

26 February 2014

Company Announcements Office
ASX Limited

Full Year Accounts

Attached are the following documents for the year ended 31 December 2013:

1. Appendix 4E Preliminary Final Report
2. Directors' Report
3. Auditor's Declaration of Independence
4. Independent Auditor's Report
5. Financial Report

These documents are given to the ASX under listing rules 4.3A and 4.5.

Yours faithfully
A.P. Eagers Limited



Denis Stark
Company Secretary



Appendix 4E Preliminary Final Report

year ended 31 December 2013
(ASX listing rule 4.3A)

Results for Announcement to the Market

- Record underlying Profit Before Tax of \$87.3 million (2012: \$78.4 million)
- Record Profit After Tax of \$64.0 million (2012: \$55.6 million)
- Record Earnings per Share of 36.4 cents (2012: 34.0 cents)
- Record Final Dividend of 15 cents per share (2012: 13 cents per share)

The Directors of A.P. Eagers Limited (ASX: APE) are pleased to report a record 2013 statutory Net Profit Before Tax of \$86.7 million. This compares to a Net Profit Before Tax of \$78.7 million in 2012. Net Profit After Tax was \$64.0 million in 2013 compared to \$55.6 million in 2012.

A strong operating performance from our SA Cars division, consistent results in QLD/NT, increased dividend income from the strategic investment in Automotive Holdings Group Ltd (AHG), and profits on the sale of businesses and property were the main contributors to profit growth on 2012.

Profit Comparison	Full Year to December 2013 \$ Million	Full Year to December 2012 \$ Million	% Change
Statutory EPS (basic) cents	36.4	34.0	7.1%
Statutory profit after tax	64.0	55.6	15.1%
Statutory profit before tax	86.7	78.7	10.2%
Impairment adjustments ⁽¹⁾			
Freehold Property adjustments (reversal)	0	(1.1)	-
Goodwill impairment	0	0.8	-
Business acquisition costs ⁽²⁾	0.6	0.0	n/a
Underlying profit before tax	87.3	78.4	11.4%
Underlying profit after tax ⁽³⁾	64.4	55.6	15.8%
Underlying EPS (basic) cents	36.6	34.0	7.6%

Notes

- (1) It is highlighted that in addition to the property impairment net reversal of \$1.1 million in 2012 there were specific property valuation net increases of \$0.7 million which under Accounting Standards are not recognised in the Profit or Loss and instead are recognised in a revaluation reserve directly in the Statement of Financial Position. Accordingly overall increase in property fair values during the 2012 year was \$1.8 million.
- (2) Business acquisition costs include taxes, legal and other costs associated with business acquisitions in 2013.
- (3) Underlying profit after tax includes the adjustments per Notes (1) above, and the related tax impact at 30% equating to \$0.2 million in 2013 (2012: \$0.3 million).

Dividend

A fully franked final dividend of 15 cents per share (2012:13.0 cents) has been approved for payment on 16 April 2014 to shareholders who are registered on 2 April 2014 (Record Date). When combined with the interim dividend paid in October 2013, the total dividend based on 2013 earnings is 23.0 cents per share, fully franked (2012: 20 cents). The Company's dividend reinvestment plan (DRP) will not operate in relation to the final dividend.

A. P. EAGERS LIMITED

ABN 87 009 680 013

Registered Office

80 McLachlan Street, Fortitude Valley QLD 4006

P.O. Box 199, Fortitude Valley QLD 4006

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External Environment

According to Federal Chamber of Automotive Industry statistics, Australia's new motor vehicle sales increased by 2.2% in 2013 to 1,136,227, compared to 10.3% growth in the previous year. In response to a slowdown in the resources sector, new vehicle sales in Queensland, Northern Territory and Western Australia decreased on the previous year by 0.8%, 1.8%, and 1.9% respectively. All of the market growth was from Private buyers (+8.1%), whilst Business (-1.1%), Government (-20.2%) and Rental (-8.0%) buyer types recorded decreases on 2012.

Nationally, the small SUV segment continued to show the greatest growth as a result of new product releases, and the previously high rates of growth in the SUV and Pick Up 4X4 segments slowed somewhat. In particular reduced demand in some mining related sectors and locations was evident in the second half of 2013.

Vehicle affordability, supported by low interest rates, remains at historically high levels and to date the depreciation in the Australian dollar against key vehicle import currencies such as the Japanese Yen, Thai Baht, Korean Won and the Euro, has not translated into a trend to vehicle price increases. The growth in private buyer sales is being driven by affordability, continued new product release and substantial manufacturer marketing programs.

In May 2013 Ford announced that it would cease local manufacturing in Australia in October 2016, and in December 2013 General Motors said it would discontinue vehicle and engine manufacturing, and significantly reduce its engineering operations in Australia by the end of 2017. In February 2014 Toyota announced that it will stop building cars in Australia by the end of 2017. These manufacturers are transitioning to national sales and distribution structures, with the sales and service of their vehicles expected to continue unaffected through their extensive dealer networks. Australian sourced vehicles represented 10.4% of new cars sold in the national market in 2013, down from 12.6% in 2012.

There were almost 17.2 million motor vehicles, including motor cycles, registered in Australia for the 2013 Motor Vehicle Census. This is 2.6% higher than the number of registrations for 2012 and an increase of 12.3% since 2008. The average annual growth rate over the five years to 2013 was 2.4%. (ABS)

Business Initiatives

The Company acquired the Main North and Unley Nissan and Renault businesses in Adelaide, South Australia, in September 2013, providing incremental growth for our strongly performing South Australian operations.

Additional brand representation commenced in Brookvale, New South Wales, for Jaguar and Land Rover, and dealership refurbishments were completed at a number of sites in Adelaide for the Hyundai brand.

A major refurbishment of the Eblen Subaru site in Glenelg, Adelaide commenced and a new dealership site in Cardiff, New South Wales, opened in February 2014 for Volkswagen, Honda and Hyundai replacing an inferior location five kilometres away.

The Hidden Valley Ford/Stuart Motor Group in Darwin was sold with operations in the Northern Territory focussed on the strongly performing Bridge Toyota dealership. An 11% equity interest in a Mazda dealership was also sold to the Dealer Principal to meet manufacturer requirements.

The strategic 19.57% shareholding in AHG as at 31 December was valued at \$192.8 million based on their closing share price of \$3.78. Whilst not included in the Company's profit after tax, a before tax unrealised gain of \$22.8 million has been recognised in the Statement of Comprehensive Income for the 2013 year.

The Company, in late 2013, established a new business, Precision Automotive Technology, to both source and distribute its own range of car care products (paint protection, interior protection, electronic rust protection and window tint products) under the exclusive brand names, Perfexion and 365+.

Financial Performance

Revenue from operations increased by 0.9 % to \$2,652 million in 2013, reflecting lower overall new vehicle sales growth, and a decline in new vehicle sales in the Queensland market. Other revenue includes a full year of dividends from AHG of \$10.0 million, compared to \$4.8 million in 2012.

EBITDA increased by 6.5% to \$122.3 million (2012: \$114.8 million) and profit margins continued to trend upwards, with EBITDA/Revenue of 4.6% for 2013 compared to 4.3% in 2012 and NPBT/Sales improving to 3.2% for 2013 from 3.0% in 2012. However the improvement in margins was primarily due to the increased AHG dividend.

A before tax profit on the sale of businesses and property of \$2.0 million was realised in the financial year and the Company's 20.7% interest in MTQ Insurance provided an equity accounted profit after tax and unrealised mark to market gain on investments of \$ 2.0 million (2012: \$1.7 million).

Borrowing costs declined by 6.5% to \$23.2 million (2012:\$24.8 million), with higher average bailment and corporate debt being offset by lower interest rates.

Business acquisition costs relating to the Main North and Unley Nissan acquisition of \$0.6 million were expensed in the financial year.

A lower than normal effective tax rate applied in 2013, due to the higher proportion of franked dividend income, the profits on sale of business and property incurring reduced tax expense, and a tax benefit related to a change in the deductibility of executive share plan costs recognised in the current and previous year.

The Company's net cash provided by operating activities was \$ 76.1 million in 2013 (2012: \$55.6 million), with the increase primarily due to higher dividend income and a favourable working capital movement.

Results Summary

Consolidated results

Year Ended 31 December	2013 \$'000	2012 \$'000	Increase/(Decrease)
Revenue from operations	2,652,133	2,628,160	0.9%
Other revenue	20,680	14,375	43.9%
Total revenue	<u>2,672,813</u>	<u>2,642,535</u>	1.1%
Earnings before interest, tax, depreciation and amortisation and impairment (EBITDA)	122,252	114,819	6.5%
Depreciation and Amortisation	(12,354)	(11,595)	6.5%
Impairment charge/net reversal	0	323	-
Earnings before interest and tax (EBIT)	109,898	103,547	6.1%
Borrowing costs	(23,188)	(24,812)	(6.5)%
Profit before tax	86,710	78,735	10.1%
Income tax expense	(22,748)	(23,184)	(1.9)%
Profit after tax	63,962	55,551	15.1%
Non-controlling interest in subsidiaries	(353)	(181)	(95.0)%
Attributable profit after tax	63,609	55,370	14.9%
Earnings per share - basic	36.4 cents	34.0 cents	7.1%

This report is based on accounts which have been audited.

Segments

Profits from the Company's Car Retail segment were consistent with the previous year with a segment contribution of \$57.3 million compared to \$55.5 million in 2012. Reduced profitability in new cars and stable used car performance were offset by revenue and margin growth in parts and service, lower interest expense and the profit on sale of businesses. Strong results in South Australia and consistent results in Queensland/Northern Territory were offset by a weak performance in the Newcastle/Hunter Valley region.

Lower interest expense resulted in the National Truck division (Truck Retail segment) recording an improved segment contribution of \$8.4 million in 2013 compared to \$8.0 million in 2012, with improved performance in the Victorian operations being largely offset by disappointing performances in South Australia and New South Wales. Heavy commercial sales nationally (according to VFACTS) were stagnant at 0.2% following a 9.9% increase in 2012.

The value of the property portfolio decreased slightly to \$334 million as at 31 December 2013, compared to \$341 million in the previous year. Disposals of properties in Darwin, Brisbane and Newcastle were largely offset by development and refurbishment expenditure, and uplift in the value of a Fortitude Valley, Queensland, property. The Company continues to pursue the disposal of non-core properties. Returns from the portfolio were consistent with previous years.

The Investment and All Other segment recorded a significant increase in contribution to \$30.4 million, due to increased dividends and the unrealised gain on investment compared to a contribution of \$25.2 million in 2012.

Financial Position

The Company's financial position strengthened further during the year. EBITDA Interest Cover increased to 5.2 times as at 31 December 2013 compared to 4.6 times as at 31 December 2012, due to lower average interest rates and improved profit levels. Corporate debt net of cash on hand as at 31 December 2013 was slightly lower at \$199.0 million (2012: \$200.7 million) and total debt including vehicle bailment net of cash on hand was also slightly lower at \$502.8 million as compared to \$504.6 million at 31 December 2012.

Improved profitability reduced gearing levels. Total gearing (Debt / Debt + Equity), including bailment inventory financing, was 48.8 % as at 31 December 2013, as compared to 52.3% as at 31 December 2012. Bailment finance is cost effective short-term finance secured against vehicle inventory on a vehicle by vehicle basis. Gearing excluding bailment and including cash on hand was 27.0 % as at 31 December 2013 compared to 30.0% at the end of 2012.

Despite plentiful new vehicle supply during the year, tight management resulted in total inventory levels closing the year at \$409.7 million slightly below the end 2012 position of \$410.5 million.


Net tangible assets increased to \$2.34 per share as at 31 December 2013, primarily as a result of the increase in value of the Company's investments, compared to \$2.06 per share as at 31 December 2012.

Outlook and Strategy Update

In 2014 we may see a more rational new vehicle market, with better balance between supply and demand, as manufacturers and distributors adjust to a lower-growth Australian economy. We may also see some new vehicle price inflation or a reduction in vehicle specification level as a lower Australian dollar takes effect, although this may take a year or so to flow through. Overall new vehicle sales are expected to remain stable on 2013 levels.

Australian manufactured vehicles in 2013 represented 10% of the national new vehicle market. Due to the Company's strategy of having a diversified exposure to the top 10 volume brands and top 5 luxury brands, a reduction in locally manufactured vehicles is not expected to have an impact on profitability.

Strategically, the Company's focus will be on continuing to improve business processes and management, with specific focus on used car and truck trading, optimisation of the parts distribution businesses, and organic growth opportunities through adding growing brands to established dealership clusters. Further acquisition opportunities which should have a positive impact on earnings per share are likely to arise during 2014.



Martin Ward
Managing Director

26 February 2014

For more information, contact:
Martin Ward
Managing Director
(07) 3248 9455

or visit: www.apeagers.com.au

Note: All national sales figures are based on Federal Chamber of Automotive Industry statistics sourced through VFACTS.

A.P. EAGERS LIMITED DIRECTORS' REPORT

The Directors present their report together with the consolidated financial report of the group being A.P. Eagers Limited ABN 87 009 680 013 ("the Company") and its controlled entities, for the year ended 31 December 2013 and the auditor's report thereon.

Directors

The Directors of the Company at any time during or since the end of the year were:

Timothy Boyd Crommelin BCom, FSIA, FSLE

Chairman (appointed 8 May 2013), Member of Audit, Risk & Remuneration Committee

Independent, non-executive Director since February 2011. Executive Chairman of Morgans Financial Ltd. Director of Senex Energy Ltd (appointed October 2010), Brisbane Lions Foundation, Australian Cancer Research Foundation and Abney Hotels Ltd. Chairman of the Advisory Board of the Australian National University Investment Committee. Member of the University of Queensland Senate. Former Deputy Chairman of Queensland Gas Company Ltd and CS Energy Ltd. Former Alternate Director of Ausenco Ltd (appointed February 2013, retired May 2013). Mr Crommelin has broad knowledge of corporate finance, risk management and acquisitions and over 40 years' experience in the stockbroking and property industry.

Martin Andrew Ward BSc (Hons), FAICD

Managing Director, Chief Executive Officer

Joined the Company in July 2005. Appointed Chief Executive Officer in January 2006. Appointed Managing Director in March 2006. Motor vehicle dealer. Director of Australian Automotive Dealer Association Limited (appointed January 2014). Mr Ward was formerly the Chief Executive Officer of Ford Motor Company's Sydney Retail Joint Venture.

Nicholas George Politis BCom

Director

Non-executive Director since May 2000. Motor vehicle dealer. Executive Chairman of WFM Motors Pty Ltd, A.P. Eagers Limited's largest shareholder. Mr Politis is Director of a substantial number of other proprietary limited companies and has vast automotive retail industry experience.

Peter William Henley FAIM, MAICD

Director, Member of Audit, Risk & Remuneration Committee

Independent, non-executive Director since December 2006. Director of Thorn Group Ltd (appointed May 2007). Deputy Chairman of MTQ Insurance Services Ltd and chair of MTQ Investment Committee. Formerly the Chairman and Chief Executive Officer of GE Money Motor Solutions. Mr Henley has over 30 years' local and international experience in the financial services industry.

Daniel Thomas Ryan BEc, MBus, FAICD

Director

Non-executive Director since January 2010. Director and Chief Executive Officer of WFM Motors Pty Ltd, A.P. Eagers Limited's largest shareholder, and Director of a substantial number of other proprietary limited companies. Mr Ryan has significant management experience in automotive, transport, manufacturing and retail industries.

David Arthur Cowper BCom, FCA

Director, Chairman of Audit, Risk & Remuneration Committee

Independent, non-executive Director since July 2012. Chartered accountant, with more than 35 years in the profession. Former partner of Horwath Chartered Accountants and Deloitte Touche Tohmatsu. Former Chairman of Horwath's motor industry specialisation unit for six years. Mr Cowper's area of professional specialisation while at Horwath and Deloitte was in providing audit, financial and taxation services to public and large private companies in the motor industry.

A.P. EAGERS LIMITED

DIRECTORS' REPORT

Benjamin Wickham Macdonald AM, FAICD

Chairman (retired 8 May 2013)

Independent, non-executive Director from January 1992 until retirement on 8 May 2013. Chairman of Reef Corporate Services Ltd (appointed September 1995). Previously a Director of numerous public companies including FKP Ltd (Chairman), Macdonald Hamilton & Co Ltd (Managing Director), Perpetual Trustees Australia Ltd (Chairman), Bank of Queensland Ltd (Deputy Chairman), AMP Society (Australian Board), Queensland Cotton Holdings Ltd (Chairman), CSR Ltd, Placer Pacific Ltd, Allgas Energy Ltd and Casinos Austria International Ltd.

Company Secretary

Denis Gerard Stark LLB, BEc

General Counsel & Company Secretary

Commenced in January 2008. Responsible for overseeing the company secretarial, legal, work health & safety, insurance and investor relations functions and property portfolio. Admitted as a solicitor in Queensland in 1994 and Victoria in 1997. Affiliate of Chartered Secretaries Australia. Previous company secretarial and senior executive experience with public companies.

Directors' Meetings

The number of Directors' meetings (including meetings of committees of Directors) and number of meetings attended by each Director during the year were:

	Board Meetings		Audit, Risk & Remuneration Committee Meetings	
	Held	Attended	Held	Attended
T B Crommelin ⁽¹⁾	10	10	4	2
N G Politis	10	9	-	-
M A Ward	10	10	-	-
P W Henley ⁽¹⁾	10	9	4	4
D T Ryan	10	9	-	-
D A Cowper ⁽¹⁾	10	8	4	3
B W Macdonald ⁽²⁾	4	3	-	-

⁽¹⁾ Audit, Risk & Remuneration Committee members.

⁽²⁾ Retired from Board on 8 May 2013.

Principal Activities

The group's principal activities during the year consisted of the selling of new and used motor vehicles, distribution and sale of parts and accessories, repair and servicing of vehicles, provision of extended warranties and car care products, facilitation of finance and leasing in respect of motor vehicles, ownership of property and investments. The products and services supplied by the group were associated with, and integral to, the group's motor vehicle dealership operations. There were no significant changes in the nature of the group's activities during the year.

Financial & Operational Review

The Directors are pleased to report a record 2013 statutory Net Profit Before Tax of \$86.7 million. This compares to a Net Profit Before Tax of \$78.7 million in 2012. Net Profit After Tax was \$64.0 million in 2013 compared to \$55.6 million in 2012.

A strong operating performance from our SA Cars division, consistent results in QLD/NT, increased dividend income from the strategic investment in Automotive Holdings Group Ltd (AHG), and profits on the sale of businesses and property were the main contributors to profit growth on 2012.

A.P. EAGERS LIMITED DIRECTORS' REPORT

Profit Comparison	Full Year to December 2013 \$ Million	Full Year to December 2012 \$ Million	% Change
Statutory EPS (basic) cents	36.4	34.0	7.1%
Statutory profit after tax	64.0	55.6	15.1%
Statutory profit before tax	86.7	78.7	10.2%
Impairment adjustments ⁽¹⁾			
Freehold Property adjustments (reversal)	0 0	(1.1) 0.8	- -
Goodwill impairment	0.6	0.0	n/a
Business acquisition costs ⁽²⁾			
Underlying profit before tax	87.3	78.4	11.4%
Underlying profit after tax ⁽³⁾	64.4	55.6	15.8%
Underlying EPS (basic) cents	36.6	34.0	7.6%

Notes

- (1) It is highlighted that in addition to the property impairment net reversal of \$1.1 million in 2012 there were specific property valuation net increases of \$0.7 million which under Accounting Standards are not recognised in the Profit or Loss and instead are recognised in a revaluation reserve directly in the Statement of Financial Position. Accordingly overall increase in property fair values during the 2012 year was \$1.8 million.
- (2) Business acquisition costs include taxes, legal and other costs associated with business acquisitions in 2013.
- (3) Underlying profit after tax includes the adjustments per Notes (1) above, and the related tax impact at 30% equating to \$0.2 million in 2013 (2012: \$0.3 million).

External Environment

According to Federal Chamber of Automotive Industry statistics, Australia's new motor vehicle sales increased by 2.2% in 2013 to 1,136,227, compared to 10.3% growth in the previous year. In response to a slowdown in the resources sector, new vehicle sales in Queensland, Northern Territory and Western Australia decreased on the previous year by 0.8%, 1.8%, and 1.9% respectively. All of the market growth was from Private buyers (+8.1%), whilst Business (-1.1%), Government (-20.2%) and Rental (-8.0%) buyer types recorded decreases on 2012.

Nationally, the small SUV segment continued to show the greatest growth as a result of new product releases, and the previously high rates of growth in the SUV and Pick Up 4X4 segments slowed somewhat. In particular reduced demand in some mining related sectors and locations was evident in the second half of 2013.

Vehicle affordability, supported by low interest rates, remains at historically high levels and to date the depreciation in the Australian dollar against key vehicle import currencies such as the Japanese Yen, Thai Baht, Korean Won and the Euro, has not translated into a trend to vehicle price increases. The growth in private buyer sales is being driven by affordability, continued new product release and substantial manufacturer marketing programs.

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There were almost 17.2 million motor vehicles, including motor cycles, registered in Australia for the 2013 Motor Vehicle Census. This is 2.6% higher than the number of registrations for 2012 and an increase of 12.3% since 2008. The average annual growth rate over the five years to 2013 was 2.4%. (ABS)

A.P. EAGERS LIMITED

DIRECTORS' REPORT

Business Initiatives

The Company acquired the Main North and Unley Nissan and Renault businesses in Adelaide, South Australia, in September 2013, providing incremental growth for our strongly performing South Australian operations.

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The strategic 19.57% shareholding in AHG as at 31 December was valued at \$192.8 million based on their closing share price of \$3.78. Whilst not included in the Company's profit after tax, a before tax unrealised gain of \$22.8 million has been recognised in the Statement of Comprehensive Income for the 2013 year.

The Company, in late 2013, established a new business, Precision Automotive Technology, to both source and distribute its own range of car care products (paint protection, interior protection, electronic rust protection and window tint products) under the exclusive brand names, Perfexion and 365+.

Financial Performance

Revenue from operations increased by 0.9 % to \$2,652 million in 2013, reflecting lower overall new vehicle sales growth, and a decline in new vehicle sales in the Queensland market. Other revenue includes a full year of dividends from AHG of \$10.0 million, compared to \$4.8 million in 2012.

EBITDA increased by 6.5% to \$122.3 million (2012: \$114.8 million) and profit margins continued to trend upwards, with EBITDA/Revenue of 4.6% for 2013 compared to 4.3% in 2012 and NPBT/Sales improving to 3.2% for 2013 from 3.0% in 2012. However the improvement in margins was primarily due to the increased AHG dividend.

A before tax profit on the sale of businesses and property of \$2.0 million was realised in the financial year and the Company's 20.7% interest in MTQ Insurance provided an equity accounted profit after tax and unrealised mark to market gain on investments of \$ 2.0 million (2012: \$1.7 million).

Borrowing costs declined by 6.5% to \$23.2 million (2012:\$24.8 million), with higher average bailment and corporate debt being offset by lower interest rates.

Business acquisition costs relating to the Main North and Unley Nissan acquisition of \$0.6 million were expensed in the financial year.

A lower than normal effective tax rate applied in 2013, due to the higher proportion of franked dividend income, the profits on sale of business and property incurring reduced tax expense, and a tax benefit related to a change in the deductibility of executive share plan costs recognised in the current and previous year.

The Company's net cash provided by operating activities was \$ 76.1 million in 2013 (2012: \$55.6 million), with the increase primarily due to higher dividend income and a favourable working capital movement.

A.P. EAGERS LIMITED

DIRECTORS' REPORT

Results Summary

Consolidated results

Year Ended 31 December	2013	2012	
	\$'000	\$'000	Increase/(Decrease)
Revenue from operations	2,652,133	2,628,160	0.9%
Other revenue	20,680	14,375	43.9%
Total revenue	2,672,813	2,642,535	1.1%
Earnings before interest, tax, depreciation and amortisation and impairment (EBITDA)	122,252	114,819	6.5%
Depreciation and Amortisation	(12,354)	(11,595)	6.5%
Impairment charge/net reversal	0	323	-
Earnings before interest and tax (EBIT)	109,898	103,547	6.1%
Borrowing costs	(23,188)	(24,812)	(6.5)%
Profit before tax	86,710	78,735	10.1%
Income tax expense	(22,748)	(23,184)	(1.9)%
Profit after tax	63,962	55,551	15.1%
Non-controlling interest in subsidiaries	(353)	(181)	(95.0)%
Attributable profit after tax	63,609	55,370	14.9%
Earnings per share - basic	36.4 cents	34.0 cents	7.1%

Segments

Profits from the Company's Car Retail segment were consistent with the previous year with a segment contribution of \$57.3 million compared to 55.5 million in 2012. Reduced profitability in new cars and stable used car performance were offset by revenue and margin growth in parts and service, lower interest expense and the profit on sale of businesses. Strong results in South Australia and consistent results in Queensland/Northern Territory were offset by a weak performance in the Newcastle/Hunter Valley region.

Lower interest expense resulted in the National Truck division (Truck Retail segment) recording an improved segment contribution of \$8.4 million in 2013 compared to \$8.0 million in 2012, with improved performance in the Victorian operations being largely offset by disappointing performances in South Australia and New South Wales. Heavy commercial sales nationally (according to VFACTS) were stagnant at 0.2% following a 9.9% increase in 2012.

The value of the property portfolio decreased slightly to \$334 million as at 31 December 2013, compared to \$341 million in the previous year. Disposals of properties in Darwin, Brisbane and Newcastle were largely offset by development and refurbishment expenditure, and uplift in the value of a Fortitude Valley, Queensland, property. The Company continues to pursue the disposal of non-core properties. Returns from the portfolio were consistent with previous years.

The Investment and All Other segment recorded a significant increase in contribution to \$30.4 million, due to increased dividends and the unrealised gain on investment compared to a contribution of \$25.2 million in 2012.

