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5 August 2016

The Manager - Companies
ASX Limited
20 Bridge Street
SYDNEY NSW 2000

(49 pages by email)

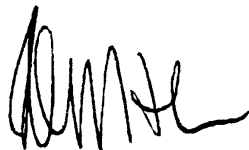
Dear Madam,

YEAR END ACCOUNTS AND PRELIMINARY FINAL REPORT

I attach the Company's Year End Accounts and Appendix 4E Preliminary Final Report for the year ended 30 June 2016.

Full details of the Company's Operating and Financial Review are contained in the attached Annual Report which forms part of this Preliminary Final Report.

Yours sincerely



Peter J. Nightingale
Company Secretary

pjn8573

Appendix 4E

Preliminary final report

Name of entity

BIOTRON LIMITED

ABN or equivalent company
reference

60 086 399 144

Financial year ended ('current period')

30 JUNE 2016

Results for announcement to the market

Revenues from ordinary activities	N/A	Nil	to	Nil
Loss from ordinary activities after tax attributable to members	Up	10.3%	to	\$3,004,303
Net loss for the period attributable to members	Up	10.3%	to	\$3,004,303
Dividends (distributions)	Amount per security	Franked amount per security		
Final dividend	Nil	Nil		
Interim dividend	Nil	Nil		
Previous corresponding period				
Final dividend	Nil	Nil		
Interim dividend	Nil	Nil		
Record date for determining entitlements to the dividend.	N/A			
Brief explanation of any of the figures reported above and short details of any bonus or cash issue or other item(s) of importance not previously released to the market:				
Refer attached Annual Report for the year ended 30 June 2015.				
NTA backing	Current period	Previous corresponding period		
Net tangible asset backing per ordinary security	1.0 cent	1.4 cents		

The attached Annual Report which forms part of this Appendix 4E has been audited.

BIOTRON LIMITED

A.B.N. 60 086 399 144

**ANNUAL REPORT
FOR THE YEAR ENDED
30 JUNE 2016**

BIOTRON LIMITED

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BIOTRON LIMITED

OPERATING AND FINANCIAL REVIEW

REVIEW OF OPERATIONS

Biotron Limited ('Biotron' or the 'Company') is currently focused on the ongoing clinical development of its unique antiviral platform, which has significant commercial value. Biotron's strategy is to systematically grow the value of the Company and work towards a commercial outcome for shareholders. This is best achieved by the demonstration of positive data, from clinical trials and other supporting studies. To date, focus has been on the planned, step-wise clinical development of the Company's lead antiviral drug, BIT225. Significant progress has been made with all the Company's clinical programs, which include clinical trials in HIV- 1, Hepatitis C virus ('HCV') and in HIV-1/HCV co-infected patients.

Data from completed studies have demonstrated that BIT225 has clinical antiviral activity against both HIV-1 and HCV.

During the financial year under review, further progress has been achieved. Preliminary data have been reported from the Phase 2 HCV 3-month dosing trial (BIT225-008). A paper with data from the Company's HIV-1 trial was published in an international, peer-reviewed scientific journal, demonstrating that BIT225 has potential to eradicate important viral reservoirs in patients.

A summary of significant events achieved in the period in review includes:

- Confirmation of positive outcomes from the Phase 2, three-month dosing study of BIT225 in subjects infected with HCV (BIT225-008). The trial has generated important safety, tolerability and pharmacokinetic data that will support further development of BIT225 for both HIV-1 and HCV indications.
- Demonstration that BIT225 may have a broader role in treatment of HIV-1 infection, based on data from the key trial of BIT225 in HIV-1-infected subjects (BIT225-004) and reported in a prestigious international scientific journal.
- Results indicating that selected Biotron compounds have activity against the Zika virus.
- Receipt of \$1.5 million under the Federal R&D Tax Incentive Program.
- Successful completion of a share purchase plan to eligible shareholders, raising \$2 million.
- Showcasing the Company to the international investment and pharmaceutical communities at various events in the USA, Asia and Australia.

Clinical Programs – Hepatitis C Virus (HCV)

Significant progress has been made by the Company to date with clinical programs, which include clinical trials in HIV-1, HCV and HIV-1/HCV co-infected populations. BIT225 is in mid-stage clinical development with 8 clinical trials completed. Encouraging efficacy results against both HCV and HIV-1 have been achieved.

In April 2016, the Company reported positive outcomes from its Phase 2, 3-month dosing trial of BIT225 in HCV patients. The trial confirmed that BIT225 was safe and well tolerated when dosed for the extended period of 12 weeks. An antiviral effect from BIT225 was evident over and above the standard of care drugs that the patients were taking, with 82% of HCV genotype 1 ('GT1') patients clearing the virus, compared to 60% who only received the standard HCV treatment. HCV GT1 patients treated with BIT225 cleared the virus faster than those treated with standard treatment alone.

The results of this trial were in line with the results of previous trials of BIT225. Unlike those previous trials, this study provided key data on the performance of the new capsule formulation of BIT225.

This was the first trial to use a new capsule form of BIT225. The trial provided key information on how well this new formulation delivered BIT225. Patients treated with the capsules had higher blood levels of the drug than were achieved with the previously used powder form of BIT225. This shows that the capsules were more efficient at delivering BIT225 to the blood than the powder form of the drug. This information is key for further development of BIT225.

BIOTRON LIMITED

OPERATING AND FINANCIAL REVIEW

The data from BIT225-008 means that lower dosages can be used in future studies, which will further improve the safety profile of the drug.

The results in the HCV genotype 3 ('GT3') cohort, which were reported previously, were less clear because of the higher than expected clearance of virus in the standard treatment arm. All GT3 patients treated with standard treatment cleared the virus, meaning that it was impossible to show an improvement with BIT225 for the GT3 subtype.

However, non-clinical studies have shown that BIT225 is pan-genotypic, which means it is active against all the main HCV genotypes, including GT3.

Clinical programs – HIV-1

BIT225 has a different mechanism of action than other HIV-1 drugs. Unlike other treatments for HIV-1 infection, BIT225 specifically targets viral reservoirs. These long-lived pools of virus persist despite drug treatment, and are never completely eliminated. The reservoirs act as 'burning embers', producing low levels of virus that cause chronic disease in people infected with HIV-1 through constant activation of the body's immune system. These factors mandate life-long treatment using currently available drugs.

Therefore, eradication of HIV-1 is a current focus of scientists, clinicians, and the pharmaceutical industry and an area where BIT225 has potential.

Biotron has built up a detailed data package on its HIV-1 program, including results from a clinical trial in HIV-1-infected patients. During the last year, Biotron reported these results in two papers published by international, peer-reviewed scientific journals.

This clinical trial showed that BIT225 targets and reduces levels of HIV-1 residing in long-lived monocyte/macrophage reservoirs. These reservoirs exist even in patients undergoing treatment with current antiretroviral drugs, and are responsible for ongoing cycles of reseeding HIV-1 infection.

The study also indicated that BIT225 may impact on immune activation. Immune activation is responsible for a number of ongoing health issues in these patients and treatment strategies are needed to prevent development of associated disorders that include accelerated aging and neurological dysfunction.

Biotron is currently progressing plans for a pivotal Phase 2 trial, designed in consultation with international medical and scientific HIV-1 experts. The purpose of this study will be to demonstrate that adding BIT225 to current anti-HIV-1 drugs results in an additional, measurable clinical benefit to patients.

It should be noted that the results for safety and the capsule formulation from the BIT225-008 HCV trial are also relevant for the Company program on HIV-1. Completed studies done to predict drug-drug interactions, and modelling of pharmacokinetic data from previous trials to determine optimal dosage of BIT225, benefit both the HCV and HIV-1 programs.

Preparation of the trial protocol and other regulatory documentation is complete, and is ready for submission to the relevant institutional ethics review board.

This study is key to a commercial outcome for Biotron's HIV-1 program.

Other viral programs

There have been a number of high profile international outbreaks of viral diseases, including Ebola, Middle East Respiratory virus (MERS- CoV) and more recently, Zika virus. Covered extensively in the media, they are a reminder that there is an ongoing need for new drugs to treat life-threatening diseases.

During the year in review, Biotron has been expanding testing of Biotron compounds for activity against other key commercially relevant virus targets.

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OPERATING AND FINANCIAL REVIEW

Biotron's core expertise lies in designing and developing drugs that target a class of virus protein known as viroporins. Viroporins are found in a very broad range of viruses, and have key roles in the virus life cycle.

Whilst BIT225 is an important asset in its own right and demonstrates the robustness of Biotron's approach to antiviral drug development, it is only one of the Company's compounds.

Biotron's proprietary compound library is a rich source of potential hits against other viruses. Screening against other viruses, including Zika virus, is in progress. Hits from this screening will act as starting points for further chemistry to generate compounds with increased potency against Zika and other viruses.

As announced in May 2016, in the initial round of testing of a small number of representative compounds, two were shown to have antiviral activity against Zika virus.

These early results are encouraging. They demonstrate the additional depth beyond BIT225 of Biotron's library of compounds and approach to developing drugs that target serious viral diseases. The identification of these active compounds is a starting point for designing compounds with increased potency against Zika.

Outlook for the next 12 months

In line with previously stated strategies, Biotron aims to progress its antiviral programs through to a commercial outcome. In parallel with progressing clinical development of BIT225, and identification of lead candidates for additional viral diseases, the Company will progress discussions with potential partners in established and emerging markets such as China. It has been estimated that there are up to 30 million HCV-infected people in China. This compares to 3 – 5 million HCV-infections in the USA.

Achieving a commercial outcome for the Company's programs will be the main focus of activities over the next 12 months. In parallel, the Company anticipates achieving the following outcomes:

- Subject to receipt of relevant regulatory and ethics approvals, the commencement, and completion, of a pivotal Phase 2 trial of BIT225 in combination with current HIV-1 drugs, with the aim of demonstrating a clinical benefit.
- Determination of the potential of BIT225 to impact on rebound of HIV-1 from viral reservoirs.
- Progression of early stage programs for viruses other than HIV-1 and HCV with the aim of generating lead drugs suitable for clinical programs.

Patents

Biotron is focused on progressing patents related to its antiviral programs through the international patenting process. The Company recognises that the key to establishment of partnerships is the expansion and continued strengthening of Biotron's intellectual property portfolio. Strong, defensible, international patents are essential to attract partners and to ensure a competitive advantage for the Company's products in the marketplace.

