

QUARTERLY REPORT

For the 3 Months Ended 31 December 2013

TRIAL MINING & PROCESSING AT THE OLD PIRATE HIGH-GRADE GOLD DEPOSIT DURING THE QUARTER:

- Trial Mining and Processing complete.
- ~3,200 ounces of gold produced including 3,094 ounces of gold sold during the quarter achieving gross-proceeds of \$4.23M.
- Significant gold in circuit to be recovered in ball mill clean-out in coming weeks.
- 17.8g/t gold average plant feed (head grade) exceeded expectation. (1)
- Overall in-plant recovery of 87% (based on feed vs tail assays) from gravity only processing with multiple grind sizes trialled to establish optimal processing parameters for Stage 2. (2)
- Dilution management and mining to geological / mineralised zone boundaries successful.
- Detailed mapping continued to reveal shallow plunging high-grade mineralised fold noses generating targets for near-surface extensional exploration work.
- Grade control data being compiled and resource update work commenced.

1. Head grade average is based on sampling from feed conveyor.

2. In-plant recovery is weighted to tonnes and based on daily feed vs tail assays. Using the data and parameters established in Stage 1, the Company estimates >90% recovery is readily achievable in Stage 2.

EXPLORATION

- Exploration tenement divestment of the North Arunta Regional Project proposed to Clancy Exploration Limited, option exercise pending. Option fee of \$250,000 received. ABM will become the major shareholder in Clancy, should the agreement complete.
- Independence Group NL, in alliance with ABM Resources, completed the first phase of the regional geochemistry program at Lake Mackay.

CORPORATE

- \$5.1M cash at the end of the quarter (compared to \$2.8M at the end of the previous quarter). Further revenue expected in the short-term from gold recovered during the upcoming ball mill clean-out.

PROJECTS

ABM is an exploration Company developing several gold discoveries in the Central Desert region of the Northern Territory of Australia. The Company has a multi-tiered approach to exploration and development with a combination of high-grade potentially short-term production scenarios such as the Old Pirate High-Grade Gold Project (Trial Mining complete, ball mill clean-out pending), large scale discoveries such as Buccaneer, and regional exploration discoveries such as the Hyperion Gold Project.

In addition, ABM is committed to regional exploration programs throughout its extensive holdings including the alliance with Independence Group NL at the regional Lake Mackay Project, and the recently announced and proposed divestment of the North Arunta Projects to Clancy Exploration Limited. A full target summary can be found in Appendix 1.

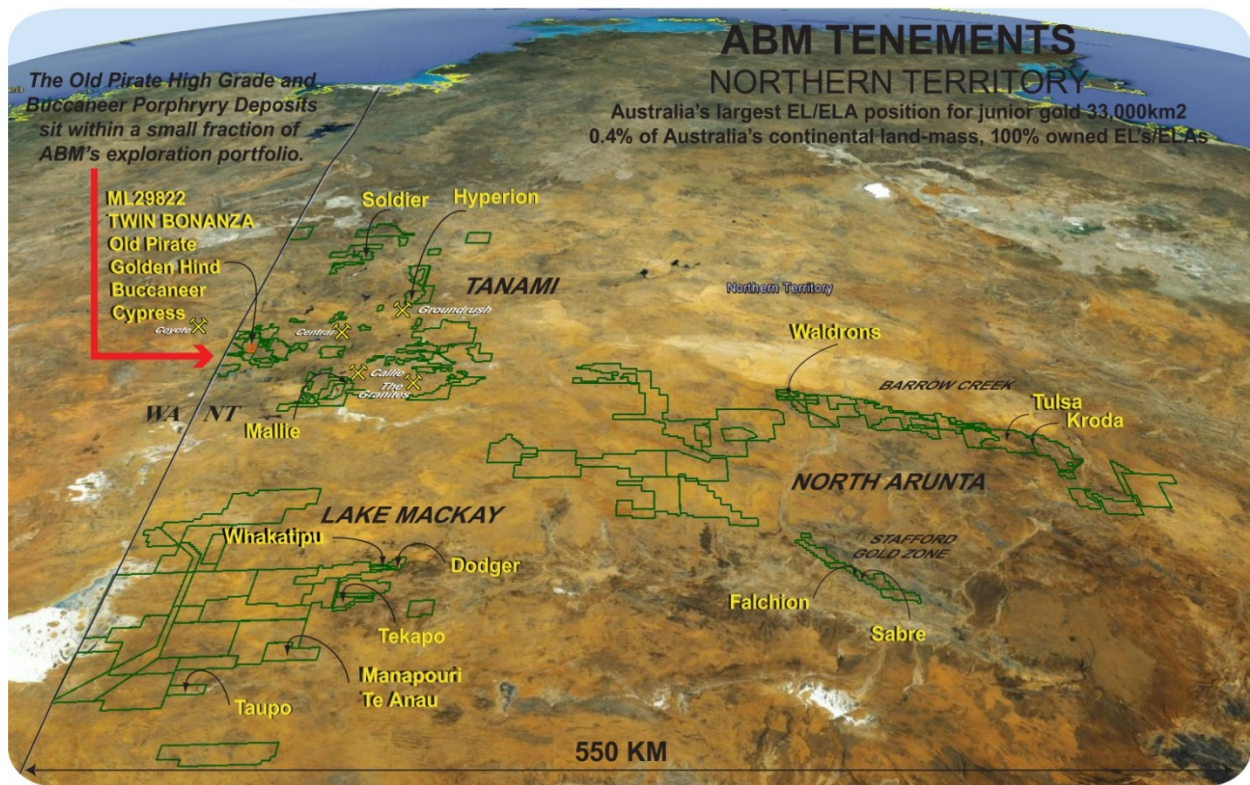


Figure 1. ABM Project Location Map in the Northern Territory.

About the Old Pirate High-Grade Gold Deposit

The Old Pirate Trend consists of a series of gold-bearing quartz veins over a 1.8 kilometre strike length, consisting of several distinct vein clusters of mineralisation including the Old Pirate, Old Glory and Golden Hind deposits. Gold mineralisation is hosted primarily within narrow quartz veins of between 20cm and 6m in width. Mineralised zones are up to 40m in width and consist of multiple veins hosted primarily within sedimentary shale horizons which are part of a turbidite sequence (interbedded sandstone and shales). Structurally the turbidite sequence has been folded into a faulted anticline.

The Old Pirate Gold Deposit has a total uncut mineral resource estimate of **1.88Mt averaging 11.96g/t gold for 723,800 ounces** (refer Appendix 2) and has a number of key advantages compared to other projects in Australia. Firstly, high gold recovery from low cost / low capital expenditure gravity processing methods. Secondly, there is abundant high-grade gold observed in multiple quartz veins extending from surface to depths of greater than 200m.

The project has a high coarse gold content (statistical nugget effect) resulting in a high variability of grade between samples. By trialling multiple techniques, the Company has established that the collection of larger sample sizes results in a generally higher grade assay. This sampling effect is typical in coarse gold systems where drilling generally under-calls the overall grade. As a result, the Company is not undertaking the standard feasibility study process involving detailed desktop studies and drilling, but is instead conducting a staged approach to development where the Trial Mining (Bulk Sampling) forms a key part of determining the costs and feasibility of a full-scale mine, and allows for ongoing 'in-mine' exploration. The Trial Mining involved the installation of a gravity gold plant that will be used and expanded in the subsequent stages.

The staged process takes advantage of the low engineering risk at Old Pirate and allows the Company to keep up-front capital expenditure to a minimum. The objective is for each stage of development to be profitable with quick payback periods, and to assist with the capital required for the subsequent stages from cash flow.

OLD PIRATE TRIAL MINING & PROCESSING

Trial Mining and Processing Complete

A total of 9,844 tonnes of material was processed as part of the trial mining with 3,094 ounces of gold sold to date and a further 130 ounces (estimated) delivered to the Perth Mint pending finalisation of out-turn. Gross proceeds to date are \$4.23M. Due to the coarseness of the gold, as confirmed by an independent metallurgical review, a further ~1000 ounces of gold is estimated in circuit which is aimed to be recovered during ball mill clean-out. Recent heavy rains and temporary closure of the Tanami Road have delayed the ball mill clean-out which will commence as soon as weather permits.

Most assays have now been received and indicated recovery stands at 87% based on plant feed and tails assays. From approximately half way through the trial (around shift 60 on 'x' axis on Chart 1 below) gold produced, aligned well to recoveries expected from feed assays as gold in circuit reached equilibrium.

Processing work indicates the overall high gravity recoverable gold projected for Stage 2 operations is achievable with low capital improvements to the current plant to improve grind and to capture more gold earlier in the plant circuit.

Gold lost to tails is principally less than 53 micron particles based on tails analysis. ABM (via ALS Global) is currently conducting test work targeting improved recovery for sub 53 micron gold particles, using laboratory based Falcon concentrator simulation. This work is being conducted on composite tails samples from the trial processing, and initial results indicate that a further 30% of gold to tails is recoverable with the addition of a Falcon concentrator.

Processing circuit modifications are being considered to reduce possible over grinding of some of the gold by bringing forward the removal of gold in circuit using the jig and by first exposing material to centrifugal concentration at an earlier stage. The company is confident in achieving recoveries in excess of 90% for Stage 2 operations by applying gold particle characterisation data and parameters that were learned during the trial processing.

Fraction analysis and fire assay of leach-well residues has revealed no recognisable refractory component of gold mineralisation and hence all gold is assumed as “free-gold”. It is important to note that ABM is utilising a small and fully lined tailings storage facility, and is also developing strategies to recover the gold in this tails storage facility during Stage 2.

