



Quarterly Activities Report

Period ending 30 June 2022

Corazon Mining Limited (ASX: CZN) (Corazon or Company) is pleased to present its Quarterly Activities Report for the period ending 30 June 2022 (Quarter).

Exploration Highlights

Lynn Lake Nickel Sulphide Project, Canada

-  Exploration drilling continuing at Fraser Lake Complex testing geophysical anomalies within the Motriuk ultramafic intrusion - encouraging nickel and copper sulphide mineralisation intersected
-  New detailed geological modelling underway at the Lynn Lake Mining Centre to identify additional near surface resource potential not included in previous resource estimates or mining studies
-  Metallurgical testwork on lower-grade mineralisation from the mining centre is underway – incorporating innovative “ore-sorting” technology as an upgrading option

Mt Gilmore Project, New South Wales

-  Initial mineral vectoring geochemical studies have been completed by CODES at the University of Tasmania on rock and drill core samples collected from the Mt Gilmore Project
-  The studies show the Mt Gilmore Cu-Au-Co trend has a complex hydrothermal history and geochemical characteristics particular to known large porphyry Cu deposits
-  Results are extremely encouraging – additional mineral studies and geophysics will assist the definition of targets expected to be easily testable with drilling.

Miriam Nickel Sulphide Project, New South Wales

-  Stage 2 in the acquisition process for the Miriam Nickel Sulphide Project has been completed
 - Corazon has assumed sole-management of Miriam and is progressing the grant of tenure as a priority
 - Work programs for Miriam are under development with a focus on modern, high-powered geophysics to test areas of known mineralization for follow-up drilling



LYNN LAKE NICKEL-COPPER-COBALT SULPHIDE PROJECT

Overview

Corazon owns 100% of the Lynn Lake Nickel-Copper-Cobalt Sulphide Project (Lynn Lake) in Manitoba, Canada (Figure 1), a prolific historical nickel-copper-cobalt mining centre that was mined for 24 years before closure in 1976. Corazon is the first company to have control of the entire Lynn Lake nickel camp since mine closure. Highlights of the Lynn Lake Project include:

- 100% ownership of nickel sulphide district
- Large JORC resources
- Exciting and proven exploration upside
- Beneficial infrastructure that would reduce start-up capital requirements
 - Township originally built for the historical mining operation
 - Hydro-Power – an important component for any future sustainable and environmentally compliant mining operation
 - Nearby to emerging North American and European rechargeable battery industries

Corazon's two-pronged strategy at Lynn Lake is focused on development and exploration. Mining Centre studies are seeking cost and performance efficiencies in mining and processing practices, progressing the possible development of a significant, low-cost mining operation.

Exploration in the mine area is looking to expand the near-surface JORC resource base in search of start-up feed to complement existing resources at depth. Exploration within the greater project area has focused on the Fraser Lake Complex (FLC), where a large magmatic sulphide system, bigger than the Lynn Lake mine area footprint, has been discovered.

Together, this work will enable the determination of value for Lynn Lake at a time when there is an expectation of future increased demand for metals.