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TITLE	STATUS
WO0021538 Method of modulating ion channel functional activity Priority – 12 October 1998	Granted in Australia, Canada, China, Germany, France, United Kingdom, The Netherlands, Japan, New Zealand, and USA
WO9813514 Method of determining ion channel activity of a substance Priority – 27 September 1996	Granted in Austria, Australia, Belgium, Canada, Switzerland, Germany, Denmark, Spain, Finland, France United Kingdom, Greece, Ireland, Italy, Japan, Luxembourg, Monaco, The Netherlands, Portugal, Sweden and USA
WO04112687 Antiviral compounds and methods Priority – 26 June 2003	Granted in Australia, Canada, China, India, Japan, Korea, New Zealand, Singapore and South Africa Under examination elsewhere (Brazil, Europe, Hong Kong, and USA)
WO06135978 Antiviral compounds and methods Priority – 24 June 2005	Granted in Austria, Australia, Belgium, Canada, Switzerland, China, Germany, Denmark, Spain, Finland, France, United Kingdom, Hong Kong, Ireland, Italy, Japan, Korea, Luxembourg, Monaco, The Netherlands, New Zealand, Poland, Portugal, Sweden, Singapore, Turkey, South Africa and USA Under examination elsewhere (Brazil, India)
WO2009/018609 Hepatitis C antiviral compounds and methods Priority – 3 August 2007	Granted in Austria, Australia, Belgium, Switzerland, Germany, Denmark, Spain, Finland, France, United Kingdom, Ireland, Italy, Japan, Korea, Luxembourg, Monaco, The Netherlands, New Zealand, Poland, Portugal, Sweden, Singapore, Turkey and South Africa Accepted in China Under examination in elsewhere (Brazil, Canada, Hong Kong, India, and USA)

Corporate

In April 2016, the Company received an R&D Tax Incentive rebate of \$1.5 million for the 2015/16 financial year. The R&D Tax Incentive is an Australian Government program under which companies receive cash refunds for 45% of eligible expenditure on research and development.

The cash refund results from expenditure on Biotron's HCV and HIV drug development programs. It is an important source of funds for the Company's ongoing research and development activities.

At the start of the financial year in review, the Company completed a \$2 million capital raising by way of a share purchase plan to eligible shareholders. The funds will be used to support the Company's ongoing activities described above, in particular the HIV-1 Phase 2 trial that is expected to run through the second half of 2016. Thank you to everyone who participated; your ongoing support is appreciated.

On behalf of the Board we would like to thank the Biotron staff for their commitment and dedication during the year. Biotron is poised to achieve the outcome that we have all been working towards - demonstration that its systematic approach to antiviral drug development can result in significant clinical benefit to patients and generate value for our shareholders.

BIOTRON LIMITED
OPERATING AND FINANCIAL REVIEW

We look forward to the next year with confidence.



Michael J. Hoy
Chairman



Michelle Miller
Managing Director

CORPORATE GOVERNANCE STATEMENT

The Board is committed to maintaining the highest standards of Corporate Governance. Corporate Governance is about having a set of core values and behaviours that underpin the Company's activities and ensure transparency, fair dealing and protection of the interests of stakeholders. The Company has reviewed its corporate governance practices against the Corporate Governance Principles and Recommendations (3rd edition) published by the ASX Corporate Governance Council.

The 2016 corporate governance statement is dated as at 5 August 2016 and reflects the corporate governance practices throughout the 2016 financial year. The 2016 corporate governance was approved by the board on 4 August 2016. A description of the Company's current corporate governance practices is set out in the Company's corporate governance statement which can be viewed at <http://www.biotron.com.au/corporate-governance/>

BIOTRON LIMITED

DIRECTORS' REPORT

The directors present their report together with the financial statements of Biotron Limited ('the Company') for the year ended 30 June 2016 and the auditor's report thereon.

Directors

The names and particulars of the directors of the Company at any time during or since the end of the financial year are:

Mr Michael J. Hoy
Independent and Non-Executive Chairman

Mr Hoy has more than 30 years' corporate experience in Australia, the United Kingdom, USA and Asia. He is Chairman of Telesso Technologies Limited and Lipotek Pty Limited and a former director of John Fairfax Holdings Limited and FXF Trust.

Mr Hoy has been a director since 7 February 2000 and Chairman since 16 March 2000.

Dr Michelle Miller, BSc, MSc, PhD, GCertAppFin (Finsia)
Managing Director

Dr Miller has worked for over 20 years in the bioscience industry, with extensive experience in commercial development of early to mid stage technologies. She completed her PhD in the Faculty of Medicine at Sydney University investigating molecular models of cancer development. Her experience includes several years at Johnson and Johnson developing anti-HIV gene therapeutics through preclinical research to clinical trials. She has finance industry experience from time spent as an Investment Manager with a specialist bioscience venture capital fund.

Dr Miller was appointed as Managing Director on 21 June 2002.

Dr Susan M. Pond AM, MD DSc, FTSE
Independent and Non-Executive Director

Dr Pond has a strong scientific and commercial background having held executive positions in the biotechnology and pharmaceutical industry for 12 years, most recently as chairman and managing director of Johnson & Johnson Research Pty Limited (2003 - 2009). She has held many previous board positions including as executive director of Johnson & Johnson Pty Limited, non-executive director and chairman of AusBiotech Limited, director of the Australian Nuclear Science and Technology Organisation and Australian Academy of Technological Sciences and Engineering (ATSE) and board member of Commercialisation Australia and Innovation Australia.

Dr Pond is currently on the boards of the Wound Management Innovation Cooperative Research Centre and Vectus Biosystems Ltd. She is Adjunct Professor in the Faculty of Engineering and Information Technologies at the University of Sydney, and Fellow of the Australian Institute of Company Directors, ATSE and the Australian Academy of Health and Medical Sciences.

Dr Pond holds a first class honours degree in Bachelor of Medicine and Surgery from the University of Sydney and a Doctor of Medicine degree from the University of New South Wales. She obtained specialist clinical credentials in internal medicine, clinical pharmacology and clinical toxicology and has held academic appointments at the University of California, San Francisco and the University of Queensland before joining the industry.

Dr Pond was appointed as a director on 7 March 2012.

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DIRECTORS' REPORT

***Mr Robert B. Thomas BEc, MSDIA, SF Fin, FICD
Independent and Non-Executive Director***

Mr Thomas has over 35 years' experience in the securities industry, with Potter Partners (now UBS), County NatWest and Citigroup.

He is the chairman of Starpharma Holdings Limited and a director of Aus Bio Limited, Heartware Inc, REVA Medical Limited and Virgin Australia Limited. He chairs Grahger Retail Securities Pty Ltd and is a director of O'Connell Street Associates Pty Limited.

Mr Thomas has a Bachelor of Economics degree from Monash University (1963 - 1966). He has been a member of the Securities Institute of Australia since 1976 and was appointed as a Fellow to the Institute in 1997. He is a Master Stockbroker and is a Fellow of the Institute of Company Directors.

Mr Thomas was appointed as a director on 7 March 2012.

***Dr Denis N. Wade
Independent and Non-Executive Director***

Dr Wade has been involved for over 40 years with the development of research based pharmaceuticals and medical devices in both industry and academia. He has been a director of several private and public companies in the healthcare sector, including Heartware Limited and subsequently Heartware International Inc., since December 2004. He was a director and chairman of Gene Shears Pty Limited and, from 1987 until his retirement in 2002, was managing director and chairman of Johnson & Johnson Research Pty Ltd, a research and development company of Johnson & Johnson Inc. He was also a member of the J&J Corporate Office of Science and Technology. Prior to that, Dr Wade was the Foundation Professor of Clinical Pharmacology at the University of New South Wales and served as a member of a number of state and federal bodies related to the drug industry, including the P3 Committee.

He is a former chairman of the Australian Academy National Committee for Pharmacology, the Australasian Society for Clinical and Experimental Pharmacology and Toxicology and a former chairman of the Clinical Pharmacology Section of the International Union of Pharmacology.

Dr Wade holds a first class honours degree in Medicine and Science from the University of Sydney and a Doctorate of Philosophy from the University of Oxford. He was awarded an Honorary Doctorate of Science by the University of New South Wales and is a Fellow of the Royal Australasian College of Physicians and of the Australian Academy of Technological Sciences and Engineering. In 1999 he was made a Member of the Order of Australia.

Dr Wade was appointed as a director on 30 April 2010.

***Mr Peter J. Nightingale
Company Secretary***

Mr Nightingale graduated with a Bachelor of Economics degree from the University of Sydney and is a member of the Institute of Chartered Accountants in Australia. He has worked as a chartered accountant in both Australia and the USA.

As a director or company secretary Mr Nightingale has, for more than 25 years, been responsible for the financial control, administration, secretarial and in-house legal functions of a number of private and public listed companies in Australia, the USA and Europe including Bolnisi Gold N.L., Callabonna Uranium Limited, Cockatoo Coal Limited, Mogul Mining N.L., Pangea Resources Limited, Perseverance Corporation Limited, Sumatra Copper & Gold plc, Timberline Minerals, Inc. and Valdora Minerals N.L. Mr Nightingale is currently a director of ASX listed Argent Minerals Limited, Augur Resources Ltd, Planet Gas Limited and unlisted public companies Nickel Mines Limited and Prospech Limited.

Mr Nightingale has been Company Secretary since 23 February 1999.

BIOTRON LIMITED

DIRECTORS' REPORT

Directors' Meetings

The number of directors' meetings held and number of meetings attended by each of the directors of the Company, while they were a director, during the year are:

Director	Directors' Meetings	
	No. of Eligible Meetings to Attend	No. of Meetings Attended
Michael J. Hoy	6	6
Michelle Miller	6	6
Susan M. Pond	6	6
Robert B. Thomas	6	6
Denis N. Wade	6	6

Directors' Interests

At the date of this report, the beneficial interests of each director of the Company in the issued share capital of the Company and options, each exercisable to acquire one fully paid ordinary share of the Company are:

	Fully Paid Ordinary Shares	Options	Option Terms (Exercise Price and Term)
Directors			
Michael J. Hoy	4,985,491	700,961	\$0.12 at any time up to 30 September 2016
Michelle Miller	-	2,000,000	\$0.15 at any time up to 30 November 2018
	-	3,000,000	\$0.18 at any time up to 30 November 2018
Susan M. Pond	348,958	55,556	\$0.12 at any time up to 30 September 2016
Robert B. Thomas	5,395,207	1,237,038	\$0.12 at any time up to 30 September 2016
Denis N. Wade	1,637,079	273,977	\$0.12 at any time up to 30 September 2016

In November 2015, 2,000,000 unlisted Options with an exercise price of \$0.15 and 3,000,000 unlisted options with an exercise price of \$0.18 were granted to Michelle Miller.

There were no other options over unissued ordinary shares granted as compensation to directors or executives of the Company during or since the end of the financial year.

