

BLACK DRAGON GOLD CORP.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE THREE MONTHS ENDED MARCH 31, 2022

(Expressed in Canadian dollars unless otherwise noted)

Background

This Management's Discussion and Analysis ("MD&A") of Black Dragon Gold Corp. ("Black Dragon Gold" or the "Company"), provides an analysis of the Company's financial results for the three months ended March 31, 2022 and should be read in conjunction with the accompanying audited annual consolidated financial statements for the year ended December 31, 2021 and the related notes thereto and the Half Year Financial Statements to June 30, 2021. Those audited consolidated financial statements have been prepared in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards ("IFRS") as issued by the International Accounting Standards Board ("IASB") and Interpretations issued by the International Financial Reporting Interpretations Committee ("IFRIC"). All amounts are expressed in Canadian dollars, unless otherwise stated. All documents previously mentioned are available for viewing on SEDAR at www.sedar.com. This MD&A is based on information available, and is dated, as at May 12, 2022.

Management is responsible for the preparation and integrity of the financial statements, including the maintenance of appropriate information systems, procedures and internal controls. Management is also responsible for ensuring that information disclosed externally, including that within the Company's financial statements and MD&A, are complete and reliable.

Certain statements made may constitute forward-looking statements. Such statements involve a number of known and unknown risks, uncertainties and other factors. Actual results, performance and achievements may be materially different from those expressed or implied by these forward-looking statements.

Additional information related to the Company, including its Annual Information Form for the most recent fiscal year, is available for view on SEDAR at www.sedar.com.

Company Overview

Black Dragon Gold Corp. (the "Company") was incorporated under the laws of the Province of British Columbia on August 20, 2007 and is classified as a junior mining issuer with the Australian Securities Exchange (the "ASX"). On February 28, 2019, the Company voluntarily delisted from the TSX Venture Exchange ("TSX-V") and continued to trade on the ASX. The Company's head office address is Ground Floor, Regent House, Rodney Road, Cheltenham, Gloucestershire, GL50 1HX, U.K. The registered and records office address is 1000 Cathedral Place, 925 West Georgia Street, Vancouver, BC V6C 3L2.

Overview of the Salave Project

Black Dragon Gold owns 100% of the Salave gold deposit through its wholly owned Spanish subsidiary, Exploraciones Mineras del Cantabrico S.L. ("EMC"). The Black Dragon Gold tenure includes five Mining Concessions and associated extensions covering 662 ha and an Investigation Permit covering another 2,655 ha (Table 1).

An Investigation Permit gives the holder the right to carry out, within the indicated perimeter and for a specific term (a maximum of three years), studies and work aimed at demonstrating and defining resources and the right, once defined, to be granted a permit for mining them. The term of an Investigation Permit may be renewed by the Regional Ministry of Economy and Employment for three years and, exceptionally, for successive periods.

A Mining Concession entitles its holder to develop resources located within the concession area, except those already reserved by the State. Under Spanish regulations, ownership of the land is independent of ownership of the mineral rights.

In July 2021, the Company via its 100% wholly owned Spanish subsidiary Exploraciones Mineras del Cantábrico ("EMC") has submitted the Environmental Impact Assessment ("EIA") to the Asturian Ministry of Mines. The EIA acknowledges the need for strong environmental and social responsibility. Furthermore, the Company has gone to great extents to ensure the EIA provides a framework to minimise or completely remove any negative impact the proposed Project will have on the environment and surrounding community.

During the prior year (2021), the Company's focus was on finalizing and submitting the EIA and as a result there was minimal exploration activity undertaken which resulted in a reduced exploration expenditure outflow. Subject to permitting success and funding the Company does intend to expand its exploration programme to identify new zones of mineralization.

Table 1: Black Dragon Gold's Concessions - Salave Gold Project, Spain

Concession/Investigation Permit name	Registration no.	Area (ha)	Date granted	Expiration date
Concessions				
Dos Amigos	24.371	41.99	10 Sep 1941	10 Oct 2045
Salave	25.380	67.98	10 Apr 1945	10 Oct 2045
Figueras	29.500	212.02	25 Jan 1977	25 Jan 2037
Demasia		92.55		
Ampliacion de Figueras	29.969	10.99	9 Nov 1988	9 Nov 2048
Demasia		68.85		
Segunda Ampliacion de Figueras	29.820	100.04	16 Sep 1981	16 Sep 2041
Demasia		67.55		
TOTAL		661.97		
Investigation Permit				
IP Sallave	30.812	2,655	18 Feb 2014	Extended for further 3 years

Douglas Turnbull, P.Geo., is the Company's Qualified Person as defined by National Instrument 43-101 and has reviewed and approved the technical disclosure in this MD&A. For further information regarding the Salave Project please see the technical report titled "NI 43-101 Technical Report – Salave Gold Project Mineral Resource Update for Black Dragon Gold Corp." with an effective date of October 31, 2018, a copy of which is available under the Company's profile at www.sedar.com.

Selected Financial Data

Quarterly Results

The following table summarizes information, on a quarterly basis, for the last eight quarters:

	Three month period ended March 31, 2022	Three month period ended December 31, 2021	Three month period ended September 30, 2021	Three month period ended June 30, 2021
Total assets	\$ 3,200,935,	\$ 2,120,831	\$ 947,369	\$1,495,48
Working capital (deficiency)	2,879,025	1,718,419	590,701	1,157,565
Shareholders' equity (deficiency)	2,880,265	1,719,659	591,941	1,158,805
Net (loss) income and comprehensive (loss) income	(365,692)	(512,605)	(567,800)	(442,728)
(Loss) income per share - basic	(0.002)	(0.004)	(0.004)	(0.003)
(Loss) income per share - diluted	(0.002)	(0.004)	(0.004)	(0.003)
	Three month period ended March 31, 2021	Three month period ended December 31, 2020	Three month period ended September 30, 2020	Three month period ended June 30, 2020
Total assets	\$ 1,900,030	\$ 2,146,627	\$ 2,383,291	\$ 1,242,368
Working capital (deficiency)	1,514,103	1,809,390	2,100,093	870,012
Shareholders' equity/(deficiency)	1,515,343	1,810,630	2,101,333	870,012
Net (loss) income and comprehensive (loss) income	(295,287)	(261,655)	(244,607)	(222,355)
(Loss) income per share - basic	(0.002)	(0.002)	(0.002)	(0.002)
(Loss) income per share - diluted	(0.002)	(0.002)	(0.002)	(0.002)