A.P. EAGERS LIMITED

DIRECTORS' REPORT

Financial Position

The Company's financial position strengthened further during the year. EBITDA Interest Cover increased to 5.2 times as at 31 December 2013 compared to 4.6 times as at 31 December 2012, due to lower average interest rates and improved profit levels. Corporate debt net of cash on hand as at 31 December 2013 was slightly lower at \$199.0 million (2012: \$200.7 million) and total debt including vehicle bailment net of cash on hand was also slightly lower at \$502.8 million as compared to \$504.6 million at 31 December 2012.

Improved profitability reduced gearing levels. Total gearing (Debt /Debt + Equity), including bailment inventory financing, was 48.8% as at 31 December 2013, as compared to 52.3% as at 31 December 2012. Bailment finance is cost effective short-term finance secured against vehicle inventory on a vehicle by vehicle basis. Gearing excluding bailment and including cash on hand was 27.0 % as at 31 December 2013 compared to 30.0% at the end of 2012.

Despite plentiful new vehicle supply during the year, tight management resulted in total inventory levels closing the year at \$409.7 million slightly below the end 2012 position of \$410.5 million.

Net tangible assets increased to \$2.34 per share as at 31 December 2013, primarily as a result of the increase in value of the Company's investments, compared to \$2.06 per share as at 31 December 2012.

Outlook and Strategy Update

In 2014 we may see a more rational new vehicle market, with better balance between supply and demand, as manufacturers and distributors adjust to a lower-growth Australian economy. We may also see some new vehicle price inflation or a reduction in vehicle specification level as a lower Australian dollar takes effect, although this may take a year or so to flow through. Overall new vehicle sales are expected to remain stable on 2013 levels.

Australian manufactured vehicles in 2013 represented 10% of the national new vehicle market. Due to the Company's strategy of having a diversified exposure to the top 10 volume brands and top 5 luxury brands, a reduction in locally manufactured vehicles is not expected to have an impact on profitability.

Strategically, the Company's focus will be on continuing to improve business processes and management, with specific focus on used car and truck trading, optimisation of the parts distribution businesses, and organic growth opportunities through adding growing brands to established dealership clusters. Further acquisition opportunities which should have a positive impact on earnings per share are likely to arise during 2014.

Dividends

Dividends paid to members during the financial year were as follows:

Year ended 31 December	2013	2012
	\$'000	\$'000
Final ordinary dividend for the year ended 31 December 2012 of 13.0 cents (2011: 10.4 cents) per share paid on 16 April 2013	22,246	16,335
Interim ordinary dividend of 8.0 cents (2012: 7.0 cents) per share paid on 4 October 2013	14,124	11,717
	36,370	28,052

A fully franked final dividend of 15 cents per share (2012: 13.0 cents) has been approved for payment on 16 April 2014 to shareholders who are registered on 2 April 2014 (Record Date). When combined with the interim dividend paid in October 2013, the total dividend based on 2013 earnings is 23 cents per share, fully franked (2012: 20 cents). The Company's dividend reinvestment plan (DRP) will not operate in relation to the final dividend.

Significant Changes in the State of Affairs

In the Directors' opinion there was no significant change in the state of affairs of the group during the financial year that is not disclosed in this report or the consolidated financial report.

Matters Subsequent to the End of the Financial Year

The Directors are not aware of any matter or circumstance not dealt with in this report or the consolidated financial report that has arisen since the end of the year under review and has significantly affected or may significantly affect the group's operations, the results of those operations or the state of affairs of the group in future financial years.

Environmental Regulation

The group's property development and service centre operations are subject to various environmental regulations. Environmental licences are held for particular underground petroleum storage tanks.

Planning approvals are required for property developments undertaken by the group in relevant circumstances. Authorities are provided with appropriate details and to the Directors' knowledge developments during the year were undertaken in compliance with planning requirements.

Management works with regulatory authorities, where appropriate, to assist compliance with regulatory requirements. There were no material adverse environmental issues during the year to the Directors' knowledge.

Remuneration Report

1. Principles Used to Determine Remuneration

The board as a whole is responsible for recommending and reviewing the remuneration arrangements of non-executive Directors, whilst the board (excluding the Chief Executive Officer) reviews the performance of the Chief Executive Officer on a continual basis and ensures the reward framework is appropriate. To assist the board, the Audit, Risk & Remuneration Committee reviews and makes recommendations regarding these remuneration arrangements.

The Chief Executive Officer in consultation with the Chairman reviews the performance of the group's senior executives on an ongoing basis and ensures the appropriateness of their reward framework.

Remuneration packages are intended to properly reflect the individual's duties and responsibilities, be competitive in attracting, retaining and motivating staff of the highest quality and be aligned to shareholder interests.

The remuneration framework for executives has been developed to provide, where appropriate, a high proportion of "at risk" remuneration. This is designed to reflect competitive reward for contribution to growth in group profits and shareholder wealth.

In considering the impact of the group's performance on shareholder wealth, the Directors have regard to various factors including the following metrics:

	2013	2012	2011	2010	2009
NPAT (\$'000)	63,962	55,551	40,289	31,637	36,588
Earnings per share - basic (c)	36.4	34.0	25.5	21.1	24.3
Dividends per share (c)	23	20	16	12.8	12.4
Share Price at year end (\$)	4.96	4.38	2.36	2.50	2.40

A.P. EAGERS LIMITED

DIRECTORS' REPORT

2. Non-executive Directors' Remuneration Framework

Non-executive Directors are remunerated for their services by way of fees (and where applicable, superannuation) from the maximum amount approved by shareholders in general meeting for that purpose, currently \$500,000 per annum, which was fixed at the annual general meeting in 2007.

Non-executive Director fees are \$75,000 per annum plus superannuation benefits, and the Chairman's fee is \$95,000 per annum plus superannuation.

The board, with the assistance of the Audit, Risk & Remuneration Committee, periodically reviews non-executive Director fees taking into account relevant market conditions.

Non-executive Directors do not participate in schemes designed for the remuneration of executives, equity schemes or retirement allowance programmes, nor do they receive performance based bonuses.

3. Executives' Remuneration Framework

a) Base Pay

Each executive is offered a competitive base pay to reflect the market for a comparable role. Base pay is reviewed annually and on promotion to ensure it remains competitive with the market. It may be delivered as a combination of cash and superannuation that the executive elects to salary sacrifice.

b) Benefits

Executives receive benefits including the provision of fully maintained motor vehicles, personal health and fitness programs and, in the case of the Chief Executive Officer, personal insurance. Retirement benefits are delivered under superannuation funds providing accumulation benefits. No lump sum defined benefits are provided.

c) Short-term Performance Incentives

(i) Incentive Pool / Bonus

A short-term incentive pool is available for allocation by the Chief Executive Officer (in consultation with the Chairman) to non-commission based executives being the Company Secretary, Chief Financial Officer and Group Human Resources Manager. The allocations are determined on a discretionary basis during annual review after considering the achievements and performances of the individual executives and group.

(ii) Commission Structure

With the exception of the Chief Executive Officer and non-commission based executives, remuneration for senior executives is structured around measurable business performance factors linked to business strategies and designed to improve shareholder value. This commission structure is set at a percentage of net profit before tax of a business unit or business group.

d) Executive Incentive Plan (EIP)

The EIP was approved by shareholders at the annual general meeting in 2010. It is intended as both a long-term and short-term incentive, focussing on corporate performance and the creation of shareholder value over multi-year periods.

A.P. EAGERS LIMITED

DIRECTORS' REPORT

Through the EIP, executives are driven to improve the Company's performance and shareholder return. This is accomplished through the grant of performance rights and options which reward the achievement of pre-determined group performance hurdles and allow executives to share in the Company's growth.

A performance right is a right to be given a fully paid ordinary share in the Company at a nil exercise price upon the achievement of performance hurdles.

An option is a right to be given a fully paid ordinary share in the Company upon payment of an exercise price and achievement of performance hurdles. In general, the exercise price is the market share price at or about the grant date or when the executive agreed in principle to participate in the plan.

The performance rights and options are divided into separate tranches for each annual performance period. Each tranche of options may be further divided into sub-tranches. The tranches and sub-tranches are tested against the performance hurdles for the relevant performance period.

(i) Performance Hurdles

In order for performance rights and options to vest under the EIP, the pre-determined performance hurdles must be achieved for the relevant performance period, including:

- the Company must meet the applicable Earnings Per Share (EPS) hurdle (as described below).
- the Company must meet any prescribed interest cover ratio.
- the executive must remain permanently employed by the group. (Where the executive has sacrificed payments into the EIP in return for rights or options, cessation of employment during the performance period may result in a prorated proportion of the rights or options remaining on issue to be tested at the end of the performance period but without the ability for any further re-testing).

All performance hurdles for a performance period must be met for the relevant rights and options to vest. The board does, however, retain discretion to waive hurdles in exceptional circumstances where it is believed to be in the Company's best interests to do so.

(ii) EPS Hurdles

A separate EPS performance hurdle applies for each tranche or sub-tranche of performance rights and options. These EPS hurdles were pre-determined using a base-line EPS when the participant agreed to join the plan.

In general, the Company must achieve a minimum of 7% annual compound growth in diluted EPS above the base-line before any performance rights or options will vest for the performance period, with 10% annual compound growth required for all performance rights and options to vest for the period.

As these "at risk" earnings are demonstrably linked to the creation of shareholder value, it is considered that if an EPS hurdle is not achieved during a 12 month performance period, re-testing would be appropriate to allow for market reaction to the Company's longer term strategic initiatives.

If the EPS hurdle is not achieved during the initial 12 month performance period, re-testing would take place 12 months later over a 24 month period. If the EPS hurdle is not achieved on the re-test, it may be re-tested a second time a further 12 months later over a 36 month period. On any re-test, the EPS hurdle for the re-test period would be the combined hurdle for each individual year in the re-test period.

There cannot be more than two re-tests. Performance rights and options immediately lapse if they do not vest on the second re-test.

A.P. EAGERS LIMITED DIRECTORS' REPORT

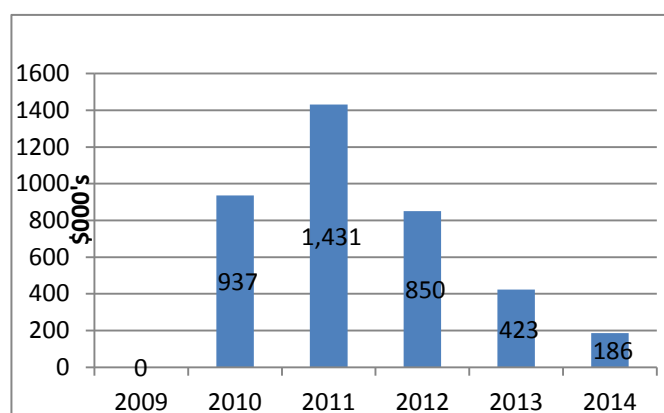
(iii) CEO's Participation in EIP

At the Company's annual general meeting in 2010, shareholders approved the Chief Executive Officer, Mr Ward, participating in the EIP. With 98.2% of proxy votes in favour or at the Chairman's discretion, shareholders approved the following:

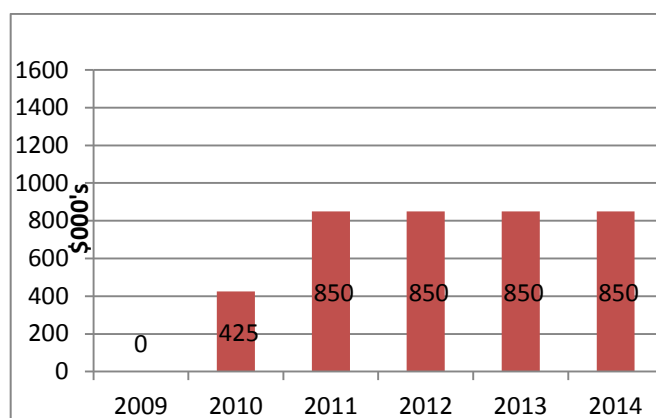
- Mr Ward's performance hurdles are measured over the five year period 2010 to 2014.
- Before any of Mr Ward's performance rights or options will vest for an individual year, the Company must achieve at least 7% annual compound growth in diluted EPS above the base-line EPS. The base-line was set when Mr Ward agreed to join the plan in mid-2009 at 16% above the average normalised basic EPS for the previous three years.
- For 100% of Mr Ward's performance rights and options to vest for the five years, the Company must achieve at least 10% annual compound growth in diluted EPS above the base-line.
- The number of performance rights and options granted to Mr Ward was scaled back to reflect only 4.5 years' value, even though his performance would be measured over a full five year period. This scaling back occurred because, at the time of the 2010 annual general meeting, his previous five year equity incentive plan was due to expire mid-year on 30 June 2010.

The cost to the Company of Mr Ward's participation in the EIP is calculated as follows:

- If 100% of the performance rights and options were to vest over the five year period (requiring at least 10% annual compound growth in diluted EPS for five years), the recognised cost of the plan would average \$850,000 per annum for 4.5 years, or \$3.825 million in total over 4.5 years. However, accounting standards require that the cost be recognised, as shown in the remuneration table on page 13, based on the progressive recognition of each share option grant over its expected vesting period, which results in a higher overall cost of the EIP in the earlier years and a lower cost in later years. On the assumption that all performance hurdles are achieved over the five year EIP period, the total cost recognised in each year is shown in the following graphs.
- If no performance hurdles at all were to be achieved over the five year period, then no performance rights or options would vest and the plan would cost the Company zero dollars.
- By way of comparison, if only 50% of the performance rights and options by value were to vest each year over the five year period (requiring 9% annual compound growth in diluted EPS for five years), the cost of the plan would be on average \$425,000 per annum for 4.5 years (or \$1,912,500 in total over 4.5 years).



Accounting accrual cost of CEO's participation in EIP – progressive recognition based, assuming all performance hurdles are achieved.



Average annual cost of CEO's participation in EIP, assuming all performance hurdles are achieved.

A.P. EAGERS LIMITED
DIRECTORS' REPORT

(iv) Grants to Key Management Personnel

The following tables show details of current grants of performance rights and options over unissued shares, which were granted to key management personnel in or before the year under review. No rights or options were granted to key management personnel during the year under review except as shown in these tables. No rights or options were forfeited, and no options were exercised, by key management personnel during the year under review.

Chief Executive Officer

Tranche No.	Grant Date	No. of performance rights granted	No. of options granted	End of 1 st performance period	Fair value of each performance right	Fair value of each option	Status
1	28 May 2010	36,890	416,665	31 Dec 2010	\$2.40	\$0.808	Vested without re-testing
2	28 May 2010	82,440	815,215	31 Dec 2011	\$2.286	\$0.812	Vested without re-testing
3	28 May 2010	89,000	810,810	31 Dec 2012	\$2.176	\$0.810	Vested without re-testing
4	28 May 2010	94,890	815,215	31 Dec 2013	\$2.072	\$0.802	Vested without re-testing
5	28 May 2010	105,140	797,870	31 Dec 2014	\$1.972	\$0.806	Unvested

General Manager Queensland and Northern Territory

Tranche No.	Grant Date	No. of performance rights granted	No. of options granted	End of 1 st performance period	Fair value of each performance right	Fair value of each option	Status
1	28 August 2009	22,590	104,165	31 Dec 2010	\$1.66	\$0.36	Vested without re-testing
2	28 August 2009	48,015	203,805	31 Dec 2011	\$1.562	\$0.368	Vested without re-testing
3	28 August 2009	50,950	202,705	31 Dec 2012	\$1.472	\$0.37	Vested without re-testing
4	28 August 2009	54,115	203,805	31 Dec 2013	\$1.386	\$0.368	Vested without re-testing
5	28 August 2009	57,515	199,470	31 Dec 2014	\$1.304	\$0.376	Unvested

Chief Financial Officer

Tranche No.	Grant Date	No. of performance rights granted	No. of options granted	End of 1 st performance period	Fair value of each performance right	Fair value of each option	Status
1	28 August 2009	30,120	138,890	31 Dec 2010	\$1.66	\$0.36	Vested without re-testing
2	28 August 2009	32,010	135,870	31 Dec 2011	\$1.562	\$0.368	Vested without re-testing
3	28 August 2009	33,965	135,135	31 Dec 2012	\$1.472	\$0.37	Vested without re-testing
4	28 August 2009	36,075	135,870	31 Dec 2013	\$1.386	\$0.368	Vested without re-testing
5	28 August 2009	38,345	132,980	31 Dec 2014	\$1.304	\$0.376	Unvested

A.P. EAGERS LIMITED DIRECTORS' REPORT

General Counsel & Company Secretary

Tranche No.	Grant Date	No. of performance rights granted	No. of options granted	End of 1 st performance period	Fair value of each performance right	Fair value of each option	Status
1	27 March 2013	-	26,880	31 Dec 2013	\$4.45	-	Unvested ⁽¹⁾
2	27 March 2013	-	26,880	31 Dec 2014	\$4.45	-	Unvested
3	27 March 2013	-	26,040	31 Dec 2015	\$4.26	-	Unvested
4	27 March 2013	-	25,510	31 Dec 2016	\$4.09	-	Unvested
5	27 March 2013	-	25,250	31 Dec 2017	\$3.92	-	Unvested

(1) EPS performance hurdle was satisfied, but vesting remains subject to continued employment until 31 March 2015.

Further details of the performance rights and options granted under the EIP are specified in notes 34 and 35 to the consolidated financial report.

4. Hedging

The board has adopted a policy which prohibits any Director or employee who participates in an equity plan from using derivatives, hedging or similar arrangements to reduce or eliminate the risk associated with the plan in relation to unvested securities or securities that are subject to trading restrictions, without the Chairman's approval. Any breach will result in forfeiture or lapsing of the unvested securities or additional performance hurdles or trading restrictions being imposed, at the board's discretion.

5. Executive Employment Agreements

Executives who are key management personnel are employed under common employment agreements. The agreements do not have a finite term, can be terminated by either employer or employee giving notice within a range of four to twelve weeks and do not contain any termination payment arrangements. The board has discretion to extend the termination notice period that may be given to an executive and to make payments upon termination, as appropriate.

The Chief Executive Officer's employment agreement differs from that of other executives as follows:

- a) The Company may terminate the Chief Executive Officer's employment if he is unable to satisfactorily perform his duties due to illness, injury or accident for a period of six months or for cause. Termination for any other reason would entitle the Chief Executive Officer to a termination benefit equivalent to two times annual remuneration at the time of termination, subject to any limit imposed by law.
- b) The Chief Executive Officer may terminate his employment agreement on six months' notice unless otherwise agreed with the Company.

6. Details of Remuneration

Key management personnel include Directors and executives who have authority and responsibility for planning, directing and controlling the activities of the group. Remuneration details of key management personnel are set out in the following tables.

A.P. EAGERS LIMITED

DIRECTORS' REPORT

2013	Short-term benefits			Post-employment benefits		Share-based payments		Total	Performance-related percentage %
	Salary & fees \$	Bonus & commissions \$	Non-monetary & other benefits(3) \$	Superannuation benefits \$	Directors retiring allowance accrual(1) \$	Performance Rights & Options(2) \$			
Directors									
T B Crommelin(7) <i>Chairman</i>	86,666	-	790	7,922	-	-		95,378	-
M A Ward <i>Managing Director</i>	925,000	100,000	133,221	25,000	-	422,871 ⁽⁵⁾		1,606,092 ⁽⁵⁾	33
N G Politis <i>Non-executive Director</i>	66,250	-	790	6,053	-	-		73,093	-
P W Henley <i>Non-executive Director</i>	75,000	-	790	6,844	-	-		82,634	-
D T Ryan <i>Non-executive Director</i>	75,000	-	790	6,844	-	-		82,634	-
D A Cowper <i>Non-executive Director</i>	75,000	-	790	6,844	-	-		82,634	-
B W Macdonald(7) <i>Chairman</i>	33,858	-	329	-	-	-		34,187	-
	<u>1,336,774</u>	<u>100,000</u>	<u>137,500</u>	<u>59,507</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>422,871</u>		<u>2,056,652</u>	
Executives									
K T Thornton <i>General Manager Qld &</i>	200,000	548,535	77,696	17,775	-	62,740		906,746	67
S G Best <i>Chief Financial Officer</i>	306,671	93,000	32,271	27,988	-	41,827		501,757	27
D G Stark <i>General Counsel & Company Secretary</i>	253,337	76,500	22,851	23,127	-	25,000		400,815	25
	<u>760,008</u>	<u>718,035</u>	<u>132,818</u>	<u>68,890</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>129,567</u>		<u>1,809,318</u>	
<p>(1) Accrued and paid on retirement.</p> <p>(2) Performance rights and options granted under the EIP are valued using a binomial tree methodology. A pre-determined value of the portion of the rights and options attributable to the year under review has been expensed in the income statement in conformity with AASB 2 and reflected in each recipient's remuneration. In each of 2013 and 2012, performance rights and options vested under the EIP for the previous year. Vesting is subject to the achievement of performance hurdles as previously detailed in this Remuneration Report.</p> <p>(3) Includes benefits such as the provision of motor vehicles, insurance policy costs and the movement in the provision for the individual's employee entitlements.</p> <p>(5) The share-based payment is based on progressive recognition of each award grant over its expected vesting period, which results in an increased cost in the earlier years of the EIP and a reduced cost in later years on the assumption that all performance hurdles will be achieved over the five year period. For further details, refer to commentary on page 10 under the heading "CEO's Participation in EIP".</p> <p>(7) Mr Crommelin was appointed Chairman on the retirement of Mr Macdonald on 8 May 2013.</p>									

A.P. EAGERS LIMITED

DIRECTORS' REPORT

2012	Short-term benefits			Post-employment benefits		Share-based payments	Total	Performance-related percentage
	Salary & fees	Bonus & commissions	Non-monetary & other benefits(3)	Superannuation benefits	Directors retiring allowance accrual(1)	Performance Rights & Options(2)		
	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	%
Directors								
B W Macdonald <i>Chairman</i>	95,000	-	639	-	-	-	95,639	-
M A Ward <i>Managing Director</i>	925,000	125,000	206,444 ⁽⁶⁾	25,000	-	849,993 ⁽⁵⁾	2,131,437 ⁽⁵⁾	46
N G Politis <i>Non-executive Director</i>	60,000	-	639	20,700	5,000	-	86,339	-
P W Henley <i>Non-executive Director</i>	75,000	-	639	6,750	-	-	82,389	-
D T Ryan <i>Non-executive Director</i>	75,000	-	639	6,750	-	-	82,389	-
T B Crommelin <i>Chairman</i>	75,000	-	639	6,750	-	-	82,389	-
D A Cowper(4) <i>Non-executive Director</i>	37,500	-	319	3,375	-	-	41,194	-
	<u>1,342,500</u>	<u>125,000</u>	<u>209,958</u>	<u>69,325</u>	<u>5,000</u>	<u>849,993</u>	<u>2,601,776</u>	
Executives								
K T Thornton <i>General Manager Qld &</i>	200,000	548,835	73,797	16,470	-	129,615	968,717	70
S G Best <i>Chief Financial Officer</i>	286,672	87,000	28,752	27,826	-	86,410	516,660	34
D G Stark <i>General Counsel & Company Secretary</i>	243,338	25,000	28,438	21,075	-	23,455	341,306	14
	<u>730,010</u>	<u>660,835</u>	<u>130,987</u>	<u>65,371</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>239,480</u>	<u>1,826,683</u>	

(1) Accrued and paid on retirement.

(2) Performance rights and options granted under the EIP are valued using a binomial tree methodology. A pre-determined value of the portion of the rights and options attributable to the year under review has been expensed in the income statement in conformity with AASB 2 and reflected in each recipient's remuneration. In each of 2013 and 2012, performance rights and options vested under the EIP for the previous year. Vesting is subject to the achievement of performance hurdles as previously detailed in this Remuneration Report.

(3) Includes benefits such as the provision of motor vehicles, insurance policy costs and the movement in the provision for the individual's employee entitlements.

(4) Mr Cowper was appointed as a Director on 1 July 2012.

(5) The share-based payment is based on progressive recognition of each award grant over its expected vesting period, which results in an increased cost in the earlier years of the EIP and a reduced cost in later years on the assumption that all performance hurdles will be achieved over the five year period. For further details, refer to commentary on page 10 under the heading "CEO's Participation in EIP".

(6) Includes \$116,759 as a provision for long service leave based on Mr Ward's initial seven years' service to the Company.

A.P. EAGERS LIMITED

DIRECTORS' REPORT

Directors' Interests

The relevant interest of each Director in the shares, rights and options issued by the Company as at the date of this report are as follows:

	Ordinary Shares (fully paid)	Share Options	Performance Rights
T B Crommelin	332,242	-	-
N G Politis	65,257,552	-	-
M A Ward	2,759,280	3,655,775 ⁽¹⁾	200,030 ⁽¹⁾
P W Henley	104,215	-	-
D T Ryan	-	-	-
D A Cowper	8,248	-	-

⁽¹⁾ Share options and performance rights vest only if performance hurdles are met in accordance with the Executive Incentive Plan, as described in the Remuneration Report.

Shares Under Option

5,144,000 options and 59,200 performance rights were granted by the Company over unissued shares during the year under review and none have been granted since the end of the year. 72,001 fully paid shares were issued as a result of the exercise of options and 439,268 fully paid shares were issued on the vesting of performance rights during or since the year under review.

Indemnification and Insurance

The Company's constitution provides that, to the extent permitted by law, the Company must indemnify each person who is or has been a Director or Secretary against liability incurred in or arising out of the discharge of duties as an officer of the Company or out of the conduct of the business of the Company and specified legal costs. The indemnity is enforceable without the person having to incur any expense or make any payment, is a continuing obligation and is enforceable even though the person may have ceased to be an officer of the Company.

At the start of the financial year under review and at the start of the following financial year, the Company paid insurance premiums in respect of Directors and Officers liability insurance contracts. The contracts insure each person who is or has been a Director or executive officer of the Company against certain liabilities arising in the course of their duties to the Company and its controlled entities. The Directors have not disclosed details of the nature of the liabilities covered or the amount of the premiums paid in respect of the insurance contracts as such disclosure is prohibited under the terms of the contracts.

Auditor

Deloitte Touche Tohmatsu continues in office as auditor of the group in accordance with section 327 of the Corporations Act 2001.

Non-Audit Services

A copy of the auditor's Independence Declaration as required under section 307C of the Corporations Act 2001 is attached and forms part of this report.