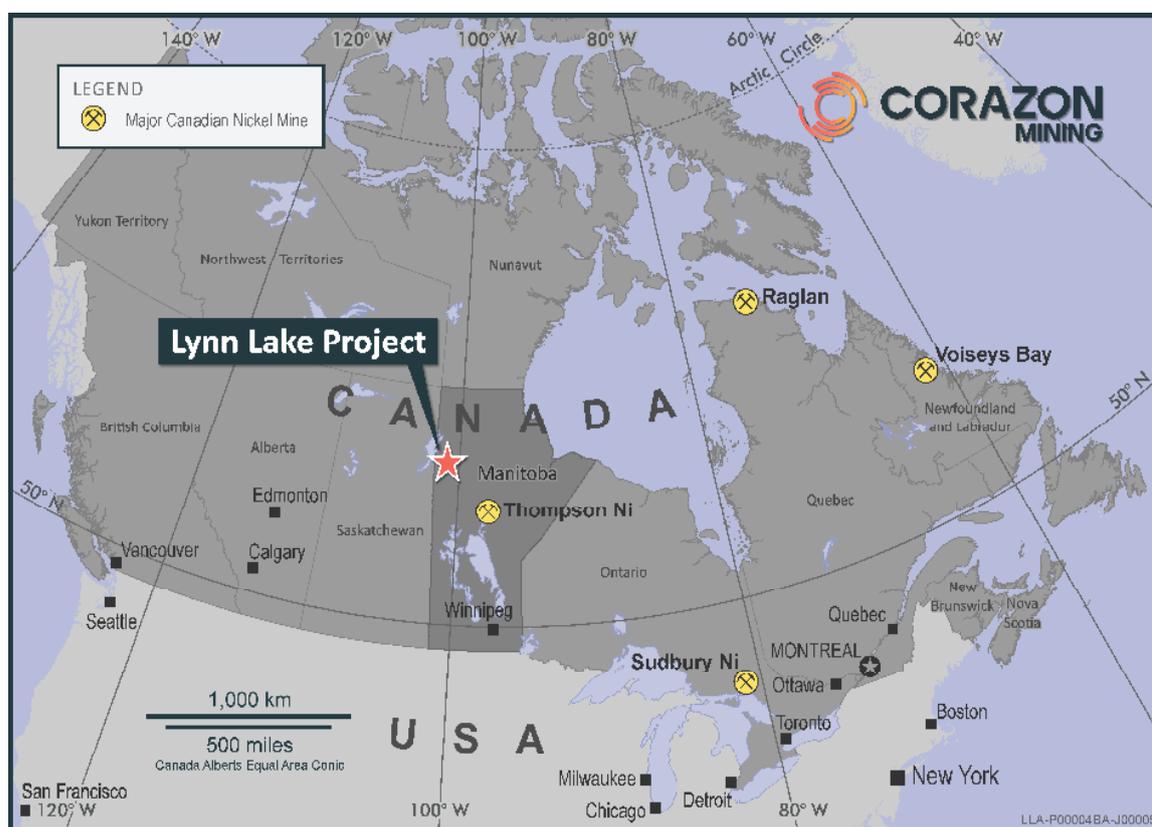


Figure 1 – Lynn Lake Project Location

Drilling Ongoing at Fraser Lake Complex

During the Quarter, Corazon announced the commencement of the next phase of drilling, testing geophysical targets at Lynn Lake's Fraser Lake Complex (FLC) (ASX announcement 11 April 2022). Encouraging nickel and copper sulphide mineralisation has been intersected at the Motriuk intrusion (ASX announcement 7 June 2022). The existence of visible pentlandite (nickel sulphide) in blebs and the potential for these sulphides to accumulate at depth, provide a compelling target for the drilling currently in progress.

Post Quarter-end, the Company announced significant progress has been made at the FLC (ASX announcement 13 July 2022) where drilling is continuing. Senior Company personnel visited Lynn Lake in mid-June to review the progress of the drilling, including the sulphides intersected at Motriuk. While the amount of sulphide mineralisation reported was low (typically 1-5% of volume) and as such the expectations for the nickel content is also low, the existence of visible pentlandite is very encouraging.

The Motriuk Ultramafic body is "keel-like" in shape, with a base that has been defined by geophysics. The current drilling is targeting the base of this intrusion, which has a dense and magnetic geophysical signature.

The advancement of the drilling has been slowed, owing to the drilling contractor's limited availability of personnel – an industry-wide issue due to the effects of the Covid-19 pandemic and seasonal demands for exploration personnel.

Updates regarding this drilling will be provided in due course.

