

ABN 36 003 087 689

FINANCIAL REPORT FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2012

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## WINTECH GROUP LIMITED

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## COMPANY PARTICULARS

## DIRECTORS

Mr Vincent Sweeney (Chairman) Mr Steve Liebeskind (Non Exec Director) Mr Rick Taylor (Non Exec Director)

## **COMPANY SECRETARY**

Mr Vincent Sweeney

#### AUDITORS

William Buck Audit (Vic) Pty Ltd Level 20, 181 William Street Melbourne Vic 3000

## SOLICITORS

Slater & Gordon 44 Market Street Sydney NSW 2000

## SHARE REGISTRY

Boardroom Limited Level 7, 207 Kent Street, Sydney NSW 2000

## **REGISTERED OFFICE**

c/- Sydney Capital Partners Level 6, 2 Bulletin Place Sydney NSW 2000 Telephone: (61) 2 8264 2400 Facsimile: (61) 2 8264 2411

## PRINCIPAL PLACE OF BUSINESS

c/- Sydney Capital Partners Level 6, 2 Bulletin Place Sydney NSW 2000

Telephone:(61) 2 8264 2400Facsimile:(61) 2 8264 2411

## STOCK EXCHANGE LISTING

WinTech Group Limited shares are listed on the Australian Securities Exchange Limited ASX Code: WTG

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## **DIRECTORS' REPORT**

The Directors present their report together with the financial report of WinTech Group Limited (the "Company") for the year ended 30 June 2012.

#### DIRECTORS

The names of Directors in office at any time during or since the end of the year are:

Vincent Sweeney (appointed 07 October 2011) Steve Liebeskind (appointed 07 October 2011) Rick Taylor (appointed 07 October 2011)

King Chuen Chong (resigned 07 October 2011)Trevor Kelly(resigned 07 October 2011)Jeyabalan Vijayasundram (resigned 07 October 2011)

#### **PRINCIPAL ACTIVITIES**

The principal activity of the Company during the year was review of investment opportunities.

## **OPERATING RESULTS**

The Company recorded a net loss after income tax of \$506,955 and \$172,402 for the years ended 30 June 2012 and 2011, respectively.

#### **DIVIDENDS PAID OR RECOMMENDED**

No dividends have been paid or declared since the end of the previous financial year and none are recommended.

## SIGNIFICANT CHANGES IN STATE OF AFFAIRS

During the year the company received funding from new shareholders to provide additional working capital and to meet the Company's obligations under a Deed of Company Arrangement was entered into and effectuated. The completion of the deed process also saw the end of any influence former significant shareholders and former directors may have had with the company. As a result of this process the new Directors have confidence there should be no material liabilities in existence other than any shown on the balance sheet.

The Company has entered into arrangements to acquire the business of Direct Nickel which is an uncompleted transaction. This acquisition included the issue of some 110 million shares to the vendors of the Direct Nickel entities. These shares have been allotted in the name of a nominee company pending the completion of the restructure and the receipt of the requisite shares in Direct Nickel entities and as the transaction is not complete, this share issue and the acquisition of Direct Nickel is not able to be included in these accounts under accounting standards. Shareholders have however been updated on the progress in the Mambare JV in PNG, via ASX announcements, where an excellent JORC profile is emerging for the substantial nickel deposit there which is exceeding expectations.

There are no subsequent results requiring disclosure in this report.



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## **DIRECTORS' REPORT**

(Continued)

INFORMATION ON DIRECTORS	
Name and Qualification	Experience & Qualifications
Vincent Sweeney Chairman	Appointed to the Board on 7 October 2011
Qualifications and Experience:	Mr Sweeney is the managing partner at an investment banking advisory firm. Vincent spent many years as a senior partner at a Big 4 accounting firm, where he served on the national management team and was the managing partner for multiple divisions including Audit and Assurance, and Corporate Finance. He holds a Bachelor of Commerce, and an MBA and is a member of the Australian Institute of Company Directors and other professional organisations.
Directorship held in other listed entities during the three years prior to the current year:	Ausmani Limited
Steve Liebeskind Non-executive Director	Appointed to the Board on 7 October 2011
Qualifications and Experience:	Mr Liebeskind is a Chartered Accountant with a Bachelor of Commerce degree. He has had significant experience both in Australia and North America, having worked for accounting firms as well as holding senior positions in IT groups and co- founding an investment company.
Directorship held in other listed entities during the three years prior to the current year:	None
<b>Rick Taylor</b> Non-executive Director	Appointed to the Board on 7 October 2011
Qualifications and Experience:	Mr Taylor is a principal at a boutique tax and business advisory firm, having previously spent over twenty years at a big four chartered accounting firm where he was a partner. Mr Taylor was voted one of Australia's top 10 and recommended tax advisers for four consecutive years by corporate Australia in the International Tax Review publication.
Directorship held in other listed entities during the three years prior to the current year:	Kresta Holdings Limited Lamboo Resources Limited (until June 2012) Hunter Hall International Limited (until May 2010)



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## **DIRECTORS' REPORT**

(Continued)

**INFORMATION ON DIRECTORS** (Continued)

Name and Qualification	Experience & Qualifications
King Chuen Chong Non-executive Director	Appointed to the Board on 27 August 2009 Resigned 7 October 2011
Qualifications and Experience:	Mr Chong graduated with a Bachelor of Commerce from the University of Melbourne. He is a director of an IT and electronic company in Melbourne.
Directorship held in other listed entities during the three years prior to the current year:	None
Trevor Kelly Director	Appointed to the Board on 30 August 2010 Resigned 7 October 2011
Qualifications and Experience:	Mr Kelly has tertiary and professional qualifications in electronic engineering and holds a Masters Degree in Professional Education and Training from Deakin University. He has extensive experience in business development management and has fourteen years of defence related work, both working for RAAF and as a consultant.
Directorship held in other listed entities during the three years prior to the current year:	None



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## **DIRECTORS' REPORT**

(Continued)

## **INFORMATION ON DIRECTORS** (Continued)

Name and Qualification	Experience & Qualifications	
Jeyabalan Vijayasundram	Appointed to the Board on 30 August 2010	
Director	Resigned 7 October 2011	
Qualifications and		
Experience:	Mr Vijayasundram has 30 years of management and marketing expertise in Asia.	
Directorship held in other		
listed entities during the three years prior to the current year:	None	

## INFORMATION ON COMPANY SECRETARY

Name and Qualification	Experience & Qualifications	
Vincent Sweeney Company Secretary	Appointed to the Board on 7 October 2011	
Qualifications and Experience:	Please see information on Directors	
Trevor Kelly Company Secretary	Appointed to the Board on 30 August 2010 Resigned 7 October 2011	
	Please see Information on Directors.	



