

Strategic Minerals Corporation N.L.

ACN 008 901 380

ANNUAL ACCOUNTS

Year Ended
31 December 2012

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CORPORATE DIRECTORY

DIRECTORS

Claude F Guerre (Chairman)
Wally A C Martin (Managing Director)
Jay Stephenson
Claude Bigeard

COMPANY SECRETARY

Jay Stephenson

REGISTERED OFFICE

Suite 4, Level 1 460 Roberts Road SUBIACO WA 6008

Tel: (08) 9388 8399 Fax: (08) 9388 8511 APPLECROSS WA 6153

Email: wally@stratmin.com.au Website: www.stratmin.com.au

SOLICITORS

Steinepreis Paganin Level 4 The Read Buildings 16 Milligan Street PERTH WA 6000 Tel: (08)9321 4000

AUDITORS

BDO Audit (WA) Pty Ltd 38 Station Street SUBIACO WA 6008 Tel: (08) 6382 4600

HOME EXCHANGE

Australian Stock Exchange Limited Exchange Plaza 2 The Esplanade PERTH WA 6000

ASX CODE

SMC

SHARE REGISTRY

Security Transfer Registrars 770 Canning Highway, Applecross

Tel: (08) 9315 2333 Fax: (08) 9315 2233

TENEMENT DIRECTORY

Prospect	Tenements	License No	Date Granted	Area	Interest	Comments
Woolgar	Perseverance	ML 2728	01/06/89	128 hectares	100%	Granted
Woolgar	Mowbray 3	ML 2729	01/06/89	128 hectares	100%	Granted
Woolgar	Mowbray	ML 2739	01/06/89	128 hectares	100%	Granted
Woolgar	Soapspar	ML 2642	01/02/89	4.05 hectares	100%	Granted
Woolgar	Soapspar	ML 2793	08/08/91	146.4 hectares	100%	Granted
Woolgar	Sandy Creek	ML 90044	27/04/95	29.2 hectares	100%	Granted
Woolgar	Woolgar	EPM 9599	01/09/93	145 sq km	100%	Granted
Woolgar	Sandy Creek	ML 90122	02/09/04	350.90 hectares	100%	Granted
Woolgar	Flat Creek	ML 90123	18/11/04	124.70 hectares	100%	Granted
Woolgar	Woolgar West	EPM 11886	21/04/04	316 sq km	100%	Renewal
Woolgar	Woolgar East	EPM 14060	21/04/04	489 sq km	100%	Renewal
Woolgar	Woolgar East	EPM 14209	21/04/04	307 sq km	100%	Renewal
Woolgar	Steam Engine	EPM 13942	09/11/06	15 sq km	100%	Renewal
Frome	Siccus JV	EL 4527	24/06/10	672 sq km	10%	Granted
Frome	Reaphook Hill JV	EL 4597	04/11/10	249 sq km	7.5%	Granted
Frome	Martins Well	EL 4744 *	11/05/11	784 sq km	100%	Granted
Frome	Lake Frome JV	EL 3937 *	27/09/07	126 sq km	10%	Expired

^{*} EL 4744 was previously EL 3508

^{**} EL 3937 has expired. An application has been lodged for a reduced area of 88 sq km as ELA 2012/00264

DIRECTORS' STATUTORY REPORT

Your directors present their report, together with the financial statements of the Group, being the Company and its controlled entities, for the financial year ended 31 December 2012.

DIRECTORS

The names, qualifications, experience and special responsibilities of the Directors in office at any time during or since year-end are as follows:

Mr C F Guerre

Chairman (Non-executive Director). Age 69

Mr Claude Guerre is based in Geneva where he is President of an investment and advisory company offering financial services to private and institutional investors.

Mr Guerre has over 22 years experience as a financial analyst, chief investment officer with a leading international banking group and over 22 years experience as an investment fund manager. Since establishing his financial services company in 1987, he has acted as a financial adviser and fund manager for several banks and financial institutions in Switzerland, Luxembourg, France and Spain.

He does not have any other Australian public company directorships.

Mr W A C Martin, Dip Legal Studies

Managing Director (Executive). Age 72

Mr Wally Martin has had extensive experience at senior management level in both the Government and private enterprise sectors for over 29 years with particular emphasis in the mining industry. Mr Martin was the founding Vice-President of the Association of Mining and Exploration Companies of WA and has, since 1979, been actively involved in the private sector of the mining industry as a managing director and director of a number of public listed mining companies. Mr Martin has been Managing Director of Strategic Minerals Corporation NL since 1991.

Mr Martin also holds a directorship in Hillcrest Litigation Service Ltd, a litigation fund company in Western Australia.

Mr C Bigeard

Director (Non-executive). Age 63

Mr Claude Bigeard has extensive financial management and banking experience, including three years with one of the first largest Swiss Banks in Geneva and 15 years in the largest private foreign banking group in Switzerland. Since 1996, he has been the Managing Director of his asset management and financial consulting company, CB Capital Management SA in Geneva, Switzerland.

Mr Bigeard does not have any other Australian public company directorships.

Mr Jay Stephenson MBA, FCPA, CMA, FCIS, MAICD

Director (Non-executive) and Company Secretary. Age 46

Mr Jay Stephenson has been involved in business development for over 20 years including the past 15 years as Director, Chief Financial Officer and Company Secretary for various listed and unlisted entities in resources, manufacturing, wine, hotels, and property. He has been involved in business acquisitions, mergers, initial public offerings, capital raisings, business restructuring as well managing all areas of finance for companies.

Mr Stephenson also holds a directorship in Aura Energy Limited, Drake Resources Limited, Quintessential Resources Limited, Doray Minerals Limited, Parker Resources NL, Nickelore Limited and Spencer Resources.

DIRECTORS' MEETINGS

The number of directors' meetings attended by each of the Directors of the Company who hold or held office during the financial year was:

Director	Meetings held	Meetings attended	Circular resolutions	Circular resolutions signed
C F Guerre	-	-	3	3
W A C Martin	-	-	3	3
C Bigeard	-	-	3	3
J Stephenson	-	-	3	3

DIRECTORS' INTERESTS

The relevant interests of Directors in the shares and options of the Company as at 31 December 2012 are as follows:

Director 2012	Shares direct	Shares indirect	Options direct	Options indirect
C F Guerre	895,000	4,050,000	2,500,000	-
W A C Martin	281,690	3,999,658	2,500,000	-
C Bigeard	-	-	2,500,000	-
J Stephenson	-	176,000	1,250,000	-

The relevant interests of Directors in the shares and options of the Company as at the date of the 2011 report were as follows:

Director 2011	Shares direct	Shares indirect	Options direct	Options indirect
C F Guerre	795,000	4,050,000	2,500,000	-
W A C Martin	281,690	3,899,658	2,500,000	-
C Bigeard	-	-	2,500,000	-
J Stephenson	_	176,000	1,250,000	-

The aggregate number of shares acquired directly or indirectly by Directors during the year up to the date of this report was:

Shares	Direct	Indirect
C F Guerre	100,000	-
W A C Martin	-	100,000
C Bigeard	-	-
Jay Stephenson	-	-

The Directors did not directly or indirectly acquire any options during the year up to the date of this report.

PRINCIPAL ACTIVITIES

The principal activity of the Consolidated Entity during the course of the financial year was gold and mineral exploration.

OPERATING RESULTS

The net consolidated loss of the Group for the year ended 31 December 2012 after providing for nil income tax was \$1,008,556 (2011: Loss of \$702,908).

REVIEW OF OPERATIONS

The 2012 drilling program, was designed to identify additional higher grade near surface gold resources in the Mesothermal zone, to the existing gold inventory and advance the project to mining feasibility stage. The drilling carried out by the Company at Woolgar in 2012 was very successful and resulted in the delineation of new gold mineralisation and the increased gold grades in many of the in-filled gold resource areas, primarily along the Woolgar fault zone.

A significant proportion of this gold mineralisation appears likely to be suitable for resource development. The 2012 drilling is now being fully assessed, along with previous drilling, and resource estimations will be carried out where sufficient data is available. The Company's pre 2008 extensive successive drilling programs, conducted over the epithermal targets in the Woolgar project which together with other global resources total around 770,000 ounces of gold.

DIVIDENDS

The Directors have not paid an interim dividend nor do they recommend the payment of a final dividend.

FINANCIAL POSITION

The net assets of the consolidated entity have decreased by \$960,358 to \$18,005,999 as at 31 December 2012. The major components of this movement were exploration expenditure principally incurred by the Company.

The consolidated entity's financial position has enabled the Group to limit its borrowings to internal parties and not to external financial institutions. This maintains a satisfactory working capital ratio.

The directors believe the Group is in a satisfactorily stable financial position to continue its current operations.

SIGNIFICANT CHANGES IN THE STATE OF AFFAIRS

There were no significant changes in the state of affairs of the Group during the year ended 31 December 2012.

SIGNIFICANT EVENTS SUBSEQUENT TO THE END OF THE FINANCIAL YEAR

In February 2013 the Company offered 94,191,250 shares at 3.2 cents in a fully underwritten non-renounceable entitlements issue. The Company raised \$3,014,120 from this issue.

There were no other significant events between the end of the financial year and the date of signing this report.

LIKELY DEVELOPMENTS AND EXPECTED RESULTS

Likely future developments in the operations of the Consolidated Entity are referred to in the "Review of Operations".

AUDIT COMMITTEE

The Company did not establish a separate Audit Committee of the Board of Directors in 2012. Refer to the Corporate Governance Statement in this Annual Report.

DIRECTORS' SHAREHOLDINGS, CONTRACTS AND BENEFITS

Since the end of the previous financial year no Director of the Company has received, or become entitled to receive a benefit (other than a benefit included in the aggregate amount of emoluments received or due and receivable by Directors shown in the accounts) by reason of a contract made by the Company with the Director or with a firm of which the Director is a member, or a Company in which the Director has a substantial financial interest, other than as disclosed in Note 26 of the accounts.

REMUNERATION REPORT (AUDITED)

The remuneration report is set out under the following main headings:

- (a) Principles used to determine the nature and amount of remuneration
- (b) Details of remuneration
- (c) Service agreements
- (d) Share-based compensation

The information provided in this remuneration report has been audited as required by section 308(3C) of the Corporations Act 2001.

(a) Principles used to determine the nature and amount of remuneration

The following report determines the principles used to determine the nature and amount of remuneration. The Board is responsible for determining and reviewing compensation arrangements for the Directors and the Executive team. The role also includes responsibility for share option schemes, superannuation entitlements, retirement and termination entitlements, fringe benefit policies, liability insurance policies and other terms of employment.

The Board will review the arrangements having regard to performance, relevant comparative information and at its discretion may obtain independent expert advice on the appropriateness of remuneration packages. Remuneration packages are set at levels intended to attract and retain Executives capable of managing the Company's activities.

The practices of negotiation and annual review of executive directors' performance and remuneration are carried out, in an informal way by the Managing Director who makes recommendations to the Board of the Company. The Chairman of the Board who makes recommendations to the full board undertakes, in an informal way, the review of the Managing Director's performance and remuneration. There is no formal relationship between remuneration and performance due to the Company still being in the exploration phase.

The Board will meet at least annually or as required, usually on the anniversary date of each service agreement for the particular Director and or Executive. At these meetings, the particular Director and/or Executive will declare his/her interest and not vote, as well he/she will depart from the meeting, so as not to be present whilst the issue is being discussed.

Given the nature and size of the Company there has been no requirement to engage the services of a remuneration consultant for the year ending 31 December 2012.

Remuneration of non-executive directors

Total remuneration for non-executive directors is not to exceed \$250,000 per annum, excluding options which are approved separately at a general meeting. Non-Executive Directors' fees are set with reference to fees paid to other Non-Executive Directors of comparable companies and are presently \$48,000 per annum (2011: \$48,000). The Non-Executive Chairman receives a fee of \$72,000 per annum (2011: \$72,000). Non-Executive Director's remuneration is reviewed annually by the Board.

Share trading policy

The trading of shares issued to participants under any of the Company's employee equity plans is subject to, and conditional upon, compliance with the Company's employee share trading policy, publicly available via the ASX on 20 December 2010.

The executive remuneration framework has two components:

- base pay and benefits, including superannuation where applicable; and
- long-term incentives through Directors options (refer note 23).

The executive remuneration mix is consistent with that of an exploration company in that pay is currently not based on the performance of the Company and both components of the executives target pay is not at risk. The table below sets out the percentage of long term incentives by way of options which contribute to the executive's remuneration mix.