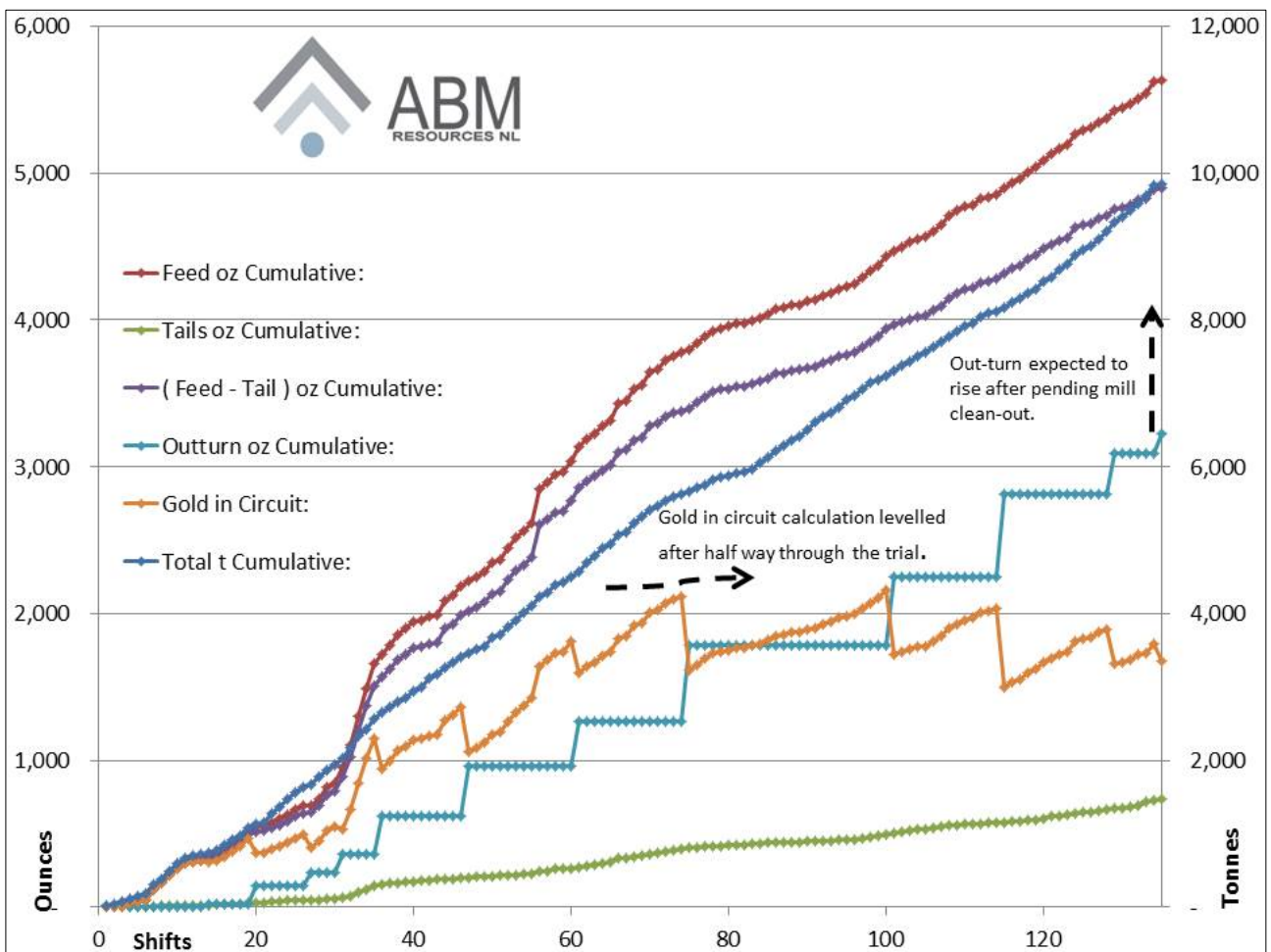


Chart 1. Cumulative production chart from trial processing

Chart 1 Notes:

Total t cumulative is the processed tonnes through the plant.

Feed oz cumulative is a cumulative weighted total ounce input based on feed (head) grades (refer Appendix 3).

Tails Oz cumulative is the estimated gold content out to tails (refer Appendix 3).

Feed-Tail Oz cumulative is the feed grade minus the tail grade and represents the expected total in-plant recovery of ounces of gold.

Outturn Oz cumulative is the product outturn from the Perth Mint Refinery, other than the final step which represents estimated gold currently in hand. The stepwise (saw-tooth) nature relates to individual batches sent to the Perth Mint Refinery on a weekly basis.

Gold in Circuit is estimated by subtracting Outturn Oz from Feed-Tail Oz cumulative. The line shows generally a flattening out.

The trial mining of gold-bearing material was extracted from the numerous trial pits and included Golden Hind, Old Pirate South, East-Side veins, SE Veins, Old Pirate Central / Eastern Limb and the Western Limb. In particular, and below the first metre, the geologists found it relatively straight-forward to follow geological boundaries and selectively mine the high-grade gold bearing veins and thus reduce the amount of country rock dilution. This dilution management was a key test of the trial mining phase with the aim to model if the Stage 2 mining can be performed at higher grade / less tonnes for similar net gold content than predicted by the resource modelling. These studies and the modelling are part of on-going work and the mining provided new insights into geological control and geometry of the mineralised system. Overall the mineralised system performed to and in places beyond expectation with a grade of 17.8g/t gold for the bulk sample. The reasons for the higher grade are principally due to dilution management and the ability to visually mine the system to geological and mineralised zone boundaries.

The geological and grade control data are being compiled for a re-estimation of the overall resource. Of particular note is the recent confirmed presence of shallowly plunging high-grade folded and thickened veins. The existence of these folds was postulated in the previous geological interpretation and resource modelling but given their orientation did not naturally outcrop clearly. The fold hinges plunge shallower than expected at 18 to 22 degrees and the Company will factor this shallow plunge into the resource model. The shallow plunge also generates several shallow extensional drill targets which will be tested to potentially extend the system. Some examples of shallow plunging folds are shown in Figures 2 and 3.

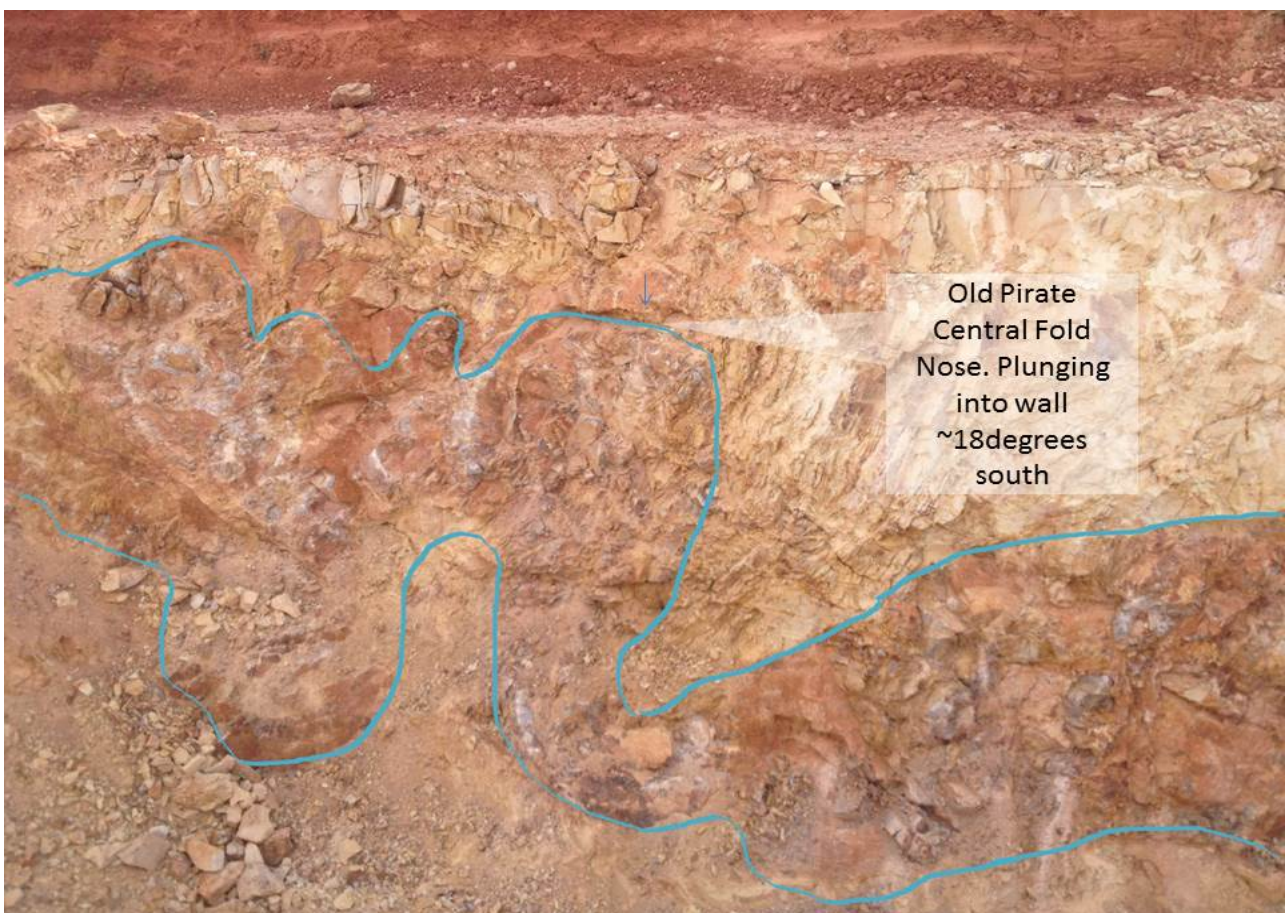


Figure 2. Photograph (view south) of pit wall at Old Pirate Central showing exposure of fold. The vein (blue highlighted area) is plunging at 18 to 20 degrees into the wall. Height of bench is approximately 3m.