Unissued Shares Under Option

At the date of this report, unissued ordinary shares of the Company under option are:

Number of Shares	Exercise Price	Expiry Date
2,000,000	\$0.15	30 November 2018
3,000,000	\$0.18	30 November 2018
50,719,140	\$0.12	30 September 2016

All options expire on the earlier of their expiry date or termination of the employee's employment provided the exercise period has been reached. In the event that the employment of the option holder is terminated, any options which have not reached their exercise period will lapse and any options which have reached their exercise period may be exercised within three months of the date of termination of employment. Any options not exercised within this three month period will lapse. The persons entitled to exercise the options do not have, by virtue of the options, the right to participate in a share issue of the Company or any other body corporate.

BIOTRON LIMITED

DIRECTORS' REPORT

Shares Issued on Exercise of Options

During or since the end of the financial year, the Company issued ordinary shares as a result of the exercise of options as follows (there are no amounts unpaid on the shares issued):

Number of Shares	Amount paid on each share
1,313	\$0.12

Principal Activities

The principal activities of the Company during the financial year were the funding and management of intermediate and applied biotechnology research and development projects.

Financial Result and Review of Operations

The operating loss of the Company for the financial year after income tax was \$3,004,303 (2015 - \$2,723,221 loss).

A review of the Company's operations for the year is set out in the Operating and Financial Review.

Impact of Legislation and Other External Requirements

There were no changes in environmental or other legislative requirements during the year that have significantly impacted the results or operations of the Company.

Dividends

The directors recommend that no dividend be paid by the Company. No dividend has been paid or declared since the end of the previous financial year.

State of Affairs

In the opinion of the directors, there were no significant changes in the state of affairs of the Company that occurred during the year ended 30 June 2016.

Environmental Regulations

The Company's operations are not subject to significant environmental regulations under Commonwealth or State legislation in relation to its research projects.

Events Subsequent to Balance Date

There has not arisen in the interval between the end of the financial year and the date of this report any item, transaction or event of a material and unusual nature likely, in the opinion of the directors of the Company, to affect significantly the operations of the Company, the results of those operations, or the state of affairs of the Company in future financial years.

Likely Developments

During the year ended 30 June 2016, the Company continued to fund and manage its research and development projects. The success of these research projects, which cannot be assessed on the same fundamentals as trading and manufacturing enterprises, will determine future likely developments.

BIOTRON LIMITED

DIRECTORS' REPORT

Indemnification of Officers and Auditors

During or since the end of the financial year, the Company has not indemnified or made a relevant agreement to indemnify an officer or auditor of the Company against a liability incurred by such an officer or auditor. In addition, the Company has not paid or agreed to pay, a premium in respect of a contract insuring against a liability incurred by an officer or auditor.

Remuneration Report - Audited

Principles of compensation - Audited

Key management personnel have authority and responsibility for planning, directing and controlling the activities of the Company. Key management personnel comprise the directors of the Company and the Company Secretary. No other employees have been deemed to be key management personnel.

The policy of remuneration of directors and senior executives is to ensure the remuneration package properly reflects the person's duties and responsibilities, and that remuneration is competitive in attracting, retaining and motivating people of the highest quality. The Board is responsible for reviewing its own performance. The non-executive directors are responsible for evaluating the performance of the executive directors who, in turn, evaluate the performance of all other senior executives. The evaluation process is intended to assess the Company's business performance, whether long term strategic objectives are being achieved and the achievement of individual performance objectives.

Remuneration generally comprises salary and superannuation. Longer term incentives are able to be provided through the Company's Incentive Option Plan which acts to align the directors and senior executives' actions with the interests of the shareholders. The remuneration disclosed below represents the cost to the Company for the services provided under these arrangements.

No directors or senior executives receive performance related remuneration. Options issued in prior periods as remuneration were subject to minimum service periods being met.

The Number of options that had vested as at 30 June 2016 is 1,000,000. No Options were granted subsequent to year end. 5,000,000 unlisted options granted to Michelle Miller expired during the year.

There were no remuneration consultants used by the Company during the year ended 30 June 2016, or in the prior year.

Consequences of performance on shareholder wealth - Audited

In considering the Company's performance and benefits for shareholders wealth, the Board have regard to the following indices in respect of the current financial year and the previous four financial years.

	2016	2015	2014	2013	2012
Net loss attributable to equity holders of the Company	\$3,004,303	\$2,723,221	\$3,085,814	\$3,850,745	\$2,378,052
Dividends paid	-	-	-	-	-
Change in share price	(7.0) cents	3.0 cents	2.0 cents	(2.0) cents	(1.0) cents

The overall level of key management personnel's compensation is assessed on the basis of market conditions, status of the Company's projects, and financial performance of the Company.

BIOTRON LIMITED

DIRECTORS' REPORT

Remuneration Report - Audited (continued)

Details of remuneration for the year ended 30 June 2016 - Audited

Details of director and senior executive remuneration and the nature and amount of each major element of the remuneration of each director of the Company, and other key management personnel of the Company are set out below:

	Year	Primary Fees \$	Superannuation \$	Share Based Payments - Options \$	Other Long Term \$	Total \$	Value of Options as a % of Remuneration
Directors							
<i>Non-executive</i>							
Michael J. Hoy	2016	68,807	6,537	-	-	75,344	-
(Chairman)	2015	68,807	6,537	-	-	75,344	-
Susan M. Pond	2016	36,697	3,486	-	-	40,183	-
	2015	36,697	3,486	-	-	40,183	-
Robert B. Thomas	2016	36,697	3,486	-	-	40,183	-
	2015	36,697	3,486	-	-	40,183	-
Denis N. Wade	2016	36,697	3,486	-	-	40,183	-
	2015	36,697	3,486	-	-	40,183	-
<i>Executive</i>							
Michelle Miller	2016	325,383	29,048	42,902	5,096	402,429	11%
(Managing Director)	2015	328,846	31,240	-	-	360,086	-
Executives							
Peter J. Nightingale	2016	75,000	-	-	-	75,000	-
(Company Secretary)	2015	75,000	-	-	-	75,000	-

No bonuses were paid during the financial year and no performance based components of remuneration exist. The Company employed no other key management personnel.

Options granted as compensation - Audited

Details of options granted as compensation to each key management person:

Director	Grant Date	Number of Options Granted	Fair Value at Grant Date	Option Terms (Exercise Price and Term)
Michelle Miller	25 November 2015	1,000,000	\$17,900	\$0.15 at any time to 30 November 2018.
Michelle Miller	25 November 2015	1,000,000	\$17,900	\$0.15 at any time from 30 November 2016 up to 30 November 2018.
Michelle Miller	25 November 2015	3,000,000	\$48,900	\$0.18 at any time from 30 November 2017 up to 30 November 2018.

The fair value of the options at grant date was determined based on Black- Scholes formula. The model inputs of the options issued, were the Company's share price of \$0.046 at the grant date, a volatility factor

BIOTRON LIMITED

DIRECTORS' REPORT

Remuneration Report - Audited (continued)

of 100% based on historic share price performance, a risk free rate of 2.11% based on the 10 year government bond rate and no dividends paid.

The number of options that vested as at 30 June 2016 is 1,000,000 (2015 – 5,000,000). No options were granted subsequent to year end and 5,000,000 options lapsed during the year.

Modification of terms of equity-settled share-based payment transactions - Audited

No terms of equity-settled share-based payment transactions (including options granted as compensation to a key management person) have been altered or modified by the issuing entity during 2016 financial year.

In November 2014 the 5,000,000 options on issue to Michelle Miller were repriced. The modification resulted in an immaterial change to the fair value of the options and no expense has been recognised as a result.

Exercise of options granted as compensation - Audited

There were no shares issued on the exercise of options previously granted as compensation during the 2016 and 2015 financial years.

Analysis of options and rights over equity instruments granted as compensation - Audited

All options refer to options over ordinary shares of Biotron Limited, which are exercisable on a one-for-one basis.

Options granted					
Director	Number	Date	% vested in year	% forfeited in year	Financial year in which grant vests
Michelle Miller	1,000,000	24 December 2010	-	100%	1 July 2010
	1,000,000	24 December 2010	-	100%	1 July 2011
	3,000,000	24 December 2010	-	100%	1 July 2012
	1,000,000	25 November 2015	100%	-	1 July 2015
	1,000,000	25 November 2015	-	-	1 July 2016
	3,000,000	25 November 2015	-	-	1 July 2017

The number of options that had vested as at 30 June 2016 is 1,000,000 (2015 - 5,000,000). No options were granted subsequent to year end.

Analysis of movements in options - Audited

Director	Granted in the year	Valuation of options exercised in the year	Lapsed in the year
Michelle Miller	5,000,000	-	5,000,000

Options and rights over equity instruments – Audited

The movement during the reporting period in the number of options over ordinary shares in the Company held directly, indirectly or beneficially, by each key management person, including their personally related entities, is as follows:

BIOTRON LIMITED

DIRECTORS' REPORT

Remuneration Report - Audited (continued)

Option holdings 2016 - Audited

	Held at 1 July 2015	Granted/ Purchased	Exercised	Expired	Held at 30 June 2016	Vested and exercisable at 30 June 2016
Directors						
Michael J. Hoy	700,961	-	-	-	700,961	700,961
Michelle Miller	5,000,000	5,000,000	-	(5,000,000)	5,000,000	1,000,000
Susan M. Pond	55,556	-	-	-	55,556	55,556
Robert B. Thomas	1,237,038	-	-	-	1,237,038	1,237,038
Denis N. Wade	273,977	-	-	-	273,977	273,977
Executives						
Peter J. Nightingale	1,151,924	-	-	-	1,151,924	1,151,924

Loans to key management personal and their related parties - Audited

There were no loans made to key management personnel or their related parties during the 2016 and 2015 financial years and no amounts were outstanding at 30 June 2016 (2015 - \$nil).

Other transactions with key management personnel - Audited

The following key management personnel holds a position in another entity that results in them having control or joint control over the financial or operating policies of that entity, and this entity transacted with the Company during the year as follows:

- During the year ended 30 June 2016, Peter J. Nightingale had a controlling interest in an entity, MIS Corporate Pty Limited, which provided full administrative services, including rental accommodation, administrative staff, services and supplies, to the entity. Fees paid to MIS Corporate Pty Limited during the year amounted to \$144,000 (2015 - \$144,000). There were no outstanding amounts at 30 June 2016 (2015 - \$nil).
- During the year ended 30 June 2015, Peter J. Nightingale had a controlling interest in an entity, Rosignol Consultants Pty Limited, which provided consulting services specifically in relation to the capital raise conducted by the Company in October 2014. The fees paid to Rosignol Consultants Pty Limited during the prior period amounted to \$5,000. There were no outstanding amounts at 30 June 2015.

