

DAVID JONES LIMITED
FULL YEAR (FY09) RESULTS
AUGUST 2008 – JULY 2009



Presenters:
Mark McInnes – Chief Executive
Stephen Goddard – Finance Director

David Jones FY09 results presentation



1. Full year (FY09) results

2. David Jones has a proven performance track record
3. David Jones is poised for further growth

Highlights



- Record FY profit result & dividend since 1995 listing
- 2H09 PAT* up 36.0% on LY
- FY10 PAT Guidance 0%-5% growth reaffirmed
- Poised for further growth

** Underlying PAT - removing profit from sale of Bourke St Home Store in 2H08*

3

Financial Highlights



- Total Company PAT \$156.5m
- Total Company 'PAT to Sales Ratio' up 140bp –
FY09 7.9% vs FY08 6.5%
- Gross Profit Margin
 - up 50bp to 39.7% in 2H09
 - up 5bp to 39.6% for FY09
- CODB reduced by 90bp (30.3% FY09 vs 31.2%
FY08)

4

Financial Highlights



- Financial Services EBIT +7.5% with new sign-ups of DJs Amex cards significantly ahead of expectations
- Doncaster on track for Sales of \$55m-\$60m & EBIT of \$7m-\$8m in Year 1
- Inventory clean & 4.8% below LY – continued track record of strong inventory management

5

Financial Highlights



- 2H09 Dividend increased to 17cps
- FY09 Dividend increased to 28cps
- Continued track record of returning cash to shareholders despite difficult trading conditions

6

Profit Summary 2H09



	2H09	2H08	Change	
	\$m	\$m		%
Sales	924.3	963.8	-	4.1%
Gross Profit	367.3	378.1		
% to sales	39.7%	39.2%	+	50bp
Cost of Doing Business	(297.3)	(322.0)		
% to sales	32.2%	33.4%	-	120bp
- Department Stores EBIT	70.0	56.1	+	24.8%
- Financial Services EBIT	21.5	20.0	+	7.5%
EBIT - TOTAL	91.6	76.2	+	20.2%
% to sales	9.9%	7.9%	+	200bp
Net Interest Expense	(4.1)	(7.2)	-	42.8%
Profit before Tax	87.5	69.0	+	26.8%
Income Tax Expense	(22.1)	(20.9)	+	5.7%
Profit after Tax	65.4	48.1	+	36.0%

* Underlying PAT - removing profit from sale of Bourke St Home Store in 2H08

7

Profit Summary FY09



	FY09	FY08	Change	
	\$m	\$m		%
Sales	1,985.5	2,098.0	-	5.4%
Gross Profit	786.1	829.8		
% to sales	39.6%	39.5%	+	5bp
Cost of Doing Business	(601.8)	(655.2)		
% to sales	30.3%	31.2%	-	90bp
- Department Stores EBIT	184.4	174.6	+	5.6%
- Financial Services EBIT	41.3	38.4	+	7.5%
EBIT - TOTAL	225.7	212.9	+	6.0%
% to sales	11.4%	10.2%	+	120bp
Net Interest Expense	(8.2)	(15.5)	-	46.8%
Profit before Tax	217.4	197.5	+	10.1%
Income Tax Expense	(60.9)	(60.4)	+	0.8%
Profit after Tax	156.5	137.1	+	14.2%
% to sales	7.9%	6.5%	+	140bp

* Underlying PAT - removing profit from sale of Bourke St Home Store in 2H08

8

Gross Profit



- Gross Profit up 50bp in 2H09
- Gross Profit up 5bp for FY09
- Gross Profit at 39.6% within our long-term range of 39.5%-40% despite difficult trading environment
- Gross Profit performance a reflection of strength of our business model & supplier terms renegotiation
- Continue to build Gross Profit % as trading conditions improve and with growth of higher margin categories in new stores & refurbished stores

9

Cost of Doing Business



- FY09 CODB 30.3% – reduced by 90bp from FY08
- Proven track record in sustainably reducing CODB% each year since FY03
- 58 CODB programs for FY10-FY12 on track – still have CODB reductions in each year for FY10, FY11 & FY12

Note: More detailed explanation of individual 4E cost lines shown in the Appendices

10

Cash Flow



- Cash position is strong & balance sheet is in exceptional shape with gearing of 11.4%
- Long term 'net' debt less than \$100m at end of FY09
- Continued strong free cash flow (after capex) of \$125.8m (vs \$128.3m LY)
- After 'peak' year of capex & paying \$22m more dividends than LY, the Company still reduced debt by \$16m

11

Dividend



- 2H09 dividend of 17 cps (fully franked)
- FY09 dividend of 28 cps (fully franked) declared – payout ratio of 89.2%

12

Outlook FY10



- Sales in first 8 weeks of FY10 better than expected
- Reaffirm 0%-5% PAT growth in FY10
- Stage 1 of Bourke St CBD store on track to open pre Christmas 2009
- Department stores are 'first in first out' of a downturn
- We are ready to leverage the up-cycle when it comes
- Poised for growth

13

David Jones FY09 results presentation



1. Full year (FY09) results
- 2. David Jones has a proven performance track record**
3. David Jones is poised for further growth

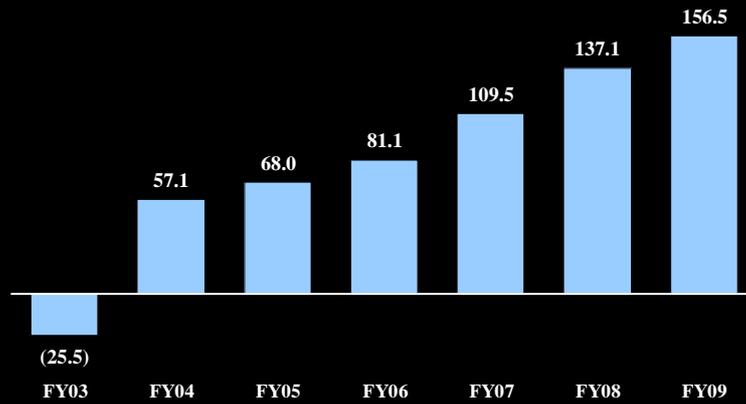
14

Track record of profit growth



Profit after tax

\$ Millions



Note: AIFRS basis except FY2003 which is AGAAP. FY03 is after significant items, FY07 excludes one-off impacts of the unwinding of the Sale & Leaseback Transaction, FY08 excludes profit from sale of the Bourke St Home Store.

