



Annual Report

30 June 2013

CONTENTS

	Page
Corporate Directory	1
Directors' Report	2
Auditor's Independence Declaration	17
Financial Statements	18
Directors' Declaration	50
Independent Auditor's Report to the Members	51
Corporate Governance Statement	53
Additional Shareholder Information	62

Corporate Directory

Directors

Gary Steinepreis
Non-Executive Chairman

Michael Placha
Executive

Carl Coward
Non-Executive

Mark Sanders
Non-Executive

Company Secretary

Gary Steinepreis

Registered Office

Level 1, 33 Ord Street
West Perth Western Australia 6005
Telephone: 08 9420 9300
Facsimile: 08 9420 9399

Share Register

Computershare Investor Services Pty Ltd
Reserve Bank Building
Level 2
45 St George's Terrace
Perth Western Australia 6000
Investor enquiries: 1300 557 010
Telephone: 08 9323 2000
Facsimile: 08 9323 2033

Auditor

BDO Audit (WA) Pty Ltd
38 Station Street
Subiaco Western Australia 6008
Telephone: 08 6382 4600
Facsimile: 08 6382 4601

Bankers

Westpac Banking Corporation
109 St Georges Terrace
Perth WA 6000

Stock Exchange Listing

New Horizon Coal Ltd's shares and options are listed on the Australian Securities Exchange (ASX), home branch, Perth.
Code: NHO Shares – NHOO Options

Website

www.newhorizoncoal.com.au

DIRECTORS' REPORT

Your directors present their report on the consolidated entity consisting of New Horizon Coal Ltd and the entities it controlled at the end of, or during, the financial year ended 30 June 2013 (New Horizon Coal or the Company or the Group).

Directors

The name of each person who has been a director during the reporting period and to the date of this report are:

Gary Steinepreis

Michael Placha

Carl Coward

Mark Sanders appointed 1 November 2012

Company Secretary

The company secretary is Gary Steinepreis.

Principal Activity

The principal continuing activity of the Group is exploration and development for coal.

The Group's exploration work programme is to review, evaluate and develop the Kinney Coal Project located in Utah, USA and as part of the working capital budget, pursue new projects in the minerals sector by way of acquisition or investment.

Review of Operations

The Company is working on the Kinney Coal Project toward possible commercial production and growing the project area through acquisition or lease of further land or projects as and when they become available.

The Kinney Coal Project lies in the Eastern Wasatch Plateau which is within the Uinta Basin Coal Field in Utah, USA, a mature coal producing region and consists of the Carbon County Sublease with the main "Kinney Parcel" (3,620 acres; 1,465 hectares) positioned adjacent to open Federal Land known as the Long Canyon LBA tract that together form a logical mining unit accessible only through the planned Kinney portals.

With data from over seventy drill holes, covering the Kinney Coal Project and the Long Canyon LBA tract, the coal deposit on the Kinney Coal Project is well characterised with a significant amount of detailed geological and engineering work completed by Carbon Resources over the last 10 years.

The coal seams are within the Blackhawk Formation which overlies the Star Point Sandstone in the lower part of the Cretaceous age Mesa Verde Group. The majority of the coal resources in the region are found in the Hiawatha Seam which directly overlies the Spring Canyon Member of the Star Point Sandstone and is the dominant seam throughout the Eastern Wasatch Plateau. Locally the Hiawatha Seam was historically named the Kinney Seam and caps a 100 foot (+/-) stratigraphic interval of economic interest.

Within the Kinney Coal Project the Hiawatha seam ranges from 5 to 11 feet (1.5 to 3.3 m) in thickness and dips an average 3.5 degrees north-east. Several N-S normal faults partition the deposit into multiple mining blocks.

The Kinney Coal Project plan involves underground mining of two major coal seams using conventional, continuous miner sections. Entry will be via an exposed coal seam outcrop within the already permitted mine site area.

Review of Operations (continued)

The Kinney Coal Project benefits from world-class infrastructure including three class 1 rail carriers within 30km of the proposed portal, paved roads and state highway maintenance facility directly adjacent to the mine and an experienced local workforce. The project is well positioned to meet demand for coal in the domestic and export markets with a high calorific, low sulphur product.

A summary of the work completed and commenced during the financial year:

- (a) The Group completed a drilling program at the Company's Kinney Coal Project in Utah, USA. A total of eight (8) drill holes were completed and cored using rotary/air foam and conventional coring methods.
- (b) The Group also applied for and was granted an exploration licence including negotiating land access agreements for additional drilling.
- (c) The Group completed the Pre-Feasibility Study (PFS) for the Kinney Coal Project which included the Long Canyon LBA tract. Results confirmed the project's technical and economic viability to produce a high-calorific, low sulphur product suitable for domestic and export thermal coal market.
- (d) The Group secured a Memorandum of Understanding (MOU) for port access at the Texas Deepwater Industrial Port (TDIP). TDIP is a new deepwater port located on the US Gulf of Mexico. With 15 million tonnes of planned annual capacity and an initial allocation of 1.5 Mtpa for the Group, expandable to 3 Mtpa, the port is well positioned to serve markets in Europe, Latin America, and Asia via the Panama Canal.
- (e) The Group continues to engage in offtake discussions with domestic and international intermediaries and end users.
- (f) The Group's environmental contractor completed the Environmental Assessment (EA) report for the Long Canyon LBA tract. The report, mandated by the US Bureau of Land Management, will allow the auction of the Long Canyon LBA tract. The auction is expected to occur in early 2014.
- (g) The Group commenced advanced project finance discussions for the Kinney Coal Project. Discussions with debt and equity providers continue.
- (h) Work on the Bankable Feasibility Study is ongoing. Completion is contingent upon successfully completing the acquisition of the Long Canyon LBA tract.
- (i) The Group reviewed potential acquisitions of new surface mine and new projects.
- (j) Strengthened company Board of Directors. The Company appointed Mark Sanders to its Board. Mr Sanders has over 25 years of experience in the global mining industry.

Operating Result

The loss from operations as at the 30 June 2013 after providing for income tax was \$1,861,960 (2012:\$417,900). Additional information on the operations and financial position of the Group and its business strategies and prospects is set out in this directors' report and the annual financial report.

Dividends

No dividends were paid or are proposed to be paid to members during the financial year.

Future Developments, Prospects and Business Strategies

The Group's business strategies and prospects for growth in future financial years have not changed since the previous period. The group will continue advancing the Kinney Coal Project.

Environmental Issues

The Group's operations are subject to the environmental regulation under the laws of the state of Utah, USA. The Board is of the view that all requirements have been met.

After Reporting Date Events

There has been no matter or circumstance that has arisen that has significantly affected, or may significantly affect:

1. the Group's operations in future financial years, or
2. the results of those operations in future financial years, or
3. the Group's state of affairs in future financial years.

Information on Current Directors

Gary Steinepreis (Non-executive chairman, age 47)

Experience and Expertise

Mr Steinepreis holds a Bachelor of Commerce degree from the University of Western Australia and is a Chartered Accountant. He provides corporate, management and accounting advice to a number of companies involved in the resource, technology and leisure industries.

Other Current Directorships

Monto Minerals Ltd since 16 June 2009;
Norseman Gold Plc since 3 December 2007; and
AVZ Minerals Limited since 30 November 2012.

Former Directorships in the Last Three Years

Minerals Corporation Limited 17 February 2011 to 14 October 2011;
Agri Energy Limited 22 June 2009 to 11 June 2012;
WAG Limited 2 November 2006 to 23 May 2013;
Avalon Minerals Ltd 20 December 2006 to 1 March 2011; and
RMG Limited 31 January 2006 to 30 April 2011.

Special Responsibilities

Company Secretary

Carl Coward (Non-Executive director, age 31)

Experience and Expertise

Mr Coward's qualifications include a Bachelor of Commerce from Curtin University of Technology in Perth, Western Australia. Mr Coward has several years' experience in investment banking with a particular focus on the natural resources sector. He has recently been involved in thermal coal projects in Indonesia, South Africa and North America. He is currently an Associate Director of corporate advisor Delta Capital and was instrumental in identifying and managing the acquisition of the Kinney Coal project.

Other Current Directorships

None

Former Directorships in the Last Three Years

None

Special Responsibilities

None

Information on Current Directors (continued)

Michael Placha (Executive director, age 58)

Experience and Expertise

Mr Placha has worked on various international projects throughout his 35-year career in the USA, Australia, Canada, Indonesia, China, Russia, Germany and Italy. Mr Placha earned his Bachelor of Science degree in extractive metallurgy from The Pennsylvania State University. Mr Placha was Senior Vice President of Signal Peak Energy/Global Rail Group from 2006 through 2010 responsible for the financing and development of a \$350 million underground long-wall mine, rail and surface facilities in Montana. He led the design and construction of a 58 Km rail spur and 15MTPY coal handling, processing and loadout facilities.

From 2004 until 2006 as President of Sedgman, Canada, Mr Placha was responsible for design and construction of two metallurgical facilities in British Columbia. Prior to this, Mr Placha spent 16 years with Cyprus Coal and its successor companies working in operations, engineering and sales and marketing.

Other Current Directorships

None

Former Directorships in the Last Three Years

None

Special Responsibilities

Managing Director and Chief Executive Officer

Mark Sanders (Non-Executive director, age 50)

Experience and Expertise

Mr Sanders is President and CEO of Strata Proximity Systems, an affiliate of Strata Worldwide, a leading producer of safety solutions for the global mining industry. Before joining Strata, he served for 15 years as an executive with Joy Mining Machinery and its parent, Joy Global. There, he held a variety of roles, including overseeing the firm's growth in China, and leading Joy Mining Machinery's US business unit. Prior to Joy, he worked for Longwall International, The Dowty Group, British Coal and Anglo American. Mr Sanders holds degrees in Mining Engineering from the University of Nottingham and an MBA from the University of Pittsburgh. He brings over 25 years of mining industry experience to the Company. He has an in-depth knowledge of global coal markets as well as a history of cultivating new business opportunities.

Meetings of Directors

The number of meetings of the Company's Board of Directors held during the financial year up to and including 30 June 2013 and the numbers of meetings attended by each director were:

Name of Director	Number of Meetings - A	Number of Meetings - B
Gary Steinepreis	12	12
Carl Coward	11	12
Michael Placha	12	12
Mark Sanders	5	6

A = Number of meetings attended

B = Number of meetings held during the time the Director held office during the year

Remuneration Report (Audited)

The principles adopted by the Board are set out under the following main headings:

- (1) Principles used to determine the nature and amount of remuneration
- (2) Details of remuneration
- (3) Employment contracts of Directors and Senior Executives
- (4) Performance based remuneration

The information provided under headings 1 to 4 above includes remuneration disclosures that are required under section 300A of the Corporations Act 2001.

1 Principles used to determine the nature and amount of remuneration

The objective of the Group's executive reward framework is to ensure reward for performance is competitive and appropriate for the results delivered.

The framework aligns executive reward with achievement of strategic objectives and the creation of value for shareholders, and conforms to market best practice for delivery of reward. The Board ensures that executive reward satisfies the following key criteria for good reward governance practices:

- (i) competitiveness and reasonableness;
- (ii) acceptability to shareholders;
- (iii) performance linkage / alignment of executive compensation;
- (iv) transparency; and
- (v) capital management.

The Group has structured an executive remuneration framework that is market competitive and complimentary to the reward strategy of the organisation.

Alignment to shareholders' and program participants' interests:

- (i) focuses on sustained growth in shareholder wealth;
- (ii) attracts and retains high calibre executives;
- (iii) rewards capability and experience; and
- (iv) provides a clear structure for earning rewards.

Remuneration Governance

Fees and payments to directors and key management personnel reflect the demands and responsibilities of the positions and are in line with the market. There is no remuneration committee. The entire board which comprises four directors are responsible for remuneration packages. Remuneration consultants were not used in the establishment of remuneration packages. There were no comments or questions arising at the 2012 annual general meeting regarding remuneration. Salaries, fees and superannuation are fixed payments whilst equity based payments are linked to performance.

2 Details of Remuneration

The key management personnel of the Group, during the year, were:

Directors:	Position:	Date Appointed	Date Resigned
Gary Steinepreis	Director / Secretary	4 June 2010	-
Michael Placha	Managing Director	2 December 2011	-
Carl Coward	Director	2 December 2011	-
Mark Sanders	Director	1 November 2012	-
Executives:		Date Commenced	
Greg Hunt	Chief operating officer	1 December 2011	-

Remuneration Report (Audited) (continued)

2 Details of Remuneration (continued)

The amount of remuneration of the key management personnel is set out below:

2013	Salary	Fees	Super	Bonus	Medical	Share Based	Total
Name	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
Directors:							
G Steinepreis	-	36,000	-	-	-	-	36,000
M Placha	246,195	-	-	-	13,417	589,199 ¹	848,811
C Coward	33,028	36,000	2,970	-	-	-	71,998
M Sanders	22,978	-	-	-	-	8,383	31,361
Executives:							
G Hunt	142,246	-	-	-	7,885	214,292	364,423
TOTAL	444,447	72,000	2,970	-	21,302	811,874	1,352,593

¹ The share based payment to Mr Placha includes an amount of \$398,227 which represents the accelerated amortisation of 5,000,000 options held by Mr Placha that were cancelled during the period. At no time did Mr Placha received any benefit of any nature from the owning of these options which are now cancelled.

2012	Salary	Fees	Super	Bonus	Medical	Share Based	Total
Name	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
Directors:							
G Steinepreis	-	76,000	-	-	-	-	76,000
M Placha	114,572	66,655	-	47,037	9,206	137,504	374,974
C Coward	19,266	20,000	1,734	-	-	-	41,000
P Burke	-	5,000	-	-	-	-	5,000
R Hodby	-	5,000	-	-	-	-	5,000
Executives:							
G Hunt	74,516	-	-	47,037	4,703	137,504	263,760
TOTAL	208,354	172,655	1,734	94,074	13,909	275,008	765,734

3 Employment Contracts of Directors and Senior Executives

- (i) **Michael Placha** has an executive services agreement with Wasatch as its chief executive officer.
- (a) the agreement has a term of 1 year commencing on 1 January 2013;
 - (b) a salary of US\$250,000, which is payable in equal monthly instalments annually on a total employment cost basis; and
 - (c) the provision for performance based bonus payments and the receipt of options.
- (ii) **Carl Coward** entered into an executive services agreement pursuant to which he will serve as a non-executive director.
- (a) the agreement has a term of 3 years from the date of re-election;
 - (b) the Company will pay Mr Coward a salary of \$33,028 (excluding superannuation) from the pool of Non-Executive Director fees; and
 - (c) Mr Coward invoices on a fee for service basis for approved additional consulting work undertaken on behalf of the Company.
 - (d) Mr Coward may resign at any time upon giving 1 month's written notice.

