shares (quoted): HAW

Holders of ordinary shares are entitled to receive dividends as declared from time to time and are entitled to one vote per share at shareholders meetings. In the event of winding up of the Company ordinary shareholders rank after all other shareholders and creditors and are fully entitled to any proceeds of liquidation.

## Options (quoted):

(i) HAWO: 13,569,422 options at an exercise price of \$0.20 lapsed automatically at close of business at 30 April 2012 (30 June 2011: 13,569,422 options). None of these options were exercised during the year.

## 13. CONTRIBUTED EQUITY (CONT'D)

(ii) HAWOB: 165,084,231 options are on issue at an exercise price of \$0.10 per option which if exercised, will entitle the option holders to 1 fully paid share in the Company for each option. Options not exercised by 28 February 2013 will lapse. None of these options were exercised during the year.

### Options (unquoted)

- (i) 10,000,000 options are on issue at an exercise price of \$0.10 per option which if exercised, will entitle the option holders to 1 fully paid share in the Company for each option. Options not exercised by 25 January 2018 will lapse. None of these options were exercised during the year. The options were issued in January 2008, pursuant to a resolution of shareholders, whereby 10,000,000 options in total were issued at an exercise price of \$0.10 per option to the directors M. Kerr and M. Elliott.
- (ii) 2,500,000 options are on issue at an exercise price of \$0.10 per option which if exercised, will entitle the option holders to 1 fully paid share in the Company for each option. Options not exercised by 30 June 2018 will lapse. None of these options were exercised during the year. Further details on options are included in Note 15.

	Consolidated	
Note	2012 \$	2011 \$
14. RESERVES		
Option premium reserve	1,459,349	1,459,349
Share based payment reserve	208,625	208,625
Available for sale investments at fair value reserve	-	
	1,667,974	1,667,974
Movement in reserves		
Share based payment reserve: at 1 July	208,625	208,625
Amortisation of fair value of employee share options	-	-
At 30 June	208,625	208,625

## Option premium reserve

The option premium reserve represents the amounts contributed for the future right to acquire shares at a pre-determined price. The listed class of options details are:

HAWOB have an exercise price of 10 cents and a latest expiry date of 28 February 2013. HAWO lapsed on 30 April 2012.

#### 14. RESERVES (CONT'D)

#### Available for sale investments at fair value reserve

The available for sale investments at fair value reserve represents the cumulative net change in the fair value of available-for-sale investments until the investment is derecognised. No movement has occurred in this reserve in the current financial year (2011: Nil).

#### Share based payment reserve

The share based payment reserve represents the accumulated amortisation of the fair value of services provided with respect to employee share options issued. Details of the share option plan are outlined in Note 15.

#### 15. SHARE BASED PAYMENTS

At the 2005 Annual General Meeting, the Company established the Hawthorn Resources Limited 2005 Share Option Plan which allows employees, Directors, officers or consultants of the Company or an associated body corporate and such other persons nominated by the Directors to participate in the plan.

Grants of options made under this plan are as follows:

- (i) On 1 July 2008, 2,500,000 options were issued at an exercise price of \$0.10. Option holders must remain eligible (which would usually mean remaining eligible person although the Board has some discretion to allow continued participation in the event of an eligible person's death, mental incapacity, ill health, accident or redundancy) to participate in the plan throughout the one (1) year vesting period and can be exercised at any time following vesting up to 30 June 2018. All options, if exercised, will be settled by physical delivery of the shares.
- (ii) 10,000,000 options were issued in January 2008 at an exercise price of \$0.10 per option which if exercised, will entitle the option holders to 1 fully paid share in the Company for each option. Options not exercised by 25 January 2018 will lapse. None of these options were exercised during the year. The options were issued pursuant to a resolution of shareholders at a general meeting, whereby 10,000,000 options in total were issued to directors M. Kerr and M. Elliott. (Refer below for further details on the terms of the options). These options have therefore been granted outside of the share option plan disclosed above.