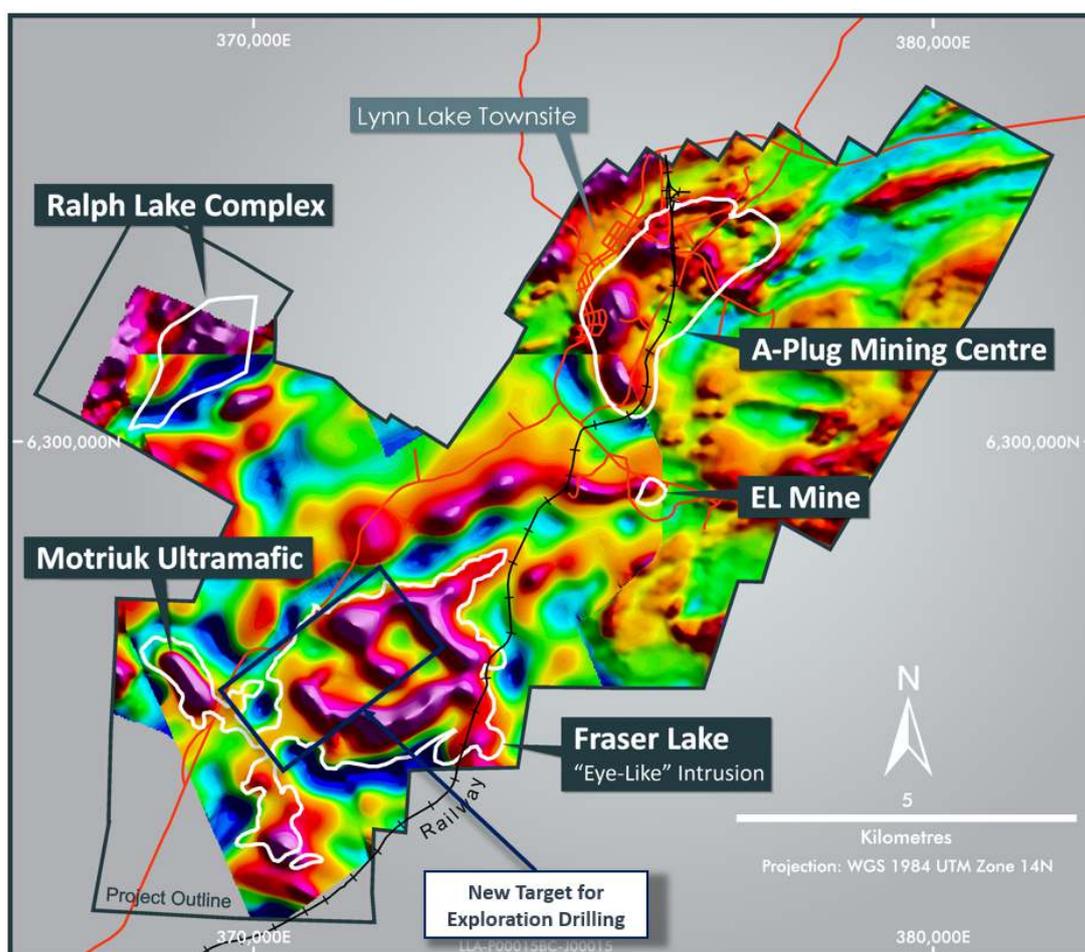


Figure 2 – Lynn Lake Project - MobileMT survey magnetic susceptibility inversion depth slice at 50m below surface - over a GeoTem total-field regional aeromagnetic image, with the area of the gravity high target outlined

Mining Centre Exploration and Mining Studies

Corazon is working with international mining consultants, Palaris, on incorporating all relevant historical data into 3D digital models that will facilitate the identification of areas for potential resource upside within the Mining Centre. This study is progressing according to plan, with results expected next month.

These new 3D models are precursors to new mining studies for Lynn Lake. These studies are expected to determine the most appropriate development pathway to deliver a robust, long-lived, economically viable mining operation, utilising modern mining and processing techniques.

Palaris have been engaged to undertake mining studies, which are focused on four separate disciplines: Geology, Geotechnical, Mining Strategy and Processing. The study program seeks to assess and maximise the synergies and interactions across all four disciplines to ensure optimal whole-of-project outcomes. The final deliverable of the mining studies will be a revised mining strategy for the entire mineralised area, focused on optimal production rates and low mining costs.

Metallurgical Testwork

New metallurgical testwork has commenced on the Lynn Lake mineralisation. Approximately 1,200 kilograms of core sample acquired from drilling in December 2021 from the EL Mine (Figure 2) is being used to:

- Finalise flotation testwork;
- Investigate pre-flotation ore-upgrade of low-grade material; and for
- Initial work on the amenability of Lynn Lake mineralisation in the production of battery grade products for rechargeable lithium-ion batteries.

Two third-party suppliers of ore-sorting (upgrade) technology have been engaged to complete initial bench-scale testwork on low-grade material from the EL Deposit. Intervals of interest within the two metallurgical drill holes include:

	From	To	Interval	Ni%	Cu%	Co%
EL-2201-01	10	77.6	67.6	0.61	0.30	0.019
EL-2201-02	10	76.8	66.8	0.54	0.30	0.017

Table 1 – EL Deposit drilling (December 2021) – Mineralised intervals

Some of this material sits outside the current resource for the EL Deposit and indicates good potential for additional resource tonnages. Ore-sorting testwork samples have been determined based on geology and grade. Three low-grade samples have been created (Table 2), disregarding sample intervals of plus 1% Ni, as it is envisaged they would constitute direct ROM feed. Additional metallurgical testwork will be considered subsequent to the results of the ore-sorting studies.

Sample	Hole	Interval	Grade			Description
			Ni%	Cu%	Co%	
1	EL-2021-01	10-16m	0.45	0.43	0.011	Diseminated 0.4%Ni
	EL-2021-02	10-16m	0.42	0.39	0.011	
	Combined		0.44	0.41	0.011	
2	EL-2021-01	16-28m	0.21	0.17	0.009	Blebbly 0.2%Ni
	EL-2021-02	16-25m	0.22	0.13	0.010	
	Combined		0.21	0.15	0.009	
3	EL-2021-01	28-58m	0.40	0.18	0.014	Blebbly 0.4%Ni
	EL-2021-02	25-56m	0.38	0.28	0.012	
	Combined		0.39	0.23	0.013	

Table 2 – Definition of low-grade samples for metallurgical testwork

The current phase of testwork, assessing the characteristics of the lower-grade mineralisation, is expected to be completed by October 2022.

MT GILMORE COBALT-COPPER-GOLD PROJECT

Overview

The Mt Gilmore Cobalt-Copper-Gold Project (Mt Gilmore) is located 35 kilometres from the city of Grafton in north-eastern New South Wales (N.S.W.) (Figure 3). Corazon owns an 80% interest in Mt Gilmore and is managing and sole funding exploration until any future decision to mine is made.

Much of Mt Gilmore’s historical exploration has focused on the Cobalt Ridge prospect (Cobalt Ridge) - a rare high-grade cobalt sulphide deposit. Work by Corazon since acquisition in mid-2016, underpins the belief that Mt Gilmore is prospective for hosting large intrusive related copper-gold systems, enriched in cobalt.

