

18 February 2013

Australian-based Kentor Gold Limited (ASX: KGL) entered the ranks of operating gold mining companies in 2012. The Company is progressing a pipeline of advanced projects in Australia and the Kyrgyz Republic.

The Murchison Gold Project in Western Australia — commenced production in mid-2012, with the potential to add gold-copper production from the neighbouring Gabanintha deposit.

The high grade, very low cost Andash Gold-Copper Project in the Kyrgyz Republic – development-ready, awaiting site access and targeting production at 70,000 oz gold and 7,400 tonnes copper pa for an initial six years, with high potential for expansion.

The Jervois Copper-Silver-Gold Project in the Northern Territory – targeting 2014 start-up following current studies into developing the high grade copper-silver resource with potential for gold, magnetite and other base metals.

Issued capital:

140.0 million ordinary shares4.7 million unlisted options

Market Capitalisation

15 February 2013 \$45 million

Drilling extends mineralisation at Kentor Gold's Murchison Gold Mine

- All six RC holes drilled on the periphery of the NOA7/8 ore body intersected significant mineralisation
- New shallow mineralised zone identified beneath NOA8 pit
- Mineralisation remains open along strike and down dip.

Kentor Gold Limited ("Kentor Gold" or "the Company") is pleased to announce that drilling has successfully extended the high grade mineralisation at the NOA 7/8 deposit at the Murchison Gold Mine in Western Australia.

Announcing the results, Kentor Gold Managing Director Simon Milroy said today:

"This is an outstanding outcome with all six RC holes indicating extensions of gold mineralisation beyond the NOA 7/8 orebody.

"In the last four months we have announced increased mineral Resources at Murchison – at both the NOA 7/8 and Alliance deposits.

"These latest results highlight the potential to further increase high grade Resources at NOA 7/8.

"Proposed underground mining of high grade ore at NOA 7/8 commencing in 2014 is a key to the Company's plan to increase production and lower costs at Murchison."

Significant results from the RC drill holes at NOA 7/8 include:

12BNRC0281 Including	22m @ 2.13g/t gold from 181m 3m @ 4.18g/t gold from 181m 2m @ 5.00g/t gold from 195m 2m @ 5.20g/t gold from 200m
12BNRC0283 Including	18m @ 2.4g/t gold from 191m 3m @ 4.13g/t gold from195m 4m @ 4.19g/t gold from 202m
13BNRC0285 Including	6m @ 5.78g/t gold from 233m 2m @ 14.10g/t gold from 233m



In late 2012, a RC drilling program was commenced at NOA7/8 (Figure 1 & 2) to target potential extensions to the ore zones down dip and along strike, and to upgrade Inferred Resources to Indicated with particular emphasis on positions close to planned development.

Holes 12BNRC0281-3 and 13BNRC0284-5 were drilled to test for depth extensions to a shallow south plunging shoot in the central lower portion of the resource (Figure 3). The holes intersected wide zones of mineralisation associated with quartz breccia within felsic volcanic rocks and shale.

The new drilling broadens the high-grade central core of the resource that remains open to the south.

The intersection of 6m @ 5.78g/t Au incl. 2m @14.1g/t Auin 13BNRC285 is significant because it suggests previous drilling has not closed off the mineralisation down dip on section 7011400N as previously interpreted.

Hole 13BNRC0286 was drilled below the northern end of the NOA7/8 pit and above the clearly defined north plunging shoot in an area that has been poorly drilled in the past. The ore zones within the pit are offset from the mineralisation at depth by a fault that gives the appearance that the mineralisation is cut off. If the mineralisation intersected in 13BNRC0286 is part of a continuous zone with a minor offset it opens up potential for shallow mineralisation within the oxide zone at the north end of the pit.

Next Steps

Additional drilling is required to test for extensions to the ore zones that have been identified following the recent drilling. The shallow north plunge was evident from drilling completed in mid-2012 but extensions down dip and along strike to the north within the oxide zone are now also considered priority targets.

The Scoping Study on NOA7/8 completed in 2012 identified several areas of Inferred Resources that could potentially be added to the mining schedule if the resources were upgraded. These areas will also be the target of a future drilling program.