The number and weighted average exercise price of share options on issue resulting from share based payment expense is as follows:

	201	2	201	1
	Weighted		Weighted	
	average		average	
	exercise	Number of	exercise	Number of
	price	options	price	options
Outstanding at the beginning of the				
year	\$0.100	12,500,000	\$0.100	12,500,000
Granted during the year	-	-	-	-
Forfeited during the year	-	-	-	-
Outstanding at the end of the year	\$0.100	12,500,000	\$0.100	12,500,000
Exercisable at the end of the year	-	12,500,000	-	12,500,000

The options outstanding at 30 June 2012 have an exercise price of \$0.10, with 10,000,000 options having a remaining contractual life of 5.5 years to January 2018, and 2,500,000 options having a remaining contractual life of 6 years to June 2018.

The value of services received in return for employee share options granted are measured by reference to the fair value of share options granted. The estimate of the fair value of the services received is measured based on a black scholes option pricing model. The contractual life of the option is used as an input into this model. Expectations of early exercise are incorporated into the Black Scholes option pricing model.

#### 15. SHARE BASED PAYMENTS (CONT'D)

The expected volatility is based on the recent historic volatility of comparable listed companies (calculated based on the mid point remaining life of the share options) adjusted for any expected changes to future volatility due to publicly available information.

Employee share options are granted under service conditions. No market or non-market performance conditions are taken into account in the grant date fair value measurement of the services received.

	2012	2011
	\$	\$
Employee expenses		
Total expense recognised as employee cost	_	_

The value of services received in return for share options granted have been expired in prior periods (2011: Nil)

#### 16. INTEREST IN JOINT VENTURES

	<u>2012</u>	<u>2011</u>
The Company has an interest in the following joint ventures:		
Edjudina – Pinjin (Avoca Resources Limited)	80%	80%
Trouser Legs (Gel Resources Pty Limited)	70%	70%
Mt Bevan (Legacy Iron Ore Limited)	40%	100%

The principal activity of the joint ventures is mineral exploration.

Avoca Resources Limited has a 20% interest that is free carried to decision to mine.

During the course of the FY 2011 the company entered into a Joint Venture agreement with Legacy Iron Ore Limited ('Legacy") where Legacy can earn a 60% interest in the tenants known as the Mount Bevan Iron Ore project by expending a minimum of \$3.5m to develop the project to a pre-feasability status on or before 4<sup>th</sup> October 2012. At 30 June 2012, Legacy has spent the minimum expenditure requirements. The Company's interest in this project is included in exploration expenditure (Note 10)

Included in the assets and liabilities of the Company are the following assets and liabilities employed in the joint ventures:

		Consolidated		
		2012	2011	
	Note	\$	\$	
Non-Current Assets				
Exploration expenditure		5,150,090	3,520,689	
Total Non-Current Assets		5,150,090	3,520,689	
Total Assets		5,150,090	3,520,689	
Current Liabilities Trade and other payables				
Total Non-Current Liabilities		-		
Total Liabilities		-	-	

Included in the Company commitments (note 18) are the following commitments in relation to the joint ventures:

Exploration		
Not later than 1 year	573,320	404,190
Later than one year but not later than five years	1,224,220	895,380
Later than five years but not later than twenty one years	60,000	70,000
Total	1,857,540	1,369,570

	Consolidated				
	Note	2012 \$	2011 \$		
17.	STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS	·	<u> </u>		
	(a) Reconciliation of loss after tax to net cash used in operating activities	1			
	Loss for the year after tax	(1,752,131)	(1,685,681)		
	Adjustment for:				
	Impairment of exploration expenditure	684,538	743,069		
	Unrealised loss on foreign exchange	(179)	1,002		
	Impairment of available-for-sale investments	6,602	6,816		
	Depreciation	8,806	9,920		
		_			
	Net cash used in operating activities before change in assets and liabilities	(1,052,364)	(924,874)		
	Change in assets and liabilities:	_			
	(Increase)/decrease in receivables and other assets	38,490	30,023		
	(Decrease)/increase in trade and other payables	(62,132)	(456,555)		
	Increase in provision for employee benefits	(3,243)	6,890		
	Net cash used in operating activities	(1,079,249)	(1,344,516)		

## (b) Reconciliation of cash

For the purpose of the statement of cash flows, cash includes cash on hand and in banks (refer to Note 6)

## (c) Non cash financing and investing activities

During the year, there was no non cash financing or investing activities (2011: Nil)

#### 18. COMMITMENTS

#### (a) Exploration

The Company has to perform minimum exploration work and expend minimum amounts of money on its tenements. The overall expenditure requirement tends to be limited in the normal course of the Company's tenement portfolio management through expenditure exemption approvals and expenditure reductions through relinquishment of parts or the whole of tenements deemed non prospective.

