



Image – Ragged Hills East Prospect - Braeside Project
(New Gossan Discovery - 29.3% Zinc)



Image - Sugar Ramos Prospect - Massive Galena Zone – Braeside Project
(New Lead Gossan Discovery 42.76 % Pb, 72 g/t Ag, 1.45 g/t Au)

ASX:RTR



AGM Presentation November 2017

Why Invest in Rumble?



Braeside High Grade Zn – Pb – Cu – Ag – Au – V Project, Pilbara Western Australia

- Hosts many historic high grade base metal small-scale mines that produced lead, zinc and silver up until 1959.
- High grade grab sampling assays returned up to **29.31% Zn, 79% Pb, 17.48% Cu, 325 g/t Ag, 13 g/t Au and V 1.03%** along **30km of strike** within a potential **60km strike** system
- Rumble conducting the **first modern systematic exploration targeting porphyry related VMS systems capable of hosting large base metal deposits identified through Litho-geochemistry**
- Exceptional exploration results with **Vtem Conductors, Significant Mineralised trends, Mineralised Gossans and high grade rock chips targets identified** with **drilling commenced**
- **30 km's of pebble Conglomerates** identified in desktop study considered similar to Witwatersrand-style conglomerates that host gold mineralisation in Eastern Boundary
- Unique project with exposure to potential base metal and conglomerate gold discoveries

Barramine High Grade Cu-Pb-Zn- Ag Project , Pilbara Western Australia

- High grade prospects of up to **25.32% Cu, 279 g/t Ag, 6% Pb and 1.8% Zn** not tested by modern exploration

Earaheedy High Grade Zn Project , Western Australia

- Historical drilling high-grade zinc up to **18.6% within an intersection 3.3m @ 11.2% Zn, and 0.93% Pb from 150m.**
- The target size is similar to the Pillara (Blendevale) Zn – Pb deposit located in the Devonian limestones of the Lennard Shelf, which produced 10.3 Mt @ 6.9% Zn and 2.3% Pb

Fraser Range Ni -Cu Projects, Western Australia

- **JV with major Independence Group NL (ASX: IGO)** who will explore and earn in on Rumbles Fraser Range Projects.

Corporate

- Rumble is leveraged to exploration success with base metal prices breaking out and a lack of new discoveries
- Key Technical director Brett Keillor found **7 significant deposits world wide, awarded prospector of the year twice** and over **thirty years of identifying company making projects**
- The company is in an exceptionally strong position with **\$6mil** in bank to fast track exploration, along with reviewing potential new project acquisitions.
- Clear strategy to identify, review, acquire and systematically explore high grade projects that compliment Rumbles existing projects and meet the company's stringent technical criteria

Corporate Overview



Capital Structure

Shares on Issue	#	352m
Options on Issue ¹ & ²	#	10M
Cash ³	A\$	\$6m
Market Cap	A\$	\$26m

1. 6mil 8c options
2. 4mil 3c Options
3. Includes \$4.8m raise, \$93.5k incl gst received from IGO and cash as reported in September Quarterly

Board & Management

Shane Sikora	Managing Director
Brett Keillor	Technical Director
Matthew Banks	Non-Executive Director
Michael Smith	Non-Executive Director

Ownership Analysis

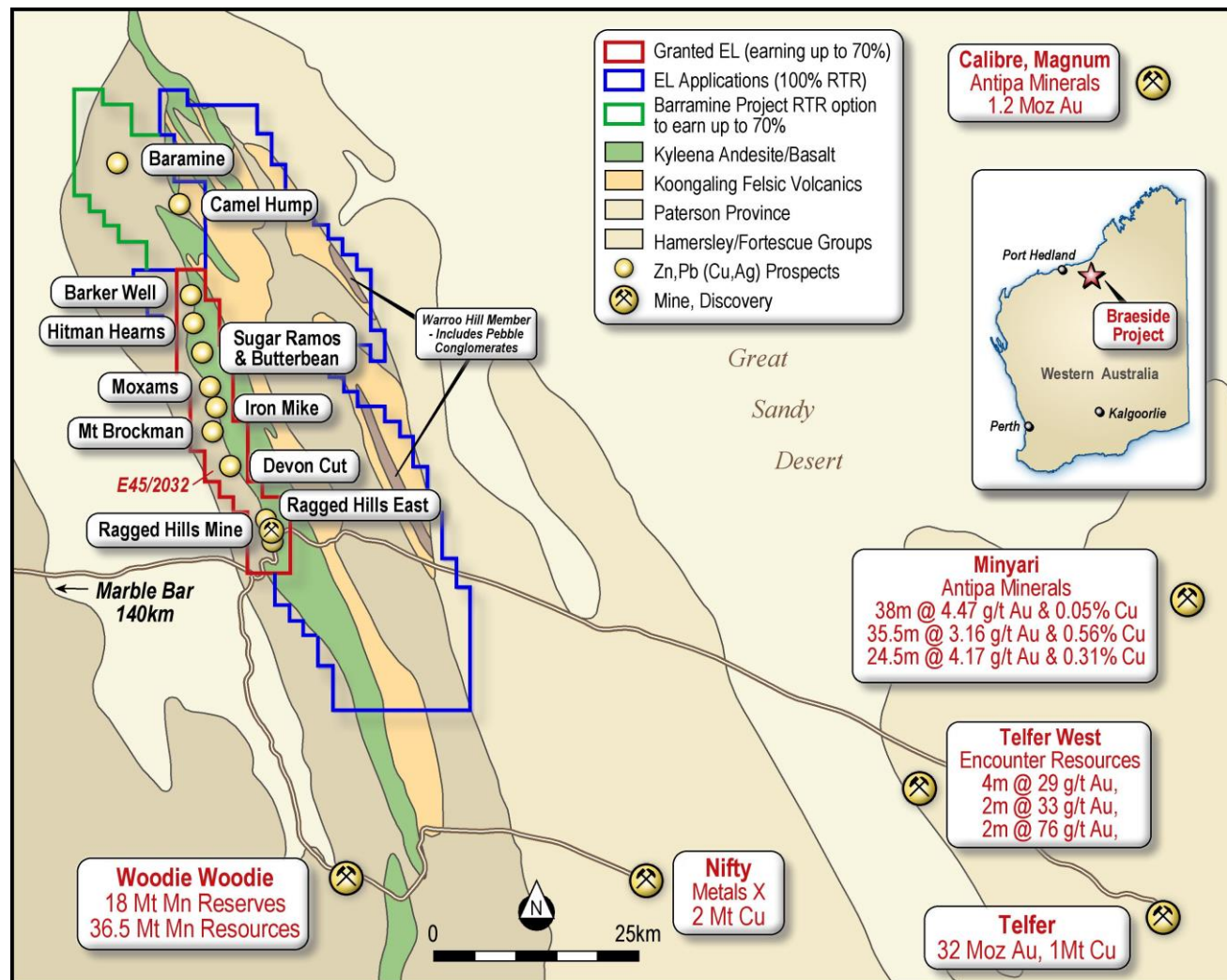
Board and Management		9.5%
Top 20		34%



Mr Brett Keillor – Key Technical Appointment – Nov 2016

- Geologist with over 30 years experience in targeting large deposits and identifying company making projects.
- He worked on and reviewed exploration and development projects across the globe with Resolute Mining and was recently Chief Geologist (Gold) for the Independence Group (ASX: IGO) from 2002 to 2015.
- Brett has been instrumental in discovering seven significant deposits globally
- Brett is twice recipient of the AMEC Award “Prospector Of The Year”, for the Plutonic discovery in 1998 and again in 2012 for the Tropicana discovery.

Braeside Project, Pilbara Western Australia



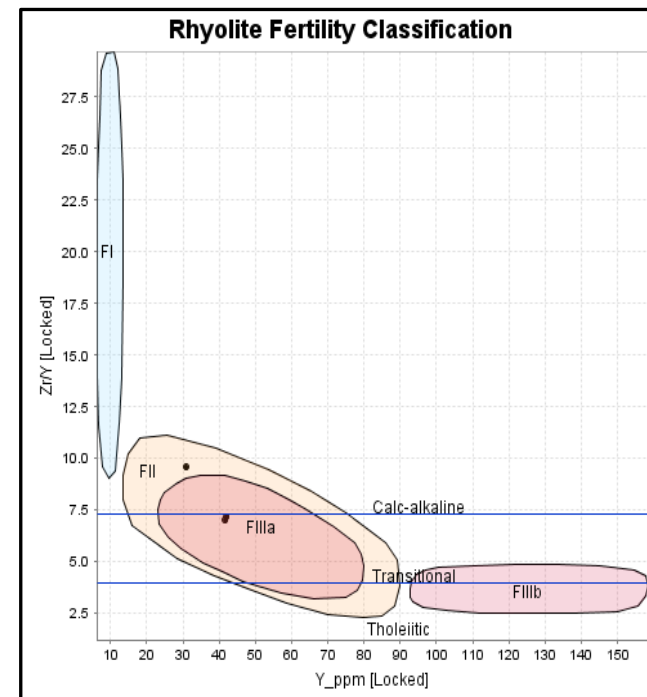
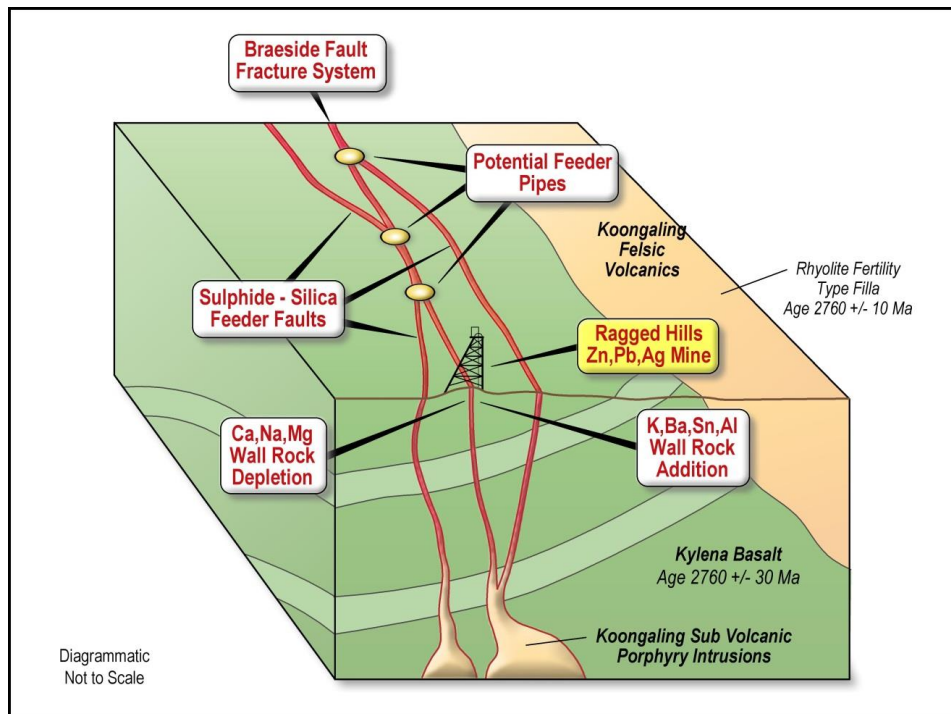
- Braeside Project area is over 1000 km²
- Hosts many historic high grade base metal small-scale mines that produced lead, zinc and silver up until 1959
- Project geology is dominated by mafic to intermediate volcanics and felsic volcanics of the late Archaean Fortescue Group.
- Felsic volcanics are same age as the lead mineralisation at the Ragged Hills Mine.
- Largest succession of felsic volcanics within the entire Fortescue Group.
- Project has limited modern exploration
- Region hosts multiple world class ore bodies

Conceptual Model for Braeside Project



Whole rock litho-geochemistry (completed by Rumble) was conducted on the footwall and hanging wall (proximal and distal) wall-rock zones to the main reef at the Ragged Hills Mine. Fresh unaltered basalt was located away from the mineralisation zones to use as a relative standard. In addition, fresh samples of porphyritic rhyolite of the Koongalling Felsic Volcanics were analysed for fertility classification. Age dating (historic) confirmed the potential bimodal association for the Koongalling Felsics (rhyolites) and the host rock to the mineralisation at the Ragged Hill Mine – Kylena Basalt. Pb dating of the mineralisation at the Ragged Hills Mine also had a similar age to the Koongalling Felsics.