Results of Operations

Three Months Ended March 31, 2022

During the three months ended March 31, 2022 (the “period”), the Company recorded net loss of \$365,767 compared to a net loss of \$295,287 incurred during the period ended March 31, 2021 (the “comparative period”). The significant variances resulted from the following:

Consultants

During the current period, the Company incurred expenses of \$108,277 compared to \$52,565 in the prior comparative period. This variance related mainly to additional activity associated with the company preparing various geological reports associated with submitting the Company’s response to the public comments on the Salave Gold Project’s Environmental Impact Assessment, extension to the Salave Gold Investigation Permit, 18-hole drilling permit and costs associated with the Securities Purchase Plan.

General and administrative expenses

During the current period, General & Administration costs were \$124,012 compared to \$90,788 in the prior comparative period. The increase was as a result of increased activity in line with activity associated with the Securities Purchase Plan and Geological work surrounding the Company’s response to the public comments on the Salave Gold Project’s Environmental Impact Assessment.

Cash Flows

Net cash used in operating activities during the three months ended March 31, 2022 was \$452,326 (2021 - \$253,301). The cash used in operating activities for the current period consists primarily of the operating loss of \$365,692.

During the three months ended March 31, 2022, financing activities provided cash of \$1,521,935 (2021 - \$NIL). The capital raised during the period consists of the following transactions;

- On November 14, 2021, the Company issued 19,696,414 Chess Depositary Interests (“CDIs”) at an issue price of AUD\$0.056 to raise AUD\$1,102,999 under the Company’s securities purchase plan. The CDIs were issued on 13 January 2022. As part of the issuance, the Company also issued on a 1-for-2 basis a total of 9,848,195 unlisted options with an exercise price of \$0.10, expiring 31 December, 2023. The options were issued on 14 January 2022
- On January 14, 2022, as part of the AUD\$1,850,000 financing (Note 6), the Company also issued on a 1-for-2 basis a total of 16,517,862 unlisted options with an exercise price of \$0.10, expiring 31 December, 2023. The options were issued on 14 January 2022
- On January 24, 2022, the Company also issued 10,357,142 CDIs at an issue price of AUD\$0.056 to raise AUD\$580,000 under the placement announced in November 2021. These CDIs were subject to shareholder approval at an EGM held on 12 January 2022 as they were issued to directors Mr. Paul Cronin (AUD\$500,000) and Mr. Alberto Lavandeira (AUD\$80,000). In accordance with the terms of the placement and the shareholder EGM, the Company also issued to the directors as approved by shareholders on a 1-for-2 basis a total of 5,178,570 unlisted options with an exercise price of \$0.10, expiring 31 December 2023.

Net cash provided by investing activities during the three months ended March 31, 2022, was \$75 of interest income received (2021 – \$14).

Contractual Obligations

There are no debt, finance lease, operating lease, purchase obligations or other obligations currently contracted by the Company.

Financial Condition / Capital Resources

	March 31, 2022	December 31, 2021	June 30, 2021
Working capital	\$ 2,880,265	\$ 1,719,659	\$ 1,158,805
Cash	3,083,636	2,013,952	1,439,579
Total Assets	3,200,935	2,120,831	1,495,487
Total Liabilities	320,670	401,172	336,682

The Company has financed its recent operations to date through the issuance of common shares. The Company continues to seek capital through various means including the issuance of equity and/or debt (when appropriate).

The Company's unaudited condensed consolidated interim financial statements for the three months ended March 31, 2022 have been prepared on a going concern basis which assumes that the Company will be able realize its assets and discharge its liabilities in the normal course of business for the foreseeable future. The continuing operations of the Company are dependent upon its ability to continue to raise adequate financing and to commence profitable operations in the future.

There can be no assurance that the Company will be able to obtain adequate financing in the future or that the terms of such financing will be favourable. If adequate financing is not available when required, the Company may be unable to continue operating. The Company may seek such additional financing through debt or equity offerings, but there can be no assurance that such financing will be available on terms acceptable to the Company or at all. Any equity offering will result in dilution to the ownership interests of the Company's shareholders and may result in dilution to the value of such interests.

The unaudited condensed consolidated interim financial statements for the three months ended March 31, 2022 do not include any adjustments relating to the recoverability and classification of recorded asset amounts and classification of liabilities that might be necessary should the Company be unable to continue in existence

The Company presently does not have any capital expenditure commitments.

Off-Balance Sheet Arrangements

The Company does not have any off-balance sheet arrangements as at March 31, 2022 and as of the date of this report.

Contingencies

The Company has no contingencies as at the date of this MD&A.

Related Party Transactions

The Company considers personnel with the authority and responsibility for planning, directing and controlling the activities of the Company to be key management personnel.

The following amounts were incurred with respect to Chief Executive Officer, Directors, and the Chief Financial Officer of the Company:

	Three Months ended March 31, 2022	Three Months ended March 31, 2021
Directors' fees	62,351	93,833
Management and consulting fees	25,955	-
Wages and Salary	51,304	50,420
Share-based compensation	4,363	-
	143,973	144,253

Investor Relations Activities

The Company maintains a website at www.blackdragongold.com. There are no investor relation agreements in effect as at March 31, 2022 and as of the date of this report.

Subsequent Events

Subsequent to 31 March 2022, the Company filed its response to the public comments on the EIA received during the public consultative period. The dossier was submitted by Black Dragon's Spanish subsidiary, Exploraciones Mineras del Cantábrico and was filed with the Government of Asturias in Spain.

Outstanding Share Data

The following table summarizes the Company's outstanding share data as of the date of this report:

	Total Securities
Common shares (including 194,825,070 CDI's on ASX)	199,241,484
Stock options	43,937,959

Authorized:

Unlimited number of common shares without par value.