Should the Company wish to preserve interests in its current tenements the amount which may be required to be expended is as follows:

	Consolidated		
	2012 \$	2011 \$	
Not later than one year Later than one year but not later than five years Later than five years but not later than twenty one years	874,034 2,394,322 241,600	632,881 2,623,860 221,600	
	3,509,956	3,478,341	

The terms and conditions under which the Company has title to its various mining tenements oblige it to meet tenement rentals and minimum levels of exploration expenditure as gazetted by the Department of Industry and Resources of Western Australia, as well as Local Government rates and taxes.

The "Later than five years but not later than twenty one years" component represents commitments of up to sixteen years in respect of mining licences which are granted for a period of twenty one years, but in common with prospecting licences and exploration licences they may be relinquished or sold by the Company before the expiry of the full term of the licence.

#### 19. RELATED PARTIES

#### (a) Key Management Personnel Disclosures

The key management personnel for the Company during the year are set out as follows:-

#### **Directors**

M Kerr – Chairman and Non Executive Director
D S Tyrwhitt – Non Executive Director
M Elliott – Managing Director & Chief Executive Officer

#### Other

M Garbutt - Company Secretary

The key management personnel compensation are as follows:

#### Consolidated

	2012 \$	2011 \$
Short-term employee benefits Other long-term benefits Post-employment benefits Termination benefits Share-based benefits	375,950 - 23,850 - - 399,800	251,000 - - - - 251,000

## 19. RELATED PARTIES (CONT'D)

## (b) Equity Holdings and Transactions

The number of options over ordinary shares in the company held during the financial year by each director of Hawthorn Resources Limited and other key management personnel of the Group, including their personally related parties, are set out below:

2012								
	Balance at start of year	Granted as compensation	Exercised	Other changes	Balance at end of the year	Vested and exercisable	Unvested	
Mark Kerr	14,428,000	-	-	-	14,428,000	14,428,000		-
Mark Elliott	5,000,000	-	-	-	5,000,000	5,000,000		-
David Tyrwhitt	-	-	-	-	-	-		-
Mourice Garbutt	-	-	-	-	-	-		-
2011								
	Balance at start of year	Granted as compensation	Exercised	Other changes	Balance at end of the year	Vested and exercisable	Unvested	
Mark Kerr	14,428,000	-	-	-	14,428,000	14,428,000		-
Mark Elliott	5,000,000	-	-	-	5,000,000	5,000,000		-
David Tyrwhitt	-	-	-	-	-	-		-
Mourice Garbutt	-	-	-	-	-	-		-

## Fully paid ordinary shares issued by Hawthorn Resources Limited:

2012	Held at 1 July 2011 No.	Granted as compensation No.	Received on exercise of options No.	Other change No. (i)	Held at 30 June 2012
Mark Kerr	50,187,572	-	-	3,000,000	53,187,572
Mark Elliott	20,000,000	-	-	1,500,000	21,500,000
David Tyrwhitt	-	-	-	-	-
Mourice Garbutt	-	-	-	-	-

2011	Held at 1 July 2010 No.	Granted as compensation No.	Received on exercise of options No.	Other change No. (ii)	Held at 30 June 2011
Mark Kerr	50,187,572	-	-	-	50,187,572
Mark Elliott	12,083,333	-	-	7,916,667	20,000,000
David Tyrwhitt	-	-	-	-	-
Mourice Garbutt	-	-	-	-	-

Note: Other changes relate to directors ceasing to be directors of or commencing as directors of Hawthorn Resources Limited or acquiring or disposing of fully paid ordinary shares.

- (i) During the year ended 30 June 2012, Mr Kerr and Mr Elliott together with their respective associates, as shareholders, participated in the share purchase plan offering to all shareholders in February 2012 at \$0.01 a share
- (ii) During the year ended 30 June 2011, Mr Elliott acquired an additional 7,916,667 ordinary shares through on-market purchases

#### 19. RELATED PARTIES (CONT'D)

## (c) Other Key Management Personnel Transactions

Transactions between related parties are on normal commercial terms and conditions no more favourable than those available to other parties unless stated.