Movements in shares - Audited

The movement during the reporting period in the number of ordinary shares in the Company held directly, indirectly or beneficially, by each key management person, including their personally-related entities, is as follows:

BIOTRON LIMITED

DIRECTORS' REPORT

Remuneration Report - Audited (continued)

Fully paid ordinary shareholdings and transactions 2016 – Audited

	Held at 1 July 2015	Purchased	Received on exercise of options	Sales	Held at 30 June 2016
Directors					
Michael J. Hoy	3,855,283	1,130,208	-	-	4,985,491
Michelle Miller	-	-	-	-	-
Susan M. Pond	305,556	43,402	-	-	348,958
Robert B. Thomas	5,265,000	130,207	-	-	5,395,207
Denis N. Wade	1,506,871	130,208	-	-	1,637,079
Executives					
Peter J. Nightingale	5,500,000	260,416	-	-	5,760,416

Service contracts - Audited

There are no service contracts for the key management personnel.

Non-executive directors - Audited

Total compensation for all non-executive directors is determined by the Board based on market conditions.

BIOTRON LIMITED

DIRECTORS' REPORT

Non-audit Services

During the year KPMG, the Company's auditor, performed no other services in addition to their statutory duties.

A copy of the auditors' independence declaration as required under Section 307C of the *Corporations Act 2001* is included in the Directors' Report.

Details of the amounts paid and accrued to the auditor of the Company, KPMG, and its related practices for audit and non-audit services provided during the year are set out below.

	2016 \$	2015 \$
Statutory audit		
Audit and review of financial reports - KPMG	<u>43,400</u>	<u>38,500</u>

Lead Auditor's Independence Declaration

The Lead Auditor's Independence Declaration is set out on page 16 and forms part of the Directors' Report for the year ended 30 June 2016.

This report has been signed in accordance with a resolution of the directors and is dated 5 August 2016:



Michael J. Hoy
Chairman



Michelle Miller
Managing Director



Lead Auditor's Independence Declaration under Section 307C of the *Corporations Act 2001*

To: the Directors of Biotron Limited

I declare that, to the best of my knowledge and belief, in relation to the audit for the financial year ended 30 June 2016, there have been:

- (i) no contraventions of the auditor independence requirements as set out in the *Corporations Act 2001* in relation to the audit; and
- (ii) no contraventions of any applicable code of professional conduct in relation to the audit.

KPMG
5 August 2016
Brisbane

Stephen J. Board
Partner

BIOTRON LIMITED

STATEMENT OF PROFIT OR LOSS AND OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2016

	Notes	2016 \$	2015 \$
Continuing operations			
Other income	5	1,548,185	1,672,265
Administration and consultants' expenses		(225,250)	(300,112)
Depreciation	12	(15,457)	(16,957)
Employee and director expenses		(850,813)	(801,660)
Direct research and development expenses	6	(3,132,197)	(2,882,954)
Rent and outgoings expenses		(62,686)	(85,289)
Travel expenses		(36,404)	(44,776)
Other expenses from ordinary activities		<u>(306,046)</u>	<u>(311,429)</u>
Operating loss before financing income		<u>(3,080,668)</u>	<u>(2,770,912)</u>
Interest income		<u>76,365</u>	<u>47,691</u>
Net financing income		<u>76,365</u>	<u>47,691</u>
Loss before tax		(3,004,303)	(2,723,221)
Income tax expense	9	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>
Loss for the year		(3,004,303)	(2,723,221)
Other comprehensive income		<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>
Total comprehensive loss for the year		<u>(3,004,303)</u>	<u>(2,723,221)</u>
Basic and diluted loss per share (cents)	7	<u>(0.96) cents</u>	<u>(1.04) cents</u>

The above Statement of Profit or Loss and Other Comprehensive Income should be read in conjunction with the accompanying notes.

BIOTRON LIMITED

STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION AS AT 30 JUNE 2016

	Notes	2016 \$	2015 \$
Current assets			
Cash and cash equivalents	8	3,418,453	4,523,224
Trade and other receivables	10	-	10,184
Other assets	11	27,755	35,025
Total current assets		<u>3,446,208</u>	<u>4,568,433</u>
Non-current assets			
Plant and equipment	12	37,075	47,769
Total non-current assets		<u>37,075</u>	<u>47,769</u>
Total assets		<u>3,483,283</u>	<u>4,616,202</u>
Current liabilities			
Trade and other payables	13	115,959	283,319
Employee entitlements	14	230,357	189,857
Total current liabilities		<u>346,316</u>	<u>473,176</u>
Total liabilities		<u>346,316</u>	<u>473,176</u>
Net assets		<u>3,136,967</u>	<u>4,143,026</u>
Equity			
Issued capital	15	39,163,122	37,207,759
Reserves	15	860,729	1,339,848
Accumulated losses		(36,886,884)	(34,404,581)
Total equity		<u>3,136,967</u>	<u>4,143,026</u>

The above Statement of Financial Position should be read in conjunction with the accompanying notes.

BIOTRON LIMITED

STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2016

Attributable to equity holders of the Company

	Notes	Issued Capital	Option Reserves	Accumulated Losses	Total
		\$	\$	\$	\$
Balance at 1 July 2014		32,548,656	522,000	(31,681,360)	1,389,296
Total comprehensive income for the year					
Loss for the year		-	-	(2,723,221)	(2,723,221)
Other comprehensive income		-	-	-	-
Total comprehensive loss for the year		-	-	(2,723,221)	(2,723,221)
<i>Transactions with owners, recorded directly in equity</i>					
Contribution by and distribution to owners					
Ordinary shares/options issued		5,242,032	818,045	-	6,060,077
Cost of shares issued		(583,126)	-	-	(583,126)
Exercise of options		197	(197)	-	-
Balance at 30 June 2015	15	<u>37,207,759</u>	<u>1,339,848</u>	<u>(34,404,581)</u>	<u>4,143,026</u>
Balance at 1 July 2015		37,207,759	1,339,848	(34,404,581)	4,143,026
Total comprehensive income for the year					
Loss for the year		-	-	(3,004,303)	(3,004,303)
Other comprehensive income		-	-	-	-
Total comprehensive loss for the year		-	-	(3,004,303)	(3,004,303)
<i>Transactions with owners, recorded directly in equity</i>					
Contribution by and distribution to owners					
Ordinary shares/options issued		2,000,158	-	-	2,000,158
Cost of shares issued		(44,816)	-	-	(44,816)
Share based payment		-	42,902	-	42,902
Transfer of expired options		-	(522,000)	522,000	-
Exercise of options		21	(21)	-	-
Balance at 30 June 2016	15	<u>39,163,122</u>	<u>860,729</u>	<u>(36,886,884)</u>	<u>3,136,967</u>

The above Statement of Changes in Equity should be read in conjunction with the accompanying notes.

BIOTRON LIMITED

STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2016

	Notes	2016 \$	2015 \$
Cash flows from operating activities			
Cash receipts in the course of operations		1,548,185	1,672,265
Payments for research and development		(3,260,756)	(2,932,696)
Cash payments in the course of operations		(1,444,702)	(1,507,222)
Interest received		76,366	47,953
Net cash used in operating activities	16	<u>(3,080,907)</u>	<u>(2,719,700)</u>
Cash flows from investing activities			
Payments for plant and equipment		<u>(4,763)</u>	<u>-</u>
Net cash used in investing activities		<u>(4,763)</u>	<u>-</u>
Cash flows from financing activities			
Proceeds from issue of shares and options		2,000,158	6,060,077
Cost of issue of shares and options		<u>(44,816)</u>	<u>(583,126)</u>
Net cash from financing activities		<u>1,955,342</u>	<u>5,476,951</u>
Net increase/(decrease) in cash held		(1,130,328)	2,757,251
Cash and cash equivalents at 1 July		4,523,224	1,764,181
Effect of exchange rate adjustments on cash held		<u>25,557</u>	<u>1,792</u>
Cash and cash equivalents at 30 June	8	<u>3,418,453</u>	<u>4,523,224</u>

The above Statement of Cash Flows should be read in conjunction with the accompanying notes.

BIOTRON LIMITED

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2016

1. REPORTING ENTITY

Biotron Limited (the 'Company') is a company domiciled in Australia. The address of the Company's registered office is at Level 2, 66 Hunter Street, Sydney, NSW 2000. The Company is a for-profit entity and is primarily engaged in the funding and management of intermediate and applied biotechnology research and development projects.

2. BASIS OF PREPARATION

(a) Statement of compliance

These financial statements are general purpose financial statements which have been prepared in accordance with Australian Accounting Standards ('AASBs') adopted by the Australian Accounting Standards Board ('AASB') and the *Corporations Act 2001*. The financial statements of the Company also comply with International Financial Reporting Standards ('IFRSs') adopted by the International Accounting Standards Board ('IASB').

The financial report was authorised for issue by the directors on 5 August 2016.

(b) Basis of measurement

The financial statements have been prepared on the historical cost basis, unless otherwise stated.

(c) Functional and presentation currency

These financial statements are presented in Australian dollars, which is the Company's functional currency.

(d) Use of estimates and judgements

The preparation of financial statements requires management to make judgements, estimates and assumptions that affect the application of accounting policies and the reported amounts of assets, liabilities, income and expenses. Actual results may differ from these estimates.

Estimates and underlying assumptions are reviewed on an ongoing basis. Revisions to accounting estimates are recognised in the period in which the estimate is revised and in any future periods affected.

In particular, information about significant areas of estimation uncertainty and critical judgements in applying accounting policies that have the most significant effect on the amounts recognised in the financial statements are described in the following notes:

- Note 9 Unrecognised deferred tax asset

3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The accounting policies set out below have been applied consistently to all periods presented in these financial statements, and have been applied consistently by the Company.

(a) Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents comprise cash balances and call deposits with an original maturity of three months or less.

(b) Trade and other receivables

Trade and other receivables are stated at their amortised cost less impairment losses.

BIOTRON LIMITED

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2016

3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Cont.)

(c) Property, plant and equipment

Property plant and equipment are stated at their historical cost less accumulated depreciation and accumulated impairment losses. Depreciation is recognised in profit or loss using the reducing balance method from the date of acquisition at rates between 13% and 40% per annum.

(d) Research and development

Grants

Where a grant is received relating to research and development costs that have been expensed, the grant is recognised as other income when the grant becomes receivable and the Company complies with all attached conditions.

Costs

Expenditure on research activities, undertaken with the prospect of gaining new scientific or technical knowledge and understanding, is recognised in profit and loss when incurred.

Development activities involve a plan or design for the production of new or substantially improved products and processes. Development expenditure is capitalised only if development costs can be measured reliably, the product or process is technically and commercially feasible, future economic benefits are probable, and the Company intends to and has sufficient resources to complete development and to use or sell the asset. The expenditure capitalised includes the cost of materials, direct labour and overhead costs that are directly attributable to preparing the asset for its intended use. Other development expenditure is recognised in profit or loss when incurred.

Capitalised development expenditure is measured at cost less accumulated amortisation and accumulated impairment losses.