REMUNERATION REPORT (AUDITED) - Continued

(b) Details of remuneration

Details of the nature and amount of each element of the emoluments of each of the key management personnel of the Company and the consolidated entity for the year ended 31 December 2012 are set out in the following tables.

	Short-term benefits		Post- employment benefits	Share based payment options	Total	Options as a percentage of remuneration
	Cash, salary & fees	Non- monetary	Super- annuation			
Year 2012	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	%
Executive Director						
Mr W A C. Martin	140,308	48,767	-	12,051	201,126	6%
Non- Executive Directors	S					
Mr C F Guerre*	72,000	3,352	-	12,051	87,403	14%
Mr C Bigeard	48,000	3,352	-	12,051	63,403	19%
Mr J Stephenson*	48,000	3,352	-	12,050	63,402	19%
	308,308	58,823	-	48,203	415,334	12%
Year 2011						
Executive Director						
Mr W A C. Martin	154,569	35,314	-	10,450	200,333	5%
Non- Executive Directors	S					
Mr C F Guerre*	72,000	3,826	-	10,450	86,276	12%
Mr C Bigeard	48,000	3,826	-	10,450	62,276	17%
Mr J Stephenson*	28,851	3,826	-	10,450	43,127	24%
_	303,420	46,792	-	41,800	392,012	11%

^{*}In 2011 and 2012, Mr Guerre and Mr Stephenson were directors of consulting companies which provided consulting services to Strategic Minerals for which fees outlined above were paid.

Long term incentives are provided through the Strategic Minerals Option Plan. The issue of options is not linked to performance conditions because by setting the option price at a level above the current share price at the time the options are granted provides incentive for management to improve the Group's performance.

Share-based compensation – Options:

Further details relating to options issued during the year are set out below:

	A. Remuneration consisting of options %	B. Value at grant date \$	C. Value at exercise date \$	D. Value at expiry date \$
Year 2012				
Mr W A C Martin	6%	12,051	-	-
Mr C F Guerre	14%	12,051	-	-
Mr C Bigeard	20%	12,051	-	-
Mr J Stephenson	20%	12,050	-	-
Year 2011				
Mr W A C Martin	5%	10,450	-	40,250
Mr C F Guerre	13%	10,450	-	40,250
Mr C Bigeard	18%	10,450	-	40,250
Mr J Stephenson	26%	10,450	-	-

REMUNERATION REPORT (AUDITED) - Continued

(b) Details of remuneration (cont.)

- A. The percentage of the value of remuneration consisting of options, based on the value at grant date set out in column B.
- B. The value at grant date calculated in accordance with AASB 2 Share-based Payment of options granted during the year as part of remuneration.
- C. The value at exercise date of options that were granted as part of remuneration and were exercised during the year.
- D. The value at lapse date of options that were granted as part of remuneration and that lapsed during the year.

(c) Service agreements

The Company has entered into a service agreement with the Managing Director, Mr Wally Martin, who is employed on a salary of \$153,849 per annum. The service agreement is for a fixed term until 30 June 2014.

There are no service agreements in place for Non-Executive Directors.

(d) Share-based Compensation

Options

There were 10.0 million options on issue at 31 December 2012 for shares in the Company exercisable at 4.25 cents each on or before 30 April 2013.

The terms and conditions of each grant of options affecting remuneration in the previous, this or future reporting periods are as follows:

Grant Date	Date Vested and exercisable	Expiry Date	Exercise Price	Value per option at grant date	Performance 2012 %	Vested 2012 %
31 May 2011	31 May 2012	30 April 2013	\$0.0425	\$0.009	12%	100%

No options were exercised during the year.

The assessed fair value at grant date of options granted to the individuals is allocated equally over the period from grant date to vesting date, and the amount is included in the remuneration tables above. Fair values at grant date are determined using a Black-Scholes option pricing model that takes into account the exercise price, the term of the option, the impact of dilution, the share price at grant date and expected price volatility of the underlying share, the expected dividend yield and the risk-free interest rate for the term of the option.

Equity Instruments issued on exercise of remuneration options

There were no equity instruments issued during the period to Directors or other key management personnel as a result of options exercised that had previously been granted as compensation.

END OF AUDITED REMUNERATION REPORT

LOANS TO DIRECTORS AND EXECUTIVES

No loans have been made to Directors of Strategic Minerals Corporation NL and the specified executives of the consolidated entity, including their personally-related entities.

SHARES UNDER OPTION

Unissued ordinary shares of Strategic Minerals Corporation NL under option at the date of this report are as follows:

Date options granted	Expiry date	Exercise Price	Number under option
31 May 2011	30 April 2013	\$0.0425	10,000,000
			10,000,000

No option holder has any right under the options to participate in any other share issue of the Company or of any other entity.

SHARES ISSUED ON THE EXERCISE OF OPTIONS

There were no ordinary shares of Strategic Minerals Corporation NL issued during or since the end of the financial year ended 31 December 2012 on the exercise of options. No further shares have been issued since that date. No amounts are unpaid on any of the shares.

LIABILITY INSURANCE

The Company, for a premium of \$13,409 has taken out an insurance policy to cover its Directors and Officers to indemnify them against any claims of negligence.

ENVIRONMENTAL REGULATION

The mining leases granted to the Company pursuant to Mining Acts are granted subject to various conditions, which include standard environmental requirements. The Company adheres to these conditions and the Directors are not aware of any contraventions of these requirements.

The Directors have considered compliance with the National Greenhouse and Energy Reporting Act 2007 which requires entities to report annual greenhouse gas emissions and energy use. For the first measurement period the directors have assessed that there are no current reporting requirements, but may be required to do so in the future.

NON-AUDIT SERVICES

The Company may decide to employ the auditor on assignments additional to their statutory audit duties where the auditors experience and expertise with the Company and/or consolidated entity are important.

The Board of Directors has considered the position and is satisfied that the provision of the non-audit services is compatible with the general standard of independence of auditors imposed by the Corporations Act 2001. The Directors are satisfied that the provision of non-audit services by the auditor, as set out below to the accounts, did not compromise the auditor independence requirements of the Corporations Act 2001 for the following reason;

None of the audit services undermine the general principles relating to auditor independence as set out in APES 110, Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants, including reviewing or auditing the auditor's own work, acting in a management or decision-making capacity for the Company, acting as advocate for the Company or jointly sharing economic risk and rewards.

NON-AUDIT SERVICES (cont.)	CONSOLID	ATED
During the year the following fees were paid or are payable for services provided by BDO for non-audit services provided during the year ended 31 December 2012	2012 \$	2011 \$
Taxation Services and Accounting Services		
BDO Corporate Tax (WA) Pty Ltd	15,029	11,082
Total remuneration for taxation services	15,029	11,082

PROCEEDINGS ON BEHALF OF THE COMPANY

No person has applied for leave of Court to bring proceedings on behalf of the company or intervene in any proceedings to which the Company is a party for the purpose of taking responsibility on behalf of the Company for all or any part of those proceedings.

The Company was not a party to any such proceedings during the year.

AUDITORS INDEPENDENCE DECLARATION

estant.

A copy of the auditors' independence declaration as required under Section 307C of the *Corporations Act 2001* is set out on page 13.

AUDITORS

The auditor, BDO Audit (WA) Pty Ltd continues in accordance with S. 327 of the Corporations Act 2001.

W A C MARTIN
Managing Director

Signed at Perth this 28th day of March 2013 in accordance with a resolution of Directors.



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28 March 2013

Board of Directors Strategic Minerals Corporation NL Suite 4, Level 1 460 Roberts Road SUBIACO 6008

Dear Sirs,

DECLARATION OF INDEPENDENCE BY CHRIS BURTON TO THE DIRECTORS OF STRATEGIC MINERALS CORPORATION NL

As lead auditor of Strategic Minerals Corporation NL for the year ended 31 December 2012, I declare that, to the best of my knowledge and belief, there have been no contraventions of:

- the auditor independence requirements of the Corporations Act 2001 in relation to the audit;
 and
- any applicable code of professional conduct in relation to the audit.

This declaration is in respect of Strategic Minerals Corporation NL and the entities it controlled during the period.

CHRIS BURTON

C B to

Director

BDO Audit (WA) Pty Ltd Perth, Western Australia

CORPORATE GOVERNANCE STATEMENT

For the year ended 31 December 2012

The Board of Directors of Strategic Minerals Corporation NL ("Company") is committed to maintaining high standards of Corporate Governance. This statement outlines the main Corporate Governance practices that were adopted or in place throughout the financial year, which comply with the ASX Corporate Governance Council recommendations, unless otherwise stated.

The essential corporate governance principles are:

- 1 Lay solid foundations for management and oversight;
- 2 Structure the Board to add value:
- 3 Promote ethical and responsible decision-making;
- 4 Safeguard integrity in financial reporting;
- 5 Make timely and balanced disclosure;
- 6 Respect the rights of shareholders;
- 7 Recognise and manage risk;
- 8 Remunerate fairly and responsibly.

PRINCIPLE 1: LAY SOLID FOUNDATIONS FOR MANAGEMENT AND OVERSIGHT

Recommendation 1.1: Management should establish and disclose the functions reserved to the board and delegated to management.

Roles and Responsibilities:

The roles and responsibilities carried out by the Board are to:

- Oversee control and accountability of the Company;
- Set the broad targets, objectives, and strategies;
- Monitor financial performance;
- Assess and review risk exposure and management;
- Oversee compliance, corporate governance, and legal obligations;
- Approve all major purchases, disposals, acquisitions, and issue of new shares;
- Approve the annual and half-year financial statements;
- Appoint and remove the Company's Auditor;
- Appoint and assess the performance of the Managing Director and members of the senior management team;
- Report to shareholders.

The Board is also governed by the Company's constitution. The day to day management of the Company's affairs and implementation of corporate strategies and policy initiatives are formally delegated by the Board to the Managing Director and senior executives.

Recommendation 1.2 Companies should disclose the process for evaluating the performance of senior executives.

There are no formal processes for monitoring senior executive performance as the size of the Company permits ongoing monitoring by the board of senior executive performance.

Recommendation 1.3 Provide the information indicated in the ASX Corporate Governance Council's Guide to Reporting on Principle 1.

The evaluation of performance of senior executives has taken place throughout the year.

PRINCIPLE 2: STRUCTURE THE BOARD TO ADD VALUE

Recommendation 2.1: A majority of the Board should be Independent Directors.

Given the Company's background, nature and size of its business and the current stage of its development, the Board is comprised of four directors, three of whom are non-executive, including Mr Bigeard who is independent. The Board believes that this is both appropriate and acceptable.

Recommendation 2.2: The Chairperson should be an Independent Director.

The Chairperson, Mr Claude Guerre, is not independent, as set out above, but due to his experience and expertise in areas the Company operates in, the Board considers he is suitably skilled to perform the role.

Recommendation 2.3: The roles of the chairperson and chief executive officer should not be exercised by the same individual.

The positions of Chairman and Managing Director are held by separate persons.

Recommendation 2.4: The Board should establish a nomination committee.

The Company will establish a nomination committee charter; however it has not established a nomination committee at this time due to the company's background, nature and size of its business and the current stage of its development. The Board undertakes the process of determining the need for, screening and appointing new directors.

Recommendation 2.5: Disclose the process for performance evaluation of the Board, its committees and individual Directors, and key executives.

The Company has adopted self-evaluation processes to manage Board performance. An annual review is undertaken in relation to the composition and skills mix of the Directors of the Company.

Recommendation 2.6: Provide the information indicated in the ASX Corporate Governance Council's Guide to Reporting on Principle 2.

The skills and experience for the directors are set out in the company's Annual Report and on its website.

The Company has not included on its website, information on procedures for the selection and appointment of new Directors as these procedures are not formalised.

3. Promote ethical and responsible decision-making.

Recommendation 3.1: Establish a code of conduct to guide the Directors, the Chief Executive Officer (or equivalent) and any other key executives as to:

- 3.1.1 The practices necessary to maintain confidence in the Company's integrity;
- 3.1.2 The practices necessary to take into account legal obligations and the reasonable expectations of shareholders;
- 3.1.2 The responsibility and accountability of individuals for reporting and investigating reports of unethical practices.

The Company has adopted a Code of Conduct setting standards expected of directors, officers, employees and contractors and demonstrate the Company's commitment to conducting business in an ethical and accountable manner. Directors, officers, employees and contractors are expected to act with integrity and objectivity, striving at all times to enhance the reputation and performance of the Company.

Adherence to the code of conduct is expected at all times and the Board actively promotes a culture of quality and integrity.