Based on the on the litho-geochemistry, the Ragged Hills Mine mineralised structure likely represents a deep feeder fracture with underlying sub- volcanic porphyritic rhyolite. There is potential for VMS/porphyry related breccia pipe base metal deposits and if higher levels (sub-sea floor) are discovered, potential for VMS.



Examples of pipe-like base metal deposits include the Elura Zn - Pb – Ag mine (Cobar, NSW). Elura comprises of 6 pipes ranging from 120m to 30m in diameter – pre mining resource of 50.7 Mt @ 8.8% Zn, 5.6% Pb, 107 g/t Ag and 0.2% Cu.

Braeside Historic Exploration & Mining



Historic small scale mining – 1901 to 1959 only focused on high grade Pb (Massive Galena) which formed in visual pods. Sphalerite (zn) was not targeted as it wasn't easy to be visibly identified.

- Approximately 50,000t of tailings remain on site. Historic surface sampling of dump returned average 3.47% Pb, 1.72% Zn and 22 g/t Ag.

Limited DD drilling – 10 holes completed in 1928 and 1951 with 5 holes intercepted mineralisation (one hole failed to reach target).

Results include: (Both intercepts are at a vertical depth of 70m.)

- AW #2 – 1.83m (true width) @ 8.1% Pb, 4.6% Zn and 0.2 oz/t Ag.
- MD #2 – 0.9m @ 6.5%Pb, 3.1% Zn and 0.4 oz/t Ag.

Surface geochemistry limited.

- No systematic multi-element soil/lag sampling.
- Only rock chip sampling of known prospects.
- Limited reconnaissance grab sampling (approximately 100 samples)

Previous explorers (1980's to early 1990's) were focused on evaluating gold potential.

- Small exploration companies only tested the known workings.
- Large companies focused east and south of the project area.

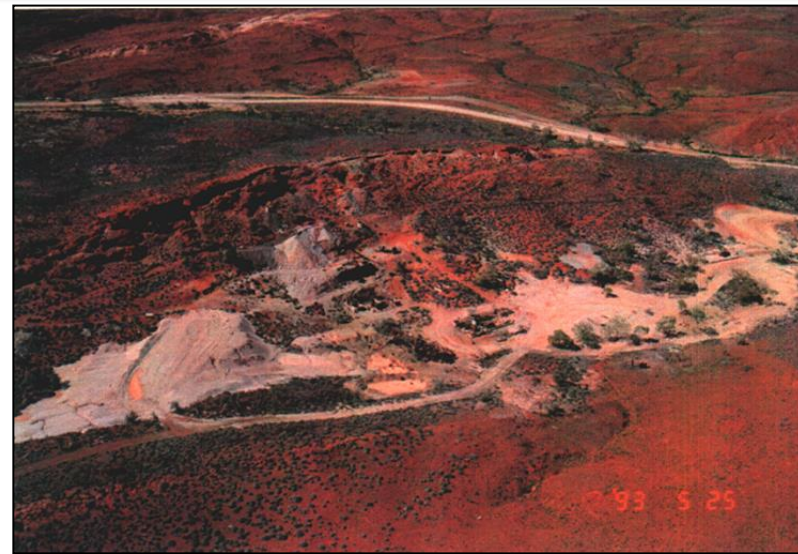


Image: Ragged Hills Mine with Marble Bar Telfer Road in Background



Image: Valentine Tank (WW2) used to power the Ragged Hills Mine

Systematic Exploration Process



- Rumble's technical team is systematically exploring the Braeside Project with the intention to generate first order VMS feeder pipe targets using proven, modern exploration techniques.
- Rumble's exploration program is the first modern systematic exploration program being undertaken at the Braeside High Grade Zinc – Lead Project.
- Rumble is fast tracking exploration as per the stages outlined below.
- The Company expects to complete the stage 5 drill testing of any first order porphyry related VMS targets identified prior to the end of 2017.

Rumble is fully funded to complete all 5 stages of planned exploration

Stage	Exploration Activity	Progress
Stage 1	Regional soil geochemistry (multi-element) to cover Braeside Project Area	Completed
Stage 2	Fly Airborne VTEM	Completed
Stage 3	Infill geochemistry over metal trends and conductors (generated by VTEM in Stage 2) to help rank key drill targets	Completed
Stage 4	Ground TEM surveys over the identified VTEM conductors and high-grade base metal mineralisation	Completed
Stage 5	Drill test conductive plates and high-grade base metal mineralisation	Commenced

Stage 3 - Infill Soils and Rock Chip – E45/2032

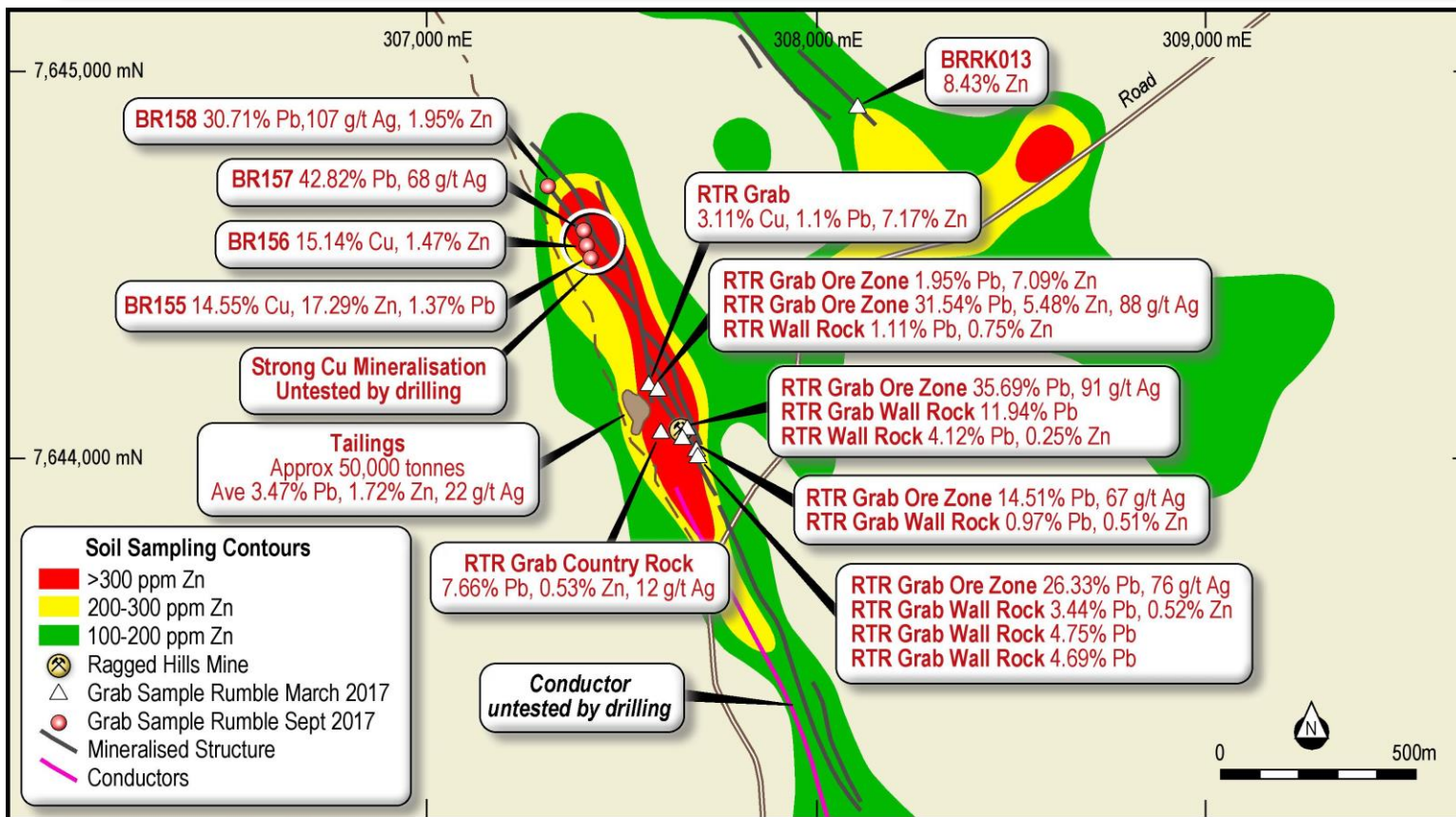


- Grab sampling over soil anomalism, VTEM conductors and mineralised structures has highlighted numerous high-grade zinc, lead and copper targets with significant gold, silver and vanadium.
- Additional to known high grade historic workings and mineralised trends, new zones of high grade mineralisation were discovered.
- Very high-grade base metal mineralisation is associated with wide zones of silica – sericite with strong potassic – barium alteration. Zones are sub vertical and up to 30m wide.
- Base metal mineralisation (rock chip) returned very high grades:
 - Lead to 49.22% (25% of grab samples collected > 5% Pb)**
 - *BR111 - 42.76% Pb, 72 g/t Ag, 1.45 g/t Au**
 - Zinc to 29.31% (Gossan)**
 - Copper to 17.4%**
 - * BR155 - 14.55% Cu, 17.29% Zn, 1.37%Pb**
- Precious metal mineralisation reported:
 - Silver to 239 g/t**
 - Gold to 1.45 g/t**
- Significant vanadium mineralisation returned up to **1.03%**
- Strong base metal anomalism discovered over VTEM conductors.
 - Gossans reported up to 0.91% Cu and 1.12% Pb**
- Grab sampling was **restricted to approximately half of the high order base metal in soil anomalies, conductors and known prospects** currently defined by Rumble.
- Rumble has put in place plans to access these targets in the new year providing further high order targets in 2018.



Image: Mineralised Structure at Braeside

Ragged Hills Mine Area



High grade Pb, Cu and Zn mineralisation north along strike from Ragged Hill Pb – Zn Mine.