(e) Trade and other payables

Trade and other payables are stated at their amortised cost, are non-interest bearing and are normally settled within 60 days.

(f) Employee entitlements

Short-term employee benefits

Short-term employee benefits are expensed as the related service is provided. A liability is recognised for the amount expected to be paid under short term cash bonus or profit sharing plans if the Company has a present legal or constructive obligation to pay this amount as a result of past service provided by the employee, and the obligation can be estimated reliably.

Long term employee benefits

The Company's net obligation in respect of long term employee benefits is the amount of future benefit that employees have earned in return for their service in the current and prior periods. That benefit is discounted to determine its present value. Remeasurements are recognised in profit or loss in the period in which they arise.

Share-based payment transactions

The grant-date fair value of share-based payment awards granted to employees is recognised as an employee expense, with a corresponding increase in equity, over the period that the employees become unconditionally entitled to the awards. The amount recognised as an expense is adjusted to reflect the number of awards for which the related service and non-market vesting conditions are expected to be met, such that the amount ultimately recognised as an expense is based on the number of awards that meet the related service and non-market performance conditions at the vesting date. For share-based payment awards with non-vesting conditions, the grant date fair value of the share-based payment is measured to reflect such conditions and there is no true-up for differences between expected and actual outcomes.

BIOTRON LIMITED

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2016

3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Cont.)

(g) Financial Instruments

Non-derivative financial assets

The Company holds loans and receivables. Loans and receivables are non-derivative financial assets with fixed or determinable payments that are not quoted in an active market. Such assets are recognised at fair value plus any directly attributable transaction costs. Subsequent to initial recognition, loans and receivables are measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method, less any impairment losses. They are included in current assets, except for those with maturities greater than 12 months after the reporting period, which are classified as non-current assets. Loans and receivables comprise cash and cash equivalents and trade and other receivables.

The Company initially recognises loans and receivables on the date that they are originated.

The Company derecognises a financial asset when the contractual rights to the cash flows from the asset expire, or it transfers the rights to receive the contractual cash flows on the financial asset in a transaction in which substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership of the financial asset are transferred. Any interest in such transferred financial assets that is created or retained by the Company is recognised as a separate asset or liability.

Financial assets and liabilities are offset and the net amount presented in the Statement of Financial Position when, and only when, the Company has a legal right to offset the amounts and intends either to settle them on a net basis or to realise the asset and settle the liability simultaneously.

Non-derivative financial liabilities

The Company initially recognises debt securities issued and subordinated liabilities on the date that they are originated. All other financial liabilities are recognised initially on the trade date, which is the date that the Company becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the instrument.

The Company derecognises a financial liability when its contractual obligations are discharged, cancelled or expire.

Other financial liabilities comprise trade and other payables.

(h) Share Capital

Ordinary Shares

Ordinary shares are classified as equity. Incremental costs directly attributable to the issue of ordinary shares are recognised as a deduction from equity, net of any tax effects.

(i) Tax

Income tax comprises of current tax and deferred tax and is recognised in profit or loss except to the extent that it relates to a business combination, or items recognised directly in equity or in other comprehensive income.

Current tax

Current tax is the expected tax payable or receivable on the taxable income or loss for the year, using tax rates enacted or substantially enacted at the reporting date, and any adjustment to tax payable in respect of previous years.

Current tax assets and liabilities are offset only if certain criteria are met.

Deferred tax

Deferred tax is recognised in respect of temporary differences between the carrying amount of assets and liabilities for financial reporting purposes and the amounts used for taxation purposes. Deferred tax is not recognised for temporary differences on the initial recognition of assets or liabilities in a transaction that is not a business combination and that affects neither accounting nor taxable profit or loss.

BIOTRON LIMITED

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2016

3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Cont.)

The measurement of deferred tax reflects the tax consequences that would follow the manner in which the Company expects, at the end of the reporting period, to recover or settle the carrying amount of its assets and liabilities.

Deferred tax is measured at the tax rates that are expected to be applied to temporary differences when they reverse, using tax rates enacted or substantively enacted at the reporting date. Deferred tax assets and liabilities are offset if there is a legally enforceable right to offset current tax liabilities and assets, and they relate to taxes levied by the same tax authority on the same taxable entity, or on different tax entities, but they intend to settle current tax liabilities and assets on a net basis or their tax assets and liabilities will be realised simultaneously.

A deferred tax asset is recognised for unused tax losses, tax credits and deductible temporary differences, to the extent that it is probable that future taxable profits will be available against which they can be utilised. Deferred tax assets are reviewed at each reporting date and are reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that the related tax benefit will be realised.

Goods and services tax

Revenue, expenses and assets are recognised net of the amount of goods and services tax ('GST'), except where the amount of GST incurred is not recoverable from the taxation authority. In these circumstances, the GST is recognised as part of the cost of acquisition of the asset or as part of the expense.

Receivables and payables are stated with the amount of GST included. The net amount of GST recoverable from, or payable to, the ATO is included as a current asset or liability in the balance sheet.

Cash flows are included in the statement of cash flows on a gross basis. The GST components of cash flows arising from investing and financing activities which are recoverable from, or payable to, the ATO are classified as operating cash flows.

(j) Finance income

Finance income comprises interest income on funds invested. Interest income is recognised as it accrues in profit or loss, using the effective interest method.

(k) Earnings per share

The Company presents basic and diluted earnings per share ('EPS') data for its ordinary shares. Basic EPS is calculated by dividing the profit or loss attributable to ordinary shareholders of the Company by the weighted average number of ordinary shares outstanding during the period. Diluted EPS is determined by adjusting the profit or loss attributable to ordinary shareholders and the weighted average number of ordinary shares outstanding for the effects of all dilutive potential ordinary shares, which comprise share options granted to employees.

(l) Impairment

Non-derivative financial assets

A financial asset not classified as at fair value through profit or loss is assessed at each reporting date to determine whether there is any objective evidence that it is impaired. A financial asset is considered to be impaired if objective evidence indicates that one or more events have had a negative effect on the estimated future cash flows of that asset.

Financial assets measured at amortised cost

Individually significant financial assets are tested for impairment on an individual basis. The remaining financial assets are assessed collectively in groups that share similar credit risk characteristics.

BIOTRON LIMITED

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2016

3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Cont.)

An impairment loss in respect of a financial asset measured at amortised cost is calculated as the difference between its carrying amount, and the present value of the estimated future cash flows discounted at the original effective interest rate. Losses are recognised within profit or loss. When an event occurring after the impairment was recognised causes the amount of impairment loss to decrease, the decrease in impairment loss is reversed through profit or loss.

Non-financial assets

The carrying amounts of the Company's non-financial assets are reviewed at each reporting date to determine whether there is any indication of impairment. If any such indication exists then the asset's recoverable amount is estimated.

An impairment loss is recognised whenever the carrying amount of an asset or its cash-generating unit ('CGU') exceeds its recoverable amount. The recoverable amount of an asset or CGU is the greater of their fair value less costs of disposal and value in use. In assessing value in use, the estimated future cash flows are discounted to their present value using a pre-tax discount rate that reflects current market assessments of the time value of money and the risks specific to the asset or CGU. For impairment testing, assets are grouped together into the smallest group of assets that generates cash inflows from continuing use that are largely independent of the cash inflows of other assets or CGUs. Impairment losses are recognised in profit or loss.

An impairment loss is reversed only to the extent that the asset's carrying amount does not exceed the carrying amount that would have been determined, net of depreciation or amortisation, if no impairment loss had been recognised.

(m) Provisions

A provision is recognised if, as a result of a past event, the Company has a present legal or constructive obligation that can be estimated reliably, and it is probable that an outflow of economic benefits will be required to settle the obligation. Provisions are determined by discounting the expected future cash flows at a pre-tax rate that reflects the current market assessments of the time value of money and the risks specific to the liability. The unwinding of the discount is recognised as a finance cost.

(n) Segment reporting

Determination and presentation of operating segments

The Company determines and presents operating segments based on the information that is provided internally to the Managing Director, who is the Company's chief operating decision maker.

An operating segment is a component of the Company that engages in business activities from which it may earn revenues and incur expenses, including revenues and expenses that relate to transactions with any of the Company's other components. All operating segments' operating results are regularly reviewed by the Company's Managing Director to make decisions about resources to be allocated to the segment and assess its performance.

Segment results that are reported to the Managing Director include items directly attributable to a segment as well as those that can be allocated on a reasonable basis. Unallocated items comprise mainly corporate assets (primarily the Company's headquarters), head office expenses, and income tax assets and liabilities.

BIOTRON LIMITED

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2016

3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Cont.)

(o) New standards and interpretations not yet adopted

A number of new standards, amendments to standards and interpretations are effective for annual periods beginning after 1 July 2014, and have not been applied in preparing these financial statements. Those which may be relevant to the Company are set out below. The Company does not plan to adopt these standards early.

AASB 9 Financial Instruments

AASB 9 replaces the existing guidance in AASB 139 *Financial Instruments: Recognition and Measurement*. AASB 9 includes revised guidance on the classification and measurement of financial instruments, including a new expected credit loss model for calculating impairment on financial assets and the new general hedge accounting requirements. It also carries forward the guidance on recognition and derecognition of financial instruments from AASB 139.

AASB 9 is effective for the Company's annual reporting period beginning 1 July 2018 and can be early adopted. The Company does not plan to adopt this standard early and the standard is not expected to have a significant effect on the financial statements.

4. DETERMINATION OF FAIR VALUES

A number of the Company's accounting policies and disclosures require the determination of fair value, for both financial and non-financial assets and liabilities. Fair values have been determined for measurement and/or disclosure purposes based on the following methods. Where applicable, further information about the assumptions made in determining fair values is disclosed in the notes specific to that asset or liability.

Trade and other receivables

The fair value of trade and other receivables is estimated as the present value of future cash flows, discounted at the market rate of interest at the measurement date. Fair value is determined at initial recognition and, for disclosure purposes, at each annual reporting date.

Share-based payment transactions

The fair value of employee share options is measured using the Black-Scholes formula. Measurement inputs include share price on measurement date, exercise price of the instrument, expected volatility (based on weighted average historic volatility adjusted for changes expected due to publicly available information), weighted average expected life of the instruments (based on historical experience and general option holder behaviour), expected dividends, and the risk-free interest rate (based on government bonds). Service and non-market performance conditions attached to the transactions are not taken into account in determining fair value. Share-based payment arrangements in which the Company receives goods or services as consideration for its own equity instruments are accounted for as equity-settled share-based payment transactions.

Non-derivative financial liabilities

Non-derivative financial liabilities are measured at fair value, at initial recognition, and for disclosure purposes, at each annual reporting date. Fair value is calculated based on the present value of future principal and interest cash flows, discounted at the market rate of interest at the measurement date.