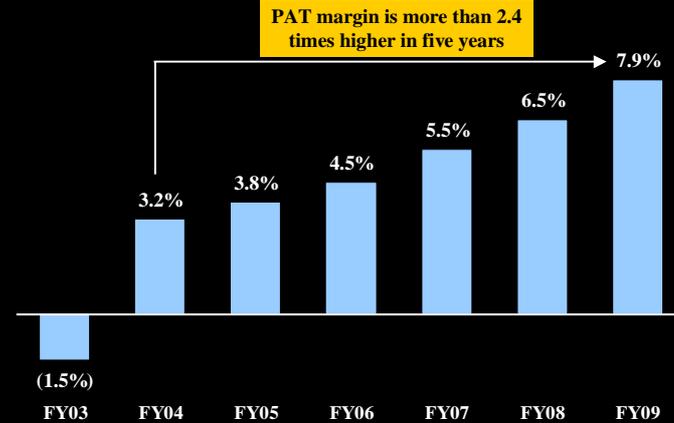
15

PAT margin growth



PAT margins

Percent of sales



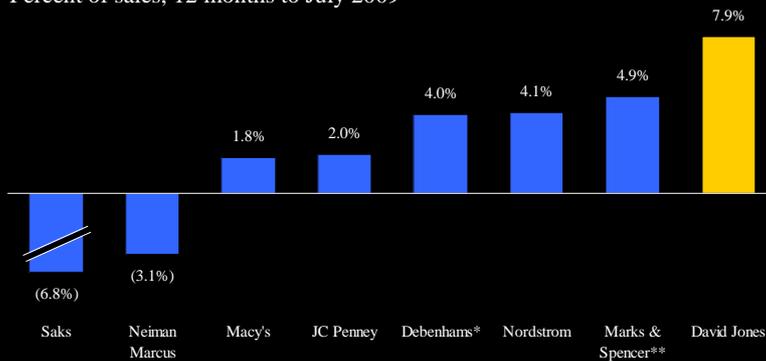
Note: AIFRS basis except FY2003 which is AGAAP. FY03 is after significant items, FY07 excludes one-off impacts of the unwinding of the Sale & Leaseback Transaction, FY08 excludes profit from sale of the Bourke St Home Store.

16

Industry-leading PAT margins



International department store PAT margins (before significant items)
Percent of sales, 12 months to July 2009



* Debenhams result is for 12 months to February 2009

** Marks & Spencer result includes International and UK (food and general merchandise) and is for year ending March 2009

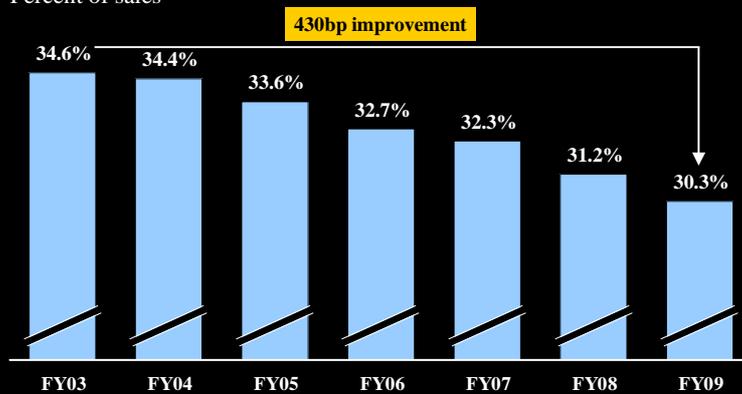
Source: Company results announcements; Port Jackson Partners analysis

17

Sustainable cost-efficiency culture



Cost of doing business
Percent of sales



Note: Adjusted for AIFRS and Sale & Leaseback impacts

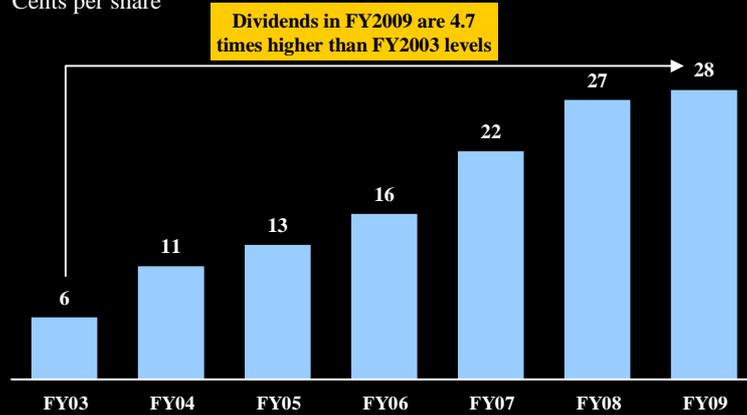
18

Dividend growth



Dividends

Cents per share



19

Low net debt



Net debt

\$ Millions



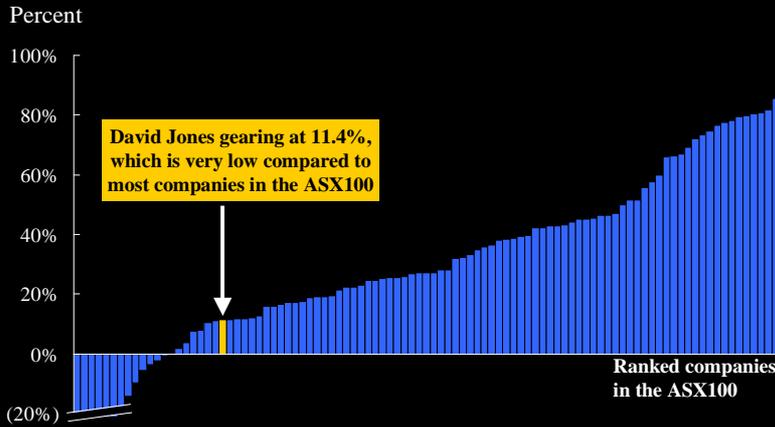
Note: Purchase of flagship Sydney & Melbourne CBD store properties in FY07; Store Card receivables transferred to Amex on 1 August 08 (after end of FY08)

20

Low risk balance sheet



Gearing* of companies in the ASX100



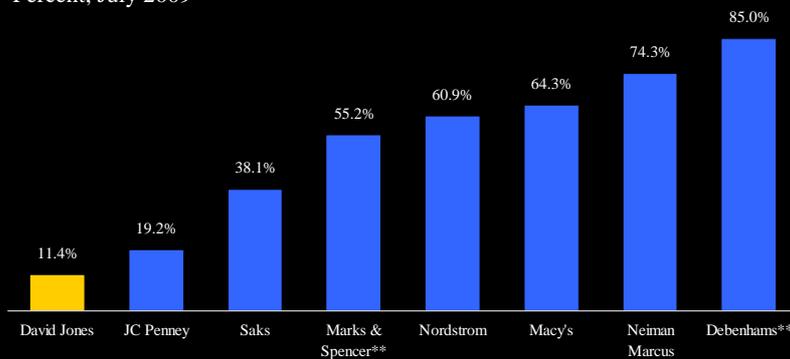
* Net debt over net debt plus book value of equity for latest reported figures as at 1 September 2009
 Source: Bloomberg as at 1 September 2009; Port Jackson Partners analysis