Grab sampling returned the following assays:

- **Pb – 42.82% and 30.71%.**
- **Cu – 15.14% and 14.55%.**
- **Zn – 17.29%**

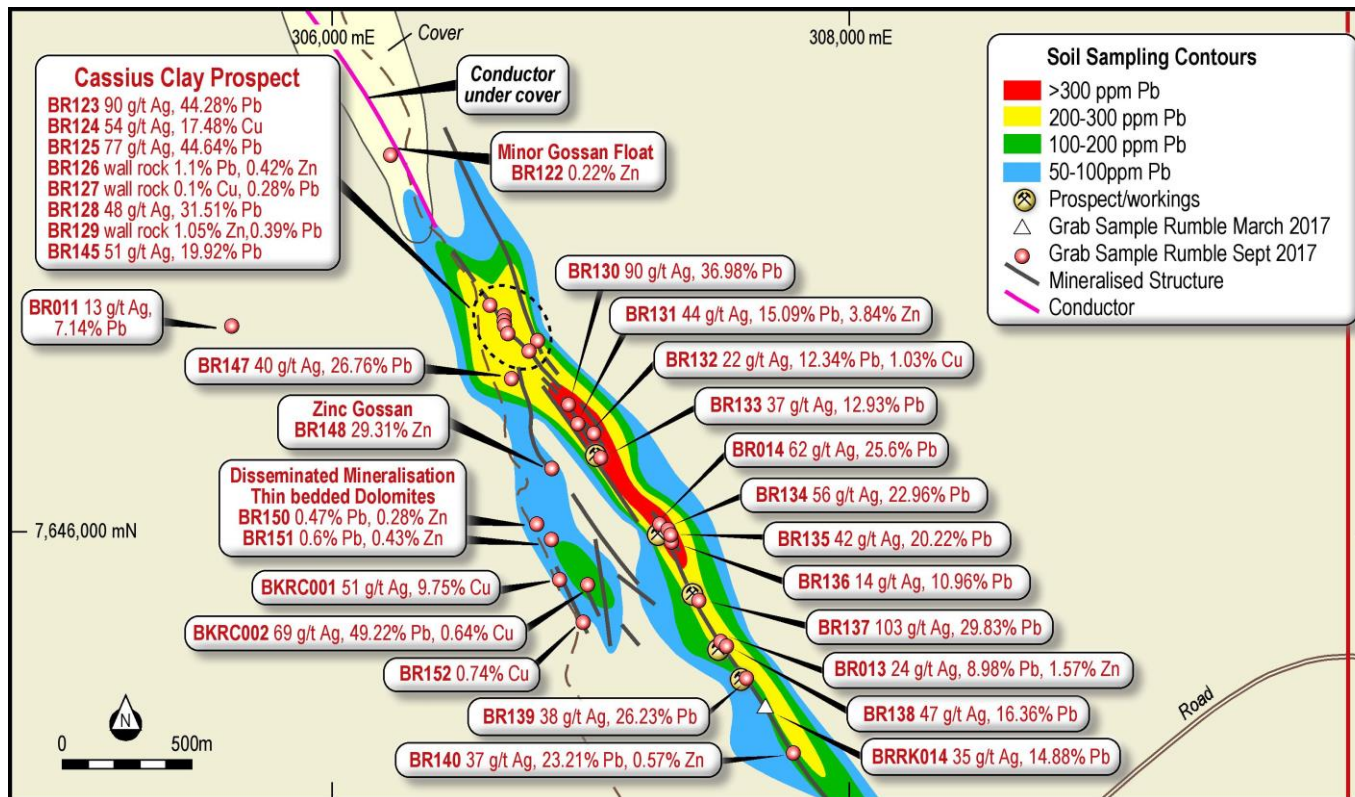
Mineralisation within wide (30m) silica-sericite alteration zone.

- K – Ba Alteration (Potassic – Barium).
- Strong Zn Pb sulphide mineralisation in wall rock/alteration zone.
 - Grab sampling by Rumble (March 2017) of wall rock returned.
 - Pb values of 11.94%, 4.75%, 4.96% and 3.44%
 - Zn values of 0.75%, 0.52% and 0.51%

VTEM conductor along strike and south - Ragged Hills Pb – Zn Mine.

- Strong soil (Zn and Pb) anomalism coinciding with conductor trend.
- Mineralised structure (hosting known mineralization) coincides with conductor trend.
- No systematic grab sampling or drilling north and south of Ragged Hill Mine

Ragged Hills East Area



Cassius Clay Prospect

- Significant high grade Pb and Cu grab sample results.
- **Pb assays include 31.51%, 44.28% and 31.51% and 19.92%**
- **Cu assays include 17.48%**
- Wide silica – sericite alteration zone (**20 to 30m**)
- Strong wall rock anomalism.
- Pb assays include 1.1%, 0.39% and 0.28%
- Zn assays include 1.05% and 0.42%
- Broad soil anomalism >200 ppm Pb.
- Significant vein and alteration sets.
- Mineralisation on scree slope cover – **BR147 – 26.76% Pb, 40 g/t Ag.**

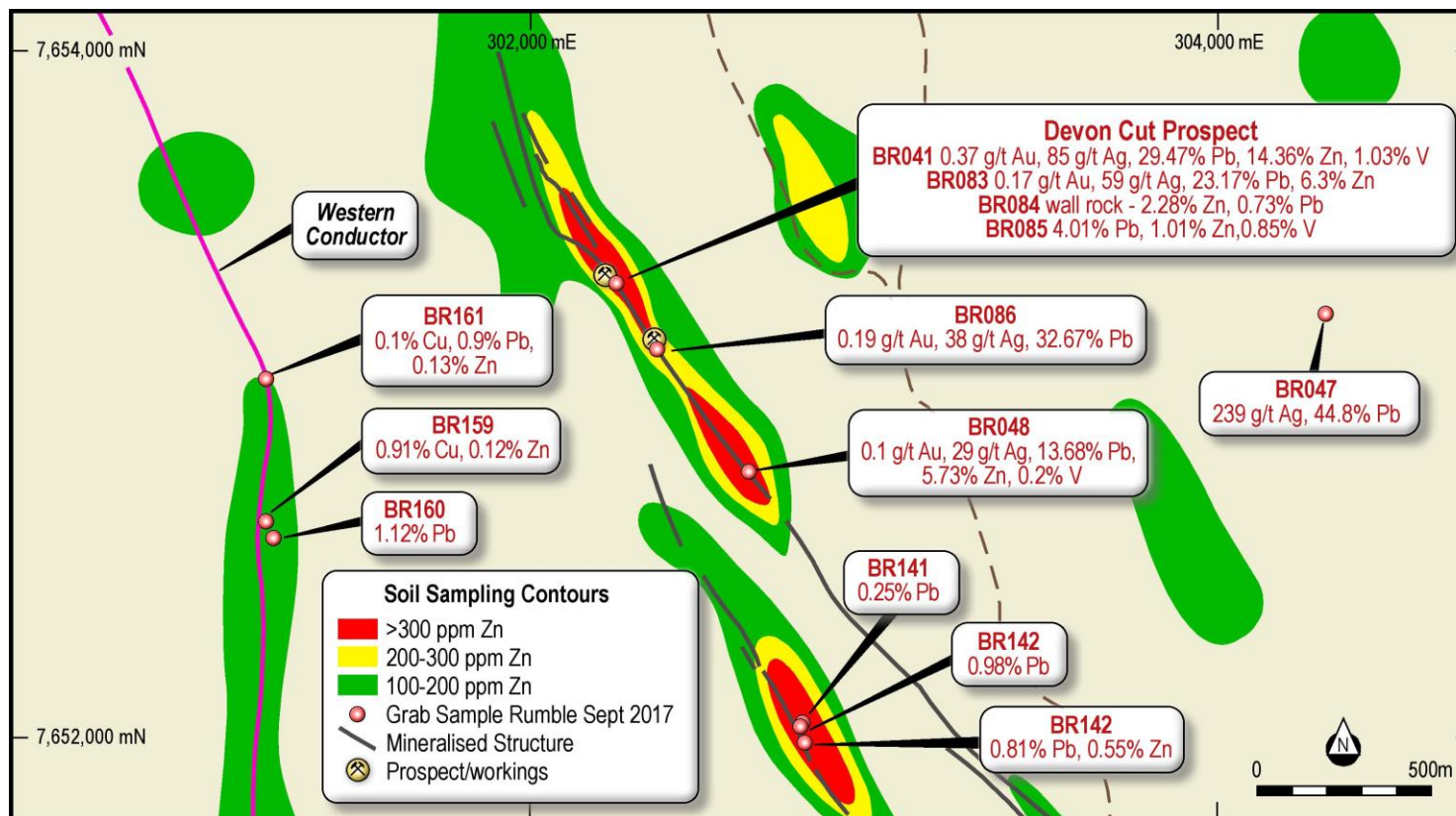
- **High grade Zn gossan delineated on parallel zone to Cassius Clay.**
 - **BR148 returned 29.31% Zn**
- Low grade disseminated Zn and Pb mineralisation in fault bounded dolomites.
 - Values include Pb 0.6% and 0.47%. Zn 0.43% and 0.28%.
- South of the mineralised dolomites and parallel to the main Ragged Hills East Zone.
 - High grade Cu and Pb associated with an inferred fault zone.
 - **Pb – 49.22% and Cu – 9.75%.**
- VTEM conductor NNE of along strike from Cassius Clay Prospect lies under cover - Prospecting delineated minor gossan float Zn to 0.22%.
- The main Ragged Hills East trend consists of a line of small workings over a strike of 2km.
 - Systematic grab sampling by Rumble returned high grade Pb assay with associated Zn and Ag
 - Pb assays ranged from **8.98% to 36.98%.**
 - Peak assay for Zn – **3.84%, Ag – 103 g/t.**
 - Mineralisation ranged from 1m to 3m in width with generally moderate alteration selvages.
- No drilling or modern exploration has been conducted in the Ragged Hills East Area.

Devon Cut Prospect Area



Devon Cut Prospect

- High grade Zn and Pb with anomalous V, Ag and Au along mineralised trend
- Pb values include **29.47%, 23.17% and 4.01%**
- Zn values include **14.36%, 6.3% and 1.01%**
- V assays include **1.03% and 0.85%**
- Ag assays include **85 g/t and 59 g/t**
- Au assays were anomalous with 0.37 g/t and 0.17 g/t
- Wall rock assaying returned 2.28% Zn and 0.73% Zn
- High grade mineralisation is associated with a **10 – 15m** wide silica- sericite alteration zone.