BIOTRON LIMITED

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2016

	2016 \$	2015 \$
5. OTHER INCOME		
Research and development rebate	<u>1,548,185</u>	<u>1,672,265</u>

6. LOSS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES

Loss from ordinary activities has been arrived at after charging the following items:

Auditors' remuneration paid to KPMG

- Audit and review of financial reports	43,400	38,500
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Depreciation

- Office equipment	14,550	15,817
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- Plant and equipment	907	1,140
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Direct research and development expenditure expensed as incurred

3,132,197	2,882,954
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Provision for employee entitlements

40,500	10,540
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Superannuation expense

66,177	109,051
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7. LOSS PER SHARE

The calculation of basic and diluted loss per share at 30 June 2016 was based on the loss attributable to ordinary shareholders of \$3,004,303 (2015 - \$2,723,221 loss) and a weighted average number of ordinary shares outstanding during the financial year ended 30 June 2016 of 313,099,418 (2015 - 260,882,383), calculated as follows:

	2016 \$	2015 \$
Net loss for the year	<u>3,004,303</u>	<u>2,723,221</u>
	2016 Number	2015 Number
Weighted average number of ordinary shares (basic and diluted)		
Issued ordinary shares at 1 July	<u>296,402,910</u>	<u>228,296,944</u>
Weighted average number of ordinary shares at 30 June	<u>313,099,418</u>	<u>260,882,383</u>

As the Company is loss making, none of the potentially dilutive securities are currently dilutive.

	2016 \$	2015 \$
8. CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS		
Cash at bank	<u>3,418,453</u>	<u>4,523,224</u>
Cash and cash equivalents in the statement of cash flows	<u>3,418,453</u>	<u>4,523,224</u>

BIOTRON LIMITED

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2016

	2016 \$	2015 \$
9. INCOME TAX EXPENSE		
Current tax expense		
Current year	(1,367,846)	(1,351,580)
Tax losses not recognised	<u>1,367,846</u>	<u>1,351,580</u>
	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>
Deferred tax expense		
Current year	15,679	33,987
De-recognition of temporary differences	<u>(15,679)</u>	<u>(33,987)</u>
	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>
Numerical reconciliation between tax expense and pre-tax net profit		
Loss before tax - continuing operations	<u>(3,004,303)</u>	<u>(2,723,221)</u>
Prima facie income tax benefit at the Australian tax rate of 30% (2015 - 30%)	(901,291)	(816,966)
Increase in income tax expense due to:		
- Adjustments not resulting in temporary differences	590,106	(500,626)
- Effect of tax losses not recognised	326,864	1,351,580
- Unrecognised temporary differences	<u>(15,679)</u>	<u>(33,988)</u>
Income tax expense current and deferred	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>
Deferred tax assets have not been recognised in respect of the following items		
Deductible temporary differences (net)	227,691	226,406
Tax losses	<u>9,876,428</u>	<u>9,549,564</u>
Net	<u>10,104,119</u>	<u>9,775,970</u>

The deductible temporary differences and tax losses do not expire under the current tax legislation. Deferred tax assets have not been recognised in respect of these items because it is not probable that future taxable profit will be available against which the Company can utilise the benefits of the deferred tax asset.

BIOTRON LIMITED

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2016

	2016 \$	2015 \$
10. TRADE AND OTHER RECEIVABLES		
Current		
Other debtors	-	10,184
11. OTHER ASSETS		
Current prepayments	12,755	19,894
Security deposits	15,000	15,131
	27,755	35,025
12. PLANT AND EQUIPMENT		
Office equipment - at cost	205,851	201,088
Accumulated depreciation	(173,634)	(159,084)
	32,217	42,004
Plant and equipment - at cost	506,463	506,463
Accumulated depreciation	(501,605)	(500,698)
	4,858	5,765
Total plant and equipment - net book value	37,075	47,769
Reconciliations		
Reconciliations of the carrying amounts for each class of plant and equipment are set out below:		
Office equipment		
Balance at 1 July	42,004	57,821
Additions	4,763	-
Depreciation	(14,550)	(15,817)
Carrying amount at the end of the financial year	32,217	42,004
Plant and equipment		
Balance at 1 July	5,765	6,905
Depreciation	(907)	(1,140)
Carrying amount at the end of the financial year	4,858	5,765
Total carrying amount at the end of the financial year	37,075	47,769

BIOTRON LIMITED

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2016

	2016 \$	2015 \$
13. TRADE AND OTHER PAYABLES		
Current		
Creditors	92,459	249,213
Accruals	<u>23,500</u>	<u>34,106</u>
	<u>115,959</u>	<u>283,319</u>
14. EMPLOYEE ENTITLEMENTS		
Current		
Employee annual leave provision	106,233	78,694
Long service leave provision	<u>124,124</u>	<u>111,163</u>
	<u>230,357</u>	<u>189,857</u>
 Number of employees at the end of the financial year	 <u>4</u>	 <u>4</u>
15. CAPITAL AND RESERVES		
Issued and paid up capital		
313,765,329 (2015 – 296,402,910) fully paid ordinary shares	<u>39,163,122</u>	<u>37,207,759</u>
Fully paid ordinary shares		
Balance at the beginning of the financial year	37,207,759	32,548,656
Issue of shares	2,000,158	5,242,032
Exercise of options	21	197
Costs of issue	<u>(44,816)</u>	<u>(583,126)</u>
Balance at the end of financial year	<u>39,163,122</u>	<u>37,207,759</u>

The Company does not have authorised capital or par value in respect of its issued shares. All issued shares are fully paid.

- During the year ended 30 June 2016, 1,313 ordinary shares (2015-12,201) were issued through the exercise of the listed options for cash totalling \$158 (2015:\$1,464). The fair value of the options issued was \$21 (2015 - \$197).
- In July 2015, the Company issued 17,361,111 new fully paid ordinary shares through a share purchase plan for a cash totalling \$2,000,000. Total issue cost of \$44,816 was recognised as a reduction in the proceeds of these shares.
- In June 2015 the Company issued 17,361,111 ordinary shares through a share placement offer for cash totalling \$2,000,000. Total issue costs of \$179,417 were recognised as a reduction in the proceeds of the issue of these shares.
- In October 2014 the Company offered eligible shareholders to purchase one new share and one new listed option through a pro- rata renounceable rights issue. Under this offer, the Company issued 50,732,654 ordinary shares and 50,732,654 listed options for cash totalling \$4,058,613. Fair value for the listed options amounting to \$818,045 was recognised in the option premium reserve. Total issue cost of \$403,709 was recognised as a reduction in proceeds of issue of these

BIOTRON LIMITED

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2016

15. CAPITAL AND RESERVES (Cont.)

shares. The listed options are each exercisable at 12 cents to acquire one fully paid ordinary share exercisable at any time up to 30 September 2016.

The following options were issued during the year ended 30 June 2016 and were on issue at 30 June 2016:

- 1,000,000 options with a fair value at grant date of 1.8 cents, each exercisable at 15 cents to acquire one fully paid ordinary share at any time up to 30 November 2018.
- 1,000,000 options with a fair value at grant date of 1.8 cents, each exercisable at 15 cents to acquire one fully paid ordinary share at any time after 30 November 2016 up to 30 November 2018.
- 3,000,000 options with a fair value at grant date of 1.6 cents, each exercisable at 18 cents to acquire one fully paid ordinary share at any time after 30 November 2017 up to 30 November 2018.

The fair value of the options at each grant date was determined based on the Black-Scholes formula. The model inputs for those options issued during the year ended 30 June 2016 were the Company's share price of \$.046 at the grant date, a volatility factor of 100% based on historic share price performance, risk free interest rate of 2.11% based on the 10 year government bond rate and no dividends paid.

During the year ended 30 June 2016, the following options lapsed (2015- nil).

- 2,000,000 options, each exercisable at 21 cents to acquire one fully paid ordinary share at any time up to 30 October 2015.
- 3,000,000 options, each exercisable at 24 cents to acquire one fully paid ordinary share at any time up to 30 October 2015.

Terms and conditions - Shares

Holders of ordinary shares are entitled to receive dividends as declared and, are entitled to one vote per share at shareholders' meetings. In the event of winding up of the Company, ordinary shareholders rank after creditors and are fully entitled to any proceeds of liquidation.

	2016 \$	2015 \$
Option Reserves		
Equity based compensation reserve (a)	42,902	522,000
Option premium reserve (b)	817,827	817,848
	860,729	1,339,848

Movements during the period

(a) Equity based compensation reserve

Balance at the beginning of period	522,000	522,000
Share Based Payment	42,902	-
Expiry of options	(522,000)	-
Balance at end of period	42,902	522,000

BIOTRON LIMITED

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2016

15. CAPITAL AND RESERVES (Cont.)

	2016 \$	2015 \$
(b) Option premium reserve		
Balance at the beginning of period	817,848	-
Issue of options	-	818,045
Exercise of options	(21)	(197)
Balance at end of period	817,827	817,848

Nature and purpose of reserves

Equity based compensation reserve:

The equity based compensation reserve is used to recognise the grant date fair value of options issued but not exercised

Option premium reserve:

The option premium reserve is used to accumulate proceeds received from the issuing of options.

	2016 \$	2015 \$
16. STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS		
Reconciliation of cash flows from operating activities		
Loss for the period	(3,004,303)	(2,723,221)
Adjustments for:		
Depreciation of plant and equipment	15,457	16,957
Provisions	40,500	10,540
Share based payments	42,902	-
Effect of exchange rate adjustments	(25,557)	(1,792)
Changes in assets and liabilities		
Decrease/(Increase) in receivables	10,184	(10,184)
Decrease in prepayments	7,139	8
Decrease/(Increase) in payables	(167,229)	(12,008)
Net cash used in operating activities	(3,080,907)	(2,719,700)

17. RELATED PARTIES

Key management personnel and director transactions

The following key management personnel holds a position in another entity that results in them having control or joint control over the financial or operating policies of that entity, and this entity transacted with the Company during the year as follows:

BIOTRON LIMITED

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2016

17. RELATED PARTIES (Cont.).

- During the year ended 30 June 2016, Peter J. Nightingale had a controlling interest in an entity, MIS Corporate Pty Limited, which provided full administrative services, including rental accommodation, administrative staff, services and supplies, to the entity. Fees paid to MIS Corporate Pty Limited during the year, amounted to \$144,000 (2015 - \$144,000). There were no outstanding amounts at 30 June 2016 (2015 - \$nil).
- During the year ended 30 June 2015, Peter J. Nightingale had a controlling interest in an entity, Rosignol Consultants Pty Limited, which provided consulting services specifically in relation to the capital raise conducted by the Company in October 2014. There was no additional fees paid to Rosignol Consultants Pty Limited during the period (2015-\$5,000). There were no outstanding amounts at 30 June 2016 and 30 June 2015.