The Board monitors the implementation of the Code. Breaches are reported by employees or contractors to the Managing Director or Company Secretary.

Recommendation 3.2: Establish a policy concerning diversity and disclose the policy or a summary of that policy. The policy should include requirements for the board to establish measurable objectives for achieving gender diversity for the board to assess annually both the objectives and progress in achieving them.

The Company has a diversity policy included in its Corporate Governance Policy.

Recommendation 3.3: Disclose in each annual report the measurable objectives for achieving gender diversity set by the board in accordance with the diversity policy and progress towards achieving them.

The Company believes that the promotion of diversity on boards, in senior management and within the organisation generally broadens the pool for recruitment of high quality directors and employees; is likely to support employee retention; through the inclusion of different perspectives, is likely to encourage greater innovation; and is socially and economically responsible governance practice.

The Company is in compliance with the ASX Corporate Governance Council's Principles & Recommendations on Diversity. The Board of Directors is responsible for adopting and monitoring the Company's diversity policy. The policy sets out the beliefs and goals and strategies of the Company with respect to diversity within the Company. Diversity within the Company means all the things that make individuals different to one another including gender, ethnicity, religion, culture, language, sexual orientation, disability and age. It involves a commitment to equality and to treating of one another with respect.

The Company is dedicated to promoting a corporate culture that embraces diversity. The Company believes that diversity begins with the recruitment and selection practices of its board and its staff. Hiring of new employees and promotion of current employees are made on the bases of performance, ability and attitude.

Recommendation 3.4: Disclose in each annual report the proportion of women employees in the whole organisation, women in senior executive positions and women on the board.

Currently there is one woman working in the organisation.

Recommendation 3.5: Provide the information indicated in the ASX Corporate Governance Council's Guide to Reporting on Principle 3.

A summary of both the Company's Code of Conduct and its Share Trading Policy will be included on the Company's website.

PRINCIPLE 4: SAFEGUARD INTEGRITY IN FINANCIAL REPORTING

Recommendation 4.1: The Board should establish an audit committee.

The Company's Audit Committee charter, however it has not established an audit committee at this time. Given the small size of the Board, the Board as a whole perform the functions of an audit committee.

Recommendation 4.2: *Structure the Audit Committee so that it consists of:*

- Only non-executive directors
- A majority of independent directors
- An independent chairperson, who is not chairperson of the Board
- At least 3 members

Refer to Recommendation 4.1.

Recommendation 4.3: The Audit Committee should have a formal charter.

Refer to Recommendation 4.1

Recommendation 4.4: Provide the information indicated in the ASX Corporate Governance Council's Guide to Reporting on Principle 4.

Refer to Recommendation 4.1.

Recommendation 5.1: Establish written policies and procedure designed to ensure compliance with ASX Listing Rules disclosure requirements and to ensure accountability at a senior management level for that compliance.

The Company has a formal continuous disclosure policy. The policy requires all executives and Directors to inform the Managing Director or in his absence the Company Secretary of any potentially material information as soon as practical after they become aware of that information.

Information is material if it is likely that the information would influence investors who commonly acquire securities on the ASX in deciding whether to buy, sell or hold the Company's securities.

Information need not be disclosed only if the ASX listing rules provide for non-disclosure.

The Managing Director is responsible for interpreting and monitoring the Company's disclosure policy and where necessary informing the Board. The Company Secretary is responsible for all communications with ASX.

Recommendation 5.2: Provide the information indicated in the ASX Corporate Governance Councils' Guide to Reporting on Principle 5.

Disclosure is reviewed as a routine agenda item at each Board meeting.

PRINCIPLE 6: RESPECT THE RIGHTS OF SHAREHOLDERS

Recommendation 6.1: Design and disclose a communications strategy to promote effective communication with shareholders and encourage effective participation at general meetings.

The Company is committed to dealing fairly, transparently and promptly with shareholders. The Board aims to ensure that the shareholders are informed of all major developments.

The annual report is distributed to all shareholders who have specifically requested the document. In addition, the Company makes all ASX announcements, details of shareholder meetings and financial reports available of the Company's website.

Half-year financial reports prepared in accordance with the requirements of Accounting Standards and the Corporations Act 2001 are lodged with the Australian Securities and Investments Commission and the Australian Securities Exchange. The financial reports are sent to any shareholder who requests them and quarterly reports are submitted to the ASX under the requirements of the Exchange relating to mining companies. Copies of the quarterly reports are sent to shareholders whenever sufficient new information in the report warrants distribution.

Recommendation 6.2: Request the external auditor to attend the annual general meeting and be available to answer shareholder questions about the conduct of the audit, and the preparation and content of the auditor's report.

The Company's auditor, BDO Audit (WA) Pty Ltd, will be in attendance at the annual general meeting and will also be available to answer questions from shareholders about the conduct of the audit and the preparation and content of the auditor's report.

PRINCIPLE 7: RECOGNISE AND MANAGE RISK

Recommendation 7.1: The Board or appropriate committee should establish policies on risk oversight and management of material business risks and disclose a summary of those policies.

The Board is responsible for the oversight of the Company's risk management and control framework. Responsibility for control and risk management is delegated to the appropriate level. The Risk Management Policy is reviewed annually. A copy of the Risk Management Policy is available on the Company's website.

Recommendation 7.2: The chief executive officer (or equivalent) and the chief financial officer (or equivalent) to state in writing to the Board that:

- 7.2.1 The statement given in accordance with best practice recommendation 4.1 (the integrity of financial statements) is founded on a sound system of risk management and internal compliance and control which implements the policies adopted by the Board.
- 7.2.2 The Company's risk management and internal compliance and control system is operating efficiently and effectively in all material respects.

The Chief Financial Officer and Company Secretary states in writing to the Board that:

- The statement given in accordance with best practice recommendation 4.1 (the integrity of financial statements) is founded on a sound system of risk management and internal compliance and control, which implements the policies adopted by the Board.
- The Company's risk management and internal compliance and control system is operating efficiently and effectively in all material respects.

Recommendation 7.3: The board should disclose whether it has received assurance from the chief executive officer (or equivalent) and the chief financial officer (or equivalent) that the declaration provided in accordance with section 295A of the Corporations Act is founded on a system of risk management and internal control and that the system is operating effectively in all material respects in relation to the financial reporting risks.

The Company's Managing Director and Chief Financial Officer provide this statement.

Recommendation 7.4: Provide the information indicated in the ASX Corporate Governance Council's Guide to reporting on Principle 7.

A description of the Company's risk oversight and management policy and internal compliance and control system is included on the Company's website.

PRINCIPLE 8: REMUNERATE FAIRLY AND RESPONSIBLY

Recommendation 8.1: The Board should establish a remuneration committee.

The Company has a charter for a remuneration committee however; a committee has not been established at this time. Given the small size of the board, the entire board performs the functions of the remuneration committee.

Recommendation 8.2: Clearly distinguish the structure of non-executive Directors' remuneration from that of executives.

The Company outlines the structure of remuneration of non-executive Directors and executives of the Company in the Remuneration report in the annual report.

Recommendation 8.3: Provide the information indicated in the ASX Corporate Governance Council's Guide to Reporting on Principle 8

Refer to Recommendation 8.1 in relation to the remuneration committee.

Refer to the Remuneration report in this Annual Report in relation to the superannuation payments to directors. The Company does not have a superannuation scheme for its employees.

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME For the year ended 31 December 2012

	Notes		
		2012	2011
		\$	\$
Revenue and other income from continuing operations	6	106,594	113,642
Administration expense		(189,153)	(358,246)
Consulting and legal		(171,458)	-
Depreciation and amortization	7	(30,916)	(27,536)
Employee benefit expense		(218,217)	(256,477)
Finance costs	7	-	(9)
Premises expense		(103,149)	(99,175)
Impairment of tenements	15	(329,881)	-
Share based payment expense	23	(48,203)	(41,800)
Other expense		(24,173)	(33,307)
(Loss) before income tax		(1,008,556)	(702,908)
Income tax expense/(benefit)	9	-	-
(Loss) for the year		(1,008,556)	(702,908)
Other comprehensive income for the year		-	-
Total comprehensive income for the year	_	(1,008,556)	(702,908)
Loss and Total Comprehensive Income is attributable to:			
Equity holders of the Company		(1,000,354)	(702,600)
Non Controlling Interest		(8,202)	(308)
		(1,008,556)	(702,908)
Loss per share attributable to the ordinary equity holders of		Cents	Cents
the Company	10	(0.40)	(0.44)
Basic (loss) per share	10	(0.18)	(0.14)

Where diluted earnings per share are anti dilutive, they are not disclosed.

The above consolidated statement of comprehensive income should be read in conjunction with the accompanying notes.

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION As at 31 December 2012

As at 31 December 2012	Notes	2012	2011
		\$	\$
ASSETS		·	·
Current assets			
Cash and cash equivalents	11	641,045	2,891,542
Trade and other receivables	12	107,928	110,479
Total current assets		748,973	3,002,021
Non current assets			
Financial assets	13	65,513	65,513
Plant and equipment	14	85,319	67,060
Mineral exploration & evaluation expenditure	15	17,417,784	16,117,244
Other non-current assets	16	60,051	11,051
Total non current assets	_	17,628,667	16,260,868
TOTAL ASSETS		18,377,640	19,262,889
LIABILITIES			
Current liabilities			
Trade and other payables	17	295,672	228,243
Provisions	18	75,969	68,289
Total current liabilities	_	371,641	296,532
TOTAL LIABILITIES		371,641	296,532
NET ASSETS	_	18,005,999	18,966,357
EQUITY			
Contributed equity	19	40,779,629	40,779,629
Reserves	21	3,062,525	3,014,322
Accumulated losses	22	(25,830,269)	(24,830,217)
Capital and reserves attributable to owners of Strategic Minerals Corporation NL		18,011,885	18,963,734
Non controlling interest	20	(5,886)	2,623
TOTAL EQUITY	_	18,005,999	18,966,357

The above consolidated statement of financial position should be read in conjunction with the accompanying notes.

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY

For the year ended 31 December 2011	Contributed equity	Share based payments reserve	Accumulated Losses	Total	Non Controlling Interest	Total Equity
	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
Balance at 1 January 2011	37,411,575	3,242,272	(24,397,059)	16,256,788	2,624	16,259,412
Total comprehensive income for the year	-	-	(702,600)	(702,600)	(308)	(702,908)
Transactions with owners in their capacity as owners:						
Loss for the year	-	-	(308)	(308)	307	(1)
Employee share options – value of employee services	-	41,800	-	41,800	-	41,800
Contributions of equity, net of transaction costs	3,368,054	-	-	3,368,054	-	3,368,054
Options expired during the year	-	(269,750)	269,750	-	-	-
Balance at 31 December 2011	40,779,629	3,014,322	(24,830,217)	18,963,734	2,623	18,966,357
Balance at 1 January 2012	40,779,629	3,014,322	(24,830,217)	18,963,734	2,623	18,966,357
Total comprehensive income for the year	-	-	(1,000,354)	(1,000,354)	(8,202)	(1,008,556)
Transactions with owners in their capacity as owners:						
Reclassification of NCI movement from prior period	-	-	302	302	(307)	(5)
Issue of Directors Options	-	48,203	-	48,203	-	48,203
Balance at 31 December 2012	40,779,629	3,062,525	(25,830,269)	18,011,885	(5,886)	18,005,999

The above consolidated statement of changes in equity should be read in conjunction with the accompanying notes.

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS For the year ended 31 December 2012

	Notes		
		2012 20	011
		\$	\$
Cash flow from operating activities:			
Payments to suppliers & employees		(679,303)	(799,729)
Interest received		105,207	113,642
Net cash (outflow) from operating activities	27(i)	(574,096)	(686,087)
Cash flow from investing activities:			
Purchase of property, plant, equipment		(48,939)	(41,354)
Proceeds from sale of property, plant, equipment		1,387	-
Payments of security deposits		(49,000)	-
Payments for exploration expenditure assets		(1,579,850) (1	1,463,715)
Net cash (outflow) from investing activities		(1,676,401) (1	1,505,069)
Cash flow from financing activities:			
Proceeds from issue of shares		-	3,534,264
Cost of capital raising		-	(166,210)
Net cash inflow from financing activities		-	3,368,054
Net increase / (decrease) in cash held		(2,250,497)	1,176,898
Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of the period		2,891,542	1,714,644
Cash and cash equivalents at the end of period	27(ii)	641,045	2,891,542

The above consolidated statement of cash flows should be read in conjunction with the accompanying notes.