The Company has a stock option plan under which it is authorized to grant options to directors, employees and consultants, to acquire up to 10% of the issued and outstanding common stock. The exercise price of each option is based on the market price of the Company's stock at the date of grant. The options can be granted for a maximum term of 10 years and vest as determined by the board of directors. The options convert into common shares on a 1-for-1 basis.

As at the date hereof the following incentive stock options are outstanding;

Expiry Date	Number of Options	Exercise Price	Number of Options Exercisable
September 24, 2027	5,983,333	\$0.24	5,983,333
October 22, 2027	416,666	\$0.24	416,666
February 7, 2028	333,333	\$0.33	333,333
September 18, 2022	1,500,000	\$0.10	1,500,000
September 7, 2024	4,160,000	A\$0.096	4,160,000
December 31, 2023	31,544,627	\$0.10	31,544,627
Total	43,937,959		43,937,959

Financial Instruments, Other Instruments and Risk Management

Fair value

The inputs used in making fair value measurements are classified within a hierarchy that prioritizes their significance. The three levels of the fair value hierarchy are:

Level 1 – Unadjusted quoted prices in active markets for identical assets and liabilities;

Level 2 – Inputs other than quoted prices that are observable for the asset or liability either directly or indirectly; and

Level 3 – Inputs that are not based on observable market data.

The carrying value of receivables and accounts payable and accrued liabilities approximated their fair value because of the short-term nature of these instruments. Cash and cash equivalents are measured at fair value using Level 1 inputs.

Financial instruments measured at fair value on the consolidated statements of financial position are summarized in levels of fair value hierarchy as follows:

Assets	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total
Cash and equivalents	\$3,083,636	\$ -	\$ -	\$3,083,636

The Company has exposure to the following risks from its use of financial instruments:

Credit risk

Credit risk is the risk of loss associated with a counterparty's inability to fulfil its payment obligations. The Company's cash is held at large financial institutions and it believes it has no significant credit risk.

Liquidity risk

Liquidity risk is the risk that the Company will not meet its financial obligations as they fall due. The Company manages its liquidity risk by forecasting cash flows from operations and anticipating investing and financing activities. As at March 31, 2022, the Company had current assets of \$3,200,935 to settle current liabilities of \$320,670 which either have contractual maturities of less than 30 days and are subject to normal trade terms or are due on demand. Besides what was owed as at March 31, 2022, the Company does not have any contractual commitments as at March 31, 2022.

Market risk

Market risk is the risk of loss that may arise from changes in market factors, such as interest rates and foreign exchange rates.

a) Interest rate risk

Interest rate risk is due to variability of interest rates. The Company is exposed to interest rate risk on its bank account. The income earned on the bank account is subject to movements in interest rates. The Company has cash balances and no interest bearing debt, therefore, interest rate risk is nominal.

b) Foreign currency risk

The Company's functional currency is the Canadian dollar and major purchases are transacted in Canadian dollars. The Company funds certain operations, exploration and administrative expenses in Spain by using Euros converted from its Canadian bank accounts. Management believes the foreign exchange risk derived from currency conversions is negligible and therefore does not hedge its foreign exchange risk. Based on the Company's Euro, AUD, USD and GBP denominated financial instruments at March 31, 2022, a 10% change in exchange rates between the Canadian dollar and the Euro, AUD, USD and GBP would result in a change in foreign exchange gain or loss amounting to \$190,000.

The Company confirms that besides cash and cash equivalents it does not held any other financial instruments nor does it hold any other instruments.

Accounting standards

- Basis of presentation

These unaudited condensed consolidated interim financial statements for the three months ended March 31, 2022 are prepared in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards (“IFRS”) as issued by the International Accounting Standards Board (“IASB”) and the International Financial Reporting Interpretations Committee (“IFRIC”). These unaudited condensed consolidated interim financial statements have been prepared using the same accounting policies and methods of application as the Company’s most recent annual audited consolidated financial statements. These unaudited condensed consolidated interim financial statements do not include all information and disclosures required in audited consolidated financial statements and should be read in conjunction with the Company’s December 31, 2021 audited consolidated financial statements.

Changes in Accounting Policies – there were no changes to Accounting Policies during the reporting period to March 31, 2022.

Critical Accounting Estimates

Use of estimates

The Company makes estimates and assumptions about the future that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities. Estimates and judgments are continually evaluated based on historical experience and other factors, including expectations of future events that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances. In the future, actual experience may differ from these estimates and assumptions.

The effect of a change in an accounting estimate is recognized prospectively by including it in comprehensive income in the period of the change, if the change affects that period only, or in the period of the change and future periods, if the change affects both.

Significant assumptions about the future and other sources of estimation uncertainty that management has made at the statement of financial position date, that could result in a material adjustment to the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities, in the event that actual results differ from assumptions made, relate to, but are not limited to, the following:

Share-based payment transactions

The Company measures the cost of equity-settled transactions with employees by reference to the fair value of the equity instruments at the date at which they are granted. Estimating fair value for share-based payment transactions requires determining the most appropriate valuation model, which is dependent on the terms and conditions of the grant. This estimate also requires determining the most appropriate inputs to the valuation model including the expected life of the share option, volatility and dividend yield and making assumptions about them.

The Company also makes estimates as to when performance conditions for stock options will be met. The determination of whether or not the achievement of performance milestones for stock options likely requires management to consider factors such as the likelihood of an employee or consultant remaining with the Company until requisite performance is achieved as well as external factors such as government regulations, financial market developments and industry trends which influence the milestones. Additionally, factors internal to the Company, such as the financial and strategic support for the achievement of the milestone must be considered. This determination is subject to significant judgment and changes to any of these factors or management’s interpretation thereof, may result in expenses being recognized or previously recognized expense being reversed.

Income taxes

The estimation of income taxes includes evaluating the recoverability of deferred tax assets based on an assessment of the Company’s ability to utilize the underlying future tax deductions against future taxable income prior to expiry of those deductions. Management assesses whether it is probable that some or all of the deferred income tax assets will not be realized. The ultimate realization of deferred tax assets is dependent upon the generation of future taxable income, which in turn is dependent upon the successful discovery, extraction, development and commercialization of mineral reserves. To the extent that management’s assessment of the Company’s ability to utilize future tax deductions changes, the Company would be required to recognize more or fewer deferred tax assets, and future income tax provisions or recoveries could be affected.