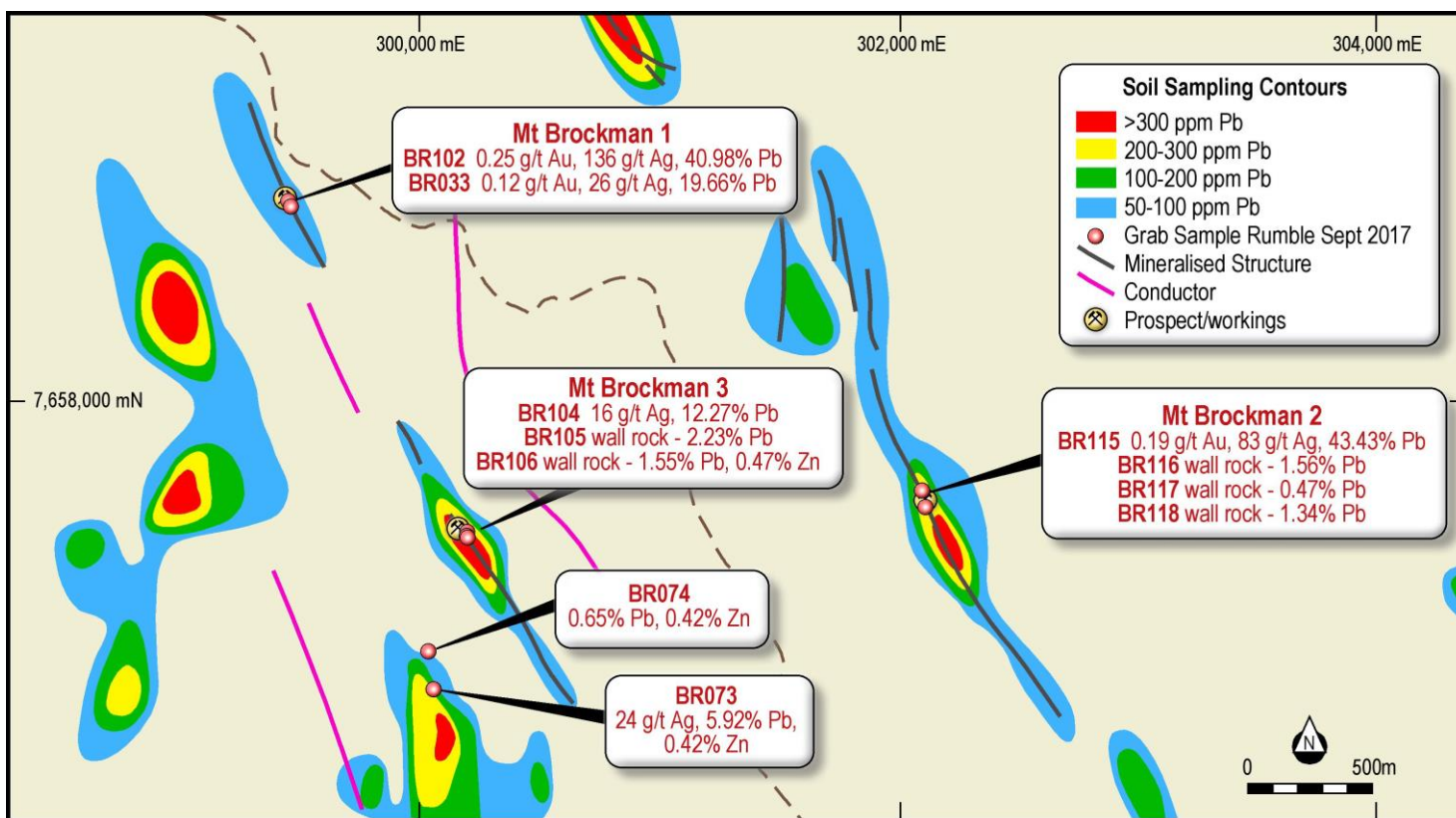
Devon Cut Trend

- Southeast along strike (500 – 800m) grab sampling returned significant grades in association with the same style of alteration as the Devon Cut Prospect.
 - Pb returned **32.67% and 13.68%**.
 - Zn returned up to **5.75%**
 - Au was elevated – up to 0.19 g/t, V to 0.2% and Ag to 38 g/t.
- South of Devons Cut (1.2 km) and on a parallel mineralised trend, high order Zn in soil anomalism > 300ppm returned anomalous base metals.
 - Grab samples returned up to 0.98% Pb and 0.55% Zn.

Western Conductor Zone

- Approximately 1km west of the Devon Cut Mineralised trend, a strong VTEM conductor (3km long) was partly tested by grab sampling.
 - Prospecting over the conductor returned significant base metal anomalism. **Multiple gossans in mafic volcanics were found.**
 - Grab sampling returned Cu to 0.91% and Pb to 1.12%.
- High grade Pb and Ag was found close to the eastern boundary of E45/2032.
 - BR047 assayed **44.8% Pb and 239 g/t Ag**.

Mt Brockman Area



Mt Brockman 3 Prospect

- Wide zone of silica – sericite alteration (>10m)
- High-grade Pb – **12.27% Pb**
- Wall rock mineralisation returned 2.23% Pb, 1.55% Pb and 0.47% Zn
- Significant Pb in soil anomalism (>300ppm) west of Mt Brockman 1 and 3 remains untested.
- Reconnaissance prospecting south of Mt Brockman 3 returned strong mineralisation
- BR073 reported 24 g/t Ag, 5.92% Pb and 0.42% Zn
- BR074 reported 0.65% Pb and 0.42% Zn

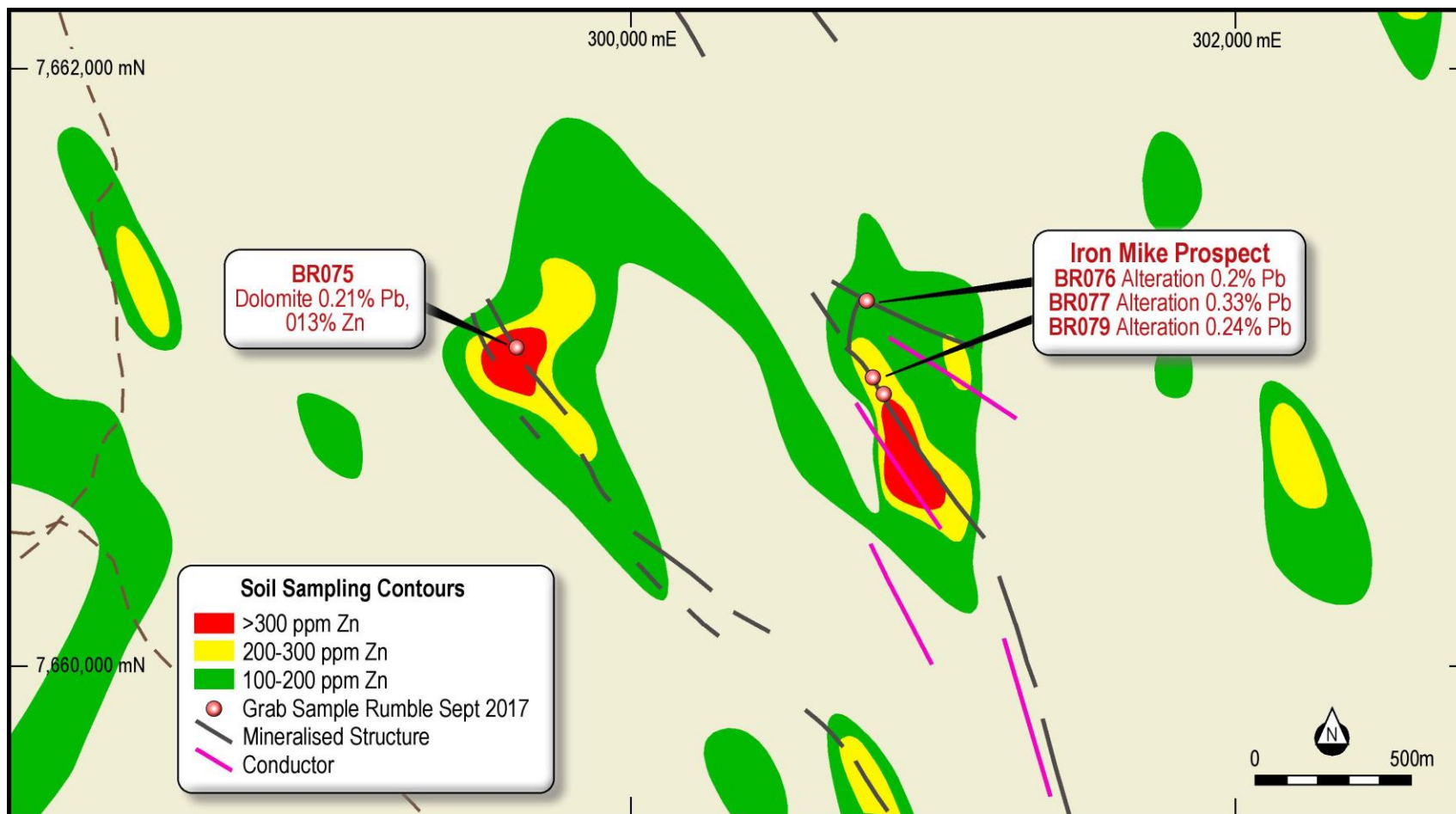
Mt Brockman 1 Prospect

- High-grade Pb with anomalous Ag and Au
 - Pb assays returned **40.68% and 19.66%**
 - Ag returned **136 g/t** and 26 g/t, Au returned 0.25 g/t and 0.22 g/t
- Widespread silica - sericite alteration. Zone up to **15m wide**.

Mt Brockman 2 Prospect

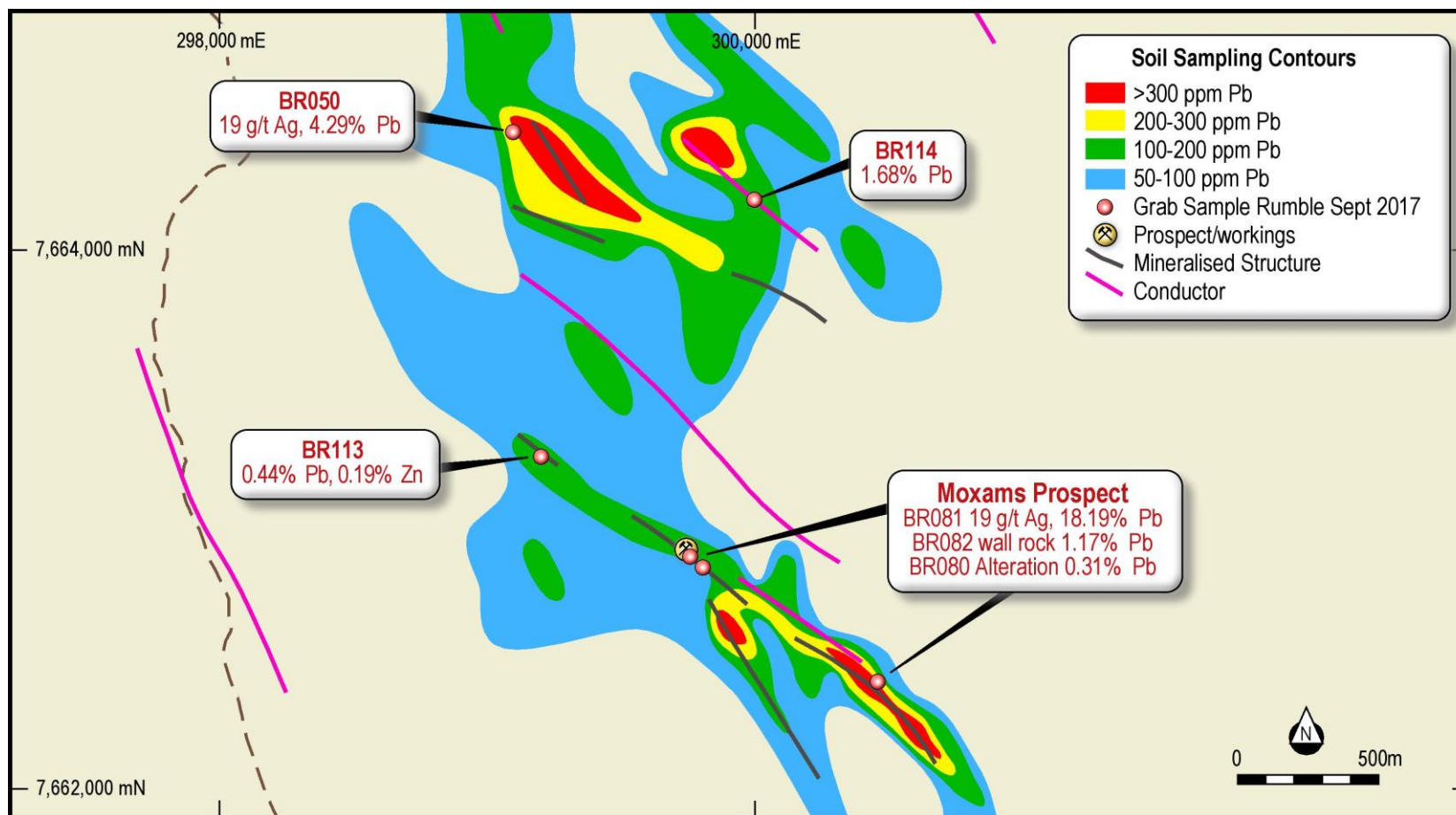
- Silica-sericite alteration up to 10m wide
- High-grade Pb – **43.43%**
- Strong wall rock mineralisation with Pb returning 1.56%, 1.34% and 0.47%