Corazon’s recent exploration of the prospective “Mt Gilmore trend” has uncovered a major copper–cobalt–silver-gold geochemical trend, potentially representing a +20 kilometre-long district-scale exploration play for large intrusive related copper-cobalt-gold deposits.



Figure 3– Mt Gilmore Project location map

Porphyry Copper Target Identified

Post Quarter-end, Corazon announced the identification of a new target area for a potential porphyry copper deposit at the Mt Gilmore Project (ASX announcement 12 July 2022)

The new porphyry copper target area has been generated from initial results of a mineral chemistry vectoring study conducted by the University of Tasmania. Based on the positive results of this work, Corazon plans to undertake a new phase of targeted fieldwork at the Mt Gilmore Project.

Corazon's Mt Gilmore Project is located within the New England Orogen of northeastern NSW (Figure 3). Geochemical and geophysical surveys completed by Corazon at Mt Gilmore have indicated the potential for concealed intrusion related or porphyry copper-gold hydrothermal systems. However, identifying precise drill targets has been difficult due to the size of the geochemical anomalies (i.e. main target area of ~8km x 2km – Figure 2), poor surface exposure and lack of historical drilling.

In recent years, significant research has been devoted to mineral chemistry studies to assist in the exploration for

blind mineral deposits. Work by the Centre for Ore Deposit and Earth Sciences (CODES) at the University of Tasmania has included porphyry vectoring and fertility tools (PVFTs), which use the chemical compositions of hydrothermal minerals to predict the likely direction and distance to mineralised centres, and the potential metal endowment of a mineral district.

Such studies completed by CODES on samples from Mt Gilmore have delivered exceptional early results, supporting the Mt Gilmore's prospectivity and strong porphyry copper potential.

Rationale for Mineral Chemistry Vectoring Studies

Corazon's exploration at Mt Gilmore has identified a very large copper-cobalt-gold-silver soil geochemical anomaly over the full 22-kilometre strike of exposed basement rocks (Figure 4). This soil geochemical anomalism is supported by high-grade rock-chip samples from outcrops throughout Mt Gilmore (ASX announcement 5 February 2019).

Advances in the understanding of using mineral chemistry to identify and vector towards porphyry related hydrothermal deposits, including successful case studies, provided the opportunity for Corazon to potentially:

- Define the type of hydrothermal system(s) present at Mt Gilmore and their occurrence in time (relative to other geological features);
- Define the possible size and fertility of any the mineralised system(s); and
- Identify the location(s) in three-dimensions of the heat source that caused the hydrothermal mineralisation.

Rock chip and drill core samples from the May Queen, Gordonbrook Hill and Cobalt Ridge prospects (Figure 4) were submitted to CODES for testwork, sampling a variety of mineralisation/alteration styles over a strike of ~16km within the Mt Gilmore Trend.

Results from Mineral Chemistry and Vectoring Studies

With the aim of better defining the complex hydrothermal history of the Mt Gilmore area, a detailed paragenetic study of mineral assemblages was completed. Results provided evidence for:

- An early porphyry copper deposit-related and late skarn-style mineralising hydrothermal activities at Gordonbrook Hill;
- High temperature hydrothermal alteration overprint of an early classic skarn system (possibly porphyry related) at May Queen; and
- At the cobalt sulphide-dominant Cobalt Ridge Deposit, early high temperature magmatic-hydrothermal fluids with cobalt and later lower temperature copper-rich phases.

Evidence of a porphyry copper system at Gordonbrook Hill, and possibly at May Queen, provided the catalysis for additional fertility (defining the potential size) and vectoring (defining the location of heat sources) studies at Mt Gilmore.

Defining the Potential Size/Fertility of Porphyry Copper Deposit System

Epidote mineral chemistry studies were used to assess the fertility of the Mt Gilmore Project, with the findings supporting conclusions from the mineral paragenetic study. Overall, the Mt Gilmore trend yielded a strong fertility response consistent mostly with large porphyry copper deposits, and early indications are that the depth to target for the Gordonbrook Hill porphyry is explorable.

The results from both Gordonbrook Hill and May Queen are impressive and support what the Company believes is a best-case outcome from these initial studies. CODES have analyzed samples from multiple known porphyry copper systems and deposits globally. As evidence for the significance of the mineral studies at Mt Gilmore, Figure 4 shows the Gordonbrook Hill and May Queen samples plotted against samples from the Northparkes area. Northparkes is the second largest porphyry copper system in Australia.