NOTE 1 GENERAL INFORMATION

These consolidated financial statements and notes represent those of Strategic Minerals Corporation NL and Controlled Entities (the Consolidated Group or "Group"). Strategic Minerals is a no liability company incorporated and domiciled in Australia. The addresses of its registered office and principal place of business are disclosed on page 2 of this report.

The separate financial statements of the parent entity, Strategic Minerals Corporation NL, have not been presented within this financial report as permitted by the *Corporations Act 2001*.

The financial statements were authorised for issue on 28 March 2013 by the Directors of the Company.

NOTE 2 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

(a) Basis of preparation

These general purpose financial statements have been prepared in accordance with Australian Accounting Standards, other authoritative pronouncements of the Australian Accounting Standards Board, Australian Accounting Interpretations and the *Corporations Act 2001*.

Australian Accounting Standards set out accounting policies that the AASB has concluded would result in a financial report containing relevant and reliable information about transactions, events and conditions to which they apply. The financial statements and notes also comply with International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRS) as issued by the International Accounting Standards Board (IASB). Material accounting policies adopted in the preparation of these financial statements are presented below. They have been consistently applied unless otherwise stated.

The financial statements have been prepared on an accruals basis and are based on historical costs modified, where applicable, by the measurement at fair value of selected non-current assets, financial assets and financial liabilities.

Going concern basis of preparation

The 31 December 2012 financial report has been prepared on the going concern basis that contemplates the continuity of normal business activities and the realization of assets and extinguishment of liabilities in the ordinary course of business. For the year ended 31 December 2012 the Group recorded a loss after tax of \$1,008,556 (2011: \$702,908) and had a net working capital surplus of \$377,332 (31 December 2011: surplus of \$2,705,489).

Following the successful rights issue in February 2013 which raised \$3,014,120, the Board is confident of the Group's ability to continue as a going concern and realise its assets and extinguish its liabilities in the normal course of business and at the amounts stated in the financial report.

Based on these facts, the Directors consider the going concern basis of preparation to be appropriate for this financial report.

NOTE 2 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

(a) Basis of preparation (cont.)

Critical accounting estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with AIFRS requires the use of certain critical accounting estimates. It also requires management to exercise its judgment in the process of applying the Group's accounting policies. The areas involving a higher degree of judgment or complexity, or areas where assumptions and estimates are significant to the financial statements are disclosed in note 5.

(b) Principles of consolidation

(i) Subsidiaries

The consolidated financial statements incorporate the assets, liabilities and results of entities controlled by Strategic Minerals Corporation NL at the end of the reporting period. Subsidiaries are all those entities (including special purpose entities) over which the Group has the power to govern the financial and operating policies, generally accompanying a shareholding of more than one-half of the voting rights. The existence and effect of potential voting rights that are currently exercisable or convertible are considered when assessing whether the Group controls another entity.

Subsidiaries are fully consolidated from the date on which control is transferred to the Group. They are de-consolidated from the date that control ceases. The purchase method of accounting is used to account for the acquisition of subsidiaries by the Group.

Intercompany transactions, balances and unrealised gains on transactions between Group companies are eliminated. Unrealised losses are also eliminated unless the transaction provides evidence of the impairment of the asset transferred. Accounting policies of subsidiaries have been changed where necessary to ensure consistency with the policies adopted by the Group.

Non-controlling interest, being the equity in a subsidiary not attributable directly or indirectly to a parent, is reported separately within the equity section of the consolidated statement of financial position and statement of comprehensive income. The non-controlling interest in the net assets comprise their interests at the date of the original business combination and their share of changes in equity since that date.

(c) Segment reporting

The accounting policies used by the Group in reporting segments are in accordance with the measurement principles of Australian Accounting Standards.

The Group has identified its operating segments based on the internal reports that are provided to the Board of Directors on a regular basis. Management has identified the operating segments based on the main minerals of the members of the Group. The two main mineral types of the Group are Uranium and Gold. The Uranium projects are held within the subsidiary Alpha Uranium Pty Ltd and the Gold Projects are held in Strategic Minerals Corporation NL.

(d) Revenue recognition

Revenue is measured at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable. Amounts disclosed as revenue are net of returns, trade allowances and duties and taxes paid.

Interest income is recognised on a time proportion basis using the effective interest method. When a receivable is impaired, the Group reduces the carrying amount to its recoverable amount, being the estimated future cash flow discounted at the original effective interest rate of the instrument, and continues unwinding the discount as interest income. Interest income on impaired loans is recognised using the original effective interest rate.

NOTE 2 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

(e) Income tax

The income tax expense or revenue for the period is the tax payable on the current period's taxable income based on the national income tax rate for each jurisdiction adjusted by changes in deferred tax assets and liabilities attributable to temporary differences between the tax bases of assets and liabilities and their carrying amounts in the financial statements, and to unused tax losses.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are recognised for temporary differences at the tax rates expected to apply when the assets are recovered or liabilities are settled, based on those tax rates which are enacted or substantively enacted for each jurisdiction. The relevant tax rates are applied to the cumulative amounts of deductible and taxable temporary differences to measure the deferred tax asset or liability. An exception is made for certain temporary differences arising from the initial recognition of an asset or a liability. No deferred tax asset or liability is recognised in relation to these temporary differences if they arose in a transaction, other than a business combination, that at the time of the transaction did not affect either accounting profit or taxable profit or loss.

Deferred tax assets are recognised for deductible temporary differences and unused tax losses only if it is probable that future taxable amounts will be available to utilise those temporary differences and losses.

Deferred tax liabilities and assets are not recognised for temporary differences between the carrying amount and tax bases of investments in controlled entities where the parent entity is able to control the timing of the reversal of the temporary differences and it is probable that the differences will not reverse in the foreseeable future.

Current and deferred tax balances attributable to amounts recognised directly in equity are also recognised directly in equity.

(f) Impairment of non-financial assets

Assets are reviewed for impairment whenever events or changes in circumstances indicate that the carrying amount may not be recoverable. An impairment loss is recognised for the amount by which the asset's carrying amount exceeds its recoverable amount. The recoverable amount is the higher of an asset's fair value less costs to sell and value in use. For the purposes of assessing impairment, assets are grouped at the lowest levels for which there are separately identifiable cash inflows which are largely independent of the cash inflows from other assets or groups of assets (cash-generating units). Non-financial assets other than goodwill that suffered an impairment are reviewed for possible reversal of the impairment at each reporting date.

(g) Cash and cash equivalents

For statement of cashflows presentation purposes, cash and cash equivalents includes cash on hand, deposits held at call with financial institutions, other short-term, highly liquid investments with original maturities of three months or less that are readily convertible to known amounts of cash and which are subject to an insignificant risk of changes in value, and bank overdrafts. Bank overdrafts are shown within borrowings in current liabilities on the statement of financial position.

NOTE 2 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

(h) Trade receivables

Trade receivables are recognised initially at fair value and subsequently measured at amortised cost, less provision for doubtful debts. Trade receivables are due for settlement no more than 30 days from the date of recognition.

Collectability of trade receivables is reviewed on an ongoing basis. Debts which are known to be uncollectible are written off against the receivable directly unless a provision for impairment has previously been recognised. A provision for doubtful receivables is established when there is objective evidence that the Group will not be able to collect all amounts due according to the original terms of receivables. The amount of the provision is the difference between the asset's carrying amount and the present value of estimated future cash flows, discounted at the effective interest rate. The amount of the provision is recognised in the statement of comprehensive income as part of other expenses.

Evidence of impairment may include indications that the customer is experiencing significant financial difficulty, where debt collection procedures have been commenced, there is a fair probability that the customer will be put into administration or liquidation, or where balances are outstanding for more than 7 days. Receivables are determined to be uncollectible only when there is no expectation of recovering any additional cash. This may occur when a final distribution has been made from administrators/liquidators, or where unsuccessful attempts have been made to recover the debt through legal actions or debt collection agencies and the prospect of recovering any additional cash is remote.

(i) Financial Instruments

Financial Instruments are initially recognised at fair value plus transaction costs. Subsequent to initial recognition they are measured as follows:

Loans and receivables and held-to-maturity investments are carried at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

Available for sale financial assets are measured at fair value. Listed shares are valued at closing bid price.

Impairment

The Group assesses at the end of each reporting period whether there is objective evidence that a financial asset or group of financial assets is impaired. In the case of equity securities classified as available for sale, a significant or prolonged decline in the fair value of a security below its cost is considered in determining whether the security is impaired. If any such evidence exists for available-for-sale financial assets, the cumulative loss - measured as the difference between the acquisition cost and the current fair value, less any impairment loss on that financial asset previously recognised in profit and loss - is removed from equity and recognised in the statement of comprehensive income. Impairment losses recognised in the statement of comprehensive income on equity instruments are not reversed through the statement of comprehensive income.

Fair value estimation

The fair value of financial assets and financial liabilities must be estimated for recognition and measurement or for disclosure purposes.

The fair values of quoted financial assets are based on current bid prices. If the market for a financial asset is not active (and for unlisted securities) the Group establishes fair value by using a variety of valuation techniques. Where the fair value of a financial asset cannot be reliably measured, it will be measured at cost.

The nominal value less estimated credit adjustments of trade receivables and payables are assumed to approximate their fair values. The fair value of financial liabilities for disclosure purposes is estimated by discounting the future contractual cash flows at the current market interest rate that is available to the Group for similar financial instruments.

NOTE 2 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

(j) Property, plant and equipment

All property, plant and equipment is stated at historical cost less depreciation. Historical cost includes expenditure that is directly attributable to the acquisition of the items.

Subsequent costs are included in the asset's carrying amount or recognised as a separate asset, as appropriate, only when it is probable that future economic benefits associated with the item will flow to the Group and the cost of the item can be measured reliably. All other repairs and maintenance are charged to the statement of comprehensive income during the financial period in which they are incurred.

Depreciation on other assets is calculated using the straight line method to allocate their cost or re-valued amounts, net of their residual values, over their estimated useful lives, as follows:

Machinery 10-15 years
 Vehicles 3-5 years
 Furniture, fittings and equipment 3-8 years

The assets' residual values and useful lives are reviewed, and adjusted if appropriate, at each reporting date.

An asset's carrying amount is written down immediately to its recoverable amount if the asset's carrying amount is greater than its estimated recoverable amount (note 4(f)).

Gains and losses on disposals are determined by comparing proceeds with carrying amount. These are included in the statement of comprehensive income.

(k) Trade and other payables

These amounts represent liabilities for goods and services provided to the consolidated entity prior to the end of the financial year and which are unpaid. The amounts are unsecured and are usually paid within 30 days of recognition.

Trade and other payables are classified as financial liabilities. Financial liabilities are measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

(I) Borrowings

Borrowings are initially recognised at fair value, net of transaction costs incurred. Borrowings are subsequently measured at amortised cost. Any difference between the proceeds (net of transaction costs) and the redemption amount is recognised in the statement of comprehensive income over the period of the borrowings using the effective interest method.

Borrowings are classified as current liabilities unless the Group has an unconditional right to defer settlement of the liability for at least 12 months after the reporting date.

(m) Borrowing costs

Borrowing costs incurred for the construction of any qualifying asset are capitalised during the period of time that is required to complete and prepare the asset for its intended use or sale. Other borrowing costs are expensed.

The capitalisation rate used to determine the amount of borrowing costs to be capitalised is the weighted average interest rate applicable to the entity's outstanding borrowings during the year.

NOTE 2 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

(n) Provisions

Provisions are recognised when the Group has a present legal or constructive obligation as a result of past events; it is more likely than not that an outflow of resources will be required to settle the obligation; and the amount has been reliably estimated. Provisions are not recognised for future operating losses.

(o) Employee benefits

(i) Wages and salaries, annual leave and sick leave

Liabilities for wages and salaries, including non-monetary benefits, annual leave and accumulating sick leave is expected to be settled within 12 months of the reporting date are recognised in other payables in respect of employees' services up to the reporting date and are measured at the amounts expected to be paid when the liabilities are settled.

(ii) Long service leave

Any liability for employee benefits relating to long service leave represents the present value of the estimated future cash outflows to be made by the employer resulting from employees' services provided up to the reporting date.

(iii) Share-based payments

Share-based compensation benefits are provided to employees via the Strategic Minerals Corporation NL Employee Option Plan. Information relating to this Plan is set out in note 23.

The fair value of options granted under the Strategic Minerals Corporation NL Employee Option Plan is recognised as an employee benefit expense with a corresponding increase in equity (share-based payments reserve). The fair value is measured at grant date and recognised over the period during which the employees become unconditionally entitled to the options.