The Company may decide to employ its auditor on assignments additional to their statutory audit duties where the auditor's expertise or experience with the group is important.

Details of the amounts paid or payable to the auditor for audit and non-audit services provided to the group during the year are set out in note 32 to the consolidated financial report.

A.P. EAGERS LIMITED DIRECTORS' REPORT

In accordance with advice received from the Audit, Risk & Remuneration Committee, the Directors are satisfied that the provision of the non-audit services was compatible with the general standard of independence for auditors imposed by the Corporations Act 2001 and did not compromise the auditor independence requirements of the Act because all non-audit services were reviewed by the Committee to ensure they did not impact the partiality and objectivity of the auditor.

Rounding of Amounts to Nearest Thousand Dollars

The Company is of a kind referred to in Class Order 98/0100 issued by the Australian Securities & Investments Commission, relating to the "rounding off" of amounts in the Directors' report and financial report. Amounts in the Directors' report and financial report have been rounded off to the nearest thousand dollars in accordance with that Class Order.

This report is made in accordance with a resolution of the Directors.



Martin Ward
Director

Brisbane, 26 February 2014

The Board of Directors
A.P. Eagers Limited
80 McLachlan Street
FORTITUDE VALLEY QLD 4006

26th February 2014

Dear Board Members

A.P. Eagers Limited


In accordance with section 307C of the Corporations Act 2001, I am pleased to provide the following declaration of independence to the directors of A.P. Eagers Limited.

As lead audit partner for the audit of the financial statements of A.P. Eagers Limited for the financial year ended 31 December 2013, I declare that to the best of my knowledge and belief, there have been no contraventions of:

- (i) the auditor independence requirements of the Corporations Act 2001 in relation to the audit; and
- (ii) any applicable code of professional conduct in relation to the audit.

Yours sincerely,


DELOITTE TOUCHE TOHMATSU


Alfie Nehama
Partner
Chartered Accountants

Independent Auditor's Report to the Members of A.P. Eagers Limited

Report on the Financial Report

We have audited the accompanying financial report of A.P Eagers Limited, which comprises the statement of financial position as at 31 December 2013, the statement of profit or loss, the statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income, the statement of cash flows and the statement of changes in equity for the year ended on that date, notes comprising a summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information, and the directors' declaration of the consolidated entity, comprising the company and the entities it controlled at the year's end or from time to time during the financial year as set out on pages 2 to 54.

Directors' Responsibility for the Financial Report

The directors of the company are responsible for the preparation of the financial report that gives a true and fair view in accordance with Australian Accounting Standards and the *Corporations Act 2001* and for such internal control as the directors determine is necessary to enable the preparation of the financial report that gives a true and fair view and is free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the financial report based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with Australian Auditing Standards. Those standards require that we comply with relevant ethical requirements relating to audit engagements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance whether the financial report is free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial report. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgement, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial report, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control, relevant to the entity's preparation of the financial report that gives a true and fair view, in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates made by the directors, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial report.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

Deloitte

Auditor's Independence Declaration

In conducting our audit, we have complied with the independence requirements of the *Corporations Act 2001*. We confirm that the independence declaration required by the *Corporations Act 2001*, which has been given to the directors of A.P. Eagers Limited, would be in the same terms if given to the directors as at the time of this auditor's report.

Opinion

In our opinion:

- (a) the financial report of A.P. Eagers Limited is in accordance with the *Corporations Act 2001*, including:
 - (i) giving a true and fair view of the consolidated entity's financial position as at 31 December 2013 and of its performance for the year ended on that date; and
 - (ii) complying with Australian Accounting Standards and the *Corporations Regulations 2001*; and
- (b) the consolidated financial statements also comply with International Financial Reporting Standards as disclosed in Note 1a).

Report on the Remuneration Report

We have audited the Remuneration Report included in pages 7 to 14 of the directors' report for the year ended 31 December 2013. The directors of the company are responsible for the preparation and presentation of the Remuneration Report in accordance with section 300A of the *Corporations Act 2001*. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the Remuneration Report, based on our audit conducted in accordance with Australian Auditing Standards.

Opinion

In our opinion the Remuneration Report of A.P. Eagers Limited for the year ended 31 December 2013, complies with section 300A of the *Corporations Act 2001*.


DELOITTE TOUCHE TOHMATSU



Alfie Nehama
Partner
Chartered Accountants
Sydney, 26th February 2014

A. P. EAGERS LIMITED

ABN 87 009 680 013

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2013

A.P. EAGERS LIMITED

DIRECTORS' DECLARATION

The directors declare that :

- (a) in the directors' opinion, there are reasonable grounds to believe that the Company will be able to pay its debts as and when they become due and payable;
- (b) in the directors' opinion, the attached financial statements and notes thereto are in accordance with the Corporations Act 2001, including compliance with accounting standards and giving a true and fair view of the financial position and performance of the consolidated entity; and
- (c) In the director's opinion, the attached financial statements are in compliance with International Financial Reporting Standards as stated in Note 1(a) to the financial statements; and
- (d) the directors have been given the declarations required by s.295A of the Corporations Act 2001

At the date of this declaration, the company is within the class of companies affected by ASIC Class Order 98/1418. The nature of the deed of cross guarantee is such that each company which is party to the deed guarantees to each creditor payment in full of any debt in accordance with the deed of cross guarantee.

In the directors' opinion, there are reasonable grounds to believe that the company and the companies to which the ASIC Class Order applies, as detailed in Note 29 to the financial statements will, as a group, be able to meet any obligations or liabilities to which they are, or may become, subject by virtue of the deed of cross guarantee.

Signed in accordance with a resolution of the directors made pursuant to s.295(5) of the Corporations Act 2001.

On behalf of the Directors



M A Ward
Director

26 February 2014

A.P. EAGERS LIMITED

STATEMENT OF PROFIT OR LOSS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2013

		CONSOLIDATED	
	Note	2013	2012
		\$'000	\$'000
Revenue	3	2,672,813	2,642,535
Other gains and losses excluding impairment reversal	4	2,000	(36)
Reversal of impairment of non-current assets	5(b)	-	1,133
Share of net profits of associate	40(d)	1,959	1,673
Changes in inventories of finished goods and work in progress		(749)	71,997
Raw materials and consumables used		(2,193,541)	(2,255,318)
Employee benefits expense		(224,649)	(213,433)
Finance costs	5(a)	(23,188)	(24,812)
Depreciation and amortisation expense	5(a)	(12,354)	(11,595)
Impairment of non-current assets	5(b)	-	(810)
Other expenses		(135,581)	(132,599)
Profit before tax		86,710	78,735
Income tax expense	6	(22,748)	(23,184)
Profit for the year		63,962	55,551
Attributable to:			
Owners of the parent	27(b)	63,609	55,370
Non-controlling interests		353	181
		63,962	55,551

		Cents	Cents
Earnings per share:			
Basic earnings per share	37	36.4	34.0
Diluted earnings per share	37	35.3	33.2

The above Statement of Profit or Loss is to be read in conjunction with the accompanying notes.

A.P. EAGERS LIMITED

**STATEMENT OF PROFIT OR LOSS AND OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME
FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2013**

		CONSOLIDATED	
	Note	2013	2012
		\$'000	\$'000
Profit for the year		63,962	55,551
Other Comprehensive Income			
<i>Items that will not be reclassified subsequently to profit or loss:</i>			
Gain on revaluation of property	27(a)	3,203	735
Income tax relating to items that will not be reclassified subsequently	27(a)	(961)	(222)
		2,242	513
<i>Items that may be reclassified subsequently to profit or loss:</i>			
Gain on revaluation of available for sale Investment	27(a)	22,795	21,906
Income tax expense	27(a)	(6,839)	(6,572)
		15,956	15,334
Fair value Gain/(loss) arising from cash flow hedges during the year	27(a)	1,003	(202)
Income tax (expense)/benefit	27(a)	(300)	60
		703	(142)
Total other comprehensive income for the year		18,901	15,705
Total comprehensive income for the year		82,863	71,256
Total comprehensive income attributable to:			
Owners of the parent		82,510	71,075
Non-controlling interests		353	181
		82,863	71,256

The above Statement of Profit or Loss and Other Comprehensive Income is to be read in conjunction with the accompanying notes.

A.P. EAGERS LIMITED

STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION
AS AT 31 DECEMBER 2013

CONSOLIDATED

	Note	2013	2012
		\$'000	\$'000
Current Assets			
Cash and cash equivalents	8	12,106	8,716
Trade and other receivables	9(a)	94,919	96,567
Leasebook receivables	9(b)	11	650
Loans receivables	9(c)	-	163
Inventories	10	409,742	410,491
Other	11	7,301	2,629
		<u>524,079</u>	<u>519,216</u>
Property assets held for sale	11(a)	21,612	23,963
Total Current Assets		<u>545,691</u>	<u>543,179</u>
Non-Current Assets			
Leasebook receivables	12(a)	-	89
Other loan receivable	12(b)	1,437	376
Available-for-sale investments	13	195,195	162,590
Investment in associate	14	4,327	3,461
Property, plant and equipment	15	344,956	350,862
Intangible assets	16	125,259	117,521
		<u>671,174</u>	<u>634,899</u>
Total Non-Current Assets		<u>671,174</u>	<u>634,899</u>
Total Assets		<u>1,216,865</u>	<u>1,178,078</u>
Current Liabilities			
Trade and other payables	17	103,590	142,826
Derivative financial instruments	18	665	817
Borrowings - bailment and finance lease payable	19(a)	303,811	304,235
Borrowings - leasebook liabilities	19(b)	-	504
Current tax liabilities	20	6,203	7,909
Provisions	21	17,389	15,059
		<u>431,658</u>	<u>471,350</u>
Total Current Liabilities		<u>431,658</u>	<u>471,350</u>
Non-Current Liabilities			
Borrowings - leasebook liabilities	22(a)	-	8
Borrowings - others	22(b)	211,078	209,097
Derivative financial instruments	18	534	1,385
Deferred tax liabilities	23	27,483	20,599
Provisions	24	6,987	7,103
		<u>246,082</u>	<u>238,192</u>
Total Non-Current Liabilities		<u>246,082</u>	<u>238,192</u>
Total Liabilities		<u>677,740</u>	<u>709,542</u>
Net Assets		<u>539,125</u>	<u>468,536</u>
Equity			
Contributed equity	26(a)	231,205	206,277
Reserves	27(a)	108,612	90,636
Retained earnings	27(b)	198,369	171,113
		<u>538,186</u>	<u>468,026</u>
Equity attributable to equity holders of the parent		538,186	468,026
Non-controlling Interest		939	510
Total Equity		<u>539,125</u>	<u>468,536</u>

The above Statement of Financial Position is to be read in conjunction with the accompanying notes.

A.P. EAGERS LIMITED

**STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY
FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2013**

	<u>Issued capital</u>	<u>Asset revaluation reserve</u>	<u>Hedging reserve</u>	<u>Share-based payments reserve</u>	<u>Investment revaluation reserve</u>	<u>Retained earnings</u>	<u>Attributable to owners of the parent</u>	<u>Non Controlling Interest</u>	<u>Total</u>
CONSOLIDATED	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000
2013									
Balance at 1 January 2013	206,277	71,053	(1,542)	5,791	15,334	171,113	468,026	510	468,536
Profit for the year	-	-	-	-	-	63,609	63,609	353	63,962
<u>Other comprehensive income/(loss)</u>									
Gain on revaluation of properties	-	3,203	-	-	-	-	3,203	-	3,203
Gain on revaluation of available for sale investment	-	-	-	-	22,795	-	22,795	-	22,795
Gain on cash flow hedge	-	-	1,003	-	-	-	1,003	-	1,003
Income tax relating to components of other comprehensive income	-	(961)	(300)	-	(6,839)	-	(8,100)	-	(8,100)
Total comprehensive income for the year	-	2,242	703	-	15,956	63,609	82,510	353	82,863
Share based payments	-	-	-	1,453	-	-	1,453	-	1,453
Transfer to retained earnings	-	(17)	-	-	-	17	-	-	-
Issue of shares under DRP	22,161	-	-	-	-	-	22,161	-	22,161
Issue of shares- others	231	-	-	-	-	-	231	-	231
Issue of shares to staff	2,536	-	-	(2,361)	-	-	175	-	175
Issue of shares to non-controlling entity	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	272	272
Payment of dividend	-	-	-	-	-	(36,370)	(36,370)	(196)	(36,566)
Balance 31 December 2013	231,205	73,278	(839)	4,883	31,290	198,369	538,186	939	539,125
2012									
Balance at 1 January 2012	162,047	70,540	(1,400)	5,189	-	143,795	380,171	444	380,615
Profit for the year	-	-	-	-	-	55,370	55,370	181	55,551
<u>Other comprehensive income/(loss)</u>									
Gain on revaluation of properties	-	735	-	-	-	-	735	-	735
Gain on revaluation of available for sale investment	-	-	-	-	21,906	-	21,906	-	21,906
Loss on cash flow hedge	-	-	(202)	-	-	-	(202)	-	(202)
Income tax relating to components of other comprehensive income	-	(222)	60	-	(6,572)	-	(6,734)	-	(6,734)
Total comprehensive income for the year	-	513	(142)	-	15,334	55,370	71,075	181	71,256
Share based payments	-	-	-	1,494	-	-	1,494	-	1,494
Issue of shares under DRP	11,619	-	-	-	-	-	11,619	-	11,619
Issue of shares (Purchase of Shares in AHG)	31,804	-	-	-	-	-	31,804	-	31,804
Issue of shares to staff	1,198	-	-	(892)	-	-	306	-	306
Share buy-back scheme	(391)	-	-	-	-	-	(391)	-	(391)
Payment of dividend	-	-	-	-	-	(28,052)	(28,052)	(115)	(28,167)
Balance 31 December 2012	206,277	71,053	(1,542)	5,791	15,334	171,113	468,026	510	468,536

The above Statement of Changes in Equity is to be read in conjunction with the accompanying notes.

A.P. EAGERS LIMITED

STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2013

		CONSOLIDATED	
	Note	2013	2012
		\$'000	\$'000
Cash flows from operating activities			
Receipts from customers (inclusive of GST)		2,919,290	2,890,402
Payments to suppliers and employees (inclusive of GST)		(2,808,033)	(2,795,418)
Receipt from insurance claims		162	456
Dividends received		11,064	5,454
Interest received		1,220	716
Interest and other costs of finance paid		(22,943)	(24,438)
Income taxes paid		(24,597)	(21,536)
Net cash provided by operating activities	38	76,163	55,636
Cash flows from investing activities			
Payments for shares in other corporations		(56,777)	(59,569)
Payment for acquisition of businesses	29(a)	(7,137)	-
Payment for acquisition of brand name		(207)	(367)
Payments for property, plant and equipment		(14,529)	(28,843)
Proceeds from sale of property, plant and equipment		15,411	2,964
Proceeds from sale of businesses		900	-
Net cash used in investing activities		(62,339)	(85,815)
Cash flows from financing activities			
Receipt from issue of shares		2,684	3,767
Proceeds from borrowings		32,078	75,800
Repayment of borrowings		(30,873)	(33,552)
Dividends paid to minority shareholders of a subsidiary		(196)	(115)
Dividends paid to members of A.P. Eagers Limited		(14,127)	(20,284)
Net cash provided by/(used in) financing activities		(10,434)	25,616
Net increase/(decrease) in cash and cash equivalents		3,390	(4,563)
Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of the financial year		8,716	13,279
Cash and cash equivalents at the end of the financial year	8	12,106	8,716

The above Statement of Cash Flows is to be read in conjunction with the accompanying notes.

A.P. EAGERS LIMITED

NOTES TO AND FORMING PART OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS 31 DECEMBER 2013

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

(a) General Information and basis of preparation

The financial report covers the Group (consolidated entity) of A.P. Eagers Limited and its subsidiaries (consolidated financial statements). A.P. Eagers Limited is a publicly listed company incorporated and domiciled in Australia.

This general purpose financial report has been prepared in accordance with Australian equivalents to International Financial Reporting Standards (AIFRS), other authoritative pronouncements of the Australian Accounting Standards Board, Australian Accounting Interpretations and the Corporations Act 2001.

For the purpose of preparing the financial statements, the company is a for profit entity.

Compliance with IFRS

The financial report complies with Australian Accounting Standards, which include AIFRS. Compliance with AIFRS ensures that the financial report, comprising the financial statements and notes thereto, complies with International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRS).

Historical cost convention

These financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention, as modified by the revaluation of financial assets, derivatives and certain classes of property, plant and equipment to fair value.

Functional and Presentation Currency

The functional and presentation currency of the Group is the Australian Dollar.

The financial statements were authorised for issue by the directors on the 26th February 2014.

Accounting Policies

The following is a summary of the material accounting policies adopted in the preparation of the financial report. The accounting policies have been consistently applied, unless otherwise stated.

(b) Basis of consolidation

The consolidated financial statements incorporate the financial statements of A.P. Eagers Limited (The Company) and entities (including structured entities) controlled by the Company and its subsidiaries. Control is achieved when the Company:

- has power over the investee;
- is exposed, or has rights, to variable returns from its involvement with the investee; and
- has the ability to use its power to affect its returns.

The Company reassesses whether or not it controls an investee if facts and circumstances indicate that there are changes to one or more of the three elements of control listed above.

When the company has less than a majority of the voting rights of an investee, it has power over the investee when the voting rights are sufficient to give it the practical ability to direct the relevant activities of the investee unilaterally.

The Company considers all relevant facts and circumstances in assessing whether or not the Company's voting rights in an investee are sufficient to give it power, including:

- the size of the Company's holding of voting rights relative to the size and dispersion of holdings of the other vote holders;
- potential voting rights held by the Company, other vote holders or other parties;
- rights arising from other contractual arrangements; and
- any additional facts and circumstances that indicate that the Company has, or does not have, the current ability to direct the relevant activities at the time that decisions need to be made, including voting patterns at previous shareholders' meetings.

Consolidation of a subsidiary begins when the Company obtains control over the subsidiary and ceases when the Company loses control of the subsidiary. Specifically, income and expenses of a subsidiary acquired or disposed of during the year are included in the consolidated statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income from the date the company gains control until the date when the Company ceases to control the subsidiary.

Profit or loss and each component of other comprehensive income are attributed to their owners of the Company and to the non-controlling interests. Total comprehensive income of subsidiaries is attributed to the owners of the Company and to the non-controlling interests even if this results in the non-controlling interests having a deficit balance.

When necessary, adjustments are made to the financial statements of subsidiaries to bring their accounting policies into line with the Group's accounting policies.

All intragroup assets and liabilities, equity, income, expenses and cash flows relating to transactions between members of the Group are eliminated in full on consolidation.

A.P. EAGERS LIMITED

NOTES TO AND FORMING PART OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS 31 DECEMBER 2013 (continued)

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued) (b) Basis of Consolidation (continued)

(i) Changes in the Groups ownership interests in existing subsidiaries.

Changes in the Group's ownership interests in subsidiaries that do not result in the Group losing control over the subsidiaries are accounted for as equity transactions. The carrying amounts of the Group's interests and the non-controlling interests are adjusted to reflect the changes in their relative interests in the subsidiaries. Any difference between the amount by which the non-controlling interests are adjusted and the fair value of the consideration paid or received is recognised directly in equity and attributed to owners of the Company.

When the Group loses control of a subsidiary, a gain or loss is recognised in profit or loss and is calculated as the difference between (i) the aggregate of the fair value of the consideration received and the fair value of any retained interest and (ii) the previous carrying amount of the assets (including goodwill), and liabilities of the subsidiary and any non-controlling interests. All amounts previously recognised in other comprehensive income in relation to that subsidiary are accounted for as if the Group had directly disposed of the related assets or liabilities of the subsidiary (i.e. reclassified to profit or loss or transferred to another category of equity as specified/permitted by applicable AASBs). The fair value of any investment retained in the former subsidiary at the date when control is lost is regarded as the fair value on initial recognition for subsequent accounting under IAS 39, when applicable, the cost on initial recognition of an investment in an associate or a joint venture.

(ii) Investments in associates

An associate is an entity over which the Group has significant influence. Significant influence is the power to participate in the financial and operating policy decisions of the investee but is not control over those policies.

The results and assets and liabilities of associates are incorporated in these consolidated financial statements using the equity method of accounting, except when the investment, or a portion thereof, is classified as held for sale, in which case it is accounted for in accordance with AASB 5. Under the equity method, an investment in an associate is initially recognised in the consolidated statement of financial position at cost and adjusted thereafter to recognise the Group's share of the profit and loss and other comprehensive income of the associate. When the Group's share of losses of an associate exceeds the Group's interest in that associate (which includes any long-term interests that, in substance, form part of the Group's net investment in the associate), the Group discontinues recognising its share of further losses. Additional losses are recognised only to the extent that the Group has incurred legal or constructive obligations or made payments on behalf of the associate.

An investment in an associate is accounted for using the equity method from the date on which the investee becomes an associate. On acquisition of the investment in an associate, any excess of the cost of the investment over the Group's share of the net fair value of the identifiable assets and liabilities of the investee is recognised as goodwill, which is included within the carrying amount of the investment. Any excess of the Group's share of the net fair value of the identifiable assets and liabilities over the cost of the investment, after reassessment, is recognised immediately in profit or loss in the period in which the investment is acquired.

The requirements of IAS 39 are applied to determine whether it is necessary to recognise any impairment loss with respect to the Group's investment in an associate. When necessary, the entire carrying amount of the investment (including goodwill) is tested for impairment of Assets as a single asset by comparing its recoverable amount (higher of value in use and fair value less costs to sell) with its carrying amount. Any impairment loss recognised forms part of the carrying amount of the investment. Any reversal of that impairment loss is recognised in accordance with IAS 36 to the extent that the recoverable amount of the investment subsequently increases.

The Group discontinues the use of the equity method from the date when the investment ceases to be an associate, or when the investment is classified as held for sale. When the Group retains an interest in the former associate and the retained interest is a financial asset, the Group measures the retained interest at fair value at that date and the fair value is regarded as its fair value on initial recognition in accordance with IAS 39. The difference between the carrying amount of the associate at the date the equity method was discontinued, and the fair value of any retained interest and any proceeds from disposing of a part interest in the associate is included in the determination of the gain or loss on disposal of the associate. In addition, the Group accounts for all amounts previously recognised in other comprehensive income in relation to that associate on the same basis as would be required if that associate had directly disposed of the related assets or liabilities. Therefore, if a gain or loss previously recognised in other comprehensive income by that associate would be reclassified to profit or loss on the disposal of the related assets or liabilities, the Group reclassifies the gain or loss from equity to profit or loss (as a reclassification adjustment) when the equity method is discontinued.

The Group continues to use the equity method when an investment in an associate becomes an investment in a joint venture or an investment in a joint venture becomes an investment in an associate. There is no remeasurement to fair value upon such changes in ownership interests.

When the Group reduces its ownership interest in an associate but the Group continues to use the equity method, the Group reclassifies to profit or loss the proportion of the gain or loss that had previously been recognised in other comprehensive income relating to that reduction in ownership interest if that gain or loss would be classified to profit or loss on the disposal of the related assets or liabilities.

When a Group entity transacts with an associate of the Group, profits and losses resulting from the transactions with the associate are recognised in the Group's consolidated financial statements only to the extent of interests in the associate that are not related to the Group.

(c) Operating Segments

Operating segments are identified based on internal reports that are regularly reviewed by the entity's chief operating decision maker in order to allocate resources to the segment and assess its performance.

The Group has four operating segments being (i) Car Retail (ii) Truck Retail (iii) Property (iv) Investment and all other.

A.P. EAGERS LIMITED

**NOTES TO AND FORMING PART OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
31 DECEMBER 2013 (continued)**

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

(d) Revenue

(i) Sales revenue

Revenue from the sales of motor vehicles and parts is recognised when the buyer has accepted the risks and rewards of ownership, generally by taking delivery of the goods.

(ii) Service revenue

Service work on customers' motor vehicles is carried out under instructions from the customer. Service revenue is recognised based upon the percentage completion of the work requested. The percentage completion is measured by reference to labour hours incurred to date as a percentage of estimated total labour hours for the service to be performed. Revenue arising from the sale of parts fitted to customers' vehicles during service is recognised upon delivery of the fitted parts to the customer upon completion of the service.

(iii) Rental income

Rental income from operating leases is recognised in income on a straight-line basis over the lease term.

(iv) Interest revenue

Interest revenue is recognised on a time proportional basis, taking into account the effective interest rates applicable to the financial assets.

(v) Dividend revenue

Dividend revenue is recognised when the right to receive a dividend has been established.

Dividends received from associates are accounted for in accordance with the equity method of accounting in the consolidated financial statements.

(vi) Goods and Services Tax (GST)

All revenue is stated net of the amount of Goods and Services Tax (GST).

(e) Finance costs

Borrowing costs are recognised as expenses in the period in which they are incurred. Borrowing costs include:

- interest on bank overdrafts, short and long-term borrowings
- interest on vehicle bailment arrangements
- interest on leaseback and finance lease liabilities
- amortisation of ancillary costs incurred in connection with the arrangement of borrowings

(f) Taxes

(i) Income tax

The income tax expense or revenue for the period is the tax payable on the current period's taxable income based on the notional income tax rate for each jurisdiction, adjusted by changes in deferred tax assets and liabilities attributable to temporary differences between the tax bases of assets and liabilities and their carrying amounts in the financial statements, and to unused tax losses.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are recognised for temporary differences at the tax rates expected to apply when the assets are recovered or liabilities are settled, based on those tax rates which are enacted or substantively enacted for each jurisdiction. The relevant tax rates are applied to the cumulative amounts of deductible and taxable temporary differences to measure the deferred tax asset or liability. An exception is made for certain temporary differences arising from the initial recognition of an asset or a liability. No deferred tax asset or liability is recognised in relation to these temporary differences if they arose in a transaction, other than a business combination, that at the time of the transaction did not affect either accounting profit or taxable profit or loss.

Deferred tax assets are recognised for deductible temporary differences and unused tax losses only if it is probable that future taxable amounts will be available to utilise those temporary differences and losses.