Risks and Uncertainties

Natural resources exploration, development, production and processing involve a number of business risks, some of which are beyond the Company’s control. These can be categorized as operational, legal, financial and regulatory risks.

- Operational risks include finding and developing reserves economically, marketing production and services, product deliverability uncertainties, changing governmental law and regulation, hiring and retaining skilled employees and contractors and conducting operations in a cost effective and safe manner. The Company continuously monitors and

responds to changes in these factors and adheres to all regulations governing its operations. Insurance may be maintained at levels consistent with prudent industry practices to minimize risks, but the Company is not fully insured against all risks, nor are all such risks insurable.

- Legal risks include the future outcome of the Company's legal challenge before the Asturias Court of Justice challenging the decision to reject approval of a proposed underground mine operation for the Salave project. It is noted that the Company is the plaintiff in these proceedings and the outcome is not expected to stop the exploitation of the mining concessions.
- Financial risks include commodity prices, interest rates and the Canadian dollar, United States dollar and the Euro exchange rate, all of which are beyond the Company's control.
- Regulatory risks include the possible delays in getting regulatory approval to the transactions that the Board of Directors believe to be in the best interest of the Company, and include increased fees for filings, the introduction of ever more complex reporting requirements the cost of which the Company must meet in order to maintain its exchange listing.

There can be no assurance that future financing will be available or, if available, that it will be on reasonable terms. If financing is obtained by issuing common shares from treasury, control of the Company may change and investors may suffer additional dilution. To the extent financing is not available, lease payments, work commitments, rental payments and option payments, if any, may not be satisfied and could result in a loss of property ownership or earning opportunities for the Company.

CAUTIONARY STATEMENT REGARDING FORWARD-LOOKING STATEMENTS

Certain statements in this MD&A are forward-looking statements or forward-looking information (collectively "forward-looking statements") within the meaning of applicable securities legislation. We are hereby providing cautionary statements identifying important factors that could cause the actual results to differ materially from those projected in the forward-looking statements. Any statements that express, or involve discussions as to, expectations, beliefs, plans, objectives, assumptions or future events or performance are not historical facts and may be forward-looking and may involve estimates, assumptions and uncertainties which could cause actual results or outcomes to differ materially from those expressed in the forward-looking statements.

Often, but not always, forward-looking statements can be identified by the use of words such as "plans", "expects", "is expected", "budget", "scheduled", "estimates", "forecasts", "intends", "anticipates", or "believes" or the negatives thereof or variations of such words and phrases or statements that certain actions, events or results "if", "may", "could", "would", "might" or "will" be taken, occur or be achieved.

Forward-looking statements in this MD&A include, but are not limited to, statements with respect to: (i) the estimation of inferred and indicated mineral resources; (ii) that once the Company obtains a positive Environmental Impact Declaration ("EID") and the authorization of the project, it will be able to commence construction of the Salave gold mine, pending municipal permits; (iii) the market and future price of gold; (iv) the timing, cost and success of future exploration and development activities; (v) currency fluctuations; (vi) requirements for additional capital; and (vii) increases in mineral resource estimates.

Forward-looking statements are based on the reasonable assumptions, estimates, analysis and opinions of management made in light of its experience and its perception of trends, current conditions and expected developments, as well as other factors that management believes to be relevant and reasonable in the circumstances at the date that such statements are made, but which may prove to be incorrect. The Company believes that the assumptions and expectations reflected in such forward-looking information are reasonable.

Assumptions have been made regarding, among other things, the estimation of mineral resources, the realization of resource estimates, gold and other metal prices, the timing and amount of future exploration and development expenditures, the estimation of initial and sustaining capital requirements, the availability of necessary financing and materials to continue to explore and develop the Salave Gold Property in the short and long-term, the progress of development and exploration activities, and assumptions with respect to currency fluctuations, environmental risks, title disputes or claims, and other similar matters. Readers are cautioned that the foregoing list is not exhaustive of all factors and assumptions which may have been used. While the Company considers these assumptions to be reasonable based on information currently available to it, they may prove to be incorrect.

By their nature, forward-looking statements involve numerous assumptions, inherent risks and uncertainties, both general and specific, which contribute to the possibility that the predicted outcomes may not occur or may be delayed. The risks, uncertainties and other factors, many of which are beyond the control of the Company, that could influence actual results include, but are not limited to: risks inherent in the exploration and development of mineral deposits, including risks relating to changes in project parameters as plans continue to be redefined, risks relating to variations in ore reserves, grade or recovery rates resulting from current exploration and development activities, risks relating to changes in the price of gold, silver and copper and the worldwide demand for and supply of such metals, risks related to current global financial conditions, uncertainties inherent in the estimation of mineral resources, access and supply risks, reliance on key personnel, risks inherent in the conduct of mining activities,

including the risk of accidents, labour disputes, increases in capital and the risk of delays or increased costs that might be encountered during the development process, regulatory risks, including risks relating to the acquisition of the necessary licenses and permits, financing, capitalization and liquidity risks, including the risk that the financing necessary to fund the exploration and development activities at the Salave Gold Property may not be available on satisfactory terms, or at all, risks related to disputes concerning property titles and interest, and environmental risks.

Readers are cautioned that the foregoing lists of factors are not exhaustive.

The forward-looking statements in this MD&A are based on the reasonable beliefs, expectations and opinions of management on the date of this MD&A. Although we have attempted to identify important factors that could cause actual results to differ materially from those contained in forward-looking statements, there may be other factors that cause results not to be as anticipated, estimated or intended. There is no assurance that such information will prove to be accurate, as actual results and future events could differ materially from those anticipated in such information. Accordingly, readers should not place undue reliance on forward-looking information.

The forward-looking statements contained in this MD&A are expressly qualified by this cautionary statement. Except as required by applicable securities laws, the Company does not undertake any obligation to publicly update or revise any forward-looking statements contained in this MD&A.