The fair value at grant date is determined using a Black-Scholes option pricing model that takes into account the exercise price, the term of the option, the vesting and performance criteria, the impact of dilution, the non-tradeable nature of the option, the share price at grant date and expected price volatility of the underlying share, the expected dividend yield and the risk-free interest rate for the term of the option.

The fair value of the options granted excludes the impact of any non-market vesting conditions (for example, profitability and sales growth targets). Non-market vesting conditions are included in assumptions about the number of options that are expected to become exercisable. At each reporting date, the entity revises its estimate of the number of options that are expected to become exercisable. The employee benefit expense recognised each period takes into account the most recent estimate.

The market value of shares issued to employees for no cash consideration under the employee share scheme is recognised as an employee benefits expense with a corresponding increase in equity when the employees become entitled to the shares.

(p) Contributed equity

Ordinary shares are classified as equity. Incremental costs directly attributable to the issue of new shares or options are shown in equity as a deduction, net of tax, from the proceeds. Incremental costs directly attributable to the issue of new shares or options, or for the acquisition of a business, are not included in the cost of the acquisition as part of the purchase consideration.

NOTE 2 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

(q) Earnings per share

(i) Basic earnings per share

Basic earnings per share is calculated by dividing the profit attributable to equity holders of the company, excluding any costs of servicing equity other than ordinary shares, by the weighted average number of ordinary shares outstanding during the financial year.

(ii) Diluted earnings per share

Potential shares as a result of options outstanding at the end of the year are not dilutive and therefore have not been included in the calculation of diluted earnings per share.

(r) Exploration and evaluation expenditure

Exploration, evaluation and development expenditure incurred is accumulated in respect of each identifiable area of interest. These costs are only carried forward to the extent that they are expected to be recouped through the successful development of the area or where activities in the area have not yet reached a stage that permits reasonable assessment of the existence of economically recoverable reserves.

Accumulated costs in relation to an abandoned area are written off in full against profit in the year in which the decision to abandon the area is made.

When production commences, the accumulated costs for the relevant area of interest are amortised over the life of the area according to the rate of depletion of the economically recoverable reserves.

A regular review is undertaken of each area of interest to determine the appropriateness of continuing to carry forward costs in relation to that area of interest.

Costs of site restoration are provided over the life of the facility from when exploration commences and are included in the costs of that stage. Site restoration costs include the dismantling and removal of mining plant, equipment and building structures, waste removal, and rehabilitation of the site in accordance with clauses of the mining permits. Such costs have been determined using estimates of future costs, current legal requirements and technology on an undiscounted basis.

Any changes in the estimates for the costs are accounted on a prospective basis. In determining the costs of site restoration, there is uncertainty regarding the nature and extent of the restoration due to community expectations and future legislation. Accordingly the costs have been determined on the basis that the restoration will be completed within one year of abandoning the site.

(s) Goods and Services Tax (GST)

Revenues, expenses and assets are recognised net of the amount of associated GST, unless the GST incurred is not recoverable from the taxation authority. In this case it is recognised as part of the cost of acquisition of the asset or as part of the expense.

Receivables and payables are stated inclusive of the amount of GST receivable or payable. The net amount of GST recoverable from, or payable to, the taxation authority is included with other receivables or payables in the statement of financial position.

Cash flows are presented on a gross basis. The GST components of cash flows arising from investing or financing activities which are recoverable from, or payable to the taxation authority, are presented as operating cash flow.

NOTE 3 NEW ACCOUNTING STANDARDS AND INTERPRETATIONS

The following Australian Accounting Standards and interpretations have been issued or amended and are applicable to the consolidated group but are not yet effective. They have not been adopted in preparation of the financial statements at reporting date.

The directors anticipate that the adoption of these standards and interpretations in future periods will have no material financial impact on the financial statements of the Group.

AASB reference	Title and Affected Standard(s)	Nature of Change	Application date	Impact on Initial Application
AASB 9 (issued December 2009 and amended December 2010)	Financial Instruments	Amends the requirements for classification and measurement of financial assets. The following requirements have generally been carried forward unchanged from AASB 139 Financial Instruments: Recognition and Measurement into AASB 9. These include the requirements relating to: Classification and measurement of financial liabilities; and Derecognition requirements for financial assets and liabilities. However, AASB 9 requires that gains or losses on financial liabilities measured at fair value are recognised in profit or loss, except that the effects of changes in the liability's credit risk are recognised in other comprehensive income.	Periods beginning on or after 1 January 2015	Adoption of AASB 9 is only mandatory for the 31 December 2015 year end. The entity has not yet made an assessment of the impact of these amendments.
AASB 10 (issued August 2011)	Consolidate d Financial Statements	 Introduces a single 'control model' for all entities, including special purpose entities (SPEs), whereby all of the following conditions must be present: Power over investee (whether or not power used in practice) Exposure, or rights, to variable returns from investee Ability to use power over investee to affect the entity's returns from investee. 	Annual reporting periods commencing on or after 1 January 2013	When this standard is first adopted for the year ended 31 December 2013, there will be no impact on transactions and balances recognised in the financial statements because the entity does not have any special purpose entities.
AASB 13 (issued September 2011)	Fair Value Measureme nt	Currently, fair value measurement requirements are included in several Accounting Standards. AASB 13 establishes a single framework for measuring fair value of financial and non-financial items recognised at fair value in the statement of financial position or disclosed in the notes in the financial statements.	Annual reporting periods commencing on or after 1 January 2013	Due to the recent release of this standard, the entity has yet to conduct a detailed analysis of the differences between the current fair valuation methodologies used and those required by AASB 13. However, when this standard is adopted for the first time for the year ended 31 December 2013, there will be no impact on the financial statements because the revised fair value measurement requirements apply prospectively from 1 January 2013.

NOTE 3 NEW ACCOUNTING STANDARDS AND INTERPRETATIONS (continued)

AASB reference	Title and Affected Standard(s)	Nature of Change	Application date	Impact on Initial Application
AASB 13 (issued September 2011)	Fair Value Measureme nt	Additional disclosures required for items measured at fair value in the statement of financial position, as well as items merely disclosed at fair value in the notes to the financial statements. Extensive additional disclosure requirements for items measured at fair value that are 'level 3' valuations in the fair value hierarchy that are not financial instruments, e.g. land and buildings, investment properties etc.	Annual reporting periods commencing on or after 1 January 2013	When this standard is adopted for the first time on 1 January 2013, additional disclosures will be required about fair values.
AASB 2011- 9 (issued September 2011)	Amendment s to Australian Accounting Standards - Presentatio n of Items of Other Comprehen sive Income	 Amendments to align the presentation of items of other comprehensive income (OCI) with US GAAP. Various name changes of statements in AASB 101 as follows: statement of comprehensive income – to be referred to as 'statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income' statements – to be referred to as 'statement of profit or loss' and 'statement of comprehensive income'. OCI items must be grouped together into two sections: those that could subsequently be reclassified into profit or loss and those that cannot. 	Annual periods commencing on or after 1 July 2012	When this standard is first adopted for the year ended 31 December 2013, there will be no impact on amounts recognised for transactions and balances for 31 December 2012 (and comparatives). However, the statement of comprehensive income will include name changes and include subtotals for items of OCI that can subsequently be reclassified to profit or loss in future (e.g. foreign currency translation reserves) and those that cannot subsequently be reclassified (e.g. fixed asset revaluation surpluses).
AASB 12 (issued August 2011)	Disclosure of Interests in Other Entities	Combines existing disclosures from AASB 127 Consolidated and Separate Financial Statements, AASB 128 Investments in Associates and AASB 131 Interests in Joint Ventures. Introduces new disclosure requirements for interests in associates and joint arrangements, as well as new requirements for unconsolidated structured entities.	Annual reporting periods commencing on or after 1 January 2013	As this is a disclosure standard only, there will be no impact on amounts recognised in the financial statements. However, additional disclosures will be required for interests in associates and joint arrangements, as well as for unconsolidated structured entities.

NOTE 4 FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT

Risk management has focused on limiting liabilities to a level which could be extinguished by sale of assets if necessary.

The Group's activities expose it to a variety of financial risks; market risk (including fair value interest rate risk and price risk), credit risk, liquidity risk and cash flow interest rate risk. The Group's overall risk management program focuses on the unpredictability of financial markets and seeks to minimise potential adverse effects on the financial performance of the Group. The Group is engaged in mineral exploration and evaluation, and does not currently sell product and derives only limited revenue from interest earned.

Risk management is carried out by the Board as a whole and no formal risk management policy has been adopted but is in the process of development.

The Group holds the following financial instruments:

0	2012 \$	2011 \$
Financial assets		
Cash and cash equivalents	641,045	2,891,542
Trade and other receivables	107,928	110,479
Other financial assets	65,513	65,513
	814,486	3,067,534
Financial liabilities		
Trade and other payables	295,672	228,243
	518,814	228,243

(a) Market risk

(i) Price risk

The Group is currently exposed to equity securities by way of shares held in listed companies. The price risk for listed securities is immaterial in terms of the possible impact on profit or loss or total equity as a result of any increase/decrease in the price of traded securities. All listed investments are classed as level 1 of the fair value hierarchy. The Group is not currently exposed to commodity price risk.

(ii) Fair value interest rate risk Refer to (d) below.

(b) Credit risk

Credit exposure represents the extent of credit related losses that the Group may be subject to on amounts to be received from financial assets. Credit risk arises principally from trade and other receivables including inter company loans. The objective of the consolidated entity is to minimise the risk of loss from credit risk. Although revenue from operations is minimal, the Group trades only with creditworthy third parties. In addition, receivable balances are monitored on an ongoing basis with the result that the Group's exposure to bad debts is insignificant.

The Group's maximum credit risk exposure is limited to the carrying value of its financial assets as indicated on the statement of financial position.

NOTE 4 FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT (continued)

The credit quality of the financial assets that are neither past due nor impaired can be assessed by reference to external credit ratings (if available). The table below details the credit quality of the financial assets:

	Credit Quality	2012 \$	2011 \$
Financial assets	, ,	·	·
Cash and cash equivalents			
- held at National Australia Bank	Aa2	641,045	2,891,542
Trade and other receivables			
Counterparties with external credit			
rating (Moody's)			
 Interest and GST receivable 	Aaa	80,534	72,676
- Sundry receivables	B2	2,500	16,475
Counterparties without external credit			
rating*			
- Sundry receivables	Group 1	24,894	11,220

Group 1 – existing customers (more than 6 months) with no defaults in the past.

(c) Liquidity risk

Liquidity risk is the risk that the entity will not be able to meet its financial obligations as they fall due. The objective of the consolidated entity is to maintain sufficient liquidity to meet commitments under normal and stressed conditions.

Prudent liquidity risk management implies maintaining sufficient cash and marketable securities, and the availability of funding through an adequate amount of committed credit facilities. Due to the lack of material revenue, the Group aims at maintaining flexibility in funding by maintaining adequate reserves of liquidity.

The Group did not have access to any undrawn borrowing facilities at the reporting date.

(d) Cash flow and fair value interest rate risk

From time to time the Group has significant interest bearing assets, but they are as a result of the timing of equity raising and capital expenditure rather than a reliance on interest income. The interest rate risk arises on the rise and fall of interest rates. The Group's income and operating cash flows are not expected to be materially exposed to changes in market interest rates in the future and the exposure to interest rates is limited to the cash and cash equivalents balances. As such, this is not considered a material exposure and no sensitivity analysis has been prepared.

The Group's exposure to interest rate risk, which is the risk that a financial instrument's value will fluctuate as a result of changes in market interest rates and the effective weighted average interest rates on classes of financial assets and financial liabilities, is below.