Significantly lower gearing than international peers



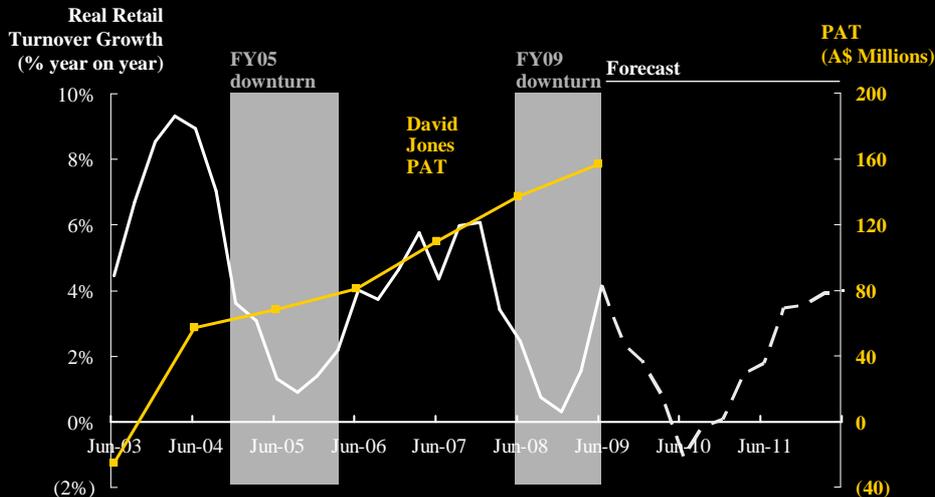
International department store gearing*

Percent, July 2009



* Net debt over net debt plus book value of equity
 ** Marks & Spencer result is for March 2009 and Debenhams result is for February 2009
 Source: Company results announcements; Port Jackson Partners analysis

Track record of profit growth through the cycle

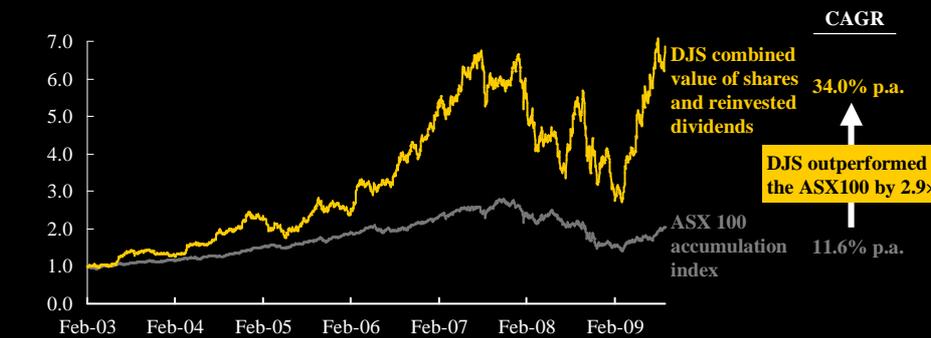


Note: AIFRS basis except FY2003 which is AGAAP. FY03 is after significant items, FY07 excludes one-off impacts of the unwinding of the Sale & Leaseback Transaction, FY08 excludes profit from sale of the Bourke St Home Store.
Source: Access Economics; Company announcements

David Jones has outperformed the ASX100 over the last six and a half years



Value of \$1 invested on 3 Feb 2003 to 1 September 2009



	3 Feb 03	1 Jul 04	1 Jul 05	1 Jul 06	1 Jul 07	1 Jul 08	TSR p.a. to 1 September 2009
DJS	34%	32%	34%	25%	2%	75%	
ASX100	12%	10%	6%	1%	(9%)	(5%)	

Source: Bloomberg; Port Jackson Partners analysis

David Jones' performance amongst the best in the ASX100



David Jones' performance relative to the ASX100

Metric		David Jones' performance		Position in ASX 100	
Dividends per share growth	CAGR from FY03-FY08	35% p.a.	▶	Top 10%	✓
Total shareholder returns	TSR over 5 years to 1 September 2009	29% p.a.	▶	Top 15%	✓
Earnings per share growth	CAGR from FY03-FY08	25% p.a.	▶	Top 25%	✓

Source: Bloomberg as at 1 September 2009; Port Jackson Partners analysis

25

David Jones FY09 results presentation



1. Full year (FY09) results
2. David Jones has a proven performance track record
- 3. David Jones is poised for further growth**

26

David Jones poised for further growth



1. Distinctive competitive positioning delivering enduring market share
2. Strong and low risk growth strategies:
 - Well positioned to leverage the up-cycle
 - New Stores and Major Rebuilds to deliver sales growth of ~15-25%
 - Financial Services business EBIT growth guidance of 7.5% p.a. for the next four years (currently \$41.3m EBIT contribution)
3. Strong core department store fundamentals:
 - Sustainably improving Gross Profit margins
 - CODB reductions while maintaining customer service levels
 - Ownership of our flagship CBD stores providing strategic flexibility and a cost advantage of \$30m rising to \$61m over 20 years
4. Consistent and experienced management team with proven track record
5. Low risk business model

27

1. Distinctive competitive positioning

Distinctive competitive positioning



	Comparison vs competitor			
	Superior	Competitive	Inferior	
1 Best range of national and international brands	✓			<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Superior overall shopping experience • Greater overall customer satisfaction • High customer loyalty
2 Superior customer service	✓			
3 Distinctive store ambience	✓			
4 Stores well-located to target customer	✓			
5 Strong brand	✓			
6 Prices		✓		

28

1. Distinctive competitive positioning

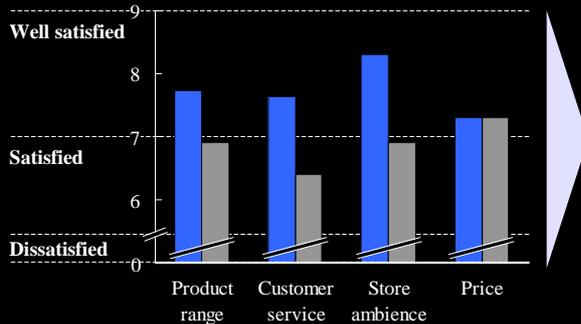


David Jones rated as superior by our customers

Ratings of key elements of the value proposition by over 9,000 customers surveyed over three years