Management's Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting

Disclosure Controls and Procedures and Disclosure controls and procedures are designed to provide reasonable assurance that all relevant information is gathered and reported to senior management, including the Company's Chief Executive Officer (the "CEO") and the Chief Financial Officer (the "CFO"), on a timely basis so that appropriate decisions can be made regarding public disclosure.

As at the end of the period covered by this Management's Discussion and Analysis, management of the Company, with the participation of the CEO and CFO, evaluated the effectiveness of the Company's disclosure controls and procedures as required by Canadian National Instrument 52-109 ("NI 52-109"). The evaluation included documentation review, enquiries and other procedures considered by management to be appropriate in the circumstances. Based on that evaluation, the Company's CEO and CFO have concluded that, as March 31, 2022, the disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in NI 52-109) were effective to provide reasonable assurance that information required to be disclosed in the Company's annual and interim filings and other reports filed or submitted under applicable securities laws, is recorded, processed, summarized and reported within time periods specified by those laws and that material information is accumulated and communicated to management of the Company, including the CEO and CFO, as appropriate to allow timely decisions regarding required disclosure.

Internal Control over Financial Reporting

Management, with the participation of its CEO and CFO, is responsible for establishing and maintaining adequate internal control over financial reporting as such term is defined in Canada under NI 52-109. The Company's internal control over financial reporting is designed to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of the Company's financial reporting for external purposes in accordance with IFRS as issued by the IASB. The Company's internal control over financial reporting include policies and procedures that:

- maintain records that accurately and fairly reflect, in reasonable detail, the transactions and dispositions of assets of the Company;
- provide reasonable assurance that transactions are recorded as necessary for preparation of financial statements in accordance with IFRS as issued by IASB;
- provide reasonable assurance that the Company's receipts and expenditures are made only in accordance with authorizations of management and the Company's Directors; and
- provide reasonable assurance regarding prevention or timely detection of unauthorized acquisition, use, or disposition of the Company's assets that could have a material effect on the Company's consolidated financial statements.

The Company's internal control over financial reporting may not prevent or detect all misstatements because of inherent limitations. Additionally, projections of any evaluation of effectiveness for future periods are subject to the risk that controls may become inadequate because of changes in conditions or deterioration in the degree of compliance with the Company's policies and procedures.

The Company uses the 2013 Internal Control – Integrated Framework published by The Committee of Sponsoring Organizations of the Treadway Commission as the basis for assessing its ICFR. Management performed an evaluation of the Company's ICFR and concluded that, as at March 31, 2022, ICFR were designed and operating effectively so as to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with IFRS.

Changes in Internal Controls

There were no changes in the Company's ICFR that materially affected, or are reasonably likely to materially affect, the Company's internal control over financial reporting during the three months ended March 31, 2022.

Limitations on Controls and Procedures

The Company's management, including the CEO and CFO, believes that any disclosure controls and procedures or internal control over financial reporting, no matter how well conceived and operated, may not prevent or detect all misstatements because of inherent limitations. Further, the design of a control system must reflect the fact that there are resource constraints, and the benefits of controls must be considered relative to their costs. Because of the inherent limitations in all control systems, they cannot provide absolute assurance that all control issues and instances of fraud, if any, within the Company have been prevented or detected. These inherent limitations include the realities that judgments in decision-making can be faulty, and that breakdowns can occur because of simple error or mistake. Additionally, controls can be circumvented by the individual acts of some persons, by collusion of two or more people, or by unauthorized override of the control. The design of any control system also is based in part upon certain of future events, and there can be no assurance that any design will succeed in achieving its stated goals under all potential future conditions. Accordingly, because of the inherent limitations in a cost-effective control system, misstatements due to error or fraud may occur and not be detected.

BLACK DRAGON GOLD CORP.

UNAUDITED CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED INTERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
(Expressed in Canadian dollars)

THREE MONTHS ENDED 31 MARCH 2022

These unaudited condensed consolidated interim financial statements of Black Dragon Gold Corp. for the three months ended 31 March 2022 have been prepared by management and approved by the Board of Directors. These unaudited condensed consolidated interim financial statements have not been reviewed by the Company's external auditors.

BLACK DRAGON GOLD CORP.

Unaudited Condensed Consolidated Interim Statements of Financial Position

(Expressed in Canadian dollars)

As at 31 March 2022

	Notes	March 31, 2022	December 31, 2021 (Audited)
ASSETS			
Current			
Cash and equivalents		\$ 3,083,636	\$ 2,013,952
Receivables	3,9	116,059	105,639
		3,199,695	2,119,591
Deposits		1,240	1,240
Total assets		\$ 3,200,935	\$ 2,120,831
LIABILITIES AND SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY (DEFICIENCY)			
Current			
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	5	\$ 320,670	\$ 401,172
Total liabilities		320,670	401,172
Shareholders' equity			
Share capital	6	27,821,006	26,299,071
Warrants	6	4,724,574	4,724,574
Reserves	6	6,003,546	5,999,183
Deficit		(35,668,861)	(35,303,170)
Total shareholders' equity		2,880,265	1,719,658
Total liabilities and shareholders' equity		\$ 3,200,935	\$ 2,120,831

Nature and continuance of operations (Note 1)

Subsequent events (Note 11)

These condensed consolidated interim financial statements were approved for issue by the Board of Directors on May 12, 2022 and are signed on its behalf by:

/s/ Paul Cronin
Paul Cronin
Chairman

/s/ Gabriel Chiappini
Gabriel Chiappini
Managing Director

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these condensed consolidated interim financial statements.

BLACK DRAGON GOLD CORP.

Unaudited Condensed Consolidated Interim Statements of Operations & Comprehensive Loss

(Expressed in Canadian dollars)

As at 31 March 2022

	Notes	Three Months Ended March 31, 2022 \$	Three Months Ended March 31, 2021 \$
EXPENSES			
Consulting		108,277	52,565
Directors' fees		62,351	63,974
Due Diligence		4,709	-
Filing fees		13,289	16,020
Foreign exchange (gain)/loss		(18,015)	60,864
General and administrative		124,012	90,788
General exploration		33,644	28,223
Professional fees		16,775	(21,576)
Rent		3,241	-
Shareholder communications		2,582	918
Share-based compensation		4,363	-
Transfer agent		6,154	3,525
Travel and related		4,385	-
Income loss before other items		365,767	295,301
OTHER ITEMS			
Interest income		(75)	(14)
Loss and comprehensive loss for the period		365,692	295,287
Basic and diluted loss per common share		\$ (0.002)	\$ (0.002)
Weighted average number of common shares outstanding		193,634,542	134,353,612

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these condensed consolidated interim financial statements.