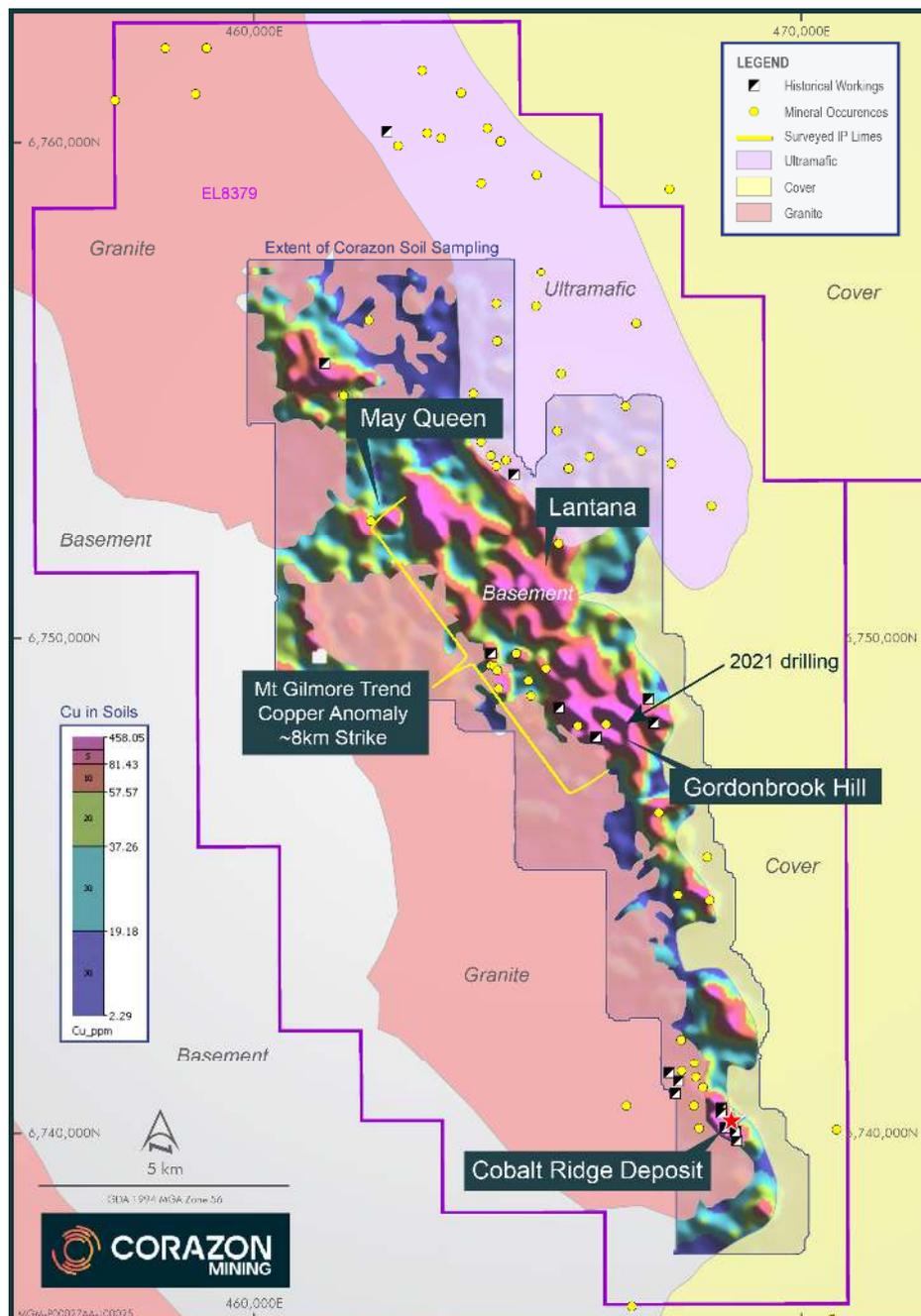


Figure 4 – Mt Gilmore Project interpreted geology with a copper in soils geochemical image over the sedimentary/volcaniclastic basement rocks, with mineral occurrences and prospect locations.

Next Steps

The geochemical anomalies at Mt Gilmore are large and almost completely untested by drilling. While Mt Gilmore’s prospectivity has been elevated by CODES’ Mineral Chemistry Vectoring Studies, defining precise targets for drill testing has not yet been achieved.

Corazon plans to commence its next phase of exploration at Mt Gilmore next month. This will include surface rock-chip sampling for detailed Mineral Chemistry Vectoring Studies and geophysical surveys (possibly gravity and IP), initially targeting the Gordonbrook Hill prospect. This low impact exploration is expected to be completed over the next three to four months, subject to availability of geophysical contractors.

MIRIAM NICKEL-SULPHIDE PROJECT, W.A.

OVERVIEW

The Miriam Nickel Sulphide Project (Miriam) is located approximately 10 kilometres south-southwest of Coolgardie on a trend of ultramafics best identified by the Miriam and Nepean (Auroch Minerals, ASX: AOU) nickel deposits (Figure 5). Miriam is a highly prospective nickel exploration project, representing a strategic addition to Corazon’s portfolio of nickel sulphide assets.

The Miriam Project covers an area of about six kilometres by 1.5 kilometers and comprises five (5) Prospecting Licence applications (P15/6135 to P15/6139 inclusive).