Key management personnel compensation

During the year ended 30 June 2016 compensation of key management personnel totalled \$673,322 (2015 - \$630,979), which comprised primary salary and fees of \$579,281 (2015 - \$582,744), superannuation of \$46,043 (2015 - \$48,235), share based payments of \$42,902 (2015 - Nil) and long service leave of \$5,096. During the 2016 and 2015 financial years, no long term benefits or termination payments were paid.

18. SHARE BASED PAYMENTS

The Company has an Incentive Option Plan to provide eligible persons, being employees or directors, or individuals whom the Plan Committee determine to be employees for the purposes of the Plan, with the opportunity to acquire options over unissued ordinary shares in the Company. The number of options granted or offered under the Plan will not exceed 10% of the Company's issued share capital and the exercise price of options will be the greater of the market value of the Company's shares as at the date of grant of the option or such amount as the Plan Committee determines. Options have no voting or dividend rights. The vesting conditions of options issued under the plan are based on minimum service periods being achieved. There are no other vesting conditions attached to options issued under the plan.

In the event that the employment or office of the option holder is terminated, any options which have not reached their exercise period will lapse and any options which have reached their exercise period may be exercised within three months of the date of termination of employment. Any options not exercised within this three month period will lapse.

During the year ended 30 June 2016, 5,000,000 options were issued to the managing director as detailed in note 15 (2015- nil).

Options outstanding at 30 June 2016

Grant date	Number of options	Exercise price	Fair value at grant date	Vesting date*	Expiry date
25 November 2015	1,000,000	\$0.15	\$0.018	25 November 2015	30 November 2018
25 November 2015	1,000,000	\$0.15	\$0.018	30 November 2016	30 November 2018
25 November 2015	3,000,000	\$0.18	\$0.016	30 November 2017	30 November 2018

* Vesting conditions are based on minimum service periods being achieved.

BIOTRON LIMITED

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2016

18. SHARE BASED PAYMENTS (Cont.).

Options outstanding at 30 June 2015

Grant date	Number of options	Exercise price	Fair value at grant date	Vesting date*	Expiry date
24 December 2010	1,000,000	\$0.21	\$0.105	24 December 2010	30 October 2015
24 December 2010	1,000,000	\$0.21	\$0.105	30 October 2011	30 October 2015
24 December 2010	3,000,000	\$0.24	\$0.104	30 October 2012	30 October 2015

* Vesting conditions are based on minimum service periods being achieved.

The options on issue at 30 June 2015 were modified in November 2014. The strike price of the options was reduced by 1c for each option. The modification had an immaterial impact on the fair value of each option on issue, and accordingly no expense has been recognised in relation to the modification.

Movement of options in the equity based compensation reserve during the year

	Number of options 2016	Weighted average exercise price 2016	Number of options 2015	Weighted average exercise price 2015
Outstanding at 1 July	5,000,000	\$0.17	5,000,000	\$0.23

The equity based compensation reserve is used to record the options issued to directors and executives of the Company as compensation. Options are valued using the Black-Scholes option pricing model.

The weighted average remaining contractual life of share options outstanding at the end of the year in the equity based compensation reserve was 2.42 years (2015 - 0.33 years).

No ordinary shares have been issued as a result of the exercise of any option granted pursuant to the Incentive Option Plan during the current and prior financial year.

Fair value of options

The fair value of options granted is measured at grant date and recognised as an expense over the period during which the employee becomes unconditionally entitled to the options. The fair value of the options granted is measured using an option valuation methodology, taking into account the terms and conditions upon which the options were granted. The amount recognised as an expense is adjusted to reflect the actual number of options that vest.

When options on issue are modified and the modification is beneficial to the other party the incremental fair value at the date of the modification is recognised over the remaining modified vesting period and the original grant-date fair value is recognised over the remaining original vesting period. When the modification is to options on issue that have fully vested the incremental fair value is recognised as an expense in the period the modification occurs. The incremental fair value is the difference between the fair value of the share based payment at the date of modification between the old and new terms.

Expenses arising from share-based payment transactions

Total expenses arising from share based payment transactions recognised during the year ended 30 June 2016 was \$42,902 (2015 - \$Nil).

BIOTRON LIMITED

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2016

19. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

Financial risk management objectives and policies

The Company's financial instruments comprise deposits with banks, receivables, trade and other payables and from time to time short term loans from related parties. The Company does not trade in derivatives or in foreign currency.

The Company manages its risk exposure of its financial instruments in accordance with the guidance of the Board of Directors. The main risks arising from the Company's financial instruments are market risk, credit risk and liquidity risks. This note presents information about the Company's exposure to each of these risks, its objectives, policies and processes for measuring and managing risk, and the Company's management of capital.

Risk management framework

The Board has overall responsibility for the establishment and oversight of the risk management framework. Informal risk management policies are established to identify and analyse the risks faced by

the Company. The primary responsibility to monitor the financial risks lies with the Managing Director and the Company Secretary under the authority of the Board.

Credit risk

Credit risk arises mainly from the risk of counterparties defaulting on the terms of their agreements.

The carrying amounts of the following assets represent the Company's maximum exposure to credit risk in relation to financial assets:

	Note	Carrying amount	
		2016 \$	2015 \$
Cash and cash equivalents	8	3,418,453	4,523,224
Trade and other receivables	10	-	10,184
Security deposits	11	15,000	15,131
		<u>3,433,453</u>	<u>4,548,539</u>

Cash and cash equivalents

The Company mitigates credit risk on cash and cash equivalents by dealing with regulated banks in Australia.

Trade and other receivables

Credit risk of trade and other receivables is very low as it usually consists predominantly of amounts recoverable from taxation and other government authorities in Australia.

All financial assets are current and are not past due or impaired and the Company does not have any material credit risk exposure to any single debtor or group of debtors under financial instruments entered into by the Company.

Liquidity risk

Liquidity risk is the risk that the Company will not be able to meet its financial obligations as they fall due. The Company's approach to managing liquidity is to ensure, as far as possible, that it will always have sufficient liquidity to meet its liabilities when due, under both normal and stressed conditions, without incurring unacceptable losses or risking damage to the Company's reputation.

BIOTRON LIMITED

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2016

19. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (Cont.).

Ultimate responsibility for liquidity management rests with the Board. The Company monitors rolling forecasts of liquidity on the basis of expected fund raisings, trade payables and other obligations for the ongoing operation of the Company. At balance date, the Company has available funds of \$3,418,453 for its immediate use.

The following are the contractual maturities of financial liabilities, including estimated interest payments:

	Carrying amount	Contractual cash flows	Less than one year	Between one and five years	Interest
	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
30 June 2016					
Trade and other payables	115,959	(115,959)	(115,959)	-	-
30 June 2015					
Trade and other payables	283,319	(283,319)	(283,319)	-	-

It is not expected that the cash flows included in the maturity analysis could occur significantly earlier, or at significantly different amounts.

Market Risks

Market risk is the risk that changes in market prices, such as foreign exchange rates, interest rates and equity prices will affect the Company's income or the value of its holdings of financial instruments. The objective of market risk management is to manage and control market risk exposures within acceptable parameters, while optimising the return.

Interest rate risk

The Company's income statement is affected by changes in interest rates due to the impact of such changes on interest income from cash and cash equivalents and interest bearing security deposits. The average interest rate on funds held during the year was 1.99% (2015 – 1.64%).

At balance date, the Company had the following mix of financial assets exposed to variable interest rate risk that are not designated as cash flow hedges:

	Note	2016 \$	2015 \$
Financial assets			
Cash and cash equivalents	8	3,418,453	4,523,224
Security deposits	11	15,000	15,131
Net exposure		3,433,453	4,538,355

The Company did not have any interest bearing financial liabilities in the current or prior year.

The Company does not have interest rate swap contracts. The Company always analyses its interest rate exposure when considering renewals of existing positions including alternative financing.

Sensitivity analysis

The following sensitivity analysis is based on the interest rate risk exposures at balance date.

An increase of 100 basis points in interest rates throughout the reporting period would have decreased the loss for the period by the amounts shown below, whilst a decrease would have increased the loss by

BIOTRON LIMITED

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2016

19. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (Cont.).

the same amount. The Company's equity consists of fully paid ordinary shares. There is no effect on fully paid ordinary shares by an increase or decrease in interest rates during the period.

38,378

29,270

Currency risk

The Company is exposed to currency risk on cash and cash equivalents that are denominated in United States currency. The company's gross financial exposure to foreign currency risk at balance date was US\$5,269 (2015- US\$433,934).

Sensitivity analysis

The following sensitivity analysis is based on the currency risk exposures at balance date.

A 5% strengthening of the United States dollar to Australian dollar at 30 June 2016 would have decreased post tax profit and net assets for the period by the amounts shown below, while weakening would have increased the post-tax profit and net assets for the period.

355

28,334

The Company is not exposed to price risks.

Capital management

The Board's policy is to maintain a strong capital base so as to maintain investor, creditor and market confidence and to sustain future development of the business.

The Board ensures costs are not incurred in excess of available funds and will seek to raise additional funding through issues of shares for the continuation of the Company's operations. There were no changes in the Company's approach to capital management during the year.

The Company is not subject to externally imposed capital requirements.

Estimation of fair values

The carrying amounts of financial assets and liabilities approximate their net fair values, given the short time frames to maturity and or variable interest rates.

20. FINANCIAL REPORTING BY SEGMENTS

The Company operates in one reportable operating and geographical segment, being the biotechnology industry in Australia.

21. OPERATING LEASES

The Company leases an office in North Ryde, Sydney. The lease is for a period of 3 years starting from November 2013 with monthly renewal after the 3 years.

During the year ended 30 June 2016, \$62,686 was recognised as an expense in profit or loss in respect of the operating lease (2015 - \$85,289).

The future minimum leases payments under non-cancellable operating leases are payable as follows:

	2016 \$	2015 \$
Less than one year	24,250	66,640
Between one and five years	-	24,250

BIOTRON LIMITED

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2016

22. COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES

The Company may be party to commercial disputes and litigation in the normal course of business. No material liabilities are expected to arise in respect of the commercial disputes and litigation existing at balance date.

There are no capital commitments at the date of these financial statements.

23. SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

There has been no matters arisen in the interval between the end of the financial year and the date of this report any item, transaction or event of a material and unusual nature likely, in the opinion of the directors of the Company, to affect significantly the operations of the Company, the results of those operations, or the state of affairs of the Company in future financial years.