3 Employment Contracts of Directors and Senior Executives (continued)

Remuneration Report (Audited) (continued)

- (iii) **Gary Steinepreis** entered into an executive services agreement pursuant to which he will serve as the non-executive chairman.
- (a) the agreement has a term of 3 years from the date of re-election;
 - (b) the Company will pay Mr Steinepreis \$36,000 (including superannuation) from the pool of Non-Executive Director fees; and
 - (c) Mr Steinepreis may resign at any time upon giving 1 month's written notice.
- (iv) **Mark Sanders** entered into an executive services agreement pursuant to which he will serve as a non-executive director.
- (a) the agreement has a term of 3 years from the date of re-election;
 - (b) the Company will pay Mr Sanders a fee of US\$36,000 (including all required taxes and contributions whether federal, local or state) from the pool of Non-Executive Director fees; and
 - (c) Mr Sanders may resign at any time upon giving 1 month's written notice.
- (v) **Greg Hunt** entered into an Executive Services Agreement with Wasatch Natural Resources pursuant to which Mr Hunt will serve as Chief Operating Officer of Wasatch. New Horizon Coal owns 100% of Wasatch.
- (a) the agreement has a term of 2 year commencing on the Kinney Coal Project Acquisition Date and at the election of Wasatch, the term may be extended for a further period of 1 year; and
 - (b) Wasatch will pay Mr Hunt a salary of US\$130,000 which is payable in equal monthly instalments and which will be reviewed annually;

4 Performance-based Remuneration

The amount of performance based remuneration paid to directors and key management personnel is set out below:

2013 Name	Bonus *		Share Based *		Total Performance Based		Total Remuneration
	\$	%	\$	%#	\$	%#	\$
Directors:							
G Steinepreis	-	-	-	-	-	-	36,000
M Placha	-	-	589,199	69.4	589,199	69.4	848,811
C Coward	-	-	-	-	-	-	71,998
M Sanders	-	-	8,383	26.7	8,383	26.7	31,361
Executives:							
G Hunt	-	-	214,292	58.8	214,292	58.8	364,423
TOTAL	-	-	811,874	60.0	811,874	60.0	1,352,593

The value of total performance based remuneration as a percentage of total remuneration.

At a general meeting of shareholders held on 28 March 2013 approval was given for the issue of incentive options to Mr Placha (5,000,000 listed options and 5,000,000 unlisted options) and Mr Sanders (500,000 listed options and 500,000 unlisted options) the options were issued on 26 April 2013.

Using the Black and Scholes option model and based on the assumptions set out below, the incentive options were ascribed the following values:

Remuneration Report (Audited) (continued)

4 Performance-based Remuneration (continued)

	Unlisted Options	Listed Options
Valuation date	6 February 2013	6 February 2013
Market price of shares	8 cents	8 cents
Exercise price	30 cents	20 cents
Expiry date (length of time from issue)	26 April 2016	31 December 2014
Risk free interest rate	3%	3%
Volatility (discount)	60.64%	60.64%
Indicative value per incentive option	0.91 cents	0.77 cents
Total value of incentive options	\$50,058	\$42,151
- Michael Placha	\$45,507	\$38,319
- Mark Sanders	\$4,551	\$3,832

At the time of issuing the above incentive options it was agreed between the Company and Mr Placha to cancel 5,000,000 unlisted incentive options previously issued to Mr Placha. As per the accounting standards the Company is required to now fully expense these options. Accordingly that amount has been recognised as part of Mr Placha's salary package for the year ended 30 June 2013. It should be noted that these options were never exercised and have now been cancelled and that Mr Placha received no remuneration of any kind for them. A reconciliation of the performance based remuneration (\$811,874) follows:

Incentive options	M Placha	G Hunt	M Sanders	Total
10,000,000 unlisted options issued	107,146	214,292		321,438
5,000,000 listed options issued	38,319	-	-	38,319
5,000,000 unlisted options issued	45,507	-	-	45,507
500,000 listed options issued	-	-	3,832	3,832
500,000 unlisted options issued	-	-	4,551	4,551
5,000,000 unlisted options cancelled	398,227	-	-	398,227
	<u>589,199</u>	<u>214,292</u>	<u>8,383</u>	<u>811,874</u>

Options Table

Name	Year granted	Year vested	Number	Value when granted \$	Vested during year	Vested %	Cancelled during year	Value when cancelled \$	Cancelled %
Placha	2011	2011	454,546	-	-	100	-	-	-
	2011	2014	5,000,000	642,877	-	-	5,000,000	398,227	100
	2013	2013	5,000,000	38,319	5,000,000	100	-	-	-
	2013	2013	5,000,000	45,507	5,000,000	100	-	-	-
Hunt	2011	2014	5,000,000	642,877	-	-	-	-	-
Sanders	2013	2013	500,000	3,832	500,000	100	-	-	-
	2013	2013	500,000	4,551	500,000	100	-	-	-

The options issued during the financial year ended 30 June 2013 to related parties will only deliver a benefit to those parties if the share price is higher than 20 cents in the case of the listed options and 30 cents in the case of the unlisted options. The unlisted options issued during the financial year ended 30 June 2012 to related parties will only deliver a benefit to

Remuneration Report (Audited) (continued)

4 Performance-based Remuneration (continued)

those parties if the share price is higher than 50 cents. Currently, (August 2013), the shares in the Company are traded in the range of 1.6 cents to 2.0 cents.

2012 Name	Bonus *		Share Based *		Total Performance Based		Total Remuneration
	\$	%#	\$	%#	\$	%#	\$
Directors:							
G Steinepreis	-	-	-	-	-	-	76,000
M Placha	47,037	11.3	137,504	36.6	184,541	49.2	374,974
C Coward	-	-	-	-	-	-	41,000
P Burke	-	-	-	-	-	-	5,000
R Hodby	-	-	-	-	-	-	5,000
Executives:							
G Hunt	47,037	17.8	137,504	52.1	184,541	70.0	263,760
TOTAL	94,074	12.3	275,008	35.9	369,082	48.2	765,734

The value of total performance based remuneration as a percentage of total remuneration.

* **Mr Placha and Mr Hunt received the following performance based bonuses during the financial year ended 30 June 2012:**

- (i) a cash bonus of \$47,037 (US\$50,000) was paid upon the public announcement that a measured JORC Code compliant resource of more than 20,000,000 tonnes had been discovered within 12 months of the Kinney Coal Project Acquisition Date. Announcement made to ASX on 2 February 2012.
- (ii) the issue of 5,000,000 unlisted incentive options exercisable at \$0.50 per option within 5 years of the options being issued. The options will only vest on the date on which the bankable feasibility study on the Kinney Coal Project results in a positive decision to mine the Kinney Coal Project, provided that date is within 36 months after the Kinney Coal Project acquisition date. As at the date of this report the options have been issued but have not yet vested. The calculated value for the options will be written off over the vesting period. During the financial year ended 30 June 2013 Mr Placha agreed to cancel the 5,000,000 options issued to him.

The share based payments made to Mr Placha \$589,199 (2012:\$137,504), Mr Hunt \$214,292 (2012:\$137,504) and Mr Sanders \$8,383 (2012:\$Nil) are at risk as follows:

- 1 In the case of the 5,000,000 unlisted options on issue to Mr Hunt at 30 June 2012. These will only be able to be realised if a bankable feasibility study is completed and a positive decision to mine is made by the Company within 36 months of the acquisition date of the Kinney Project. Added to this is the risk that the share price, which currently trades in the range of 1.6 to 2.0 cent's will need to increase to 50 cents before the options are at a break-even price with the exercise price and the fact that the options have a finite life. The options are unlisted and therefore untradeable.
- 2 With regard to the options on issue to Mr Placha and Mr Sanders at 30 June 2013. These will only be of value if the share price increases to 20 cents in the case of the listed options and 30 cents in the case of the unlisted options. The shares currently trade in the range of 1.6 to 2.0 cents. Added to this is the fact that the options have a finite life.

All other payments \$540,719 or 60.0% (2012:\$490,726 or 64.1%) made to directors and executives were made in cash and hence are not at risk.

Remuneration Report (Audited) (continued)

4 Performance-based Remuneration (continued)

Analysis of share based payments:

During the period the Company issued 11,000,000 incentive options to executives all of which vested upon issue. The calculated value for unvested options is being written off over the vesting period.

2013 Date of grant	Number of options	Fair value at date of grant - cents	Award value at date of grant - \$	Expiry date	First vesting date	Last vesting date	Vested %	Cancelled %	Maximum total value of grant yet to vest - \$
9/11/11	10,000,000	12.86	1,285,753	9/11/16	*	9/11/14	-	-	1,285,753
26/4/2013	(5,000,000)	12.86	(642,877)	9/11/16	*	9/11/14	-	50	(642,877)
26/4/2013	5,500,000	0.0091	50,058	26/4/2016	26/4/2013	-	100	-	-
26/4/2013	5,500,000	0.0077	42,151	31/12/2014	26/4/2013	-	100	-	-
	16,000,000		735,085						642,876

Of the 10 million options on issue at the start of the year 5 million were on issue to each of Mr Placha and Mr Hunt. During the period Mr Placha agreed to cancel his 5 million options.

In calculating the value of the options issued in the period ended 30 June 2013 the following inputs were used:

	<i>Unlisted Options</i>	<i>Listed Options</i>
Valuation date	6 February 2013	6 February 2013
Market price of shares	8 cents	8 cents
Exercise price	30 cents	20 cents
Expiry date	26 April 2016	31 December 2014
Risk free interest rate	3%	3%
Volatility (discount)	60.64%	60.64%
Indicative value per incentive option	0.91 cents	0.77 cents

2012 Date of grant	Number of options	Fair value at date of grant - cents	Award value at date of grant - \$	Expiry date	First vesting date	Last vesting date	Vested %	Forfeited %	Maximum total value of grant yet to vest - \$
9/11/11	10,000,000	12.86	1,285,753	9/11/16	*	9/11/14	-	-	1,285,753
	10,000,000		1,285,753						1,285,753

* The options will only vest if a bankable feasibility study is completed and a positive decision to mine is made within 36 months of the acquisition date of the Kinney Project.

In calculating the value of the options issued in the period ended 30 June 2012 the following inputs were used:

Underlying stock price	22 cents	Expiry date	9 Nov 2016
Exercise price	50 cents	Dividend yield	0%
Risk free rate	4.25%	Number of options	10,000,000
Volatility	90%	Calculated value	\$1,285,753
Approval date	9 Nov 2011	Vesting period	36 months

Remuneration Report (Audited) (continued)

4 Performance-based Remuneration (continued)

Major Terms and Conditions of Incentive Options

	Number of options	Issue date	Conversion factor	Vesting condition / date	Expiry date	Exercise price
Unlisted	5,000,000	9/11/11	1:1	Completion of bankable feasibility study and a decision to mine. 9/11/14	9/11/16	\$0.50
Listed	5,500,000	26/4/13	1:1	26/4/13	31/12/14	\$0.20
Unlisted	5,500,000	26/4/13	1:1	26/4/13	26/4/16	\$0.30

End of the audited remuneration report.

Directors' Interests in Shares and Options

At 30 June 2013, Directors, in office, held a relevant interest in the following securities of the Company:

2013	Ordinary	Performance	Options	Options
Name	Shares	Shares	Listed	Unlisted
		Class B & C		
Gary Steinepreis	6,812,186	-	4,912,186	-
Michael Placha	654,546	-	5,454,546	5,000,000
Mark Sanders	625,000	-	500,000	500,000
Carl Coward	15,966,727	4,000,000	1,336,364	-
<hr/>				
2012	Ordinary	Performance	Options	Options
Name	Shares	Shares	Listed	Unlisted
		Class B & C		
Gary Steinepreis	5,562,186	-	4,912,186	-
Michael Placha	654,546	-	454,546	5,000,000
Carl Coward	9,679,777	4,000,000	1,336,364	-

Gary Steinepreis holds his interests in shares and options directly in his own name and indirectly through: Jacqueline Steinepreis his spouse; LeisureWest Consulting Pty Ltd as trustee of the LeisureWest Trust of which he is sole director and potential beneficiary; Oakhurst Enterprises Pty Ltd of which he is sole director and 50% shareholder; Ascent Capital Holdings Pty Ltd (ACH), of which, he is sole director and Oakhurst Enterprises Pty Ltd is a 50% shareholder; Ascent Capital Pty Ltd, of which, he is sole director and is a subsidiary of ACH; and Ascent Minerals Pty Ltd, of which, he is sole director and is a subsidiary of ACH.

Carl Coward holds his interests in shares and options directly in his own name and indirectly through Budo HO A/C.

Michael Placha holds his interests in shares and options directly in his own name.

Mark Sanders holds his interests in shares and options directly in his own name.

Directors' Interests in Shares and Options (continued)

(a) Options

Details of options (listed / unlisted) held directly, indirectly or beneficially by directors and their related parties and movements in those holdings are as follows:

2013 Options	Held at 1/7/2012	Options acquired / (forfeited)	Share based payments	Held at 30/6/2013	Vested and exercisable at 30/6/2013
Name					
Directors:					
Gary Steinepreis	4,912,186	-	-	4,912,186	4,912,186
Michael Placha	5,454,546	(5,000,000)	10,000,000	10,454,546	10,454,546
Carl Coward	1,336,364	-	-	1,336,364	1,336,364
Mark Sanders	-	-	1,000,000	1,000,000	1,000,000
Total	11,703,096	(5,000,000)	11,000,000	17,703,096	17,703,096

2012 Options	Held at 1/7/2011	Options acquired	Share based payments	Held at 30/6/2012	Vested and exercisable at 30/6/2012
Name					
Directors:					
Gary Steinepreis	3,275,000	1,637,186	-	4,912,186	4,912,186
Michael Placha	-	454,546	5,000,000	5,454,546	454,546
Carl Coward	-	1,336,364	-	1,336,364	1,336,364
Robert Hodby	*	-	-	-	-
Patrick Burke	*	-	-	-	-
Total	3,275,000	3,428,096	5,000,000	11,703,096	6,703,096

* Robert Hodby and Patrick Burke resigned as directors on 2 December 2011 and as such are no longer required to report their security holdings.

(b) Ordinary Shares

Details of equity instruments (other than options and performance shares) held directly, indirectly, or beneficially by directors and their related parties are as follows:

2013 Ordinary Shares	Held at 1/7/2012	Shares acquired	Balance 30/6/2013
Name			
Directors:			
Gary Steinepreis	5,562,186	1,250,000	6,812,186
Michael Placha	654,546	-	654,546
Carl Coward	9,679,777	6,286,950	15,966,727
Mark Sanders	-	625,000	625,000
Total	15,896,509	8,161,950	24,058,459

2012 Ordinary Shares	Held at 1/7/2011	Shares acquired	Balance 30/6/2012
Name			
Directors:			
Gary Steinepreis	3,275,000	2,287,186	5,562,186
Michael Placha	-	654,546	654,546
Carl Coward	-	9,679,777	9,679,777
Robert Hodby	*	-	-
Patrick Burke	*	-	-
Total	3,275,000	12,621,509	15,896,509

* Robert Hodby and Patrick Burke resigned as directors on 2 December 2011 and as such are no longer required to report their security holdings.

Directors' Interests in Shares and Options (continued)

(c) Performance Shares

Details of equity instruments (other than ordinary shares and options) held directly, indirectly, or beneficially by directors and their related parties are as follows:

2013 Performance Shares Name	Held at 1/7/2012	Allotted	Converted	Balance 30/6/2013
Directors:				
Gary Steinepreis	-	-	-	-
Michael Placha	-	-	-	-
Carl Coward	4,000,000	-	-	4,000,000
Mark Sanders	-	-	-	-
Total	4,000,000	-	-	4,000,000

2012 Performance Shares Name	Held at 1/7/2011	Allotted	Converted	Balance 30/6/2012
Directors:				
Gary Steinepreis	-	-	-	-
Michael Placha	-	-	-	-
Carl Coward	-	6,000,000	(2,000,000)	4,000,000
Robert Hodby	*	-	-	-
Patrick Burke	*	-	-	-
Total	-	6,000,000	(2,000,000)	4,000,000

* Robert Hodby and Patrick Burke resigned as directors on 2 December 2011 and as such are no longer required to report their security holdings.

Performance shares were issued to the shareholders of Delta Coal Fund Pty Ltd as part of the purchase price of the Kinney Coal Project. Mr Coward is a shareholder of Delta Coal Fund and the performance shares issued to him do not form part of his remuneration.

Mr Coward has an interest in 2,000,000 class B and 2,000,000 class C performance shares. The details, terms and conditions of the performance shares on issue are located in note 14(h) and (i).

The class A performance shares converted to ordinary shares upon the release of a public announcement that an indicated JORC code compliant resource of at least 20 million tonnes has been discovered on the Kinney Project (Coal Product) within 12 months of the acquisition date of the project, being 1 December 2011 (project acquisition date) (Milestone A).