BLACK DRAGON GOLD CORP.

Unaudited Condensed Consolidated Interim Statements of Cash Flows

(Expressed in Canadian dollars)

Three Months Ended 31 March 2022

	2022	2021
	\$	\$
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES		
Income (loss) for the period	(365,692)	(295,287)
Items not affecting cash:		
Share-based compensation	4,363	-
Interest received	(75)	(14)
Change in non-cash working capital items		
Decrease (increase) in receivables and	(10,420)	(6,690)
Decrease (increase) in prepaid expenses	-	-
Increase (decrease) in accounts payable and accrued liabilities	(80,502)	48,690
Net cash outflow used in operating activities	(452,326)	(253,301)
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES		
Interest received	75	14
Net cash provided by investing activities	75	14
CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES		
Shares issued for cash, net	1,521,935	-
Net cash provided by financing activities	1,521,935	-
Change in cash during the period	1,069,684	(253,287)
Cash, beginning of period	2,013,952	2,097,420
Cash, end of period	3,083,636	1,844,133

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these condensed consolidated interim financial statements.

BLACK DRAGON GOLD CORP.

Unaudited Condensed Consolidated Interim Statements of Changes in Shareholders' Deficiency

(Expressed in Canadian dollars)

	Share Capital			\$			
	Number	\$ Amount	\$ Warrants	Equity Portion of Convertible Debenture	\$ Reserves	\$ Deficit	\$ Total
Balance, December 31, 2020	134,353,612	24,661,799	4,724,574	-	5,909,006	(33,484,749)	1,810,630
Shares issued for cash, net	33,035,730	1,685,496	-	-	-	-	1,685,496
Share issuance cost	-	(162,001)	-	-	-	-	(162,001)
Share-based compensation	-	-	-	-	90,177	-	90,177
Shares issued for Directors services	1,798,586	113,776	-	-	-	-	113,776
Income (loss) for the period	-	-	-	-	-	(1,818,420)	(1,818,420)
Balance, December 31, 2021	169,187,928	26,299,071	4,724,574	-	5,999,183	(35,303,169)	1,719,659

	Share Capital			\$			
	Number	\$ Amount	\$ Warrants	Equity Portion of Convertible Debenture	\$ Reserves	\$ Deficit	\$ Total
Balance, December 31, 2021	169,187,928	26,299,071	4,724,574	-	5,999,183	(35,303,169)	1,719,659
Shares issued for cash, net	30,053,556	1,521,935	-	-	-	-	1,521,935
Share-based compensation	-	-	-	-	4,363	-	4,363
Income (loss) for the period	-	-	-	-	-	(365,692)	(365,692)
Balance, March 31, 2022	199,241,484	27,821,006	4,724,574	-	6,003,546	(35,668,861)	2,880,265

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these condensed consolidated interim financial statements

BLACK DRAGON GOLD CORP.

Notes to the Unaudited Condensed Consolidated Interim Financial Statements

(Expressed in Canadian dollars)

Three Months Ended 31 March 2022

1. NATURE OF OPERATIONS AND GOING CONCERN

Black Dragon Gold Corp. (the “Company”) was incorporated under the laws of the Province of British Columbia on August 20, 2007 and is classified as a junior mining issuer with the Australian Securities Exchange (the “ASX”). On February 28, 2019, the Company voluntarily delisted from the TSX Venture Exchange (“TSX-V”) and continued to trade on the ASX. The Company’s head office address is Ground Floor, Regent House, Rodney Road, Cheltenham, Gloucestershire, GL50 1HX, U.K. The registered and records office address is 1000 Cathedral Place, 925 West Georgia Street, Vancouver, BC V6C 3L2.

These unaudited condensed consolidated interim financial statements have been prepared assuming the Company will continue on a going-concern basis. The Company has incurred losses since inception and the ability of the Company to continue as a going-concern depends upon its ability to develop profitable operations and to continue to raise adequate financing. Management is actively targeting sources of additional financing through alliances with financial, exploration and mining entities, or other business and financial transactions which would assure continuation of the Company’s operations and exploration programs. In order for the Company to meet its liabilities as they come due and to continue its operations, the Company is solely dependent upon its ability to generate such financing. These material uncertainties may cast significant doubt upon the Company’s ability to continue as a going concern.

There can be no assurance that the Company will be able to continue to raise funds, in which case the Company may be unable to meet its obligations. Should the Company be unable to realize its assets and discharge its liabilities in the normal course of business, the net realizable value of its assets may be materially less than the amounts recorded in these financial statements.

The unaudited condensed consolidated interim financial statements for the three months ended March 31, 2022, do not include any adjustments relating to the recoverability and classification of recorded asset amounts and classification of liabilities that might be necessary should the Company be unable to continue in existence.

2. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES**Basis of presentation**

These unaudited condensed consolidated interim financial statements for the three months ended March 31, 2022, are prepared in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards (“IFRS”) as issued by the International Accounting Standards Board (“IASB”) and the International Financial Reporting Interpretations Committee (“IFRIC”). These unaudited condensed consolidated interim financial statements have been prepared using the same accounting policies and methods of application as the Company’s most recent annual audited consolidated financial statements. These unaudited condensed consolidated interim financial statements do not include all information and disclosures required in audited consolidated financial statements and should be read in conjunction with the Company’s December 31, 2021, audited consolidated financial statements.

3. RECEIVABLES

	March 31, 2022	December 31, 2021
Value-added tax receivable	\$ 107,539	\$ 96,326
GST receivable	8,520	9,313
Total	\$ 116,059	\$ 105,639

BLACK DRAGON GOLD CORP.