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## **DIRECTORS' REPORT**

(Continued)

## **MEETINGS OF DIRECTORS**

The following table sets out the number of directors' meetings held during the financial year and the number of meetings attended by each director. During the financial year, three meetings of Directors were held.

	Number eligible to attend	Number attended
Vincent Sweeney	2	2
Steve Liebeskind	3	3
Rick Taylor	3	2

#### AUDIT AND COMPLIANCE COMMITTEE

The following table sets out the number of Audit & Compliance Committee meetings held during the financial year and the number of meetings attended by each director. During the financial year, no formal meetings were held.

#### INDEMNIFYING OFFICERS OR AUDITORS

(i) No indemnities have been given or agreed to be given or insurance premiums paid or agreed to be paid, during or since the end of the financial year, to the auditor of the company.

#### **ENVIRONMENTAL REGULATION**

(i) The Company's business operations are not regulated by any significant environmental regulation under the law of the Commonwealth or of a state or territory.

## **DIRECTORS' BENEFITS**

(i) For the financial year ending 30 June 2012, no Director has received or become entitled to receive, during or since the financial year, a benefit because of a contract made by the company, controlled entity, or a related body corporate with a Director, a firm of which a Director is a member or an entity in which a Director has a substantial financial interest other than as disclosed in this report.

## LEAD AUDITOR'S INDEPENDENCE DECLARATION

The lead auditor's independence declaration is set out on page 18 and forms part of this directors' report.



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## **DIRECTORS' REPORT**

(Continued)

#### **NON-AUDIT SERVICES**

For the financial year ended 30 June 2012, William Buck Audit (Vic) Pty Ltd, the company's auditor, has not performed any other services in addition to their statutory duties.

The board has considered the non-audit services to be provided by the auditor and is satisfied that the provision of those non-audit services is compatible with, and does not compromise, the auditor independence requirements of the *Corporations Act 2001* for the following reasons:

- All non-audit services will be subject to the corporate governance procedures adopted by the Company and have been reviewed by the audit committee to ensure they do not impact the integrity and objectivity of the auditor.
- The non-audit services to be provided do not undermine the general principles relating to auditor independence as set out in APES 110 Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants, as they do not involve reviewing or auditing the auditor's own work, acting in a management or decision making capacity for the Company, acting as an advocate for the company or jointly sharing risks and rewards.

A copy of the auditor's independence declaration as required under Section 307C of the *Corporations Act* is included in the directors' report.

Details of amounts paid to William Buck Audit (Vic) Pty Ltd for audit and non-audit services provided during the year are set out below.

	2012	2011
	\$	\$
Audit services		
Audit and review of the financial report	19,500	18,000
Non audit services		
Assistance with taxation compliance	-	-



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## **REMUNERATION REPORT**

#### **REMUNERATION POLICY**

Remuneration levels for directors, secretaries, senior managers of the Company, and relevant group executives of the Company ("the directors and senior executives") are competitively set to attract and retain appropriately qualified and experienced directors and senior executives. The remuneration committee obtains independent advice on the appropriateness of remuneration packages given trends in comparative companies both locally and internationally and the objectives of the Company's remuneration strategy.

The remuneration structures explained below are designed to attract suitably qualified candidates, reward the achievement of strategic objectives, and achieve the broader outcome of creation of value for shareholders. The remuneration structures take into account:

- the capability and experience of the directors and senior executives.
- the directors and senior executives ability to control the relevant segments' performance.
- the Company's performance including:
  - the Company's earnings.
  - the growth in share price and returns on shareholder wealth.
- the amount of incentives within each directors and senior executives remuneration.

For the financial year ending 30 June 2012 no member of key management personnel has entered into a material contract with the Company since the end of the previous financial year and there were no material contracts involving directors' interests exist at year end, except as otherwise stated in this report. No member of key management personnel received any payment for remuneration during the financial year ending 30 June 2012 (2011: Nil), except as otherwise stated in this report.

#### **DIRECTORS' SHAREHOLDINGS**

Pat Directors at resignation date: K Chong – 1,800,000 pre-consolidation shares All other directors – nil

Present Directors appointed during the year:

Mr Sweeney held an indirect interest in 710 million ordinary shares in October 2011 arising due to his role as a Director or Trustee or Beneficiary of other entities registered as holding shares, and which after the share consolidation of 795:1 this indirect interest was reduced to 893,081 shares. All other directors – nil.

#### SHARE OPTIONS

At this date of this report, there are no options over ordinary shares of Wintech Group Limited, please see Note 6 for additional information on information including shares issued but held in escrow.

This Report of the Directors, incorporating the Remuneration Report, is signed in accordance with a resolution of the Board of Directors:

V Sweeney Director

Dated in Sydney, Australia on this 28<sup>th</sup> day of August 2012 WINTECH GROUP LIMITED



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## CORPORATE GOVERNANCE STATEMENT

Unless disclosed below, all the best practice recommendations of the ASX Corporate Governance Council have been applied, where applicable, for the entire financial year ended 30 June 2012.

The Directors and management are committed to protecting and enhancing shareholder value and conducting the company's business ethically and in accordance with the highest standards of corporate governance.

The company has not developed a website however general information in regard to corporate governance policies and practices are available on request by email, facsimile or post.

#### The Role of the Board

The Board is responsible to its shareholders for the overall governance and performance of the company.

The primary responsibilities of the Board include:

- setting of objectives, goals and corporate direction;
- adopting and monitoring progress of a strategic plan;
- adopting an annual budget and constant monitoring of financial performance;
- ensuring adequate internal financial, accounting and managerial controls exist and are appropriately monitored for compliance;
- developing, publishing, reviewing, implementing and monitoring corporate governance policy, the committee system, the company's constitution, codes of conduct, corporate management and legislative compliance.
- ensuring significant business risks are identified and appropriately managed with particular emphasis on insurance requirements;
- ensuring the company maintains, at all times, the highest standard of business, financial and ethical behaviour;
- selecting and recommending new Directors, including the Managing Director, to shareholders;
- setting compensation arrangements for executive Directors and executive management after receiving recommendations from the Audit and Remuneration Committee;
- addressing occupational health and safety issues and ensuring an appropriate system of management is implemented;
- · reporting to shareholders and ensuring that all regulatory requirements are met; and
- approving decisions concerning the capital of the company, including capital restructures and significant changes to major financing arrangements.

#### **Role of management**

The Chief Executive Officer (CEO) is responsible for the overall management and profit performance of the company. The CEO manages the organisation in accordance with the strategy, plans and policies approved by the Board to achieve agreed goals.