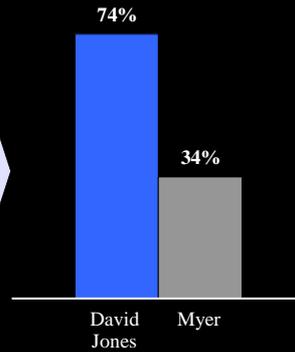
Average customer* rating out of 10

■ David Jones
■ Myer



Customers who rate their overall satisfaction at 8 out of 10 or more

Percent of customers surveyed*



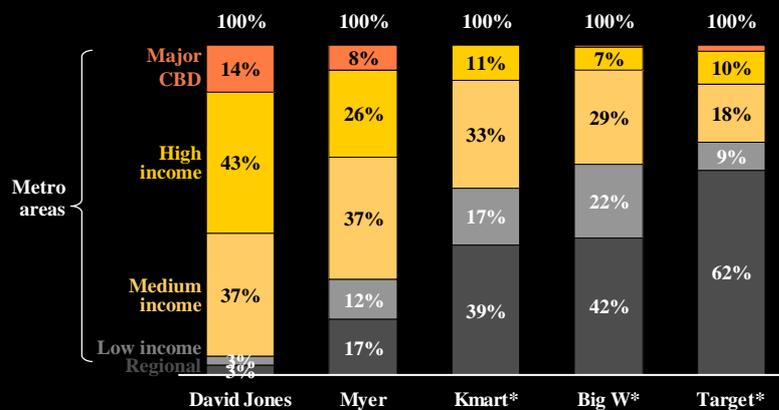
* Assessed by survey of over 9,000 customers over last three years
Source: The Leading Edge

1. Distinctive competitive positioning



Stores well-located to our customer base

Australian department stores – Portfolio demographics



* Kmart, Big W and Target stores as at early 2008
Source: Pitney Bowes MapInfo (2006 Census data), Port Jackson Partners analysis

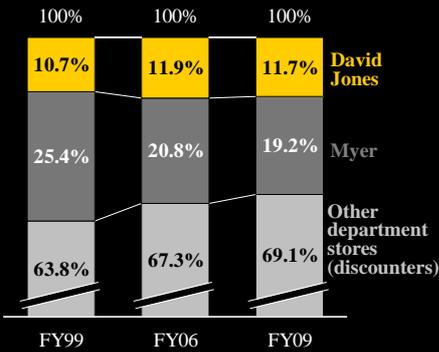
1. Distinctive competitive positioning

Enduring and resilient market share over the long-term



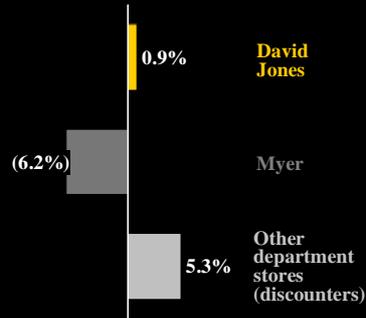
Market share within the department store sector

Percent of total sales*



Market share change FY99-FY09

Percentage point change*



* Includes GST (FY06 and FY09) and wholesale sales tax (FY99); Myer's sales adjusted to remove the impact of Megamart and e.colesmyer in FY99 (estimated at \$169m worth of sales inclusive of wholesale sales tax)
 Source: Company financial reports and results presentations; ABS; Port Jackson Partners analysis

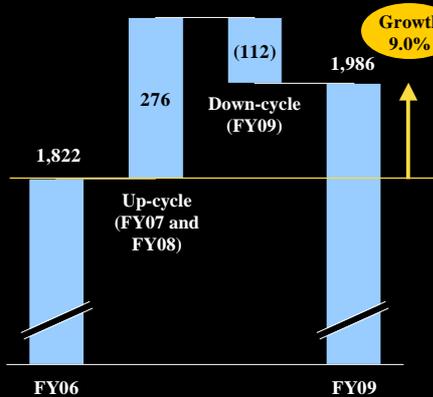
1. Distinctive competitive positioning

Strong sales growth through the cycle, and the next cycle is up



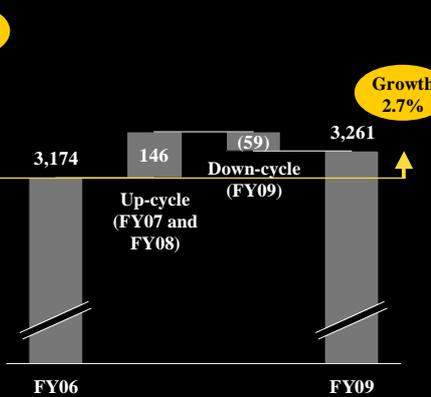
David Jones sales build-up FY06 to FY09

\$ Millions



Myer* sales build-up FY06 to FY09

\$ Millions



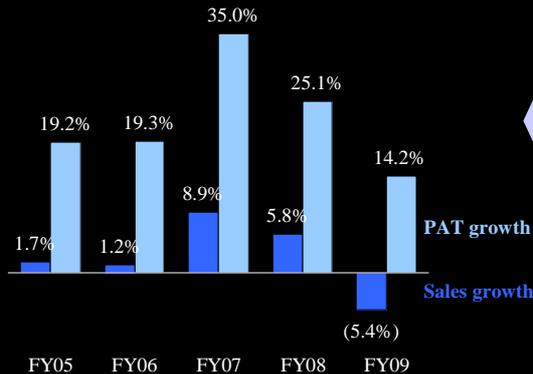
* FY06 excludes impact of Myer's "History Making Clearance"
 Source: Company sales and profit results announcements; Port Jackson Partners analysis



Strong profit leverage in up-turn

David Jones sales growth versus PAT growth

Percent year-on-year growth



David Jones has profit margin expansion leverage to the up-cycle:

- ✓ Significant portion of costs are fixed, e.g., head office
- ✓ Gross margin management through the cycle

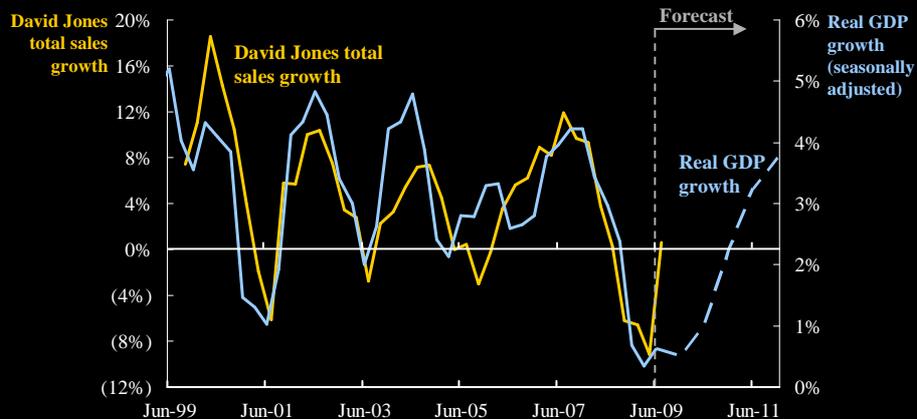
Source: Company reports



David Jones to leverage the next up-cycle

David Jones sales growth versus real GDP growth

Percent year-on-year growth



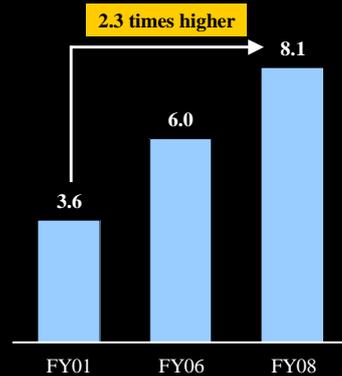
Source: ABS; David Jones results announcements; RBA Statement on Monetary Policy (August 2009)