Notes to the Unaudited Condensed Consolidated Interim Financial Statements

(Expressed in Canadian dollars)

Three Months Ended 31 March 2022

4. EXPLORATION AND EVALUATION ASSETS**Salave Gold Property**

The Salave Project is comprised of 30-year-term mining concessions over the resource area. On January 23, 2018 the Company announced that it had commenced an exploration drilling program on the Salave Gold Deposit (“Salave” or “Salave Project”) in Asturias, Spain, following the receipt of approval from the Asturias Ministry of Employment, Industry & Tourism, as well as the Municipality of Tapia de Casariego. This drilling program was completed in April of 2018.

The Company has lodged its Environmental Impact Assessment (EIA) Study and the public response to the EIA with the Government of Asturias in Spain.

Although the Company has taken steps to verify to its mineral property in which it has an interest, these procedures do not guarantee the Company’s title. Its property may be subject to prior agreements or transfers and title may be affected by undetected defects. Further, we make judgements for properties where concessions terms have expired, and a renewal application has been made and is awaiting approval. We use judgement as to whether the concession renewal application is probable to be received, but ultimately this is beyond our control. If a renewal application is not approved, we could lose rights to those concession.

5. ACCOUNTS PAYABLE AND ACCRUED LIABILITIES

	March 31, 2022	December 31, 2021
Accounts payables	\$ 79,682	\$ 137,601
Accrued liabilities	207,953	213,662
Due to related parties	33,035	49,909
Total	\$ 320,670	\$ 401,172

6. SHARE CAPITAL AND RESERVES*Authorized:*

Unlimited number of common shares without par value.

Issued – 2022 transactions (3 months ended March 31, 2022)

On November 14, 2021, the Company issued 19,696,414 Chess Depositary Interests (“CDIs”) at an issue price of AUD\$0.056 to raise AUD\$1,102,999 under the Company’s securities purchase plan. The CDIs were issued on 13 January 2022. As part of the issuance, the Company also issued on a 1-for-2 basis a total of 9,848,195 unlisted options with an exercise price of \$0.10, expiring 31 December, 2023. The options were issued on 14 January 2022

On January 14, 2022, as part of the AUD\$1,850,000 financing (Note 6), the Company also issued on a 1-for-2 basis a total of 16,517,862 unlisted options with an exercise price of \$0.10, expiring 31 December, 2023. The options were issued on 14 January 2022

On January 24, 2022, the Company also issued 10,357,142 CDIs at an issue price of AUD\$0.056 to raise AUD\$580,000 under the placement announced in November 2021. These CDIs were subject to shareholder approval at an EGM held on 12 January 2022 as they were issued to directors Mr. Paul Cronin (AUD\$500,000) and Mr. Alberto Lavandeira (AUD\$80,000). In accordance with the terms of the placement and the shareholder EGM, the Company

BLACK DRAGON GOLD CORP.

Notes to the Unaudited Condensed Consolidated Interim Financial Statements

(Expressed in Canadian dollars)

Three Months Ended 31 March 2022

6. SHARE CAPITAL AND RESERVES (continued)

also issued to the directors as approved by shareholders on a 1-for-2 basis a total of 5,178,570 unlisted options with an exercise price of \$0.10, expiring 31 December 2023.

Issued – 2021 transactions (full year)

On May 3, 2021, the Company issued 1,285,539 shares valued at \$0.07 per share to settle outstanding director fees. The shares had a fair value of \$85,342, which resulted with a gain on debt settlement of \$34,799.

On September 22, 2021, the Company issued 513,047 shares valued at \$0.06 per share to settle outstanding director fees. The shares had a fair value of \$28,434, which resulted with a gain on debt settlement of \$11,275.

On November 25, 2021, the Company issued 33,035,730 shares at AUD\$0.056 per share for gross proceeds of AUD\$1,850,000 (\$1,685,496). Share issuance costs totalled \$162,000, of which \$110,857 was paid and \$51,143 was included in accounts payable and accrued liabilities as of December 31, 2021

Stock options

The Company has a stock option plan under which it is authorized to grant options to directors, employees and consultants, to acquire up to 10% of the issued and outstanding common stock. The exercise price of each option is based on the market price of the Company's stock at the date of grant. The options can be granted for a maximum term of 10 years and vest as determined by the board of directors.

A summary of the status of the Company's stock options as at March 31, 2022, December 31, 2021 is as follows:

	Number of Options	Weighted Average Exercise Price
Outstanding December 31, 2021	12,393,332	\$0.18
Granted ¹	31,544,627	\$0.096
Outstanding March 31, 2022	43,937,959	\$0.12

¹ Refer to Note 6 for details of options issued during the current period.

As at March 31, 2022 the following incentive stock options are outstanding;

Expiry Date	Number of Options	Exercise Price	Number of Options Exercisable
September 24, 2027	5,983,333	\$0.24	5,983,333
October 22, 2027	416,666	\$0.24	416,666
February 7, 2028	333,333	\$0.33	333,333
September 18, 2022	1,500,000	\$0.10	1,500,000
September 7, 2024	4,160,000	A\$0.096	4,160,000
December 31, 2023	31,544,627	\$0.10	31,544,627
Total	43,937,959		43,937,959

BLACK DRAGON GOLD CORP.

Notes to the Unaudited Condensed Consolidated Interim Financial Statements

(Expressed in Canadian dollars)

Three Months Ended 31 March 2022

6. SHARE CAPITAL AND RESERVES (continued)**Performance Rights**

As part of Gabriel Chiappini's Chief Executive Officer appointment in March 2022, he was issued with a long-term incentive plan comprising of the issue of 5,000,000 performance rights that convert into ordinary shares upon the achievement of the following share price milestone hurdles:

- 1,500,000 performance rights convert to shares upon the Company's volume weighted average price of shares on ASX over 20 consecutive dates on which the Company's fully paid ordinary shares are traded exceeding AUD\$0.10;
- 1,500,000 performance rights convert to shares upon the Company's volume weighted average price of shares on ASX over 20 consecutive dates on which the Company's fully paid ordinary shares are traded exceeding AUD\$0.15; and
- 2,000,000 performance rights convert to shares upon the Company's volume weighted average price of shares on ASX over 20 consecutive dates on which the Company's fully paid ordinary shares are traded exceeding AUD\$0.20.