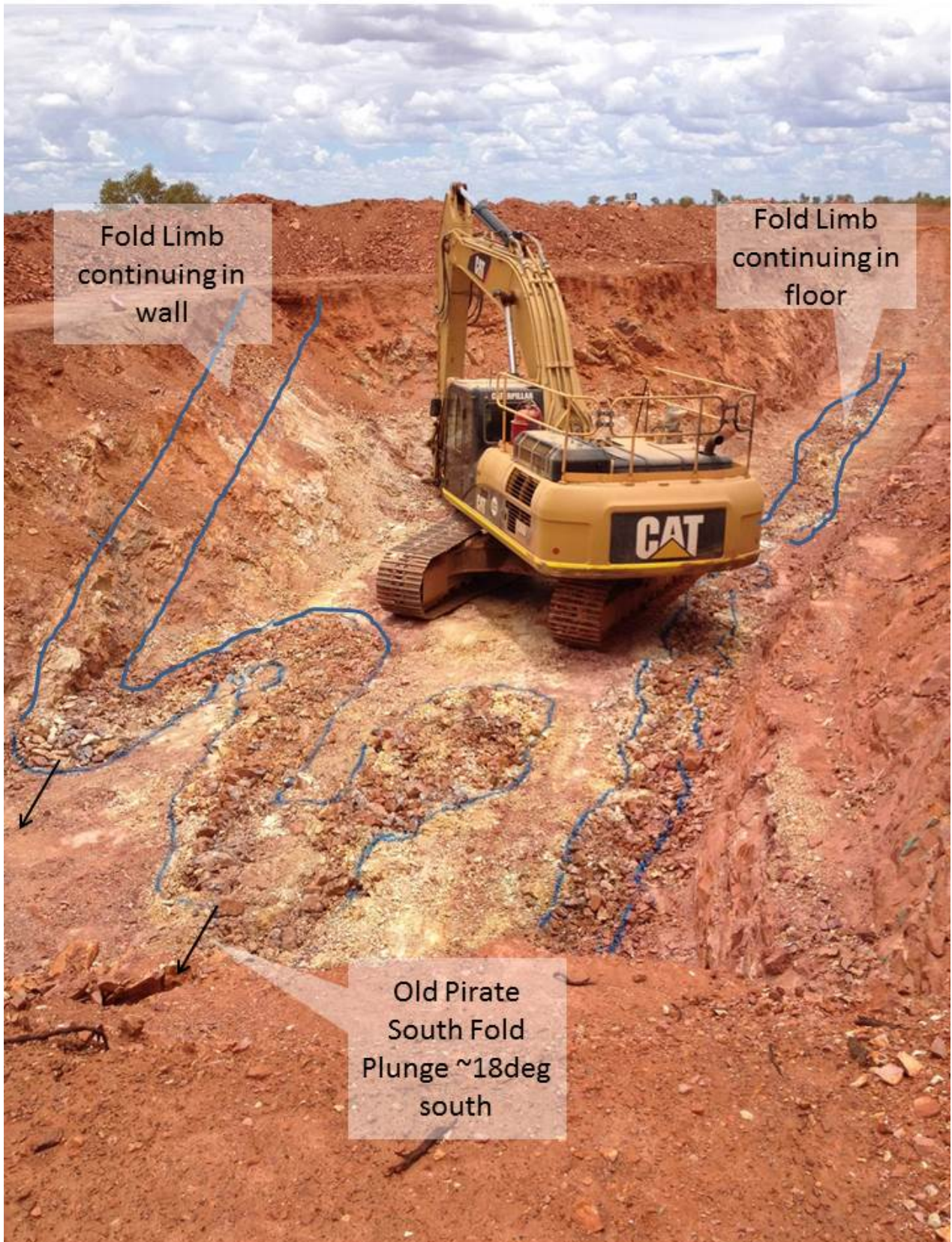


Figure 3. Old Pirate South fold nose exposed in pit floor and walls. Photo taken view NNW with the fold plunging south into the floor at 18 to 20 degrees.

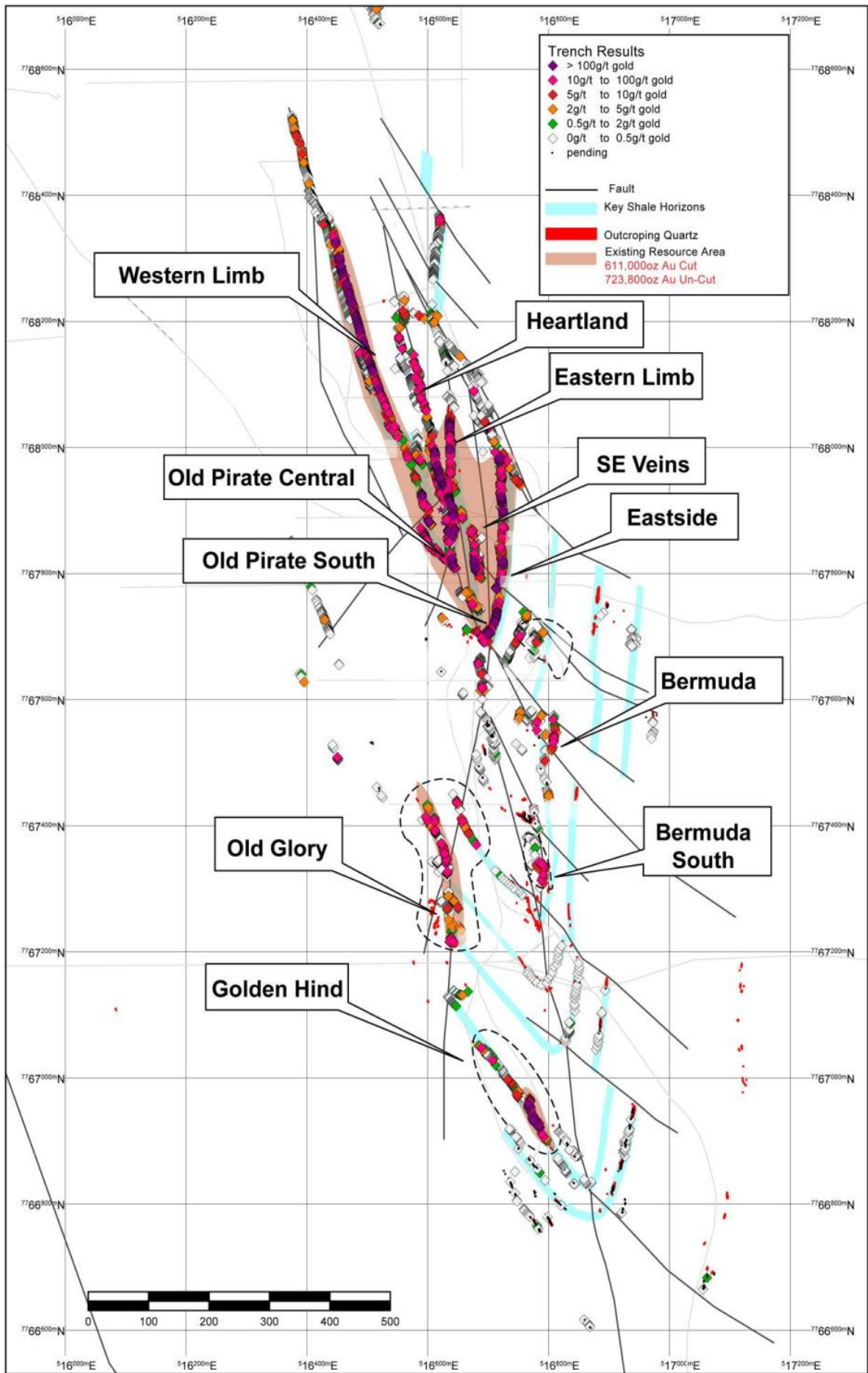


Figure 4. Old Pirate Trend Gold System.

Beyond Stage One Trial Mining and Processing

Subject to successful assessment of the Stage One Trial Mining and Processing, ABM intends to continue mining at Old Pirate. It is intended to initially be open pit mining using the same processing facility as used in Stage One with minor upgrades to increase plant capacity to 150,000 tonne per annum (refer release dated 18/03/2013). In order to proceed ABM requires a Mineral Lease. ABM is progressing the Mineral Lease Application with the relevant authorities and the statutory offices of the Northern Territory. The Company has filed its Environmental Impact Statement with the Northern Territory EPA and the public review period will end in early February. ABM has commenced work on the Mine Management Plan which can be submitted after the completion of the EIS process. The mining agreement with the Traditional Owners, via the Central Land Council, is complete. ABM does not see any impediments to the ultimate granting of a mineral lease.

Priorities going forward include:

Twin Bonanza Gold Camp:

- Complete the ball mill clean-out and analyse the results of Stage One Trial Mining and Processing at Old Pirate.
- Continue studies, scoping and preparation work for Stage Two mining.
- Progress to Mineral Lease from Exploration Licence.
- Continue exploration for high-grade gold-bearing structures extensional to Old Pirate.
- Consider the next stage of exploration at the Buccaneer Porphyry Project.