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## **CORPORATE GOVERNANCE STATEMENT**

(Continued)

#### Board composition and size

The Directors determine the size of the board, with reference to the Constitution, which provides that there will be a minimum of three directors and a maximum of seven directors.

The Board carries out its responsibilities according to the following mandate:

- the Board should be made up of a majority of non-executive Directors;
- the Board should meet on a regular basis; and
- all available information in connection with items to be discussed at a meeting of the Board shall be provided to each Director prior to that meeting.

On the day on which the Directors' report is made out, the Board consisted of two Independent Directors. Due to the size of the company, Mr. Vincent Sweeney is the company's Chairman and Managing Director. While recognising that the ASX Corporate Governance Council recommends that these roles be exercised by different individuals and that the Chair should be an independent director, the Company feels that this is not relevant during the restructuring transition presently underway. Details of the directors are set out in the Directors' Report.

#### Appointment of directors

The Board is responsible for establishing criteria for Board membership, reviewing Board membership and identifying and nominating Directors. Board membership shall be reviewed annually to ensure the Board has an appropriate mix of qualification, skills and experience. External professional advisers may be used to assist in this process and shall be engaged at the expense of the Company.

Members appointed by the Board must stand for election at the next general meeting of shareholders.

The terms and conditions of appointment and retirement for Independent Directors are normally set out in a letter of appointment from the Chairman of the Board which shall include:

- the term of the appointment;
- the determination of remuneration;
- the expectation of the Company in relation to attendance at, and preparation for, Board meetings;
- the Code of Conduct for Directors;
- the Corporate Governance Policy Statement; and
- the Company's Constitution.

#### **Director independence**

It is important that the Board operates independently of executive management. Each of the following non-executive directors are considered by the board to be independent of management. This means that they do not have any business interest or other relationship that could materially interfere with the exercise of their independent judgment and their ability to act in the best interests of the company.

- Mr Steve Liebeskind
- Mr Rick Taylor



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## **CORPORATE GOVERNANCE STATEMENT**

(Continued)

#### Chairman's appointment and responsibilities

The Chairman is appointed by the Board. The Chairman:

- provides appropriate leadership to the Board.
- ensures membership of the Board is balanced and appropriate for the company's needs.
- facilitates Board discussions to ensure the core issues facing the organisation are addressed.
- maintains a regular dialogue and mentor relationship with the CEO.
- monitors Board performance, and
- guides and promotes the on-going effectiveness and development of the Board and individual directors.

#### Conduct of board business

The Board normally holds at least two formal Board meeting each year and will also meet whenever necessary to carry out its responsibilities.

When conducting Board business, directors have a duty to question, request information, raise any issue of concern, and fully canvas all aspects of any issue confronting the company and vote on any resolution according to their own judgment.

Directors keep confidential Board discussions, deliberations and decisions that are not publicly known.

#### **Conflicts of interest**

Directors are required to continually monitor and disclose any potential conflicts of interest that may arise. Directors must:

- disclose to the Board any actual or potential conflicts of interest that may exist as soon as the situation arises.
- take necessary and reasonable steps to resolve any conflict of interest within an appropriate period, if required by the Board or deemed appropriate by that director, and
- comply with the *Corporations Act* requirements about disclosing interests and restrictions on voting.

Directors should discuss with the chairman any proposed board or executive appointments they are considering undertaking and should advise the Board of appointments to other companies as soon as possible after the appointment is made.

The same requirement exists for related party transactions including financial transactions with the company. Related party transactions are reported in writing to the Board of Executive and the Company Secretary and, where appropriate, raised for consideration at the next board meeting.

#### Access to information

Directors are encouraged to access members of the senior management team at any time to request relevant information in accordance with protocols adopted by the Board.

Where directors perceive an irregularity in a company related matter, they are entitled to seek independent advice at the company's expense.

Directors must ensure that the costs are reasonable and must inform the Chairman before the advice is sought. The advice must be made available to the rest of the Board.



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## **CORPORATE GOVERNANCE STATEMENT**

(Continued)

#### **Independent Professional Advice**

Each director has the right to seek independent legal and other professional advice at the company's expense concerning any aspect of the company's operations or undertakings in order to fulfil their duties and responsibilities as directors.

#### **CEO** assurance

The Board receives regular reports about the financial condition and operational results of the company. The CEO periodically provides formal statements to the Board that in all material aspects the company's financial statements present a true and fair view of the company's financial condition and operational results. These financial statements have been provided such assurance.

#### Committees

The Board maintains sub-committees as needed to consider certain issues and functions in further detail. The Chairman of each committee reports on any matters of substance at the next full board meeting. All committee minutes are provided to the board.

There is currently one standing committee being the Audit and Compliance Committee. Other committees are formed from time to time, as required. In accordance with this 'as required' principal and the recommendations of the guidelines no remuneration or nomination committee currently exists.

Each committee has its own terms of reference, approved by the Board and reviewed annually, with additional review when appropriate. The Chairman oversees all committees and the CEO or other directors attend committee meetings where appropriate.

#### Board performance assessment

On an annual basis, the Chairman facilitates a discussion and evaluation of the Board and each Board Committee's performance. This includes discussions about the Board's role, processes, performance and other relevant issues.

Each director's performance is reviewed by the Chairman and Board prior to the director standing for re-election.

The performance of each committee is also reviewed.



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## **CORPORATE GOVERNANCE STATEMENT**

(Continued)

#### Adequacy of contribution

If the contribution of a non-executive director appears to a majority of directors (including the CEO) to be less than adequate or to be harmful to the good working of the Board, they may request the Chairman to inform that director accordingly and ask that person to consider his or her position on the Board. If the director takes no action in response, a circulated minute signed by a majority of directors will authorise the Company Secretary to inform the shareholders that the Board will not support the reelection of the director at the general meeting where they are next due to offer themselves for reelection.

Current age limits for non-executive directors are governed by the *Corporations Act 2001*, which states that a person may act as a director of a public company after turning age 72 up until the conclusion of the AGM that next follows the 72nd birthday. Beyond that date, a person who has turned age 72 may be appointed or re-appointed as a director by a special resolution.

## Audit and Compliance Committee

The Board has established an Audit and Compliance Committee consisting of the following Independent Director:

#### • Steve Liebeskind

The Committee assists the Board to discharge its corporate governance responsibilities, in regard to the:

- business' relationship with, and the independence of, the external auditor.
- recommends appointment of external auditor and fees.
- reliability and appropriateness of disclosure of the financial statements and external related financial communication.
- compliance with statutory responsibilities.
- reviews budgets and accounting policy.
- reviews all salary practices, management incentive schemes, superannuation, share option scheme, retirement and termination entitlements.
- maintenance of an effective framework of business risk management including compliance and internal controls and monitoring of the internal audit function.
- adequacy of the company's insurance programme, including directors' and officers' professional indemnity and other liability insurance cover.
- compliance with environmental and other regulatory requirements in Australia and overseas, and
- undertakes any special investigations required by the Board.