Iron Mike Prospect



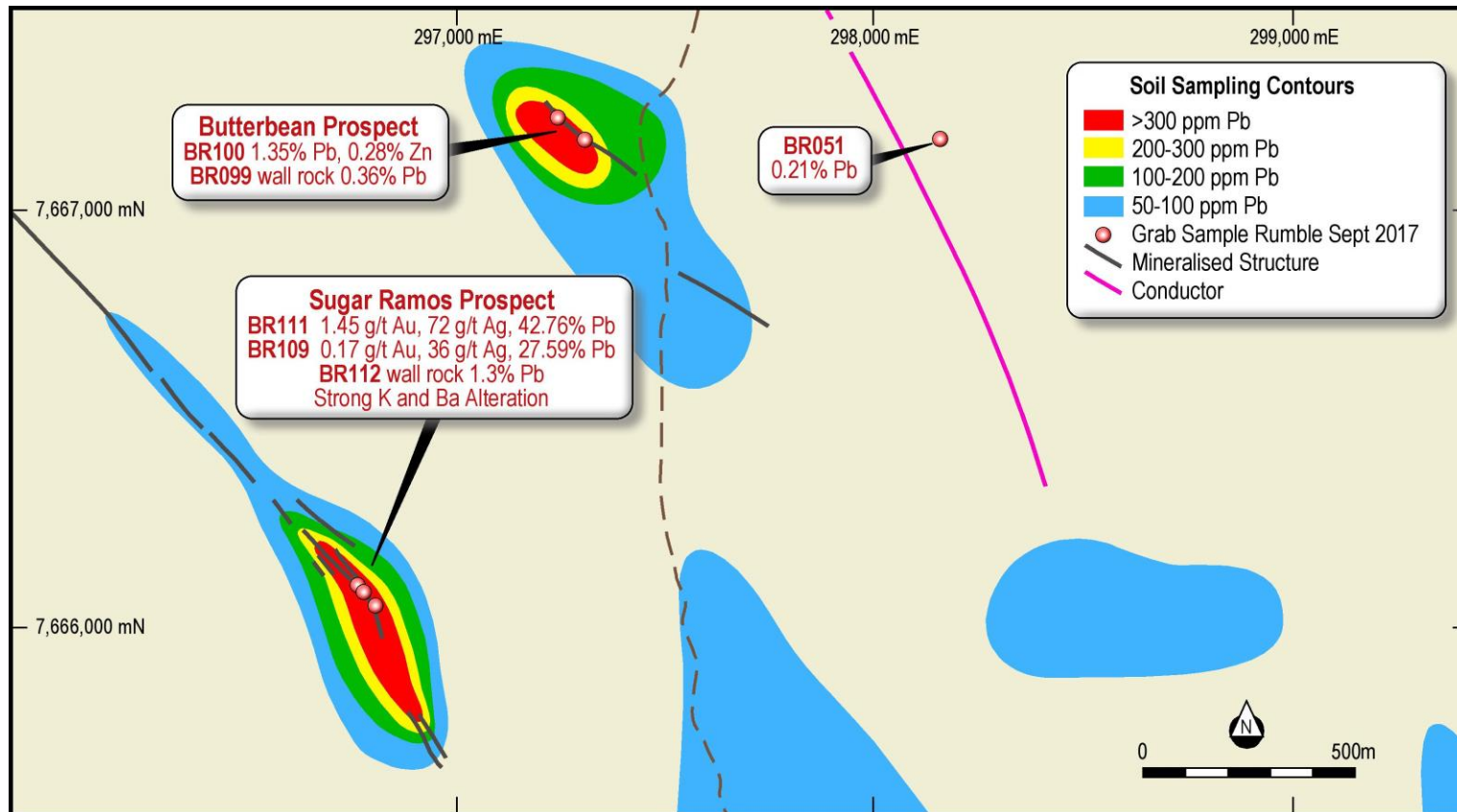
- Multiple **VTEM conductors** associated with strong Zn in soil anomalism.
- Wide zones of silica – sericite alteration – Elevated Pb background – 0.33%, 0.24% and 0.2%
- Mineralised dolomite returned 0.21% Pb and 0.13% Zn.

Moxams Prospect



- Moxam mineralised trend strikes over 2km with a VTEM conductor, anomalous Pb in soils, strong alteration and rock chip anomalism.
 - Pb returned up to **18.19%** at the Moxam workings – wall rock returned 1.17% Pb.
 - Alteration along the trend returned 0.44% Pb, 0.31% Pb and 0.19% Zn.
- North (2km) of Moxams, two grab samples returned 4.29% Pb and 1.68% Pb (over a conductor)

Sugar Ramos & Butterbean Prospect Area



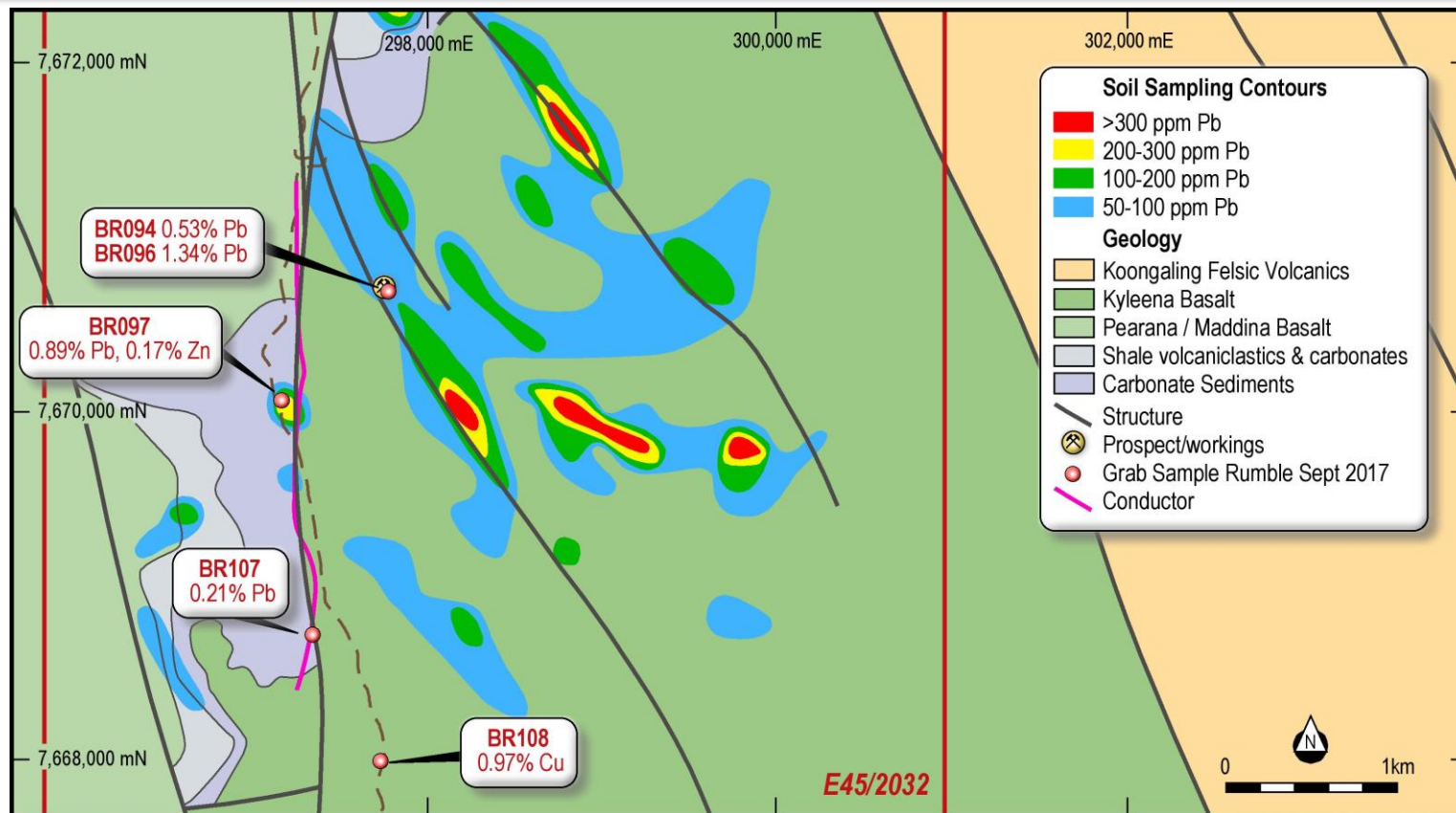
Sugar Ramos Prospect – New occurrence – (See Image front Page)

- Widespread silica – sericite alteration (**up to 20m wide**) with strong potassium and barium.
- High-grade Pb – **42.76% and 27.59%**
- Strong Au anomalism – **1.45 g/t.**
- Strong wall rock mineralisation – **1.13% Pb.**
- **New discovery** with multiple massive galena zones.