Each milestone has a 3-year milestone conversion date.

The fair value of the performance rights will be recognized over the estimated vesting period. During the three months ended March 31, 2022, the Company recognized \$4,363 (three months ended March 31, 2021 - \$NIL) of share-based compensation expense.

7. RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

The Company considers personnel with the authority and responsibility for planning, directing and controlling the activities of the Company to be key management personnel.

Transactions with key management personnel

The following amounts were incurred with respect to Chief Executive Officer, Directors, and the Chief Financial Officer of the Company:

	Three Months ended March 31, 2022	Three Months ended March 31, 2021
Directors' fees	62,351	93,833
Management and consulting fees	25,955	-
Wages and Salary	51,304	50,420
Share-based compensation	4,363	-
	143,973	144,253

Effective 1 March 2022 and as announced to the ASX on 3 March 2022, Mr. Paul Cronin was appointed Non-Executive Chairman replacing Mr. Jonathan Battershill. As part of this restructure, Mr. Paul Cronin relinquished his Executive Director role and Mr. Gabriel Chiappini was appointed Chief Executive Officer.

On 18 March 2022, Mr. Gabriel Chiappini was appointed Managing Director and Mr. Jonathan Battershill resigned as a director of the Company.

BLACK DRAGON GOLD CORP.

Notes to the Unaudited Condensed Consolidated Interim Financial Statements

(Expressed in Canadian dollars)

Three Months Ended 31 March 2022

8. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS AND RISK MANAGEMENT*Fair value*

The inputs used in making fair value measurements are classified within a hierarchy that prioritizes their significance. The three levels of the fair value hierarchy are:

- Level 1 – Unadjusted quoted prices in active markets for identical assets and liabilities;
- Level 2 – Inputs other than quoted prices that are observable for the asset or liability either directly or indirectly; and
- Level 3 – Inputs that are not based on observable market data.

The carrying value of receivables and accounts payable and accrued liabilities and loan facility approximated their fair value because of the short-term nature of these instruments. Cash is measured at fair value using Level 1 inputs. The carrying value of deposits also approximates its fair value.

Fair value

Financial instruments measured at fair value on the consolidated statements of financial position are summarized in levels of fair value hierarchy as follows:

	\$	\$	\$	\$
Assets	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total
Cash and equivalents	3,083,636	-	-	3,083,636

The Company has exposure to the following risks from its use of financial instruments:

Credit risk

Credit risk is the risk of loss associated with a counterparty's inability to fulfill its payment obligations. The Company's cash is held at large financial institutions and it believes it has no significant credit risk.

Liquidity risk

Liquidity risk is the risk that the Company will not meet its financial obligations as they fall due. The Company manages its liquidity risk by forecasting cash flows from operations and anticipating investing and financing activities. As at March 31, 2022, the Company had current assets of \$3,200,935 to settle current liabilities of \$320,670 which either have contractual maturities of less than 30 days and are subject to normal trade terms or are due on demand.

Market risk

Market risk is the risk of loss that may arise from changes in market factors, such as interest rates and foreign exchange rates.

a) Interest rate risk

Interest rate risk is the risk due to variability of interest rates. The Company is exposed to interest rate risk on its bank account. The income earned on the bank account is subject to the movements in interest rates. The Company has cash balances and no-interest bearing debt, therefore, interest rate risk is nominal.

b) Foreign currency risk

BLACK DRAGON GOLD CORP.

Notes to the Unaudited Condensed Consolidated Interim Financial Statements

(Expressed in Canadian dollars)

Three Months Ended 31 March 2022

The Company's functional currency is the Canadian dollar and major purchases are transacted in Canadian dollars. The Company funds certain operations, exploration and administrative expenses in Spain by using Euros converted from its Canadian bank accounts. Management believes the foreign exchange risk derived from currency conversions is negligible and therefore does not hedge its foreign exchange risk. Based on the Company's Euro, AUD, USD and GBP denominated financial instruments at March 31, 2022, a 10% change in exchange rates between the Canadian dollar and the Euro, AUD, USD and GBP would result in a change in foreign exchange gain or loss amounting to \$190,000.

9. CAPITAL MANAGEMENT

The Company's capital structure consists of shareholders' equity. The Company's objective when managing capital is to maintain adequate levels of funding to support the development of its business and maintain the necessary corporate and administrative functions to facilitate these activities. This is done primarily through equity financing, selling assets, and incurring debt. Future financings are dependent on market conditions and there can be no assurance the Company will be able to raise funds in the future. The Company invests all capital that is surplus to its immediate operational needs in short-term, high liquid, high-grade financial instruments. There were no changes to the Company's approach to capital management during the current period. The Company will need to raise additional capital by obtaining equity financing, selling assets and incurring debt to develop its business.

10. SEGMENT INFORMATION

The Company primarily operates in one reportable operating segment, being the acquisition, exploration of exploration and evaluation assets located in Spain. The Company presently has one exploration project, "the Salave Gold Project." Geographic information is as follows:

Particulars	March 2022 quarter			Year to date March 2022		
	\$ Canada	\$ Spain	\$ Total	\$ Canada	\$ Spain	\$ Total
Operating Expenses	(250,115)	(115,652)	(365,767)	(250,115)	(115,652)	(365,767)
Finance Charges	-	-	-	-	-	-
Other Expenses	-	-	-	-	-	-
Other Incomes	75	-	75	75	-	75
Income/(loss) before taxes	(250,040)	(115,652)	(365,692)	(250,040)	(115,652)	(365,692)
Current tax expense	-	-	-	-	-	-
Deferred tax expense	-	-	-	-	-	-
Net Income/(loss)	(250,040)	(115,652)	(365,692)	(250,040)	(115,652)	(365,692)
Total Non-Current Assets				1,240	-	1,240
Total Assets				3,026,287	174,648	3,200,935
Total Liabilities				221,678	98,992	320,670

11. SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

Subsequent to 31 March 2022, the Company filed its response to the public comments on the EIA received during the public consultative period. The dossier was submitted by Black Dragon's Spanish subsidiary, Exploraciones Mineras del Cantábrico and was filed with the Government of Asturias in Spain.