The Miriam Deposit was discovered in 1969, with ‘high nickel tenor’ massive and disseminated sulphides intersected in drilling. Miriam has not been extensively explored and there is extensive untested opportunity for nickel sulphide mineralisation at depth and along strike from previous drilling. The existence of the defined target trend will allow Corazon to undertake focused and detailed exploration programs, utilising modern higher-powered electromagnetic (EM) geophysics.

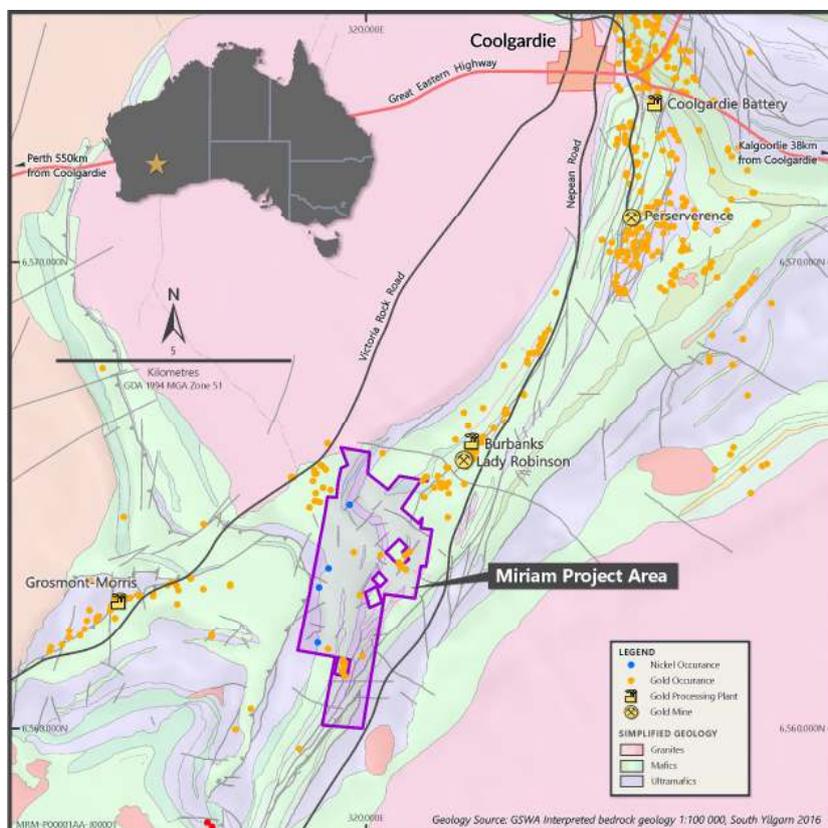


Figure 5 – Miriam Project location map

100% Acquisition – Next Steps

During the Quarter, Corazon announced it has further progressed its rights to acquire 100% of the Miriam Nickel Sulphide Project (Miriam or Project) near Coolgardie in Western Australia’s Goldfields minerals district (ASX announcement 22 April 2022).

Previously, Corazon announced it had entered into an agreement with Limelight Industries Pty Ltd (Vendor) to acquire 100% of the Miriam Project (ASX announcements 26 July and 15 October 2021); Corazon has now successfully completed Stage 2 of the acquisition. Corazon will acquire a 100% interest in Miriam (and take control and management of Miriam) in consideration of the payment to the Vendors of \$400,000 and a 2% net smelter return royalty, pursuant to the Option

Agreement, details of which are included in the Corporate section of this ASX announcement.

The completion of Stage 2 sees Corazon being entitled to 100% of the Miriam Project and taking sole control and management of the Project, on behalf of all parties, with the Vendor retaining the right to mine mullock dumps (for gold mineralisation) and to metal detect on the area for the first three (3) years post grant of the relevant tenure.

Drilling undertaken predominantly in the 1960s and 1970s at the Miriam Nickel Deposit intersected 'high nickel tenor' massive and disseminated sulphides. Corazon has highlighted extensions to areas of known mineralisation as the initial priority exploration focus.

Next Steps

Corazon is working towards securing the granting of the tenement applications prior to the commencement of its on-ground exploration programs. This work is designed to culminate in a first phase of drilling which will target the Miriam Nickel Deposit, as well as other known nickel occurrences along the Miriam Trend. Past exploration results, including drilling and geophysics, will be integrated into the Company's drill targeting exercise.

CORPORATE

Corazon closed the Quarter with approximately \$7,922,000 in cash; the Company's quarterly summary of financials are presented as a separate ASX release in the Appendix 5B.

In accordance with Listing Rule 5.3.1, 5.3.2 and 5.3.5 the Company hereby provides disclosure to reflect the information required in the quarterly report and the Appendix 5B, the information required is as follows:

Item 6.1 in the Appendix 5B included an amount of \$110,000 as payment to related parties this reflected payments to directors including non-executive directors for fees, salaries and consulting costs for the quarter.