Large and growing target customer base

Number of people living in households with disposable income above the 2008 average* (real terms)

Millions of people



- David Jones' target customer has above average disposable income
- From 2001 to 2008, this group has grown by 4.5 million people, or by 2.3 times, to 8.1 million people
- From 2006 to 2008, this group has grown by over 2 million people
- Even if a 3% rise in unemployment was entirely from our target customer base, this group will still have grown by 1.8 million people from 2006 to 2008

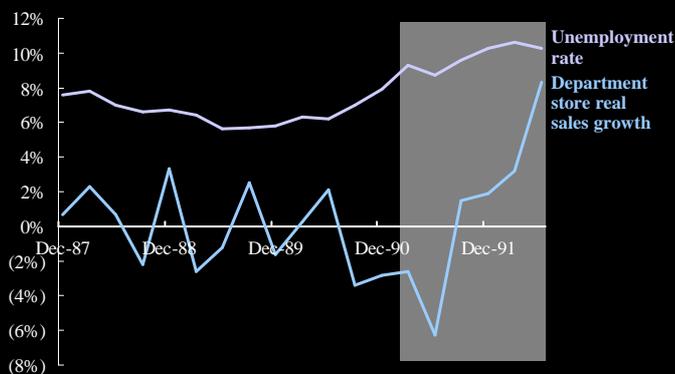
* Includes people in households with disposable income of ~\$41,700 and above
Source: ABS; Access Economics



High unemployment not an indicator of department store growth performance

Department store sales growth versus unemployment rate

Percent year-on-year growth; Percent unemployed



Source: ABS; Access Economics



New stores and major rebuilds to grow sales by ~15-25%

Four announced high value new stores

- Sunshine Plaza (Sunshine Coast)
- Whitford (Perth)
- Macquarie (Sydney)
- Pacific Fair (Gold Coast)

Up to four further high value new stores under negotiation

- Four further stores in active negotiation

Major rebuilds of two high value stores

- Melbourne CBD – increasing sell space by ~30%
- Claremont (Perth) – almost double original size

Seven high value store refurbishments completed or in progress

- Completed refurbishments of Queens Plaza, Bondi Junction, Robina and Sydney CBD stores
- Refurbs of Castle Towers and Kotara stores underway

3 – 5 further high value store refurbishments planned

- Additional refurbishments of key suburban sites

• New stores and major rebuilds will drive sales and sell space growth of ~15-25% over the medium term

• All new stores and rebuilds are high value – e.g., Doncaster worth ~\$55-60m in sales and ~\$7-8m in EBIT

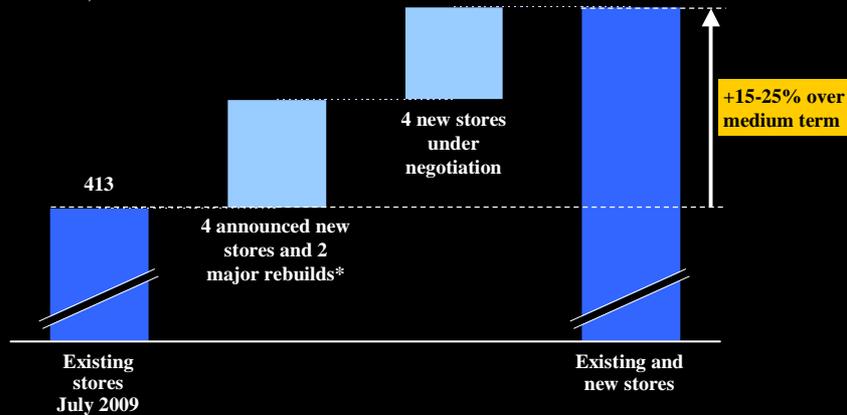
• All refurbishments will provide a payback in 1-3 years



New stores and major rebuilds to increase sales and sell space by ~15-25%

David Jones sell space

'000 m², estimate

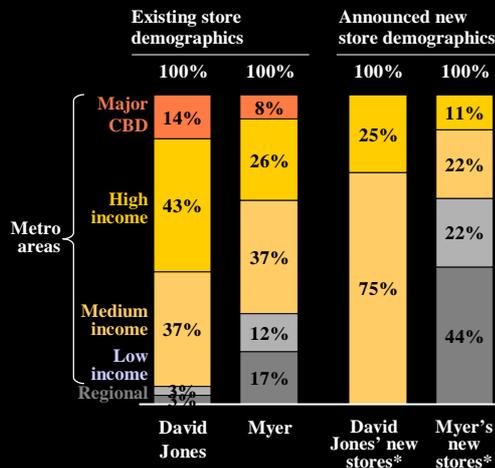


* David Jones' announced new stores include Sunshine Plaza, Whitford, Macquarie and Pacific Fair. Major rebuilds include Melbourne CBD and Claremont
Source: Company announcements and press releases

2. Strong and low risk growth strategies – New stores and Major rebuilds



New store strategy cements unique market position



- All of our new stores are high-value:
 - In high-income demographic areas
 - Within large catchments
 - In high-value centres
 - Full-sized department stores
- All of our new stores to perform in the top half of store portfolio:
 - Minimum benchmark by year two of \$5m+ store EBIT per store
- None of our new stores compete in low income and regional locations – the heartland of discount department stores

* David Jones new stores includes Sunshine Plaza, Whitford, Macquarie and Pacific Fair. Myer new stores includes Townsville, Ryde, Watergardens, Shellharbour, Greenhills, Mt Gravatt, Robina, Mackay and Plenty Valley
 Source: Pitney Bowes MapInfo (2006 Census data); Port Jackson Partners analysis