Current and deferred tax balances attributable to amounts recognised directly in equity are also recognised directly in equity.

(ii) Goods and services tax ("GST")

Revenues, expenses and assets are recognised net of the amount of GST except:

- where the GST incurred on a purchase of goods and services is not recoverable from the taxation authority, in which case the GST is recognised as part of the cost of acquisition of the asset or as part of the expense item as applicable; and
- receivables and payables are stated with the amount of GST included.

The net amount of GST recoverable from, or payable to, the taxation authority is included as part of receivables or payables in the statement of financial position.

Cash flows are included in the Statement of Cash Flows on a gross basis and the GST component of cash flows arising from investing and financing activities, which is recoverable from or payable to the taxation authority, are classified as operating cash flows.

Commitments and contingencies are disclosed net of the amount of GST recoverable from, or payable to, the taxation authority.

A.P. EAGERS LIMITED

NOTES TO AND FORMING PART OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS 31 DECEMBER 2013 (continued)

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

(g) Leases

Leases in which a significant portion of the risks and rewards of ownership are retained by the lessor are classified as operating leases. Payments made under operating leases (net of any incentives received from the lessor) are charged to profit or loss on a straight-line basis over the period of the lease.

(h) Business Combinations

The purchase method of accounting is used for all business combinations regardless of whether equity instruments or other assets are acquired. Cost is measured as the fair value of the assets given, shares issued or liabilities incurred or assumed at the date of exchange. Acquisition related costs are recognised in profit or loss as incurred. Where equity instruments are issued in an acquisition, the value of the instruments is their published market price as at the date of exchange unless, in rare circumstances, it can be demonstrated that the published price at the date of exchange is an unreliable indicator of fair value and that other evidence and valuation methods provide a more reliable measure of fair value. Transaction costs arising on the issue of equity instruments are recognised directly in equity.

Identifiable assets acquired and liabilities and contingent liabilities assumed in a business combination are measured initially at their fair values at the acquisition date, irrespective of the extent of any non-controlling interest. The excess of the cost of acquisition over the fair value of the Group's share of the identifiable net assets acquired is recorded as goodwill (refer to Note 1(s)). If the cost of acquisition is less than the fair value of the net assets of the subsidiary acquired, the difference is recognised directly in profit or loss but only after a reassessment of the identification and measurement of the net assets acquired.

Where settlement of any part of cash consideration is deferred, the amounts payable in the future are discounted to their present values as at the date of acquisition. The discount rate used is the incremental borrowing rate, being the rate at which a similar borrowing could be obtained from an independent financier under comparable terms and conditions.

If the initial accounting for a business acquisition is incomplete by the end of the reporting period in which the combination occurs, the consolidated entity reports provisional amounts for the items for which accounting is incomplete. The provisional amounts are adjusted during the measurement period (no longer than 12 months from the initial acquisition) on a retrospective basis by restating the comparative information presented in the financial statements.

(i) Impairment of long lived assets (excluding Goodwill)

Assets that have an indefinite useful life are not subject to amortisation and are tested annually for impairment. Assets that are subject to amortisation are reviewed for impairment whenever events or changes in circumstances indicate that the carrying amount may not be recoverable. An impairment loss is recognised for the amount by which the asset's carrying amount exceeds its recoverable amount. The recoverable amount is the higher of an asset's fair value less costs to sell and its value in use. For the purposes of assessing impairment, assets are grouped at the lowest levels for which there are separately identifiable cash flows (cash-generating units "CGU") and these cash flows are discounted using the estimated weighted average cost of capital of the asset/CGU. An impairment loss is recognised in profit or loss immediately, unless the relevant asset is carried at fair value, in which case the impairment loss is treated as a revaluation decrease (refer Note 1(p)). Where an impairment loss subsequently reverses, the carrying amount of the asset (cash-generating unit) is increased to the revised estimate of its recoverable amount, but only to the extent that the increased carrying amount does not exceed the carrying amount that would have been determined had no impairment losses been recognised for the asset (cash-generating unit) in prior years. A reversal of an impairment loss is recognised in profit or loss immediately, unless the relevant asset is carried at fair value, in which case, the reversal of the impairment loss is treated as a revaluation increase (refer Note 1(p)).

(j) Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents include cash on hand, deposits held at call with financial institutions, other short-term, highly liquid investments with original maturities of three months or less that are readily convertible to known amounts of cash and which are subject to an insignificant risk of changes in value, and bank overdrafts. Bank overdrafts are shown within borrowings in current liabilities on the statement of financial position.

(k) Receivables

Leasebook receivables

A receivable is recognised for this class of debtor when the loan documentation is signed. The carrying amount of the debt is net of unearned income. Income from lease and mortgage loan contracts is brought to account in accordance with a method that ensures that income earned over the term of the contract bears a constant relationship to the funds employed.

Trade receivables

Trade receivables are recognised initially at fair value and subsequently measured at amortised cost, less provision for doubtful debts. Trade receivables are due for settlement no more than 60 days from the date of recognition.

In respect of trade and leasebook receivables, collectability is reviewed on an ongoing basis. Debts which are known to be uncollectible are written off. A provision for doubtful debts is raised where some doubt as to collectability exists. The amount of the provision is the difference between the asset's carrying amount and the present value of estimated future cash flows, discounted at the effective interest rate. The amount of the provision is recognised in profit or loss.

A.P. EAGERS LIMITED

**NOTES TO AND FORMING PART OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
31 DECEMBER 2013 (continued)**

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

(l) Inventories

New motor vehicles are stated at the lower of cost and net realisable value. Demonstrator vehicles are stated at the lower of cost and net realisable value. Costs are assigned on the basis of specific identification.

Used motor vehicles are stated at the lower of cost and net realisable value on a unit by unit basis. Net realisable value has been determined by reference to the likely net realisable value given the age of the vehicles at year end. Costs are assigned on the basis of specific identification.

Spare parts and accessories are stated at the lower of cost and net realisable value. Costs are assigned to individual items on the basis of weighted average cost.

Work in progress is stated at cost. Cost includes labour incurred to date and consumables utilised during the service. Costs are assigned to individual customers on the basis of specific identification.

(m) Investments and other financial assets

Investments are recognised and derecognised on settlement date where the purchase or sale of an investment is under a contract whose terms require delivery of the investment within the timeframe established by the market concerned, and are initially measured at fair value, net of transaction costs except for those financial assets classified as at fair value through profit or loss which are initially measured at fair value.

Subsequent to initial recognition, investments in associates are accounted for under the equity method in the consolidated financial statements.

The group classifies its other financial assets in the following categories: (i) available-for-sale financial assets and (ii) loans and receivables. The classification depends on the purpose for which the financial assets were acquired. Management determines the classification of its investments at initial recognition and re-evaluates this designation at each reporting date.

(i) Available-for-sale financial assets

Available-for-sale financial assets are initially measured at cost at date of acquisition, which include transaction costs, and subsequent to initial recognition, they are carried at fair value.

Unrealised gains and losses arising from changes in the fair value of non-monetary securities classified as available-for-sale are recognised in equity in the available-for-sale investments revaluation reserve. When securities classified as available-for-sale are sold or impaired, the accumulated fair value adjustments are included in profit or loss as gains and losses from the sale or impairment of investment securities.

The fair values of quoted investments are based on current bid prices. If the market for a financial asset is not active (and for unlisted securities), the Group establishes fair value by using valuation techniques. These include reference to the fair values of recent arm's length transactions, involving the same instruments or other instruments that are substantially the same, discounted cash flow analysis, and pricing models to reflect the issuer's specific circumstances.

The Group assesses at each balance date whether there is objective evidence that a financial asset or group of financial assets is impaired. In the case of equity securities classified as available-for-sale, a significant or prolonged decline in fair value of a security below its cost is considered in determining whether the security is impaired. If any such evidence exists for available-for-sale financial assets, the cumulative loss measured as the difference between the acquisition cost and the current fair value, less any impairment loss on that financial asset previously recognised in profit or loss - is removed from equity and recognised in profit or loss.

(ii) Loans and receivables

Loans and receivables are non derivative financial assets with fixed or determinable payments that are not quoted in an active market. They arise when the Group provides money, goods or services directly to a debtor with no intention of selling the receivable. They are included in current assets, except for those with maturities greater than 12 months after the balance date which are classified as non-current assets. Loans and receivables are included in receivables in the statement of financial position (Notes 9 and 12).

Loans and receivables are measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method less impairment. Interest is recognised by applying the effective interest rate.

classification of its investments at initial recognition and re-evaluates this designation at each reporting date.

A.P. EAGERS LIMITED

NOTES TO AND FORMING PART OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS 31 DECEMBER 2013 (continued)

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

(n) Fair value estimation

The fair value of financial assets and financial liabilities must be estimated for recognition and measurement or for disclosure purposes.

The fair value of financial instruments traded in active markets (such as publicly traded derivatives and available-for-sale securities) is based on quoted market prices at the balance date. The quoted market price used for financial assets held by the Group is the current bid price.

The fair value of financial instruments that are not traded in an active market is determined using valuation techniques. The Group uses a variety of methods and makes assumptions that are based on market conditions existing at each balance date. Quoted market prices or dealer quotes for similar instruments are used for long-term debt instruments held. Other techniques, such as estimated discounted cash flows, are used to determine fair value for the remaining financial instruments. The fair value of interest rate swaps is determined based on market expectations of future interest rates.

The nominal value less estimated credit adjustments of trade receivables and payables are assumed to approximate their fair values. The fair value of financial liabilities for disclosure purposes is estimated by discounting the future contractual cash flows at the current market interest rate that is available to the Group for similar financial instruments.

(o) Derivatives

Derivatives are recognised at their fair value at each reporting date. The method of recognising the resulting gain or loss depends on whether the derivative is designated as a hedging instrument, and if so, the nature of the item being hedged. The Group designates certain derivatives as hedges of exposure to variability in cash flows, which includes hedges for highly probable forecast transactions (cash flow hedges).

The Group documents at the inception of the transaction the relationship between hedging instruments and hedged items, as well as its risk management objective and strategy for undertaking various hedge transactions. The Group also documents its assessments, both at hedge inception and on an ongoing basis, of whether the derivatives that are used in hedging transactions have been and will continue to be highly effective in offsetting changes in fair values or cash flows of hedged items. Refer further details in Note 18.

(i) Cash flow hedges

The change in the fair value from remeasuring derivatives that are designated and qualify as cash flow hedges is deferred in equity as a hedging reserve, to the extent that the hedge is effective. The ineffective portion is recognised in profit or loss immediately.

Amounts deferred in the hedging reserve are recycled in profit or loss in the periods when the hedged item is recognised in profit or loss. However, when the forecast transaction that is hedged results in the recognition of a non-financial asset or non-financial liability, the gains or losses previously deferred in the hedging reserve are transferred from equity and included in the initial cost and measurement of the cost of the asset or liability.

Hedge accounting is discontinued when the Group revokes the hedging relationship, the hedging instrument expires or is sold, terminated or exercised, or no longer qualifies for hedge accounting. Any cumulative gain or loss deferred in the hedging reserve at that time remains in equity and is recognised when the forecast transaction is ultimately recognised in profit or loss. When a forecast transaction is no longer expected to occur, the cumulative gain or loss that was deferred in equity is recognised immediately in profit or loss.

(p) Property, plant and equipment

Land and buildings are shown at fair value, based on annual assessment by the directors supported by periodic valuations by external independent valuers, less subsequent depreciation for buildings. Any accumulated depreciation at the date of revaluation is eliminated against the gross carrying amount of the asset and the net amount is restated to the revalued amount of the asset.

All other property, plant and equipment are stated at historical cost less accumulated depreciation and impairment losses. Historical cost includes expenditure that is directly attributable to the acquisition of the items.

Subsequent costs are included in the asset's carrying amount or recognised as a separate asset, as appropriate, only when it is probable that future economic benefits associated with the item will flow to the Group and the cost of the item can be measured reliably. All other repairs and maintenance are charged to profit or loss during the financial period in which they are incurred.

Increases in the carrying amounts arising on revaluation of land and buildings are credited to property, plant and equipment revaluation reserve in shareholders' equity. To the extent that the increase reverses a decrease previously recognised in profit or loss, the increase is first recognised in profit or loss. Decreases that reverse previous increases of the same asset are first charged against revaluation reserves directly in equity to the extent of the remaining reserve attributable to the asset; all other decreases are charged to profit or loss.

Land is not depreciated. Depreciation on other assets is calculated using the straight line method to allocate their cost or revalued amounts, net of their residual values, over their estimated useful lives, as follows:

- Buildings	40 years
- Plant & equipment	3 - 10 years
- Leasehold improvements	5 - 30 years

The asset's residual values and useful lives are reviewed, and adjusted if appropriate, at each balance date.

An asset's carrying amount is written down immediately to its recoverable amount if the asset's carrying amount is greater than its estimated recoverable amount (Note 1(i)).

Gains and losses on disposals are determined by comparing proceeds with carrying amounts. These are included in profit or loss.

When revalued assets are sold, it is Group policy to transfer the amounts included in the asset revaluation reserve in respect of those assets to retained earnings.

The cost of improvements to or on leasehold properties is amortised over the unexpired period of the lease or the estimated useful life of the improvement, whichever is the shorter.

The make good provision is capitalised as leasehold improvements and amortised over the term of the lease.

A.P. EAGERS LIMITED

NOTES TO AND FORMING PART OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS 31 DECEMBER 2013 (continued)

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

(q) Franchise Rights

Franchise rights are those rights conferred to the Group under its agreements with vehicle manufacturers and distributors. Such rights primarily include the right to sell and service the franchisor's product within specified geographical boundaries. Franchise rights are valued on acquisition using a discounted cash flow methodology. The Group generally expects its franchise agreements to survive for the foreseeable future and anticipates routine renewals of the agreements without substantial cost. The contractual terms of the Group's franchise agreements provide for various durations. It is generally difficult for the manufacturer or distributor to terminate or not renew a franchise unless good cause exists. The Group's experience has been that such franchise agreements are rarely involuntarily terminated or not renewed. Accordingly the Group believes that its franchise agreements will contribute to cash flows for the foreseeable future and have indefinite lives. They are recorded at cost less any impairment.

(r) Trademarks / Brand Names

Trademarks / brand names are valued on acquisition where management believe there is evidence of any of the following factors; an established brand name with longevity, a reputation that may positively influence a consumers decision to purchase or service a vehicle, and strong customer awareness within a particular geographic location. Trademarks are valued using a discounted cash flow methodology. Trademarks are considered to have an indefinite life as the Group expects to hold and support such trademarks through marketing and promotional support for an indefinite period. They are recorded at cost less any impairment.

(s) Goodwill

Goodwill represents the excess of the cost of an acquisition over the fair value of the Group's share of the net identifiable assets of the acquired subsidiary, associate or business at the date of acquisition. Goodwill on acquisition of subsidiaries and businesses is included in intangible assets. Goodwill on acquisition of associates is included in investment in associates. Goodwill acquired in business combinations is not amortised. Instead, goodwill is tested for impairment annually, or more frequently if events or changes in circumstances indicate that it might be impaired, and is carried at cost less accumulated impairment losses. An impairment loss for goodwill is recognised immediately in profit or loss and is not reversed in a subsequent period. Gains and losses on the disposal of an entity include the carrying amount of goodwill relating to the entity sold.

Goodwill is allocated to cash-generating units for the purpose of impairment testing (refer Note 16(a)).

(t) Trade and other payables

These amounts represent liabilities for goods and services provided to the Group prior to the end of the financial year which are unpaid. The amounts are unsecured and are usually paid within 30 days of recognition. They are recognised initially at the fair value of what is expected to be paid, and subsequently at amortised cost, using the effective interest rate method.

(u) Borrowings

Borrowings are initially recognised at fair value net of transaction costs incurred. Borrowings are subsequently measured at amortised cost. Any difference between the proceeds (net of transaction costs) and the redemption amount is recognised in profit or loss over the period of the borrowings using the effective interest rate method.

Borrowings are classified as current liabilities unless the Group has an unconditional right to defer settlement of the liability for at least 12 months after the balance date.

(v) New motor vehicle stock and related bailment

Motor vehicles secured under bailment plans are provided to the Group under bailment agreements between the floor plan loan providers and entities within the Group. The Group obtains title to the vehicles immediately prior to sale. Motor vehicles financed under bailment plans held by the Group are recognised as trading stock with the corresponding liability shown as owing to the finance provider.

(w) Provisions

Provisions are recognised when the Group has a present obligation (legal or constructive) as a result of a past event, it is probable that the Group will be required to settle the obligation, and a reliable estimate can be made of the amount of the obligation. The amount recognised as a provision is the best estimate taking into account the risks and uncertainties surrounding the obligation.

Provision for Warranties

Provision is made for the estimated claims in respect of extended warranties provided on the majority of the Group's retail new and used vehicle sales. These claims are generally expected to settle in the next financial year but some may be extended into the following year if claims are made late in the warranty period.

A.P. EAGERS LIMITED

**NOTES TO AND FORMING PART OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
31 DECEMBER 2013 (continued)**

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

(x) Employee benefits

A liability is recognised for benefits accruing to employees in respect of wages and salaries, annual leave, long service leave, when it is probable that settlement will be required and they are capable of being measured reliably.

Liabilities recognised in respect of short-term employee benefits, are measured at their nominal values using the remuneration rate expected to apply at the time of settlement.

Liabilities recognised in respect of long-term employee benefits are measured as the present value of the estimated future cash outflows to be made by the Group in respect of services provided by employees up to reporting date.

The Group recognises a liability and an expense for the long-term incentive plan for selected executives based on a formula that takes into consideration the ranking of total shareholder return measured against a comparator group of companies.

Contributions are made by the Group to defined contribution employee superannuation funds and are charged as expenses when incurred.

(y) Dividends

Provision is made for the amount of any dividend declared on or before the end of the year but not distributed at balance date.

(z) Earnings per share

(i) Basic earnings per share

Basic earnings per share is calculated as net profit attributable to members of the parent, adjusted to exclude any costs of servicing equity (other than dividends), divided by the weighted average number of ordinary shares, adjusted for any bonus element.

(ii) Diluted earnings per share

Diluted earnings per share is calculated as net profit attributable to members of the parent, adjusted for:

- Costs of servicing equity (other than dividends)
- The after tax effect of dividends and interest associated with dilutive potential ordinary shares that have been recognised as expenses
- Other non-discretionary changes in revenues or expenses during the period that would result from the dilution of potential ordinary shares, divided by the weighted average number of ordinary shares and dilutive potential ordinary shares, adjusted for any bonus element

(aa) Non-Current assets held for sale

Non-current assets and disposal groups are classified as held for sale if their carrying amount will be recovered principally through a sale transaction rather than through continuing use. This condition is regarded as met only when the sale is highly probable and the asset (or disposal group) is available for immediate sale in its present condition. Management must be committed to the sale, which should be expected to qualify for recognition as a completed sale within one year from the date of classification.

Non-current assets (and disposal groups) classified as held for sale are measured at the lower of their previous carrying amount and fair value less costs to sell.

(ab) Rounding of Amounts

The company is of a kind referred to in Class Order 98/100, issued by the Australian Securities and Investments Commission, relating to the "rounding off" of amounts in the financial report. Amounts in the financial report have been rounded off in accordance with that Class Order to the nearest thousand dollars, or in certain cases, to the nearest dollar.

A.P. EAGERS LIMITED

NOTES TO AND FORMING PART OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS 31 DECEMBER 2013 (continued)

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

(ac) New or revised Standards and Interpretations that are first effective in the current reporting period

The group has adopted all of the new and revised Standards and Interpretations issued by the Australian Accounting Standards Board (the AASB) that are relevant to their operations and effective for the current reporting period.

The adoption of all the new and revised Standards and Interpretations has resulted in changes to the Group's accounting policies and has effect on the amounts reported for the current and prior periods. The new and revised Standards and Interpretations has not had a material impact on profit or loss and other comprehensive income but has resulted in changes to the Group's presentation of, or disclosure in, its financial statements

AASB 13 Fair Value Measurement

The Group has applied AASB 13 for the first time in the current year. AASB 13 establishes a single source of guidance for fair value measurements and disclosures about fair value measurements. The scope of AASB 13 is broad, the fair value measurement requirements of AASB 13 apply to both financial instrument items and non-financial instrument items for which other AASBs require or permit fair value measurements and disclosures about fair value measurements, except for share-based payment transactions that are within the scope of AASB 2 Share-based Payment, leasing transactions that are within the scope of IAS 17 Leases, and measurements that have some similarities to fair value but are not fair value (e.g. net realisable value for the purposes of measuring inventories or value in use for impairment assessment purposes).

AASB 13 defines fair value as the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction in the principal (or most advantageous) market at the measurement date under current market conditions. Fair value under AASB 13 is an exit price regardless of whether that price is directly observable or estimated using another valuation technique. Also, AASB 13 includes extensive disclosure requirements.

AASB 13 requires prospective application from 1 January 2013. In addition, specific transitional provisions were given to entities such that they need not apply the disclosure requirements set out in the Standard in comparative information provided for periods before the initial application of the Standard. In accordance with these transitional provisions, the Group has not made any new disclosures required by AASB 13 for the 2012 comparative period (please see Notes 13,15,17 and 18 for the 2013 disclosures). Other than the additional disclosures, the application of AASB 13 has not had any material impact on the amounts recognised in the consolidated financial statements.

AASB 10 Consolidated and Separate Financial Statements

AASB 10 replaces the parts of AASB 127 'Consolidated and Separate Financial Statements' that deal with consolidated financial statements and Interpretation 112 'Consolidation – Special Purpose Entities'. AASB 10 changes the definition of control such that an investor controls an investee when a) it has power over an investee; b) it is exposed, or has rights, to variable returns from its involvement with the investee, and c) has the ability to use its power to affect its returns.

All three of these criteria must be met for an investor to have control over an investee. Previously, control was defined as the power to govern the financial and operating policies of an entity so as to obtain benefits from its activities. Additional guidance has been included in AASB 10 to explain when an investor has control over an investee. Some guidance included in AASB 10 that deals with whether or not an investor that owns less than 50 per cent of the voting rights in an investee has control over the investee is relevant to the Group.

The directors of the Company made an assessment at the date of the initial application of AASB 10 as to whether or not the Group has control of its investments in accordance with the new definition of control and the related guidance set out in AASB 10. The directors concluded that, consistent with the accounting treatment in the comparative year no changes to the investment categories were noted.

AASB 12 Disclosure of Interest in Other Entities

AASB 12 is a new disclosure standard and is applicable to entities that have interests in subsidiaries, joint arrangements, associates and/or unconsolidated structured entities. In general, the application of AASB 12 has resulted in more disclosures in the consolidated financial statements. However this did not result in any changes to the financial statements.

A.P. EAGERS LIMITED
NOTES TO AND FORMING PART OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
31 DECEMBER 2013 (continued)

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

(ad) Standards and Interpretations in issue not yet adopted

At the date of authorisation of the financial statements, the following Standards and Interpretations relevant to the Group were in issue but not yet effective.

The potential impact of the new or revised Standards and Interpretations has not yet been determined.

Standard/Interpretation	Effective for annual reporting periods beginning on or after	Expected to be initially applied in the financial year ending
AASB 9 'Financial Instruments' , and the relevant amending standards*	1-Jan-15	31-Dec-15
AASB 2011-4 'Amendments to Australian Accounting Standards to Remove Individual Key Management Personnel Disclosure Requirements'	1-Jul-13	31-Dec-14
AASB 2012-3 'Amendments to Australian Accounting Standards - Disclosures - Offsetting Financial Assets and Financial Liabilities'	1-Jan-14	31-Dec-14
AASB 2013-3 'Amendments to AASB 136 - Recoverable Amount Disclosures for Non-Financial Assets'	1-Jan-14	31-Dec-14
AASB 2013-7 'Amendments to AASB 1038 arising from AASB 10 in relation to consolidation and interests of policyholders'	1-Jan-14	31-Dec-14

AASB 9 Financial Instruments

AASB 9 issued in November 2009, introduced new requirements for the classification and measurement of financial assets.

AASB 9 was amended in October 2010 to include requirements for the classification and measurement of financial liabilities and for derecognition.

Key Requirements of AASB 9

- all recognised financial assets that are within the scope of IAS 139 Financial Instruments: Recognition and Measurement are required to be subsequently measured at amortised cost or fair value. Specifically, debt investments that are held within a business model whose objective is to collect the contractual cash flows, and that have contractual cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest on the principal outstanding are generally measured at amortised cost at the end of subsequent accounting periods. All other debt investments and equity investments are measured at their fair value at the end of subsequent accounting periods. In addition, under AASB 9, entities may make an irrevocable election to present subsequent changes in the fair value of an equity investment (that is not held for trading) in other comprehensive income, with only dividend income generally recognised in profit or loss.
- with regard to the measurement of financial liabilities designated as at fair value through profit or loss, AASB 9 requires that the amount of change in the fair value of the financial liability that is attributable to changes in the credit risk of that liability is presented in other comprehensive income, unless the recognition of the effects of changes in the liability's credit risk in other comprehensive income would create or enlarge an accounting mismatch in profit or loss. Changes in fair value attributable to a financial liability's credit risk are not subsequently reclassified to profit or loss. Under IAS 39, the entire amount of the change in the fair value of the financial liability designated as fair value through profit or loss was presented in profit or loss.

The directors of the Company anticipate that the application of AASB 9 in the future may have a significant impact on amounts reported in respect of the Group's financial assets and financial liabilities (e.g. the Group's investments are currently classified as available-for-sale investments will have to be measured at fair value at end of subsequent reporting periods, with changes in the fair value being recognised in profit or loss). However, it is not practicable to provide a reasonable estimate of the effect of AASB 9 until a detailed review has been completed.

NOTES TO AND FORMING PART OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
31 DECEMBER 2013 (continued)

2. CRITICAL ACCOUNTING ESTIMATES AND JUDGEMENTS

(a) Critical accounting estimates, assumptions and judgements

Estimates and the judgements are continually evaluated and are based on historical experience and other factors, including expectations of future events that may have a financial impact on the Group and that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances.