The Committee provides a forum for the effective communication between the Board and external auditors. The Committee reviews:

- The annual and half-year financial report prior to their approval by the Board;
- The effectiveness of management information systems and systems of internal control; and
- The efficiency and effectiveness of external audit functions, including reviewing the respective audit plans.



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## **CORPORATE GOVERNANCE STATEMENT**

(Continued)

#### Audit and Compliance Committee (Continued)

The Committee generally invites the CEO, CFO, and the external auditors to attend Committee meetings. The Committee also meets with and receives regular reports from the external auditors concerning any matters, which arise in connection with the performance of their respective roles, including the adequacy of internal controls.

The Committee reviews the remuneration packages of all directors and executive officers on an annual basis and makes recommendations to the Board.

Remuneration packages are reviewed with due regard to performance and other relevant factors.

In order to retain and attract executives of sufficient calibre to facilitate the efficient and effective management of the company's operations, the remuneration committee seeks the advice of external advisers in connection with the structure of remuneration packages.

Remuneration packages contain the following key elements:

- Salary/fees; and
- Benefits including the provision of motor vehicle, superannuation.

## Auditor independence

Best practice in financial and audit governance is evolving rapidly and the independence of the external auditor is particularly important to shareholders and the Board. To ensure that the company's practices are up to date, the Board has adopted a formal Audit Charter that is reviewed regularly to keep it in line with emerging practices domestically and internationally.

The key points covered by the Charter include:

- rotation of the senior audit partner every five years.
- annual confirmation by the auditor that it has satisfied all professional regulations relating to auditor independence.
- half yearly reporting on the levels of audit and non-audit fees; and
- specific exclusion of the audit firm from work which may give rise to a conflict.

#### **Risk Management**

The Board is responsible for ensuring appropriate measures are in place in order to manage risk in line with the company's risk strategy.

The company has a risk management programme that enables the business to identify and assess risks, respond appropriately and monitor risks and controls. Risk and compliance information is reported quarterly to the Audit and Compliance Committee.



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## **CORPORATE GOVERNANCE STATEMENT**

(Continued)

#### Risk Management (Continued)

Specific oversight and evaluation of the effectiveness of the risk management and internal control environment are delegated to the Audit and Compliance Committee. The committee approves the company's accounting policies, oversees management controls, reporting practices and production of financial statements. It considers internal and external audit reports and reviews the adequacy of the company's internal procedures and controls in order to monitor financial risks and major operational risks.

The company is exposed to the risk of unexpected financial and reputation loss from the way it conducts its business operations. To mitigate this risk, the company has established a risk and assurance framework, which aims to:

- assist management to discharge its corporate and legal responsibilities; and
- assure management and the Board that the framework is effective.

#### Compliance

The Board is responsible for ensuring that adequate measures are undertaken to manage compliance. Specific responsibility for compliance has been delegated to the Audit and Compliance Committee. To ensure proper compliance, an improved system of compliance management has been, and continues to be, implemented across the company's businesses covering a broad range of legal requirements, duties and responsibilities. The results are reported quarterly to the Audit and Compliance Committee.

#### **Code of Conduct**

As part of the Board's commitment to the highest standard of personal and corporate behaviour, the company adopts a code of conduct to guide executives, management and employees in carrying out their duties and responsibilities. The code of conduct covers such matters as:

- Responsibilities to shareholders;
- · Compliance with laws and regulations;
- · Relations with customers and suppliers;
- Ethical responsibilities;
- Employment practices; and
- Responsibilities to the environment and the community.

## Securities trading policy

The company's Employee Securities Trading Policy aims to:

protect stakeholders' interests at all times.

- ensure that directors and employees do not use any information they possess for their personal advantage, or to their clients' or the company's detriment, and
- ensure that directors and employees comply with insider trading legislation of the various jurisdictions in which transactions may take place.



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## **CORPORATE GOVERNANCE STATEMENT**

(Continued)

#### Securities trading policy (Continued)

Supplementary to the 'inside information' rule, trading in the company's securities by the directors is restricted in the following trading windows:

· period beginning sixty days before the release of the company's half-year results or yearly results

Purchase or sale of company's shares and/or options over such shares by Directors, Executives and Staff of the company should only occur in circumstances where the market is considered to be fully informed of the company's activities. This policy requires that the relevant person notify the Company Secretary of their intention to trade in the company's shares and/or options over such shares prior to transaction and that the Company Secretary be required to discuss the proposed trading intentions with either the Chairman of the Managing Director. The Board recognises that it is the individual responsibility of each director to carry this policy through.

Breaches of this policy may lead to disciplinary action being taken against the employee, including dismissal in serious cases.

#### **Communication with shareholders**

The company is committed to increasing the transparency and quality of its communication to be regarded by our shareholders as an outstanding corporate citizen. The Board's approach to communication with shareholders and financial markets is set out in the Company's Continuous Disclosure Policy.

Information is communicated to shareholders through the distribution of the Annual Report and other communications as required. All significant information will be disclosed to the ASX.

The guiding principle of the policy is that the company must immediately notify the market via an announcement to the ASX of any information concerning the company that a reasonable person would expect to have a material effect on the price of value of the company's securities.

The Continuous Disclosure Policy must ensure that the company announcements:

- are made in a timely manner;
- are factual;
- are expressed in a clear and objective manner that allows investors to assess the impact of the information when making investment decisions; and
- do not omit material information.

#### **Annual General Meeting (AGM)**

All shareholders are encouraged to attend and/or participate in the company's AGM. All directors and senior management attend the meeting, along with the external auditor.

Full details of the next AGM are included in the mailing for this Annual Report.





# AUDITOR'S INDEPENDENCE DECLARATION UNDER SECTION 307C OF THE CORPORATIONS ACT 2001 TO THE DIRECTORS OF WINTECH GROUP LIMITED

I declare that, to the best of my knowledge and belief during the year ended 30 June 2012 there have been:

- no contraventions of the auditor independence requirements as set out in the Corporations Act 2001 in relation to the audit; and
- no contraventions of any applicable code of professional conduct in relation to the audit.

William Buck

William Buck Audit (VIC) Pty Ltd ABN 59 116 151 136

e. Ch.