2. Strong and low risk growth strategies – Growth in Financial Services business



Financial Services business to deliver strong profit growth with low risk

- ✓ The David Jones/Amex alliance resulted in:
 - The transfer of \$374.3m of largely debt funded receivables to American Express
 - The release of ~\$35m of working capital from David Jones' balance sheet
 - American Express becoming responsible for the credit policy and the risk associated with the portfolio
- ✓ Our growth in David Jones American Express card holders is exceeding our expectations
- ✓ David Jones' guidance is for the Financial Services business to deliver EBIT growth of 7.5% per annum over the next four years (currently \$41.3m EBIT contribution)

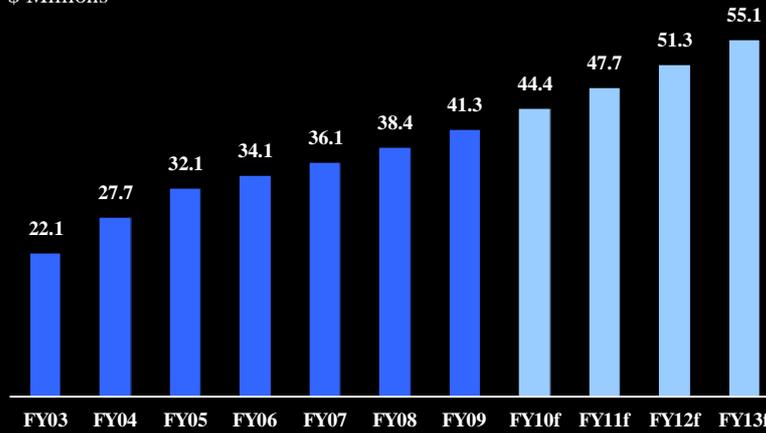
2. Strong and low risk growth strategies – Growth in Financial Services business

Financial Services business EBIT growth guidance of 7.5% per annum



Financial Services EBT

\$ Millions



Note: Forecast Financial Services EBT based on 7.5% p.a. growth guidance

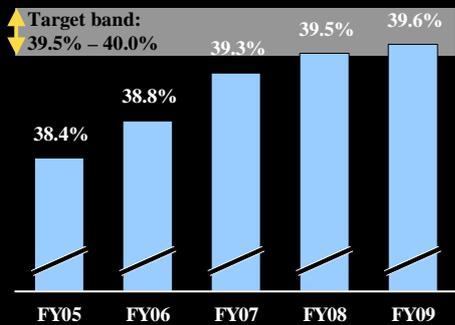
3. Strong core fundamentals – Gross margin improvement

Sustainably improving gross profit margin



Gross profit margin

% sales



- David Jones has undertaken initiatives to ensure gross profit margins are within a target range of 39.5% to 40.0% through the cycle:
 - Benefits from 2,700 supplier negotiations continue to flow through
 - New stores and refurbishments to increase space allocation to high margin categories
- Up-cycles lend themselves to gross margin improvement

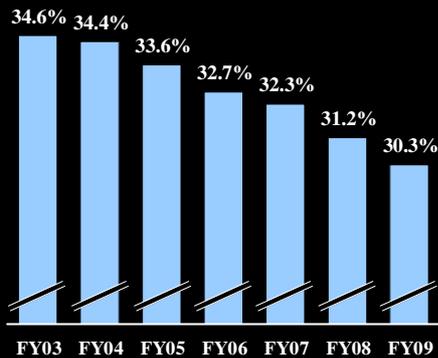
3. Strong core fundamentals – CODB reduction

Continued CODB reductions while maintaining customer service levels



Cost of Doing Business

% sales



Note: Adjusted for AIFRS and Sale & Leaseback impacts

- Strong track record of improving CODB
- Maintained customer service levels while improving CODB – customer surveys continue to rate our service levels as consistently superior to our competitor
- Continuing to deliver initiatives identified in the FY09-12 Strategic Plan
- 58 initiatives to be delivered over FY2010, FY2011 and FY2012
- Significant fixed cost leverage to the up-cycle

43

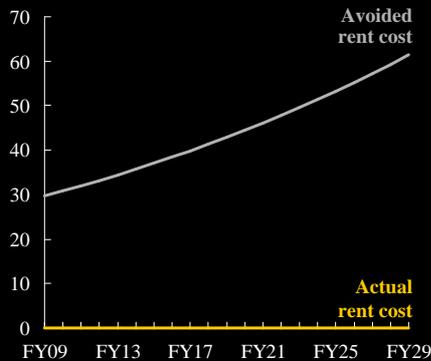
3. Strong core fundamentals – Ownership of flagship CBD stores

Permanent \$30m to \$61m cost advantage from owning our flagship CBD stores



David Jones avoided rent costs – Melbourne and Sydney CBD (including head office rent)

\$ Millions, estimate



- David Jones has no lease commitments for our Sydney and Melbourne CBD stores or our head office
- Owning our stores drives higher EBIT
- We own our stores while having low net debt and gearing
- Owning our stores means we have higher net tangible assets per share
- Owning our stores allows us greater strategic flexibility to redevelop our stores (e.g., major Melbourne CBD development)

* Assumes \$30m rent in FY09 growing at CPI + 1%
Source: Myer Sydney CBD lease; David Jones analysis; Port Jackson Partners analysis

44

4. Consistent and experienced management team

Management Committee with a proven track record



45

4. Consistent and experienced management team

Management Committee with a proven track record



Management Committee	Position	Time in current position	Retail experience	Department store experience	Tenure with David Jones
Mark McInnes	CEO	6.5 years	27 years	22 years	12 years
Stephen Goddard	Finance Director	6.5 years	25 years	22 years	12 years
Paul Zahra	GGM, Stores & Operations	6.5 years	26 years	26 years	11 years
Colette Garnsey	GGM, Apparel, Accessories, Footwear & Cosmetics	6.5 years	24 years	24 years	15 years
Patrick Robinson	GGM, Home & Food	6.5 years	20 years	19 years	12 years
Damian Eales	GGM, Financial Services & Marketing	6.5 years	21 years	21 years	13 years
Antony Karp	GGM, Retail Development & Procurement	4.5 years	5 years	5 years	5 years
Karen McLachlan	GGM, Information Technology	6.4 years	10 years	10 years	10 years
Paula Bauchinger	GGM, Human Resources	4.5 years	16 years	16 years	10 years

46

David Jones will deliver good growth with low risk



- ✓ Low balance sheet risk with low net debt
- ✓ Financial Services business that is not exposed to the retail cycle, that has delivered 7.5% EBIT growth in FY09 and has guidance of 7.5% p.a. growth each year for the next four years
- ✓ Alliance partner owns the receivables of the Financial Services business and is responsible for the credit policy and the risk associated with the portfolio
- ✓ Growth strategies locked-in and within our competence
- ✓ Capex requirements locked-in and fully funded by a combination of stakeholder contributions and David Jones funding requiring no additional debt
- ✓ Locked-in cost advantage through ownership of Sydney and Melbourne CBD stores