The group makes estimates, assumptions and judgements concerning the future. The resulting accounting estimates will, by definition, seldom equal the related actual results. The estimates, assumptions and judgements that have a significant risk of causing a material adjustment to the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities are discussed below:

(i) *Estimated impairment of goodwill and other intangibles with indefinite useful lives*

Goodwill and other intangibles with indefinite useful lives with a carrying value of \$125,259,000 (2012: \$117,521,000) are tested annually for impairment, based on estimates made by directors. The recoverable amount of the intangibles is based on the greater of 'Value in use' or 'Fair value less costs to sell'. Value in use is assessed by the directors through a discounted cash flow analysis which includes significant estimates and assumptions related to growth rates, margins, working capital requirements and cost of capital. Fair value less costs to sell is assessed by the directors based on their knowledge of the industry and recent market transactions. Further information on the intangibles impairment test can be found in Note 16(a).

(ii) *Fair value estimation of land and buildings (including assets held for sale)*

Land and buildings with a carrying value of \$334,272,000 (2012: \$341,204,000) are carried at fair value. This fair value is determined by the directors and is supported by formal independent valuations conducted periodically but at least every three years.

(iii) *Available-for-sale Investment*

The Group continued to acquire shares in the Automotive Holdings Group Limited (AHG) during 2013. At year end the carrying value of the shares were at a fair value of \$192,850,000 (2012: \$160,245,000). This fair value is determined by the market value of the shares on the last trading day of the reporting period.

(iv) *Provisions for warranties*

A provision for warranties of \$3,350,000 (2012: \$3,313,000) has been recognised for extended warranties provided for the Group's retail new and used vehicle sales. This provision has been estimated based on past experience and confirmation of future costs by the administrators of the warranty programmes.

(v) *Estimation of make good provisions*

An amount of \$1,767,000 (2012: \$1,767,000) has been estimated in respect of a leased property for any expenditure required to be incurred to restore the property back to its original state. The lease has approximately 15 years to run at balance date, with a bank guarantee being given for the \$1,767,000 recognised. In terms of the lease, this amount will be indexed and will increase in the future, therefore it is the maximum estimate of what would be payable today.

A.P. EAGERS LIMITED

NOTES TO AND FORMING PART OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
31 DECEMBER 2013 (continued)

3. REVENUE

CONSOLIDATED

	2013	2012
	\$'000	\$'000
Sales revenue		
New vehicles	1,624,187	1,612,195
Used vehicles	531,505	542,502
Parts	335,713	319,893
Service	160,660	153,418
Other	68	152
	<u>2,652,133</u>	<u>2,628,160</u>
Other revenue		
Dividend received	9,970	4,798
Rents	107	457
Interest	1,214	714
Proceeds of insurance claims	162	456
Commissions	7,140	6,537
Other	2,087	1,413
	<u>20,680</u>	<u>14,375</u>
Total revenue	<u>2,672,813</u>	<u>2,642,535</u>

4. OTHER GAINS AND LOSSES

Gain/(Loss) on disposal of other assets	<u>2,000</u>	<u>(36)</u>
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5. EXPENSES

(a) Profit before income tax includes the following specific expenses:

Depreciation		
Buildings	3,915	3,641
Plant and equipment	6,285	6,139
Total depreciation	<u>10,200</u>	<u>9,780</u>
Amortisation		
Leasehold improvements	2,049	1,768
Brand names	105	47
Total depreciation and amortisation (Note 15 & 16)	<u>12,354</u>	<u>11,595</u>
Finance costs		
New vehicle bailment	10,224	11,653
Other	12,964	13,159
Total finance expense	<u>23,188</u>	<u>24,812</u>
Rental expense relating to operating leases		
Minimum lease payments	<u>17,587</u>	<u>16,738</u>
Contributions to superannuation funds	<u>18,865</u>	<u>17,714</u>
Provision expenses		
Inventory	(314)	1,138
Warranties	5,421	4,462
Bad debts	439	451
	<u>5,546</u>	<u>6,051</u>
Share-based payments	<u>1,453</u>	<u>1,494</u>
Business acquisition costs	<u>594</u>	<u>-</u>

(b) Impairment of non-current assets

Impairment of intangibles (Note 16)	-	810
Impairment (Reversal) of land & buildings (Note 15)	-	(1,133)
	<u>-</u>	<u>(323)</u>

A.P. EAGERS LIMITED

NOTES TO AND FORMING PART OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
31 DECEMBER 2013 (continued)

CONSOLIDATED

2013 2012
\$'000 \$'000

6. INCOME TAX

(a) Income tax expense (benefit)

Current income tax expense	23,667	24,536
Deferred income tax benefit (Note 23)	(919)	(1,352)
	<u>22,748</u>	<u>23,184</u>

Deferred income tax expense/(benefit) included in income tax expense comprises:

Decrease in deferred tax liabilities	<u>(919)</u>	<u>(1,352)</u>
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(b) Numerical reconciliation of income tax expense to prima facie tax payable

Profit before income tax expense	<u>86,710</u>	<u>78,735</u>
Income tax calculated at 30% (2012 - 30%)	26,013	23,621
Tax effect of amounts which are not deductible (taxable) in calculating taxable income:		
Depreciation and amortisation	364	181
Non-taxable dividends	(3,319)	(1,637)
Non allowable expenses	953	687
Non allowable impairment expense	-	243
Sundry items	(1,263)	89
Income tax expense	<u>22,748</u>	<u>23,184</u>

(c) Amounts recognised directly in equity

Aggregate deferred tax arising in the reporting period and not recognised in net profit or loss but directly credited (debited) to equity (Note 23)	<u>8,100</u>	<u>6,732</u>
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The tax rate used in the above reconciliations is the corporate tax rate of 30% payable by Australian corporate entities on taxable profits under Australian tax law. There has been no change in the corporate tax rate when compared with the previous reporting period.

7. DIVIDENDS

Ordinary dividends fully franked based on tax paid @ 30%

Final dividend for the year ended 31 December 2012 of 13.0 cents per share (2011 - 10.4 cents) paid on 16 April 2013	22,246	16,335
Interim dividend of 8.0 cents (2012 - 7.0 cents) per share paid on 4 October 2013	<u>14,124</u>	<u>11,717</u>
Total dividends paid	<u>36,370</u>	<u>28,052</u>

Dividends paid in cash or satisfied by the issue of shares under the dividend reinvestment plan during the years ended 31 December 2013 and 31 December 2012 were as follows:

Paid in cash	14,127	16,335
Satisfied by issue of shares under Dividend Reinvestment Plan	<u>22,243</u>	<u>11,717</u>
	<u>36,370</u>	<u>28,052</u>

Dividends not recognised at year end

In addition to the above dividends, since year end the directors have recommended the payment of a final dividend of 15.0 cents per share, fully franked based on tax paid at 30%. The aggregate amount of the proposed dividend expected to be paid on 16 April 2014 out of the retained profits at 31 December 2013, but not recognised as a liability at year end, is:	<u>26,515</u>	<u>22,189</u>
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A.P. EAGERS LIMITED

**NOTES TO AND FORMING PART OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
31 DECEMBER 2013 (continued)**

7. DIVIDENDS (continued)

Franked dividends

The final dividend recommended after 31 December 2013 will be franked out of existing franking credits or out of franking credits arising from the payment of income tax in the year ending 31 December 2014.

CONSOLIDATED

	2013	2012
	\$'000	\$'000
Franking credits available for subsequent financial years based on a tax rate of 30% (2012 - 30%)	120,300	108,700

The above amounts represent the balances of the franking account as at the end of the financial year, adjusted for:

- (a) franking credits that will arise from the payment of the current tax liability
- (b) franking debits that will arise from the payment of the dividends recognised as a liability at the reporting date; and
- (c) franking credits that will arise from the receipt of dividends recognised as receivables at the reporting date.

Impact on franking credits of dividends not recognised	(11,364)	(9,510)
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8. CURRENT ASSETS - Cash and cash equivalents

Cash at bank and on hand	3,106	2,716
Short Term Deposits	9,000	6,000
	<u>12,106</u>	<u>8,716</u>

The above figures are reconciled to cash at the end of the financial year as shown in the statement of cash flows as follows:

Balances as above	12,106	8,716
Less: Bank overdrafts	-	-
Balance per statement of cash flows	<u>12,106</u>	<u>8,716</u>

9 CURRENT ASSETS - Receivables

(a) Trade and other receivables (i)	97,313	98,948
Less: Provision for doubtful receivables (ii)	2,394	2,381
	<u>94,919</u>	<u>96,567</u>

(b) Leasebook receivables	27	773
Less: Provision for doubtful receivables (ii)	16	123
	<u>11</u>	<u>650</u>

(c) Loans receivables	-	163
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(i) The ageing of lease, property and trade receivables at 31 December 2013 is detailed below:

	CONSOLIDATED			
	2013		2012	
	Gross \$000	Provision \$000	Gross \$000	Provision \$000
Not past due	89,950	1,552	91,457	1,511
Past due 0 -30 days	3,603	77	4,387	88
Past due 31 plus days	3,787	781	4,040	905
Total	97,340	2,410	99,884	2,504

The maximum credit period on trade sales is 60 days. No interest is charged on the trade receivables from the date of invoice or when past due. The group has provided fully for all receivables identified by management as being specifically doubtful, and in addition has provided 10% for all receivables over 90 days and 2.5% of total trade receivables excluding motor vehicle debtors. The Group's provision policy is based on an assessment of changes in credit quality and historical experience.

Included in the Group's trade receivables balance are debtors with a carrying amount of \$6,532,000 (2012: \$7,434,000) which are past due at the reporting date. The Group have not provided for these balances as there has not been any specifically identified factors that would indicate a deterioration of credit quality. The Group therefore still considers the amounts recoverable. The Group does not hold any collateral over these balances. The average age of these receivables is 62 days (2012: 62 days).

A.P. EAGERS LIMITED

**NOTES TO AND FORMING PART OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
31 DECEMBER 2013 (continued)**

9. CURRENT ASSETS - Receivables (continued)

(ii) Movement in provision for doubtful receivables

	CONSOLIDATED	
	2013 \$000	2012 \$000
Opening Balance	2,504	2,567
Additional provisions	439	451
Addition due to acquisitions	-	-
Amounts written off during the year	(533)	(514)
Closing Balance	2,410	2,504

In determining the recoverability of a trade receivable the Group considers any deterioration in the credit quality of the trade receivable from the date credit was initially granted up to the reporting date. The concentration of credit risk is limited due to the customer base being large, diverse and unrelated. Accordingly, the directors believe that there is no further provision required in excess of the provision for doubtful debts.

CONSOLIDATED

2013 2012
\$'000 \$'000

10. CURRENT ASSETS - Inventories

New motor vehicles & trucks - Bailment stock - at cost	290,343	289,662
Less: Write-down to net realisable value	4,152	4,449
	<u>286,191</u>	<u>285,213</u>

Used vehicles & trucks - at cost	77,915	79,782
Less: Write-down to net realisable value	3,783	3,623
	<u>74,132</u>	<u>76,159</u>

Parts and other consumables - at cost	51,178	51,056
Less: Write-down to net realisable value	1,759	1,937
	<u>49,419</u>	<u>49,119</u>

Total Inventories	<u>409,742</u>	<u>410,491</u>
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11. CURRENT ASSETS - Other current assets

Prepayments and deposits	<u>7,301</u>	<u>2,629</u>
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11(a) Property assets held for sale

Land & buildings held for sale	<u>21,612</u>	<u>23,963</u>
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Property assets surplus to ongoing business requirements expected to be sold within 12 months of balance date.

12. NON-CURRENT ASSETS - Receivables

(a) Leasebook receivables	<u>-</u>	<u>89</u>
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(b) Loans receivables	<u>1,437</u>	<u>376</u>
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NOTES TO AND FORMING PART OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
31 DECEMBER 2013 (continued)

CONSOLIDATED

2013 2012
\$'000 \$'000

13 NON-CURRENT ASSETS - Available-for-sale investments carried at fair value

Shares in an unlisted company - One Way Traffic Pty Ltd (Carsguide) ¹	2,345	2,345
Shares in a listed company - Automotive Holdings Group Limited ²	192,850	160,245
	<u>195,195</u>	<u>162,590</u>

(1) The Directors have assessed the fair value of the investment as at 31 December 2013 is materially consistent with its cost of acquisition. This is a level 3 fair value measurement asset being derived from inputs other than quoted prices that are unobservable from the asset either directly or indirectly.

(2) The Directors have assessed the fair value of the investment as at 31 December 2013 based on the market price of the shares on the last trading day of the reporting period. This is a level 1 fair value measurement asset being derived from inputs based on quoted prices that are observable.

Valuation of Available for sale investments

Details of the group's available for sale investments and information about the fair value hierarchy as at 31 December 2013 are as follows:

Unobservable Inputs used in determination of fair values.										
Class of Financial Assets and Liabilities	Carrying Amount 31/12/13 \$000's	Carrying Amount 31/12/12 \$000's	Valuation Technique	Key Input	Input	Average/ Range 2013	Average/ Range 2012	Other key Information	Range (weighted avg) 2013	Range (weighted avg) 2012
Level 1 Available for sale investments - listed entities	192,805	160,425	Quoted bid prices in an active market.	Quoted bid prices in an active market.	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Level 3 Available for sale investments - unlisted entities	2,345	2,345	Net asset assessment and available bid prices from equity participants	Pre tax operating margin taking into account managements experience and knowledge of market conditions and financial position	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
				Market information based on available bid prices	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A

There were no transfers between Levels in the year.

CONSOLIDATED

2013 2012
\$'000 \$'000

14 NON-CURRENT ASSETS - Investment in associate

Shares in an associate - M T Q Insurance Limited	4,327	3,461
	<u>4,327</u>	<u>3,461</u>

Investment in associates is accounted for in the consolidated financial statements using the equity method of accounting (refer Note 40).

Reconciliation of the carrying amount of investment in associate is set out in Note 40(b).

A.P. EAGERS LIMITED

NOTES TO AND FORMING PART OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
31 DECEMBER 2013 (continued)

CONSOLIDATED

15. NON-CURRENT ASSETS - Property, plant and equipment	2013	2012
Freehold land and buildings - at fair value	\$'000	\$'000
Directors' valuation as at		
Land	193,500	198,515
Buildings	112,357	118,320
Construction in progress	6,803	406
Total land and buildings	<u>312,660</u>	<u>317,241</u>
Leasehold improvements		
At cost	26,405	24,998
Less: Accumulated amortisation	11,872	10,411
Total leasehold improvements	<u>14,533</u>	<u>14,587</u>
Plant and equipment		
At cost	50,106	48,402
Less: Accumulated depreciation	32,343	29,368
Total plant and equipment	<u>17,763</u>	<u>19,034</u>
Total property, plant and equipment	<u>344,956</u>	<u>350,862</u>

Valuation of land and buildings

The basis of the directors' valuation of land and buildings is the assessed fair value, being the amounts for which the assets could be exchanged between willing parties in an arm's length transaction at balance date, based on current prices in an active market for similar properties in the same location and condition. The assessed fair value is supported by periodic, but at least triennial valuations, by external third party valuers. The 2013 valuations were made by the directors based on their assessment of prevailing market conditions and supported by fair value information received from independent expert property valuers on certain properties, and the group's own market activities and market knowledge.

Details of the group's freehold land and buildings and information about the fair value hierarchy as at 31 December 2013 are as follows:

Explanation of asset classes; Car - HBU Alternate Use refers to properties currently operated as car dealerships which have a higher and best use (HBU) greater than that of a car dealership; Car Dealership refer to properties operating as car dealership with a consistent HBU; Development Car Dealership refers to properties which are in progress of, or being held for future development as a car dealership; Truck Dealership refers to properties being operated as a truck dealership with a HBU consistent with that use; Other Logistics are industrial properties used for parts warehousing and vehicle logistics.

Unobservable Inputs used in determination of fair values.										
Class of Financial Assets and Liabilities	Carrying Amount 31/12/13 \$'000's	Carrying Amount 31/12/12 \$'000's	Valuation Technique	Key Input	Input	Average/ Range 2013	Average/ Range 2012	Other key Information	Range (weighted avg) 2013	Range (weighted avg) 2012
Level 3 Car - HBU Alternate Use	102,574	107,201	Direct comparison	External valuations Specific incomplete transactions	Price /sqm Land	Average \$1,881/sqm Range \$821 - \$5036/sqm	Average \$1,921/sqm Range \$821 - \$5297/sqm	Land size	Average 5,988 sqm Range 779 - 24,160 sqm	Average 4,914 sqm Range 779 - 24,160 sqm
Level 3 Car Dealership	184,719	192,643	Summation method, income capitalisation and direct comparison	External valuations Industry benchmarks	Net Rent/Gross Income 8% - 12% (Non-luxury) 10% - 14% (Luxury)	Average 9.6% Range 3.0% - 19.2%	Average 10.3% Range 2.9% - 27.1%	Net Rent/Sqm Land	Average \$90 sqm Range \$22 to \$297 sqm	Average \$89 sqm Range \$22 to \$297 sqm
					Capitalisation Rate	Average 8.0% Range 5.2% - 10.7%	Average 8.3% Range 5.4% - 10.6%	Net Rent/Sqm GBA	Average \$192 sqm Range \$100 to \$584 sqm	Average \$196 sqm Range \$109 to \$649 sqm
Level 3 Development - Car Dealership	11,075	11,540	Direct comparison	External valuations	Price /sqm Land	Average \$375/sqm Range \$212 - \$531/sqm	Average \$399/sqm Range \$168 - \$539/sqm			
Level 3 Truck Dealership	20,968	21,200	Direct comparison	External valuations	Price /sqm Land Price /sqm GBA	Average \$375/sqm Range \$212-\$531/sqm	Average \$379/sqm Range \$215-\$537/sqm	Land Size	Average 18,641 sqm Range 7,218 - 25,700 sqm	Average 18,641 sqm Range 7,218 - 25,700 sqm
								Net Rent/Land Sqm	Average \$30 sqm Range \$17 to \$43 sqm	Average \$30 sqm Range \$17 to \$43 sqm
								Capitalisation Rate	Average 8.1% Range 8.0% to 8.2%	Average 7.9% Range 7.4% to 7.9%
Level 3 Other Logistics	8,132	8,216	Income capitalisation method supported by market comparison	External valuations	Capitalisation Rate	Average 7.4% Range 6.8% to 8.2%	Average 7.1% Range 6.2% to 8.2%	Net Rent/sqm GBA	Average \$83 sqm Range \$63-\$153 sqm	Average \$80 sqm Range \$63-\$153 sqm
Sub Total	327,468	340,800								
Construction in Progress	6,803	406								
Total	334,271	341,206								

There were no transfers between Levels in the year.

A.P. EAGERS LIMITED

NOTES TO AND FORMING PART OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
31 DECEMBER 2013 (continued)

15. NON-CURRENT ASSETS - Property, plant and equipment (continued)

Carrying amounts that would have been recognised if land and buildings were stated at cost

If freehold land was carried at historical cost, its current carrying value would be \$119,372,000 (2012 : \$127,777,000).

If freehold buildings (including construction in progress) were carried at historical cost, its current carrying value (after depreciation) would be \$120,423,000 (2012 : \$123,278,000).

Non-current assets pledged as security

Refer to Note 22 for information on non-current assets pledged as security by the group.

Reconciliations

Reconciliation of the carrying amounts of each class of property, plant and equipment at the beginning and end of the year is set out below:

	Freehold land \$'000	Freehold buildings \$'000	Construction in progress \$'000	Leasehold improvements \$'000	Plant and equipment \$'000	Total \$'000
Consolidated 2013						
Carrying amount at start of year	198,515	118,320	406	14,587	19,034	350,862
Additions	-	2,525	6,459	1,995	5,014	15,993
Disposals/transfers	(7,281)	(7,861)	(62)	-	-	(15,204)
Revaluation gain credited to asset revaluation reserve	3,203	-	-	-	-	3,203
Revaluation gain credited to profit and loss	-	-	-	-	-	-
Depreciation/amortisation expense (Note 5)	-	(3,915)	-	(2,049)	(6,285)	(12,249)
Transfer (to)/from Property assets held for sale	(937)	3,288	-	-	-	2,351
Carrying amount at end of year	193,500	112,357	6,803	14,533	17,763	344,956

Consolidated 2012

Carrying amount at start of year	186,952	111,877	3,136	15,186	19,393	336,544
Additions	12,249	10,845	395	1,169	5,780	30,438
Disposals/transfers	(1,753)	1,779	(3,125)	-	-	(3,099)
Revaluation gain credited to asset revaluation reserve	1,535	(800)	-	-	-	735
Revaluation gain credited to profit and loss	1,133	-	-	-	-	1,133
Depreciation/amortisation expense (Note 5)	-	(3,641)	-	(1,768)	(6,139)	(11,548)
Transfer to Property assets held for sale	(1,601)	(1,740)	-	-	-	(3,341)
Carrying amount at end of year	198,515	118,320	406	14,587	19,034	350,862

16. NON-CURRENT ASSETS - Intangibles

CONSOLIDATED

	2013 \$'000	2012 \$'000
Goodwill	62,580	59,958
Franchise rights	56,962	51,829
Trade marks/brand names	5,717	5,734

Movement - Goodwill

Balance at the beginning of the financial year	59,958	60,768
Additional amounts recognised:		
- from business combinations during the year (Note 29(a))	3,329	-
Less: Impairment during the year (Note 16(b))	-	(810)
Less: Reclassification	(707)	-
Less: Disposal of businesses	-	-
Balance at the end of the financial year	62,580	59,958

Movement - Franchise rights

Balance at the beginning of the financial year	51,829	51,829
Purchase of Franchise Rights during the year	5,133	-
Less: Disposal of businesses	-	-
Balance at the end of the financial year	56,962	51,829

Movement - Trade marks/Brand names

Balance at the beginning of the financial year	5,734	5,414
Purchase of brand name during the year	88	367
Less: Amortisation of Brand names	(105)	(47)
Less: Disposal of businesses	-	-
Balance at the end of the financial year	5,717	5,734

A.P. EAGERS LIMITED

**NOTES TO AND FORMING PART OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
31 DECEMBER 2013 (continued)**

16. NON-CURRENT ASSETS - Intangibles (continued)

(a) Impairment tests for goodwill, franchise rights and trade marks / brand names

For the purpose of impairment testing, goodwill and other intangible assets with indefinite useful lives (being franchise rights and trade marks/brand names) are allocated to each of the consolidated entity's cash generating units (CGU), or groups of CGU's, that are expected to benefit from the synergies of the combinations. Each unit or groups of units to which goodwill and other indefinite life intangible assets is allocated represents the lowest level at which assets are monitored for internal management purposes and is not larger than an identified operating segment.

The CGU or groups of CGU's to which goodwill and other indefinite life intangible assets is allocated are as follows:

	CONSOLIDATED	
	2013	2012
	\$'000	\$'000
Automotive Dealership Operations:		
Goodwill	53,879	50,981
Franchise rights	52,462	47,329
Trade marks / brand names	4,667	4,684
	111,008	102,994
Truck Dealership Operations:		
Goodwill	8,701	8,977
Franchise rights	4,500	4,500
Trade marks / brand names	1,050	1,050
	14,251	14,527

The recoverable amount of a CGU or group of CGU's to which goodwill and other indefinite life intangible assets is allocated is determined based on the greater of its value in use and its fair value less costs to sell. Fair value is determined as being the amount obtainable from the sale of a CGU in an arms length transaction between knowledgeable and willing parties at balance date. This fair value assessment less costs to sell is conducted by the directors based on their extensive knowledge of the automotive and truck retailing industry including the current market conditions prevailing in the industry. The value in use assessment is conducted using a discounted cash flow (DCF) methodology requiring the directors to estimate the future cash flows expected to arise from the cash generating units and then applying a discount rate to calculate the present value.

The DCF model adopted by directors was based on the 2014 financial budgets approved by the Board, a 3% (2013:3%) perpetual growth rate and a pre-tax discount rate of 11% (2013:11%). This growth rate does not exceed the long term average growth rate for the industry.

(b) Impairment charge

The Directors' assessment in 2013 determined that goodwill and other intangible assets with indefinite useful lives was impaired to the extent of \$ Nil (2012 - \$810,000) which has been recognised in respect of the above classes of intangible assets.

17. CURRENT LIABILITIES - Payables

	CONSOLIDATED	
	2013	2012
	\$'000	\$'000
Trade and other payables		
Trade payables (i)	65,320	58,339
Deferred Consideration - Share sale agreement (ii)	-	46,967
Other payables	38,270	37,520
	103,590	142,826

(i) The average credit period on purchases of goods is 30 days.

No interest is charged on trade payables from the date of invoice.

The Group has financial risk management policies in place to ensure that all payables are paid within the credit timeframe.

(ii) A.P.Eagers Limited purchased 42,573,215 ordinary shares in Automotive Holdings Group Limited from PFV Pty Ltd and Jove Management Pty Ltd (Wheatley Family) on the 9th July 2012. Consideration for the purchase included a deferred payment of \$46,967,099 which was paid 4 July 2013.

Valuation of Deferred Consideration

Details of the group's Deferred Consideration and information about the fair value hierarchy as at 31 December 2013 are as follows:

Unobservable Inputs used in determination of fair values.										
Class of Financial Assets and Liabilities	Carrying Amount 31/12/13 \$'000's	Carrying Amount 31/12/12 \$'000's	Valuation Technique	Key Input	Input	Average/ Range 2013	Average/ Range 2012	Other key Information	Range (weighted avg) 2013	Range (weighted avg) 2012
Level 3 Contingent consideration in a business combination	-	46,967	Discounted cash flow	Discounted cash flow	Discounted rate of 0% as less than 12 months	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A

There were no transfers between Levels in the year.

A.P. EAGERS LIMITED

NOTES TO AND FORMING PART OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
31 DECEMBER 2013 (continued)

CONSOLIDATED

18. Derivative financial instruments

Interest rate swap contracts - cash flow hedges (i)
Classified as: Current liabilities
Non-current liabilities

	2013	2012
	\$'000	\$'000
	665	817
	534	1,385
	<u>1,199</u>	<u>2,202</u>

The group is party to derivative financial instruments in the normal course of business in order to hedge exposure to fluctuations in interest rates in accordance with the Group's financial risk management policies (refer to Note 28).