Regional Exploration:

- Continue analysis of historic, collected and available data and desktop targeting on ABM's regional portfolio of exploration projects.
- Exploration work continues at the Lake Mackay Project with Independence Group NL (see below).
- Progress the divestment of the North Arunta Regional Project with Clancy Exploration Limited.

Divestment of 100% of ABM's Interest in the North Arunta Regional Projects

ABM has agreed to transfer 100% of its interest in the North Arunta Regional Projects to Clancy Exploration Limited (Clancy). Subject to conditions, the consideration includes 125 million fully paid shares and 175 million unlisted options in Clancy, which will make ABM the largest shareholder in Clancy. Clancy is, during an initial option period (option fee of \$250,000 received), undertaking due diligence.

Clancy is an Australian copper, gold, base metals and tin explorer. The Company's existing portfolio consists of copper-gold projects in the Lachlan Fold Belt of NSW and base metal and tin projects in the Mount Read Volcanic Belt of Tasmania. In NSW, Clancy has 5 wholly owned and managed projects, 3 joint venture projects with Mitsubishi Materials Corporation (MMC) of Japan and 1 joint venture project with High-Power Exploration Inc., all of which are managed by Clancy. In Tasmania, Clancy has 2 base metal joint venture projects with Bass Metals and 1 tin joint venture project with TNT Mines Pty Ltd. The Tasmanian projects are managed by Clancy's joint venture partners.

Dr Mike Etheridge, the Chairman of Clancy, is also the Chairman of ABM. Consideration of the proposed transaction at board level in both companies was undertaken by board sub-committees of which Dr Etheridge was not a member.

The Completion of the acquisition will, among other conditions, be subject to regulatory and shareholder approvals and due diligence by both parties.

For further details and information on the consideration please refer to ASX release 29 November 2013.

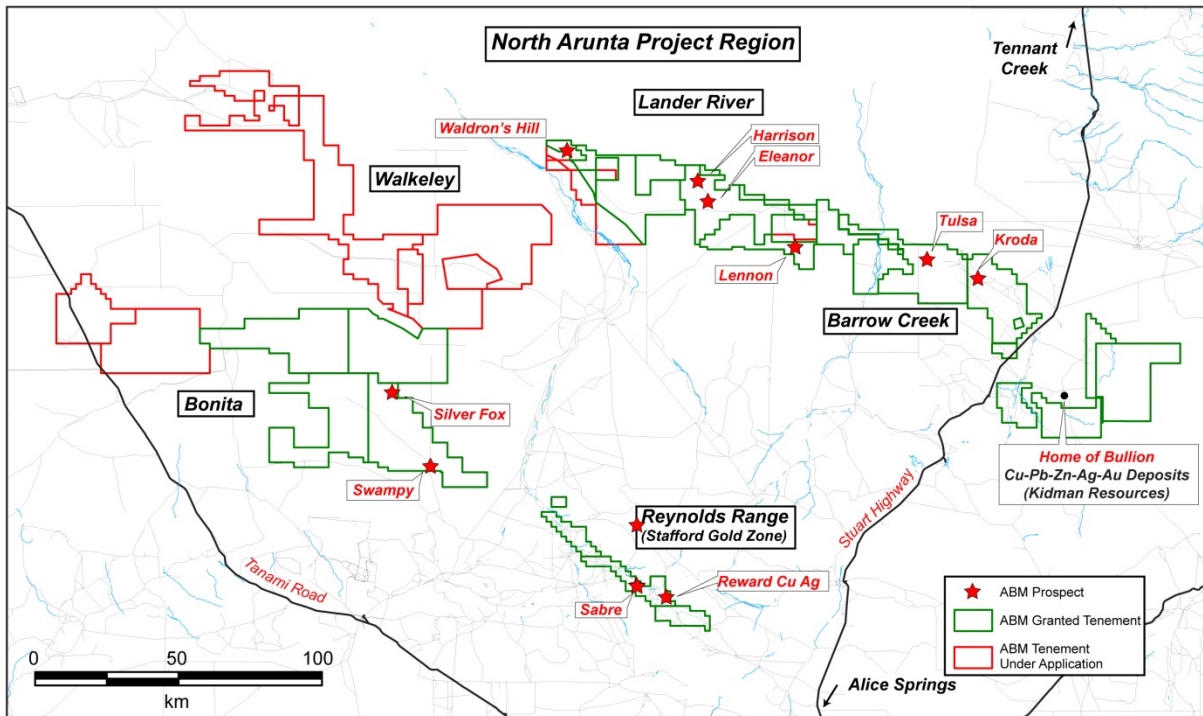


Figure 5. North Arunta Project Region

Lake Mackay Regional Project Alliance with Independence Group

During the quarter, Independence Group NL (ASX: IGO) continued exploration on the Lake Mackay Project (refer release dated 21/8/2013 for alliance details). To date over 2300 square kilometres of ground has been covered with 800m by 800m spacing low level detection soil sampling (bulk leach extractable gold “BLEG” technique) with several areas infilled with 200m by 200m to 400m by 400m grids. Results are being compiled and analysed to prioritise target areas for further work.

Tenement Portfolio

ABM has 102 granted licenses, 31 exploration license applications and 1 mineral lease application in the Northern Territory totalling more than 33,000 square kilometres. This includes 65 tenements and 11,435 square kilometres in the Tanami region, not subject to agreements with IGO or Clancy where ABM is maintaining a strong and direct commitment to regional exploration.

ABM continues its strong working relationship with the Central Land Council, the Traditional Owners and the Northern Territory Department of Minerals and Energy.

CORPORATE

ABM's financial position at the end of the Quarter was \$5.1M in cash. Additionally the Company has ~130 ounces of gold pending out-turn from the Perth Mint and further gold is expected to be recovered from the ball mill clean-out which will also add to the cash position of the Company.

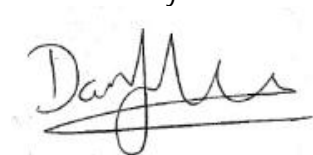
ANZ Facility

With ABM's staged and low capital cost approach for the development at the Old Pirate High-Grade gold project, the Company does not require conventional large project financing. However, in order to provide the Company maximum flexibility through the vagaries of market conditions the Directors have considered it prudent to secure a stand-by facility with the ANZ. The facility is now in place and the principal details of the facility are outlined in the ASX announcement dated 29 July 2013. Part of this facility is a bond facility and most of ABM's bonds with government bodies now no longer require cash-backing.

Directors

Mike Etheridge, Non-Executive Chairman of ABM purchased 2 Million shares at 2.2 cents per share on 31 December 2013.

Yours faithfully



DARREN HOLDEN
Managing Director

Competent Persons Statement

The information in this announcement and Appendix 1 and 2 that relate to Exploration Results & Mineral Resources (announced previously and before 1st December 2013) is based on information compiled by Mr Darren Holden who is a Member of The Australasian Institute of Mining and Metallurgy. Mr Holden is a full time employee of ABM Resources NL and has sufficient experience which is relevant to the style of mineralisation and type of deposit under consideration and to the activity which he is undertaking to qualify as a Competent Person as defined in the 2004 edition of the "Australasian Code for Reporting Exploration Results, Mineral Resources and Ore Reserves". Mr Holden consents to the inclusion in the documents of the matters based on this information in the form and context in which it appears.

The information in this announcement and Appendix 3 that relate to Exploration Results (announced post December 1st 2013) is based on information compiled by Mr Darren Holden who is a Member of The Australasian Institute of Mining and Metallurgy. Mr Holden is a full time employee of ABM Resources NL and has sufficient experience which is relevant to the style of mineralisation and type of deposit under consideration and to the activity which he is undertaking to qualify as a Competent Person as defined in the 2012 edition of the "Australasian Code for Reporting Exploration Results, Mineral Resources and Ore Reserves". Mr Holden consents to the inclusion in the documents of the matters based on this information in the form and context in which it appears.

The information that refers to Exploration Results & Mineral Resources in this announcement, apart from Appendix 3, was prepared and first disclosed under the JORC Code 2004. It has not been updated since to comply with the JORC Code 2012 on the basis that the information has not materially changed since last reported.

ASX ANNOUNCEMENTS

During the Quarter the following ASX announcements regarding the Company's activities and projects were released.

Date	Headline
20/12/2013	CLY: Sale of Genesis Resources Shareholding
12/12/2013	ABM Hits 3000 Ounce Target from Trial Mining
02/12/2013	Webcast - Clancy and ABM discuss North Arunta Transaction
29/11/2013	CLY: Clancy to acquire North Arunta Project from ABM
29/11/2013	Divestment of Regional Projects to Clancy Exploration Ltd
20/11/2013	Results of Meeting
20/11/2013	Managing Director's Address to Shareholders
20/11/2013	Chairman's Address to Shareholders
14/11/2013	Webcast - Update on the Old Pirate Gold Project
11/11/2013	Trial Processing Accelerates at the Old Pirate Gold Project
25/10/2013	Quarterly Activities and Cashflow Report
15/10/2013	Notice of Annual General Meeting/Proxy Form
10/10/2013	Change in substantial holding
08/10/2013	Trial Mining and Processing Update at Old Pirate

Appendix 1. ABM Asset Summary. Note – readers are referred back to previous announcements for full reporting of exploration results on a particular prospect or project.

Discovery Stage Projects – Several mineralised intercepts confirmed continuous over strike length with at least one sub-project pending drill to define extents or resource.