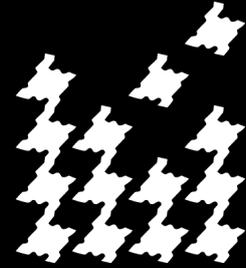
47

David Jones poised for further growth



1. Distinctive competitive positioning delivering enduring market share
2. Strong and low risk growth strategies:
 - Well positioned to leverage the up-cycle
 - New Stores and Major Rebuilds to deliver sales growth of ~15-25%
 - Financial Services business EBIT growth guidance of 7.5% p.a. for the next four years (currently \$41.3m EBIT contribution)
3. Strong core department store fundamentals:
 - Sustainably improving Gross Profit margins
 - CODB reductions while maintaining customer service levels
 - Ownership of our flagship CBD stores providing strategic flexibility and a cost advantage of \$30m rising to \$61m over 20 years
4. Consistent and experienced management team with proven track record
5. Low risk business model

48



David Jones Limited
Full Year (FY09) Results
24 September 2009



Appendices
to FY09 Results
(Financials)

EBIT

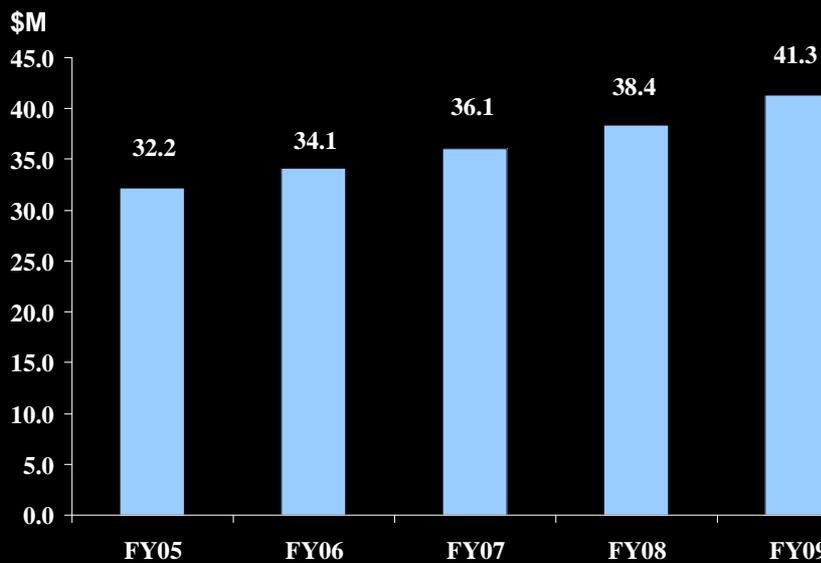


EBIT to Sales performance

	FY09	FY08
EBIT	225.7	212.9
% to Sales	11.4	10.2
EBITDA	269.6	254.5
% to Sales	13.6	12.1

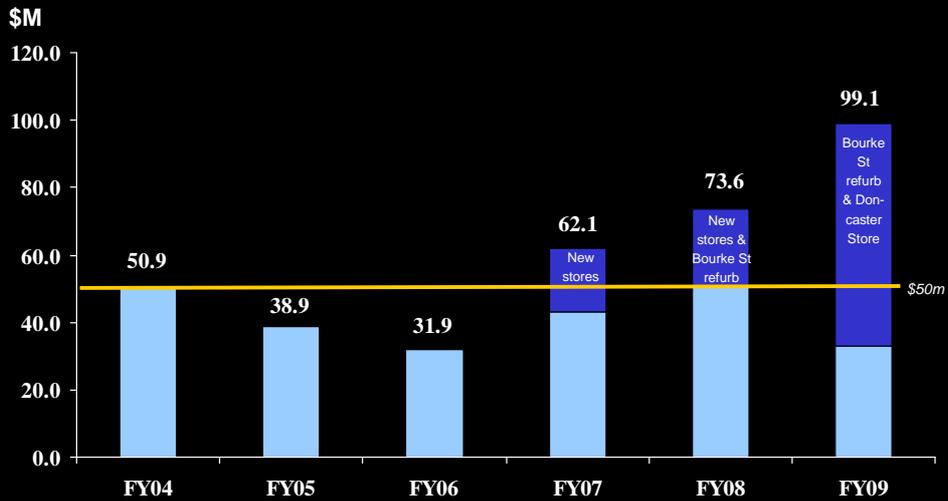
51

Financial Services EBIT



52

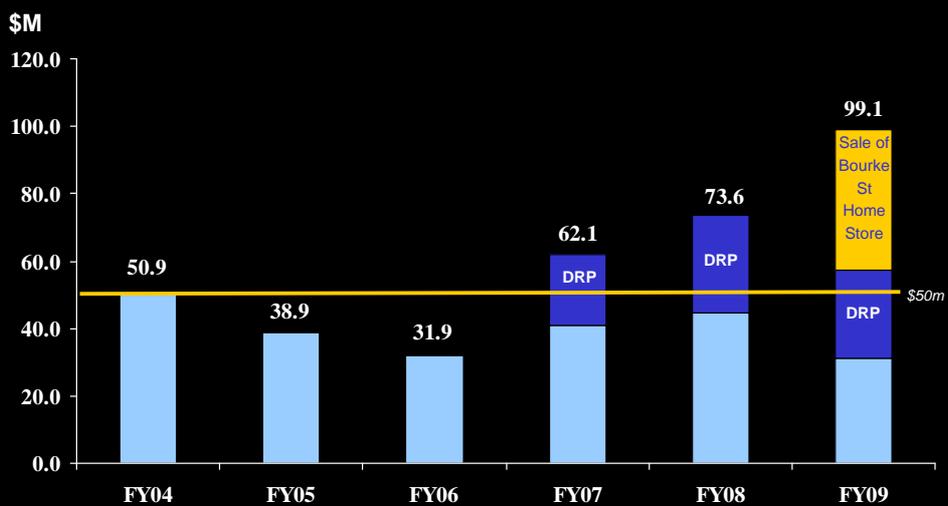
Capital Expenditure - Spend



Note: New stores & Bourke St refurb funded by Sale of Bourke St Home Store & DRP

53

Capital Expenditure - Funding



Note: New stores & Bourke St refurb funded by Sale of Bourke St Home Store & DRP

54

Cash Flow



	FY 09	FY 08
	\$m	\$m
EBITDA	269.6	254.5
Interest income/(expense)	(8.2)	(15.5)
Tax paid to ATO	(68.0)	(68.9)
Share based payment expense	13.7	7.8
(Profit)/Loss on sale of NCA	0.4	0.0
Interest classified as financing activity	0.0	1.3
Net movement in working capital	20.2	27.6
Net movement in other assets/liabilities	(2.9)	(4.8)
Operating cash flow	224.8	202.0
Capex	(99.1)	(73.6)
Free cash flow	125.8	128.3
Dividends	(107.1)	(85.2)
Purchase of Shares for LTI Trust	(2.2)	0.0
Interest paid - RPS	0.0	(1.3)
Equity proceeds	0.1	0.1
Net Cash flow	16.5	41.9
Repayment of borrowings	(70.0)	(180.0)
Proceeds from sale of Little Bourke Street	0.0	42.0