Butterbean Prospect

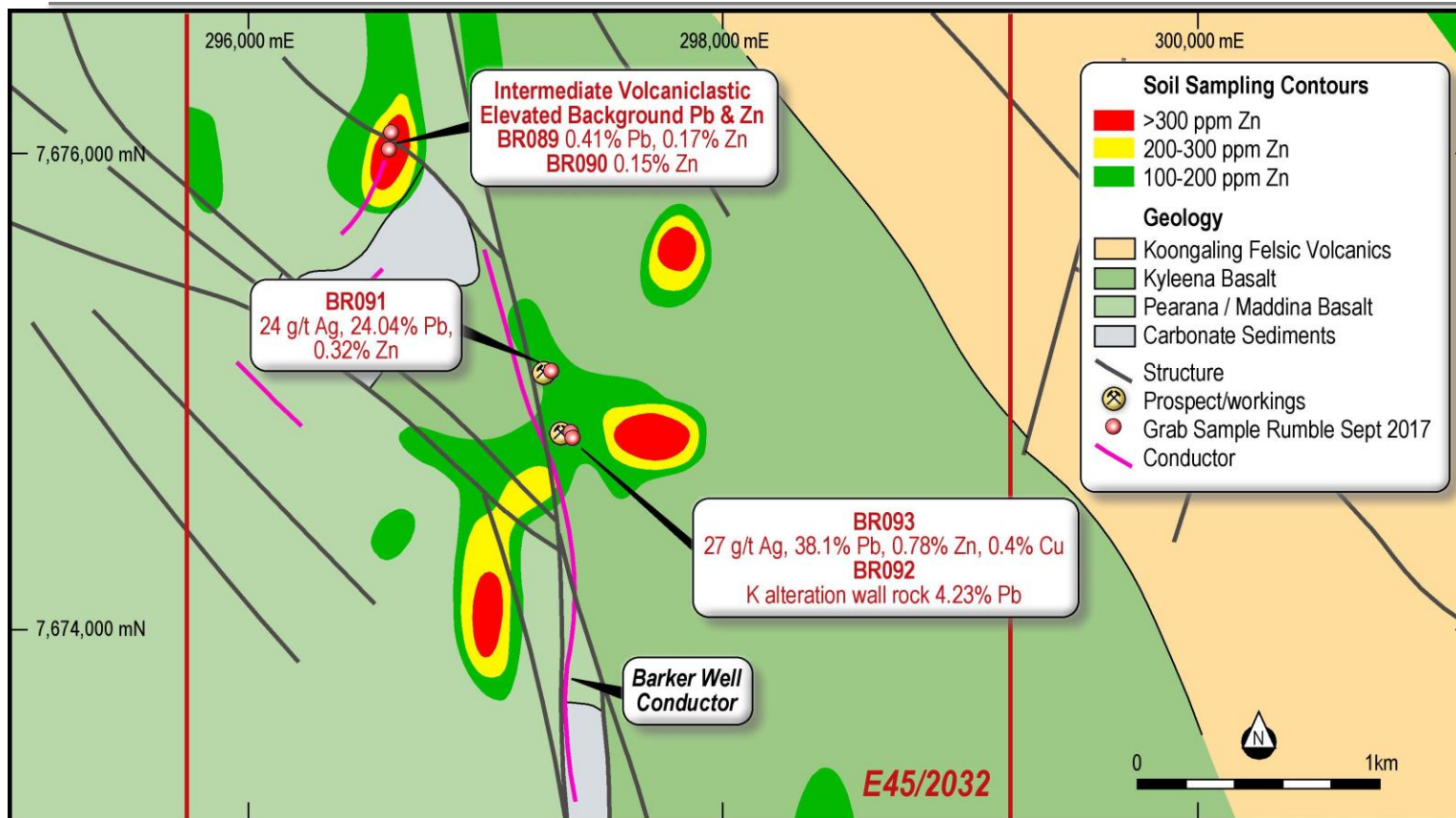
- Strong silica – sericite alteration with high order Pb in soil anomalism.
- Mineralised structure with anomalous Pb and ZnPb returned 1.35% and 0.36%, Zn returned 0.28%

Hitman Hearn Target Area



- A significant VTEM conductor is coincident with a major north trending fault structure.
 - The structure is in contact with flat lying to slight west dipping shales, dolomites, cherts and volcanoclastics to the west and intermediate to mafic volcanics to the east.
 - The VTEM conductor is over 2 km in strike.
 - Limited grab sampling has returned anomalous Pb and Zn
 - Pb returned assays to 0.89% and 0.21%. Zn returned 0.17%
- North trending faults in the volcanics returned anomalous Cu
 - Grab sample BR108 reported 0.97% Cu.
- Significant base metal in soil anomalism (some anomalies related to main structures) east of the main conductor zone has not been ground checked.

Barker Well Prospect Area

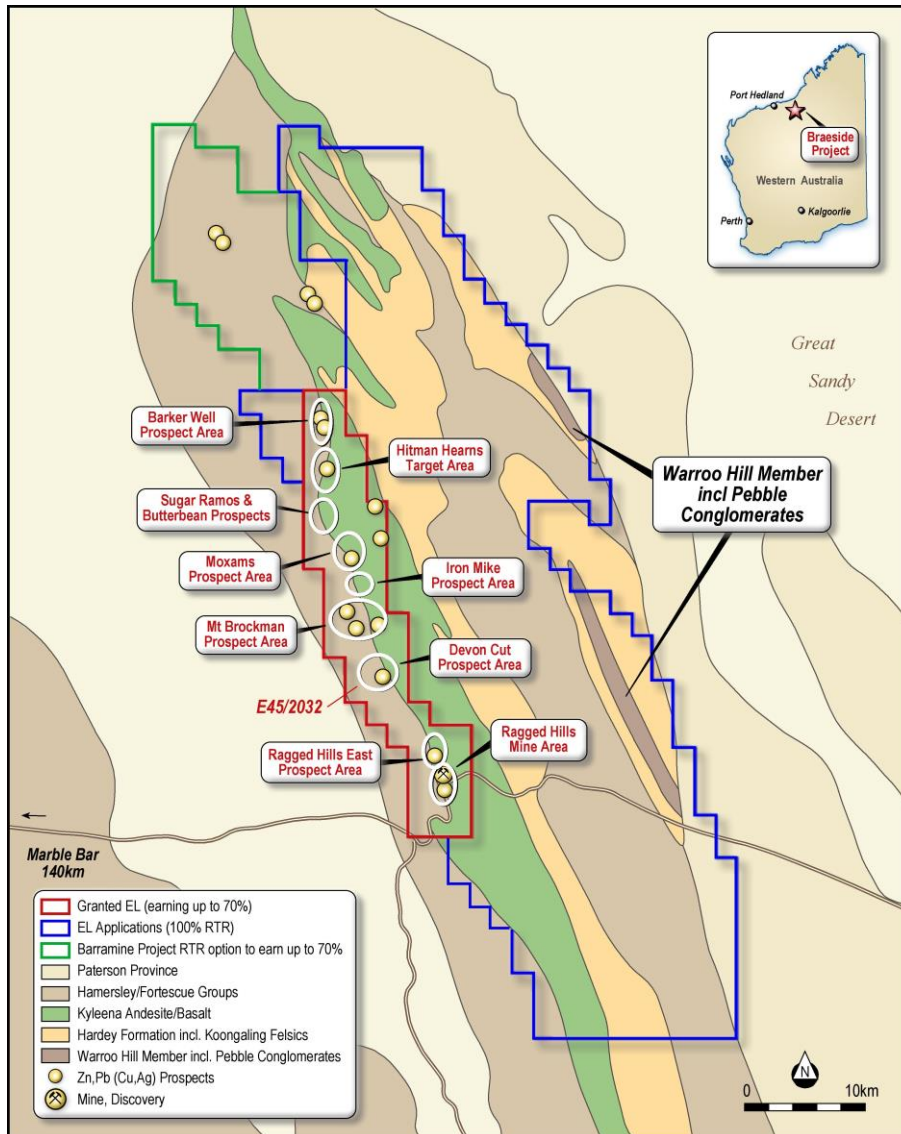


- Relatively fresh intermediate volcaniclastic sediments (to the northwest of the prospects) with no apparent mineralisation returned high background Pb and Zn values in association with a strong Zn in soil anomaly and a conductor.
- BR089 returned 0.41% Pb and 0.17% Zn. BR090 returned 0.15% Zn,

Barker Well Conductor

- A large north trending conductor (over 2km strike) coincides with a main fault structure which is associated with two small prospects/workings known as Barker Well. The fault transects mainly intermediate and mafic volcanics. The southern end of the conductors is in contact with dolomite and mafic volcanics.
 - Two prospects returned high grade Pb.
 - Reported Pb values include **38.1% and 24.04%** with anomalous Zn – 0.78% and 0.32%
 - South of the southernmost prospect, widespread silica – sericite alteration (8m wide) with significant K-spar returned strong Pb anomalism – 4.23%.

Braeside Pebble Conglomerates

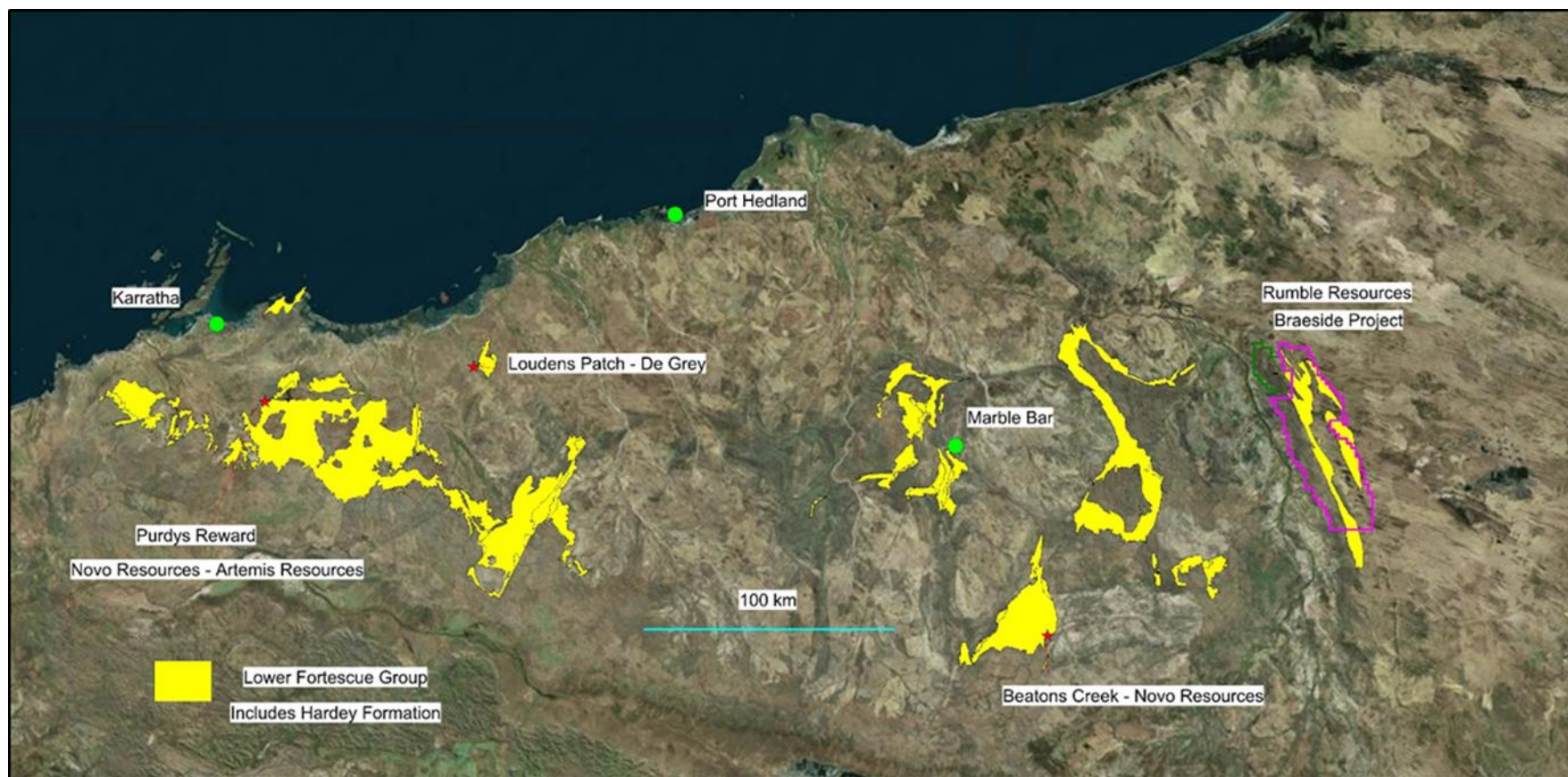


- Desktop review of the Braeside Project has identified significant areas of the Lower Fortescue Group (Hardey Formation) which is highly prospective for conglomerate hosted gold.
- The review has identified **30km of strike of pebble conglomerates** associated with the Warroo Hill Member of the Fortescue Group Hardey Formation.