H.D. Paton Director

Dated this 28<sup>th</sup> day of August 2012

Sydney Melbourne Brisbane Perth Adelaide Auckland

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## **INCOME STATEMENT**

## FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2012

	Note	Company	
		2012	2011
Other income		\$	\$
Total revenue		-	
Corporate and administrative expenses Finance costs Forgiveness of debts		(392,000) (114,955) -	(197,402) (148,000) 173,000
Loss before income tax expense		(506,955)	(172,402)
Income tax expense	3	_	
Loss attributable to members of the parent entity		(506,955)	(172,402)
Earnings per share			
Overall Operations			
Basic loss per share (cents)	8	(53.18)	(266.19)
Diluted loss per share (cents)	8	(53.18)	(266.19)



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## **BALANCE SHEET**

## AS AT 30 JUNE 2012

	Note	Com	pany
		2012 \$	2011 \$
CURRENT ASSETS Cash and cash equivalents	9(a)		
Total current assets			
Total assets			
<b>CURRENT LIABILITIES</b> Trade and other payables	5	597,823,	400,000
Total current liabilities		597,823	400,000
Total liabilities		597,823	400,000
NET DEFICIENCY		(597,823)	(400,000)
EQUITY Contributed equity Accumulated losses Reserves	6 8 6(b)	500,207 (1,098,030) 	77,305,875 (79,755,875) 2,050,000
TOTAL EQUITY		(597,823)	(400,000)



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## STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY

#### FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2012

			Share	
			Based	
	Ordinary Share Capital	Accumulated Losses	Payment Reserve	Total
	\$	\$	\$	\$
Balance at 1 July 2010	77,305,875	(79,583,473)	2,000,000	(277,598)
Total comprehensive income	-	(172,402)	-	(172,402)
Settlement of creditors' claims	-	-	50,000	50,000
Balance at 30 June 2011	77,305,875	(79,755,875)	2,050,000	(400,000)
Total comprehensive income	-	(506,955)	-	(506,955)
Shares issued to creditors and				-
convertible note holders	2,359,132	-	(2,050,000)	309,132
Reduction in share capital	(79,164,800)	79,164,800	-	_
Balance at 30 June 2012	500,207	(1,098,030)	-	(597,823)



ABN 36 003 087 689

## **CASH FLOW STATEMENT**

#### FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2012

	Note	Company	
CASH FLOWS FROM		2012	2011
OPERATING ACTIVITIES		\$	\$
Payments to suppliers and employees Interest and costs of finance paid			(368,402) 
Net cash used in operating activities	9(b)		
		-	(368,402)
CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES			
Proceeds from borrowings		-	400,000
Net cash provided by financing activities			400,000
Net increase in cash held		-	31,598
Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of the financial year		-	(31,598)
Cash at the end of the financial year	9(a)		



#### ABN 36 003 087 689

# NOTES TO AND FORMING PART OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2012

#### 1. STATEMENT OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

These financial statements are for Wintech Group Limited, a company incorporated and domiciled in Australia.

#### (a) Basis of preparation

These financial statements are general purpose financial statements that have been prepared in accordance with Australian Accounting Standards, Australian Accounting Interpretations, other authoritative pronouncements of the Australian Accounting Standards Board and the *Corporations Act 2001*.

Australian Accounting Standards set out accounting policies that the AASB has concluded would result in a financial report containing relevant and reliable information about transactions, events and conditions to which they apply. Compliance with Australian Accounting Standards ensures that the financial statements and notes also comply with International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRS). Material accounting policies adopted in the preparation of this financial report are presented below. The accounting policies have been consistently applied unless otherwise stated.

These financial statements have been prepared on an accrual basis and are based on historical costs, modified, where applicable, by the measurement at fair value of selected non-current assets and financial liabilities.

## (b) Economic Dependency

The financial statements have been prepared on a going concern basis notwithstanding that for the full-year ended 30 June 2012 the Company incurred an operating loss of \$506,955 (to June 2011: \$172,402) and liabilities exceeded assets by \$597,823 (2011: \$400,000). As at the end of the reporting period the Company owed nearly all of this to related parties of the Chairman. Such related parties have agreed not to call upon these loans for a period of at least 12 months from the date of the signing of these financial statements or until such time as the Company has sufficient resources to make such repayments.

The related parties have also agreed to continue to underwrite the future expenses of the company for a period of at least 12 months from the date of the signing of these financial statements, or until such time as the Company without such advances and undertakings is able to pay its debts as and when they fall due and payable.

For these reasons, the Company believes that it will be able to meet its debts as and when they fall due and payable.



#### ABN 36 003 087 689

# NOTES TO AND FORMING PART OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2012

## 1. STATEMENT OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

#### (c) Income Tax

The income tax expense (revenue) for the year comprises current income tax expense (income) and deferred tax expense (income). Current income tax expense charged to profit or loss is the tax payable on taxable income calculated using applicable income tax rates enacted, or substantially enacted, as at the end of the reporting period. Current and deferred income tax expense (income) is charged or credited directly to equity instead of the profit or loss when tax relates to items that are credited or charged directly to equity.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are ascertained based on temporary differences arising between the tax bases of assets and liabilities and their carrying amounts in the financial statements. Deferred tax assets also result where amounts have been fully expensed but future tax deductions are available. No deferred income tax will be recognised from initial recognition of an asset or liability, excluding a business combination, where there is no effect on accounting or taxable profit or loss.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are calculated at the tax rates that are expected to apply to the period when the asset is realised or the liability is settled, based on tax rates enacted or substantively enacted at the end of the reporting period. Their measurement also reflects the manner in which management expects to recover or settle the carrying amount of the related asset or liability. Deferred tax assets relating to temporary differences and unused tax losses are recognised only to the extent that it is probable that future taxable profit will be available against which the benefits of deferred tax assets can be utilised.

Current tax assets and liabilities are offset where a legally enforceable right of set-off exists and it is intended that net settlement or simultaneous realisation and settlement of the respective asset and liability will occur. Deferred tax assets and liabilities are offset where a legally enforceable right of set off exists, the deferred assets and liabilities relate to income taxes levied by the same taxation authority on either the same taxable entity or different taxable entities where it is intended that net settlement or simultaneous realisation and settlement of the respective asset and liability will occur in future periods in which significant amounts of deferred tax assets or liabilities are expected to be recovered or settled.

## (d) Foreign currency transactions and balances

#### Transactions

Foreign currency transactions are translated to Australian currency at the rates of exchange ruling at the dates of the transactions. Amounts receivable and payable in foreign currencies at the end of the reporting period are translated at the rates of exchange ruling on that date.

Exchange differences relating to amounts payable and receivable in foreign currencies are brought to account as exchange gains or losses in the balance sheet in the financial year in which the exchange rates change.



#### ABN 36 003 087 689

# NOTES TO AND FORMING PART OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2012

## 1. STATEMENT OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

## (e) Goods and Services Tax (GST)

Revenues, expenses and assets are recognised net of the amount of GST, except where the amount of GST incurred is not recoverable from the Australian Tax Office. In these circumstances the GST is recognised as part of the cost of acquisition of the asset or as part of an item of the expense. Receivables and payables in the balance sheet are shown inclusive of GST.