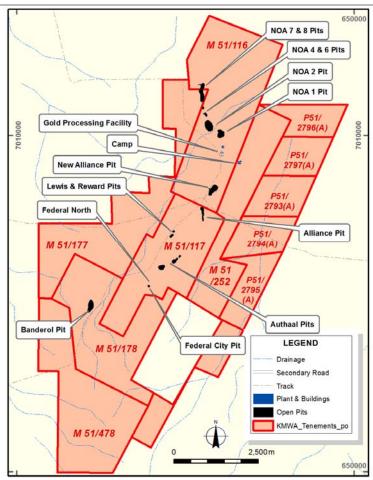


Figure 1 Burnakura Tenements and Pit Locations

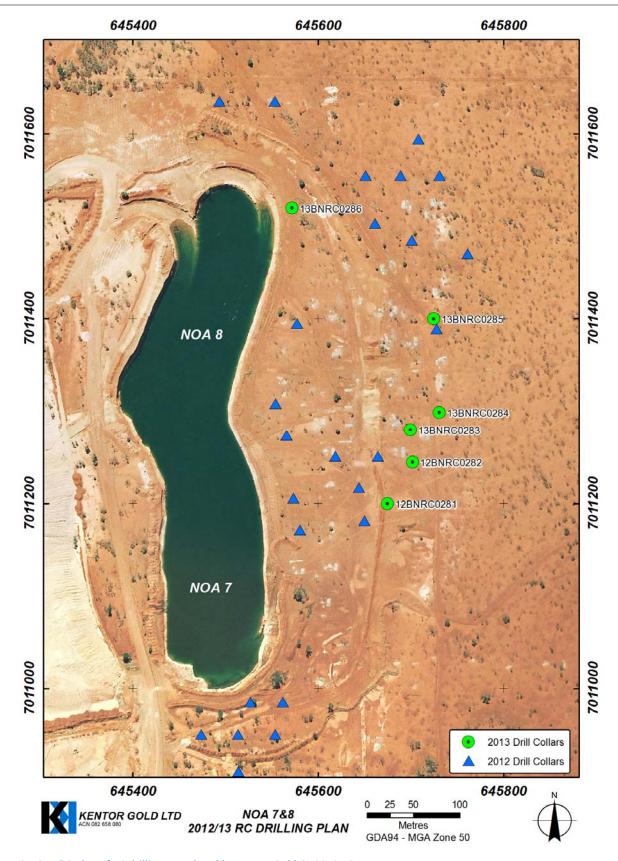


Figure 2 NOA7&8 Plan of RC drilling completed by Kentor Gold in 2012-13

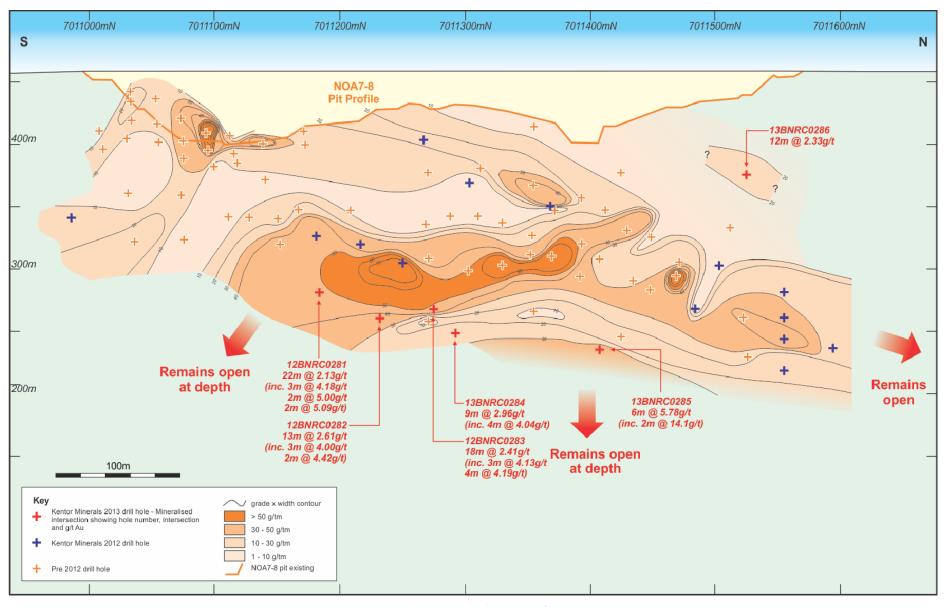


Figure 3 Longitudinal section looking west of NOA7&8

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Table 1 Significant results from NOA7&8 RC drilling

Hole ID	Easting	Northing	RL	Dip	Azimuth	From (m)	To (m)	Interval (m)	Gold g/t
12BNRC0281	645676	7011201	457.9	-60	270	181	203	22	2.13
					Incl.	181	184	3	4.18
					Incl.	195	197	2	5.00
					Incl.	200	202	2	5.09
12BNRC0282	645701	7011244	457.8	-60	270	209	222	13	2.61
					Incl.	215	218	3	4.00
					Incl.	220	222	2	4.42
13BNRC0283	645700	7011280	457.8	-60	270	191	209	18	2.41
					Incl.	195	198	3	4.13
					Incl.	202	206	4	4.19
13BNRC0284	645731	7011299	457.7	-60	270	221	230	9	2.96
					Incl.	223	227	4	4.04
13BNRC0285	645726	7011299	457.3	-60	270	233	239	6	5.78
					Incl.	233	235	2	14.10
13BNRC0286	645572	7011520	457.0	-60	270	76	88	12	2.33

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Competent Person Statement

The data in this report is based on information compiled by Martin Bennett, who is a member of the Australian Institute of Geoscientists and a full time employee of Kentor Gold Limited.

Mr. Bennett has sufficient experience which is relevant to the style of the mineralisation and the type of deposit under consideration and to the activity to which he is undertaking, to qualify as a Competent Person as defined in the 2004 Edition of the Australasian Code for Reporting of Exploration Results, Mineral Resources and Ore Reserves. Mr. Bennett has consented to the inclusion of this information in the form and context in which it appears in this report.