Braeside Pebble Conglomerates



The targeted stratigraphy is considered similar to Witwatersrand-style conglomerates that host gold mineralisation that are associated with the recent gold discoveries by Novo Resources (TSX-V: NVO) at its joint venture project with Artemis Resources (ASX: ARV) in the western Pilbara region.

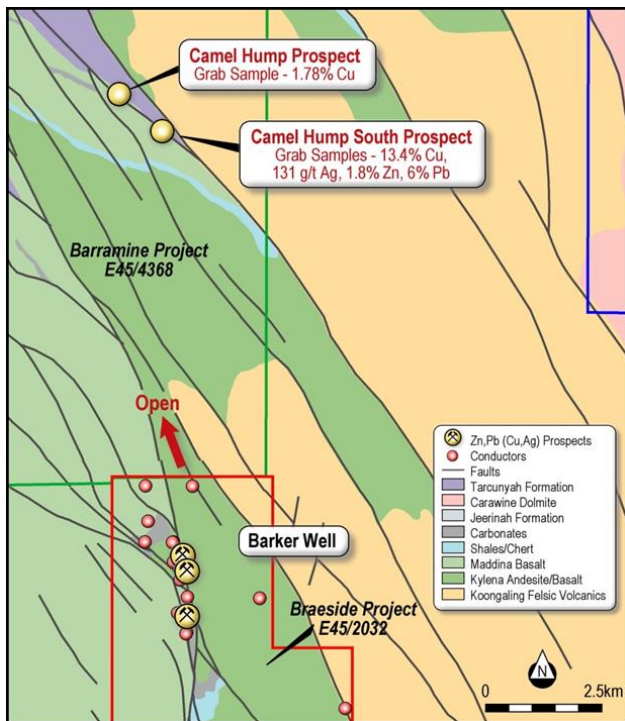


Option to Acquire Barramine Project

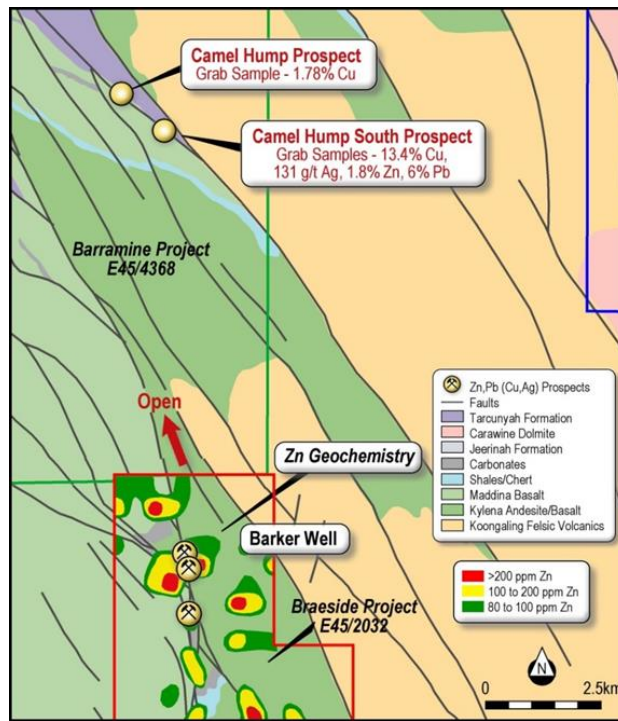


- High-grade Cu, Pb, Zn and Ag prospects have not been tested by drilling or modern exploration
- The same geology and structure that hosts the historic high-grade Braeside Project Zn and Pb mineralisation extends into the Barramine Project
- Strategic opportunity to secure further prospective ground in the Braeside project area that may host significant porphyry and VMS base metal deposits

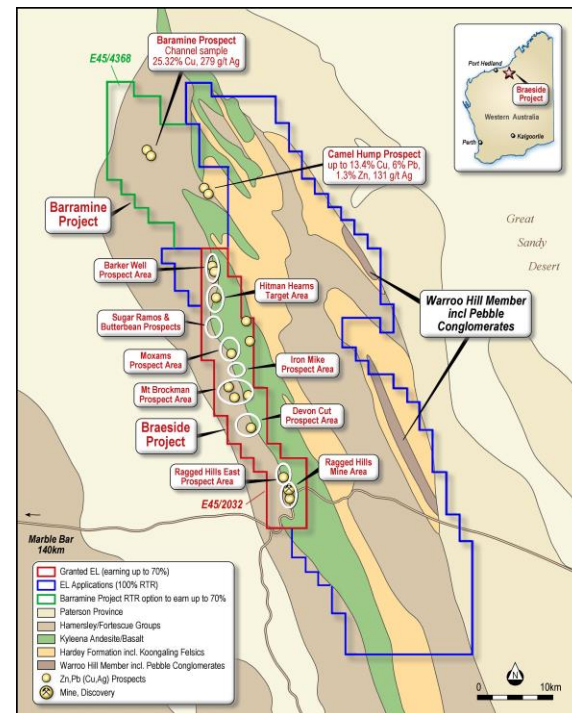
- Option to earn up to 70%
- Historic rock chip and channel samples collected confirms the high-grade nature of the project with assays up to **25.32% copper, 279 g/t silver, 6% lead and 1.8% zinc**
- Recent exploration by Rumble within the Braeside Project identified significant base metal trends and VTEM conductors that appear to extend north into the Barramine Project highlighted in Images below



VTEM Conductors at Braeside Project open to Barramine Project



Zinc geochemistry at Braeside project open to Barramine project

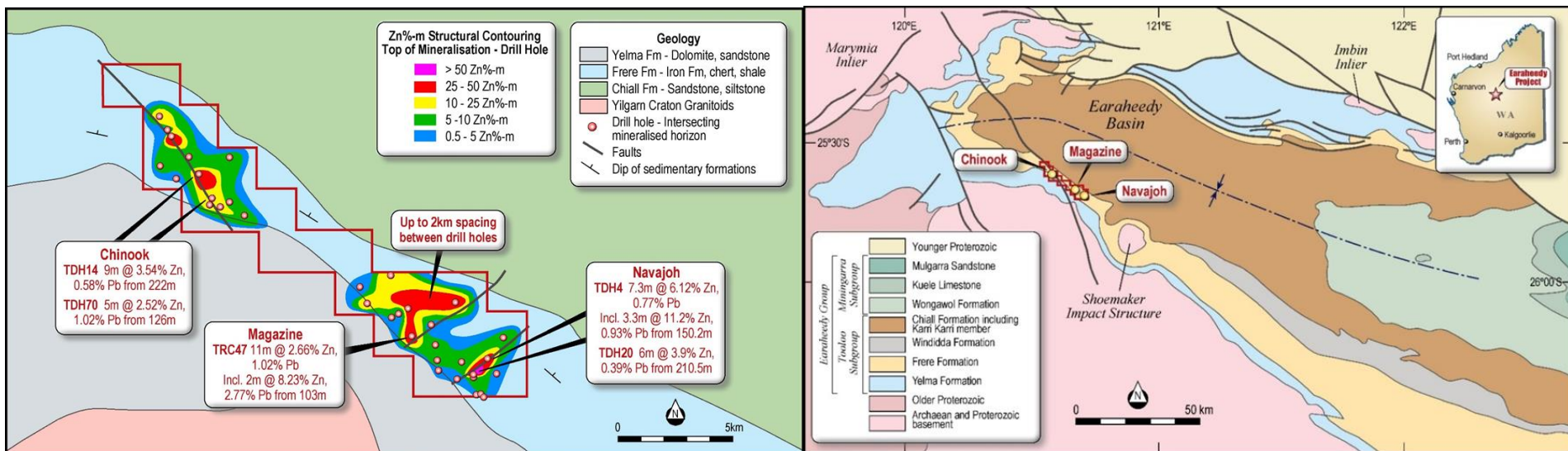


Barramine project in relation to Braeside Project

Option to Acquire Earraheedy Project



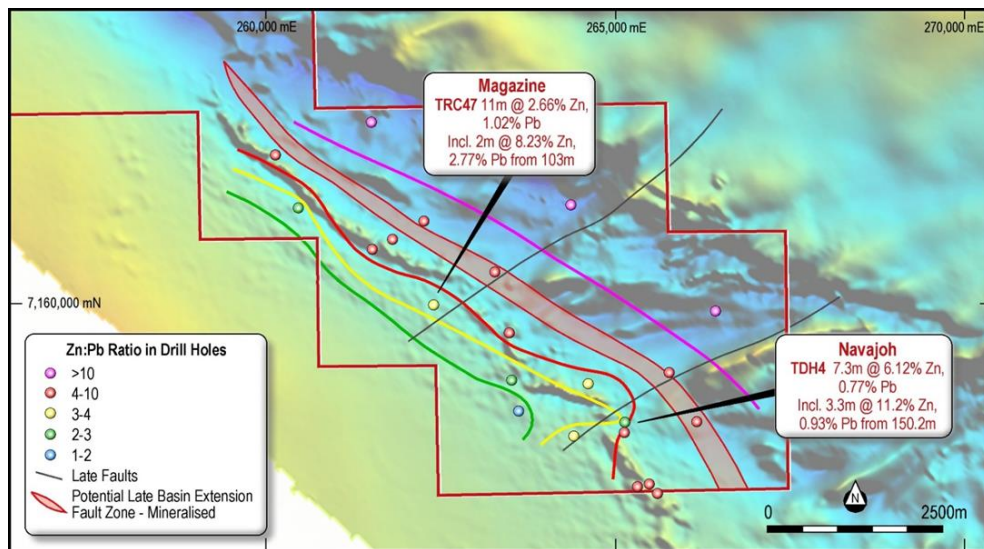
- Rumble has the option to acquire 75% of the Earraheedy Project
- Wide spaced drilling has defined stratiform zinc and lead mineralisation over 20km of strike within carbonate sediments of the lower sedimentary units of the Earraheedy Basin (Proterozoic) in Western Australia.
- Historical drilling intercepted **high-grade zinc up to 18.6% within an intersection 3.3m @ 11.2% Zn**, and 0.93% Pb from 150m. Other drill-holes include **2m @ 8.23% Zn and 2.77% Pb** from 103m.
- Coarse grain sphalerite (Zn) and galena (Pb) with pyrite and marcasite occurs as breccias, veins and replacement zones within carbonates.
- Rumble plans to commission a detailed gravity survey to compliment the magnetics with the aim to delineate basement structures and directly define high density sulphides to drill test.