NOTE 4 FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT (continued)

2012	Floating interest rate	Fixed interest maturing in 1 year or less	Non-interest bearing	Total
Financial assets				
Cash and deposits	209,851	431,194	-	641,045
Receivables	-	-	107,928	107,928
Financial assets		-	65,513	65,513
	209,851	431,194	173,441	814,486
Weighted average interest rate	-	4.33%		
Financial Liabilities				
Trade and other creditors		-	295,372	295,672
	-	-	295,372	295,672
Weighted average interest rate	-	-		
2011	Floating interest rate	Fixed interest maturing in 1 year or less	Non-interest bearing	Total
2011 Financial assets	_			Total
•	_	maturing in		Total 2,891,542
Financial assets	interest rate	maturing in 1 year or less		
Financial assets Cash and deposits	interest rate	maturing in 1 year or less	bearing -	2,891,542
Financial assets Cash and deposits Receivables	interest rate	maturing in 1 year or less	bearing - 110,479	2,891,542 110,479
Financial assets Cash and deposits Receivables	321,728 - -	maturing in 1 year or less 2,569,814 -	bearing - 110,479 65,513	2,891,542 110,479 65,513
Financial assets Cash and deposits Receivables Financial assets	321,728 - -	maturing in 1 year or less 2,569,814 2,569,814	bearing - 110,479 65,513	2,891,542 110,479 65,513
Financial assets Cash and deposits Receivables Financial assets Weighted average interest rate	321,728 - -	maturing in 1 year or less 2,569,814 2,569,814	bearing - 110,479 65,513	2,891,542 110,479 65,513
Financial assets Cash and deposits Receivables Financial assets Weighted average interest rate Financial Liabilities	321,728 - -	maturing in 1 year or less 2,569,814 2,569,814	bearing - 110,479 65,513 175,992	2,891,542 110,479 65,513 3,067,534

(e) Financial risk management

The Group's financial instruments consist mainly of deposits with banks, short-term investments, and accounts receivable and payable, loans to and from subsidiaries, leases and hire purchase for motor vehicles. The main purpose of non-derivative financial instruments is to raise finance for Group operations. The Group does not speculate in the trading of derivative instruments.

(f) Net fair value of Financial Assets and Liabilities

The net fair value of cash and cash equivalents and non-interest bearing monetary assets and financial liabilities approximates their carrying values.

NOTE 5 CRITICAL ACCOUNTING ESTIMATES AND JUDGEMENTS

Judgements, estimates and assumptions are continually evaluated and are based on historical experience and other factors, including expectations of future events that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances. The Group makes assumptions concerning the future. All judgements, estimates and assumptions made are believed to be reasonable based on the most current set of circumstances available to management. The resulting accounting estimates will, by definition, seldom equal the related actual results. The judgements, estimates and assumptions that have a significant risk of causing a material adjustment to the carrying amounts and assets and liabilities within the next financial year are discussed below.

NOTE 5 CRITICAL ACCOUNTING ESTIMATES AND JUDGEMENTS (continued)

(a) Impairment of Assets

The Group assesses impairment at each reporting date by evaluating conditions specific to the group that may lead to impairment of assets and in particular exploration assets. Where an impairment trigger exists, the recoverable amount of the asset is determined and is dependent upon the ability of the Group to successfully continue exploration of all areas of interest and satisfy the requirements under AASB 6.

Specifically, the Company has reviewed its exploration tenements with regard to AASB 6 and have determined that:

- i. the period for which the Group has the right to explore in the exploration tenements has not expired during the period or will not expire in the near future, and is expected to be renewed;
- ii. substantive expenditure on further exploration for and evaluation of mineral resources in the exploration tenements is planned;
- iii. exploration will be ongoing for some time and as such it is far too early to state that a discovery of commercially viable quantities of mineral resources has not occurred; and
- iv. as the exploration is still ongoing, there is not sufficient data to conclude that the carrying amount of the exploration and evaluation asset is unlikely to be recovered.

(b) Share based payments

The Group measures the cost of equity settled transactions with employees by reference to the fair value of equity instruments at the date at which they are granted. The fair value is determined by an external valuer using a Black-Scholes option pricing model, using the assumptions detailed in Note 23.

NOTE 6 REVENUE

	2012 \$	2011 \$
From continuing operations:		
Interest – unrelated parties	105,207	113,642
Other income		
Gain on sale of property, plant and equipment	1,387	-
	106,594	113,642
		_
Total revenue and other income	106,594	113,642
NOTE 7 EXPENSES		
Loss before income tax has been determined		
after including the following expenses:		
Finance costs – other parties	-	9
Depreciation of non-current assets		
 property, plant and equipment 	30,916	27,536
Employee benefits expense - superannuation	3,240	3,240

Total

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS For the year ended 31 December 2012

NOTE 8 SEGMENT REPORTING

Management has identified the operating segments based on the main minerals of the members of the Group. The two main mineral types of the Group are Uranium and Gold. The Uranium projects are held within the subsidiary Alpha Uranium Pty Ltd and the Gold Projects are held in Strategic Minerals Corporation NL. Segment assets include the cost to acquire the tenement and the capitalised exploration costs of those tenements.

Uranium

Treasury

Gold

2012	\$	\$	\$	\$
2012	,	Ą	· ·	,
Segment revenue	-	-	106,594	106,594
Segment loss for the year	(47,861)	(282,020)	106,594	(223,287)
Reconciliation to net operating loss: Depreciation expense Corporate expense				(30,916) (754,354)
Net loss per statement of comprehensive income			_	(1,008,556)
income			_	
Segment assets as at the year end				
Segment assets	17,466,784	-	592,045	18,058,829
Property plant and equipment				85,319
Financial assets				125,564
Receivables and other assets			_	107,928
Total assets from continuing operations per statement of financial position			_	18,377,640
Segment liabilities as at year end	-	-	371,641 _	371,641
	Gold	Uranium	Treasury	Total
2011	Gold \$	Uranium \$	Treasury \$	Total \$
2011			· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
Segment revenue Segment loss for the year			\$	\$
Segment revenue Segment loss for the year Reconciliation to net operating loss:			113,642	\$ 113,642 113,642
Segment revenue Segment loss for the year Reconciliation to net operating loss: Depreciation expense			113,642	\$ 113,642 113,642 (27,536)
Segment revenue Segment loss for the year Reconciliation to net operating loss: Depreciation expense Corporate expense			113,642	\$ 113,642 113,642 (27,536) (789,014)
Segment revenue Segment loss for the year Reconciliation to net operating loss: Depreciation expense			113,642	\$ 113,642 113,642 (27,536)
Segment revenue Segment loss for the year Reconciliation to net operating loss: Depreciation expense Corporate expense Net loss per statement of comprehensive			113,642	\$ 113,642 113,642 (27,536) (789,014)
Segment revenue Segment loss for the year Reconciliation to net operating loss: Depreciation expense Corporate expense Net loss per statement of comprehensive income	\$ -	\$ - -	\$ 113,642 113,642	\$ 113,642 113,642 (27,536) (789,014) (702,908)
Segment revenue Segment loss for the year Reconciliation to net operating loss: Depreciation expense Corporate expense Net loss per statement of comprehensive income Segment assets as at the year end	\$ -	\$ - -	\$ 113,642 113,642	\$ 113,642 113,642 (27,536) (789,014) (702,908) 19,008,786
Segment revenue Segment loss for the year Reconciliation to net operating loss: Depreciation expense Corporate expense Net loss per statement of comprehensive income Segment assets as at the year end Property plant and equipment	\$ -	\$ - -	\$ 113,642 113,642	\$ 113,642 113,642 (27,536) (789,014) (702,908) 19,008,786 67,060
Segment revenue Segment loss for the year Reconciliation to net operating loss: Depreciation expense Corporate expense Net loss per statement of comprehensive income Segment assets as at the year end Property plant and equipment Financial assets	\$ -	\$ - -	\$ 113,642 113,642	\$ 113,642 113,642 (27,536) (789,014) (702,908) 19,008,786 67,060 65,513
Segment revenue Segment loss for the year Reconciliation to net operating loss: Depreciation expense Corporate expense Net loss per statement of comprehensive income Segment assets as at the year end Property plant and equipment Financial assets Receivables and other assets Total assets from continuing operations per	\$ -	\$ - -	\$ 113,642 113,642	\$ 113,642 113,642 (27,536) (789,014) (702,908) 19,008,786 67,060 65,513 121,530

NOTE 9 INCOME TAX

	2012	2011
/ > 1	\$	\$
(a) Income tax benefit		
Current tax	-	-
Deferred tax	-	
-	<u>-</u>	
Income tax benefit is attributable to:		
Loss from continuing operations	-	
Aggregate income tax benefit	-	<u>-</u>
Deferred income tax (revenue) expense comprises:		
Decrease (increase) in deferred tax assets	_	_
Decrease (increase) in deferred tax liabilities	_	_
		_
(b) Numerical recognition of income tour own one to union faci-		
(b) Numerical reconciliation of income tax expense to prima facie tax payable		
Unused tax losses for which no deferred tax asset has been recognised	(1,008,556)	(702,908)
Potential tax benefit @ 30%	(302,567)	(210,872)
Income tax benefit not recognised	302,567	210,872
Income tax benefit	-	-
(c) Deferred tax liabilities/(assets) not recognised		
Tax Losses	(1,008,556)	(702,908)
Potential tax benefit @ 30%	302,567	210,872
<u> </u>	- ,	
Total deferred tax assets not brought to account	6,498,095	5,397,787

Net deferred tax assets have not been brought to account as it is not probable within the immediate future that tax profits will be available against which deductible temporary differences and tax losses can be utilised.

The Group has tax losses of \$6,498,095 (2011: \$5,397,787) that have the ability to be carried forward indefinitely for offset against future taxable profits of the Group. The recoupment of available tax losses as at 31 December 2012 are contingent upon the Group satisfying the following conditions:

- (a) deriving future assessable income of a nature and of an amount sufficient to enable the benefit from the losses to be realised;
- (b) the conditions for deductibility imposed by tax legislation continuing to be complied with and the company can meeting either its continuity of ownership test or in the absence of satisfying that test the company can satisfy the same business test; and
- (c) there being no changes in tax legislation which would adversely affect the Group from realising the benefits from the losses.

In the event that the Group fails to satisfy these conditions above or the Commissioner of Taxation challenges the Group's ability to utilise its losses, the Group may be liable for future income tax on assessable income derived by the company.

١	IOTE 10)	LOS	SP	FR	SHARE

	2012	2011
Basic loss per share (cents per share)	(0.18)	(0.14)
The loss used in calculating basic loss per share is the loss attributed to members of Strategic Minerals Corporation NL	\$1,008,354	\$702,600
Weighted average number of shares in the calculation of the EPS	565,147,377	512,503,512

Where diluted earnings per share are not diluted, they are not disclosed.

NOTE 11 CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS

JIL II CASII AND CASII EQUITALEITIS		
	2012	2011
	\$	\$
Cash at bank and on hand	209,774	321,728
Bank term deposits	431,271	2,569,814
	641,045	2,891,542
Reconciliation of Cash		
Cash at the end of the financial year as shown in the statement		
of cash flow is reconciled to items in the statement of financial		
position as follows:		
Cash and cash equivalents	641,045	2,891,542

The effective interest rate on cash at bank and bank term deposits is 4.33%. These deposits have an average maturity of less than one year. The Group's exposure to interest rate risk is discussed in note 4.

NOTE 12 TRADE AND OTHER RECEIVABLES

	2012 \$	2011 \$
Current		
Sundry receivables	27,394	27,695
Interest receivable and GST refundable	80,534	72,676
Prepayment of expenses		10,108
	107,928	110,479

The Group's financial instruments consist mainly of deposits with banks, accounts receivable and payable, loans to and from subsidiaries, and leases. Risk exposure arising from current receivables is set out in Note 4.

The main purpose of non-derivative financial instruments is to raise finance for Group operations. Due to the short-term nature of the current receivables, their carrying amount is assumed to approximate their fair value.

At reporting date, there are no receivables past their due date.

NOTE 13 FINANCIAL ASSETS

	2012	2011
	\$	\$
Shares in listed corporations – 'available for sale' financial assets	65,513	65,513
	65,513	65,513

'Available for sale' financial assets, and other financial assets, comprise of investments in the ordinary issued capital of various entities. There are no fixed returns or fixed maturity dates attached to these investments. Refer to Note 4 for an analysis of price risk.

Unlisted entities are traded, if at all, in inactive markets, and are therefore carried at cost.

NOTE 14 PLANT & EQUIPMENT

	2012 \$	2011 \$
Plant and Equipment		
Plant and equipment at cost	301,658	255,083
Less accumulated depreciation	(216,339)	(188,023)
	85,319	67,060
MOVEMENTS:		
Owned plant & equipment at cost:		
Brought forward	255,083	213,729
Additions	49,175	41,354
Disposals / adjustments to cost	(2,600)	
Closing Balance	301,658	255,083
Accumulated Depreciation:		_
Brought forward	(188,023)	(160,487)
Depreciation expense	(30,916)	(27,536)
Disposals / adjustments to cost	2,600	-
Closing Balance	(216,339)	(188,023)

NOTE 15 EXPLORATION AND EVALUATION ASSETS

	2012 \$	2011 \$
Exploration at cost:		
Balance at the beginning of the year	16,117,244	14,628,312
Other expenditure during the year	1,630,421	1,488,932
Impairments	(329,881)	-
Balance at the end of the financial year	17,417,784	16,117,244

Recoverability of the carrying amount of exploration assets is dependent on the successful exploration of the areas of interest. Capitalised costs of \$1,579,850 (2011: \$1,463,715) have been included in the cash flows from investing activities in the statements of cash flow. Impairments relate to expenses which were written off during the year which could not be allocated to a specific tenement.