Bailment finance of the Group currently bears an average variable interest rate of 4.67% (2012: 5.11%). The policy to protect part of this finance exposure against increasing interest rates was amended in 2013, such that in future this exposure will not be hedged. Existing swap contracts will be allowed to expire.

The swaps contracts in place cover approximately 26% (2012: 41%) of the bailment finance outstanding at the year end. The fixed interest rates ranged from 2.91% to 4.44% and average 3.87% (2012: 4.13%) and the variable rates were between 2.56% and 3.10% (2012: 3.09% and 4.45%). The contracts require settlement of net interest receivable or payable each 30 days.

The gain or loss from remeasuring the hedging instruments at fair value is deferred in equity in the hedging reserve to the extent that the hedge is effective and re-classified into profit or loss when the hedged interest expense is recognised. The ineffective portion is recognised in profit or loss immediately.

At balance date, a loss from remeasuring the hedging instruments at fair value of \$1,199,000 (2012: loss \$2,202 000) has been recognised in equity in the hedging reserve (Note 27(a)). No portion was ineffective.

Valuation of Derivative financial instruments

Details of the group's Derivative financial instruments and information about the fair value hierarchy as at 31 December 2013 are as follows:

Unobservable Inputs used in determination of fair values.										
Class of Financial Assets and Liabilities	Carrying Amount 31/12/13 \$'000's	Carrying Amount 31/12/12 \$'000's	Valuation Technique	Key Input	Input	Average/ Range 2013	Average/ Range 2012	Other key Information	Range (weighted avg) 2013	Range (weighted avg) 2012
Level 2 Cash flow hedges - Interest rate swaps	1,199	2,202	Discounted cash flow.	Future cash flows are estimated based on forward interest rates (from observable yield curves at the end of the reporting period) and contract interest rates, discounted at a rate that reflects the credit risk of various counterparties.	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A

There were no transfers between Levels in the year.

CONSOLIDATED

19. CURRENT LIABILITIES - Borrowings (secured)

(a) Bailment and finance lease payable

Bailment finance
Finance lease payable

	2013	2012
	\$'000	\$'000
	303,782	303,942
	29	293
	<u>303,811</u>	<u>304,235</u>

(b) Leasebook liabilities

	-	504
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(i) Bailment finance

Bailment finance is provided on a vehicle by vehicle basis by various finance providers at an average interest rate of 4.67% p.a. applicable at 31 December 2013 (2012: 5.11%)

Bailment finance is repayable within a short period after the vehicle is sold to a third party, generally within 48 hours.

(ii) Interest rate risk exposures

Details of the Group's exposure to interest rate changes on interest bearing liabilities is set out in Note 28.

(iii) Fair value disclosures

Details of the Group's fair value of interest bearing liabilities is set out in Note 28.

(iv) Security

Details of the security relating to each of the secured liabilities and further information on bank loans is set out in Note 22.

(v) The leasebook liabilities are with Toyota Finance Corporation and are secured over the associated leased assets. The loans are under "back to back" lease arrangements with a weighted average interest rate of Nil% (2012: 8.32%)

A.P. EAGERS LIMITED

NOTES TO AND FORMING PART OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
31 DECEMBER 2013 (continued)

20. CURRENT LIABILITIES - Current tax liabilities

CONSOLIDATED

	2013	2012
	\$'000	\$'000
Income tax	6,203	7,909

21. CURRENT LIABILITIES - Provisions

Employee benefits	14,039	11,746
Warranties	3,350	3,313
	17,389	15,059

Movement in provisions

Movements in each class of provisions during the financial year, other than employee benefits, are set out below:

	Warranties \$'000
<i>Consolidated - 2013</i>	
Carrying amount at start of year	3,313
Provisions acquired	38
Additional provisions recognised	5,421
Payments charged against provisions	(5,422)
Carrying amount at end of year	3,350

Warranty Provision

An estimate is made based on past experience, and confirmation of future costs by the administrator of the warranty program, of the expected expenditure on new and used motor vehicles in terms of warranties on these vehicles.

CONSOLIDATED

	2013	2012
	\$'000	\$'000
22. NON-CURRENT LIABILITIES - Borrowings (secured)		
(a) Leasebook liabilities (Note 19(v))	-	8
(b) Borrowings - others		
Term facility	139,000	139,000
Capital Loan	72,078	70,000
Finance lease payables	-	97
	211,078	209,097

SECURED LIABILITIES

Total secured liabilities (current and non-current) are:

Term facility (i)	139,000	139,000
Capital Loan (ii)	72,078	70,000
Working Capital Facility (Includes Bank overdraft) (ii)	-	-
Leasebook liabilities (iii)	-	512
Finance lease payables (iv)	29	390
Bailment finance (v)	303,782	303,942
Total secured liabilities	514,889	513,844

(i) The Term Facility is secured by a general security agreement which includes registered first mortgages held by a security trustee over specific freehold land and buildings and a general charge over assets excluding new and used inventory and related receivables; letter of set off given by and on account of the parent entity and its subsidiaries, and a Corporate Guarantee and Indemnity unlimited as to amount given by the parent entity and its subsidiaries.

(ii) The Working Capital facility and Capital loan are secured by registered first mortgages given by subsidiaries over specific freehold land and buildings; letter of set off given by and on account of the parent entity and its subsidiaries, and a Corporate Guarantee and Indemnity unlimited as to amount given by the parent entity and its subsidiaries.

(iii) Leasebook liabilities are secured against associated leasebook receivables, and a charge over the assets of a specific subsidiary.

(iv) The finance lease liability is secured against associated leased assets.

(v) Vehicle bailment finance reflects a liability payable to the consolidated entity's bailment financiers. This liability is represented by and secured over debtors included in current assets receivables in respect of recent vehicle deliveries to customers, and by new vehicles and demonstrator vehicles included in inventories (bailment stock). Refer Note 10.

A.P. EAGERS LIMITED

**NOTES TO AND FORMING PART OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
31 DECEMBER 2013 (continued)**

22. NON-CURRENT LIABILITIES - Borrowings (continued)

ASSETS PLEDGED AS SECURITY

The carrying amounts of assets pledged as security are:

	CONSOLIDATED	
	2013	2012
	\$'000	\$'000
Non-current assets pledged as security -		
Freehold land and buildings -first mortgage	333,097	340,014
Other non-current assets	336,902	317,659
Current assets pledged as security -		
Inventories	303,782	303,942
Other current assets	148,823	110,261
Total assets pledged as security	1,122,604	1,071,876

FINANCING ARRANGEMENTS

The consolidated entity has access to the following lines of credit at balance date:

Total facilities		
Term facility (i)	179,000	139,000
Working Capital facility(includes bank overdraft)(iii)	25,000	25,000
Capital Loan (ii)	72,078	70,000
Bailment finance (iv)	428,065	381,515
Bank guarantees	13,089	13,089
Leasebook liabilities (v)	-	512
Finance lease payables	29	390
	717,261	629,506
Used at balance date		
Term facility	139,000	139,000
Working Capital facility(includes bank overdraft)	-	-
Capital Loan	72,078	70,000
Bailment finance	303,782	303,942
Bank guarantees	12,858	11,487
Leasebook liabilities	-	512
Finance lease payables	29	390
	527,747	525,331
Unused at balance date		
Term facility	40,000	-
Working Capital facility(includes bank overdraft)	25,000	25,000
Capital Loan	-	-
Bailment finance	124,283	77,573
Bank guarantees	231	1,602
Leasebook liabilities	-	-
Finance lease payables	-	-
	189,514	104,175

A.P. EAGERS LIMITED

**NOTES TO AND FORMING PART OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
31 DECEMBER 2013 (continued)**

22. NON-CURRENT LIABILITIES - Borrowings (continued)

ASSETS PLEDGED AS SECURITY (continued)

- (i) Term facility at balance date was provided on a non-amortisable (interest only) basis subject to compliance with specific covenants for a fixed term.
(ii) Capital Loan facility at balance date was provided on a non-amortisable (interest only) basis for a fixed term.
(iii) Working Capital Facility at balance date was provided on a non-amortisable (interest only) basis subject to compliance with specific covenants and an annual review.
(iv) Bailment facilities are used to finance the acquisition of new vehicle and some used vehicle trading stock. These facilities include a combination of fixed term and open ended arrangements and are subject to review periods ranging from quarterly to annual. These facilities generally include short term termination notice periods and are disclosed as current liabilities in the statement of financial position.
(v) The lease book liability provides direct and specific funding to a portfolio of leases associated with the Bill Buckle Auto Group acquisition. New business is not being written under this facility and the leasebook liability is now finalised.

	CONSOLIDATED	
	2013	2012
	\$'000	\$'000
23. NON-CURRENT LIABILITIES - Deferred tax liabilities		
Deferred tax liabilities	27,483	20,599
The balance comprises temporary differences attributable to:		
<i>Amounts recognised in profit or loss</i>		
Book versus tax carrying value of plant and equipment	1,912	2,002
Finance lease book	5	92
Inventory valuation	1,713	1,851
Prepayments	308	439
Provisions		
- Doubtful Debts	(969)	(827)
- Employee benefits	(10,375)	(9,516)
- Warranties	(1,009)	(1,001)
- Inventory write downs	(587)	(659)
Investment in associate	808	549
Sundry items	(904)	(1,184)
	(9,098)	(8,254)
<i>Amounts recognised directly in equity</i>		
Revaluation of available-for-sale investment	13,410	6,572
Revaluation of property, plant and equipment	23,531	22,942
Hedge liability	(360)	(661)
	36,581	28,853
Net deferred tax liabilities	27,483	20,599
The deferred tax expense included in income tax expense in respect of the above temporary differences resulted from the following movements :		
Opening balance at 1 January	20,599	15,219
Deferred tax assets relating to business combinations	(297)	-
Charged/ (credited) to profit and loss (Note 6)	(919)	(1,352)
Deferred tax recognised directly in equity		
- Revaluation of available-for-sale investment(Note 27(a))	6,839	6,572
- Revaluation of property plant and equipment (Note 27(a))	961	220
- Movement in fair value of cash flow hedge (Note 27(a))	300	(60)
Closing balance at 31 December	27,483	20,599

A.P. EAGERS LIMITED

**NOTES TO AND FORMING PART OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
31 DECEMBER 2013 (continued)**

CONSOLIDATED

2013 2012
\$'000 \$'000

24. NON-CURRENT LIABILITIES - Provisions

Employee benefits	5,220	5,336
Make good provision on leasehold premises - refer (a) and (b) below	1,767	1,767
	6,987	7,103

(a) A make good clause under a long term property lease has been recognised in the financial statements. The lessor of the property has been provided with a bank guarantee of \$1,900,000 in respect of the estimated make good cost and rental costs.

(b) Movement in the provision:

Balance at start of year	1,767	1,767
Recognition of additional provision during the year	-	-
Carrying amount at end of year	1,767	1,767

Make good provision on leasehold improvements

A provision has been made for the expected cost of restoring the premises to its original condition at the end of the lease.

25. SEGMENT INFORMATION

Segments are identified on the basis of internal reports about components of the consolidated entity that are regularly reviewed by the chief operating decision maker, being the board of directors, in order to allocate resources to the segment and to assess its performance.

The consolidated entity operates in four operating and reporting segments being (i) Car Retailing (ii) Truck Retailing (iii) Property and (iv) Investment and all other, these being identified on the basis of being the components of the consolidated entity that are regularly reviewed by the chief decision maker for the purpose of resource allocation and assessment of segment performance. Information regarding the consolidated entity's reporting segments is presented below.

(i) Car Retailing

Within the Car Retail segment, the consolidated entity offers a diversified range of automotive products and services, including new vehicles, used vehicles, vehicle maintenance and repair services, vehicle parts, extended service contracts, vehicle protection products and other aftermarket products. They also facilitate financing for vehicle purchases through third-party sources. New vehicles, vehicle parts, and maintenance services are predominantly supplied in accordance with franchise agreements with manufacturers.

(ii) Truck Retailing

Within the Truck Retail segment, the consolidated entity offers a diversified range of products and services, including new trucks, used trucks, truck maintenance and repair services, truck parts, extended service contracts, truck protection products and other aftermarket products. They also facilitate financing for truck purchases through third-party sources. New trucks, truck parts, and maintenance services are predominantly supplied in accordance with franchise agreements with manufacturers.

(iii) Property

Within the Property segment, the consolidated entity acquires commercial properties principally for use as facility premises for its motor dealership operations. The Property segment charges the Car Retailing segment commercial rentals for owned properties occupied by that segment. The Property segment reports property assets at fair value, based on annual assessments by the directors supported by periodic, but at least triennial valuations by external independent valuers. Revaluation increments arising from fair value adjustments are reported internally and assessed by the chief operating decision maker as profit adjustments in assessing the overall returns generated by this segment to the consolidated entity.

(iv) Investment and all other

This segment includes a motor vehicle auction business and the investment in One Way Traffic Pty Ltd, trading as Carsguide, and the investment in Automotive Holdings Group Limited.

A.P. EAGERS LIMITED

NOTES TO AND FORMING PART OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
31 DECEMBER 2013 (continued)

25. SEGMENT INFORMATION (continued)

Segment reporting 2013

	Car Retailing	Truck Retailing	Property	Investment and all other	Eliminations	Consolidated
	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000
Sales to external customers	2,198,918	409,981	107	43,234	-	2,652,240
Inter-segment sales	-	-	28,035	-	(28,035)	-
Total sales revenue	2,198,918	409,981	28,142	43,234	(28,035)	2,652,240
Other revenue	9,029	779	795	9,970	-	20,573
TOTAL REVENUE	2,207,947	410,760	28,937	53,204	(28,035)	2,672,813
SEGMENT RESULT						
Operating profit before interest	65,679	10,359	19,401	10,018	-	105,457
External interest expense allocation	(11,502)	(1,941)	(7,293)	(2,452)	-	(23,188)
OPERATING CONTRIBUTION	54,177	8,418	12,108	7,566	-	82,269
Share of net profit of equity accounted investments	1,959	-	-	-	-	1,959
Business Acquisition costs	(594)	-	-	-	-	(594)
Investment revaluation	-	-	-	22,795	(22,795)	0
Property revaluation	-	-	3,203	-	(3,203)	0
Profit on sale of property / businesses	1,793	-	207	-	-	2,000
SEGMENT PROFIT	57,335	8,418	15,518	30,361	(25,998)	85,634
Unallocated corporate expenses						1,076
PROFIT BEFORE TAX						86,710
Income tax expense						(22,748)
NET PROFIT						63,962
Depreciation and amortisation	6,223	1,462	4,455	214	-	12,354
Non cash expenses (reversal of expenses) other than depreciation and amortisation	1,750	508	-	77	-	2,335
Impairment of trade receivables	(218)	123	-	2	-	(93)
Write down (back) of inventories to net realisable value	(284)	(89)	-	(8)	-	(381)
ASSETS						
Segment assets	537,602	138,229	343,028	198,006	-	1,216,865
LIABILITIES						
Segment liabilities	348,925	95,114	166,558	67,143	-	677,740
NET ASSETS	188,677	43,115	176,470	130,863	-	539,125
Acquisitions of non-current assets, including assets of businesses acquired	14,282	798	9,003	10,270	-	34,353

The accounting policies of the reportable segments are the same as the Group's accounting policies as described in Note 1 with the exception of all changes in fair value of property and investments being recognised as profit or loss adjustments for segment reporting purposes. This compares to the Group policy of crediting increments to a property plant and equipment and investment reserve in equity (refer Note 1(p)).

Segment profit represents the profit earned by each segment without allocation of unrecouped corporate / head office costs and income tax. External bailment is allocated to the Car Retailing and Truck Retailing segments. Bills payable/ Term Facility funding costs are allocated to the Car Retailing, Truck Retailing and Property segments based on notional market based covenant levels. This is the measure reported to the chief operating decision maker for the purposes of resource allocation and assessment of segment performance. For the purpose of monitoring segment performance and allocating resources between segments, the chief operating decision maker monitors the tangible, intangible, and financial assets attributable to each segment. All assets are allocated to reportable segments.

A.P. EAGERS LIMITED

NOTES TO AND FORMING PART OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
31 DECEMBER 2013 (continued)

25. SEGMENT INFORMATION (continued)

Segment reporting 2012

	Car Retailing	Truck Retailing	Property	Investment and all other	Eliminations	Consolidated
	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000
Sales to external customers	2,189,059	400,395	457	38,706	-	2,628,617
Inter-segment sales	-	-	28,166	-	(28,166)	-
Total sales revenue	2,189,059	400,395	28,623	38,706	(28,166)	2,628,617
Other revenue	8,310	312	498	4,798	-	13,918
TOTAL REVENUE	2,197,369	400,707	29,121	43,504	(28,166)	2,642,535
SEGMENT RESULT						
Operating profit before interest	67,747	10,527	19,381	4,939	-	102,594
External interest expense allocation	(13,990)	(2,564)	(7,436)	(822)	-	(24,812)
OPERATING CONTRIBUTION	53,757	7,963	11,945	4,117	-	77,782
Share of net profit of equity accounted investments	1,673	-	-	-	-	1,673
Goodwill Impairment	-	-	-	(810)	-	(810)
Investment revaluation	-	-	-	21,906	(21,906)	0
Property revaluation	-	-	1,868	-	(735)	1,133
Profit on sale of property / businesses	99	-	(134)	-	-	(35)
SEGMENT PROFIT	55,529	7,963	13,679	25,213	(22,641)	79,743
Unallocated corporate expenses						(1,008)
PROFIT BEFORE TAX						78,735
Income tax expense						(23,184)
NET PROFIT						55,551
Depreciation and amortisation	5,947	1,326	4,149	173	-	11,595
Non cash expenses (reversal of expenses) other than depreciation and amortisation	2,710	696	-	(449)	-	2,957
Impairment of trade receivables	(104)	38	-	3	-	(63)
Write down (back) of inventories to net realisable value	1,444	(153)	-	(122)	-	1,169
ASSETS						
Segment assets	523,908	141,371	347,182	165,617	-	1,178,078
LIABILITIES						
Segment liabilities	339,385	98,802	163,938	107,417	-	709,542
NET ASSETS	184,523	42,569	183,244	58,200	-	468,536
Acquisitions of non-current assets, including assets of businesses acquired	4,985	1,868	23,543	138,748	-	169,144

The accounting policies of the reportable segments are the same as the Group's accounting policies as described in Note 1 with the exception of all changes in fair value of property and investments being recognised as profit or loss adjustments for segment reporting purposes. This compares to the Group policy of crediting increments to a property plant and equipment and investment reserve in equity (refer Note 1(p)).

Segment profit represents the profit earned by each segment without allocation of unrecovered corporate / head office costs and income tax. External bailment is allocated to the Car Retailing and Truck Retailing segments. Bills payable funding costs are allocated to the Car Retailing, Truck Retailing and Property segments based on notional market based covenant levels.

This is the measure reported to the chief operating decision maker for the purposes of resource allocation and assessment of segment performance. For the purpose of monitoring segment performance and allocating resources between segments, the chief operating decision maker monitors the tangible, intangible, and financial assets attributable to each segment. All assets are allocated to reportable segments.

Geographic Information

The Group operates in one principal geographic location, being Australia.

A.P. EAGERS LIMITED

NOTES TO AND FORMING PART OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
31 DECEMBER 2013 (continued)

CONSOLIDATED

2013 2012
\$'000 \$'000

26. CONTRIBUTED EQUITY

(a) Paid up capital		
Ordinary shares fully paid	231,205	206,277

Ordinary shares confer on their holders the right to participate in dividends declared by the Board and to vote at general meetings of the company.

(b) Movements in ordinary share capital:

Date	Details	Number of shares	Issue price	\$'000
01-Jan-12	Balance	31,360,584		162,047
1-Jan-12 to 15-Feb-12	Cancellation of shares under the buy-back scheme (see Note (d) below)	(31,569)	\$12.38 (average price)	(391)
28-Feb-12	Issue of shares to staff under share incentive schemes	84,420	\$10.56	892
		31,413,435		
24-May-12	Share split effected - 5 for 1	157,067,175		-
09-Jul-12	Issue of shares to Wheatley Family as part consideration for purchase of shares in Automotive Holdings Group Limited	10,193,381	\$3.12	31,804
31-Aug 12 to 17-Sep-12	Issue of shares to staff under share incentive schemes	126,635	\$2.42	306
27-Sep-12	Dividend reinvestment Plan shortfall underwritten by broker Underwriting commission paid to broker	1,111,839	\$3.55	3,949 (98)
05-Oct-12	Issue of shares under Dividend Reinvestment Plan	2,187,528	\$3.55	7,768
01-Jan-13	Balance	170,686,558		206,277
18-Mar-13	Issue of shares to staff under share incentive schemes	439,268	\$5.38	2,362
16-Apr-13	Issue of shares under Dividend Reinvestment Plan Dividend reinvestment Plan shortfall underwritten by broker Underwriting commission paid to broker New Shares issued	3,754,815 1,540,676 55,000	\$4.20 \$4.20 \$4.20	15,771 6,472 (82) 231
18-Jul 13 to 22-Jul-13	Issue of shares to staff under share incentive schemes	72,001	\$2.42	174
31-Dec-13	Balance	176,548,318		231,205

(c) The company has a dividend reinvestment plan under which holders of ordinary shares may elect to have all or part of their dividend entitlements satisfied by the issue of new ordinary shares rather than being paid in cash. Shares in 2012 have been issued under the plan at a 7.5% discount to the market price. In 2013 the shares were issued at a special 10% discount in recognition of the company's 100 year anniversary. The plan was fully underwritten by the broker, RBS Morgan.

(d) On 25 October 2011 the company announced to the Australian Securities Exchange that it intends to buy-back up to a maximum of 10% of its issued capital within one year, subject to market conditions. The final share buy back notice was issued 9th November 2012.

The buy-backs reflect the company's focus on maintaining an efficient statement of financial position through active capital management.

A.P. EAGERS LIMITED

NOTES TO AND FORMING PART OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
31 DECEMBER 2013 (continued)

CONSOLIDATED

	2013	2012
	\$'000	\$'000

(a) Reserves:

Property, plant and equipment revaluation reserve	73,278	71,053
Hedging reserve - cash flow hedge	(839)	(1,542)
Share-based payments reserve	4,883	5,791
Investment revaluation reserve	31,290	15,334
	<u>108,612</u>	<u>90,636</u>

Movements:

Property, plant and equipment revaluation reserve :

Balance at beginning of the financial year	71,053	70,540
Revaluation surplus during the year - gross (Note 15)	3,203	735
Transfer to retained earnings relating to properties sold	(17)	-
Deferred tax (Note 23)	(961)	(222)
Balance at the end of the financial year	<u>73,278</u>	<u>71,053</u>

Hedging reserve - cash flow hedge:

Balance at beginning of the financial year	(1,542)	(1,400)
Transfer to profit or loss	2,202	2,000
Transfer to derivative financial instruments (gross)	(1,199)	(2,202)
Deferred tax (Note 23)	(300)	60
Balance at the end of the financial year	<u>(839)</u>	<u>(1,542)</u>

Share-based payments reserve:

Balance at beginning of the financial year	5,791	5,189
Share based payments	1,453	1,494
Transfer to share capital (shares issued)	(2,361)	(892)
Balance at the end of the financial year	<u>4,883</u>	<u>5,791</u>

Investment revaluation reserve:

Balance at beginning of the financial year	15,334	-
Gain on revaluation of available-for-sale investment	22,795	21,906
Deferred tax (Note 23)	(6,839)	(6,572)
Balance at the end of the financial year	<u>31,290</u>	<u>15,334</u>

(b) Retained earnings

Retained profits at the beginning of the financial year	171,113	143,795
Net profit for the year	63,609	55,370
Transfer from asset revaluation reserve re properties sold	17	-
Dividends provided for or paid (Note 7)	(36,370)	(28,052)
Retained profits at the end of the financial year	<u>198,369</u>	<u>171,113</u>

A.P. EAGERS LIMITED

NOTES TO AND FORMING PART OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS 31 DECEMBER 2013 (continued)

27. RESERVES AND RETAINED PROFITS (continued)

(c) Nature and purpose of reserves.

(1) Property, plant and equipment revaluation reserve

The property, plant and equipment revaluation reserve is used to record increments and decrements on the revaluation of non-current assets as described in Note 1(p).

(2) Hedging reserve

The hedging reserve contains the effective portion of interest rate hedge arrangements incurred as at the reporting date.

(3) Share-based payments reserve

The share-based payment reserve is used to recognise the fair value of performance rights expected to vest and the fair value of equity expected to be issued under various share incentive schemes referred to in Notes 34 and 35.

(4) Investment revaluation reserve

The investments revaluation reserve represents the cumulative gains and losses arising on the revaluation of available-for-sale financial assets that have been recognised in other comprehensive income, net of amounts reclassified to profit or loss when those assets have been disposed of or are determined to be impaired.

28. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

Overview

The consolidated entity has exposure to the following key risks from its use of financial instruments:

Credit risk

Liquidity risk

Market risk (interest rate risk)

This note presents information about the consolidated entity's exposure to each of the above risks, the consolidated entity's objectives, policies and processes for measuring and managing risk, and the consolidated entity's management of capital. Further quantitative disclosures are included throughout these consolidated financial statements.

The Board of Directors has overall responsibility for the establishment and oversight of the consolidated entity's risk management framework. The Board has established an Audit, Risk and Remuneration Committee which is responsible for monitoring, assessing and reporting on the consolidated entity's risk management system. The committee will provide regular reports to the Board of Directors on its activities.

The consolidated entity's risk management policies are established to identify and analyse the risks faced by the consolidated entity, to set appropriate risk limits and controls, and to monitor risks and adherence to limits. Risk management policies and systems are reviewed regularly to reflect changes in market conditions and the consolidated entity's activities.

The Audit, Risk and Remuneration Committee oversees how management monitors compliance with the risk management policies and procedures and reviews the adequacy of the risk management framework in relation to the risks. The Committee is assisted in its oversight by Internal Audit. Internal Audit undertakes both regular and ad hoc reviews of risk management controls and procedures, the results of which are reported to the Committee.