Item 2.1 in the Appendix 5B included expenditure of \$1,768,000 on Exploration Activities associated with activities at the Lynn Lake Project in Canada and the Mt Gilmore Project in Australia.

Entitlement Offer

During the Quarter, Corazon announced its non-renounceable pro-rata entitlement offer (Entitlement Offer) had raised \$7,619,858 (before costs) to advance exploration and development across its project portfolio (ASX announcement 12 April 2022).

The Entitlement Offer was offered on the basis of one fully paid ordinary share in the capital of the Company (Share) for every one Share held, at an issue price of \$0.03 per Share, and closed at 5pm (WST) on 11 April 2022. The Company received applications for 253,996,212 new Shares under the Entitlement Offer, which raised a total of \$7,619,858 before costs. This included applications for 46,471,786 Shares above shareholders' entitlements.

The Entitlement Offer was not underwritten and accordingly the Company reserved the right to place the Shortfall Shares within three months after the closing date of the Entitlement Offer. The issue of the 253,996,212 Shares pursuant to the Entitlement Offer was completed on 14 April 2022 and the Shares commenced trading on a normal settlement basis on 19 April 2022 (ASX announcement 12 April 2022).

Miriam Project – Option Agreement Details

During the Quarter, Corazon completed payment of the Stage 2 Consideration (ASX Announcement 22 April 2022), having previously exercised the Option to acquire and completed the Stage 1 Consideration on 14 October 2021.

Background

On 26 July 2021 Corazon announced it had entered into an option agreement with Limelight Industries Pty Ltd (Vendor), pursuant to which it was granted an option to acquire up to 100% of the Miriam Project (comprising Prospecting Licence applications P15/6135 to P15/6139) on the following terms:

- Corazon was granted an exclusive option to conduct due diligence on the Miriam Project for a period of three months by paying an option fee of \$75,000 (plus GST) (Option) (ASX announcement 26 July 2021).

- Subsequent to Corazon’s election to exercise the Option and the payment of a non-refundable amount of \$125,000 to the Vendor (Stage 1 Consideration), Corazon was able to complete the acquisition by paying an amount of \$400,000 to the Vendor (Stage 2 Consideration) on the earlier to occur of the date that is six months after the date of exercise of the Option and the date of grant of tenure.

Corazon exercised the Option to acquire and completed the Stage 1 Consideration on 14 October 2021 and during the Quarter completed payment of the Stage 2 Consideration (ASX Announcement 22 April 2022).

- The Vendor will retain a net smelter return royalty of 2% and the right to mine mullock dumps (for gold mineralisation) and metal detect on the relevant area for the first three years post the grant of the relevant tenure.

Option Expiry

Post Quarter-end, Corazon advised that the listed options CZNO 26,481,560 and unlisted options CZNAJ 250,000 with an exercise price of \$0.14 expired unexercised (ASX announcement 10 July 2022).

This announcement has been authorised on behalf of Corazon Mining Limited by Managing Director, Mr. Brett Smith.

For further information visit www.corazon.com.au or contact:

Brett Smith

Managing Director

Corazon Mining Limited

P: +61 (08) 6166 6361

E: info@corazonmining.com.au

James Moses

Media & Investor Relations

Mandate Corporate

M: +61 (0) 420 991 574

E: james@mandatecorporate.com.au

Competent Persons Statement

The information in this report that relates to Exploration Results and Targets is based on information compiled by Mr. Brett Smith, B.Sc Hons (Geol), Member AusIMM, Member AIG and an employee of Corazon Mining Limited. Mr. Smith has sufficient experience that is relevant to the style of mineralisation and type of deposit under consideration and to the activity that he is undertaking to qualify as a Competent Person as defined in the 2012 Edition of the “Australasian Code for Reporting of Exploration Results, Mineral Resources and Ore Reserves”. Mr. Smith consents to the inclusion in the report of the matters based on this information in the form and context in which it appears.

Forward Looking Statements

This announcement contains certain statements that may constitute “forward looking statement”. Such statements are only predictions and are subject to inherent risks and uncertainties, which could cause actual values, results, performance achievements to differ materially from those expressed, implied or projected in any forward looking statements.

Forward-looking statements are statements that are not historical facts. Words such as “expect(s)”, “feel(s)”, “believe(s)”, “will”, “may”, “anticipate(s)” and similar expressions are intended to identify forward-looking statements. These statements include, but are not limited to statements regarding future production, resources or reserves and exploration results. All such statements are subject to certain risks and uncertainties, many of which are difficult to predict and generally beyond the control of the Company, that could cause actual results to differ materially from those expressed in, or implied or projected by, the forward-looking information and statements.