The following tenements are pending renewal and the Directors do not foresee any reason as to why these renewals will not be approved: EPM 14209; EPM 14060 EPM 13942 and EPM 11886. In the unlikely event these tenements are not renewed the capitalised exploration expenditure attached to these tenements will be written off.

NOTE 16	OTHER	NON-CURRENT ASSETS	
INCILIO	OIIILIN	INCIN-COMMENT ASSETS	

	2012 \$	2011 \$
Mineral Specimens	11,051	11,051
Security deposits on tenements	49,000	-
	60,051	11,051

NOTE 17 TRADE AND OTHER PAYABLES

	2012 \$	2011 \$
Unsecured		
Current – other creditors and accruals	295,672	228,243
Total unsecured liabilities	295,672	228,243

NOTE 18 PROVISIONS – CURRENT

	2012 \$	2011 \$
Balance at beginning of year	68,289	88,310
Increase in provision	7,680	17,123
Leave paid out	-	(37,144)
Balance at end of year	75,969	68,289

Provisions relate to annual leave and long service leave and are expected to be used during the employment period of the Group's employees.

NOTE 19 CONTRIBUTED EQUITY

	2012 \$	2011 \$
(a) Paid Up Capital		
Issued capital 565,147,377 (2011: 565,147,377)	37,411,575	37,411,575
Placement	3,534,264	3,534,264
Less costs of capital	(166,210)	(166,210)
	40,779,629	40,779,629

Terms and Conditions

Ordinary shares participate in dividends and the proceeds on winding up of the parent entity in proportion to the number of shares held.

At shareholders meetings each ordinary share is entitled to one vote when a poll is called, otherwise each shareholder has one vote on a show of hands.

NOTE 19 CONTRIBUTED EQUITY (continued)

(b) Movements in ordinary share capital of the Company

Date	Details	Number of shares	Issue Price	\$
1 Jan 2011	Opening balance	423,860,533		37,411,575
17 Aug 2011	Shares issued at	141,286,844	\$0.025	3,534,264
	Capital raising costs		-	(166,210)
31 Dec 2011	Balance at end of year	565,147,377		40,779,629
31 Dec 2012	Balance at end of year	565,147,377	_	40,779,629

(c) Options

Number of Options

2012

The number of unissued ordinary shares relating to options not exercised at year end:

10,000,000

10,000,000

(d) Option issues

During the financial year no Options were issued.

(e) Option exercise

During the financial year no Options were exercised.

(f) Option expiry

During the financial year no Options expired.

(g) Option cancellation

During the financial year no Options were cancelled.

(h) Capital Management

Management controls the capital of the Group. Their objectives when managing capital are to safeguard the Group's ability to continue as a going concern, so that they may continue to provide returns for shareholders and benefits for other stakeholders. The capital structure of the consolidated entity consists of equity attributable to equity holders of the parent comprising issued capital, reserves and accumulative losses as disclosed in Notes 21 and 22.

Due to the nature of the Group's activities, being mineral exploration, the Group does not have ready access to credit facilities, with the primary source of funding being equity raisings. Therefore, the focus of the Group's capital risk management is the current working capital position against the requirements of the Group to meet exploration programs and corporate overheads. The Group's strategy is to ensure appropriate liquidity is maintained to meet anticipated operating requirements, with a view to initiating appropriate capital raisings as required.

NOTE 19 CONTRIBUTED EQUITY (continued)

The working capital position of the Group at 31 December 2012 and 31 December 2011 are as follows. The consolidated entity is not subject to any externally imposed capital requirements.

	2012	2011
Cash and each aquivalents	\$ 641,045	\$ 2.801.542
Cash and cash equivalents Trade and other receivables	107,928	2,891,542 110,479
Trade and other payables	(295,672)	(228,243)
Working capital position	453,301	2,773,778
Working capital position	455,501	2,773,776
NOTE 20 NON-CONTROLLING INTERESTS		
	2012	2011
	\$	\$
Balance at the beginning of the year	2,623	2,624
Share of profit / (loss) for the year	(8,202)	(308)
Adjustment to non-controlling interest	(307)	307
Balance at the end of the year	(5,886)	2,623
NOTE 24 DECEDIVES		
NOTE 21 RESERVES	2042	2044
	2012	2011
	\$	\$
Reserves	00.000	44.000
(a) Executive options issued	90,003	41,800
(b) Option Premium reserve	2,972,522	2,972,522
	3,062,525	3,014,322
Movements		
(a) Executive options issued	44.000	260 750
Balance 1 January	41,800	269,750
Options Issued	48,203	41,800
Transfer to accumulated losses (options expired)	-	(269,750)
Balance 31 December	90,003	41,800
(b) Onting grantium grants		
(b) Option premium reserve	2.072.522	2 072 522
Balance 1 January	2,972,522	2,972,522
Premium to Reserve		
Dalamas 21 Dagamban		2 072 522
Balance 31 December	2,972,522	2,972,522

The reserves created in prior years relate to the premium paid on an options issue and to the fair value of employee incentive options issued to an executive director.

NOTE 22 ACCUMULATED LOSSES

	2012 \$	2011 \$
Accumulated losses at 1 January	24,830,217	24,397,059
Net loss for the year	1,000,354	702,600
Adjustment to non-controlling interest	(302)	307
Transfer expired options	-	(269,750)
Accumulated losses at the end of the year	25,830,269	24,830,216

NOTE 23 SHARE BASED PAYMENTS

There were 10,000,000 options on issue at the end of the year (2011: 10,000,000). The existing options were issued to directors under the Company's incentive option scheme and were independently valued using a Black-Scholes option pricing model. Options issued in 2011 were valued at \$90,000 with the following conditions:

The exercise price is 4.25 cents,

The exercise grant date is 31 May 2011,

The exercise expiry date is 30 April 2013,

The market price of Company shares at issue date was 2.7 cents

The volatility factor set by the independent valuer was 50%.

The establishment of the Strategic Minerals Corporation NL Executives Option Plan was approved by shareholders at the May 2007 Annual General Meeting. The Plan is designed to provide long term incentives for senior executives, including executive directors, to deliver positive minerals exploration results. Participation is at the Board's discretion and no individual has a contractual right to participate in the Plan or to receive any guaranteed benefits. Options granted under the Plan carry no dividend or voting rights.

granted under the Hall earry no dividend of voting fights.	2012 \$	2011 \$
Share based payment expense	48,203	41,800
NOTE 24 PARENT ENTITY INFORMATION		
	2012	2011
(a) Financial Position of Strategic Minerals Corporation NL	\$	\$
ASSETS		
Current assets		
Cash and cash equivalents	586,899	2,835,605
Trade and other receivables	107,928	109,241
Total current assets	694,827	2,944,846
Non current assets		
Other financial assets	65,513	65,513
Property, plant & equipment	85,319	67,060
Mineral exploration & evaluation expenditure	16,875582	15,293,022
Other non-current assets	59,537	10,537
Total non current assets	17,085,951	15,436,132
TOTAL ASSETS	17,780,778	18,380,978
LIABILITIES		
Current liabilities		
Trade and other payables	295,093	227,665
Provisions	75,969	68,289
Total current liabilities	371,062	295,954
TOTAL LIABILITIES	371,062	295,954
NET ASSETS	17,409,716	18,085,024
EQUITY		
Contributed equity	40,779629	40,779,629
Reserves	3,062,525	3,014,325
Accumulated losses	(26,432,438)	(25,708,930)
TOTAL EQUITY	17,409,716	18,085,024

NOTE 24	PARENT ENTITY INFORM	/IATION (Continued)
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(b) Controlled Entities	2012 \$	2011 \$
Loans to subsidiaries Less provision for impairment	1,741,691 (1,741,691)	1,741,691 (1,741,691)
Net carrying value		-
Shares in controlled entities at cost	12,027,401	12,027,401
Less provision	(12,027,401)	(12,027,401)
Net carrying value	-	-

Shares in controlled entities are unlisted and comprise:

	Place of Incorporation	2012 Holding %	2012 Amount \$	2011 Holding %	2011 Amount \$
Alpha Uranium Pty Ltd	WA	98	320,000	98	320,000
Signature Resources Pty Ltd	WA	100	235,250	100	235,250
Spencer Mining Pty Ltd	WA	100	4,000,002	100	4,000,002
Strategic Metals Corporation Pty Ltd	NSW	100	100	100	100
Strategic Mineral Investments Pty Ltd	WA	100	4,456,005	100	4,456,005
Telluride Mining Pty Ltd	NSW	100	260,304	100	260,304
Bayfield Mineral Sands Pty Ltd *	WA	100	-	100	-

^{*100%} owned and controlled by Strategic Mineral Investments

Investments in subsidiaries are accounted for at cost.

(c) Financial Performance of Strategic Minerals	2012	2011
Corporation NL	\$	\$
Loss for the year	(723,508)	(692,204)
Total comprehensive income	(723,508)	(692,204)

(d) Guarantees entered into by Strategic Minerals Corporation NL

There are no guarantees entered into by Strategic Minerals Corporation NL for the debts of its subsidiaries as at 31 December 2012 (2011: none).

(e) Contingent liabilities of Strategic Minerals Corporation NL

There are no contingent liabilities as at 31 December 2012 (2011: none).

(f) Commitments of Strategic Minerals Corporation NL

	2012	2011
Capital expenditure commitments payable:	\$	\$
- not later than 12 months	866,595	901,020
- between 12 months and five years	3,910,071	230,740
- later than five years	564,949	595,663
Total Exploration tenement minimum expenditure requirements	5,341,615	1,727,423
Operating lease commitments for premises due:		
- not later than 12 months	68,359	68,359
- between 12 months and five years	-	68,359
- later than five years		-
Total Operating lease commitments	68,359	136,718

NOTE 25 RELATED PARTIES TRANSACTIONS

During the year ended 31 December 2012 the Company reimbursed office rental expenses to Mr Charles Guerre totalling \$12,000 (2011: \$12,000).

There are no other related party transactions other than those payments to Directors as stated in note 26 below.

NOTE 26 KEY MANAGEMENT PERSONNEL DISCLOSURES

(a) Directors

Names and positions held of parent entity directors and key management personnel in office at any time during the financial year are:

Mr C F Guerre Chairman, Non-Executive, part-time representative

Mr W A C Martin Managing Director

Mr C Bigeard Director, Non-Executive - part-time representative

Mr J Stephenson Director, Non-Executive

The consolidated entity currently has no executive officers other than executive directors concerned in, or who take part in the management of the consolidated entity.

(b) Other key management personnel

Mr J Stephenson Company Secretary

All the above persons are key management persons during the year ended 31 December 2012.

(c) Key Management Personnel Compensation

	2012	2011
	\$	\$
Short term employee benefits	367,131	350,212
Post employment benefits	-	-
Share based payments	48,203	41,800
	415,334	392,012
		·

2012

2011

NOTE 26 KEY MANAGEMENT PERSONNEL DISCLOSURES (Continued)

(d) Equity instruments disclosure relating to Key Management Personnel

Shareholdings

Number of shares held by Parent Entity Directors and other key management personnel of the Group, including their personally related parties, are set out below.