Cash flows are presented in the cash flow statement on a gross basis, except for the GST component of investing and financing activities, which are disclosed as operating cash flows.

#### (f) Cash and Cash Equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents includes cash on hand, deposits held at call with banks, other shortterm highly liquid investments with original maturities of three months or less, and bank overdrafts. Bank overdrafts are shown separately on the balance sheet.

#### (g) Earnings Per Share

Basic earnings per share ("EPS") is calculated by dividing the net profit attributable to members of the Company for the reporting period, after excluding any costs of servicing equity (other than ordinary shares and converting preference shares, classified as ordinary shares for EPS calculation purposes), by the weighted average number of ordinary shares of the Company, adjusted for any bonus issue.

Diluted EPS is calculated by dividing the basic EPS earnings, adjusted by the after tax effect of financing costs associated with dilutive potential ordinary shares and the effect on revenues and expenses of conversion to ordinary shares associated with dilutive potential ordinary shares, by the weighted average number of ordinary shares and dilutive potential ordinary shares adjusted for any bonus issue.

## (h) Convertible Notes Payable

Notes payable are recognised when issued at the net proceeds as value received, with the premium or discount on issue amortised over the period to maturity. Interest expense is recognised on an effective yield basis.

## (i) Financial Instruments

#### Recognition

Financial instruments, incorporating financial assets and financial liabilities, are recognised when the entity becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the instruments. For financial assets, this is the date that the company commits itself to either the purchase or sale of the asset.

Financial instruments are initially measured at fair value plus transactions costs where the instrument is not classified as at fair value through profit or loss. Transaction costs related to instruments classified as at fair value through profit and loss are expensed to profit and loss immediately. Financial instruments are classified and measured as set out below.



#### ABN 36 003 087 689

# NOTES TO AND FORMING PART OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2012

#### STATEMENT OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

#### (i) Financial Instruments (Continued)

#### Classification and Subsequent Measurement

Financial instruments are subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest rate method.

Amortised cost is the amount at which the financial asset or financial liability is measured at initial recognition less principal repayments and any reduction for impairment, and adjusted for any cumulative amortisation of the difference between that initial amount and the maturity amount calculated using the effective interest method.

The effective interest method is used to allocate interest income or expense over the relevant period and is equivalent to the rate that exactly discounts estimated future cash payments or receipts (including fees, transaction costs and other premiums or discounts) through the expected life of the financial instrument to the net carrying amount of the financial asset or financial liability. Revisions to expected future net cash flows will necessitate an adjustment to the carrying value with a consequential recognition of an income or expense item in profit or loss.

#### De-recognition

Financial assets are derecognised where the contractual rights to receipt of cash flows expires or the asset is transferred to another party whereby the entity no longer has any significant continuing involvement in the risks and benefits associated with the asset. Financial liabilities are derecognised where the related obligations are either discharged, cancelled or expire. The difference between the carrying value of the financial liability extinguished or transferred to another party and the fair value of consideration paid, including transfer of non-cash assets or liabilities assumed, is recognised in profit or loss.

#### Extinguishing Financial Liabilities with Equity Instruments

The issue of an entity's equity instruments to a creditor to extinguish all or part of a financial liability is consideration paid to extinguish the liability and therefore satisfies the requirements for derecognition of a financial liability. When equity instruments issued to a creditor to extinguish all or part of a financial liability are recognised initially, an entity shall measure them at the fair value of the equity instruments issued, unless that fair value cannot be reliably measured. If the fair value of the equity instruments issued cannot be reliably measured then the equity instruments shall be measured to reflect the fair value of the financial liability extinguished.

When only part of the financial liability is extinguished, the company assesses whether some of the consideration paid relates to a modification of the terms of the liability that remains outstanding. If part of the consideration paid does relate to a modification of the terms of the remaining part of the liability, the company allocates the consideration paid between the part of the liability extinguished and the part of the liability that remains outstanding.

The difference between the carrying amount of the financial liability (or part of a financial liability) extinguished, and the consideration paid is recognised as a separate line item in the profit or loss. The equity instruments issued are recognised initially and measured at the date the financial liability (or part of that liability) is extinguished.



#### ABN 36 003 087 689

# NOTES TO AND FORMING PART OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2012

## 1. STATEMENT OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

## (i) Financial Instruments (Continued)

#### Impairment

At the end of each reporting period, the Company assesses whether there is objective evidence that a financial instrument has been impaired.

## (j) Comparative Figures

When required by Accounting Standards, comparative figures have been adjusted to conform to changes in presentation for the current financial year.

#### (k) New Accounting Standards for Application in Future Periods

The AASB has issued new, revised and amended standards and interpretations that have mandatory application dates for the current and future reporting periods. The Company has decided to adopt all of these standards in these financial statements, where early adoption is permitted.

The only significant impact arising from the adoption of the new standards and interpretations is discussed in note 2.

## 2. CRITICAL ACCOUNTING ESTIMATES AND JUDGEMENTS

The directors evaluate estimates and judgements incorporated into financial statements based on historical knowledge and best available current information. Estimates assume a reasonable expectation of future events and are based on current trends and economic data, obtained both externally and within the Company.

#### Determination of fair value of shares issued to trade creditors

A general meeting of shareholders approved the issue of 130,000,000 shares to creditors and 2010 convertible note holders in lieu of their outstanding entitlements. In accounting for the acquittal of the obligation the company has applied the rules available for early adoption under Interpretation 19 Extinguishing Financial Liabilities with Equity Instruments – the standard became mandatory for financial reporting periods beginning on 1 July 2010 and thereafter. There was no impact upon the comparative results upon adoption of this standard.

The accounting adopted by the entity for these financial statements is disclosed in note 1 (i) Extinguishing Financial Liabilities with Equity Instruments.

In determining the fair value of the shares issued, the directors considered the capitalisation of the company and number of shares issued by company.



#### ABN 36 003 087 689

#### NOTES TO AND FORMING PART OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

## FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2012

#### 3. INCOME TAX EXPENSE

The Directors believe that no losses or losses from prior activities of the company will be available under current Australian taxation law and as such, none have been recognised as an asset or disclosed as a contingent asset in these financial statements.