The following Directors of the Company are also directors of the following entities:

(i)	Name	Position	Entity
	Mark Kerr	Current Chairman	Berkeley Consultants Pty Ltd.
	Mark Elliott	Current Managing Director &	Berkeley Consultants Pty Ltd.
		Chief Executive Officer	

Consolidated			
2012	2011		
\$	\$		

(ii) Details of transactions with Berkeley Consultants Pty Ltd are as follows:

At year end Receivable (current) Payable (current)	-	- -
<u>During the year</u> Fees for fully serviced office and ancillary services	315,000	300,000

The Company entered in to a service arrangement with Berkeley Consultants Pty Ltd ("Berkeley Consultants") effective from 1 April 2008 to replace the previous AXIS Consultants Pty Ltd agreed services. The terms and conditions of the service arrangement provide a fully serviced office, IT and other services to the Company.

Berkeley Consultants Pty Ltd provides to all group companies the services. Further information of the arrangements with Berkeley Consultants Pty Ltd is included in the Remuneration Report in the Directors' Report. The service agreement with Berkeley Consultants has been extended to 31 December 2014 and thereafter on a month to month basis.

## (d) Wholly Owned Group Transactions

During the year there were no transactions with controlled entities, other than movements in the respective intercompany loan accounts.

As at 30 June 2012, Hawthorn Resources Limited loan balances with its subsidiary companies were:

Payable to Ellendale Resources Pty Ltd \$499,423 (2011: \$500,163) Receivable from Northern Resources Australia Pty Ltd \$259,225 (2011: \$258,998)

As at 30 June 2012, Ellendale Resources Pty Ltd loan balances with its subsidiary companies were:

Payable to Sunderland Pty Ltd \$479,412 (2011: \$479,925) Receivable from Northern Resources Australia Pty Ltd \$140,738 (2011: \$140,738)

All loan balances have been provided on an interest free basis and have no fixed repayment date. Movements in loan account during the year relate to payment of expenses. Expenses paid and charged through the loan accounts during the year relate to exploration, tenement costs and company administration expenses.

#### 20. CONSOLIDATED ENTITIES

Name	Country of Incorporation	Ordinary Share Consolidated Equity Interest	
		2012	2011
Parent entity Hawthorn Resources Limited	Australia	%	%
Controlled entities			
Ellendale Resources Pty Limited	Australia	100%	100%
Sunderland Pty Ltd *	Australia	100%	100%
Northern Resources Australia Pty Ltd *	Australia	100%	100%

 <sup>\*</sup> Sunderland Pty Ltd and Northern Resources Australia Pty Ltd are 100% owned subsidiaries of Ellendale Resources Pty Ltd.

#### 21. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT

The Group's operations expose it to various financial risks including market, credit, liquidity and price risks. Risk management programmes and policies are employed to mitigate the potential adverse effects of these exposures on the results of the Group.

Financial risk management is carried out by the Board on a regular basis by reviewing current and potential sources of funding, cashflow and operating/capital expenditure forecasts, and the Company's investment profile, to manage market, credit, liquidity and price risk.

#### (a) Market risk

#### Foreign exchange risk

Foreign currency risk is the risk of exposure to transactions that are denominated in a currency other than the Australian dollar.

The Group's operations are currently solely within Australia, and therefore are not exposed to any material foreign exchange risk.

#### Interest rate risk

Interest rate risk, is the risk that a financial instrument's value will fluctuate as a result of changes in market interest rates.

The Group currently has minimal exposure to interest rate risk.

As at the reporting date, the Group had no variable rate borrowings, as such the 2012 and 2011 financial statements would not be impacted by changes in interest rates.

Fluctuations in interest rates will not have any material risk exposure to the cash held in bank deposits at variable rates.

#### Interest rate sensitivity analysis

The group's Interest rate risk is deemed not to have a material effect on its loss after tax and equity and therefore no sensitivity analysis has been performed.

### (b) Credit risk

Credit risk is managed on a group basis. Credit risk arises from cash and cash equivalents, deposits with banks and financial institutions. For banks and financial institutions, only major Australian banking institutions are used. For customers, individual risk limits are set based on internal or external ratings in accordance with limits set by the Board.