The class B performance shares will convert to ordinary shares if the Company completes a bankable feasibility study and the board makes a positive decision to mine within 36 months of the project acquisition date (Milestone B).

The class C performance shares will convert to ordinary shares if the Company undertakes the development and commercial production of coal within 48 months of the project acquisition date (Milestone C).

Equity Settled Transactions

During the period, directors, namely Carl Coward and Gary Steinepreis, provided working capital to the Company via loans totalling \$200,000. As part of a capital raising (placement) and as approved by shareholders Mr Coward and Mr Steinepreis participated in the placement. The transaction for the issue of 1,250,000 ordinary shares at an issue price of \$0.08 to each of Mr Coward and Mr Steinepreis was settled via the cancellation of the loans owing to them.

Equity Settled Transactions (continued)

Mr Coward was issued a further 1,250,000 ordinary shares in the placement at an issue price of \$0.08 in settlement of the debts (\$100,000) owed to him by way of expenses incurred and paid by him on behalf of the Company in the execution of his duties.

Options

At the date of this report, share options on issue to take up fully paid Ordinary Shares in the capital of the Company are as follows:

2013 Listed Options Date of Issue	No. of Options Outstanding	Expiry Date	Exercise Price
8/6/2011	20,500,000	31/12/2014	\$0.20
23/11/2011	52,500,000	31/12/2014	\$0.20
26/4/2013	5,500,000	31/12/2014	\$0.20
TOTAL	78,500,000		

2013 Unlisted Options Date of Issue	No. of Options Outstanding	Expiry Date	Exercise Price
9/11/2011	5,000,000	9/11/2016	\$0.50
26/4/2013	5,500,000	26/4/2016	\$0.30
TOTAL	10,500,000		

2012 Listed Options Date of Issue	No. of Options Outstanding	Expiry Date	Exercise Price
8/6/2011	20,500,000	31/12/2014	\$0.20
23/11/2011	52,500,000	31/12/2014	\$0.20
TOTAL	73,000,000		

2012 Unlisted Options Date of Issue	No. of Options Outstanding	Expiry Date	Exercise Price
9/11/2011	10,000,000	9/11/2016	\$0.50
TOTAL	10,000,000		

The names of persons who currently hold options are entered in a register kept by the Company pursuant to Section 170 of the Corporations Act 2001, which may be inspected free of charge. No person entitled to exercise any option has or had, by virtue of the option, a right to participate in any share issue of the Company or any other corporation. Subsequent to year end no options have been exercised. The options are quoted on ASX.

Indemnifying of Officers or Auditor

The Company does not have directors and officers insurance. The Company does not have auditor insurance.

Proceedings on Behalf of the Company

No person has applied to the court under section 237 of the *Corporations Act 2001* for leave to bring proceedings on behalf of the Company, or to intervene in any proceedings to which the Company is a party, for the purpose of taking responsibility on behalf of the Company for all or part of those proceedings. No proceedings have been brought or intervened in on behalf of the Company with leave of the court under section 237 of the *Corporations Act 2001*.

Corporate Governance

The directors of the Company support and adhere to the principles of corporate governance, recognising the need for the highest standard of corporate behaviour and accountability. Please refer to the corporate governance statement included with this report.

Auditor

BDO Audit (WA) Pty Ltd continues in office in accordance with section 327 of the *Corporations Act 2001*.

Non-Audit Services

During the reporting period \$Nil (2012:\$21,850) was paid or is payable for non-audit services provided by BDO Corporate Finance (WA) Pty Ltd.

The Board of Directors are satisfied that the provision of any non-audit services during the current or future periods is / will be compatible with the general standard of independence for auditors imposed by APES 110 code of ethics for professional accountants.

Audit Services

During the reporting period \$37,460 (2012:\$28,554) was paid or is payable for audit services provided by the auditor.

Auditor's Independence Declaration

A copy of the auditor's independence declaration as required under section 307C of the *Corporations Act 2001* is set out on page 17 of this financial report.

Signed in accordance with a resolution of the board of directors



Gary Steinepreis
Director
27 September 2013

DECLARATION OF INDEPENDENCE BY PETER TOLL TO THE DIRECTORS OF NEW HORIZON COAL LIMITED

As lead auditor of New Horizon Coal Limited for the year ended 30 June 2013, I declare that, to the best of my knowledge and belief, there have been no contraventions of:

- the auditor independence requirements of the Corporations Act 2001 in relation to the audit;
- any applicable code of professional conduct in relation to the audit.

This declaration is in respect of New Horizon Coal Limited and the entities it controlled during the period.



Peter Toll

Director

BDO Audit (WA) Pty Ltd

Perth, 27 September 2013

New Horizon Coal Ltd
Consolidated Statement of Profit or Loss and Other Comprehensive Income
30 June 2013

	Note	2013 \$	2012 \$
Revenue from operations	5	23,838	148,803
Other income	6	-	240,584
Other expenses		(55,650)	(11,312)
Administration costs	7	(365,887)	(183,001)
Finance expense	7	-	(32,258)
Corporate compliance costs		(59,620)	(34,404)
Corporate management fees		(92,467)	(106,000)
Salaries and superannuation paid		(35,998)	(21,000)
Audit and non-audit service fees		(37,460)	(33,574)
Occupancy costs		(125,142)	(73,157)
Impairment of exploration costs	11	(301,700)	-
Exploration expenditure		-	(36,334)
Share based payments expense	14	(811,874)	(275,008)
Loss before income tax		(1,861,960)	(416,661)
Income tax expense	8	-	(1,239)
Loss after tax from operations		(1,861,960)	(417,900)
Items that may be reclassified to profit or loss			
Other comprehensive / income		2,096,839	12,717
Total comprehensive income / (loss) for the period attributable to the members of New Horizon Coal Ltd		234,879	(405,183)
		Cents	Cents
Earnings / (loss) per share for income / (loss) from continuing operations attributable to the ordinary equity holders of the Company:			
Basic earnings / (loss) per share	23	(1.84)	(0.46)
Diluted earnings / (loss) per share	23	(1.84)	(0.46)

The above consolidated statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income should be read in conjunction with the accompanying notes.

New Horizon Coal Ltd
Consolidated Statement of Financial Position
30 June 2013

		30 June 2013	30 June 2012
ASSETS	Note	\$	\$
Current assets			
Cash and cash equivalents	9	876,951	1,415,820
Trade and other receivables	10	11,547	11,108
Prepayments	10	-	3,500
Total current assets		888,498	1,430,428
Non-current assets			
Exploration and evaluation expenditure	11	22,173,241	19,406,980
Property, plant and equipment	12	7,057	-
Total non-current assets		22,180,298	19,406,980
Total assets		23,068,796	20,837,408
LIABILITIES			
Current liabilities			
Trade and other payables	13	111,430	174,303
Total current liabilities		111,430	174,303
Total liabilities		111,430	174,303
NET ASSETS		22,957,366	20,663,105
EQUITY			
Contributed equity	14(a)(b)(c)	19,285,525	17,395,140
Option premium reserve	14(d)(e)	183,812	183,812
Performance share reserve	14(h)(i)	3,300,000	3,300,000
Share based payment reserve	14(f)(g)	444,005	275,008
Foreign currency translation reserve		2,109,556	12,717
Accumulated losses	15	(2,365,532)	(503,572)
TOTAL EQUITY		22,957,366	20,663,105

The above consolidated statement of financial position should be read in conjunction with the accompanying notes.

New Horizon Coal Ltd
Consolidated Statement of Changes in Equity
30 June 2013

2013	Equity	Option reserve	Share reserve	FCTR	Total losses	Total
	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
Balance 1 July 2012	17,395,140	183,812	3,575,008	12,717	(503,572)	20,663,105
Loss for the year	-	-	-	-	(1,861,960)	(1,861,960)
Comprehensive income for year	-	-	-	2,096,839	-	2,096,839
Comprehensive loss for year	-	-	-	2,096,839	(1,861,960)	234,879
Transactions with owners in their capacity as owners:						
Shares issued placement	1,430,000	-	-	-	-	1,430,000
Shares issued placement	570,000	-	-	-	-	570,000
Share based payments	-	-	168,997	-	-	168,997
Transaction costs	(109,615)	-	-	-	-	(109,615)
Balance 30 June 2013	19,285,525	183,812	3,744,005	2,109,556	(2,365,532)	22,957,366
2012	Equity	Option reserve	Share reserve	FCTR	Total losses	Total
	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
Balance 1 July 2011	2,245,440	183,812	-	-	(85,672)	2,343,580
Loss for the year	-	-	-	-	(417,900)	(417,900)
Comprehensive income for year	-	-	-	12,717	-	12,717
Comprehensive loss for year	-	-	-	12,717	(417,900)	(405,183)
Transactions with owners in their capacity as owners						
Shares issued placement	11,550,000	-	-	-	-	11,550,000
Shares issued acquisition	2,200,000	-	-	-	-	2,200,000
Share issue - Conversion class A performance shares	2,200,000	-	-	-	-	2,200,000
Option issue	-	-	275,008	-	-	275,008
Performance shares	-	-	3,300,000	-	-	3,300,000
Transaction costs	(800,300)	-	-	-	-	(800,300)
Balance 30 June 2012	17,395,140	183,812	3,575,008	12,717	(503,572)	20,663,105

The above consolidated statement of changes in equity should be read in conjunction with the accompanying notes.

New Horizon Coal Ltd
Consolidated Statement of Cash Flows
30 June 2013

	Note	2013 \$	2012 \$
Cash flow from operating activities			
Interest received		21,886	145,577
Tax refund		1,952	-
Payments to suppliers and employees		(772,507)	(446,907)
Net cash outflow from operations	21	(748,669)	(301,330)
Cash flows from investing activities			
Payments for computer equipment		(8,124)	(4,152)
Cash acquired on acquisition of mining interests		-	126,808
Payment of first deferred settlement on acquisition		-	(2,837,565)
Payments for exploration and development		(1,674,780)	(809,766)
Payments for costs associated with acquisitions		-	(596,836)
Payments for acquisition of mining interests		-	(6,664,196)
Net cash outflow from investing activities		(1,682,904)	(10,785,707)
Cash flows from financing activities			
Loan repayments		-	(594,390)
Proceeds from the issue of shares		2,000,000	11,550,000
Proceeds from the issue of options		-	-
Costs associated with capital raising		(109,614)	(819,894)
Net cash inflow from financing activities		1,890,386	10,135,716
Net decrease in cash and cash equivalents		(541,187)	(951,321)
Foreign currency movement		2,318	(2,151)
Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of the period		1,415,820	2,369,292
Cash and cash equivalents at the end of the period	9	876,951	1,415,820

The above consolidated statement of cash flows should be read in conjunction with the accompanying notes.

1 Summary of significant accounting policies

(a) Basis of preparation

The financial statements include the financial statements and notes of New Horizon Coal Ltd (formerly New Horizon Minerals Ltd), a public limited entity, and its controlled entities for the year ended 30 June 2013. The financial statements are general purpose financial statements that have been prepared in accordance with Australian Accounting Standards, Australian Accounting Interpretations, other authoritative pronouncements of the Australian Accounting Standards Board and the *Corporations Act 2001*. New Horizon Coal Limited is a for profit entity for the purposes of preparing the financial statements.

Australian Accounting Standards set out accounting policies that the AASB has concluded would result in the financial statements containing relevant and reliable information about transactions, events and conditions to which they apply. The financial statements and notes also comply with International Financial Reporting Standards. Material accounting policies adopted in the preparation of the financial statements are presented below. They have been consistently applied unless otherwise stated. The financial statements have been prepared on an accruals basis and are based on historical costs.

(b) Going Concern Basis of Accounting

The consolidated financial statements have been prepared on the basis of a going concern. The Directors are of the opinion that the Group has sufficient funds to adequately meet the Group's planned exploration budget and short term working capital requirements. However, the Group will require further financing in order to meet its obligations under the asset purchase agreement.

The initial consideration of USD\$7,000,000 and the first deferred consideration of USD\$3,000,000 have been paid. The second deferred consideration, a non-recourse consideration amount of USD\$15,000,000 has not been paid, however is payable upon the first to occur of:

- 1) Wasatch Natural Resources completing a bankable feasibility study on the Kinney Coal Project that results in a positive decision to mine the Kinney Coal Project; or
- 2) 36 months after the asset purchase agreement completion date, and in the event that the bankable feasibility study does not result in a positive decision to mine and 36 months has expired then the Kinney Coal Project will be transferred back to Carbon Resources in accordance with the asset purchase agreement and the Company will retain no interest in the Kinney Coal Project, forfeit the consideration paid to Carbon Resources as at that date and any funds expended on the project to that date will be lost.

Further to the above the Surface Mining Control and Reclamation Act of 1977 of the USA provides that, as a prerequisite for obtaining a coal mining permit, a person must post a reclamation bond to ensure that the regulatory authority will have sufficient funds to reclaim the site if the permittee fails to complete the reclamation plan approved in the permit. The amount of the reclamation to be lodged is USD\$2.2 million. The development of the Kinney Project depends, amongst other things, upon the Group being granted a permit to mine the coal resource.

The Directors are aware that the Group will need to obtain additional financing as needed and if unable to do so may be required to reduce the scope of its operations and scale back its exploration programmes, which may adversely affect the business and financial condition of the Group and its performance and further, may need to extinguish their liabilities and recognise their assets at amounts other than those stated in the annual financial report should they fail to raise the required funding to meet the ongoing needs of the Group. Funding requirements will be met by way of equity or debt funding or a combination of both.

1 Summary of significant accounting policies (continued)

(b) Going Concern Basis of Accounting (continued)

At 30 June 2013, the Group had cash funds available of \$876,951 (2012:\$1,415,820). It incurred an operating loss of \$1,861,960 (2012:\$417,900) for the 12 months to 30 June 2013 and had current liabilities of \$111,430 (2012:\$174,303).

(c) New and Amended Standards Adopted by the Group

None of the new standards and amendments to standards that are mandatory for the first time for the financial year beginning 1 July 2012 affected any of the amounts recognised in the current period or any prior period and are not likely to affect future periods. However, amendments made to AASB 101 *Presentation of Financial Statements* effective 1 July 2012 now require the statement of comprehensive income to show the items of comprehensive income grouped into those that are not permitted to be reclassified to profit or loss in a future period and those that may have to be reclassified if certain conditions are met.

(d) Principles of Consolidation

Subsidiaries

The consolidated financial statements incorporate the assets and liabilities of all subsidiaries of New Horizon Coal Ltd as at 30 June 2013 and the results of all subsidiaries for the period then ended. New Horizon Coal Ltd and its subsidiaries together are referred to in this financial report as the Group or the consolidated entity. Subsidiaries are all those entities over which the Group has the power to govern the financial and operating policies, generally accompanying a shareholding of more than one-half of the voting rights. The existence and effect of potential voting rights that are currently exercisable or convertible are considered when assessing whether the Group controls another entity.

Subsidiaries are fully consolidated from the date on which control is transferred to the Group. They are de-consolidated from the date that control ceases. The acquisition method of accounting is used to account for the acquisition of subsidiaries by the Group. Intercompany transactions, balances and unrealised gains on transactions between Group companies are eliminated. Unrealised losses are also eliminated unless the transaction proves evidence of the impairment of the asset transferred. Accounting policies of subsidiaries have been changed where necessary to ensure consistency with the policies adopted by the Group. Subsidiaries are accounted for in the parent entity financial statements at cost.

(e) Plant and Equipment

Plant and equipment is stated at cost less accumulated depreciation and any impairment in value. Depreciation is calculated using the straight line method to write off the net cost of each item of plant and equipment over its expected useful life, being 1 to 5 years.

(f) Revenue Recognition

Revenue is measured at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable. Amounts disclosed as revenue are net of returns, trade allowances and amounts collected on behalf of third parties. Interest income is recognised on a time proportion basis using the effective interest method.