The Group's principal financial instruments comprise bank loans, bailment finance, cash, short-term deposits and interest rate swap contracts. The main purpose of these financial instruments is to raise finance for and fund the Group's operations and to hedge the Group's exposures to interest rate volatility. The Group has various other financial instruments such as trade debtors and trade creditors which arise directly from its operations. It is, and has been throughout the period under review, the Group's policy that no speculative trading in financial instruments shall be undertaken.

The main risk arising from the Group's financial instruments are interest rate risk, credit risk and liquidity risk. The Board reviews and agrees policies for managing each of these risks and they are summarised below.

A.P. EAGERS LIMITED

NOTES TO AND FORMING PART OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS 31 DECEMBER 2013 (continued)

28. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (continued)

CREDIT RISK

Credit risk refers to the risk that a counterparty will default on its contractual obligations resulting in a financial loss to the Group. The Group has adopted a policy of only dealing with creditworthy counterparties and obtaining sufficient collateral where appropriate, as a means of mitigating the risk of financial loss from defaults. Further, it is the Group's policy that all customers who wish to trade on credit terms are subject to credit verification procedures.

Trade receivables consist of a large number of customers, spread across geographical areas. Ongoing credit evaluation is performed on the financial condition of debtors and other receivable balances are monitored on an ongoing basis, with the result that the Group's exposure to bad debts is not significant.

The consolidated entity establishes an allowance for doubtful debts that represents its estimate of incurred losses in respect of trade and other receivables and investments.

With respect to credit risk arising from financial assets of the Group comprised of cash, cash equivalents and receivables, the Group's maximum exposure to credit risk, excluding the value of any collateral or other security, at balance date is in the carrying amount as disclosed in the statement of financial position and notes to the financial statements.

The Group's credit risk on liquid funds is limited as the counter parties are major Australian banks with favourable credit ratings assigned by international credit rating agencies.

LIQUIDITY RISK

Liquidity risk is the risk that the consolidated entity will not be able to meet its financial obligations as they fall due. The consolidated entity's approach to managing liquidity is to ensure, as far as possible, that it will always have sufficient liquidity to meet its liabilities when due, under both normal and stressed conditions.

The Group's overall objective is to maintain a balance between continuity of funding and flexibility through the use of bank overdrafts and bank loans.

The Group also manages liquidity risk by maintaining adequate reserves, banking facilities and reserve borrowing facilities by continuously monitoring forecast and actual cash flows and matching the maturity profiles of financial assets and liabilities. Information on available facilities can be found in Note 22.

MARKET RISK

Market risk is the risk that changes in market prices, such as interest rates, will affect the consolidated entity's income or the value of its holdings of financial instruments. The objective of market risk management is to manage and monitor market risk exposures within acceptable parameters, whilst optimising the return on risk.

Interest rate risk

The Group is exposed to interest rate risk as a consequence of its financing facilities as set out in Notes 19 & 22. Funds are borrowed by the Group at both fixed and floating interest rates. The Group's policy is to manage its interest cost using a mix of fixed and variable rate debt. The Group's policy is to keep between 50% and 80% of its borrowings at fixed rates of interest. As at 31 December 2013, approximately 67% (2012: 53%) of the Group's borrowings were at a fixed rate of interest. The Group hedges part of the interest rate risk (see Note 18) by swapping floating for fixed interest rates.

In 2013 the Group amended its policy such that exposure to the changes in interest rates on its variable rate borrowings relating to inventories are unhedged. Existing hedges will not be replaced once they expire. Four interest rate swaps denominated in Australian dollars were in place as at 31 December 2013. These swaps mature between March 2014 and November 2014 and have a fixed rate between 2.91% and 4.44%. At 31 December 2013 the notional average contract amount of these four swaps was \$20 million. The consolidated entity classifies interest rate swaps as cash flow hedges.

The net fair value of the swap at 31 December 2013 was \$1,199,000 liability (2012:\$2,202,000 liability) and has been recognised in equity for the consolidated entity.

Interest rate sensitivity

The sensitivity analyses below have been determined based on the exposure to interest rates for both derivative and non-derivative instruments at reporting date and the stipulated change taking place at the beginning of the financial year and held constant throughout the reporting period. A 50 basis point increase or decrease is used when reporting interest rate risk internally to key management and represents management's assessment of the possible change in interest rates.

At reporting date, if interest rates had been 50 basis points higher or lower and all other variable were held constant, the Group's net profit after tax would increase/decrease by \$968,000 (2012: \$889,000) per annum. This is mainly due to the Group's exposures to interest rates on its variable rate borrowings.

A.P. EAGERS LIMITED

**NOTES TO AND FORMING PART OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
31 DECEMBER 2013 (continued)**

28. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (continued)

Interest rate swap contracts

Under interest rate swap contracts, the Group agrees to exchange the difference between fixed and floating rate interest amounts calculated on agreed notional principal amounts. Such contracts enable the Group to mitigate the cash flow exposures on the issued variable rate debt held. The fair value of interest rate swaps at the reporting date is determined by discounting future cash flows using the curves at reporting date and the credit risk inherent in the contract, and are disclosed below. The average interest rate is based on the outstanding balances at the start of the financial period.

The following tables detail the notional principal amounts and remaining terms of interest rate swap contracts outstanding as at reporting date:

	Average contracted fixed		principal		Fair value	
	2013	2012	2013	2012	2013	2012
Outstanding floating	2013	2012	2013	2012	2013	2012
for fixed contracts	%	%	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000
Less than 1 year	3.74%	4.74%	103,700	67,500	(666)	(817)
Between 1 - 2 years	3.49%	3.74%	22,500	103,700	(280)	(1,385)
Between 2 - 3 years	3.46%	-	25,500	-	(253)	-
	3.66%	4.13%	151,700	171,200	(1,199)	(2,202)

The interest rate swaps settle on a monthly basis. The floating rate on the interest rate swaps is the Australian BBSW. The Group will settle the difference between the fixed and floating interest rate on a net basis.

All interest rate swap contracts exchanging floating rate interest amounts for fixed rate interest amounts are designated as cash flow hedges in order to reduce the Group's cash flow exposure resulting from variable interest rates on borrowings. The interest rate swaps and the interest payments on the loan occur simultaneously and the amount deferred in equity is recognised in profit or loss over the loan period.

CAPITAL MANAGEMENT

The Board's policy is to maintain a strong capital base so as to maintain investor, creditor and market confidence and to sustain future development of the business.

The Board seeks to maintain a balance between the higher returns that might be possible with higher levels of borrowings and the advantages and security afforded by a sound capital position.

There were no changes in the consolidated entity's approach to capital management during the period.

CREDIT RISK

Exposure to Credit Risk

The carrying amount of financial assets (as per Note 9) represents the maximum credit exposure. The maximum exposure to credit risk as the reporting date was:

	CONSOLIDATED	
	2013	2012
	\$'000	\$'000
Trade and other receivables	98,777	100,349
Less: Provision for doubtful receivable	2,410	2,504
	96,367	97,845

Impairment Losses

The aging of trade receivables at reporting date is detailed in Note 9.

A.P. EAGERS LIMITED

**NOTES TO AND FORMING PART OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
31 DECEMBER 2013 (continued)**

28. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (continued)

Fair values & Exposures to Credit & Liquidity Risk

Detailed in the following table, the directors consider that the carrying amounts of financial assets and financial liabilities recorded in the financial statements approximate their fair value (2012: fair value).

	CARRYING AMOUNT		FAIR VALUE	
	2013	2012	2013	2012
	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000
Financial assets				
Trade and other receivables net of doubtful debts	96,366	97,845	96,366	97,845
Derivative financial instrument	-	-	-	-
Cash and cash equivalents	12,106	8,716	12,106	8,716
	<u>108,472</u>	<u>106,561</u>	<u>108,472</u>	<u>106,561</u>
Financial liabilities				
Bills payable and fully drawn advances	139,000	139,000	139,000	139,000
Capital Loan	72,078	70,000	72,078	70,000
Vehicle bailment	303,782	303,942	303,782	303,942
Bank overdraft	-	-	-	-
Deferred Consideration Sale Share agreement	-	46,967	-	46,967
Leasebook liability	-	512	-	512
Finance lease payables	29	390	29	390
Trade and other payables	103,590	95,859	103,590	95,859
Derivative financial instrument	1,199	2,202	1,199	2,202
	<u>619,678</u>	<u>658,872</u>	<u>619,678</u>	<u>658,872</u>

The fair value and net fair value of financial assets and financial liabilities are determined as follows:

- the fair value of financial assets and financial liabilities with standard terms and conditions and traded on active liquid markets are determined with reference to quoted market prices (includes listed redeemable notes, bills of exchange, debentures and perpetual notes).
- The fair values of derivative instruments are calculated using quoted prices. Where such prices are not available, discounted cash flow analysis is performed using the applicable yield curve for the duration of the instruments for non-optional derivatives and option pricing models for optional derivatives. Foreign currency forward contracts are measured using quotes forward exchange rates and yield curves derived from quoted interest rates matching maturities of the contracts. Interest rate swaps are measured at the present value of future cash flows estimated and discounted based on the applicable yield curves derived from quoted interest rates.

Maturity profile

The below table provides a maturity profile for the Group's financial instruments that are exposed to interest rate risk at balance date. The amounts disclosed in the table are gross contractual undiscounted cash flows (principal and interest) required to settle the respective liabilities. The interest rate is based on the rate applicable as at the end of the financial period.

A.P. EAGERS LIMITED

NOTES TO AND FORMING PART OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
31 DECEMBER 2013 (continued)

28. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (continued)

At 31 December 2013

INTEREST BEARING	Less than 1 year \$'000	1 - 2 years \$'000	2 - 3 years \$'000	3 - 4 years \$'000	4 - 5 years \$'000	5+ years \$'000	Total \$'000
Floating rate							
<i>Financial assets</i>							
Cash and cash equivalents	12,106	-	-	-	-	-	12,106
Loan receivable	81	1,518	-	-	-	-	1,599
Leasebook receivables	27	-	-	-	-	-	27
	<u>12,214</u>	<u>1,518</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>13,732</u>
Average interest rate	3.17%	5.63%	-	-	-	-	-
<i>Financial liabilities</i>							
Vehicle bailment (current)	307,321	-	-	-	-	-	307,321
Fully Drawn Advances	2,264	43,607	7,675	-	-	-	53,546
Fully Drawn Advances ⁽¹⁾	26,561	33,938	15,398	-	-	-	75,897
Capital Loan (Non-Current)	904	904	904	904	904	22,793	27,313
	<u>337,050</u>	<u>78,449</u>	<u>23,977</u>	<u>904</u>	<u>904</u>	<u>22,793</u>	<u>464,077</u>
Average interest rate	4.74%	4.86%	4.82%	4.52%	4.52%	4.52%	-
Fixed rate							
<i>Financial liabilities</i>							
Bills payable	8,726	546	10,773	-	-	-	20,045
Capital loan (Non-Current)	4,678	2,600	2,600	2,600	51,300	-	63,778
Finance lease payables	30	-	-	-	-	-	30
	<u>13,434</u>	<u>3,146</u>	<u>13,373</u>	<u>2,600</u>	<u>51,300</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>83,853</u>
Average Interest Rate	5.01%	5.03%	5.20%	5.20%	5.20%	-	-
NON INTEREST BEARING							
<i>Financial assets</i>							
Trade debtors	94,902	-	-	-	-	-	94,902
<i>Financial liabilities</i>							
Trade and other payables	103,590	-	-	-	-	-	103,590
Derivative financial instrument	1,199	-	-	-	-	-	1,199
	<u>104,789</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>104,789</u>

⁽¹⁾ The amount included in fully drawn advances relate to variable rates that are hedged with interest rate swaps to fixed rates.

A.P. EAGERS LIMITED

NOTES TO AND FORMING PART OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
31 DECEMBER 2013 (continued)

28. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (continued)

At 31 December 2012

<u>INTEREST BEARING</u>	Less than <u>1 year</u> \$'000	<u>1 - 2 years</u> \$'000	<u>2 - 3 years</u> \$'000	<u>3 - 4 years</u> \$'000	<u>4 - 5 years</u> \$'000	<u>5+ years</u> \$'000	<u>Total</u> \$'000
Floating rate							
<i>Financial assets</i>							
Cash and cash equivalents	8,716	-	-	-	-	-	8,716
Loan receivable	186	399	-	-	-	-	585
Leasebook receivables	870	94	-	-	-	-	964
	9,772	493	-	-	-	-	10,265
Average interest rate	4.06%	7.10%	-	-	-	-	-
<i>Financial liabilities</i>							
Vehicle bailment (current)	307,825	-	-	-	-	-	307,825
Fully Drawn Advances	1,463	21,633	7,702	-	-	-	30,798
Fully Drawn Advances ⁽¹⁾	3,856	24,188	-	-	-	-	28,044
Capital Loan (Non-Current)	3,633	3,633	3,633	3,633	3,633	84,859	103,024
	316,777	49,454	11,335	3,633	3,633	84,859	469,691
Average interest rate	5.14%	5.21%	5.21%	5.19%	5.19%	5.19%	-
Fixed rate							
<i>Financial liabilities</i>							
Bills payable	70,906	8,823	9,756.00	-	-	-	89,485
Leasebook liabilities	526	8	-	-	-	-	534
Finance lease payables	323	100	-	-	-	-	423
	71,755	8,931	9,756.00	-	-	-	90,442
Average Interest Rate	6.15%	5.26%	5.38%	-	-	-	-
NON INTEREST BEARING							
<i>Financial assets</i>							
Trade debtors	96,444	-	-	-	-	-	96,444
<i>Financial liabilities</i>							
Trade and other payables	95,859	-	-	-	-	-	95,859
Deferred Consideration Share Sale Agreement	46,967	-	-	-	-	-	46,967
Derivative financial instrument	2,202	-	-	-	-	-	2,202
	145,028	-	-	-	-	-	145,028

⁽¹⁾ The amount included in fully drawn advances relate to variable rates that are hedged with interest rate swaps to fixed rates.

Estimation of Fair Value

The following summarises the major methods and assumptions used in estimating the fair value of financial instruments:

Loans and Borrowings

Fair value is calculated based on discounted expected future principal and interest cash flows.

Trade and other Receivables/Payables

For receivables/payables with a remaining life of less than one year, the notional amount is deemed to reflect the fair value. All other receivables/payables are discounted to determine the fair value.

Interest rate swaps

The fair value of interest rate swaps is calculated based on the present value of the estimated future cash flows of these instruments.

A.P. EAGERS LIMITED

**NOTES TO AND FORMING PART OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
31 DECEMBER 2013 (continued)**

29. INVESTMENTS IN SUBSIDIARIES

<i>Name of entity</i>	Equity holding		
	2013	2012	
	%	%	
Eagers Retail Pty Ltd	*	100	100
Eagers MD Pty Ltd		80	91
Eagers Finance Pty Ltd	*	100	100
Nundah Motors Pty Ltd		100	100
Eagers Nominees Pty Ltd		100	100
Austral Pty Ltd	*	100	100
E G Eager & Son Pty Ltd		100	100
A.P. Group Ltd	*	100	100
A.P. Ford Pty Ltd	*	100	100
A.P. Motors Pty Ltd		100	100
A.P. Motors (No.1) Pty Ltd		100	100
A.P. Motors (No.2) Pty Ltd		100	100
A.P. Motors (No.3) Pty Ltd	*	100	100
Associated Finance Pty Limited		100	100
Leaseline & General Finance Pty Ltd		100	100
City Automotive Group Pty Ltd	*	100	100
PPT Investments Pty Ltd	*	100	100
PPT Holdings No 1 Pty Ltd		100	100
PPT Holdings No 2 Pty Ltd		100	100
PPT Holdings No 3 Pty Ltd		100	100
Bill Buckle Holdings Pty Ltd		100	100
Bill Buckle Autos Pty Ltd	*	100	100
Bill Buckle Leasing Pty Ltd		100	100
Adtrans Group Limited	*	100	100
Adtrans Corporate Pty Ltd		100	100
Adtrans Automotive Group Pty Ltd	*	100	100
Stillwell Trucks Pty Ltd	*	100	100
Adtrans Trucks Pty Ltd		100	100
Graham Cornes Motors Pty Ltd		90	90
Whitehorse Trucks Pty Ltd	*	100	100
Adtrans Used Pty Ltd		100	100
Adtrans Hino Pty Ltd		100	100
Adtrans Australia Pty Ltd	*	100	100
Melbourne Truck and Bus Centre Pty Ltd		100	100
Adtrans Truck Centre Pty Ltd	*	100	100
Adtrans Trucks Adelaide Pty Ltd	*	100	100
Precision Automotive Technology Pty Ltd		100	-

All subsidiaries are either directly controlled by A.P. Eagers Limited, or are wholly owned within the group, have ordinary class of shares and are incorporated in Australia.

Information relating to A.P. Eagers Limited ('the parent entity')	2013	2012
	\$'000	\$'000
Financial position		
Assets		
Current assets	27,641	870
Non-current assets	352,968	320,363
Total assets	<u>380,609</u>	<u>321,233</u>
Liabilities		
Current liabilities	6,056	7,753
Non-current liabilities	13,261	6,568
Total liabilities	<u>19,317</u>	<u>14,321</u>
Equity		
Issued capital	231,205	206,277
Retained earnings	92,229	77,826
Reserves		
- Asset revaluation reserve	1,684	1,684
- Investment revaluation reserve	31,290	15,334
- Share based payments reserve	4,884	5,791
	<u>361,292</u>	<u>306,912</u>
Financial performance		
Profit for the year	50,219	45,963
Other comprehensive income	15,956	15,334

A.P. EAGERS LIMITED

**NOTES TO AND FORMING PART OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
31 DECEMBER 2013 (continued)**

29. INVESTMENTS IN SUBSIDIARIES (continued)

All subsidiaries were parties to a deed of cross guarantee with A.P. Eagers Limited pursuant to ASIC Class Order 98/1418 which has been lodged with and approved by Australian Securities and Investments Commission as at 31 December 2013. Under the deed of cross guarantee each of these companies guarantee the debts of the other named companies. The aggregate assets and liabilities of these companies at 31 December 2013 and their aggregate net profit after tax for the year ended 31 December 2013 match the reported balances within the Statement of Financial Position and the Statement of Profit or Loss respectively.

As a party to the deed of cross guarantee, each of the wholly-owned subsidiaries (marked *) is relieved from the requirement to prepare and lodge an audited financial report.

Also refer Notes 30(a) and 30(b) in respect of guarantees entered into by the parent entity in relation to debts of its subsidiaries.

(a) Acquisition of businesses

The Group acquired the following business during the 2013 year as detailed below:

<u>Year</u>	<u>Name of business</u>	<u>Date of acquisition</u>	<u>Principal activity</u>	<u>Proportion acquired</u>
2013	Main North Nissan & Unley Nissan	02-Sep-13	Motor Dealership	100%

During 2013 the acquired businesses contributed revenues of \$29,712,000 and profit before tax of \$532,000 .

If the acquisition had occurred on 1 January 2013, the consolidated revenue and the consolidated profit before tax would have been \$2,737 million and \$87.8 million respectively.

Allocation of purchase consideration

The purchase price of business acquired has been allocated as follows:

	2013 Total consolidated
	\$'000
Cash consideration	7,137
Total purchase consideration	<u>7,137</u>
Fair Value of net identifiable assets	3,808
Goodwill	3,329
	<u>7,137</u>
	2013 Consolidated fair value at acquisition date
Net assets acquired	\$'000
Inventory	58
Property, plant and equipment	782
Deferred tax assets	385
Creditors, borrowings and provisions	(2,431)
Identifiable intangible assets	5,014
Net assets acquired	<u>3,808</u>
Acquisition cost	7,137
	<u>3,329</u>

(i) Goodwill arose in the business combinations because as at the date of acquisition the consideration paid for the combination included amounts in relation to the benefit of expected synergies and future revenue and profit growth from the businesses acquired.

These benefits were not recognised separately from goodwill as the future economic benefits arising from them could not be reliably measured in time for inclusion in this financial statements. Therefore, the amount allocated to goodwill on acquisition has been provisionally determined at the end of the reporting period.

The Group did not acquire any significant new business during the previous year.

A.P. EAGERS LIMITED**NOTES TO AND FORMING PART OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
31 DECEMBER 2013 (continued)****29. INVESTMENTS IN SUBSIDIARIES (continued)****(b) Disposal of businesses**

During 2013 the Group disposed of its Hidden Valley Ford business in the Northern Territory for \$1,430,000 resulting in a net gain of \$900,000.

There were no significant businesses disposed during the 2012 year.

30. CONTINGENT LIABILITIES**(a) Parent entity**

Unsecured guarantees, indemnities and undertakings have been given by the parent entity in the normal course of business in respect of financial and trade arrangements entered into by its subsidiaries. It is not anticipated that the parent entity will become liable for any amount in respect thereof. At 31 December 2013 no subsidiary was in default in respect of any arrangement guaranteed by the parent entity and all amounts owed have been brought to account as liabilities in the financial statements.

(b) Deed of cross guarantee

A.P. Eagers Limited and all of its subsidiaries were parties to a deed of cross guarantee lodged with the Australian Securities and Investments Commission as at 31 December 2013.

Under the deed of cross guarantee each company guarantees the debts of the other companies.

The maximum exposure of the parent entity in relation to the cross guarantees is \$658,939,000 (2012 :\$695,221,000).

(c) As at 31 December 2013, entities within the Group had entered into sale and buy back agreements for new vehicles.

The financial exposure to the Group is immaterial.

CONSOLIDATED

	2013	2012
	\$'000	\$'000

31. COMMITMENTS FOR EXPENDITURE**Capital Commitments**

Commitments for the construction of buildings and acquisition of plant and equipment contracted for at the reporting date but not recognised as liabilities, payable:

Within one year	4,413	1,923
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Finance Lease Liabilities

Commitments for minimum lease payments in relation to leasebook & finance lease liabilities are payable as follows:

Within 1 year	30	849
Later than 1 year but not later than 5 years	-	108
Later than 5 years	-	-
	30	957
Less future finance charges	(1)	(55)
Present value of minimum lease payments	29	902

Operating Lease Commitments

Commitments for minimum lease payments in relation to non-cancellable operating leases for premises are payable as follows:

Within 1 year	16,588	14,798
Later than 1 year but not later than 5 years	38,869	31,621
Later than 5 years	13,866	15,523
	69,323	61,942

The consolidated entity leases property under non-cancellable operating leases with expiry dates between 31 January 2013 and 1 July 2035. Leases generally provide for a right of renewal at which time the lease is renegotiated. Lease rental payments comprise a base amount plus an incremental contingent rental based on movements in the consumer price index or a fixed percentage increase.

A.P. EAGERS LIMITED

**NOTES TO AND FORMING PART OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
31 DECEMBER 2013 (continued)**

CONSOLIDATED

2013 2012

\$ \$

32. REMUNERATION OF AUDITOR

Amounts received or due and receivable by Deloitte Touche Tomatsu ("Deloitte") for:

- audit or review of the financial report of the parent entity and any other entity in the consolidated entity

	504,875	511,125
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Amounts received or due and receivable by related entities of Deloitte for:

- other services in relation to the parent entity and any other entity in the consolidated entity

	64,474	72,818
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	569,349	583,943
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33. SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

Nil.

34. KEY MANAGEMENT PERSONNEL

The remuneration report included in the directors' report sets out the remuneration policies of the consolidated entity and the relationship between these policies and the consolidated entity's performance.

The following have been identified as key management personnel with authority and responsibility for planning, directing and controlling the activities of the group, directly or indirectly during the financial year:

(a) Details of key management personnel

(i) Directors	T.B Crommelin ⁽¹⁾ M A Ward P W Henley N G Politis D T Ryan D.A. Cowper B W Macdonald ⁽¹⁾	Chairman (non-executive) Managing Director and Chief Executive Officer Director (non-executive) Director (non-executive) Director (non-executive) Director (non-executive) Chairman (non-executive)
(ii) Executives	S G Best K T Thornton D G Stark	Chief Financial Officer General Manager - Queensland and Northern Territory General Counsel & Company Secretary

⁽¹⁾ Mr Crommelin was appointed chairman on the retirement of Mr Macdonald on 8 May 2013.

(b) Compensation of key management personnel

The aggregate compensation made to key management personnel of the Company and the Group is set out below.

CONSOLIDATED

2013 2012

\$ \$

Short term	3,185,135	3,199,290
Post employment	128,397	139,696
Share based payment	552,438	1,089,473
	3,865,970	4,428,459

(c) Option holdings of key management personnel

Details of options held by key management personnel can be found in Note 34 (g).