#### 21. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT (Cont'd)

The maximum exposure to credit risk at the reporting date is the carrying amount of the financial assets (refer Notes 6 to 9). The company does not have any material credit risk exposure to any single debtor or group of debtors under financial instruments entered into by the company and cash assets are held with large Australian banks.

#### (c) Liquidity Risk

Prudent liquidity risk management implies maintaining sufficient cash and marketable securities, the availability of funding through an adequate amount of committed credit facilities and the ability to close out market positions. The company manages liquidity risk by continuously monitoring forecast and actual cash flows and matching the maturity profiles of financial assets and liabilities. The company does not have any committed credit lines. As at the reporting date, the company has no significant liquidity risk, as available cash assets significantly exceed amounts payable.

## (d) Price Risk

As the company does not derive revenue from sale of products, the effect on profit and equity as a result of changes in the price risk is not considered material. The fair value of the mining projects will be impacted by commodity price changes (predominantly iron ore, nickel and uranium) and could impact future revenues once operational. However, management monitors current and projected commodity prices.

Fluctuation in prices will not have any material risk exposure to the company's other financial assets.

#### (e) Maturities of Financial Liabilities

The tables below analyse the consolidated entity's financial liabilities into relevant maturity groupings based on the remaining period at the reporting date to the contractual maturity date. The amounts disclosed in the table are the contractual undiscounted cash flows.

#### Group - 30 June 2012

	Less than 3 months	3 months to 1 year	1 - 5 years	5 + Years	Total
	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
Non-Interest Bearing	(208,330)	-	-	-	(208,330)
Group 30 June 2011					
	Less than 3 months	3 months to 1 year	1 - 5 years	5 + Years	Total
	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
Non-Interest Bearing	(270,462)	-	-	-	(270,462)

#### (f) Net Fair Values

The net fair value of financial assets and financial liabilities must be estimated for recognition and measurement or for disclosure purposes.

The carrying value at the balance date of financial assets and financial liabilities, such as receivables and payables, are assumed to approximate fair values due to their short term nature. For other financial assets, such as financial instruments traded in organised financial markets, fair value is the current quoted market bid price for an asset.

The financial instruments recognised at fair value in the Statement of Financial Position have been analysed and classified using a fair value hierarchy reflecting the significance of the inputs used in making the measurements. The fair value hierarchy consists of the following levels:

- quoted prices in active markets for identical assets and liabilities (Level 1)
- inputs other than quoted prices included within Level 1 that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly (as prices) or indirectly (derived from prices) (Level 2); and
- inputs for the asset and liability that are not based on observable market data (unobservable inputs) (Level 3)

All financial instruments recognised at fair value at 30 June 2012 have been classified within Level 1, and relate to listed investments. The fair value of these financial assets has been based on the closing quoted bid prices at the end of the reporting period, excluding transaction costs.

#### 22. EVENTS AFTER THE BALANCE DATE

#### **Exploration and Development**

In the interval between the end of the financial year and the date of this Report and as reported to the ASX the Company has continued its exploration activities, most noticeably in Western Australia in the Mount Bevan Iron Ore Project through the Mount Bevan Farm-in Joint Venture with Legacy Iron Ore Limited ("LCY") and the South Laverton Zone Gold tenements:

c) Iron Ore - Mount Bevan Iron Ore Project (40% Hawthorn; 60%Legacy Iron Ore Limited)

The October 2010 Farm-in Joint Venture with LCY provided for LCY to expend \$3.5 million on exploration to pre-feasibility stage on the Mount Bevan Iron Ore project areas in a 24 month period, October 2010 to October 2012, to earn a 60 per cent interest in the project. At the time of this report LCY is finalising the third drilling programme following on from the highly successful first and second programmes which resulted in LCY announcing in July, 2011 a maiden JORC compliant Inferred Resource of 617 mt at 32.1per cent Fe with the Davis Tube Recovery (DTR) metallurgical tests confirming the high grade magnetite mineralisation at Mount Bevan. This was followed in February 2012 by the results of the second programmes with LCY announcing an increase in the JORC compliant Inferred Resource to 1.6 bt at 30.2 per cent Fe (25% cut-off) or alternatively 2.26 bt at 27.6 per cent Fe (15% cut-off). These Inferred Resource data arising from the reports commissioned by LCY and produced by SKR Consulting (Australasia) Pty Ltd

The third programmes commenced in April 2012 and LCY in its capacity as Manager of the Joint Venture has announced that whilst the programme, as amended, has been completed the interpretation of the drilling results and independent experts reporting thereon will not now be available until late September / early October 2012.