		Comp	bany
4.	REMUNERATION OF AUDITOR	2012	2011
		\$	\$
	Audit and review of the financial reports	16,000	18,000
	Assistance with taxation compliance	-	
		16,000	18,000
5.	TRADE AND OTHER PAYABLES Trade payables and accruals Convertible Loan and Subscription Agreement	81,000 516,823 597,823	- 400,000 400,000

## **Convertible Loan and Subscription Agreement**

The ABEnergy group entities, of which the Chairman is a director, has provided funding to the Company since March 2011 via a Convertible Loan and Subscription Agreement. The funding facility is secured and was interest free but further to the event of default provisions which now apply, the maximum interest rate to be charged is one fifteenth of one per cent per day with accrued interest and finance costs for the year of \$114,955. The holders are entitled to convert into shares at a formula approved by shareholders at the October 2011 EGM or at a price per share not greater than other recent or future share issues,

## 6. CONTRIBUTED EQUITY

	Issued Capital		
	1,372,439 (2011: 51,489,191) fully paid ordinary shares	500,207	77,305,875
)	Ordinary shares		
	Movements in ordinary shares Balance at the beginning of the year:	\$ 77,305,875	\$ 77,305,875
	Shares issued to creditors and convertible note holders	2,050,000	-
	Shares issued on reduction of related party liabilities	309,132	-
	Reduction in share capital	(79,164,800)	-
	Balance at the end of the year	500,207	77,305,875
	Movements in ordinary shares	No.	No.
	Balance at the beginning of the year:	51,489,191	51,489,191
	Shares issued to creditors and convertible note holders	130,000,000	-
	Shares issued on reduction of related party liabilities	910,000,000	-
	Reduction in share capital	(1,090,116,752)	-
	Balance at the end of the year	1,372,439	51,489,191

Holders of ordinary shares are entitled to receive dividends as declared from time to time and are entitled to one vote per share at shareholders' meetings. In the event of the winding up of the company, ordinary shareholders rank after all other shareholders and creditors and are fully entitled to any proceeds of liquidation.



(a)

#### ABN 36 003 087 689

## NOTES TO AND FORMING PART OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2012

#### 6. **CONTRIBUTED EQUITY** (Continued)

(b) Share Based Payment Reserve

Convertible Notes Trade Creditors

\$	\$
-	1,050,000
-	1,000,000
-	2,050,000

These amounts were converted to equity in October 2011.

#### (c) Capital Management

When managing capital, management's objective is to ensure the entity continues as a going concern as well as to maintain optimal returns to shareholders and benefits for other stakeholders.

#### (d) Direct Nickel Transaction

Under the acquisition of Direct Nickel Pty Limited and associated entities/businesses as approved by shareholders in the EGM of October 2011, and announced to the ASX on 9 January 2012, 110,000,000 shares have been issued to DNI Nominees Pty Ltd. These shares are not yet fully paid and are currently subject to voting and other restrictions whilst Direct Nickel puts in place a new holding company and separates its key assets into separate subsidiaries. As a result these shares have not been included in issued capital calculations. In addition certain parties have rights to invest \$1million in ordinary shares on terms set out in the explanatory memorandum for the October 2011 EGM.

## 7. STATEMENT OF OPERATIONS BY SEGMENT

The Company operates in one segment, being a reviewer of investment opportunities.

#### 8. EARNINGS PER SHARE

	Company	
	2012	2011
	\$	\$
Earnings reconciliation		
Net loss	(506,955)	(172,402)
Basic and diluted earnings	(506,955)	(172,402)
Weighted average number of shares used as the denominator	No.	No.
for basic earnings per share calculation* Ordinary and diluted shares	953,270	64,766

\* For details of the share consolidation refer to Note 6 Contributed Equity. The comparative calculation has been amended to reflect the results of the share consolidation. This decreased the weighted average number of shares from 51,489,191 to 64,766 and increased the loss per share from 0.33 cents per share to 266.19 cents per share.



#### ABN 36 003 087 689

# NOTES TO AND FORMING PART OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

## FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2012

## 9. NOTES TO THE STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS

#### (a) Reconciliation of cash

For the purpose of the statements of cash flow, cash includes cash on hand and at bank. Cash as at the end of the financial year as shown in the cash flow statement is reconciled in the balance sheet as follows:

	Cor	Company	
	2012	2011	
	\$	\$	
Cash at bank	-	-	
Bank overdraft	-	-	
	-	-	

As at 30 June 2012 the company had no unused available credit limits on its overdraft balance (2011: \$nil).

#### (b) Reconciliation of cash flow from operating activities with loss from ordinary activities after income tax

Loss after income tax	(506,955)	(172,402)
Non-cash items: Forgiveness of debts	<u> </u>	(42,000)
	(506,955)	(214,402)
Changes in assets and liabilities (Increase)/decrease in debtors, prepayments and other receivables	- -	- -
Increase/(decrease) in trade and other creditors	506,955	(154,000)
Cash flow from operating activities		(368,402)

## 10. RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

Transactions between related parties are on normal commercial terms and conditions no more favourable than those available to other parties unless otherwise stated.

Fully Paid Ordinary Shares - Please refer to the remuneration Report.

#### **Professional Services**

Sydney Capital Partners, of which the Chairman is a partner, provides professional services charged on an hourly basis in accordance with a schedule comparable to other professional advisory firms. These totalled \$21,000 for the year ended 30 June 2012 (2011: nil) and are included in trade payables and accruals.

## Convertible Loan and Subscription Agreement (CLSA)

Convertible Loan and Subscription Agreement as set out in Note 5.

#### **Key Management Personnel Remuneration**

No member of key management personnel received any payment for remuneration during the financial year ended 30 June 2012, except as otherwise stated in this report.



## ABN 36 003 087 689 NOTES TO AND FORMING PART OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2012

#### 11. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT

#### (a) Financial Risk Management Policies

The Company's financial instruments consist mainly of deposits with banks, accounts payable, commercial borrowings and amounts payable to convertible note holders.

## (i) Treasury Risk Management

The directors of the company meet on a regular basis to analyse financial risk exposure and to evaluate treasury management strategies in the context of the most recent economic conditions and forecasts. The directors' overall risk management strategy seeks to assist the company in meeting its financial targets, whilst minimising potential adverse effects on financial performance.

Risk management policies are approved and reviewed by the Board on a regular basis. These include credit risk policies and future cash flow requirements.

## (ii) Financial Risk Exposures and Management

The only significant financial risk the Company is exposed to through its financial instruments is liquidity risk.

## Liquidity Risk

The Company manages liquidity risk by monitoring forecast cash flows and ensuring that adequate unutilised borrowing facilities are maintained.

#### (b) Net Fair Values

The net fair value of financial assets and financial liabilities approximate their carrying amounts as disclosed in the Balance Sheet and Notes to the financial statements. The Company did not directly hold any listed shares and equities at 30 June 2012 (2011: nil).