(g) Income Tax

The income tax expense or revenue for the period is the tax payable on the current period's taxable income based on the national income tax rate for each jurisdiction adjusted by changes in deferred tax assets and liabilities attributable to temporary differences between the tax bases of assets and liabilities and their carrying amounts in the financial statements, and to unused tax losses.

1 Summary of significant accounting policies (continued)

(g) Income Tax (continued)

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are recognised for temporary differences at the tax rates expected to apply when the assets are recovered or liabilities are settled, based on those tax rates which are enacted or substantively enacted for each jurisdiction.

The relevant tax rates are applied to the cumulative amounts of deductible and taxable temporary differences to measure the deferred tax asset or liability. An exception is made for certain temporary differences arising from the initial recognition of an asset or a liability.

No deferred tax asset or liability is recognised in relation to these temporary differences if they arose in a transaction, other than a business combination, that at the time of the transaction did not affect either accounting profit or taxable profit or loss.

Deferred tax assets are recognised for deductible temporary differences and unused tax losses only if it is probable that future taxable amounts will be available to utilise those temporary differences and losses.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are offset when there is a legally enforceable right to offset current tax assets and liabilities and when the deferred tax balances relate to the same taxation authority. Current tax assets and tax liabilities are offset where the entity has a legally enforceable right to offset and intends either to settle on a net basis, or to realise the asset and settle the liability simultaneously. Current and deferred tax balances attributable to amounts recognised directly in equity are also recognised directly in equity.

(h) Asset Acquisition

The acquisition method of accounting is used to account for all business combinations. Consideration is measured at the fair value of the assets transferred, liabilities incurred and equity interests issued by the group on acquisition date.

Consideration also includes the acquisition date fair values of any contingent consideration arrangements, any pre-existing equity interests in the acquiree and share-based payment awards of the acquiree that are required to be replaced in a business combination.

The acquisition date is the date on which the group obtains control of the acquiree.

Where equity instruments are issued as part of the consideration, the value of the equity instruments is their published market price at the acquisition date unless, in rare circumstances it can be demonstrated that the published price at acquisition date is not fair value and that other evidence and valuation methods provide a more reasonable measure of fair value.

Identifiable assets acquired and liabilities and contingent liabilities assumed in business combinations are, with limited exceptions, initially measured at their fair values at acquisition date. Goodwill represents the excess of the consideration transferred and the amount of the non-controlling interest in the acquiree over fair value of the identifiable net assets acquired. If the consideration and non-controlling interest of the acquiree is less than the fair value of the net identifiable assets acquired, the difference is recognised in profit or loss as a bargain purchase price, but only after a reassessment of the identification and measurement of the net assets acquired.

For each business combination, the group measures non-controlling interests at either fair value or at the non-controlling interest's proportionate share of the acquiree's identifiable net assets. Acquisition-related costs are expensed when incurred. Transaction costs arising on the issue of equity instruments are recognised directly in equity.

1 Summary of significant accounting policies (continued)

(h) Asset Acquisition (continued)

Where the Group obtains control of a subsidiary that was previously accounted for as an equity accounted investment in associate or jointly controlled entity, the group remeasures its previously held equity interest in the acquiree at its acquisition date fair value and the resulting gain or loss is recognised in profit or loss. Where the Group obtains control of a subsidiary that was previously accounted for as an available-for-sale investment, any balance on the available-for-sale reserve related to that investment is recognised in profit or loss as if the group had disposed directly of the previously held interest.

Where settlement of any part of the cash consideration is deferred, the amounts payable in future are discounted to present value at the date of exchange using the entity's incremental borrowing rate as the discount rate.

Assets and liabilities from business combinations involving entities or businesses under common control are accounted for at the carrying amounts recognised in the Group's controlling shareholder's consolidated financial statements.

When an asset acquisition does not constitute a business combination, the assets and liabilities are assigned a carrying amount based on their relative fair values in an asset purchase transaction and no deferred tax will arise in relation to the acquired assets and assumed liabilities as the initial recognition exemption for deferred tax under AASB 112 applies. No goodwill will arise on the acquisition and transaction costs of the acquisition will be included in the capitalised cost of the asset.

(i) Impairment of Assets

At each reporting date, the Group reviews the carrying values of its tangible and intangible assets to determine whether there is any indication that those assets have been impaired.

If such an indication exists, the recoverable amount of the asset being the higher of the asset's fair value less costs to sell and value in use, is compared to the asset's carrying value. Any excess of the asset's carrying value over its recoverable amount is expensed to the profit and loss statement.

(j) Cash and Cash Equivalents

For statement of cash flow presentation purposes, cash and cash equivalents includes cash on hand, deposits held at call with financial institutions, other short-term, highly liquid investments with original maturities of three months or less that are readily convertible to known amounts of cash and which are subject to an insignificant risk of changes in value.

(k) Trade and Other Receivables

Trade receivables are recognised initially at fair value and subsequently measured at amortised cost, less provision for impairment. Trade receivables are due for settlement within 30 days from the date of recognition. Collectability of trade receivables is reviewed on an ongoing basis. Debts which are known to be uncollectible are written off.

An allowance account for doubtful receivables is established when there is objective evidence that the Group will not be able to collect all amounts due according to the original terms of receivables. The amount of the provision is the difference between the asset's carrying amount and the present value of estimated future cash flows, discounted at the original effective interest rate. Cash flows relating to receivables are not discounted if the effect of discounting is immaterial.

1 Summary of significant accounting policies (continued)

(k) Trade and Other Receivables (continued)

The amount of the provision is recognised in the statement of comprehensive income. When a trade receivable for which an impairment allowance has been recognised becomes uncollectable in a subsequent period, it is written off against the allowance account. Subsequent recoveries of amounts previously written off are credited against other expenses in profit or loss.

(l) Trade and Other Payables

These amounts represent liabilities for goods and services provided to the Group prior to the end of the period which are unpaid. They are recognised initially at fair value and subsequently at amortised cost. The amounts are unsecured and are usually paid within 30 days of recognition.

(m) Contributed Equity

Ordinary shares are classified as equity. Costs associated with capital raisings (exclusive of GST) directly attributable to the issue of new shares or options are shown in equity as a deduction from the proceeds. If the entity reacquires its own equity instruments, eg as the result of a share buy-back, those instruments are deducted from equity and the associated shares are cancelled. No gain or loss is recognised in the profit or loss and the consideration paid including any directly attributable costs associated with capital raisings (net of income taxes) is recognised directly in equity.

(n) Earnings Per Share

(i) Basic earnings per share

Basic earnings per share is calculated by dividing the profit / (loss) attributable to equity holders of the Company, excluding any costs of servicing equity other than ordinary shares, by the weighted average number of ordinary shares outstanding during the financial year, adjusted for bonus elements in ordinary shares issued during the year.

(ii) Diluted earnings per share

Diluted earnings per share adjusts the figures used in the determination of basic earnings per share to take into account the after income tax effect of interest and other financing costs associated with dilutive potential ordinary shares and the weighted average number of shares assumed to have been issued for no consideration in relation to dilutive potential ordinary shares.

(o) Goods and Services Tax

Revenues, expenses and assets are recognised net of the amount of associated GST, unless the GST incurred is not recoverable from the taxation authority. In this case it is recognised as part of the cost of acquisition of the asset or as part of the expense.

Receivables and payables are stated exclusive of the amount of GST receivable or payable.

The net amount of GST recoverable from, or payable to, the taxation authority is included with other receivables or payables in the statement of financial position.

Cash flows are presented on a gross basis. The GST components of cash flows arising from investing or financing activities which are recoverable from, or payable to the taxation authority, are presented as operating cash flow.

1 Summary of significant accounting policies (continued)

(p) Exploration and Evaluation Expenditure

Exploration and evaluation expenditure incurred is accumulated in respect of each identifiable area of interest. These costs are only carried forward to the extent that they are expected to be recouped through the successful development of the area or where activities in the area have not yet reached a stage which permits reasonable assessment of the existence of economically recoverable reserves. Accumulated costs in relation to an abandoned area are written off in full against profit in the year in which the decision to abandon the area is made.

When production commences, the accumulated costs for the relevant area of interest are amortised over the life of the area according to the rate of depletion of the economically recoverable reserves. A regular review is undertaken of each area of interest to determine the appropriateness of continuing to carry forward costs in relation to that area of interest.

Costs of site restoration are provided over the life of the facility from when exploration commences and are included in the costs of that stage. Site restoration costs include the dismantling and removal of mining plant, equipment and building structures, waste removal and rehabilitation of the site in accordance with clauses of the mining permits. Such costs have been determined using estimates of future costs, current legal requirements and technology on a discounted basis. Any changes in the estimates for the costs are accounted for on a prospective basis. In determining the costs of site restoration, there is uncertainty regarding the nature and extent of the restoration due to community expectations and future legislation. Accordingly, the costs have been determined on the basis that the restoration will be completed within one year of abandoning the site.

(q) Employee Benefits

Provision is made for the company's liability for employee benefits arising from services rendered by employees to the reporting date. Employee benefits expected to be settled within one year together with entitlements arising from wages and salaries, annual leave and sick leave which will be settled after one year, are measured at the amounts expected to be paid when the liability is settled, plus related on-costs. Other employee benefits payable later than one year are measured at the present value of the estimated future cash outflows to be made for those benefits.

(r) Share Based Payment Transactions

The Group may provide benefits to employees (including directors) of the Group in the form of share-based payment transactions, whereby employees render services in exchange for shares or rights over shares ('equity-settled transactions'). The cost of these equity-settled transactions with employees is measured by reference to the fair value at the date at which they are granted.

The fair value of these payments is determined using a Black-Scholes option pricing model that takes into account the exercise price, the term of the option, the impact of dilution, the share price at grant date and expected price volatility of the underlying share, the expected dividend yield and the risk free interest rate for the term of the option. The fair value of the options granted is adjusted to reflect market conditions, but excludes the impact of any non-market vesting conditions. Non-market vesting conditions, if any, are included in assumptions about the number of options likely to be exercisable.

The grant date fair value of performance shares granted under asset acquisition agreements is recognised as an increase in the cost of the investment with a corresponding increase in equity. The Group issued performance shares as part of the acquisition of Delta Coal Fund as outlined in note 14(h). The Group follows the guidelines of AASB 2 'Share based payments' and takes into account the probability of achieving these performance conditions.

1 Summary of significant accounting policies (continued)

(s) Provisions

Provisions are recognised when the Group has a legal or constructive obligation, as a result of past events, for which it is probable that an outflow of economic benefits will result and that outflow can be reliably measured.

(t) Financial Instruments

Recognition

Financial instruments are initially measured at cost on trade date, which includes transaction costs, when the related contractual rights or obligations exist. Subsequent to initial recognition these instruments are measured as set out below.

Fair value

Fair value is determined based on current bid prices for all quoted investments. Valuation techniques are applied to determine the fair value for all unlisted securities, including recent arm's length transactions, reference to similar instruments and option pricing models.

Impairment

At each reporting date, the Group assesses whether there is objective evidence that a financial instrument has been impaired. Impairment losses are recognised in profit and loss.

(u) Jointly Controlled Interest

The proportionate interest in, assets, liabilities and expenses, of any joint interest activity, have been incorporated in the annual financial statements under the appropriate headings.

(v) Foreign Currency Translation

The results and financial position of foreign operations (none of which has the currency of a hyperinflationary economy) that have a functional currency different from the presentation currency are translated into the presentation currency as follows:

- (i) Assets and liabilities for each statement of financial position are translated at the closing rate at the date of the statement of financial position;
- (ii) Income and expenses for each income statement are translated at the average exchange rate for the period being reported on; and
- (iii) All resulting exchange differences are recognised in the foreign currency translation reserve in equity.

On consolidation, exchange differences arising from the translation of any net investment in foreign entities are recognised in the foreign currency translation reserve. When a foreign operation is sold the associated exchange differences are reclassified to the income statement as part of the gain or loss on sale.

(w) New Accounting Standards and Australian Accounting Interpretations

The following standards, amendments to standards and interpretations have been identified as those which may impact the entity in the period of initial application. They are available for early adoption at 30 June 2013, but have not been applied in preparing this financial report.

1 Summary of significant accounting policies (continued)

(w) New Accounting Standards and Australian Accounting Interpretations (continued)

AASB 9: Financial Instruments (Periods beginning on or after 1 January 2013)

Amends the requirements for classification and measurement of financial assets

The following requirements have generally been carried forward unchanged from AASB 139 Financial Instruments: Recognition and Measurement into AASB 9. These include the requirements relating to:

- Classification and measurement of financial liabilities; and
- De-recognition requirements for financial assets and liabilities.

However, AASB 9 requires that gains or losses on financial liabilities measured at fair value are recognised in profit or loss, except that the effects of changes in the liability's credit risk are recognised in other comprehensive income. The company does not have any financial liabilities measured at fair value through profit or loss. There will therefore be no impact on the financial statements when these amendments to AASB 9 are first adopted.

AASB 13: Fair Value Measurement (Annual reporting periods commencing on or after 1 January 2013). Currently, fair value measurement requirements are included in several Accounting Standards. AASB 13 establishes a single framework for measuring fair value of financial and non-financial items recognised at fair value in the statement of financial position or disclosed in the notes in the financial statements. Due to the recent release of this standard, the company has yet to conduct a detailed analysis of the differences between the current fair valuation methodologies used and those required by AASB 13. However, when this standard is adopted for the first time for the year ended 30 June 2014, there will be no impact on the financial statements because the revised fair value measurement requirements apply prospectively from 1 July 2013.

IAS 19 (Periods beginning on or after 1 January 2013) Main changes include:

- Elimination of the 'corridor' approach for deferring gains/losses for defined benefit plans.
- Actuarial gains/losses on remeasuring the defined benefit plan obligation/asset to be recognised in OCI rather than in profit or loss, and cannot be reclassified in subsequent periods.
- Subtle amendments to timing for recognition of liabilities for termination benefits.
- Employee benefits expected to be settled (as opposed to due to settled under current standards) within 12 months after the end of the reporting period are short-term benefits, and therefore not discounted when calculating leave liabilities. Annual leave not expected to be used within 12 months of end of reporting period will in future be discounted when calculating leave liability.

The company currently calculates its liability for annual leave employee benefits on the basis that it is due to be settled within 12 months of the end of the reporting period because employees are entitled to use this leave at any time. The amendments to IAS 19 require that such liabilities be calculated on the basis of when the leave is expected to be taken, i.e. expected settlement. When this standard is first adopted for 30 June 2014 year end, annual leave liabilities will be recalculated on 1 July 2012. Leave liabilities for any employees with significant balances of leave outstanding who are not expected to take their leave within 12 months will be discounted, which may result in a reduction of the annual leave liabilities recognised on 1 July 2012, and a corresponding increase in retained earnings at that date.

1 Summary of significant accounting policies (continued)

(w) New Accounting Standards and Australian Accounting Interpretations (continued)

AASB 10 replaces all of the guidance on control and consolidation in AASB 127 *Consolidated and Separate Financial Statements*, and *Interpretation 12 Consolidation – Special Purpose Entities*. The core principle that a consolidated entity presents a parent and its subsidiaries as if they are a single economic entity remains unchanged, as do the mechanics of consolidation. However, the standard introduces a single definition of control that applies to all entities. It focuses on the need to have both power and rights or exposure to variable returns. Power is the current ability to direct the activities that significantly influence returns. Returns must vary and can be positive, negative or both. Control exists when the investor can use its power to affect the amount of its returns. There is also new guidance on participating and protective rights and on agent/principal relationships. While the group does not expect the new standard to have a significant impact on its composition, it has yet to perform a detailed analysis of the new guidance in the context of its various investees that may or may not be controlled under the new rules.