In carrying out the above referred to programmes Hawthorn has accepted that LCY has expended as a minimum \$3.5 million as required under the Farm In and Joint Venture Agreement and has earned the 60 per cent participation in the Mount Bevan Iron Ore Project which is now proceeding as a jointly (50/50) managed programme through the JV Technical Committee. Subject to audit of final expenditures on the earn-in programmes as approved by the Joint Venture Technical Committee Hawthorn expects that there will be some expenditures in excess of the \$3.5 million minimum for which it will contribute a 40 per cent share. This contribution, subject to the validation against approved works programmes, is yet to be determined.

## d) Gold Project - South Laverton Zone

The Hawthorn South Laverton Gold Exploration Zone incorporates five project areas where the Company holds, solely or in joint venture, title to over 100 exploration, mining and prospecting licences. The tenement package is surrounded by major gold mines, deposits and resources including the Sunrise Dam, Wallaby, Red October, Carosue Dam, Safari Bore, Deep South, Porphyry and Butchers Well mines.

The gold endowment of the South Laverton Zone is substantial, with over 20 million ounces of gold resources identified to date.

The Company is currently reviewing and assessing the exploration development potential for the Zone incorporating the most recent data gathered in the drilling programmes in the June 2011 half year and the recent, post 30 June 2012, RC drilling programme at the Edjudina – Triumph Gold Project.

## 22. EVENTS AFTER THE BALANCE DATE (Cont'd)

#### Corporate Development

In the June 2012 Quarterly Activities Report to the ASX the Company advised that it had been holding discussions and negotiations with international investors about the overall development of the Company. In addition the Company advised that Legacy Iron Ore Limited had made approaches to the Company in relation to the interest held in the Mount Bevan Iron Ore Project.

As announced to the ASX on 24 August 2012 the Company had been in discussions and negotiations with a Consortium of Chinese Investors about a strategic equity investment in Hawthorn Resources Limited to enable an accelerated programme of development of the Company's Gold Projects whilst continuing to develop the Mount Bevan Iron Ore Project

On 31 August 2012 the Company was able to confirm that the Company and the Consortium of Chinese Investors through Feng Hua Mining Investment Holding (HK) Limited had concluded a Share Subscription Agreement for, subject to regulatory and shareholder approvals, the raising of approximately A\$15 million in new equity capital at issue prices at a premium to the market price for Hawthorn Resources Limited shares. Shareholders are referred to the market release to the ASX on 31 August 2012 for details of the proposed equity raisings. The new equity raising will be by way of two Tranches of new shares with the first Tranche 320,616,224 shares to be issued under the Directors' share placement power. The second Tranche of shares is subject to shareholder approval at an issue price based on a 20 day VWAP for the Company's ordinary shares as traded on the ASX. Under the Agreement Feng Hua Mining Investment (HK) Limited will have the right to nominate a total of three directors to the Hawthorn Resources Limited Board of Directors.

Other than as noted above there has not been any matter or circumstance that has arisen after balance date that has significantly affected, or may significantly affect, the operations of the consolidated entity, the results of those operations, or the state of affairs of the consolidated entity in future financial periods.

### 23. REMUNERATION OF AUDITORS

The auditor of Hawthorn Resources Limited is BDO East Coast Partnership (formerly PKF).

Amounts received or due and receivable by BDO for:
An audit or review of the financial report of the Company and any other companies in the consolidated group
Other services in relation to the Company and any other companies in the consolidated group – tax compliance
Total fees

2012	lidated 2011		
\$	\$		
42,000	40,000		
12,000	10,000		
-	7,500		
42,000	47,500		

## 24. PARENT ENTITY INFORMATION

As at, and throughout the financial year ended 30 June 2012, the parent entity of the Group was Hawthorn Resources Limited.