2012	Balance at Start of the year	Received during the year on the exercise of options	Other changes during the year **	Balance at the end of the year
Directors:				
Mr W A C Martin - direct	281,690	-		281,690
Mr W A C Martin - indirect	3,899,658	-	100,000	3,999,658
Mr C F Guerre - direct	795,000	-	100,000	895,000
Mr C F Guerre - indirect	4,050,000	-	-	4,050,000
Mr C Bigeard - direct	-	-	-	-
Mr C Bigeard - indirect	-	-	-	-
Mr J Stephenson - direct	-	-		-
Mr J Stephenson - indirect	176,000	-		176,000
2011	Balance at Start of the year	Received during the year on the exercise of options	Other changes during the year **	Balance at the end of the year
2011 Directors:		the year on the	during the year	
		the year on the	during the year	
Directors:	of the year	the year on the	during the year	end of the year
Directors: Mr W A C Martin - direct	of the year 281,690	the year on the	during the year **	end of the year 281,690
Directors: Mr W A C Martin - direct Mr W A C Martin - indirect	of the year 281,690 3,700,788	the year on the	during the year ** 198,870	end of the year 281,690 3,899,658
Directors: Mr W A C Martin - direct Mr W A C Martin - indirect Mr C F Guerre - direct	of the year 281,690 3,700,788 295,000	the year on the	during the year ** 198,870	281,690 3,899,658 795,000
Directors: Mr W A C Martin - direct Mr W A C Martin - indirect Mr C F Guerre - direct Mr C F Guerre - indirect	of the year 281,690 3,700,788 295,000	the year on the	during the year ** 198,870	281,690 3,899,658 795,000
Directors: Mr W A C Martin - direct Mr W A C Martin - indirect Mr C F Guerre - direct Mr C F Guerre - indirect Mr C Bigeard - direct	of the year 281,690 3,700,788 295,000	the year on the	during the year ** 198,870	281,690 3,899,658 795,000

^{**} Other changes during the year include other acquisitions and disposals for Directors and their related parties.

NOTE 26 KEY MANAGEMENT PERSONNEL DISCLOSURES (continued)

Option Holdings

All options vest over a 12 month period and were vested and exercisable on 31 May 2012.

2012	Balance at Start of the year	Granted as remuneration during the year	Other changes during the year **	Balance at the end of the year
Directors:				
Mr W A C Martin	2,500,000	-	-	2,500,000
Mr C F Guerre	2,500,000	-	-	2,500,000
Mr C Bigeard	2,500,000	-	-	2,500,000
Mr J Stephenson	1,250,000	-	-	1,250,000
2011	Balance at Start of the year	Granted as remuneration during the year	Other changes during the year **	Balance at the end of the year
2011 Directors:		remuneration during	during the year	
		remuneration during	during the year	
Directors:	of the year	remuneration during the year	during the year **	end of the year
Directors: Mr W A C Martin	of the year 1,000,000	remuneration during the year 2,500,000	during the year ** (1,000,000)	end of the year 2,500,000

^{**} Other changes during the year include reductions due to exercise or expiry of options for Directors and their related parties or transfer of options to nominees.

(e) Loans to / from Key Management Personnel

There were no loans to / from Key Management Personnel for the year ended 31 December 2012.

NOTE 27 NOTES TO STATEMENT OF CASH FLOW

	2012	2011
(i) Reconciliation of operating loss after income tax to net cash provided by operating activities	\$	\$
Operating loss after income tax	(1,008,556)	(702,908)
Add / (less) non cash items:		
Depreciation	30,916	27,536
Profit on disposal of property, plant and equipment	(1,387)	-
Impairment of mining tenements	329,881	-
Share based payment	48,203	41,800
Non cash changes in assets & liabilities:		
Decrease/(increase) in receivables & prepayments	2,314	(40,899)
Increase/(decrease) in provisions	7,680	(20,020)
Increase in payables	16,853	8,406
Net cash (outflow) from operating activities	(574,096)	(686,087)
(ii) Reconciliation of cash		
For the purposes of this statements of cash flow, cash includes cash on hand and at bank and short term deposits at call and commercial bills, net of outstanding bank overdrafts		
Cash	209,851	321,728
Deposits at call	431,194	2,569,814
·	641,045	2,891,542

There are no credit standby arrangements with any banks as at year ended 31 December 2012 (2011: nil).

Non cash Financing and investing activities

There are no non-cash financing and investing activities for the year ended 31 December 2012 (2011: nil).

NOTE 28 COMMITMENTS

Exploration expenditure

In order to maintain current rights of tenure to exploration tenements, the Consolidated Entity is required to outlay lease rentals and to meet the minimum expenditure requirements of the Queensland Department of Natural Resources and Minerals. These obligations are subject to renegotiation upon expiry of the exploration tenements or when application for a mining licence is made. These commitments are not provided for in the accounts as they are associated with retention of title and payable at some time in the future.

	2012 \$	2011 \$
Not later than one year	1,111,146	-
Later than one year but not later than two years	1,474,286	901,020
Later than two years but not later than five years	2,675,784	230,740
Later than five years	564,949	595,663
Total exploration commitments	5,826,165	1,727,423

Operating lease

The property lease is a non-cancellable lease with a three year term commencing 1 November 2008 and expiry on 31 October 2011, the lease was renewed for a 2 year term on 1 November 2011. The rent is payable monthly in advance. Contingent rental provisions within the lease agreement require the minimum lease payments shall be increased by the lower of CPI or 4% per annum.

	2012 \$	2011 \$
Operating lease commitment for premises due		
Not later than one year	68,359	68,359
Later than two years but not later than five years	-	68,359
Later than five years	<u> </u>	-
Total property lease commitments	68,359	136,718

NOTE 29 CONTINGENT ASSETS AND LIABILITIES

Strategic Minerals Corporation NL has \$35,000 worth of bank guarantees in relation to exploration licenses as at 31 December 2012 (2011: \$35,000). There are no other contingent assets or liabilities at year end.

NOTE 30 AUDITORS' REMUNERATION

	2012	2011
Amounts paid and payable to the auditors of the consolidated entity in respect of	\$	\$
BDO Audit (WA) Pty Ltd		
- auditing or reviewing the accounts	43,282	32,240
BDO Corporate Tax (WA) Pty Ltd		
- tax related services (non-audit services)	15,029	11,082
Total fees	58,311	43,322

NOTE 31 EVENTS AFTER THE REPORTING PERIOD

In February 2013 the Company offered 94,191,250 shares at 3.2 cents in a fully underwritten non-renounceable entitlement issue. The Company raised \$3,014,120 from the issue. There has not arisen any other significant event after the end of the reporting period.

DIRECTORS DECLARATION

The Directors of the Company declare that:

- 1. The financial statements and notes set out on pages 19 to 49 are in accordance with the Corporations Act 2001 and:
 - (a) comply with Australian Accounting Standards, which as stated in Note 2(a) to the financial statements constitutes explicit and unreserved compliance with International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRS), and comply with the Corporations Regulations 2001 and other mandatory professional reporting requirements; and
 - (b) give a true and fair view of the financial position as at 31 December 2012 and of the performance for the year ended on that date of the consolidated entity.
- 2. In the Directors opinion, there are reasonable grounds to believe that the Company will be able to pay its debts as and when they become due and payable.

The Directors have been given the declarations by the Managing Director and Chief Financial Officer required by section 295A of the Corporations Act 2001.

This declaration is made in accordance with a resolution of the Board of Directors and is signed for and on behalf of the Directors by:

W.A.C. Martin Managing Director

Signed at Perth this 28th day of March 2013

thent.





38 Station Street Subiaco, WA 6008 PO Box 700 West Perth WA 6872 Australia

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT TO THE MEMBERS OF STRATEGIC MINERALS CORPORATION NL

Report on the Financial Report

We have audited the accompanying financial report of Strategic Minerals Corporation NL, which comprises the consolidated statement of financial position as at 31 December 2012, the consolidated statement of comprehensive income, the consolidated statement of changes in equity and the consolidated statement of cash flows for the year then ended, notes comprising a summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information, and the directors' declaration of the consolidated entity comprising the Company and the entities it controlled at the year's end or from time to time during the financial year.

Directors' Responsibility for the Financial Report

The directors of the Company are responsible for the preparation of the financial report that gives a true and fair view in accordance with Australian Accounting Standards and the *Corporations Act* 2001 and for such internal control as the directors determine is necessary to enable the preparation of the financial report that gives a true and fair view and is free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error. In Note 2(a), the directors also state, in accordance with Accounting Standard AASB 101 *Presentation of Financial Statements*, that the financial statements comply with *International Financial Reporting Standards*.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the financial report based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with Australian Auditing Standards. Those standards require that we comply with relevant ethical requirements relating to audit engagements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial report is free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial report. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgement, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial report, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the Company's preparation of the financial report that gives a true and fair view in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the company's internal control. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates made by the directors, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial report.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

Independence

In conducting our audit, we have complied with the independence requirements of the *Corporations Act 2001*. We confirm that the independence declaration required by the *Corporations Act 2001*, which has been given to the directors of Strategic Minerals Corporation NL, would be in the same terms if given to the directors as at the time of this auditor's report.



Opinion

In our opinion:

- (a) the financial report of Strategic Minerals Corporation NL is in accordance with the *Corporations Act 2001*, including:
 - (i) giving a true and fair view of the consolidated entity's financial position as at 31 December 2012 and of its performance for the year ended on that date; and
 - (ii) complying with Australian Accounting Standards and the *Corporations Regulations 2001*; and
- (b) the financial report also complies with *International Financial Reporting Standards* as disclosed in Note 2(a).

Report on the Remuneration Report

We have audited the Remuneration Report included in the directors' report for the year ended 31 December 2012. The directors of the Company are responsible for the preparation and presentation of the Remuneration Report in accordance with section 300A of the *Corporations Act 2001*. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the Remuneration Report, based on our audit conducted in accordance with Australian Auditing Standards.

Opinion

In our opinion, the Remuneration Report of Strategic Minerals Corporation NL for the year ended 31 December 2012 complies with section 300A of the *Corporations Act 2001*.

BDO Audit (WA) Pty Ltd

Chris Burton

Director

BDO

Perth, Western Australia Dated this 28th day of March 2013

ADDITIONAL SHAREHOLDER INFORMATION As at 26 March 2013

1. DISTRIBUTION OF SHAREHOLDERS

			Number of Shareholders	Number of unlisted Option Holders
1	-	1,000	595	-
1,001	-	5,000	580	-
5,001	-	10,000	229	-
10,001	-	100,000	474	-
100,001	and over		207	5
			2,085	5
Percentage holding of twenty largest holders		83.18%		
Number of shareholders holding less than a marketable parcel			1,507	

2. TWENTY LARGEST SHAREHOLDERS

The names of the twenty largest shareholders are as follows:

	Shareholder	Number of Shares	% of Issued Capital
1	Mr Christopher Wallin (Christopher Wallin Super Fund)	217,519,418	32.99
2	JP Morgan Nominees Australia Ltd (Cash Income A/C)	76,428,932	11.59
3	Mr C I Wallin & Ms F K Wallin (Chris Wallin Superfund A/C)	51,633,773	7.83
4	HSBC Custody Nominees Australia Ltd	46,549,655	7.06
5	J P Morgan Nominees Australia Ltd	24,349,714	3.69
6	National Nominees Limited	22,744,945	3.45
7	Mr C I Wallin & Ms F K Wallin (Christopher Wallin S/F A/C)	17,092,776	2.59
8	Citicorp Nominees Pty Limited	15,914,654	2.41
9	Mr Miguel Missionario & Miss Teresa Missionario	12,540,585	1.90
10	Ventureline Pty Ltd	12,000,000	1.82
11	Field Ltd	9,204,054	1.40
12	Energy World International Ltd	6,583,344	1.00
13	Altamarda Pty Ltd	6,315,557	0.96
14	Yandal Investments Pty Ltd	6,284,672	0.95
15	Mr D L Wood & Mrs A Wood (The Wood Investment A/C)	5,541,667	0.84
16	Mr Ianaki Semerdziev	4,145,192	0.63
17	Mr Bernard Thomas Hooley	3,733,334	0.57
18	Ramaree Pty Ltd	3,657,622	0.55
19	L Dilizio & Co Pty Ltd	3,199,602	0.49
20	Jingie Investment Pty Ltd	3,009,705	0.46
	TOTAL OF TOP 20	548,449,201	83.18
	TOTAL SHARES	659,338,663	100.00

3. SUBSTANTIAL SHAREHOLDERS

As at 26 March 2013 the substantial shareholders registered with the Company were:

Shareholder	No of Shares	% of issued capital
Mr Christopher Wallin (Christopher Wallin Super Fund)	217,519,418	32.99
JP Morgan Nominees Australia Ltd (Cash Income A/C)	76,428,932	11.59
Mr C I Wallin & Ms F K Wallin (Chris Wallin Superfund A/C)	51,633,773	7.83
HSBC Custody Nominees Australia Ltd	46,549,655	7.06

4. VOTING RIGHTS

Ordinary Shares

On a show of hands every member present in person or by proxy or attorney or being a corporation by its authorised representative who is present in person or by proxy, shall have one vote for every fully paid ordinary share of which he is a holder.

Listed Options

Listed options have no voting rights until such options are exercised as fully paid ordinary shares.

Unlisted Options

These options have no voting rights until such options are exercised as fully paid ordinary shares.

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