2 Financial Risk Management

The Group's financial instruments consist mainly of deposits with banks and accounts receivable and payable. The Group's activities expose it to a variety of financial risks; market risk (including fair value and interest rate risk), credit risk, liquidity risk, foreign exchange fluctuations, cash flow and interest rate risk. The Group's overall risk management program focuses on the unpredictability of financial markets and seeks to minimise potential adverse effects on the financial performance of the Group. Risk management is carried out by the board of directors under policies approved by the Board. The board identifies and evaluates financial risks for overall risk management.

Interest Rate Risk

As the Group has no significant interest-bearing assets other than cash at bank, the Group's income and operating cash flows are not materially exposed to changes in market interest rates.

The risk arises due to changes in interest rates offered by the bank. The risk is managed by seeking alternative quotes from competing banks.

2013	Floating interest rate	Non-interest bearing	Total	Weighted average effective interest rate
Financial Instruments	\$	\$	\$	2.75%
<i>(i) Financial assets</i>				
Cash assets	853,962	22,989	876,951	
Trade and other receivables		11,547	11,547	
Total financial assets	853,962	34,536	888,498	
<i>(ii) Financial liabilities</i>				
Trade and other payables	-	111,430	111,430	
Total financial liabilities	-	111,430	111,430	

2 Financial Risk Management (continued)

Interest Rate Risk (continued)

2012	Floating interest rate	Non-interest bearing	Total	Weighted average effective interest rate
Financial Instruments	\$	\$	\$	%
<i>(i) Financial assets</i>				
Cash assets	1,329,652	86,168	1,415,820	3.50
Trade and other receivables	-	11,108	11,108	
Total financial assets	1,329,652	97,276	1,426,928	
<i>(ii) Financial liabilities</i>				
Trade and other payables	-	174,303	174,303	
Total financial liabilities	-	174,303	174,303	

The net fair value of financial assets and liabilities are materially in line with their carrying values.

Sensitivity Analysis – Interest Rate Risk

The Group has performed a sensitivity analysis relating to its exposure to interest rate risk at the reporting date. This sensitivity analysis demonstrates the effect on the current year results and equity which could result in a change in interest rates.

	2013	2012
Change in loss:	\$	\$
Increase by 1%	8,540	13,297
Decrease by 1%	(8,540)	(13,297)
Change in equity:		
Increase by 1%	8,540	13,297
Decrease by 1%	(8,540)	(13,297)

Liquidity Risk

Prudent liquidity risk management implies maintaining sufficient cash to meet commitments as and when they fall due. The Group has no long term or short term debt and its risk with regard to liquidity relates to its ability to maintain its current operations prior to the generation of future income streams. The Group's ability to raise equity funding in the market is paramount in this regard. The Group manages liquidity by ensuring that it has at least sufficient cash to meet its budgeted commitments for at least 12 months.

As at 30 June 2013	Less than 6 months	6-12 months	1-5 years	Over 5 years	Total contractual	Carrying amount
Trade and other payables	\$ 111,430	-	-	-	\$ 111,430	\$ 111,430
As at 30 June 2012	Less than 6 months	6-12 months	1-5 years	Over 5 years	Total contractual	Carrying amount
Trade and other payables	\$ 174,303	-	-	-	\$ 174,303	\$ 174,303

2 Financial Risk Management (continued)

Credit Risk

The Group has no significant concentrations of credit risk. The credit quality of financial assets that are neither past due nor impaired can be assessed by reference to external credit ratings.

Cash at bank and short term bank deposits	2013
	\$
Westpac Banking Corporation - AA	853,962
Washington Financial Bank (not rated)	22,989
	<u>876,951</u>
 Cash at bank and short term bank deposits	 2012
	\$
Westpac Banking Corporation - AA	1,329,652
Washington Financial Bank (not rated)	86,168
	<u>1,415,820</u>

Price Risk

The Group is not exposed to commodity price risk.

Foreign Currency Risk

The group's exposure to foreign currency risk at the end of the reporting period, expressed in Australian dollars, was as follows:

	2013	2012
	\$	\$
Cash and cash equivalents	22,989	86,168
Other payables	(76,021)	(145,181)

Foreign currency risk can only arise on financial instruments that are denominated in a currency other than the functional currency in which they are measured. Translation related risks are therefore not included in the assessment of the entity's exposure to currency risks.

Translation exposures arise from financial and non-financial items held by an entity (for example a subsidiary) with a functional currency different from the group's presentation currency. However, foreign currency denominated inter-company receivables and payables which do not form part of a net investment in a foreign operation would be included in the sensitivity analysis for foreign currency risks, because even though the balances eliminate in the consolidated balance sheet, the effect on profit or loss of their revaluation under AASB 121 is not fully eliminated.

For the purposes of AASB 7, currency risk does not arise from financial instruments that are non-monetary items. The foreign currency exposure arising from investing in non-monetary financial instruments is reflected in the other price risk disclosures as part of fair value gains and losses.

3 Critical Accounting Estimates, Judgements and Assumptions

Estimates and judgements are continually evaluated and are based on historical experience and other factors, including expectations of future events that may have a financial impact on the entity and that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances.

No critical accounting estimates and/or assumptions have been made during the preparation of the financial statements other than as disclosed elsewhere in this financial report.

3 Critical Accounting Estimates, Judgements and Assumptions (continued)

Exploration and evaluation assets

The Group's accounting policy for exploration and evaluation expenditure is set out at Note 1(p). The application of this policy necessarily requires management to make certain estimates and assumptions as to future events and circumstances. Any such estimates and assumptions may change as new information becomes available. If, after having capitalised expenditure under the policy, it is concluded that the expenditures are unlikely to be recovered by future exploitation or sale, then the relevant capitalised amount will be written off to the statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income.

Share-based payment transactions

The Group measures the cost of equity-settled transactions by reference to the fair value of the equity instruments at the date at which they are granted. The fair value is determined using the Black-Scholes model. Should the assumptions used in these calculations differ, the amounts recognised could significantly change.

The Group issued performance based options and performance shares during the year based upon conditions outlined in note 14(g)(h). The Group follows the guidelines of AASB2 'Share Based Payments' and takes into account vesting and non-vesting conditions and estimates the probability and expected timing of achieving the performance conditions.

No critical accounting estimates and/or assumptions have been made during the preparation of the financial statements other than as disclosed elsewhere in this financial report.

Deferred tax assets

The Group expects to have carried forward tax losses which have not been recognised as deferred tax assets as it is not considered sufficiently probable that these losses will be recouped by means of future profits taxable in the relevant jurisdictions.

4 Segment Information

The Group has identified its operating segments based on the internal reports that are reviewed and used by the board of directors (chief operating decision makers) in assessing performance and determining the allocation of resources. The Group currently operates in one operating segment being the mining and exploration sector and two geographic locations, those being, Australia and the United States of America. The chief operating decision makers look at areas of interest when reviewing exploration activities and the allocation of resources. The areas of interest are contained within separate operating entities and geographic locations and are reported on accordingly.

The directors are of the opinion that the current financial position and performance of the Group is equivalent to the operating segments identified. The segment information provided to the board of directors for reportable segments for the year ended 30 June 2013 is as follows:

New Horizon Coal Ltd
Notes to the Financial Statements
30 June 2013

4 Segment Information (continued)

30 June 2013	New Horizon Coal - Australia	Kinney Coal Project – USA	Total
	\$	\$	\$
Income	23,838	0	23,838
Expenses	(496,709)	(275,515)	(772,224)
Income tax expense	-	-	-
Operating profit / (loss)	(472,871)	(275,515)	(748,386)
Other significant items:			
Impairment of exploration costs	(222,611)	(79,089)	(301,700)
Share based payments expense	(811,874)	-	(811,874)
Assets	New Horizon Coal - Australia	Kinney Coal Project – USA	Total
	\$	\$	\$
Cash & cash equivalents	853,962	22,989	876,951
Other receivables	11,547	-	11,547
Other assets	-	7,057	7,057
Capitalised exploration	-	22,173,241	22,173,241
	865,509	22,203,287	23,068,796
Liabilities			
Other payables	35,409	76,021	111,430
	35,409	76,021	111,430
30 June 2012	New Horizon Coal - Australia	Kinney Coal Project – USA	Total
	\$	\$	\$
Income	389,387	-	389,387
Expenses	(687,752)	(118,296)	(806,048)
Income tax expense	(1,239)	-	(1,239)
Operating profit / (loss)	(299,604)	(118,296)	(417,900)
Other significant items:			
Impairment of exploration costs	-	-	-
Share based payments expense	(275,008)	-	(275,008)
Assets	New Horizon Coal - Australia	Kinney Coal Project – USA	Total
	\$	\$	\$
Cash & cash equivalents	1,329,652	86,168	1,415,820
Other receivables	11,108	-	11,108
Prepayments	3,500	-	3,500
Capitalised exploration	-	19,406,980	19,406,980
	1,344,260	19,493,148	20,837,408
Liabilities			
Other payables	29,122	145,181	174,303
	29,122	145,181	174,303

New Horizon Coal Ltd
Notes to the Financial Statements
30 June 2013

5 Revenue from operations	2013	2012
	\$	\$
Interest received	21,886	148,803
Other income	1,952	
	23,838	148,803

6 Other income	2013	2012
	\$	\$
Shareholder loan defeased	-	240,584
	-	240,584

In January 2012 it was agreed with the shareholders of Delta Coal Fund to settle the loan account balances owing to them as the vendors of the Kinney Project.

The agreement was to pay the option fee amount of US\$500,000 (AUD\$495,835) plus the closing bank balance of AUD\$97,746 after payment of all committed due diligence costs.

The total amount repaid to the Delta Coal Fund shareholders was AUD\$593,581. The actual balance of the loans owing was \$834,165 the resulting difference of \$240,584 was booked to the statement of comprehensive income as shareholder loans defeased.

7 Administration Costs	2013	2012
	\$	\$
Admin & accounting consultancy fees	(44,634)	(34,752)
General legal fees	(19,749)	(5,597)
Advertising & marketing costs	(13,931)	(842)
Corporate and financial advisory services	(53,603)	(53,958)
Information technology costs	(3,429)	(10,705)
Employment on-costs	(21,702)	(46,483)
Project generation costs	-	(11,312)
Telecommunication costs	(2,745)	(2,270)
Tax consulting and payroll	(12,377)	-
Travel costs	(167,892)	-
Meetings & conferences	(6,251)	(7,181)
Depreciation expense	(1,938)	(4,105)
Finance expense	-	(32,258)
General insurance costs	(17,430)	(16,222)
Other	(206)	(886)
Administration Costs	(365,887)	(226,571)

8 Income Tax Expense	2013	2012
	\$	\$
a. The components of tax expense comprise:		
Current tax	-	914
Deferred tax	-	-
Under provision from prior year	-	325
	-	1,239
b. The prima facie tax benefit on loss from ordinary activities before income tax is reconciled to income tax as follows:		
Prima facie tax benefit on loss from ordinary activities before income tax at 30% (2011:30%)	(558,588)	(124,998)
Add tax effect of:		
- Revenue losses not recognised	210,615	125,159

New Horizon Coal Ltd
Notes to the Financial Statements
30 June 2013

8	Income Tax Expense	2013	2012
		\$	\$
	- Share based payments	243,562	82,502
	- Other non-allowable items	173,164	36,409
	- Under provision from prior year	-	325
		<u>68,753</u>	<u>119,397</u>
	Less tax effect of:		
	- Other deferred tax balances not recognised	(68,179)	(45,982)
	- Non-assessable items	(574)	(72,176)
	Income tax	<u>-</u>	<u>1,239</u>
c.	Unrecognised deferred tax assets:		
	Carry forward revenue losses	297,504	159,271
	Carry forward capital losses	1,141	-
	Capital raising costs	213,962	246,737
	Provisions and accruals	4,650	5,742
	Other	1,423	2,751
	Net deferred tax	<u>518,680</u>	<u>414,501</u>

The tax benefits of the above deferred tax assets will only be obtained if:

- the company derives future assessable income of a nature and amount sufficient to enable the benefits to be utilised;
- the company continues to comply with the conditions for deductibility imposed by law; and
- no changes in income tax legislation which adversely affect utilising benefits.

9	Current assets – Cash and cash equivalents	2013	2012
		\$	\$
	Cash at bank and in hand	876,951	1,415,820
	Closing balance cash at bank and in hand	<u>876,951</u>	<u>1,415,820</u>

The Group's exposure to interest rate risk is discussed in note 2. The maximum exposure to credit risk at the end of the reporting period is the carrying amount of cash at bank and in hand. The group does not have any restrictions on its bank accounts recognised as cash.

10	Trade and other receivables - current	2013	2012
		\$	\$
	Trade and other receivables	11,547	11,108
	Prepayments	-	3,500
		<u>11,547</u>	<u>14,608</u>

Refer to note 2 for the risk management policy of the Group. As at 30 June 2013, no trade receivables were past due or impaired.

11	Exploration and evaluation expenditure	30 June 2013	30 June 2012
		\$	\$
	Opening net book amount – Kinney project	19,406,980	-
	Acquisition of Kinney Coal project	-	18,731,191
	Foreign currency translation movement	1,253,123	-
	Impairment of exploration costs	(301,700)	-
	Exploration additions	1,814,838	675,789
	Closing net book amount – Kinney project	<u>22,173,241</u>	<u>19,406,980</u>

11 Exploration and evaluation expenditure (continued)

Opening net book amount – Mt Drysdale and Hora Bore projects	-	10,000
Acquisition - Mt Drysdale and Hora Bore projects	-	-
Impairment expense	-	(10,000)
Closing net book amount – Mt Drysdale and Hora Bore projects	-	-
Total exploration and evaluation expenditure	22,173,241	19,406,980

The exploration and evaluation expenditure has been impaired for pre-acquisition exploration costs and the Dry Canyon project has not proceeded and an impairment expense has been recorded to reduce the carrying value to the expected recoverable amount.

Recoverability of the carrying amount of the exploration and evaluation assets is dependent on successful development and commercial exploitation, or alternatively, sale of the respective areas of interest.

12 Property, Plant and Equipment	30 June 2013	30 June 2012
	\$	\$
Office Equipment		
Opening net book value	-	-
Plus acquisitions during the period	8,995	4,104
	8,995	4,104
Less depreciation expense during the period	(1,938)	(4,104)
Closing net book amount	7,057	-

The group has reviewed assets and do not consider there to be any impairment.

13 Trade and other payables	2013	2012
	\$	\$
Trade and other payables – current and unsecured	111,430	174,303
	111,430	174,303

Refer to note 2 for the risk management policy of the Group.

14 Contributed Equity

(a) Share Capital	30 June 2013	30 June 2013	30 June 2012	30 June 2012
	Shares	\$	Shares	\$
Ordinary shares fully paid	118,000,000	19,285,525	93,000,000	17,395,140

(b) Restricted and Quoted Shares

Quoted	114,000,000	
Restricted	4,000,000	Date restricted to 7/12/2013
	118,000,000	

14 Contributed Equity (continued)

(c) Movement in Ordinary Share Capital

2013		Number of	Issue	Amount
Date	Details	shares	price	\$
01/07/2012	Opening balance	93,000,000		17,395,140
11/2/2013	Issue of shares placement	17,875,000	\$0.08	1,430,000
26/4/2013	Issue of shares placement	7,125,000	\$0.08	570,000
30/4/2013	Cost of share issues	-		(109,615)
30/06/2013	Balance	118,000,000		19,285,525

2012		Number of	Issue	Amount
Date	Details	shares	price	\$
01/07/2011	Opening balance	20,500,000		2,245,440
23/11/2011	Issue of shares placement	52,500,000	\$0.22	11,550,000
23/11/2011	Issue of shares acquisition	10,000,000	\$0.22	2,200,000
02/02/2012	Issue of shares conversion of class A performance shares	10,000,000	\$0.22	2,200,000
	Cost of share issues	-		(800,300)
30/06/2012	Balance	93,000,000		17,395,140

Ordinary shares entitle the holder to participate in dividends and the proceeds on winding up of the Group in proportion to the number of and amounts paid on the shares held.