Current assets Non current assets	<b>2012</b> \$ 2,941,517 9,499,039	<b>2011</b> <b>\$</b> 1,385,374 9,304,443
Total assets	12,440,556	10,689,817
Current liabilities Non current liabilities Total liabilities	211,977 240,198 452,175	277,352 241,165 518,517
Net assets	11,988,381	10,171,300
Issued Capital Reserves Accumulated Losses Total equity	93,366,842 1,036,634 (82,415,095) 11,988,381	89,797,630 1,038,124 (80,664,454) 10,171,300
Loss of the parent entity	(1,750,641)	(1,681,958)
Comprehensive loss of the parent entity	(1,750,641)	(1,681,958)

## 25. CONTINGENT LIABILITIES AND CONTINGENT ASSETS

There were no contingent liabilities and contingent assets in existence at 30 June 2012.

#### In the directors' opinion:

- (a) the financial statements and notes set out on pages 29 to 58 are in accordance with the Corporations Act 2001, including:
  - (i) complying with Australian Accounting Standards (including the Australian Accounting Interpretations), the Corporations Regulations 2001; and
  - (ii) giving a true and fair view of the consolidated entity's financial position as at 30 June 2012 and of its performance, for the financial year ended on that date; and
- (b) there are reasonable grounds to believe that the Company will be able to pay its debts as and when they become due and payable;
- (c) the financial report also complies with International Financial Reporting Standards issued by the International Accounting Standards Board (IASB) as disclosed in Note 1 (c); and
- (d) the audited Remuneration Report set out on pages 8 to 13 of the Directors' Report are in accordance with the Corporations Act 2001.

The directors have been given declarations, as required by section 295A of the Corporations Act 2001, by the chief executive officer and the chief financial officer for the financial year ended 30 June 2012.

Signed in accordance with a Resolution of the Board of Directors at Melbourne this 3rd day of September 2012.

M. E. Elliott

Managing Director & Chief Executive Officer

mymin



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## INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT TO THE MEMBERS OF HAWTHORN RESOURCES LIMITED

### Report on the Financial Report

We have audited the accompanying financial report of Hawthorn Resources Limited, which comprises the consolidated statement of financial position as at 30 June 2012, the consolidated statement of comprehensive income, the consolidated statement of changes in equity and the consolidated statement of cash flows for the year then ended, notes comprising a summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information, and the directors' declaration of the consolidated entity comprising the company and the entities it controlled at the year's end or from time to time during the financial year.

### Directors' Responsibility for the Financial Report

The directors of the company are responsible for the preparation of the financial report that gives a true and fair view in accordance with Australian Accounting Standards and the *Corporations Act 2001* and for such internal control as the directors determine is necessary to enable the preparation of the financial report that gives a true and fair view and is free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error. In Note 1(c), the directors also state, in accordance with Accounting Standard AASB 101 Presentation of Financial Statements, that the financial statements comply with International Financial Reporting Standards.

#### Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the financial report based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with Australian Auditing Standards. Those standards require that we comply with relevant ethical requirements relating to audit engagements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial report is free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial report. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgement, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial report, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation of the financial report that gives a true and fair view in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates made by the directors, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial report.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

#### Independence

In conducting our audit, we have complied with the independence requirements of the *Corporations Act 2001*. We confirm that the independence declaration required by the *Corporations Act 2001*, which has been given to the directors of Hawthorn Resources Limited, would be in the same terms if given to the directors as at the time of this auditor's report.



#### Opinion

## In our opinion:

- (a) the financial report of Hawthorn Resources Limited is in accordance with the *Corporations Act 2001*, including:
  - (i) giving a true and fair view of the consolidated entity's financial position as at 30 June 2012 and of its performance for the year ended on that date; and
  - (ii) complying with Australian Accounting Standards and the *Corporations Regulations* 2001; and
- (b) the financial report also complies *with International Financial Reporting Standards* as disclosed in Note 1(c).

## Report on the Remuneration Report

We have audited the Remuneration Report included in pages 8 to 13 of the directors' report for the year ended 30 June 2012. The directors of the company are responsible for the preparation and presentation of the Remuneration Report in accordance with section 300A of the *Corporations Act 2001*. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the Remuneration Report, based on our audit conducted in accordance with Australian Auditing Standards.

### Opinion

In our opinion, the Remuneration Report of Hawthorn Resources Limited for the year ended 30 June 2012 complies with section 300A of the *Corporations Act 2001*.

**BDO East Coast Partnership** 

**David Garvey** 

Partner

Melbourne, 3 September 2012