Sub-Project	Target Style	Infrastructure / Access	Extents	Best Intersections / Potential or Resource	2013 Proposed or 2012 Completed Activity	Refer ASX Announcement Date For Further Details
Twin Bonanza Gold Camp Project						
Old Pirate	High-grade sedimentary hosted veins.	25km south of Tanami Road. All weather tracks.	Extendable over 8km of anomalies largely untested to the North and South of Central Old Pirate area. Includes the Golden Hind Prospect (note below). Also, Old Glory and Bermuda Zones which have the potential for an additional open pit.	Resource of 611,000 ounces of gold averaging 10.1g/t gold (top-cut) or 723,800 ounces of gold averaging 11.96g/t gold (uncut).	Continued extensional exploration. Bulk Sample / Trial Mining. Mineral lease application.	02/02/2010, 03/03/2010, 15/06/2010, 08/07/2010, 12/07/2010, 27/07/2010, 31/08/2010, 15/11/2010, 04/04/2011, 08/08/2011, 31/08/2011, 07/09/2011, 13/10/2011, 29/11/2011, 22/12/2011, 05/01/2012, 20/01/2012, 08/02/2012, 16/04/2012, 03/05/2012, 15/05/2012, 18/06/2012, 09/07/2012, 16/07/2012, 02/08/2012, 05/08/2012, 05/09/2012, 09/10/2012, 19/10/2012, 16/11/2012, 19/11/2012, 26/11/2012, 04/02/2013, 18/03/2013, 09/04/2013, 29/05/2013, 12/06/2013, 03/07/2013, 01/08/2013, 16/08/2013, 04/09/2013, 18/09/2013, 08/10/2013, 11/11/2013 & 12/12/2013

Sub-Project	Target Style	Infrastructure / Access	Extents	Best Intersections / Potential or Resource	2013 Proposed or 2012 Completed Activity	Refer ASX Announcement Date For Further Details
Golden Hind	High-grade sedimentary hosted quartz veins.	25km south of Tanami Road. All weather tracks. 800m south of Old Pirate.	High-grade 60m strike length, variable width.	Surface strike length sampling 60m averaging 103.23g/t gold. Maiden Resource (incl. in OP resource above) of 59,100 ounces of gold averaging 16.45g/t gold (1g/t cut-off) incl. high-grade core of 49,200 ounces of gold averaging 45.58g/t gold (1g/t cut-off).	Surface sampling and trenching of extensional veins. Maiden Resource Estimation. Bulk Sample/Trial Mining. Mineral Lease application.	28/06/2012, 05/08/2012, 20/08/2012, 17/09/2012, 02/10/2012, 04/02/2013 & 18/03/2013
Buccaneer including Caribbean, Cypress, Eastern Contact, and Empress Zones.	Porphyry related gold.	22km south of Tanami Road. All weather tracks.	3km by 1.5km extents.	2.67Moz Inferred and Indicated Resource. New HGZ Resource (Inferred and Indicated) of 677Koz of gold averaging 3.61g/t gold (2g/t cut-off) or 1.1Moz of gold averaging 2.23g/t gold (1g/t cut-off). Recent extensional results: 435m @ 0.69g/t gold incl 203m @ 1.07g/t gold incl 41m @ 3.54g/t gold. 174m @ 0.97g/t gold incl 32m @ 1.19g/t gold + 31m @ 3.37g/t gold incl 19m @ 5.08g/t gold. Recent results at Cypress Zone: 6m @ 20.37g/t gold within 294m @ 0.73g/t gold.	Re-optimisation of resource focusing on higher grade structural zones. Metallurgical test work.	01/02/2010 , 03/03/2010, 15/06/2010, 19/08/2010, 31/08/2010, 13/09/2010, 22/09/2010, 18/10/2010, 13/12/2010, 13/01/2011, 21/02/2011, 22/02/2011, 28/02/2011, 22/03/2011, 27/04/2011, 09/05/2011, 09/06/2011, 16/06/2011, 04/07/2011, 18/07/2011, 01/08/2011, 17/08/2011, 12/09/2011, 11/10/2011, 24/10/2011, 28/11/2011, 18/01/2012, 19/01/2012, 07/03/2012, 16/04/2012, 03/05/2012, 14/06/2012, 01/08/2012 & 05/02/2013

Sub-Project	Target Style	Infrastructure / Access	Extents	Best Intersections / Potential or Resource	2013 Proposed or 2012 Completed Activity	Refer ASX Announcement Date For Further Details
Twin Bonanza Gold Camp Companion Projects – Marauder, Casa Anomaly 19, Mavericks, Bandit, Corsair, Landlubber.	Various.	18 to 25km south of Tanami Road.	Combined anomalism over 80 sq km. Largely untested by drilling.	Total of 30 targets at the Twin Bonanza Gold Camp incl Old Pirate and Buccaneer. Anomaly 19: 52m @ 0.32g/t gold incl 18m @ 0.59g/t gold incl 6m @ 1.27 g/t gold. Bandit: 5m @ 3.12g/t gold incl 1m @ 13.25g/t gold.	Test multiple targets.	03/03/2010, 31/01/2011, 03/02/2011, 18/04/2011, 24/10/2011, 28/11/2011, 29/04/2013, 29/05/2013
Northern Tanami Gold Project						
Hyperion	High-grade sedimentary hosted veins.	18km NNE of Groundrush Mine. All weather roads.	500m x 100m zone in overall 2km of anomalies. Open at depth.	202,000 ounce inferred resource.	Ongoing assessment.	09/03/2010 , 04/11/2010, 11/01/2011, 09/11/2011, 28/02/2012, 12/03/2012 & 16/04/2012
Hyperion Jasper Hill	High-grade sedimentary hosted veins.	18km NNE of Groundrush Mine. All weather roads.	120m strike length open.	25m @ 1.05g/t Au incl. 16m @ 1.30g/t Au.	Reconnaissance 2013.	09/03/2010 & 04/11/2010
Hyperion Companion Projects – Hyp West; Grange, Brokenwood, Old Soldier	High-grade sedimentary hosted veins.	18km NNE of Groundrush Mine. All weather roads.	Multiple targets >6 sq km of anomalism.			09/03/2010 & 11/01/2011
Eastern Barrow Creek Gold Project – Clancy Exploration Option						
Kroda 3	High-grade sedimentary hosted veins.	18km from Stuart Highway (near Barrow Creek).	540m by 300m anomalous zone defined by shallow drilling.	57m @ 3.83g/t gold incl 29m @6.83g/t gold incl 12m @ 15.69g/t gold. 91m @ 1.44g/t gold incl 33m @ 3.22g/t gold.	Airborne geophysics completed.	16/03/2010, 17/03/2010, 20/06/2011, 27/09/2011 & 03/05/2012
Kroda Companion Projects 1, 2, 4	High-grade sedimentary hosted veins.	18km from Stuart Highway (near Barrow Creek).	More than 14km of combined strike length of anomalism defined with shallow drilling / reconnaissance.	9m @ 2.39g/t Au, 6m @ 3.32g/t Au.	Test multiple targets	16/03/2010, 17/03/2010, 20/06/2011 & 03/05/2012
Tulsa Project	Shear zone hosted gold?	45km from Stuart Highway near Barrow Creek.	10km of strike length of anomalous gold in soils.	-	Airborne geophysics. Geochemistry and test targets.	-

Sub-Project	Target Style	Infrastructure / Access	Extents	Best Intersections / Potential or Resource	2013 Proposed or 2012 Completed Activity	Refer ASX Announcement Date For Further Details
Emma	Base metals.	18km from Stuart Highway near Barrow Creek.	2km long electromagnetic conductor.	Intersections of wide zones of pyrite mineralisation. Further testing required.	-	-
Stafford Gold Zone – Clancy Exploration Option						
Sabre	High-grade sedimentary hosted veins.	200km NW of Alice Springs, 70km from Tanami Road via tracks from Yuendumu.	600m by 240m drilled zone.	35m @ 2.02g/t Au incl 17m @ 3.93g/t Au incl 2m @ 18.15g/t Au.	Targeting.	18/01/2010, 24/05/2010, 15/06/2010, 07/07/2010 & 03/05/2012
Stafford Gold Zone Companion Projects – Falchion Yataghan, Yataghan South, Assegai, Claymore	High-grade sediment hosted veins.	200km NW of Alice Springs, 70km from Tanami Road via tracks from Yuendumu.	20 kilometres of anomalous strike length of the Stafford Gold Zone. Companion projects widely spaced / shallow drilling.	Up to 2m @ 4.1g/t Au in shallow drilling.	Geochemistry and targeting.	18/01/2010, 07/07/2010 & 03/05/2012
Reward Polymetallic Companion Project	Breccia hosted Cu-Ag-Pb-Au.	200km NW of Alice Springs, 70km from Tanami Road via tracks from Yuendumu.	250m x 100m outcrop of rock chips.	Rock-chips returned up to 20.3% copper and 271g/t silver.	Targeting.	18/01/2010, 13/05/2010 & 03/05/2012
Lake Mackay Projects– Exploration Agreement with Independence Group						
Tekapo	Iron Oxide-Copper-Gold (Tennant Creek / Ernest Henry Style).	400km west of Alice Springs, 60km from Nyrripi.	1.2km by 600m geochem anomaly Cu-Au-Ag-Bi-Mo-Sb.	16m @ 3.4g/t Au and 4m @ 2.67% Cu. No drilling in bedrock (surface regolith zone). 18m @ 3.05g/t gold and 17m @ 0.25% copper.	Targeting.	07/01/2010, 24/08/2011 & 24/11/2011
Dodger	Shear hosted gold + intrusion related base metals.	400km west of Alice Springs, 68km from Nyrripi.	Regolith (RAB) anomaly 2.5km long.	4m @ 3.56g/t Au. Untested in fresh rock. Several parallel systems. Major underlying intrusion as the potential source.	Targeting and drill test.	07/01/2010