On a show of hands every holder of ordinary shares present at a meeting in person or by proxy, is entitled to one vote, and upon a poll each share is entitled to one vote.

(d)	Option Premium Reserve	30 June 2013	30 June 2013	30 June 2012	30 June 2012
		Number	\$	Number	\$
		89,000,000	183,812	83,000,000	183,812

(e) Movement in Option Premium Reserve

2013		Number of	Issue	Amount
Date	Details	options	price	\$
01/07/2012	Opening balance	83,000,000		183,812
26/4/2013	Issue of options - Listed	5,500,000	\$0.00	-
26/4/2013	Issue of options - Unlisted	5,500,000	\$0.00	-
26/4/2013	Cancellation of options	(5,000,000)	\$0.00	-
30/06/2013	Balance	89,000,000		183,812

14 Contributed Equity (continued)

(e) Movement in Option Premium Reserve (continued)

2012 Date	Details	Number of shares	Issue price	Amount \$
01/07/2011	Opening balance	20,500,000		183,812
23/11/2011	Issue of options - Listed	52,500,000	\$0.00	-
23/11/2012	Issue of options - Unlisted	10,000,000		-
30/06/2012	Balance	83,000,000		183,812

Major Terms and Conditions of Options

	Number of options	Issue date	Conversion factor	Vesting condition / date	Expiry date	Exercise price
Unlisted	5,000,000	09/11/11	1:1	Completion of BFS and decision to mine 09/11/14	09/11/16	\$0.50
Listed	5,500,000	26/04/13	1:1	26/04/13	31/12/14	\$0.20
Unlisted	5,500,000	26/04/13	1:1	26/04/13	26/04/16	\$0.30
Listed	20,500,000	08/06/11	1:1	08/06/11	31/12/14	\$0.20
Listed	52,500,000	23/11/12	1:1	23/11/13	31/12/14	\$0.20

(f) Share Based Payment Reserve

	30 June 2013 Number	30 June 2013 \$	30 June 2012 Number	30 June 2012 \$
Incentive options	16,000,000	444,005	10,000,000	275,008

During the period the Company cancelled 5,000,000 and issued 11,000,000 incentive options to executives for nil consideration.

(g) Movement in Share Based Payment Reserve

2013 Date	Details	Number of options	Amount \$
01/07/2012	Opening balance	10,000,000	275,008
	Cancellation unlisted incentive options	(5,000,000)	398,227
26/4/2013	Issue options incentive unlisted	5,500,000	50,058
26/4/2013	Issue options incentive listed	5,500,000	42,151
31/12/2012	Amortise unvested incentive options	-	214,292
30/6/2013	Amortise unvested incentive options	-	107,146
30/4/2013	Write back value to accumulated losses	-	(642,877)
30/06/2013	Balance	16,000,000	444,005

2012 Date	Details	Number of options	Amount \$
01/07/2011	Opening balance	-	-
23/11/2011	Issue options incentive unlisted	10,000,000	275,008
30/06/2012	Balance	10,000,000	275,008

14 Contributed Equity (continued)

(h) Performance Share Reserve

Performance shares were issued as part of the purchase price of the Kinney Coal Project.

	30 June 2013	30 June 2013	30 June 2012	30 June 2012
	Shares	\$	Shares	\$
Class B	10,000,000	1,650,000	10,000,000	1,650,000
Class C	10,000,000	1,650,000	10,000,000	1,650,000
Performance shares	20,000,000	3,300,000	20,000,000	3,300,000

In calculating the value of the performance shares issued the following inputs were used:

	Class B	Class C
Number of shares	10,000,000	10,000,000
Underlying share price	22 cents	22 cents
Probability of achieving milestone	75%	75%
Value of performance share	17 cents	17 cents
Calculated value	\$1,650,000	\$1,650,000

The class B performance shares will convert to ordinary shares if the Company completes a bankable feasibility study and the board makes a positive decision to mine within 36 months of the project acquisition date (Milestone B). The class C performance shares will convert to ordinary shares if the Company undertakes the development and commercial production of coal within 48 months of the project acquisition date (Milestone C).

(i) Movement in Performance Share Reserve

2013		Number of	Issue	Amount
Date	Details	shares	price	\$
01/07/2012	Opening balance	20,000,000		3,300,000
30/06/2013	Balance	20,000,000		3,300,000

2012		Number of	Issue	Amount
Date	Details	shares	price	\$
01/07/2011	Opening balance	-		-
23/11/2011	Issue of shares – Class A	10,000,000	\$0.220	2,200,000
23/11/2011	Issue of shares – Class B	10,000,000	\$0.165	1,650,000
23/11/2011	Issue of shares – Class C	10,000,000	\$0.165	1,650,000
02/02/2012	Conversion of Class A	(10,000,000)	\$0.220	(2,200,000)
30/06/2012	Balance	20,000,000		3,300,000

(j) Nature and Purpose of Reserves

Option Reserve

The option reserve is used to recognise funds received from options issued to shareholders. The reserve is recognised in contributed equity when the options are exercised and converted to ordinary share capital.

Share Based Payment Reserve

The share based payment reserve is used to recognise the fair value of unlisted options issued to employees but not converted into ordinary shares. The reserve is recognised in contributed equity when and if the relevant milestone is attained within the specified period and as a result the unlisted options concerned convert to ordinary shares.

14 Contributed Equity (continued)

(j) Nature and Purpose of Reserves (continued)

Performance Share Reserve

The performance share reserve is used to recognise the fair value of performance shares issued to the vendors of the Kinney Project but not converted into ordinary shares. The reserve is recognised in contributed equity when and if the relevant milestone is attained within the specified period and as a result the performance shares concerned convert to ordinary shares.

Foreign Currency Translation Reserve

The foreign currency translation reserve is used to record exchange differences arising on consolidation of subsidiaries with different functional currencies from that of the parent entity.

(k) Capital Risk Management

The Group's objective when managing capital is to safeguard the ability to continue as a going concern, so that it can provide returns for shareholders and benefits for other stakeholders and to maintain an optimal capital structure to reduce the cost of capital. In order to maintain or adjust the capital structure, the Group may adjust the return of capital to shareholders, issue new shares or sell assets to reduce debt. The Group defines capital as cash and cash equivalents plus equity.

The board of directors monitors capital on an ad-hoc basis. No formal targets are in place for return on capital. There are no gearing ratios as the Group has not derived any income from their mineral exploration and currently has no debt facilities in place.

15 Accumulated Losses	2013	2012
	\$	\$
Movements in accumulated losses:		
Balance at the beginning of the period	(503,572)	(85,672)
Net loss from continuing operations	(1,861,960)	(417,900)
Balance at the end of the year	<u>(2,365,532)</u>	<u>(503,572)</u>

16 Dividends

There were no dividends recommended or paid during the financial year.

17 Acquisition of Delta Coal Fund Pty Ltd

Summary of Acquisition

Delta Coal Fund Pty Ltd, pursuant to an option agreement between Delta Coal and Carbon Resources, dated 17 March 2011, held an exclusive right to purchase a 100% interest in the Kinney Project, a thermal coal project located near Scofield in Utah in the USA.

Delta Coal exercised its right to acquire the Kinney Project from Carbon Resources via an asset purchase agreement. In accordance with the asset purchase agreement Delta Coal acquired 100% of the Kinney Project and assigned its interest in the Kinney Project to its wholly owned subsidiary, Wasatch Natural Resources LLC.

The date on which New Horizon Coal Limited acquired 100% interest in Delta Coal Fund Pty Ltd, Wasatch Natural Resources and the Kinney Coal Project was 30 November 2011.

Details of the fair value of the assets and liabilities acquired as at 30 November 2011 are as follows:

17 Acquisition of Delta Coal Fund Pty Ltd (continued)

	Number	Price	\$
Purchase consideration comprises:			
Ordinary shares	10,000,000	\$0.220	2,200,000
Performance shares	30,000,000	\$0.183	5,500,000
			<u>7,700,000</u>
Net assets acquired:			
Cash			126,808
Other receivables			2,768
Exploration expenditure			18,731,191
Trade and other payables			(10,325,793)
Shareholder loans			(834,165)
Other loans			(809)
Net identifiable assets			<u>7,700,000</u>

18 Directors and Key Management Personnel Disclosures

(a) Directors

The following persons were directors during the reporting period:

Gary Steinepreis appointed 4 June 2010

Michael Placha appointed 2 December 2011

Carl Coward appointed 2 December 2011

Mark Sanders appointed 1 November 2012

(b) Key Management

Wasatch Natural Resources entered into an Executive Services Agreement on 17 October 2011 with **Greg Hunt** pursuant to which Mr Hunt will serve as Chief Operating Officer of Wasatch.

Upon the conclusion of the acquisition of the Kinney Coal Project New Horizon Coal became the 100% owner of Wasatch.

The amount of remuneration paid to key management personnel, other than directors, during the year is set out below:

30 June 2013	Salary	Share based options	Bonus payment	Medical insurance	Total
	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
Greg Hunt	142,246	214,292	-	7,885	364,423
TOTAL	<u>142,246</u>	<u>214,292</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>7,885</u>	<u>364,423</u>
30 June 2012	Salary	Share based options	Bonus payment	Medical insurance	Total
	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
Greg Hunt	74,516	137,504	47,037	4,703	263,760
TOTAL	<u>74,516</u>	<u>137,504</u>	<u>47,037</u>	<u>4,703</u>	<u>263,760</u>

18 Directors and Key Management Personnel Disclosures (continued)

- (c) The total payments made to directors and key management personnel during the year are set out below:

Services provided by directors and key management personnel and recognised as an expense	2013	2012
	\$	\$
Short term employee benefits	537,749	488,992
Post-employment benefits	2,970	1,734
Share based payments	811,874	275,008
	1,352,593	765,734

Detailed remuneration disclosures with regard to amounts paid to directors are provided in the audited remuneration report in the directors' report.

(d) Equity Instrument Disclosures Relating to Directors and Key Management Personnel

(i) Options holdings

Details of options held directly, indirectly or beneficially by directors and key management personnel and their related parties are as follows:

2013	Held at 1/7/2012	Options acquired	Share based payments	Held at 30/6/2013	Vested and exercisable at 30/6/2013
Name					
Directors:					
Gary Steinepreis (1)	4,912,186	-	-	4,912,186	4,912,186
Michael Placha (2)	5,454,546	(5,000,000)	10,000,000	10,454,546	10,454,546
Carl Coward (3)	1,336,364	-	-	1,336,364	1,336,364
Mark Sanders (5)	-	-	1,000,000	1,000,000	500,000
Key Management:					
Greg Hunt (4)	5,000,000	-	-	5,000,000	-
Total	16,703,096	(5,000,000)	11,000,000	22,703,096	17,203,096

2012	Held at 1/7/2011	Options acquired	Share based payments	Held at 30/6/2012	Vested and exercisable at 30/6/2012
Name					
Directors:					
Gary Steinepreis (1)	3,275,000	1,637,186	-	4,912,186	4,912,186
Michael Placha (2)	-	454,546	5,000,000	5,454,546	454,546
Carl Coward (3)	-	1,336,364	-	1,336,364	1,336,364
Robert Hodby	*	-	-	-	-
Patrick Burke	*	-	-	-	-
Key Management:					
Greg Hunt (4)	-	-	5,000,000	5,000,000	-
Total	3,275,000	3,428,096	10,000,000	16,703,096	6,703,096

* Robert Hodby and Patrick Burke resigned as directors on 2 December 2011 and as such are no longer required to report their security holdings.

18 Directors and Key Management Personnel Disclosures (continued)

(d) Equity Instrument Disclosures Relating to Directors and Key Management Personnel (continued)

(ii) Ordinary shareholdings

Details of equity instruments (other than options and performance shares) held directly, indirectly, or beneficially by directors and key management personnel and their related parties are as follows:

2013 Name	Held at 1/7/2012	Shares acquired	Other changes	Balance 30/6/2013
Directors:				
Gary Steinepreis (1)	5,562,186	1,250,000	-	6,812,186
Michael Placha (2)	654,546	-	-	654,546
Carl Coward (3)	9,679,777	6,286,950	-	15,966,727
Mark Sanders (5)	-	625,000	-	625,000
Key Management:				
Greg Hunt (4)	-	-	-	-
Total	15,896,509	8,161,950	-	24,058,459

(ii) Ordinary shareholdings (continued)

2012 Name	Held at 1/7/2011	Shares acquired	Other changes	Balance 30/6/2012
Directors:				
Gary Steinepreis (1)	3,275,000	2,287,186	-	5,562,186
Michael Placha (2)	-	654,546	-	654,546
Carl Coward (3)	-	9,679,777	-	9,679,777
Robert Hodby	*	-	-	-
Patrick Burke	*	-	-	-
Key Management:				
Greg Hunt (4)	-	-	-	-
Total	3,275,000	12,621,509	-	15,896,509

* Robert Hodby and Patrick Burke resigned as directors on 2 December 2011 and as such are no longer required to report their security holdings.

- (1) **Gary Steinepreis** holds his interests in shares and options directly in his own name 10,000 and indirectly 3,265,000 through: Jacqueline Steinepreis his spouse; LeisureWest Consulting Pty Ltd as trustee of the LeisureWest Trust of which he is sole director and potential beneficiary; Oakhurst Enterprises Pty Ltd of which he is sole director and 50% shareholder; Ascent Capital Holdings Pty Ltd (ACH), of which, he is sole director and Oakhurst Enterprises Pty Ltd is a 50% shareholder; Ascent Capital Pty Ltd, of which, he is sole director and is a subsidiary of ACH; and Ascent Minerals Pty Ltd, of which, he is sole director and is a subsidiary of ACH.
- (2) **Michael Placha** holds his interests in shares and options in his own name.
- (3) **Carl Coward** holds his interests in shares and options directly in his own name and indirectly through Budo HO A/C.
- (4) **Greg Hunt** holds his interests in shares and options in his own name.
- (5) **Mark Sanders** holds his interests in shares and options in his own name.

18 Directors and Key Management Personnel Disclosures (continued)

(d) Equity Instrument Disclosures Relating to Directors and Key Management Personnel (continued)

(iii) Performance Shareholdings

Details of equity instruments (other than ordinary shares and options) held directly, indirectly, or beneficially by directors and key management personnel and their related parties are as follows:

2013 Name	Held at 1/7/2012	Performance Shares allotted	Conversion performance shares	Balance 30/6/2013
Directors:				
Gary Steinepreis (1)	-	-	-	-
Michael Placha (2)	-	-	-	-
Carl Coward (3)	4,000,000	-	-	4,000,000
Mark Sanders (5)	-	-	-	-
Key Management:				
Greg Hunt (4)	-	-	-	-
Total	4,000,000	-	-	4,000,000

2012 Name	Held at 1/7/2011	Performance Shares allotted	Conversion performance shares	Balance 30/6/2012
Directors:				
Gary Steinepreis (1)	-	-	-	-
Michael Placha (2)	-	-	-	-
Carl Coward (3)	-	6,000,000	(2,000,000)	4,000,000
Robert Hodby	*	-	-	-
Patrick Burke	*	-	-	-
Key Management:				
Greg Hunt (4)	-	-	-	-
Total	-	6,000,000	(2,000,000)	4,000,000

* Robert Hodby and Patrick Burke resigned as directors on 2 December 2011 and as such are no longer required to report their security holdings.

Performance shares were issued to the shareholders of Delta Coal Fund Pty Ltd as part of the purchase price of the Kinney Coal Project. Mr Coward is a shareholder of Delta Coal Fund and the performance shares issued to him do not form part of his remuneration. Mr Coward has an interest in 2,000,000 class B and 2,000,000 class C performance shares.