ABN 36 003 087 689

## **DIRECTORS' DECLARATION**

The directors of the company declare that:

- 1. the financial statements and notes, as set out on pages 19 to 36, are in accordance with the *Corporations Act 2001*, and:
  - (a) comply with Accounting Standards and the Corporations Regulations 2001; and
  - (b) give a true and fair view of the financial position as at 30 June 2010 and of the performance for the year ended on that date of the Company;
- 2. the Chief Executive Officer and Chief Finance Officer have declared that:
  - (a) the financial records of the company for the financial year have been properly maintained in accordance with section 286 of the *Corporations Act 2001*;
  - (b) the financial statements and notes for the financial year comply with the Accounting Standards; and
  - (c) the financial statements and notes for the financial year give a true and fair view.
- 3. In the directors' opinion there are reasonable grounds to believe that the company will be able to pay its debts as and when they become due and payable.

Signed in accordance with a resolution of the directors:

V Sweeney Director

Date in Sydney, Australia this 28<sup>th</sup> day of August 2012





# INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT TO THE MEMBERS OF WINTECH GROUP LIMITED

#### **Report on the Financial Report**

We have audited the accompanying financial report of Wintech Group Limited (the Company), which comprises the statement of financial position as at 30 June 2012, the statement of comprehensive income, the statement of changes in equity and the statement of cash flows for the year then ended, notes comprising a summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information, and the directors' declaration.

#### Directors' Responsibility for the Financial Report

The directors of the Company are responsible for the preparation of the financial report that gives a true and fair view in accordance with Australian Accounting Standards and the Corporations Act 2001 and for such internal control as the directors determine is necessary to enable the preparation of the financial report that gives a true and fair view and is free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error. In Note 1, the directors also state, in accordance with Accounting Standard AASB 101 Presentation of Financial Statements, that the financial statements comply with International Financial Reporting Standards.

#### Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the financial report based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with Australian Auditing Standards. Those standards require that we comply with relevant ethical requirements relating to audit engagements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial report is free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial report. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgement, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial report, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation of the financial report that gives a true and fair view in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates made by the directors, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial report.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

#### Independence

In conducting our audit, we have complied with the independence requirements of the Corporations Act 2001.

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# **--**B William Buck

# INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT TO THE MEMBERS OF WINTECH GROUP LIMITED (CONT)

Auditor's Opinion

In our opinion:

- a) the financial report of Wintech Group Limited is in accordance with the Corporations Act 2001, including:
  - i. giving a true and fair view of the Company's financial position as at 30 June 2012 and of its performance for the year ended on that date; and
  - ii. complying with Australian Accounting Standards (including the Australian Accounting Interpretations) and the Corporations Regulations 2001; and
- b) the financial report also complies with International Financial Reporting Standards as disclosed in Note 1.

#### **Report on the Remuneration Report**

We have audited the Remuneration Report included in the directors' report for the year ended 30 June 2012. The directors of the company are responsible for the preparation and presentation of the Remuneration Report in accordance with section 300A of the Corporations Act 2001. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the Remuneration Report, based on our audit conducted in accordance with Australian Auditing Standards.

#### Auditor's Opinion

In our opinion, the Remuneration Report of Wintech Group Limited for the year ended 30 June 2012, complies with section 300A of the Corporations Act 2001.

William Buck

William Buck Audit (VIC) Pty Ltd ABN 59 116 151 136

e: Ch.

H.D. Paton Director

Dated this 28<sup>th</sup> day of August 2012

# **ASX ADDITIONAL INFORMATION**

Additional information required by the Australian Securities Exchange Limited Listing Rules, and not disclosed elsewhere in this report. Options refer only to quoted options.

## 1. SHARES AND OPTIONS

#### (a) Substantial Shareholders

The number of shares held by the substantial shareholders advised to ASX as at 28 August 2012:

ABEnergy Hobart Pty Ltd

Ordinary Shares 893,081 (unquoted)

## (b) Distribution of Share and Option Holders

Range	No. of Shareholders	No. of Option Holders
1 – 1,000	542	-
1,001 – 5,000	21	-
5,001 – 10,000	2	-
10,001 – 100,000	9	-
100,001 and over	2	-
	576	
Quoted shares on iss	ue	164,893

Quoted shares on issue	164,893
Unquoted shares on issue	<u>1,1207,546</u>
Issued unrestricted shares	1, 372,739
Restricted shares see note 6(d)	110,000,000
	Unquoted shares on issue Issued unrestricted shares

## (d) 20 Largest holders of quoted securities

Ordina	nrv	No. of Ordinary Shares Held	% of Issued Capital
1.	Australian Executor Trustees Limited (No 1 A/c)	3,642	0.00
2.	July Capital Pty Ltd	2,515	0.00
3.	Planet W Pty Ltd	2,201	0.00
4.	Securities and Investment Group Pty Ltd	1,855	0.00
5.	Consolidated Securities Pty Ltd	1,734	0.00
6.	Whodeani Pty Ltd	1,734	0.00
7.	Jac Capital Pty Ltd	1,617	0.00
8.	Ms Men Qin	1,572	0.00
9.	Acestar Pty Ltd	1,419	0.00
10.	Jerigham Investments Ltd	1,419	0.00
11.	Tai Luong Investment Pty Ltd	1,419	0.00
12.	Lakshmanan Thelvanal	1,419	0.00
13.	Zodiac Capital Limited	1,419	0.00
14.	Mr Michael Riabkoff	1,333	0.00
15.	Middle East Services Pty Ltd	1,257	0.00
16.	King Chuen Chong	1,132	0.00
17.	Mr Johanes Tang Widjaja	1,114	0.00
18.	ANZ Nominees Limited	1,100	0.00
19.	Nefco Nominees Pty Ltd	1,095	0.00
20.	Jian Feng Li	1,056	0.00



## (d) Option Holders

As at the date of this report there were no options on issue in the company.

## (e) Voting Rights

As set out in the Articles of Association of the company, at a general meeting of the company, every ordinary shareholder present in person, or by proxy, has one vote on a show of hands and one vote per ordinary share on a poll.

There are no voting rights attached to any options in respect of unissued ordinary shares.

## 2. COMPANY SECRETARY

The name of the Company Secretary is V Sweeney, appointed on 7 October 2011.

## 3. REGISTERED OFFICE

The address of the registered office in Australia is c/- Sydney Capital Partners, Level 6, 2 Bulletin Place, Sydney, NSW, 2000, Australia.

## 4. **REGISTER OF SECURITIES**

Register of Securities is held at BoardRoom Pty Ltd, Level 7, 207 Kent Street, Sydney, New South Wales, Australia 2000.

#### 5. SHARES

Quotation has been granted for some of the ordinary shares of the company on the Australian Securities Exchange Limited. The home exchange is Sydney, Australia.