A.P. EAGERS LIMITED

NOTES TO AND FORMING PART OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
31 DECEMBER 2013 (continued)

34. KEY MANAGEMENT PERSONNEL (continued)

(d) Relevant Interest in shares held by key management personnel

2013		At 01-Jan-13	Dividend Reinvestment Plan	Executive Incentive Plan	Purchases	Sales	At 31-Dec-13
Directors	B W Macdonald ⁽¹⁾	421,875	-	-	-	-	421,875
	M A Ward	2,788,280	-	89,000	-	(118,000)	2,759,280
	N G Politis	62,817,353	1,948,310	-	373,889	-	65,139,552
	P W Henley	101,085	3,130	-	-	-	104,215
	D T Ryan	-	-	-	-	-	-
	T.B Crommelin	322,269	9,973	-	-	-	332,242
	D.A.Cowper	8,000	248	-	-	-	8,248
Executives	K Thornton	285,555	-	50,950	-	-	336,505
	S G Best	104,745	-	33,965	-	-	138,710
	D G Stark	53,450	2,139	15,655	-	-	71,244
		<u>66,902,612</u>	<u>1,963,800</u>	<u>189,570</u>	<u>373,889</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>69,311,871</u>

⁽¹⁾ Mr Macdonald retired as a Director on 8 May 2013

2012		At 01-Jan-12	Dividend Reinvestment Plan	Executive Incentive Plan	Purchases	Sales	At 31-Dec-12
Directors	B W Macdonald	421,875	-	-	-	-	421,875
	M A Ward	2,704,840	-	82,440	1,000	-	2,788,280
	N G Politis	59,580,340	1,207,612	-	2,029,401	-	62,817,353
	P W Henley	83,315	-	-	17,770	-	101,085
	D T Ryan	-	-	-	-	-	-
	T.B Crommelin	272,380	6,229	-	43,660	-	322,269
	D.A.Cowper	-	-	-	8,000	-	8,000
Executives	K Thornton	237,540	-	48,015	-	-	285,555
	S G Best	72,735	-	32,010	-	-	104,745
	D G Stark	38,575	-	14,875	-	-	53,450
		<u>63,411,600</u>	<u>1,213,841</u>	<u>177,340</u>	<u>2,099,831</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>66,902,612</u>

(e) Loans to key management personnel

There are no loans to key management personnel

(f) Other transactions with key management personnel

Other transactions with key management personnel are detailed in Note 36: Related parties

A.P. EAGERS LIMITED

**NOTES TO AND FORMING PART OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
31 DECEMBER 2013 (continued)**

34. KEY MANAGEMENT PERSONNEL (continued)

(g) Share Based Payments

Plan A: EPS Performance Rights and Options - Key Executives

The Group commenced a new Earnings Per Share (EPS) based performance rights and option compensation scheme for specific executive officers in 2009. The fair value of these performance rights and options is calculated on grant date, and recognised over the period to vesting. The vesting of the performance rights and options granted is based on the achievement of specified earnings per share growth targets and interest cover thresholds. The fair value has been calculated using a binomial option pricing model based on numerous variables including the following:

Performance Rights

Award date 28 August 2009

Vesting date	27-Mar-11	27-Mar-12	27-Mar-13	27-Mar-14	27-Mar-15
Expiry date	28-Aug-16	28-Aug-16	28-Aug-16	28-Aug-16	27-Sep-17
Share price at grant date	\$ 1.82	\$ 1.82	\$ 1.82	\$ 1.82	\$ 1.82
Expected life	1.6 years	2.6 years	3.6 years	4.6 years	5.6 years
Volatility	30%	30%	30%	30%	30%
Risk free interest rate	4.37%	4.89%	5.18%	5.31%	5.33%
Dividend yield	6.0%	6.0%	6.0%	6.0%	6.0%

Performance Options

Award date 28 August 2009

Vesting date	27-Mar-11	27-Mar-12	27-Mar-13	27-Mar-14	27-Mar-15
Expiry date	28-Aug-16	28-Aug-16	28-Aug-16	28-Aug-16	27-Sep-17
Share price at grant date	\$ 1.82	\$ 1.82	\$ 1.82	\$ 1.82	\$ 1.82
Exercise price	\$ 1.82	\$ 1.82	\$ 1.82	\$ 1.82	\$ 1.82
Expected life	4.3 years	4.8 years	5.3 years	5.8 years	6.8 years
Volatility	30%	30%	30%	30%	30%
Risk free interest rate	5.29%	5.32%	5.33%	5.33%	5.33%
Dividend yield	6.0%	6.0%	6.0%	6.0%	6.0%

The General Manager, Queensland and Northern Territory, General Manager Kloster Motor Group and Chief Financial Officer have been granted rights and options under the EPS share incentive plan (Plan A). The modified grant date method (AASB 2) is applied to this incentive plan whereby the cost of the plan is determined by the value of the rights and options at grant date and the probability of the EPS and interest cover targets being achieved and vesting occurring. The number of performance rights and options granted under the plan is as follows:

Performance Rights

Number	Grant Date	End Performance Period	Expiry Date	Fair Value at Grant Date
82,830	28-Aug-09	31-Dec-10	28-Aug-16	\$ 1.66
112,035	28-Aug-09	31-Dec-11	28-Aug-16	\$ 1.56
118,880	28-Aug-09	31-Dec-12	28-Aug-16	\$ 1.47
126,265	28-Aug-09	31-Dec-13	28-Aug-16	\$ 1.39
134,205	28-Aug-09	31-Dec-14	28-Sep-17	\$ 1.30

Performance Options

Number	Grant Date	End Performance Period	Expiry Date	Fair Value at Grant Date
381,945	28-Aug-09	31-Dec-10	28-Aug-16	\$ 0.36
475,545	28-Aug-09	31-Dec-11	28-Aug-16	\$ 0.36
472,975	28-Aug-09	31-Dec-12	28-Aug-16	\$ 0.37
475,545	28-Aug-09	31-Dec-13	28-Aug-16	\$ 0.37
465,430	28-Aug-09	31-Dec-14	27-Sep-17	\$ 0.38

No rights or options were forfeited or expired during the year. As a result of the EPS and interest cover targets being achieved the Performance Rights and Performance Options relating to the 31 December 2013 Performance Period as set out above have vested since balance date.

The fair value of the performance rights and options was estimated as \$1,675,000 (2012:\$1,675,000) in total, with a cumulative expense being recognised at 31 December 2013 of \$1,609,375 (2012: \$1,462,981).

A.P. EAGERS LIMITED

**NOTES TO AND FORMING PART OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
31 DECEMBER 2013 (continued)**

34. KEY MANAGEMENT PERSONNEL (continued)

(g) Share Based Payments (continued)

Plan B: EPS Performance Rights and Options - Managing Director

The Group commenced a new Earnings Per Share (EPS) based performance rights and option compensation scheme for the Managing Director in 2010. The fair value of these performance rights and options is calculated on grant date, and recognised over the period to vesting. The vesting of the performance rights and options granted is based on the achievement of specified earnings per share growth targets and interest cover thresholds. The fair value has been calculated using a binomial option pricing model based on numerous variables including the following:

Performance Rights

Award date	28 May 2010				
Vesting date	27-Mar-11	27-Mar-12	27-Mar-13	27-Mar-14	27-Mar-15
Expiry date	28-Aug-16	28-Aug-16	28-Aug-16	28-Aug-16	27-Sep-17
Share price at grant date	\$ 2.50	\$ 2.50	\$ 2.50	\$ 2.50	\$ 2.50
Expected life	0.8 years	1.8 years	2.8 years	3.8 years	4.8 years
Volatility	30%	30%	30%	30%	30%
Risk free interest rate	4.87%	4.97%	5.02%	5.08%	5.19%
Dividend yield	4.90%	4.90%	4.90%	4.90%	4.90%

Performance Options

Award date	28 May 2010				
Vesting date	27-Mar-11	27-Mar-12	27-Mar-13	27-Mar-14	27-Mar-15
Expiry date	28-Aug-16	28-Aug-16	28-Aug-16	28-Aug-16	27-Sep-17
Share price at grant date	\$ 2.50	\$ 2.50	\$ 2.50	\$ 2.50	\$ 2.50
Exercise price	\$ 1.82	\$ 1.82	\$ 1.82	\$ 1.82	\$ 1.82
Expected life	3.5 years	4.0 years	4.5 years	5.0 years	6.1 years
Volatility	30%	30%	30%	30%	30%
Risk free interest rate	4.87%	4.97%	5.02%	5.08%	5.19%
Dividend yield	4.90%	4.90%	4.90%	4.90%	4.90%

The Managing Director has been granted rights and options under the EPS share incentive plan (Plan B). The modified grant date method (AASB 2) is applied to this incentive plan whereby the cost of the plan is determined by the value of the rights and options at grant date and the probability of the EPS and interest cover targets being achieved and vesting occurring. The number of performance rights and options granted under the plan is as follows:

Performance Rights

Number	Grant Date	End Performance Period	Expiry Date	Fair Value at Grant Date
36,890	28-May-10	31-Dec-10	28-Aug-16	\$ 2.40
82,440	28-May-10	31-Dec-11	28-Aug-16	\$ 2.29
89,000	28-May-10	31-Dec-12	28-Aug-16	\$ 2.18
94,890	28-May-10	31-Dec-13	28-Aug-16	\$ 2.07
105,140	28-May-10	31-Dec-14	28-Sep-17	\$ 1.97

Performance Options

Number	Grant Date	End Performance Period	Expiry Date	Fair Value at Grant Date
416,665	28-May-10	31-Dec-10	28-Aug-16	\$ 0.81
815,215	28-May-10	31-Dec-11	28-Aug-16	\$ 0.81
810,810	28-May-10	31-Dec-12	28-Aug-16	\$ 0.81
815,215	28-May-10	31-Dec-13	28-Aug-16	\$ 0.80
797,870	28-May-10	31-Dec-14	27-Sep-17	\$ 0.81

No rights or options were forfeited or expired during the year. As a result of the EPS and interest cover targets being achieved the Performance Rights and Performance Options relating to the 31 December 2013 Performance Period as set out above have vested since balance date.

The fair value of the performance rights and options was estimated as \$3,826,828 (2012:\$3,826,828) in total, with a cumulative expense being recognised at 31 December 2013 of \$3,641,322 (2012:\$3,459,213).

A.P. EAGERS LIMITED

**NOTES TO AND FORMING PART OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
31 DECEMBER 2013 (continued)**

35. OTHER SHARE BASED PAYMENTS

Recognised share-based payments expenses

Refer Note 27 for movements on share based payments reserve.

Plan C: EPS Performance Rights and Options - Senior Management (A)

The Group commenced a new Earnings Per Share (EPS) based performance rights and option compensation scheme for nineteen specific management personnel in 2010. The fair value of these performance rights and options is calculated on grant date, and recognised over the period to vesting. The vesting of the performance rights and options granted is based on the achievement of specified earnings per share growth targets and interest cover thresholds. The fair value has been calculated using a binomial option pricing model based on numerous variables including the following:

Performance Rights

Award date 27 January 2010			
Vesting date	27-Mar-11	27-Mar-12	27-Mar-13
Expiry date	27-Jan-17	27-Jan-17	27-Jan-17
Share price at grant date	\$ 2.42	\$ 2.42	\$ 2.42
Expected life	1.2 years	2.2 years	3.2 years
Volatility	30%	30%	30%
Risk free interest rate	5.06%	5.11%	5.17%
Dividend yield	5.10%	5.10%	5.10%

Performance Options

Award date 27 January 2010			
Vesting date	27-Mar-11	27-Mar-12	27-Mar-13
Expiry date	27-Jan-17	27-Jan-17	27-Jan-17
Share price at grant date	\$ 2.42	\$ 2.42	\$ 2.42
Exercise price	\$ 2.42	\$ 2.42	\$ 2.42
Expected life	4.1 years	4.6 years	5.1 years
Volatility	30%	30%	30%
Risk free interest rate	5.06%	5.11%	5.17%
Dividend yield	5.10%	5.10%	5.10%

Specific executives have been granted rights and options under the EPS share incentive plan (Plan C). This includes the General Counsel & Company Secretary. The modified grant date method (AASB 2) is applied to this incentive plan whereby the cost of the plan is determined by the value of the rights and options at grant date and the probability of the EPS and interest cover targets being achieved and vesting occurring. The number of performance rights and options granted under the plan is as follows:

Performance Rights

Number	Grant Date	End Performance Period	Expiry Date	Fair Value at Grant Date
139,285	27-Jan-10	31-Dec-10	27-Jan-17	\$ 2.28
186,975	27-Jan-10	31-Dec-11	27-Jan-17	\$ 2.17
196,770	27-Jan-10	31-Dec-12	27-Jan-17	\$ 2.06

Performance Options

Number	Grant Date	End Performance Period	Expiry Date	Fair Value at Grant Date
597,705	27-Jan-10	31-Dec-10	27-Jan-17	\$ 0.50
731,250	27-Jan-10	31-Dec-11	27-Jan-17	\$ 0.52
714,690	27-Jan-10	31-Dec-12	27-Jan-17	\$ 0.53

As a result of the EPS and interest cover targets being achieved the performance rights and options for each Performance Period have vested.

The fair value of the performance rights and options for 2012 was \$2,151,641, with a cumulative expense being recognised as 31 December 2012 of \$2,151,641. (The cumulative expense recognised in respect of Key Management Personnel included in this plan recognised at 31 December 2012 was \$193,500.)

A.P. EAGERS LIMITED

**NOTES TO AND FORMING PART OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
31 DECEMBER 2013 (continued)**

35. OTHER SHARE BASED PAYMENTS (continued)

Plan D: EPS Performance Rights and Options - Senior Management (B)

The Group commenced a new Earnings Per Share (EPS) based performance rights and option compensation scheme for three specific executive officers in 2010. The fair value of these performance rights and options is calculated on grant date, and recognised over the period to vesting. The vesting of the performance rights and options granted is based on the achievement of specified earnings per share growth targets and interest cover thresholds. The fair value has been calculated using a binomial option pricing model based on numerous variables including the following:

Performance Rights

Award date 22 October 2010

Vesting date	27-Mar-11	27-Mar-12	27-Mar-13
Expiry date	27-Jan-17	27-Jan-17	27-Jan-17
Share price at grant date	\$ 2.52	\$ 2.52	\$ 2.52
Expected life	0.4 years	1.4 years	2.4 years
Volatility	30%	30%	30%
Risk free interest rate	4.91%	4.93%	4.95%
Dividend yield	5.00%	5.00%	5.00%

Performance Options

Award date 22 October 2010

Vesting date	27-Mar-11	27-Mar-12	27-Mar-13
Expiry date	27-Jan-17	27-Jan-17	27-Jan-17
Share price at grant date	\$ 2.52	\$ 2.52	\$ 2.52
Exercise price	\$ 2.52	\$ 2.52	\$ 2.52
Expected life	3.3 years	3.8 years	4.3 years
Volatility	30%	30%	30%
Risk free interest rate	4.91%	4.93%	4.95%
Dividend yield	5.00%	5.00%	5.00%

Specific executives have been granted rights and options under the EPS share incentive plan (Plan D). The modified grant date method (AASB 2) is applied to this incentive plan whereby the cost of the plan is determined by the value of the rights and options at grant date and the probability of the EPS and interest cover targets being achieved and vesting occurring. The number of performance rights and options granted under the plan is as follows:

Performance Rights

Number	Grant Date	End Performance Period	Expiry Date	Fair Value at Grant Date
7,785	22-Oct-10	31-Dec-10	27-Jan-17	\$ 2.47
40,650	22-Oct-10	31-Dec-11	27-Jan-17	\$ 2.35
42,735	22-Oct-10	31-Dec-12	27-Jan-17	\$ 2.23

Performance Options

Number	Grant Date	End Performance Period	Expiry Date	Fair Value at Grant Date
39,825	22-Oct-10	31-Dec-10	27-Jan-17	\$ 0.48
187,785	22-Oct-10	31-Dec-11	27-Jan-17	\$ 0.51
181,365	22-Oct-10	31-Dec-12	27-Jan-17	\$ 0.53

As a result of the EPS and interest cover targets being achieved the performance rights and options for each Performance Period have vested.

The fair value of the performance rights and options for 2012 was \$419,936, with a cumulative expense being recognised at 31 December 2012 of \$419,936.

Plan E: EPS Performance Options - Senior Management 2013

The Group commenced a new Earnings Per Share (EPS) based share option compensation scheme for 57 specific senior staff, including the Company Secretary/General Counsel and the Group Human Resources Manager. The fair value of these performance options is calculated on grant date and recognised over the period to vesting. The vesting of the performance options granted is based on the achievement of specified earnings per share growth targets. The fair value has been calculated using a binomial option pricing model based on numerous variables including the following.

Performance Options

Award date 27 March 2013

Vesting date	31-Mar-15	31-Mar-16	31-Mar-17	31-Mar-18	31-Mar-19
Expiry date	31-Mar-20	31-Mar-20	31-Mar-20	31-Mar-20	31-Mar-20
Share price at grant date	\$ 4.84	\$ 4.84	\$ 4.84	\$ 4.84	\$ 4.84
Exercise price	\$ 5.04	\$ 5.04	\$ 5.04	\$ 5.04	\$ 5.04
Expected life	4.5 years	4.5 years	5.0 years	5.5 years	6.0 years
Volatility	30%	30%	30%	30%	30%
Risk free interest rate	3.08%	3.08%	3.13%	3.17%	3.22%
Dividend yield	4.20%	4.20%	4.20%	4.20%	4.20%

A.P. EAGERS LIMITED

NOTES TO AND FORMING PART OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
31 DECEMBER 2013 (continued)

35. OTHER SHARE BASED PAYMENTS (continued)

Specific executives have been granted options under the EPS share incentive plan (Plan E). The modified grant date method (AASB 2) is applied to this incentive plan whereby the cost of the plan is determined by the value of the options at grant date and the probability of the EPS targets being achieved and vesting occurring. The number of options granted under the plan is as follows:

Performance Options

Number	Grant Date	End Performance Period	Expiry Date	Fair Value at Grant Date
951,450	27-Mar-13	31-Dec-14	31-Mar-20	\$ 0.93
951,450	27-Mar-13	31-Dec-15	31-Mar-20	\$ 0.93
921,930	27-Mar-13	31-Dec-16	31-Mar-20	\$ 0.96
903,040	27-Mar-13	31-Dec-17	31-Mar-20	\$ 0.98
893,850	27-Mar-13	31-Dec-18	31-Mar-20	\$ 0.99

No options were forfeited or expired during the year. As a result of the EPS target being achieved the performance options relating to the 31 December 2013 Performance Period have vested since balance date.

The fair value of the performance rights and options for 2013 was \$885,000, with a cumulative expense being recognised at 31 December 2013 of \$885,000.

Plan F: Specific Target Performance Rights and Options

The Group commenced a new performance rights and option compensation scheme for a specific senior staff member, based on achieving certain defined operating targets for a specific business entity. The fair value of these performance rights and options is calculated on grant date and recognised over the period to vesting. The fair value has been calculated using a binomial option pricing model based on numerous variables including the following.

Performance Rights

Award date 27 March 2013

Vesting date	31-Mar-15	31-Mar-16	31-Mar-17	31-Mar-18	31-Mar-19
Share price at grant date	\$ 4.84	\$ 4.84	\$ 4.84	\$ 4.84	\$ 4.84
Expected life	2.0 years	2.0 years	3.0 years	4.0 years	5.0 years
Volatility	30%	30%	30%	30%	30%
Risk free interest rate	2.88%	2.88%	2.95%	3.04%	3.13%
Dividend yield	4.20%	4.20%	4.20%	4.20%	4.20%

Performance Options

Award date 27 March 2013

Vesting date	31-Mar-15	31-Mar-16	31-Mar-17	31-Mar-18	31-Mar-19
Expiry date	31-Mar-20	31-Mar-20	31-Mar-20	31-Mar-20	31-Mar-20
Share price at grant date	\$ 4.84	\$ 4.84	\$ 4.84	\$ 4.84	\$ 4.84
Expected life	4.5 years	4.5 years	5.0 years	5.5 years	6.0 years
Volatility	30%	30%	30%	30%	30%
Risk free interest rate	3.08%	3.08%	3.13%	3.17%	3.22%
Dividend yield	4.20%	4.20%	4.20%	4.20%	4.20%

A specific executive have been granted performance rights and options under the Specific Target share plan (Plan F). The modified grant date method (AASB 2) is applied to this incentive plan whereby the cost of the plan is determined by the value of the rights and options at grant date and the probability of specific targets being achieved and vesting occurring. The number of options granted under the plan is as follows:

Performance Rights

Number	Grant Date	End Performance Period	Expiry Date	Fair Value at Grant Date
11,240	27-Mar-13	31-Dec-14	31-Mar-20	\$ 4.45
11,240	27-Mar-13	31-Dec-15	31-Mar-20	\$ 4.45
11,740	27-Mar-13	31-Dec-16	31-Mar-20	\$ 4.26
12,220	27-Mar-13	31-Dec-17	31-Mar-20	\$ 4.09
12,760	27-Mar-13	31-Dec-18	31-Mar-20	\$ 3.92

Performance Options

Number	Grant Date	End Performance Period	Expiry Date	Fair Value at Grant Date
107,530	27-Mar-13	31-Dec-14	31-Mar-20	\$ 0.93
107,530	27-Mar-13	31-Dec-15	31-Mar-20	\$ 0.93
104,170	27-Mar-13	31-Dec-16	31-Mar-20	\$ 0.96
102,040	27-Mar-13	31-Dec-17	31-Mar-20	\$ 0.98
101,010	27-Mar-13	31-Dec-18	31-Mar-20	\$ 0.99

No performance rights or options were forfeited or expired during the year. As a result of the specific targets not being achieved the performance rights and options relating to the 31 December 2013 Performance Period have not vested since balance date.

The fair value of the performance rights and options for 2013 was \$150,000. No expense was recognised at 31 December 2013 as the performance hurdle was not met.

A.P. EAGERS LIMITED

**NOTES TO AND FORMING PART OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
31 DECEMBER 2013 (continued)**

36. RELATED PARTIES

Key Management Personnel

Other information on key management personnel has been disclosed in the Directors report.

Remuneration and retirement benefits

Information on the remuneration of key individual management personnel has been disclosed in the Remuneration Report included in the Directors' Report.

Other transactions of directors and director related entities

The aggregate amount of "Other transactions" with key management personnel are as follows:

- (i) Mr N G Politis is a director and shareholder of a number of companies involved in the motor industry with whom the consolidated entity transacts business. These transactions, sales of \$593,886 (2012 :\$603,322) and purchases of \$313,122 (2012: \$344,029) during the last 12 months, are primarily the sale and purchase of spare parts and accessories and are carried out under terms and conditions no more favourable than those which it is reasonable to expect would have applied if the transactions were at arm's length.
- (ii) Controlled entities may, from time to time, sell motor vehicles, parts and servicing of motor vehicles for domestic use to directors of entities in the consolidated entity or their director-related entities within a normal employee relationship on terms and conditions no more favourable than those which it is reasonable to expect would have been adopted if dealing with the directors or their director-related entities at arm's length in the same circumstances

Wholly-owned group

The parent entity in the wholly-owned group is A.P. Eagers Limited. Information relating to the wholly-owned group is set out in Note 29.

A.P. EAGERS LIMITED

**NOTES TO AND FORMING PART OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
31 DECEMBER 2013 (continued)**

	CONSOLIDATED	
	2013	2012
	Cents	Cents
(a) Basic earnings per share		
Earnings attributable to the ordinary equity holders of the company	36.4	34.0
(b) Diluted earnings per share		
Earnings attributable to the ordinary equity holders of the company	35.3	33.2
(c) Reconciliations of earnings used in calculating earnings per share		
	CONSOLIDATED	
	2013	2012
	\$' 000	\$' 000
<i>Basic Earnings per Share</i>		
Profit for the year	63,962	55,551
Less: attributable to non-controlling interest	(353)	(181)
Profit attributable to the ordinary equity holders of the company used in calculating basic earnings per share	<u>63,609</u>	<u>55,370</u>
<i>Diluted Earnings per Share</i>		
Profit for the year	<u>63,962</u>	<u>55,551</u>
Profit attributable to the ordinary equity holders of the company used in calculating diluted earnings per share	<u>63,609</u>	<u>55,370</u>
Weighted average number of ordinary shares outstanding during the year	174,862,288	162,736,656
Adjustments for calculation of diluted earnings per share		
- Performance rights and options	5,174,058	4,025,937
Weighted average number of ordinary shares outstanding during the year used in the calculation of diluted earnings per share	<u>180,036,346</u>	<u>166,762,593</u>

38. RECONCILIATION OF NET PROFIT AFTER TAX TO THE NET CASH INFLOWS FROM OPERATIONS

	CONSOLIDATED	
	2013	2012
	\$'000	\$'000
Net profit after tax	63,962	55,551
Depreciation and amortisation	12,354	11,595
(Profit)/ loss on sale of property, plant and equipment	(207)	135
Share of profits of associates	(1,959)	(1,673)
Dividends from investments	1,094	656
Employee share scheme expense	1,455	1,494
Employee share payment to trust	(2,361)	-
Non cash impairment adjustments	708	(323)
Eagers MD sale of businesses	(893)	-
Profit on sale of business	(900)	-
<i>(Increase)/decrease in assets -</i>		
Receivables	2,737	(363)
Inventories	125	(73,593)
Prepayments	(4,705)	(417)
<i>Increase/(decrease) in liabilities -</i>		
Creditors (including bailment finance)	6,836	59,003
Provisions	456	1,939
Taxes payable	(2,539)	1,632
Net cash inflow from operating activities	<u>76,163</u>	<u>55,636</u>

39. NON-CASH TRANSACTIONS

Payment of dividends totalling \$22,242,785 (2012: \$11,717,103) under the Dividend Reinvestment Plan were settled by the issue of 5,295,491 ordinary shares (2012: 3,299,367 shares).

A.P. EAGERS LIMITED

**NOTES TO AND FORMING PART OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
31 DECEMBER 2013 (continued)**

40. INVESTMENTS IN ASSOCIATE

(a) Carrying amounts

Investments in associate are accounted for in the consolidated financial statements using the equity method of accounting. Information relating to the associate is set out below.

	OWNERSHIP INTEREST		CONSOLIDATED	
	2013	2012	2013	2012
	%	%	\$'000	\$'000
<i>Unlisted Securities</i>				
M T Q Insurance Services Limited	20.68	20.68	4,327	3,461

The investment in M T Q Insurance Services Limited was equity accounted from 1 January 2006 (refer Note 14) M T Q Insurance Services Limited is incorporated in Australia. Its principal activities are the sale of consumer credit and insurance products, as well as undertaking investment activities.

CONSOLIDATED

2013 **2012**
\$'000 **\$'000**

(b) Movement in the carrying amounts of investment in associate -

Carrying amount at the beginning of the financial year	3,461	2,445
Equity share of profit/(loss) from ordinary activities after income tax	1,959	1,673
Dividends received during current year	(1,094)	(657)
Carrying amount at the end of the financial year	4,326	3,461

(c) Summarised financial information of associate

The aggregate profits, assets and liabilities of associate are:

Revenue	43,128	33,607
Profits (losses) from ordinary activities after income tax expense	9,842	5,239
Assets	89,201	74,732
Liabilities	65,668	55,570

(d) Share of associate profit

(based on the last published results for the 12 month's to 30 June 2012 plus unaudited results for the 6 months to 31 December 2012)

Profit from ordinary activities before income tax	2,799	2,390
Income tax expense	(840)	(717)
Profit from ordinary activities after income tax	1,959	1,673

(e) Share of associate expenditure commitments

Lease commitments	151	191
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(f) Dividends received from associate

	1,094	657
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(g) Reporting date of associate

The associate reporting dates are 30 June annually.