(e) Other Transactions with Directors and Key Management Personnel

Office accommodation – Provided by Ascent Capital Holdings Pty Ltd, an entity owned by interests associated with Gary Steinepreis, on commercial terms and conditions.

Services provided by directors and key management personnel and recognised as an expense	2013 \$	2012 \$
Short term benefits – Office accommodation	45,000	42,000
	45,000	42,000

18 Directors and Key Management Personnel Disclosures (continued)

(f) Performance based remuneration of Directors and Key Management Personnel

The amount of performance based remuneration paid to directors and key management personnel is set out in the *Audited Remuneration* section of the *Directors Report*.

19 Related Party Transactions

Ascent Capital Holdings Pty Ltd (Ascent Capital) is a company owned 50% by Oakhurst Enterprises Pty Ltd of which Gary Steinepreis is the sole director and 50% shareholder. Ascent Capital is paid fees for the provision of office accommodation including all outgoings.

The amount of remuneration paid to related parties during the financial year is set out in *note 18* and in the *Audited Remuneration* section of the *Directors Report*.

There are no outstanding loans to or from related parties. There are no outstanding balances arising from sales / purchases of goods and services to or from related parties.

Wasatch Natural Resources LLC and Delta Coal Fund Pty Ltd are wholly owned subsidiaries (100%) of New Horizon Coal Limited. Transactions between the entities are eliminated upon consolidation.

20 Remuneration of Auditors

Assurance Services	2013	2012
<i>Audit Services</i>	\$	\$
Amounts paid/payable to BDO Audit (WA) Pty Ltd (BDO) for audit and review of the financial reports	37,460	28,554
<i>Non-Audit Services</i>		
Amounts paid/payable to BDO Corporate Finance (WA) Pty Ltd for independent accountants report for inclusion in a prospectus	-	21,850

It is the Company's policy to employ BDO on assignments additional to their statutory audit duties where BDO's expertise and experience with the Company are important. These assignments are principally tax advice and due diligence reporting on acquisitions, or where BDO are awarded assignments on a competitive basis. It is the Company's policy to seek competitive tenders for all major material consulting projects.

21 Reconciliation of Loss After Income Tax to Net Cash Outflow from Operating Activities	2013	2012
	\$	\$
Loss for the year	(1,861,960)	(417,900)
Non-cash operating items		
Impairment expense	301,700	10,000
Share based payments	811,874	275,008
Depreciation	1,938	4,105
Shareholder loans defeased	-	(240,584)
Foreign currency movement	61,091	(55,942)
Changes in operating assets and liabilities:		
Net movement in trade receivables and payables		
(Increase) / decrease in trade and other receivables	(439)	(8,569)
Increase / (decrease) in trade and other payables	(62,873)	132,552
Net cash outflow from operating activities	(748,669)	(301,330)

22 Non-Cash Investing and Financing Activities	2013	2012
Acquisition of Delta Coal Fund	-	7,700,000
	<u>-</u>	<u>7,700,000</u>

Delta Coal exercised its right to acquire the Kinney Project from Carbon Resources via an asset purchase agreement. In accordance with the asset purchase agreement Delta Coal acquired 100% of the Kinney Project and assigned its interest in the Kinney Project to its wholly owned subsidiary, Wasatch Natural Resources LLC. New Horizon Coal Limited acquired 100% interest in Delta Coal Fund Pty Ltd, Wasatch Natural Resources and the Kinney Coal Project on 30 November 2011.

23 Loss Per Share	2013	2012
(a) Basic and Diluted Loss Per Share	Cents	Cents
Loss from operations attributable to the ordinary equity holders of the Company	(1.84)	(0.46)
Total loss attributable to the ordinary equity holders of the Company	<u>(1.84)</u>	<u>(0.46)</u>
(b) Reconciliation of Loss used in Calculating Loss Per Share	2013	2012
	\$	\$
Loss attributable to the ordinary equity holders of the Company used in calculating basic and diluted loss per share	<u>(1,861,960)</u>	<u>(417,900)</u>
(c) Weighted Average Number of Shares Used as the Denominator	2013	2012
	Number	Number
Weighted average number of ordinary shares used as the denominator in calculating basic loss per share	<u>101,076,027</u>	<u>90,268,293</u>

(d) Information Concerning the Classification of Securities

Options and Performance Shares

Options and performance shares are considered to be potential ordinary shares. The options and performance shares have not been included in the determination of basic earnings per share or diluted earnings per share as the company is in a position of loss.

24 Contingent Liabilities

There are no contingent liabilities. (2012:Nil)

25 Commitments

Kinney Coal Project

Under the asset purchase agreement to acquire the Kinney Coal Project a further deferred settlement (second deferred settlement) of USD\$15,000,000 is payable via a non-recourse promissory note, to be delivered to Carbon Resources upon the first to occur of:

- (1) Wasatch Natural Resources LLC completing a bankable feasibility study on the Kinney Project that results in a positive decision to mine the Kinney Project; or

25 Commitments (continued)

- (2) 36 months after the asset purchase agreement completion date, and in the event that the bankable feasibility study does not result in a positive decision to mine and 36 months has expired then the Kinney Coal Project will be transferred back to Carbon Resources in accordance with the asset purchase agreement and the Company will retain no interest in the Kinney Coal Project, forfeit the consideration paid to Carbon Resources as at that date and any funds expended on the project to that date will be lost.

Further to the above the Surface Mining Control and Reclamation Act of 1977 of the USA provides that, as a prerequisite for obtaining a coal mining permit, a person must post a reclamation bond to ensure that the regulatory authority will have sufficient funds to reclaim the site if the permittee fails to complete the reclamation plan approved in the permit. The amount of the reclamation to be lodged is USD\$2.2 million. The development of the Kinney Coal Project depends, amongst other things, upon the Group being granted a permit to mine the coal resource.

26 Events Occurring After Reporting Date

Other than as disclosed in these Financial Statements, there has been no matter or circumstance that has arisen that has significantly affected, or may significantly affect:

1. the Company's operations in future financial years, or
2. the results of those operations in future financial years, or
3. the Company's state of affairs in future financial years.

27 New Horizon Coal Ltd Parent Company Information

Financial Position	2013	2012
	\$	\$
Current assets		
Cash and cash equivalents	853,962	1,329,652
Prepayments	-	3,500
Trade and other receivables	11,547	7,855
Total current assets	865,509	1,341,007
Non-current assets		
Loans to subsidiaries	13,417,322	11,516,234
Investment in subsidiary	7,700,000	7,700,000
Total non-current assets	21,117,322	19,216,234
Total assets	21,982,831	20,557,241
Current liabilities		
Provisions	15,500	15,500
Trade and other payables	19,909	12,383
Total liabilities	35,409	27,883
Net Assets	21,947,422	20,529,358
Equity		
Contributed equity	19,285,525	17,395,140
Option premium reserve	183,812	183,812
Performance share reserve	3,300,000	3,300,000
Share based payment reserve	444,005	275,008
Accumulated losses	(1,265,920)	(624,602)
Total Equity	21,947,422	20,529,358

27 New Horizon Coal Ltd Parent Company Information (continued)

Financial Performance	2013	2012
	\$	\$
Revenue from operations	22,372	144,526
Expenses from operations	(1,306,567)	(683,456)
Loss before income tax	(1,284,195)	(538,930)
Income tax expense	-	-
Loss for the year	(1,284,195)	(538,930)
Other comprehensive income net of tax	-	-
Total comprehensive loss attributable to the members of New Horizon Coal Ltd	(1,284,195)	(538,930)

The Directors' of the Company declare that:

- 1 The financial statements and notes as set out on pages 18 to 49 are in accordance with the *Corporations Act 2001*, and
 - (i) comply with Accounting Standards and the *Corporations Regulations 2001* and other mandatory professional reporting requirements; and
 - (ii) give a true and fair view of the financial position of the Group as at 30 June 2013 and of its performance for the year ended on that date.
- 2 The Managing Director has given the declarations required by S295A of the *Corporations Act 2001*.
- 3 The Company has included in the notes to the financial statements an explicit and unreserved statement of compliance with International Financial Reporting Standards.
- 4 In the opinion of the directors' there are reasonable grounds to believe that the Company will be able to pay its debts as and when they become due and payable.

This declaration is made in accordance with a resolution of the Board of Directors.



Gary Steinepreis
Director
West Perth
27 September 2013

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the members of New Horizon Coal Limited

Report on the Financial Report

We have audited the accompanying financial report of New Horizon Coal Limited, which comprises the consolidated statement of financial position as at 30 June 2013, the consolidated statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income, the consolidated statement of changes in equity and the consolidated statement of cash flows for the year then ended, notes comprising a summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information, and the directors' declaration of the consolidated entity comprising the company and the entities it controlled at the year's end or from time to time during the financial year.

Directors' Responsibility for the Financial Report

The directors of the company are responsible for the preparation of the financial report that gives a true and fair view in accordance with Australian Accounting Standards and the *Corporations Act 2001* and for such internal control as the directors determine is necessary to enable the preparation of the financial report that gives a true and fair view and is free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error. In Note 1(a), the directors also state, in accordance with Accounting Standard AASB 101 *Presentation of Financial Statements*, that the financial statements comply with *International Financial Reporting Standards*.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the financial report based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with Australian Auditing Standards. Those standards require that we comply with relevant ethical requirements relating to audit engagements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial report is free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial report. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgement, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial report, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the company's preparation of the financial report that gives a true and fair view in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the company's internal control. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates made by the directors, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial report.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

Independence

In conducting our audit, we have complied with the independence requirements of the *Corporations Act 2001*. We confirm that the independence declaration required by the *Corporations Act 2001*, which has been given to the directors of New Horizon Coal Limited, would be in the same terms if given to the directors as at the time of this auditor's report.



Opinion

In our opinion:

- (a) the financial report of New Horizon Coal Limited is in accordance with the *Corporations Act 2001*, including:
 - (i) giving a true and fair view of the consolidated entity's financial position as at 30 June 2013 and of its performance for the year ended on that date; and
 - (ii) complying with Australian Accounting Standards and the *Corporations Regulations 2001*; and
- (b) the financial report also complies with *International Financial Reporting Standards* as disclosed in Note 1(a).

Emphasis of matter

Without modifying our opinion, we draw attention to Note 1(b) in the financial report, which indicates that the ability of the consolidated entity to continue as a going concern is dependent upon the future successful raising of necessary funding through equity, successful exploration and subsequent exploitation of the consolidated entity's tenements, and/or sale of non-core assets. These conditions, along with other matters as set out in Note 1(b), indicate the existence of a material uncertainty that may cast significant doubt about the company's ability to continue as a going concern and therefore, the company may be unable to realise its assets and discharge its liabilities in the normal course of business.

Report on the Remuneration Report

We have audited the Remuneration Report included in the directors' report for the year ended 30 June 2013. The directors of the company are responsible for the preparation and presentation of the Remuneration Report in accordance with section 300A of the *Corporations Act 2001*. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the Remuneration Report, based on our audit conducted in accordance with Australian Auditing Standards.

Opinion

In our opinion, the Remuneration Report of New Horizon Coal Limited for the year ended 30 June 2013 complies with section 300A of the *Corporations Act 2001*.

BDO Audit (WA) Pty Ltd

A handwritten signature in blue ink, appearing to read 'Peter Toll', is written over a faint blue BDO logo.

Peter Toll

Director

Perth, 27 September 2013

Corporate Governance Statement

New Horizon Coal Ltd and its wholly owned subsidiaries (the Group) and the Board are committed to achieving and demonstrating the highest standards of corporate governance. The Board continues to review the framework and practices to ensure they meet the interests of shareholders.

The disclosure of corporate governance practices can be viewed on the Company website at www.newhorizonminerals.com.au.

The directors are responsible to the shareholders for the performance of the Group in both the short and the longer term and seek to balance sometimes competing objectives in the best interests of the Group as a whole. Their focus is to enhance the interests of shareholders and other key stakeholders and to ensure the Group is properly managed.

Day to day management of the Group's affairs and the implementation of the corporate strategy and policy initiatives are undertaken by the Board.

Corporate Governance Compliance

A description of the Group's main corporate governance practices are set out below. The Group has considered the ASX Corporate Governance Principles and the corresponding Recommendations to determine an appropriate system of control and accountability to best fit its business and operations commensurate with these guidelines.

Disclosure of Corporate Governance Practices Summary Statement

	ASX Principles and Recommendations	"If not, why not"
Recommendation 1.1	✓	
Recommendation 1.2	✓	
Recommendation 2.1		✓
Recommendation 2.2		✓
Recommendation 2.3	✓	
Recommendation 2.4		✓
Recommendation 2.5	✓	
Recommendation 2.6	✓	
Recommendation 3.1	✓	
Recommendation 3.2		✓
Recommendation 3.3		✓
Recommendation 3.4		✓
Recommendation 4.1		✓
Recommendation 4.2		✓
Recommendation 4.3	✓	
Recommendation 4.4		✓
Recommendation 5.1	✓	
Recommendation 6.1	✓	
Recommendation 7.1	✓	

Disclosure – Principles & Recommendations – period ended 30 June 2013

Principle 1 – Lay solid foundations for management and oversight

Recommendation 1.1:

Companies should establish the functions reserved to the Board and those delegated to senior executives and disclose those functions.

Disclosure:

The Directors are responsible to the shareholders for the performance of the Group in both the short and the longer term and seek to balance sometimes competing objectives in the best interests of the Group as a whole. Their focus is to enhance the interests of shareholders and other key stakeholders and to ensure the Group is properly managed.

Day to day management of the Group's affairs and the implementation of the corporate strategy and policy initiatives are undertaken by the Board and the Managing Director who acts in the capacity as CEO.

The matters that the Board has specifically reserved for its decision are:

- the appointment and management of the CEO;
- approval of the overall strategy and annual budgets of the business; and
- compliance with constitutional documents.

The CEO is delegated the authority to ensure the effective day-to-day management of the business and the Board monitors the exercise of these powers. The CEO is required to report regularly to the Board on the performance of the Business.

Some Board functions are handled through Board Committees. These committees are appointed when the size and scale of operations requires. However, the Board as a whole is responsible for determining the extent of powers residing in each Committee and is ultimately responsible for accepting, modifying or rejecting Committee recommendations.

Recommendation 1.2:

Companies should disclose the process for evaluating the performance of senior executives.

Disclosure:

The Board is responsible for evaluating the senior executives. Induction procedures are in place and senior executives have formal job descriptions which includes the process for evaluating their performance.

There was no formal performance evaluation of the senior executives during the financial year.

Principle 2 – Structure the board to add value

Recommendation 2.1:

A majority of the Board should be independent directors.

Disclosure:

The Group does not have a majority of independent directors.

Principle 2 – Structure the board to add value (continued)

Recommendation 2.1: (continued)

Disclosure: (continued)

Consistent with the size of the Group and its activities, the Board is comprised of four (4) directors, one of whom is considered to be independent.

The Board's policy is that the majority of directors shall be independent, non-executive directors. The composition of the Board does not currently conform to its policy. It is the Board's intention to comply with its policy at a time when the size of the Group and its activities warrants such a structure.

Recommendation 2.2:

The Chair should be an independent director.

Disclosure:

Gary Steinepreis acts as Chair of the Board, he is not independent. It is the Board's intention to comply with its policy at a time when the size of the Group and its activities warrants such a structure.

Recommendation 2.3:

The roles of the Chair and CEO should not be exercised by the same individual.

Disclosure:

The role of the Chairman and the CEO are exercised by the same person.

The division of responsibilities between the Chairman and the CEO is set out in the Board Charter. It is the Board's intention to comply with its policy at a time when the size of the Group and its activities warrants such a structure.

Recommendation 2.4:

The Board should establish a Nomination Committee.

Disclosure:

A nomination committee has not been established.

The role of the Nomination Committee has been assumed by the full Board operating under the Nomination Committee Charter adopted by the Board.