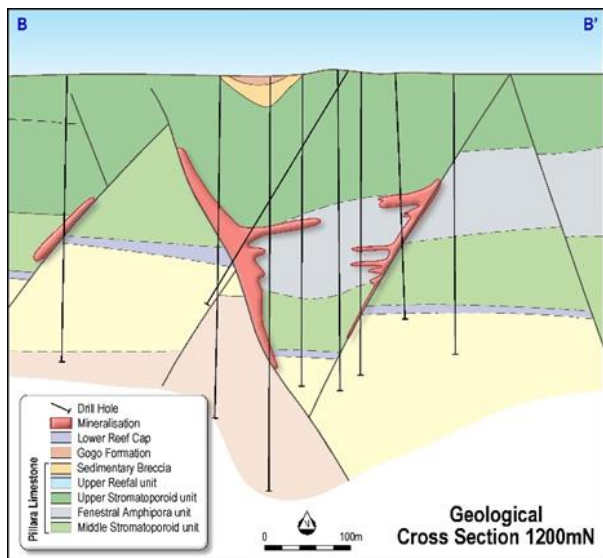
Earaheedy Project Potential



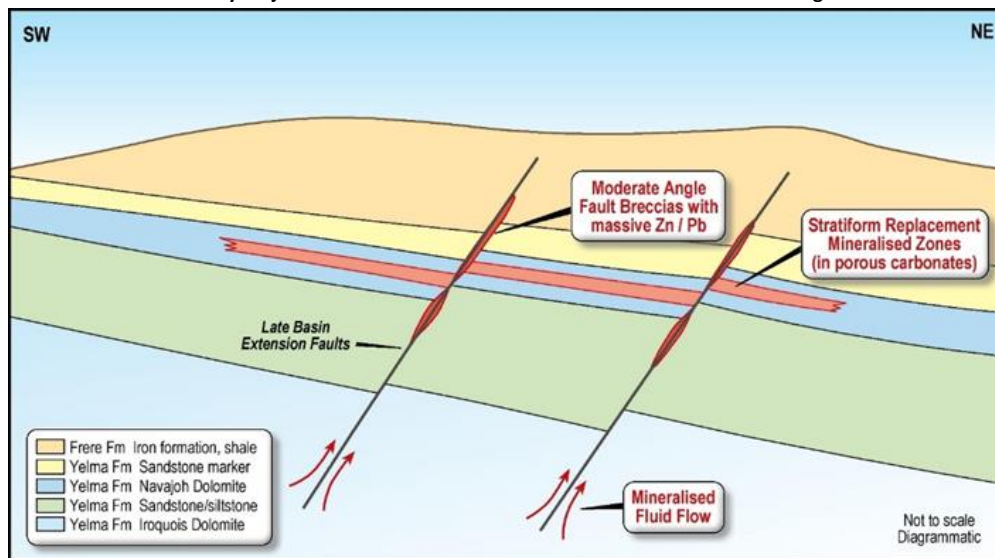
- The mineralisation style is similar to Mississippi Valley Type (MVT) large high grade base metal deposits that include the Devonian Lennard Shelf deposits of the Kimberley Region of Western Australia.
- The target size is similar to the Pillara (Blendevale) Zn – Pb deposit located in the Devonian limestones of the Lennard Shelf, Kimberley Region, Western Australia which produced 10.3 Mt @ 6.9% Zn and 2.3% Pb. Of note, the discovery drill-hole (8m @ 8.9% Zn, 3.5% Pb below 210m) at Pillara, was the 136th drill hole in the area.



Southeast Portion of Earaheedy Project Zn:Pb Ratio of Mineralisation in Drill Holes over Aero-Magnetic Coloured TMI Image.

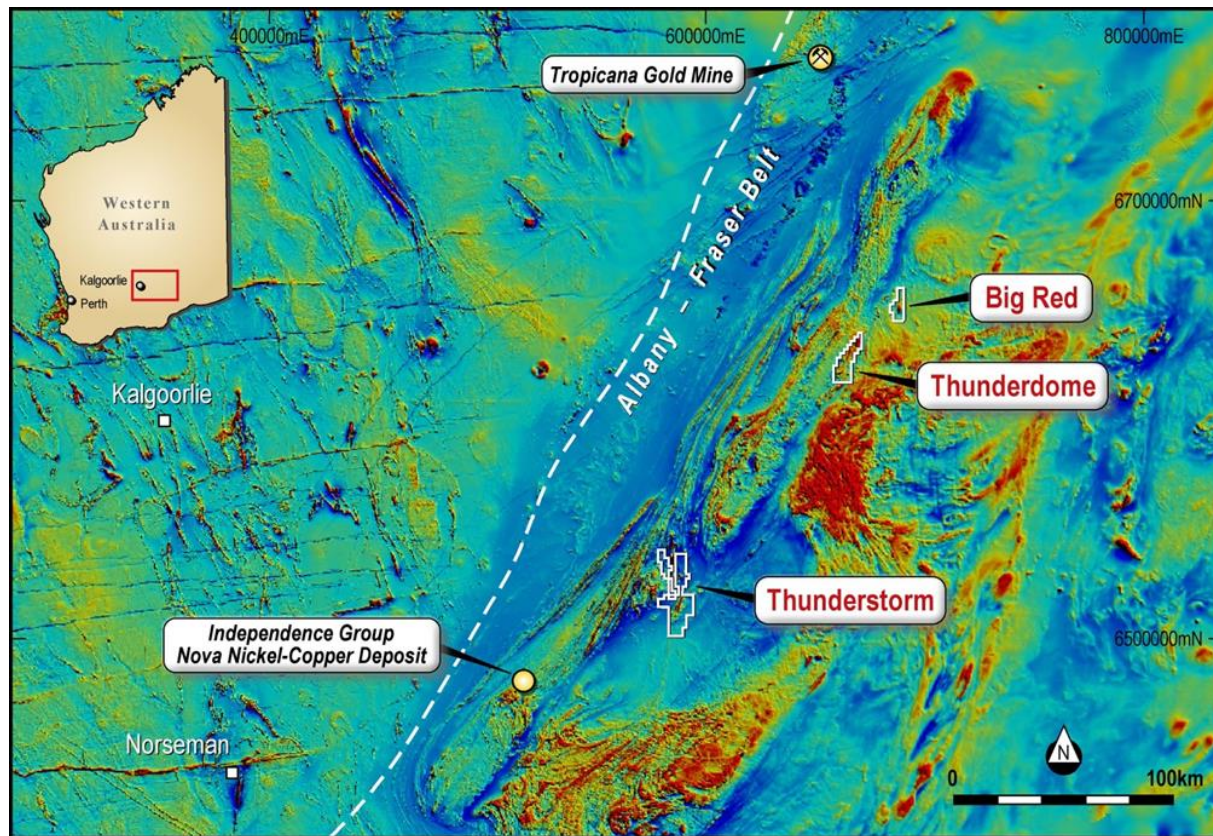


X Section Pillara Deposit.



Potential Earaheedy MVT Model

IGO Joint Venture Fraser Range Projects



- Joint Venture Agreement signed with leading base metal and gold miner Independence Group NL (ASX: IGO) on Rumble's highly prospective Fraser Range Projects in Western Australia
- IGO to earn 70% equity in Rumble's 100% owned Fraser Range tenements
- Rumble to be free-carried through to completion of a Pre-Feasibility Study on any of the Fraser Range tenements
- Rumble to benefit from IGO's extensive expertise as the dominant regional player in the Fraser Range
- IGO to be actively exploring on all 3 of the projects

Investment Summary



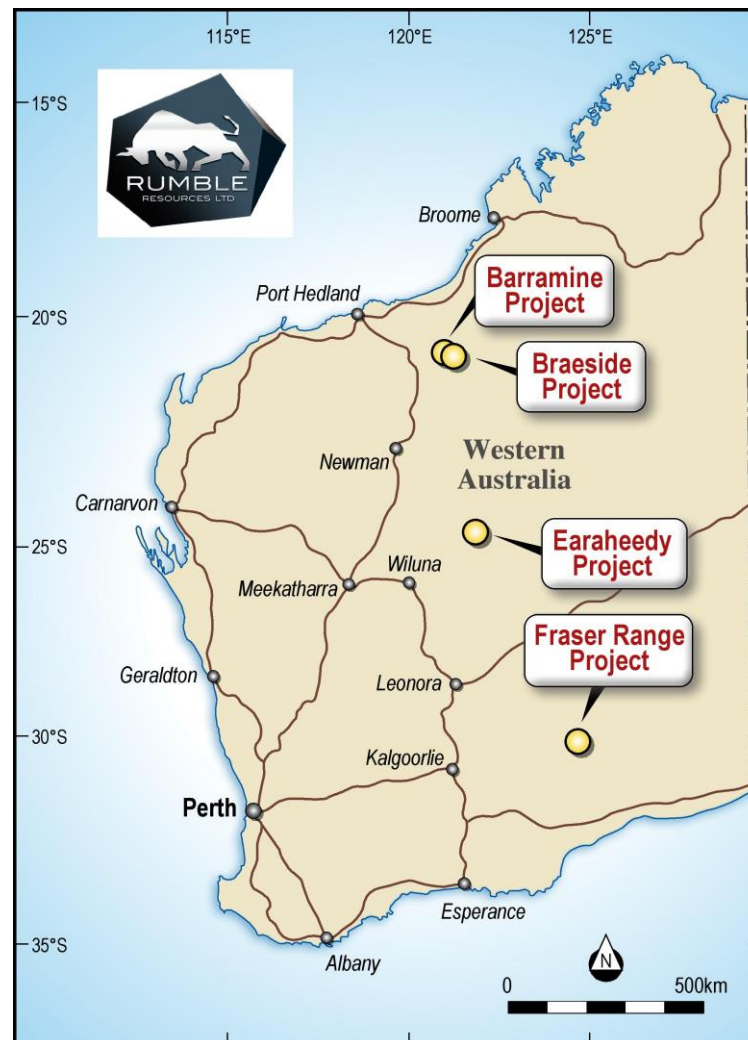
- ✓ Base metals breaking out to 10 year price highs with lack of discoveries
- ✓ First modern systematic program at High Grade Braeside Project which has porphyry related VMS potential of hosting large base metal deposits
- ✓ Drill testing of High Grade base metal targets identified at Braeside has commenced
- ✓ Company is in an exceptionally strong position with \$6mil in bank
- ✓ Successful Technical Director has discovered 7 significant deposits
- ✓ Rumble provides significant leverage to any exploration success
- ✓ Multiple high grade discovery opportunities with Rumbles list of quality Projects

Contacts & Project Locations



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