Sub-Project	Target Style	Infrastructure / Access	Extents	Best Intersections / Potential or Resource	2013 Proposed or 2012 Completed Activity	Refer ASX Announcement Date For Further Details
Taupo	Iron Oxide-Copper-Gold (Tennant Creek / Ernest Henry Style).	400km west of Alice Springs, 99km from Nyrripi.	Regolith (RAB) anomaly 8km by 1km Cu-Au-Pb-Zn-Bi.	No test of fresh rock. All regolith drilling in depleted horizon.	Targeting.	07/01/2010
Lake Mackay Companion Projects – Wakatipu, Manapouri, Te Anau	IOCG, shear hosted gold, intrusive related gold.	400km west of Alice Springs.	Regolith (RAB & Vacuum) anomalies over variable extents.	Large low level anomalies. Manapouri: 1m @ 5.61g/t gold.	Targeting and geochemistry.	07/01/2010, 24/08/2011 & 24/11/2011
Tanami / Arunta Region Emergent Regional Projects						
Northern Tanami-Soldier / Birrindudu	Sedimentary hosted veins.	~80km north of Tanami / Groundrush Mines.	Extensive geochemistry and magnetic anomalies over 8 sqkm.	No test of fresh rock.	Geochemistry and targeting.	23/11/2009
North Arunta Clancy Option	Porphyry related gold and sedimentary hosted vein deposits.	70km north of Yuendumu.	Unprospected ELAs spanning the prolific Trans-Tanami Geological Structure.	No work to date. Regional structural targets.	Geochemistry and targeting.	23/11/2009
Bonita Clancy Option	Unknown.	70km north of Yuendumu.	6km magnetic anomaly.	-	Targeting.	03/05/2012
Lake Mackay Independence Group Alliance	Iron Oxide-Copper-Gold, High-Grade Vein.	400km west of Alice Springs, 100km from Nyrripi.	Unprospected ELAs spanning major structures.	No work to date. Regional structural targets. Remote Australia.	Geochemistry and reconnaissance.	23/11/2009

Appendix 2. Resource Estimations

1. Old Pirate Resources Estimations

Table 1.1 Old Pirate Trend Overall High-Grade Mineral Resource Estimation February 2013

Category	Tonnes	Gold Grade (g/t) (300g/t top-cut)	Gold Grade (g/t) (uncut)	Ounces Gold (300g/t top-cut)	Ounces Gold (uncut)
Indicated	889,000	8.19	8.93	234,100	255,300
Inferred	993,000	11.80	14.67	376,900	468,500
Total	1,882,000	10.10	11.96	611,000	723,800

Mineral Resources estimated at 1g/t cut-off except for the Central Zone estimated at a 3g/t cut-off. Totals may vary due to rounding. There is an additional 414,900 tonnes averaging 1.74g/t gold for 23,300 ounces of gold in low-grade Indicated Resource in the Central Zone (>1g/t, <3g/t cut-offs).

For further information refer to ASX release dated 04/02/2013.

2. Buccaneer HGZ Resources Estimations

Table 2a. Combined Resource Estimation without utilising a top-cut, using a 1 g/t block model cut-off

	Tonnes	Gold (g/t)	Ounces
Indicated	7,117,000	2.25	515,300
Inferred	8,183,000	2.78	732,200
Total	15,300,000	2.54	1,247,500

Table 2b. Combined Resource Estimation using the top-cut, and a 1 g/t block model cut-off

	Tonnes	Gold (g/t)	Ounces
Indicated	7,117,000	2.00	458,500
Inferred	8,183,000	2.43	639,700
Total	15,300,000	2.23	1,098,200

Table 2c. Combined Resource Estimation without utilising a top-cut, using a 2 g/t block model cut-off

	Tonnes	Gold (g/t)	Ounces
Indicated	2,261,000	4.17	303,000
Inferred	3,573,000	4.56	523,500
Total	5,834,000	4.41	826,500

Table 2d. Combined Resource Estimation using the top-cut, and a 2 g/t block model cut-off

	Tonnes	Gold (g/t)	Ounces
Indicated	2,261,000	3.39	246,200
Inferred	3,573,000	3.75	431,100
Total	5,834,000	3.61	677,300

Note – totals may vary due to rounding.

For further information refer to ASX release dated 05/02/2013.

3. Hyperion Gold Project Resource Estimation

Table 3.1 Hyperion Gold Project Resource Estimation with 50g/t top-cut

0.8g/t cut off	Tonnes	Gold (g/t)	Ounces
Hyperion Central	2,209,000	2.06	146,600
Hyperion South	768,000	2.25	55,500
Total	2,977,000	2.11	202,200
2g/t cut-off	Tonnes	Gold (g/t)	Ounces
Hyperion Central	875,000	3.17	89,100
Hyperion South	272,000	4.08	35,700
Total	1,147,000	3.38	124,800

Note - totals may vary due to rounding.

For further information refer to ASX release dated 16/04/2012.

Appendix 3. Plant Feed and Tails Assay sampling method.

The plant feed samples are manually collected by scooping crushed material off the scrubber feed conveyor every hour. The Company expects these grades to be an indication only due to the coarse gold effect (nugget effect) of this deposit. Samples are composited to one sample per shift. The samples are sent to ALS Global in Alice Springs for pulverising and then sent to ALS Global in Perth where they are assayed using both Fire Assay (AA26) and LeachWell (AA15) techniques.

The tails samples are collected with an automatic tails sampling device and composited for the shift. Samples are sent to ALS Global in Alice Springs where they are filter pressed to remove water content, and then sent to Perth for assay using both Fire Assay (AA26) and LeachWell (AA15) techniques.

Number of samples (Shifts)	Head grade assay average weighted against tonnes per shift (g/t gold)	Tails grade assay average weighted against tonnes per shift (g/t gold)	In-plant gravity only recovery (weighted)
135	17.8	2.3	87%

JORC Code 2012 Edition Summary (TABLE 1) – Old Pirate Prospect - Trial Mining Tails and Head Assays

Section 1 Sampling Techniques and Data

(Criteria in this section apply to all succeeding sections.)

Criteria	JORC Code Explanation	Commentary
Sampling techniques	Nature and quality of sampling (eg cut channels, random chips, or specific specialised industry standard measurement tools appropriate to the minerals under investigation, such as down hole gamma sondes, or handheld XRF instruments, etc). These examples should not be taken as limiting the broad meaning of sampling	<i>Head Grade Assay</i> – Samples collected from feed conveyor after crushing manually at regular intervals. Each sample is composited for a shift and approximates 8 kilograms. <i>Tails Assays</i> – Samples collected from automated tailings sampler prior to material discharge to tails. One composite sample is collected per shift and is representative.
	Include reference to measures taken to ensure sample representivity and the appropriate calibration of any measurement tools or systems used.	As noted above.
	Aspects of the determination of mineralisation that are Material to the Public Report. In cases where 'industry standard' work has been done this would be relatively simple (eg 'reverse circulation drilling was used to obtain 1 m samples from which 3 kg was pulverised to produce a 30 g charge for fire assay'). In other cases more explanation may be required, such as where there is coarse gold that has inherent sampling problems. Unusual commodities or mineralisation types (eg submarine nodules) may warrant disclosure of detailed information.	<i>Head Grade Assays</i> – Composite sample manually collected from feed conveyor. Plant feed is crushed to sub 6mm reducing potential sample bias. Samples are further crushed and assayed using both fire assay (30g charge) and AA15 leach-well assay (500g). <i>Tails Assays</i> – Samples are filter pressed to remove water content then both fire assayed (30g) and AA15 leach-well assayed (500g). Tails assays also assayed based on break down of particle size and average is compared against original result to check for consistency.
Drilling techniques	Drill type (eg core, reverse circulation, open-hole hammer, rotary air blast, auger, Bangka, sonic, etc) and details (eg core diameter, triple or standard tube, depth of diamond tails, face-sampling bit or other type, whether core is oriented and if so, by what method, etc).	Not Applicable – Bulk sampling assaying results only (not drilling results).
Drill sample recovery	Method of recording and assessing core and chip sample recoveries and results assessed.	Not Applicable – Bulk sampling assaying results only (not drilling results).
	Measures taken to maximise sample recovery and ensure representative nature of the samples.	
	Whether a relationship exists between sample recovery and grade and whether sample bias may have occurred due to preferential loss/gain of fine/coarse material.	