BIOTRON LIMITED

DIRECTORS' DECLARATION

1. In the opinion of the directors of Biotron Limited:
 - a) the financial statements and notes set out on pages 17 to 38, and the Remuneration Report in the Directors' Report, set out on pages 10 to 14, are in accordance with the *Corporations Act 2001*, including:
 - (i) giving a true and fair view of the Company's financial position as at 30 June 2016 and of its performance for the financial year ended on that date; and
 - (ii) complying with Australian Accounting Standards (including Australian Accounting Interpretations) and the *Corporations Regulations 2001*;
 - b) there are reasonable grounds to believe that the Company will be able to pay its debts as and when they become due and payable.
2. The directors have been given the declarations required by Section 295A of the *Corporations Act 2001* from the chief executive officer and chief financial officer for the financial year ended 30 June 2016.
3. The directors draw attention to note 2(a) of the financial statements, which includes a statement of compliance with International Financial Reporting Standards.

This report has been signed in accordance with a resolution of the directors and is dated 5 August 2016:



Michael J. Hoy
Chairman



Michelle Miller
Managing Director



INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT TO THE MEMBERS OF BIOTRON LIMITED

Report on the financial report

We have audited the accompanying financial report of Biotron Limited (the Company), which comprises the Statement of Financial Position as at 30 June 2016, and the Statement of Profit or Loss and Other Comprehensive Income, Statement of Changes in Equity and Statement of Cash Flows for the year ended on that date, notes 1 to 23 comprising a summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information and the directors' declaration.

Directors' responsibility for the financial report

The directors of the Company are responsible for the preparation of the financial report that gives a true and fair view in accordance with Australian Accounting Standards and the *Corporations Act 2001* and for such internal control as the directors determine is necessary to enable the preparation of the financial report that is free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error. In note 2(a), the directors also state, in accordance with Australian Accounting Standard AASB 101 *Presentation of Financial Statements*, that the financial statements comply with International Financial Reporting Standards.

Auditor's responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the financial report based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with Australian Auditing Standards. These Auditing Standards require that we comply with relevant ethical requirements relating to audit engagements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance whether the financial report is free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial report. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgement, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial report, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation of the financial report that gives a true and fair view in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates made by the directors, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial report.

We performed the procedures to assess whether in all material respects the financial report presents fairly, in accordance with the *Corporations Act 2001* and Australian Accounting Standards, a true and fair view which is consistent with our understanding of the Company's financial position and of its performance.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

Independence

In conducting our audit, we have complied with the independence requirements of the *Corporations Act 2001*.



INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT TO THE MEMBERS OF BIOTRON LIMITED

Report on the financial report (continued)

Auditor's opinion

In our opinion:

- a) the financial report of Biotron Limited is in accordance with the *Corporations Act 2001*, including:
 - (i) giving a true and fair view of the Company's financial position as at 30 June 2016 and of its performance for the year ended on that date; and
 - (ii) complying with Australian Accounting Standards and the Corporations Regulations 2001.
- b) the financial report also complies with International Financial Reporting Standards as disclosed in note 2(a).

Report on the remuneration report

We have audited the Remuneration Report included in pages 10 to 14 of the directors' report for the year ended 30 June 2016. The directors of the Company are responsible for the preparation and presentation of the remuneration report in accordance with Section 300A of the *Corporations Act 2001*. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the Remuneration Report, based on our audit conducted in accordance with auditing standards.

Auditor's opinion

In our opinion, the Remuneration Report of Biotron Limited for the year ended 30 June 2016 complies with Section 300A of the *Corporations Act 2001*.

KPMG
5 August 2016
Brisbane

Stephen J. Board
Partner

BIOTRON LIMITED

ADDITIONAL STOCK EXCHANGE INFORMATION

Home Exchange

The Company is listed on the ASX Limited. The home exchange is Sydney.

Use of Cash and Assets

Since the Company's listing on the ASX, the Company has used its cash and assets in a way consistent with its stated business objectives.

Class of Shares and Voting Rights

There is only one class of shares in the Company, fully paid ordinary shares.

The rights attaching to shares in the Company are set out in the Company's Constitution. The following is a summary of the principal rights of the holders of shares in the Company.

Every holder of shares present in person or by proxy, attorney or representative at a meeting of shareholders has one vote on a vote taken by a show of hands, and, on a poll every holder of shares who is present in person or by proxy, attorney or representative has one vote for every fully paid share registered in the shareholder's name on the Company's share register.

A poll may be demanded by the chairperson of the meeting, by at least 5 shareholders entitled to vote on the resolution or shareholders with at least 5% of the votes that may be cast on the resolution on a poll.

Distribution of Equity Securityholders

As at 31 July 2016, the distribution of each class of equity was as follows:

Range	Fully Paid Ordinary Shares	Total Number of Shares	30 September 2016 \$0.12 Listed Options	Total Number of Listed Options	30 November 2018 \$0.15 Unlisted Options	30 November 2018 \$0.18 Unlisted Options
1 - 1,000	105	30,952	65	40,185	-	-
1,001 - 5,000	403	1,459,600	200	538,577	-	-
5,001 - 10,000	430	3,494,475	74	561,798	-	-
10,001 - 100,000	1,271	50,019,137	255	9,200,393	-	-
100,001 and over	468	258,763,937	89	40,375,420	1	1
	2,677	313,768,101	683	50,716,373	1	1

At 31 July 2016, 683 shareholders held less than a marketable parcel of shares and 546 listed option holders held less than a marketable parcel of options.

BIOTRON LIMITED

Twenty Largest Quoted Shareholders

At 31 July 2016 the twenty largest fully paid ordinary shareholders held 30.35% of fully paid ordinary as follows:

	Name	Fully Paid Ordinary Shares	%
1	Armco Barriers Pty Ltd	12,261,000	3.91
2	Bond Street Custodians Limited <PPNR-V24171 A/C>	10,000,000	3.19
3	HSBC Custody Nominees (Australia) Limited	9,271,743	2.95
4	Scott's A V Pty Ltd <Scotts Acorn EMP S/F A/C>	9,014,000	2.87
5	Warman Investments Pty Ltd	5,280,556	1.68
6	Mr Robert Thomas +Mrs Kyrenia Thomas <Rob Thomas Super Fund A/C>	5,086,805	1.62
7	Pathold No 222 Pty Ltd	5,050,000	1.61
8	Umbiram Pty Ltd <Michael Hoy Super Fund A/C>	4,985,491	1.59
9	Rigi Investments Pty Limited	4,338,696	1.38
10	Twynam Agricultural Group Pty Ltd	3,830,208	1.22
11	Mr. Peter James Nightingale	3,594,903	1.15
12	Mrs Narelle Fay	3,385,525	1.08
13	Fordholm Investments Pty Ltd <Fordholm Super Fund A/C>	3,200,000	1.02
14	CBDF Pty Limited <Canberra Bus Dev Fund A/C>	2,719,487	0.87
15	Jey Investments Pty Ltd	2,560,445	0.82
16	Ramsab Pty Ltd <L Hamby & I Neering S/F A/C>	2,444,445	0.78
17	Rosignol Pty Ltd <Nightingale Family A/C>	2,165,513	0.69
18	Mr Ian Gavin Platt-Hepworth + Mrs S Marion Platt – Hepworth <Platt- Hepworth Fam S/F A/C>	2,070,151	0.66
19	De Peter Mun Sun Chan	2,000,000	0.64
20	Mr Russell Dean Thomson	1,976,736	0.63

There are no current on-market buy-backs.

BIOTRON LIMITED

Twenty Largest Quoted Option Holders

At 31 July 2016 the twenty largest option holders held 48.90% of listed options as follows:

	Name	Fully Paid Ordinary Shares	%
1	Armco Barriers Pty Ltd	5,300,000	10.45
2	Mr Russell Dean Thomson	2,407,475	4.75
3	ABN AMRO Clearing Sydney Nominees Pty Ltd <Custodian A/C>	1,994,334	3.93
4	BMMDH Pty Ltd <The Halder Super Fund A/C> Mr Robert Thomas +Mrs Kyrenia Thomas <Rob Thomas Super Fund A/C>	1,444,000	2.85
5	IQ Global Asset Partners Pty Ltd <IQ S/F A/C>	1,181,482	2.33
6	CBDF Pty Limited<Canberra Bus Dev Fund A/C>	1,099,487	2.17
7	Bond Street Custodians Limited <PDP-V24171 A/C>	1,077,891	2.13
8	Fordholm Investments Pty Ltd <Fordholm Super Fund A/C>	1,000,000	1.97
9	Mr Russel Wayne Halder	1,000,000	1.97
10	Rigi Investments Pty Limited <The Cape A/C>	1,000,000	1.97
11	HSBC Custody Nominees (Australia) Limited Viking Management Services Pty Ltd <VHK Superannuation A/C>	913,633	1.80
12	Mr Edward Patrick O'Brien	822,223	1.62
13	Pudd & Co Pty Ltd	778,798	1.54
14	Umbiram Pty Ltd <Michael Hoy Super Fund A/C>	752,278	1.48
15	Mr. Peter James Nightingale	700,961	1.38
16	Altinova Nominees Pty Ltd Mr William Stinson + Mrs Maree Stinson + Mr John Stinson <Ferncast S/F A/C>	629,945	1.24
17	Rosignol Pty Ltd <Nightingale Family A/C>	625,000	1.23
18		550,000	1.08
19		521,979	1.03
20			

Unquoted Options

Number of Holders	Number of Options	Grant Date	Vesting Date	Exercise Price	Expiry Date
1	1,000,000	25/11/2015	25/11/2015	\$0.15	30 November 2018
1	1,000,000	25/11/2015	30/11/2016	\$0.15	30 November 2018
1	3,000,000	25/11/2015	30/11/2017	\$0.18	30 November 2018

Substantial Optionholders in the entity

The Company provides the names of the holders of 20% or more options in these unquoted securities below:

Name	Number of Options Held	% of Options Held
Michelle Miller	5,000,000	100%

BIOTRON LIMITED

CORPORATE DIRECTORY

Directors:

Mr Michael J. Hoy (Chairman)
Dr Michelle Miller (Managing Director)
Dr Susan M. Pond
Mr Robert B. Thomas
Dr Denis N. Wade

Company Secretary:

Mr Peter J. Nightingale

Registered Office:

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SYDNEY NSW 2000
Phone: 61-2 9300 3344
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E-mail: enquiries@biotron.com.au
Homepage: www.biotron.com.au

Principal Administration Office:

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NORTH RYDE NSW 2113
Phone: 61-2 9805 0488
Fax: 61-2 9805 0688

Share Registrar:

Computershare Investor Services Pty Limited
Level 4, 60 Carrington Street
SYDNEY NSW 2000
Phone: 1300 787 272 Fax: +61 3 9473 2500

Auditors:

KPMG Level 16, Riparian Plaza
71 Eagle Street
BRISBANE QLD 4000

Home Exchange:

ASX Limited 20 Bridge Street
SYDNEY NSW 2000

Solicitors:

Minter Ellison
88 Phillip Street
SYDNEY NSW 2000

Biotron Limited, incorporated and domiciled in Australia, is a publicly listed company limited by shares.