These risks and uncertainties include, but are not limited to: (i) those relating to the interpretation of drill results, the geology, grade and continuity of mineral deposits and conclusions of economic evaluations, (ii) risks relating to possible variations in reserves, grade, planned mining dilution and ore loss, or recovery rates and changes in project parameters as plans continue to be refined, (iii) the potential for delays in exploration or development activities or the completion of feasibility studies, (iv) risks related to commodity price and foreign exchange rate fluctuations, (v) risks related to failure to obtain adequate financing on a timely basis and on acceptable terms or delays in obtaining governmental approvals or in the completion of development or construction activities, and (vi) other risks and uncertainties related to the Company’s prospects, properties and business strategy. Our audience is cautioned not to place undue reliance on these forward-looking statements that speak only as of the date hereof, and we do not undertake any obligation to revise and disseminate forward-looking statements to reflect events or circumstances after the date hereof, or to reflect the occurrence of or non-occurrence of any events.

The Company believes that it has a reasonable basis for making the forward-looking Statements in the announcement based on the information contained in this and previous ASX announcements.

The Company is not aware of any new information or data that materially affects the information included in this ASX release, and the Company confirms that, to the best of its knowledge, all material assumptions and technical parameters underpinning the exploration results in this release continue to apply and have not materially changed.

Schedule of Tenements

CORAZON MINING LIMITED CONSOLIDATED BASIS				
SCHEDULE OF INTERESTS IN MINING TENEMENTS				
(as required by ASX Listing Rule 5.3.3)				
Project	Mining tenements held	Location of tenements	Beneficial % interest at the end of the quarter	Change in the quarter
MT GILMORE	EL 8379	New South Wales	80%	
LYNN LAKE	P3164F	Canada	100%	
LYNN LAKE	P3165F	Canada	100%	
LYNN LAKE	P2291F	Canada	100%	
LYNN LAKE	P3534F	Canada	100%	
LYNN LAKE	MB2482	Canada	100%	
LYNN LAKE	MB3566	Canada	100%	
LYNN LAKE	MB3567	Canada	100%	
LYNN LAKE	P1045F	Canada	100%	
LYNN LAKE	MB3580	Canada	100%	
LYNN LAKE	MB3581	Canada	100	
LYNN LAKE	MB7346	Canada	100%	
LYNN LAKE	MB7349	Canada	100%	
LYNN LAKE	MB7350	Canada	100%	
LYNN LAKE	MB7025	Canada	100%	
LYNN LAKE	MB7361	Canada	100%	
LYNN LAKE	MB7362	Canada	100%	
LYNN LAKE	MB6364	Canada	100%	
LYNN LAKE	MB5175	Canada	100%	
LYNN LAKE	MB5701	Canada	100%	
LYNN LAKE	MB8734	Canada	100%	

LYNN LAKE	MB8735	Canada	100%	
LYNN LAKE	MB9218	Canada	100%	
LYNN LAKE	MB5399	Canada	100%	
LYNN LAKE	MB6360	Canada	100%	
LYNN LAKE	MB6361	Canada	100%	
LYNN LAKE	MB6362	Canada	100%	
LYNN LAKE	MB6363	Canada	100%	
LYNN LAKE	MB9453	Canada	100%	
LYNN LAKE	MB5672	Canada	100%	
LYNN LAKE	MB5669	Canada	100%	
LYNN LAKE	MB10070	Canada	100%	
LYNN LAKE	MB10071	Canada	100%	
LYNN LAKE	MB10085	Canada	100%	
LYNN LAKE	MB10086	Canada	100%	
LYNN LAKE	MB10382	Canada	100%	
LYNN LAKE	MB10383	Canada	100%	
LYNN LAKE	MB10384	Canada	100%	
LYNN LAKE	MB10387	Canada	100%	
LYNN LAKE	MB10388	Canada	100%	
LYNN LAKE	MB11838	Canada	100%	
LYNN LAKE	MB11839	Canada	100%	
LYNN LAKE	MB11840	Canada	100%	
LYNN LAKE	MB11841	Canada	100%	
LYNN LAKE	MB11842	Canada	100%	
LYNN LAKE	MB11843	Canada	100%	
LYNN LAKE	MB11844	Canada	100%	
LYNN LAKE	MB12556	Canada	100%	

LYNN LAKE	MB12557	Canada	100%	
LYNN LAKE	MB11389	Canada	100%	
LYNN LAKE	MB11390	Canada	100%	
LYNN LAKE	M2228	Canada	100%	
LYNN LAKE	M2229	Canada	100%	
LYNN LAKE	M2230	Canada	100%	
LYNN LAKE	M2232	Canada	100%	
LYNN LAKE	M2233	Canada	100%	
LYNN LAKE	M2234	Canada	100%	
LYNN LAKE	M2248	Canada	100%	
LYNN LAKE	M2249	Canada	100%	
LYNN LAKE	M2251	Canada	100%	
LYNN LAKE	M2252	Canada	100%	
LYNN LAKE	M2253	Canada	100%	
LYNN LAKE	M2254	Canada	100%	
LYNN LAKE	M2255	Canada	100%	
LYNN LAKE	M2256	Canada	100%	
LYNN LAKE	ML77	Canada	100%	
LYNN LAKE	ML90	Canada	100%	