Recommendation 2.5:

Companies should disclose the process for evaluating the performance of the Board, its committees and individual directors.

Disclosure:

The Chairman is responsible for evaluation of the CEO, the Board and the committees.

The review is currently informal but is based on a review of goals for the Board and individual Directors.

Principle 2 – Structure the board to add value (continued)

Recommendation 2.5: (continued)

Disclosure: (continued)

The goals are based on corporate requirements and any areas for improvement that may be identified. The Chairman will provide each Director with confidential feedback on his or her performance.

Induction procedures are in place for all directors and senior executives report to the Board as to their area of responsibility at each Board meeting, if required.

Recommendation 2.6:

Companies should provide the information indicated in the *Guide to reporting on Principle 2*.

Disclosure:

Skills, Experience, Expertise and term of office of each Director and re-election procedure

A profile of each director containing their skills, experience and expertise is set out in the Directors' Report.

In accordance with the Constitution, one third of the directors retire by rotation each year and may offer themselves for re-election.

In determining candidates for the Board the Nomination Committee considers the procedure as detailed in the Board Charter and the skills and qualifications of potential candidates that will best enhance the Board's effectiveness taking into consideration the current composition of the Board.

Identification of Independent Directors

There are no independent directors of the Group. Independence is measured having regard to the relationships listed in Box 2.1 of the Principles & Recommendations.

Statement concerning availability of Independent Professional Advice

To assist directors with independent judgement, it is the Board's policy that if a director considers it necessary to obtain independent professional advice to properly discharge the responsibility of their office as a director then, provided the director first obtains approval for incurring such expense from the Chairman, the Group will pay the reasonable expenses associated with obtaining such advice.

Principle 3 – Promote ethical and responsible decision-making

Recommendation 3.1:

Companies should establish a Code of Conduct and disclose the code or a summary of the code as to:

- the practices necessary to maintain confidence in the Group's integrity;
- the practices necessary to take into account their legal obligations and the reasonable expectations of their stakeholders; and
- the responsibility and accountability of individuals for reporting and investigating reports of unethical practices.

Principle 3 – Promote ethical and responsible decision-making (continued)

Disclosure:

The Group has a Code of Conduct that applies to all Directors, senior executives, employees and contractors.

Recommendation 3.2:

Companies should establish a policy concerning diversity and disclose the policy or a summary of that policy. The policy should include requirements for the Board to establish measurable objectives for achieving gender diversity for the Board to assess annually both the objectives and progress in achieving them.

Disclosure:

The Board supports diversity but the Group has not yet developed a policy. It is the Board's intention to develop a policy at a time when the size of the Group and its activities warrants such a structure.

Recommendation 3.3:

Companies should disclose in each annual report the measurable objectives for achieving gender diversity set by the board in accordance with the diversity policy and progress towards achieving them.

Disclosure:

The Board supports diversity but the Group has not yet developed a policy.

Recommendation 3.4:

Companies should disclose in each annual report the proportion of women employees in the whole organisation, women in senior executive positions and women on the Board.

Disclosure:

There are no women employees in the organization or in senior executive positions or on the Board.

Principle 4 – Safeguard integrity in financial reporting

Recommendation 4.1

The Board should establish an Audit Committee.

Disclosure:

An audit committee has not been established.

The role of the Audit Committee has been assumed by the full Board operating under the Audit Committee Charter adopted by the Board.

Recommendation 4.2:

The Audit Committee should be structured so that it:

- consists only of non-executive directors;
- consists of a majority of independent directors;
- is chaired by an independent Chair, who is not Chair of the Board; and
- has at least three members.

Principle 4 – Safeguard integrity in financial reporting (continued)

Recommendation 4.2: (continued)

Disclosure:

There is no audit committee. However, if one was established the Board policy is that it would have two (2) members who are non-executive directors. This structure would comply with the structure set out in the Board Charter adopted by the Group but not with the ASX Corporate Governance Principles and the corresponding Recommendations.

Recommendation 4.3:

The Audit Committee should have a formal charter.

Disclosure:

The Group has an Audit Committee Charter although this is currently administered by the Board.

Recommendation 4.4:

Companies should provide the information indicated in the *Guide to reporting on Principle 4*.

Disclosure:

There is no Audit Committee and the whole Board acts in this capacity in accordance with the Board Charter.

When established, the Audit Committee plans to hold a minimum of 3 meetings per year. It is intended that the Group's auditor will be invited to attend all Audit Committee meetings held during the financial year.

The Group has established procedures for the selection, appointment and rotation of its external auditor. The Board is responsible for the initial appointment of the external auditor and the appointment of a new external auditor when any vacancy arises, as recommended by the Audit Committee. Candidates for the position of external auditor must demonstrate independence from the Group through the engagement period. The Board may otherwise select an external auditor based on criteria relevant to the Group's business and circumstances. The performance of the external auditor is reviewed on an annual basis by the Board.

Principle 5 – Make timely and balanced disclosure

Recommendation 5.1:

Companies should establish written policies designed to ensure compliance with ASX Listing Rule disclosure requirements and to ensure accountability at a senior executive level for that compliance and disclose those policies or a summary of those policies.

Disclosure:

The Board Charter contains the policies designed to ensure compliance with ASX Listing Rule disclosure and accountability at a senior executive level for that compliance.

Principle 6 – Respect the rights of shareholders

Recommendation 6.1:

Companies should design a communications policy for promoting effective communication with shareholders and encouraging their participation at general meetings and disclose their policy or a summary of that policy.

Disclosure:

The Group has a Shareholder Communications Policy contained within the Policy on Continuous Disclosure and a website for making information available to shareholders. Shareholders are encouraged to attend and participate in general meetings.

Principle 7 – Recognise and manage risk

Recommendation 7.1:

Companies should establish policies for the oversight and management of material business risks and disclose a summary of those policies.

Disclosure:

The Board has adopted a Risk Management Policy. As detailed in 7.2 no risk management committee has been formed and this role is undertaken by the Board, however, the overall basis for risk management is to provide recommendations about:

1. Assessing the internal processes for determining and managing key risk areas, particularly:
 - non-compliance with laws, regulations, standards and best practice guidelines, including environmental and industrial relations laws;
 - litigation and claims; and
 - relevant business risks other than those that are dealt with by other specific Board Committees.
2. Ensuring that the Group has an effective risk management system and that major risks to the Group are reported at least annually to the Board.
3. Receiving from management reports on all suspected and actual frauds, thefts and breaches of laws.
4. Evaluating the process the Group has in place for assessing and continuously improving internal controls, particularly those related to areas of significant risk.
5. Assessing whether management has controls in place for unusual types of transactions and/or any potential transactions that may carry more than an acceptable degree of risk.
6. Meeting periodically with key management, internal and external auditors and compliance staff to understand and discuss the Group's control environment.

Recommendation 7.2:

The Board should require management to design and implement the risk management and internal control system to manage the Group's material business risks and report to it on whether those risks are being managed effectively. The Board should disclose that management has reported to it as to the effectiveness of the Group's management of its material business risks.

Principle 7 – Recognise and manage risk (continued)

Recommendation 7.2: (continued)

Disclosure:

Management designs, implements and maintains risk management and internal control systems to manage the Group's material business risks. As part of the monthly reporting procedure, management report to the Board confirming that those risks are being managed effectively.

The Group policies are designed to ensure strategic, operational, legal, reputation and financial risks are identified, assessed, effectively and efficiently managed and monitored to enable achievement of the Group's business objectives.

A Risk Management Committee has not been formed and no internal audit function exists. All functions, roles and responsibilities with regard to risk oversight and management and internal control are undertaken by Management as at the date of this report.

Recommendation 7.3:

The Board should disclose whether it has received assurance from the Chief Executive Officer (or equivalent) and the Chief Financial Officer (or equivalent) that the declaration provided in accordance with section 295A of the Corporations Act is founded on a sound system of risk management and internal control and that the system is operating effectively in all material respects in relation to financial reporting risks.

Disclosure:

Due to the size of the Group, the Board signed the declaration in accordance with section 295A of the Corporations Act. The declaration is made and is founded on a sound system of risk management and internal control and that the system is operating effectively in all material respects in relation to financial risk.

Principle 8 – Remunerate fairly and responsibly

Recommendation 8.1:

The Board should establish a Remuneration Committee.

Disclosure:

A Remuneration Committee has not been established.

The role of the Remuneration Committee has been assumed by the full Board operating under the Remuneration Committee Charter adopted by the Board.

Recommendation 8.2:

Companies should clearly distinguish the structure of non-executive directors' remuneration from that of executive directors and senior executives.

Principle 8 – Remunerate fairly and responsibly (continued)

Recommendation 8.2: (continued)

Disclosure:

Non-executive directors are remunerated at a fixed fee for time, commitment and responsibilities. Remuneration for non-executive directors is not linked to the performance of the Group. There are no documented agreements providing for termination or retirement benefits to non-executive directors (other than for superannuation). There are currently no options issued to non-executive directors.

Executive directors and senior executives are offered a competitive level of base pay at market rates and are reviewed annually to ensure market competitiveness. Long term performance incentives may include performance and production bonus payments, shares / options granted at the discretion of the Board and subject to obtaining the relevant approvals.

The shareholder information set out below was applicable as at the dates specified.

1 Distribution of Equity Securities (Current as at 27 September 2013)

Analysis of numbers of security holders by size of holding:

			Number of Share- holders	Number of Shares	Number of Option- holders	Number of Options
1	-	1,000	9	48	1	999
1,001	-	5,000	9	32,294	1	5,000
5,001	-	10,000	121	1,191,950	80	794,429
10,001	-	100,000	191	9,604,853	128	7,421,787
100,001	-	and over	146	107,170,855	97	70,277,785
			476	118,000,000	307	78,500,000

There were 174 holders of less than a marketable parcel of ordinary shares.

2 Substantial Holders (Current as at 27 September 2013)

Substantial holders of equity securities, ordinary shares, in the Company are set out below:

Ordinary Shares (Holders with 5% or more)

Name	Number held	Percentage of issued shares
Mr Carl Coward and Mr Carl Coward <BUDO HO A/C>	9,679,777	10.40
Brennan Super (WA) Pty Ltd <A T Brennan Superfund A/C>	11,990,640	10.16
Lujeta Pty Ltd <The Margaret Account>	8,035,000	8.64
Mr Anastasios Arima and Moshos Family Investments Pty Ltd <Moshos Family A/C>	6,149,360	6.61
Ascent Capital Holdings Pty Ltd and Gary Steinepreis and associated entities	5,562,186	5.66

3 Listing Rule 4.10.19

The Company confirms that it has used the cash assets and assets in a form readily convertible to cash that it had at the time of admission in a way consistent with its business objectives.

4 Unlisted Option Holders (Current as at 27 September 2013)

Unlisted option holders are set out below:

Unlisted Options (Holders with 5% or more)		Percentage of unlisted options
Name	Number held	
Michael Placha	5,000,000	91%
Mark Sanders	500,000	9%
	5,500,000	100%
Greg Hunt	5,000,000	100%

5 Voting Rights

The voting rights attaching to each class of equity securities are set out below:

- 1 Ordinary Shares
On a show of hands every member present at a meeting in person or by proxy shall have one vote and upon a poll each share shall have one vote.
- 2 Options
These securities have no voting rights.

6 Restricted Securities

Ordinary Shares	Number
Date restricted to: 7 December 2013	4,000,000
	4,000,000

Performance Shares	Number	Date restricted to:
Class B	2,000,000	7 December 2013
Class C	2,000,000	7 December 2013
	4,000,000	

7 Equity Security Holders (Current as at 27 September 2013)

The names of the twenty largest holders of ordinary shares are listed below:

Ordinary Shares

Rank	Name	Number of shares	%
1	LUJETA PTY LTD <THE MARGARET ACCOUNT>	10,000,000	8.47
2	BRENNAN SUPER (WA) PTY LTD <A T BRENNAN SUPERFUND A/C>	8,150,360	6.91
3	MR CARL COWARD <BUDO HO A/C>	5,584,413	4.73
4	MR CARL COWARD	5,250,000	4.45
5	MS ANASTASIOS ARIMA	4,000,000	3.39
6	JOGCHUM BRINKSMA	4,000,000	3.39
7	MR CARL PHILIP COWARD	4,000,000	3.39
8	EDF TRADING LIMITED	4,000,000	3.39
9	VIENNA HOLDINGS PTY LTD <RONJEN SUPERFUND A/C>	3,310,000	2.81
10	WALL STREET NOMINEES PTY LTD <BRENNAN SUPERANNUATION FUND A/C>	3,000,000	2.54
11	ASCENT CAPITAL HOLDINGS PTY LTD	2,830,000	2.40
12	MR JASON PETERSON + MS LISA PETERSON <J & L PETERSON S/F A/C>	2,137,541	1.81
13	OAKHURST ENTERPRISES PTY LTD	1,900,000	1.61
14	MOSHOS FAMILY INVESTMENTS PTY LTD <MOSHOS FAMILY A/C>	1,636,364	1.39
15	TROCA ENTERPRISES PTY LTD <COULSON SUPER A/C>	1,598,773	1.35
16	SYMINGTON PTY LTD	1,400,000	1.19
17	MR ANASTASIOS ARIMA	1,392,497	1.18
18	OAKHURST ENTERPRISES PTY LTD	1,192,186	1.01
19	MR CARL COWARD	1,136,364	0.96
20	PACIFIC ROAD PROVIDENT PTY LTD	1,136,364	0.96
TOTAL FOR TOP 20:		67,654,862	57.33

8 Equity Security Holders (Current as at 27 September 2013)

The names of the twenty largest holders of quoted options are listed below:

Options

Rank	Name	Number of options	%
1	BRENNAN SUPER (WA) PTY LTD <A T BRENNAN SUPERFUND A/C>	9,250,000	11.78
2	LUJETA PTY LTD <THE MARGARET ACCOUNT>	6,850,000	8.73
3	MR MICHAEL PLACHA	5,454,546	6.95
4	TROCA ENTERPRISES PTY LTD <COULSON SUPER A/C>	4,268,182	5.44
5	ASCENT CAPITAL HOLDINGS PTY LTD	2,830,000	3.61
6	MR PETER NORMAN NEESON	2,737,023	3.49
7	MR JASON PETERSON + MS LISA PETERSON <J & L PETERSON S/F A/C>	1,650,000	2.10
8	MR TIMOTHY JAMES FLAVEL <THE FLAVEL INVESTMENT A/C>	1,585,000	2.02
9	J P MORGAN NOMINEES AUSTRALIA LIMITED	1,536,364	1.96
10	TOPSFIELD PTY LTD	1,363,636	1.74
11	MR MATTHEW DAVID GILLETT	1,273,561	1.62
12	OAKHURST ENTERPRISES PTY LTD	1,192,186	1.52
13	MR CARL COWARD	1,136,364	1.45
14	MOSHOS FAMILY INVESTMENTS PTY LTD <MOSHOS FAMILY A/C>	1,136,364	1.45
15	PACIFIC ROAD PROVIDENT PTY LTD	1,136,364	1.45
16	CELTIC CAPITAL PTY LTD <THE CELTIC CAPITAL A/C>	1,087,541	1.39
17	GLENNDON PTY LTD <PROBERT INVESTMENT A/C>	1,052,714	1.34
18	SECURE INVESTMENTS (WA) PTY LTD <NEST EGG SUPER FUND A/C>	1,021,416	1.30
19	TM CONSULTING PTY LTD <TM CONSULTING SUPER FUND A/C>	975,000	1.24
20	GOLDSHORE INVESTMENTS PTY LTD <THE GOLDSHORE A/C>	909,091	1.16
TOTAL FOR TOP 20:		48,445,352	61.71

9 On-Market Buy-Back

There is no current on-market buy-back.

10 Tenement Schedule

Kinney Coal Project – Permit number C0070047