55

Financial Health Indicators



	FY09	FY08
Average Net Debt: Net Debt + Equity	13.6%	25.6%
Year End Net Debt: Net Debt + Equity	11.4%	15.3%
Average Net Debt: EBITDA	0.4	0.7
EBITDA Interest Cover	32.8	16.5
EBITDA Fixed Charge Cover	3.9	3.7
ROFE (13 month average)	32.4%	31.8%

- EBITDA based on underlying PAT
- Ratios include net credit EBIT, exclude credit funding & are based on net interest

56

Expenses - FY09



4E Income Statement

FY09	\$m	%
Other Revenues	64.5	(32.3)
Employee Expenses	338.9	(2.5)
Lease & Occupancy	156.5	(8.4)
Depreciation & Amortisation	44.0	5.9
Advertising/Merchandise/Visual	45.5	(16.4)
Administration	20.4	(40.1)
Net Financing	9.2	(77.6)
Other Expenses	18.7	(51.0)

* Underlying PAT - removing profit from sale of Bourke St Home Store in 2H08

57

Expenses - FY09



Other Revenues (32.3%) – reflects commission revenue received from GPC alliance (vs total store card interest & fees in FY08) & Sale of Bourke St Home Store in 2H08

Employee Expenses (2.5%) – reflects store salaries in line with sales, impact of the organisational realignment and incentive based rewards

Lease & Occupancy (8.4%) – reflects disruption allowance (Bourke St & Robina) & continued focus on cost efficiencies

Depreciation & Amortisation +5.9% – broadly in line with previous periods

58

Expenses - FY09



Advert/Merch/Visual (16.4%) – reflects cost efficiencies & market opportunities whilst maintaining share of voice

Administration (40.1%) – material reduction in external resources & continued cost efficiencies

Net Financing (77.6%) – funding for store card receivables no longer on balance sheet & managed by Amex (LY \$23.7m) & reduced interest costs due to strong balance sheet & cash position

Other Expenses (51.0%) - doubtful debts expense no longer directly incurred as managed by Amex & continued focus on cost efficiencies. LY includes costs incurred in GPC transaction (including finalising receivables transfer to Amex)

59

Expenses - 2H09



4E Income Statement

2H09	\$m	%
Other Revenues	26.2	(50.4)
Employee Expenses	166.1	0.3
Lease & Occupancy	79.2	(9.7)
Depreciation & Amortisation	21.1	(7.6)
Advertising/Merchandise/Visual	18.3	(28.9)
Administration	7.5	(60.9)
Net Financing	4.0	(79.7)
Other Expenses	9.9	(53.6)

* Underlying PAT - removing profit from sale of Bourke St Home Store in 2H08

60

Expenses - 2H09



Other Revenues (50.4%) – reflects commission revenue received from GPC alliance (vs total store card interest & fees in 2H08) & Sale of Bourke St Home Store in 2H08

Employee Expenses +0.3% – reflects store salaries in line with sales & reduction due to organisational realignment offset by phasing of incentive based rewards

Lease & Occupancy (9.7%) – reflects disruption allowance (Bourke St & Robina) & continued focus on cost efficiencies

Depreciation & Amortisation (7.6%) – broadly in line with previous periods

61

Expenses - 2H09



Advert/Merch/Visual (28.9%) – reflects cost efficiencies & market opportunities whilst maintaining share of voice

Administration (60.9%) – material reduction in external resources as GPC initiative completed in 1H09 & continued cost efficiencies

Net Financing (79.7%) – funding for store card receivables no longer on balance sheet & managed by Amex (LY \$12.2m) & reduced interest costs due to strong balance sheet & cash position

Other Expenses (53.6%) – doubtful debts expense no longer directly incurred as managed by Amex & continued focus on cost efficiencies. LY includes costs incurred in GPC transaction, including finalising receivables transfer to Amex

62

Tax - FY09



- Tax rate of 28.0% in FY09 (vs 29.7% in FY08 or 30.6% in FY08 after adjusting for the Sale of the Bourke St Home store)
- LTI Plan Trust put in place as part of the 09-12 Plan & acquired shares on market for the first time in FY09, leading to recognition of deferred tax asset relating to the LTI Plan
- Guidance for Tax rate in FY10 is corporate rate of 30%
- This is factored into our PAT guidance for FY10

63

Capital Expenditure Outlook FY09-FY12



	\$m (over FY09-12)
Total Investment	400
Less Stakeholder Funding	<u>100</u>
Capex on DJ Balance Sheet	300 [#]
Less Sale of Bourke St Home Store	42
Less DRP	<u>70</u>
Net Capex Funded by Operating Cashflow	190 (approx) over 4 years (average ~ \$50m p.a.)
[#] Capex Forecast	
FY09 (incl. Bourke St refurbishment)	99
FY10 – FY12 (average ~ \$67m p.a. inclusive of new stores & Bourke St refurb)	<u>201</u> 300

64

Funds Employed



	FY09	FY08
	\$m	\$m
Inventory	244.8	257.3
Payables	(244.1)	(274.6)
	0.7	(17.3)
Receivables - Current	35.5	423.5
Other Creditors - Current	(54.9)	(63.6)
Receivables Liability	0.0	(341.0)
Working Capital	(18.7)	1.6
Receivables - Non-Current	1.4	0.8
Other Creditors - Non-Current	(35.6)	(36.3)
Fixed Assets	762.3	707.6
Total Funds Employed	709.4	673.7
Net Tax Balances	66.2	50.9
Net Assets Employed	775.6	724.6
Cash	11.7	65.2
Borrowings	(100.0)	(170.0)
Total Equity	687.4	619.8

65

Net Financing Analysis



	1H09	2H09	FY09
	\$000	\$000	\$000
Net Interest as per ASX Release	4,115	4,102	8,217
Interest Income	923	154	1,077
Other	214	(265)	(51)
Total Net Financing Expenses as per 4E	5,252	3,992	9,243
	1H08	2H08	FY08
	\$000	\$000	\$000
Net Interest as per ASX Release	8,291	7,168	15,458
Financial Services Cost of Funds	11,587	12,152	23,740
Interest Income	1,689	392	2,081
Other	(38)	(63)	(101)
Total Net Financing Expenses as per 4E	21,529	19,649	41,178

66