Criteria	JORC Code Explanation	Commentary
Logging	Whether core and chip samples have been geologically and geotechnically logged to a level of detail to support appropriate Mineral Resource estimation, mining studies and metallurgical studies.	Not Applicable – Bulk sampling assaying results only (not drilling results).
	Whether logging is qualitative or quantitative in nature. Core (or costean, channel, etc) photography.	
	The total length and percentage of the relevant intersections logged.	
Sub-sampling techniques and sample preparation	If core, whether cut or sawn and whether quarter, half or all core taken.	Not Applicable – Bulk sampling assaying results only (not drilling results).
	If non-core, whether riffled, tube sampled, rotary split, etc and whether sampled wet or dry.	Not Applicable – Bulk sampling assaying results only (not drilling results).
	For all sample types, the nature, quality and appropriateness of the sample preparation technique.	All samples split at ALS Global Laboratories.
	Quality control procedures adopted for all sub-sampling stages to maximise representivity of samples.	Samples composited as noted in Appendix 3.
	Measures taken to ensure that the sampling is representative of the in situ material collected, including for instance results for field duplicate/second-half sampling.	Samples not insitu.
	Whether sample sizes are appropriate to the grain size of the material being sampled.	<i>Head Grade Assay</i> – subject to coarse gold effect as noted above and hence indicative only. <i>Tails Assays</i> – composited from ground material. Refer Appendix 3.
Quality of assay data and laboratory tests	The nature, quality and appropriateness of the assaying and laboratory procedures used and whether the technique is considered partial or total.	Fire-assay and leach-well analysis both applicable techniques. Leach-well (involving large sample size) reduces possible variations due to nugget effect.
	For geophysical tools, spectrometers, handheld XRF instruments, etc, the parameters used in determining the analysis including instrument make and model, reading times, calibrations factors applied and their derivation, etc.	No geophysical tools used.
	Nature of quality control procedures adopted (eg standards, blanks, duplicates, external laboratory checks) and whether acceptable levels of accuracy (ie lack of bias) and precision have been established.	Laboratory standards used in each run of samples. Assays compared against expected feed grades from in-pit grade control work for comparison.

Criteria	JORC Code Explanation	Commentary
Verification of sampling and assaying	The verification of significant intersections by either independent or alternative company personnel.	Not Applicable – Bulk sampling assaying results only (not drilling results).
	The use of twinned holes.	Not Applicable – Bulk sampling assaying results only (not drilling results).
	Documentation of primary data, data entry procedures, data verification, data storage (physical and electronic) protocols.	Results imported into database directly from mineral assay certificates. All data stored in secured electronic databases.
	Discuss any adjustment to assay data.	No adjustment.
Location of data points	Accuracy and quality of surveys used to locate drill holes (collar and down-hole surveys), trenches, mine workings and other locations used in Mineral Resource estimation.	Not Applicable – Bulk sampling assaying results only composited from multiple locations.
	Specification of the grid system used.	
	Quality and adequacy of topographic control.	
Data spacing and distribution	Data spacing for reporting of Exploration Results.	Not Applicable – Bulk sampling assaying results only composited from multiple locations.
	Whether the data spacing and distribution is sufficient to establish the degree of geological and grade continuity appropriate for the Mineral Resource and Ore Reserve estimation procedure(s) and classifications applied.	
	Whether sample compositing has been applied.	Samples composited to 1 per shift as noted in Appendix 3.
Orientation of data in relation to geological structure	Whether the orientation of sampling achieves unbiased sampling of possible structures and the extent to which this is known, considering the deposit type.	Not Applicable – Bulk sampling assaying results only (not drilling results).
	If the relationship between the drilling orientation and the orientation of key mineralised structures is considered to have introduced a sampling bias, this should be assessed and reported if material.	
Sample security	The measures taken to ensure sample security.	Samples secured into bags and cable tied. Samples securely transported to the laboratory.
Audits or reviews	The results of any audits or reviews of sampling techniques and data.	Work underway.

Section 2 Reporting of Exploration Results – Old Pirate Prospect - Trial Mining Tails and Head Assays
 (Criteria listed in the preceding section also apply to this section.)

Criteria	JORC Code Explanation	Commentary
Mineral tenement and land tenure status	Type, reference name/number, location and ownership including agreements or material issues with third parties such as joint ventures, partnerships, overriding royalties, native title interests, historical sites, wilderness or national park and environmental settings.	EL28322 is located in the Central Desert of the Northern Territory ~25km south of Tanami Road and ~15km from the WA border. The tenement is 100% owned by ABM and a Mineral Lease application has been lodged for the Project area. The tenement is located on Aboriginal Land governed by the Aboriginal Land Rights Act (1976) and a mining agreement has been signed with the Central Land Council on behalf of the traditional owners.
	The security of the tenure held at the time of reporting along with any known impediments to obtaining a licence to operate in the area.	A bank guarantee of \$848,338 (non-cash backed) is held by the Department of Mines and Energy NT for the tenement. An Environmental Impact Statement (EIS) was lodged with NT EPA in December 2013 and ABM is currently working on the Mine Management Plan (MMP). Ultimately the company does not see any impediments to obtaining a licence to operate in the area.
Exploration done by other parties	Acknowledgment and appraisal of exploration by other parties.	No exploration results from other parties reported.
Geology	Deposit type, geological setting and style of mineralisation.	As discussed in body of report.
Drill hole Information	A summary of all information material to the understanding of the exploration results including a tabulation of the following information for all Material drill holes: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • easting and northing of the drill hole collar • elevation or RL (Reduced Level – elevation above sea level in metres) of the drill hole collar • dip and azimuth of the hole • down hole length and interception depth • hole length. 	Not Applicable – Bulk sampling assaying results only (not drilling results).
	If the exclusion of this information is justified on the basis that the information is not Material and this exclusion does not detract from the understanding of the report, the Competent Person should clearly explain why this is the case.	

Criteria	JORC Code Explanation	Commentary
Data aggregation methods	In reporting Exploration Results, weighting averaging techniques, maximum and/or minimum grade truncations (eg cutting of high grades) and cut-off grades are usually Material and should be stated	Samples in Appendix 3 are weighted against tonnes per shift to present overall average.
	Where aggregate intercepts incorporate short lengths of high grade results and longer lengths of low grade results, the procedure used for such aggregation should be stated and some typical examples of such aggregations should be shown in detail.	Not Applicable – Bulk sampling assaying results only (not drilling results).
	The assumptions used for any reporting of metal equivalent values should be clearly stated.	No metal equivalents used.
Relationship between mineralisation widths and intercept lengths	These relationships are particularly important in the reporting of Exploration Results.	Not Applicable – Bulk sampling assaying results only (not drilling results).
	If the geometry of the mineralisation with respect to the drill hole angle is known, its nature should be reported.	
	If it is not known and only the down hole lengths are reported, there should be a clear statement to this effect (eg 'down hole length, true width not known').	
Diagrams	Appropriate maps and sections (with scales) and tabulations of intercepts should be included for any significant discovery being reported These should include, but not be limited to a plan view of drill hole collar locations and appropriate sectional views.	Not Applicable – Bulk sampling assaying results only (not drilling results).
Balanced reporting	Where comprehensive reporting of all Exploration Results is not practicable, representative reporting of both low and high grades and/or widths should be practiced to avoid misleading reporting of Exploration Results.	Not Applicable – Bulk sampling assaying results only (not drilling results).
Other substantive exploration data	Other exploration data, if meaningful and material, should be reported including (but not limited to): geological observations; geophysical survey results; geochemical survey results; bulk samples – size and method of treatment; metallurgical test results; bulk density, groundwater, geotechnical and rock characteristics; potential deleterious or contaminating substances.	Not Applicable – Bulk sampling assaying results only (not drilling results).

Criteria	JORC Code Explanation	Commentary
Further work	The nature and scale of planned further work (eg tests for lateral extensions or depth extensions or large-scale step-out drilling).	Next stage of open pit mining and processing: subject to final compilation of trial mining / processing (bulk sampling results) and assessment of economic parameters, granting of mineral lease and approval to commence mining.
	Diagrams clearly highlighting the areas of possible extensions, including the main geological interpretations and future drilling areas, provided this information is not commercially sensitive.	Not Applicable – Bulk sampling assaying results only (not drilling results).

Appendix 5B

Mining exploration entity quarterly report

Introduced 01/07/96 Origin Appendix 8 Amended 01/07/97, 01/07/98, 30/09/01, 01/06/10, 17/12/10, 01/05/2013

Name of entity

ABM RESOURCES NL

ABN

58 009 127 020

Quarter ended ("current quarter")

31 December 2013

Consolidated statement of cash flows

	Current quarter	Year to date (6 months)
	\$A'000	\$A'000
Cash flows related to operating activities		
1.1 Receipts from product sales and related debtors	4,229	4,229
1.2 Payments for		
(a) exploration & evaluation	(2,857)	(5,488)
(b) development	(66)	(128)
(c) production		
(d) administration	(340)	(756)
1.3 Dividends received		
1.4 Interest and other items of a similar nature received	28	127
1.5 Interest and other costs of finance paid		
1.6 Income taxes paid		
1.7 Other (provide details if material)		
Net Operating Cash Flows	994	(2,016)
Cash flows related to investing activities		
1.8 Payment for purchases of:		
(a) prospects		
(b) equity investments		
(c) other fixed assets	(319)	(2,825)
1.9 Proceeds from sale of:		
(a) prospects *	250	250
(b) equity investments	46	46
(c) other fixed assets		
1.10 Loans to other entities		
1.11 Loans repaid by other entities		
1.12 Other (provide details if material)		
Net investing cash flows	(23)	(2,529)
1.13 Total operating and investing cash flows (carried forward)	971	(4,545)

* CLY option fee.

+ See chapter 19 for defined terms.

	Current quarter \$A'000	Year to date (6 months) \$A'000
1.13 Total operating and investing cash flows (brought forward)	971	(4,545)
Cash flows related to financing activities		
1.14 Proceeds from issues of shares, options, etc.		
1.15 Proceeds from sale of forfeited shares		
1.16 Proceeds from borrowings/environmental bonds	1,295	1,295
1.17 Repayment of borrowings		
1.18 Dividends paid		
1.19 Other (provide details if material)		
Net financing cash flows	1,295	1,295
Net increase (decrease) in cash held	2,266	(3,250)
1.20 Cash at beginning of quarter/year to date	2,828	8,344
1.21 Exchange rate adjustments to item 1.20		
1.22 Cash at end of quarter	5,094	5,094

Payments to directors of the entity, associates of the directors, related entities of the entity and associates of the related entities

	Current quarter \$A'000
1.23 Aggregate amount of payments to the parties included in item 1.2	148
1.24 Aggregate amount of loans to the parties included in item 1.10	
1.25 Explanation necessary for an understanding of the transactions	

Non-cash financing and investing activities

2.1 Details of financing and investing transactions which have had a material effect on consolidated assets and liabilities but did not involve cash flows

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2.2 Details of outlays made by other entities to establish or increase their share in projects in which the reporting entity has an interest

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+ See chapter 19 for defined terms.

Financing facilities available

Add notes as necessary for an understanding of the position.

	Amount available \$A'000	Amount used \$A'000
3.1 Loan facilities		
3.2 Credit standby arrangements	5,000	Nil

Estimated cash outflows for next quarter

	\$A'000
4.1 Exploration and evaluation (includes trial mining expenditure and excludes gold sales)	2,500
4.2 Development (business)	150
4.3 Production	
4.4 Administration	700
Total	3,350

Reconciliation of cash

Reconciliation of cash at the end of the quarter (as shown in the consolidated statement of cash flows) to the related items in the accounts is as follows.

	Current quarter \$A'000	Previous quarter \$A'000
5.1 Cash on hand and at bank	2,223	784
5.2 Deposits at call	2,871	2,044
5.3 Bank overdraft		
5.4 Other (provide details)		
Total: cash at end of quarter (item 1.22)	5,094	2,828

Changes in interests in mining tenements

	Tenement reference and location	Nature of interest (note (2))	Interest at beginning of quarter	Interest at end of quarter
6.1 Interests in mining tenements relinquished, reduced or lapsed	Refer attached			
6.2 Interests in mining tenements acquired or increased	Refer attached			

+ See chapter 19 for defined terms.

Issued and quoted securities at end of current quarter

Description includes rate of interest and any redemption or conversion rights together with prices and dates.

	Total number	Number quoted	Issue price per security (see note 3) (cents)	Amount paid up per security (see note 3) (cents)
7.1 Preference +securities (description)				
7.2 Changes during quarter (a) Increases through issues (b) Decreases through returns of capital, buy-backs, redemptions				
7.3 +Ordinary securities	3,282,925,631	3,282,925,631		
7.4 Changes during quarter (a) Increases through issues (b) Decreases through returns of capital, buy-backs				
7.5 +Convertible debt securities (description)				
7.6 Changes during quarter (a) Increases through issues (b) Decreases through securities matured, converted				
7.7 Options (description and conversion factor) **	218,250,000		<i>Exercise price</i> Various	<i>Expiry date</i> Various
7.8 Issued during quarter				
7.9 Exercised during quarter				
7.10 Expired during quarter				
7.11 Debentures (totals only)				
7.12 Unsecured notes (totals only)				

** On exercise of these options up to a further 166,500,000 options will be issued (\$0.015 @ 5 years from issue date).

Compliance statement

- 1 This statement has been prepared under accounting policies which comply with accounting standards as defined in the Corporations Act or other standards acceptable to ASX (see note 5).
- 2 This statement does give a true and fair view of the matters disclosed.

Sign here:


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(Company secretary)

Date: 23 January 2014

Print name: Jutta Zimmermann

Notes

- 1 The quarterly report provides a basis for informing the market how the entity's activities have been financed for the past quarter and the effect on its cash position. An entity wanting to disclose additional information is encouraged to do so, in a note or notes attached to this report.
- 2 The "Nature of interest" (items 6.1 and 6.2) includes options in respect of interests in mining tenements acquired, exercised or lapsed during the reporting period. If the entity is involved in a joint venture agreement and there are conditions precedent which will change its percentage interest in a mining tenement, it should disclose the change of percentage interest and conditions precedent in the list required for items 6.1 and 6.2.
- 3 **Issued and quoted securities** The issue price and amount paid up is not required in items 7.1 and 7.3 for fully paid securities.
- 4 The definitions in, and provisions of, *AASB 6: Exploration for and Evaluation of Mineral Resources* and *AASB 107: Statement of Cash Flows* apply to this report.
- 5 **Accounting Standards** ASX will accept, for example, the use of International Financial Reporting Standards for foreign entities. If the standards used do not address a topic, the Australian standard on that topic (if any) must be complied with.

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+ See chapter 19 for defined terms.

Summary of Mining Tenements and Areas of Interest

For the Quarter Ended 31 December 2013

Areas of interest	Tenements	Economic Entity's Interest	Notes	Acquired during the quarter
Northern Territory				
TANAMI				
Birrindudu	EL5889	100	granted	
	EL27705	100	granted	
	EL28326	100	granted	
	EL28560	100	granted	
	EL28566	100	granted	
	EL23523	100	application	
Supplejack	EL9250	100	granted	
	EL27566	100	granted	
	EL27812	100	granted	
	EL27979	100	granted	
	EL26623	100	application	
	EL27570	100	application	
	EL27980	100	application	
Matrix	EL26609	100	granted	
	EL28333	100	granted	
Cervantes	EL26619	100	granted	
	EL27125	100	granted	
	EL27126	100	granted	
Bonanza	EL22850	100	granted	
	EL23208	100	granted	
	EL23659	100	granted	
	EL24344	100	granted	
	EL24436	100	granted	
	EL24437	100	granted	
	EL25194	100	granted	
	EL25844	100	granted	
	EL26608	100	granted	
	EL26610	100	granted	
	EL26616	100	granted	
	EL27124	100	granted	
	EL27127	100	granted	
	EL27339	100	granted	
	EL27378	100	granted	
	EL27813	100	granted	
	EL28322	100	granted	
	EL28323	100	granted	
	EL28324	100	granted	
	EL28325	100	granted	
	EL28327	100	granted	
	EL28328	100	granted	
	EL28394	100	application	
	EL29790	100	application	
EL29860	100	application		
ML29822	100	application		
North Tanami	EL29181	100	granted	
	EL29182	100	granted	

+ See chapter 19 for defined terms.

For the Quarter Ended 31 December 2013 Continued

Areas of interest	Tenements	Economic Entity's Interest	Notes	Acquired during the quarter
Northern Territory				
TANAMI				
South Tanami	EL25191	100	granted	
	EL25192	100	granted	
	EL28785	100	granted	
	EL25156	100	application	✓
	EL29832	100	application	
	EL29859	100	application	
Euro	EL25845	100	granted	
	EL26590	100	granted	
	EL26591	100	granted	
	EL26592	100	granted	
	EL26593	100	granted	
	EL26613	100	granted	
	EL26615	100	granted	
	EL26618	100	granted	
	EL26620	100	granted	
	EL26621	100	granted	
	EL26622	100	granted	
	EL26673	100	granted	
	EL27604	100	granted	
LAKE MACKAY PROJECT				
Taupo	EL28682	100	application	
Tarawera	EL9343	100	granted	
	EL10305	100	granted	
	EL10306	100	granted	
	EL24299	100	granted	
	EL24492	100	granted	
	EL24567	100	granted	
	EL24915	100	granted	
	EL24949	100	granted	
	EL25630	100	granted	
	EL25632	100	granted	
	EL25866	100	granted	
	EL27780	100	granted	
	EL27872	100	granted	
	EL29459	100	granted	
	EL29460	100	granted	
	EL8695	100	application	
	EL23898	100	application	
	EL24473	100	application	
	EL27894	100	application	
	EL29315	100	application	
	EL29314	100	application	
	EL29316	100	application	
	EL29369	100	application	
Tekapo	EL9442	100	granted	
	EL9449	100	granted	
	EL24858	100	granted	
Dodger	EL28028	100	granted	
Terry's Find	EL27906	100	granted	
McEwin Hills	EL29483	100	granted	

+ See chapter 19 for defined terms.

For the Quarter Ended 31 December 2013 Continued

Areas of interest	Tenements	Economic Entity's Interest	Notes	Acquired during the quarter
Northern Territory				
NORTH ARUNTA				
Walkeley	EL22554	100	application	
	EL22555	100	application	
	EL26903	100	application	
	EL30153	100	application	✓
	EL30155	100	application	✓
Bonita	EL23926	100	granted	
	EL29367	100	granted	
	EL23927	100	granted	
	EL29368	100	granted	
	EL29833	100	application	
	EL29834	100	application	
Reynolds Range	EL28083	100	granted	
	EL23655	60	granted	
	EL23888	100	granted	
Barrow Creek	EL23880	100	granted	
	EL23883	100	granted	
	EL23884	100	granted	
	EL23885	100	granted	
	EL23886	100	granted	
	EL8766	100	granted	
	EL26825	100	granted	
	EL29896	100	granted	
	EL28515	100	granted	
	EL28748	100	granted	
	EL28727	100	granted	
	EL29723	100	granted	
	EL29724	100	granted	
	EL29725	100	granted	
	EL25035	100	granted	
	EL25041	100	granted	
	EL25042	100	granted	
	EL25044	100	granted	
	EL25031	100	granted	
	EL25033	100	granted	
	EL25034	100	granted	
	EL25036	100	application	
	EL29819	100	application	
EL29820	100	application		
EL25030	100	application		
Western Australia				
Dalgaranga	M59/106	100	granted	

ABM has not disposed of and no changes occurred to the beneficial interest of any tenements during the quarter.

+ See chapter 19 for defined terms.